



Avaya Solution & Interoperability Test Lab

Configuring NETGEAR® PROSAFE™ 8-port, 16-port and 24-port switches Supporting Power over Ethernet with Avaya Communication Manager, Avaya one-X Quick Edition G10 PSTN Gateway, Avaya one-X Quick Edition Telephones and Avaya IP Telephones – Issue 1.0

Abstract

These Application Notes describe the configuration of the NETGEAR® PROSAFE™ 8 Port FS108P, PROSAFE™ 16 Port FS116P and PROSAFE™ 24 Port FS726TP switch and Avaya 4600/9600 Series IP Telephones registered to Avaya Communication Manager and Avaya one-X Quick Edition G10 PSTN Gateway.

1. Introduction

Power over Ethernet (PoE) allows both power and data to be simultaneously carried over standard Ethernet cables. PoE-enabled Ethernet switches can supply power directly to Ethernet devices, thereby simplifying installation and removing the need for separate power supplies for those devices.

The NETGEAR PROSAFE 8 Port (FS108P) and 16 Port (FS116P) switches provide 4/8 ports of PoE and 4/8 ports without PoE. These unmanaged switches can be used to power Avaya telephones successfully without configuration; however the switches do not support traffic prioritization.

The NETGEAR PROSAFE™ 24 Port (FS726TP) switch supports 12 PoE ports, 12 additional 10/100Mbps ports without PoE, and 2 Gigabit/ small form-factor pluggable (SFP) ports without PoE. The FS726TP provides effective traffic prioritization. A recommended configuration is provided.

The generally available (GA) versions of all products were used for testing. Interoperability testing was at the Avaya Solution and Interoperability Test Lab in Lincroft, NJ.

2. Equipment and Software

The following equipment and software were used for the configuration provided:

Equipment	Software/Firmware
Avaya Media Server with Media Gateway	3.1.2
Avaya one-X G10 PSTN Gateway	3.0
Avaya 9610 one-X Deskphone Edition IP Telephone	1.2
Avaya 9620 one-X Deskphone Edition IP Telephone	1.2
Avaya 9630 one-X Deskphone Edition IP Telephone 24-button module.	1.2
Avaya 9640 one-X Deskphone Edition IP Telephone with 24-button module.	1.2
Avaya 9650 one-X Deskphone Edition IP Telephone with 24-button module.	1.2
Avaya 4601 IP Telephone	2.3
Avaya 4601+ IP Telephone	2.7
Avaya 4602 IP Telephone	2.3
Avaya 4602SW Telephone	2.3
Avaya 4602SW+ IP Telephone	2.7
Avaya 4610SW IP Telephone	2.7
Avaya 4620SW IP Telephone (Class 3)	2.7
Avaya 4620SW IP Telephone with and without EU24	2.7
Avaya 4621SW IP Telephone with and without the EU24BL	2.7
Avaya 4622SW IP Telephone	2.7
Avaya 4625SW IP Telephone	2.7
Avaya 4610SW one-X Quick Edition IP Telephone	7.0.2
Avaya 4621SW one-X Quick Edition IP Telephone	7.0.2
NETGEAR FS108P	N/A
NETGEAR FS116P	N/A
NETGEAR FS726TP	1.0.2

Table 1: Avaya/NETGEAR Equipment

2.1. Configuration of NETGEAR and Avaya equipment

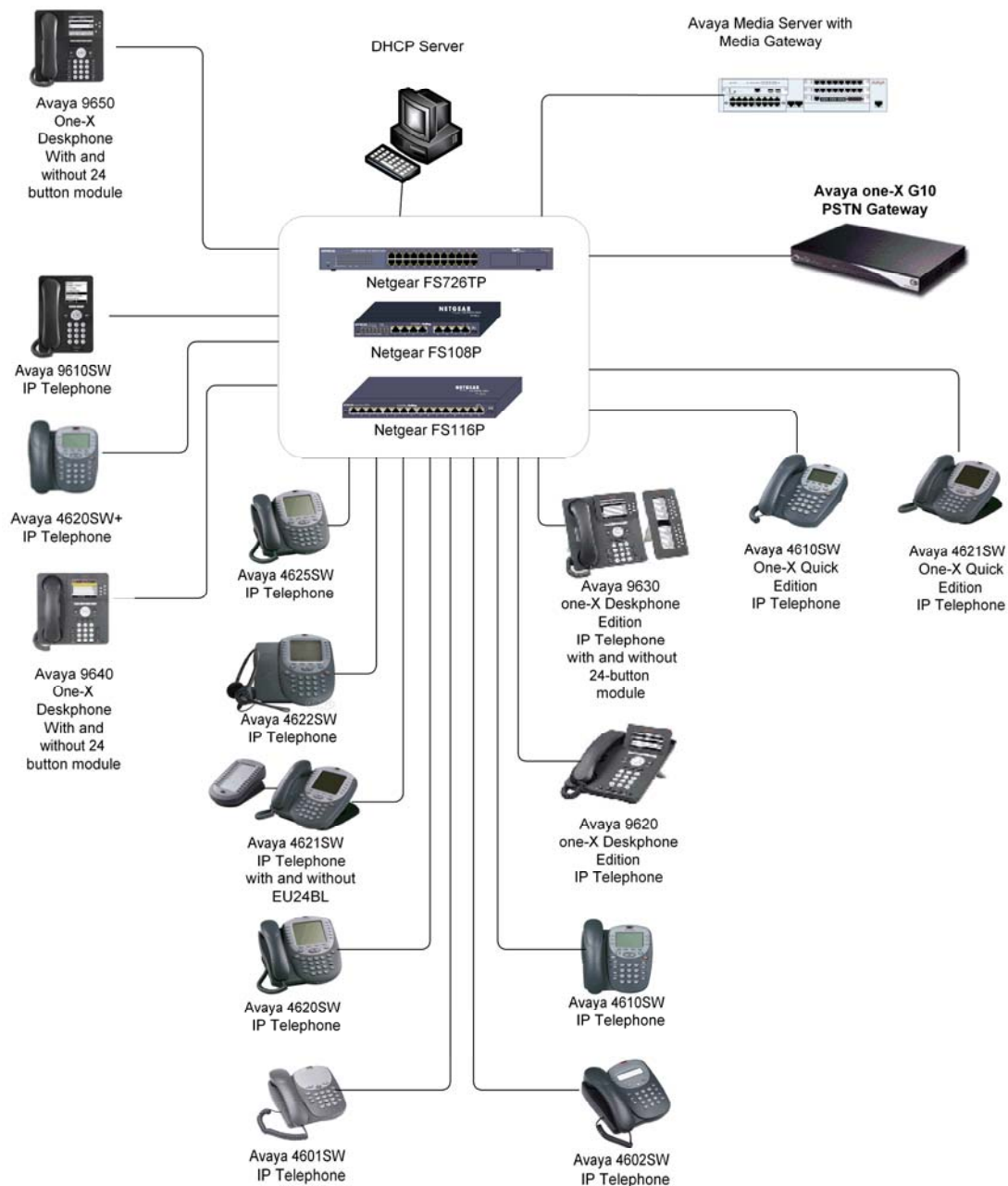


Figure 1: Avaya/NETGEAR Network Diagram

3. Configure the Avaya Media Server and Media Gateway

The configuration of the Avaya Media Server and Media Gateway should follow the standard Avaya recommendations for IP Telephony [1]. In general a Quality of Service (QoS) policy must be established across the entire IP network. The Differentiated Services (DiffServ) Code Point (DSCP) values used by Avaya Communication Manager and by the FS726TP must be the same.

From the System Access Terminal (SAT) enter the **change ip-network-region** command with the appropriate region number specified to open an IP Network Region configuration screen. Set the QoS DiffServ/TOS and 802.1P/Q parameters highlighted below. These are the defaults, normally no changes will be needed.

```
change ip-network-region 1                                     Page 1 of
19
                                IP NETWORK REGION
    Region: 1
    Location: 1          Authoritative Domain: ccmcare.com
        Name: AV_HUB
    MEDIA PARAMETERS
        Codec Set: 1
        UDP Port Min: 2048
        UDP Port Max: 3327
        Intra-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes
        Inter-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes
        IP Audio Hairpinning? n
    DIFFSERV/TOS PARAMETERS
        RTCP Reporting Enabled? y
        Call Control PHB Value: 26
        Audio PHB Value: 46
        Video PHB Value: 26
        RTCP MONITOR SERVER PARAMETERS
        Use Default Server Parameters? y
    802.1P/Q PARAMETERS
        Call Control 802.1p Priority: 6
        Audio 802.1p Priority: 6
        Video 802.1p Priority: 5
        AUDIO RESOURCE RESERVATION PARAMETERS
    H.323 IP ENDPOINTS
        RSVP Enabled? n
        H.323 Link Bounce Recovery? y
        Idle Traffic Interval (sec): 20
        Keep-Alive Interval (sec): 5
        Keep-Alive Count: 5
```

Figure 2: Avaya QOS Configuration

4. Configure the NETGEAR Switches

4.1. Using the NETGEAR FS108P and FS116P

The FS108P and FS116P are unmanaged switches, therefore no configuration is necessary. The FS108P and FS116P should be connected to the LAN by an auto-negotiation enabled uplink so that 100Mbps Full Duplex operation can be enabled. IEEE 802.1Q tags should be stripped from packets before the packets are sent to the FS108P or the FS116P.

With the unmanaged FS108P and FS116P switches, traffic prioritization is not supported by the NETGEAR products. It is unlikely that the ports for the Avaya Media Server or Media Gateway would be plugged directly into these small switches. More likely the NETGEAR switches would be attached to the LAN and the telephones would access the Avaya Media Server and Media Gateway over the corporate LAN. Since traffic prioritization is not supported by these switches it is important to ensure that the connection of these switches to the corporate LAN provides adequate quality of service.

4.2. Configure the NETGEAR FS726TP

The configuration presented here only covers the Avaya IP Telephones on the PoE ports and one Port (26) for the uplink. The administration of the remaining ports for data applications is not covered.

4.2.1. Configure the NETGEAR FS726TP PoE

Using a Web Browser, enter the IP address of the NETGEAR FS726TP and open the NETGEAR web interface.

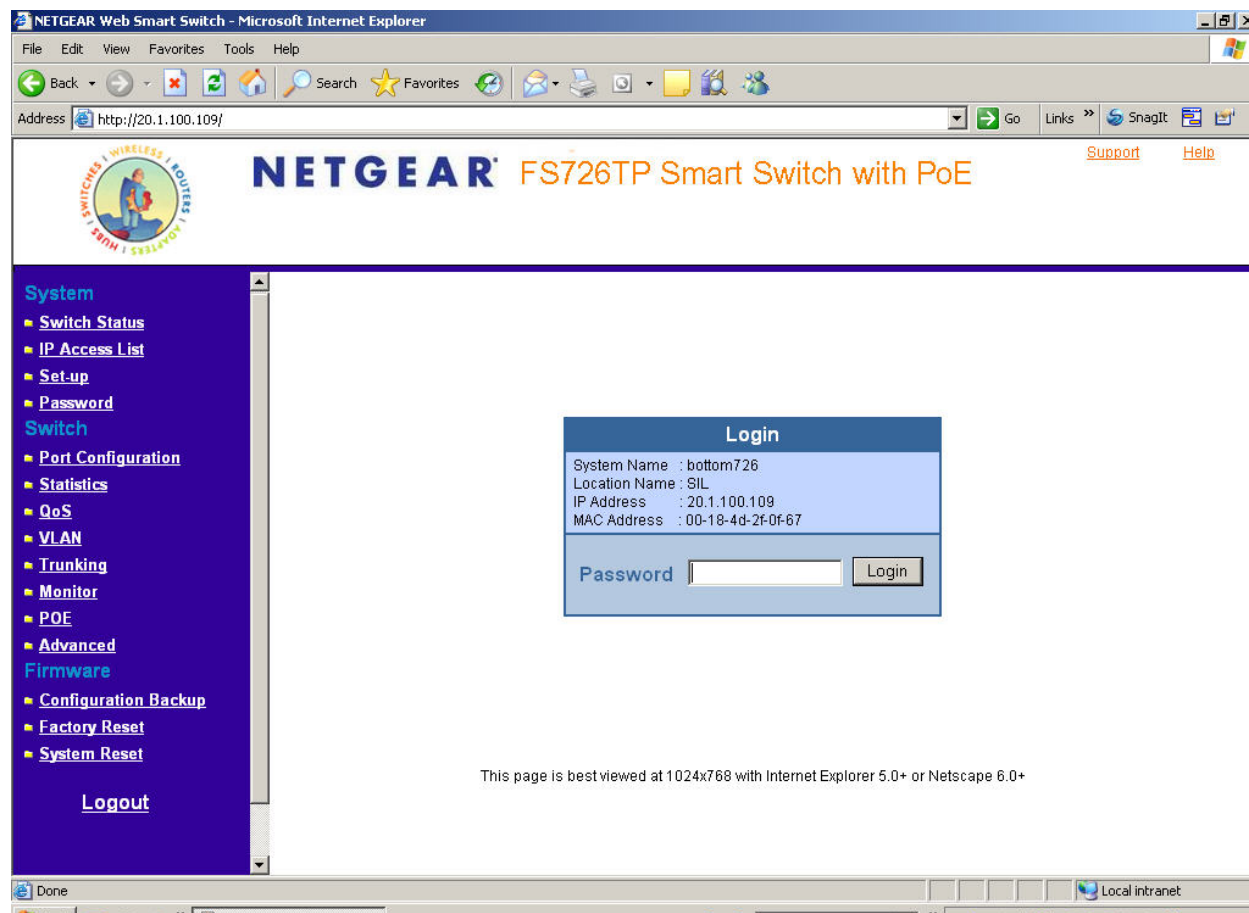


Figure 3: NETGEAR Web Interface

Select the Power over Ethernet Configuration (**POE** in the left window). The default values should be adequate, but should be verified (see **Figure 4**).

PoE Configuration

Refresh

Max System Power Available	100(watts)
Current System Power used	50.9(watts)

ID	Admin Mode	Priority	Class	Output Voltage (Volt)	Output Current (mA)	Output Power (Watt)	Power Limit (Watt)	Status
01	Enable	High	0	50.9	86.6	4.4	15.4(Auto)	Delivering Power
02	Enable	High	2	49.6	100.0	5.0	7.0(Auto)	Delivering Power
03	Enable	High	2	49.2	62.2	3.1	7.0(Auto)	Delivering Power
04	Enable	High	2	49.3	67.1	3.3	7.0(Auto)	Delivering Power
05	Enable	Medium	2	50.9	96.4	4.9	7.0(Auto)	Delivering Power
06	Enable	Medium	2	50.2	58.6	2.9	7.0(Auto)	Delivering Power
07	Enable	Medium	2	52.2	92.7	4.8	7.0(Auto)	Delivering Power
08	Enable	Medium	2	50.2	65.9	3.3	7.0(Auto)	Delivering Power
09	Enable	Low	3	49.4	161.0	8.0	15.4(Auto)	Delivering Power
10	Enable	Low	2	50.2	67.1	3.4	7.0(Auto)	Delivering Power
11	Enable	Low	2	50.3	95.2	4.8	7.0(Auto)	Delivering Power
12	Enable	Low	2	50.3	64.7	3.3	7.0(Auto)	Delivering Power

Figure 4: NETGEAR FS726TP PoE Configuration

If the **Admin Mode** is not **Enable**, select the port and **Enable** PoE from the Admin pull-down menu. Select **Apply** after selecting **Enable**.

PoE Settings

ID	Admin	Priority
01	Enable	Low

Previous Port

Next Port

Apply

Help

Figure 5: NETGEAR FS726TP PoE Enabled

The **Class** field in **Figure 4** refers to the IEEE 802.3af Power Classification system (**Table 2**). The FS726TP measures power at the FS726TP. The **Power Limit** column in **Figure 4** refers to the IEEE 802.3af Maximum Power at the power source.

Class	Maximum Power at FS726TP
0	15.4W
1	4.0W
2	7.0W
3	15.4W

Table 2: IEEE 802.3 Power Classifications

If all of the devices are Class 2 or lower, there will be no need to assign **Priority** because the total power will not exceed the **Max System Power Available**. If more than one of the devices is Class 0 or Class 3, select a **Priority** for each port to control which ports will be shut down in the event the powered devices exceed the **Max System Power Available**. In situations where a large number of Class 0 or Class 3 devices are used, **Medium** priority should be assigned to one group of the Class 0/3 devices and **Low** to a second group.

PoE Settings

ID	Admin	Priority
01	Enable ▾	Low ▾

Figure 6: NETGEAR FS726TP PoE Priority

Assign enough Low Priority ports so that if the **Max System Power Available** is exceeded, the high priority devices in the enterprise will be powered.

4.2.2. Configure the NETGEAR FS726TP Differentiated Services Values

Open the NETGEAR web interface and select Quality of Server (**QoS**) from the left window. Then select **DSCP** from the pull down list in the right menu. The default values are to treat all Differentiated Services (DiffServ) entries identically. Change the DiffServ entries for Call Control (26, **Assured Forwarding, AF 31 011010**) and Audio (46, **Expedited Forwarding EF (101110)**) to **High** as shown in the Figure 3 (Avaya QoS Configuration). Click **Apply**.

The Per Hop Behavior (PHB) Value used in on the Avaya Communications Manager (Figure 3), is the decimal value of the DSCP entry in the NETGEAR table. The Audio PHB of 46 decimal is 101110 binary. The Control PHB of 26 decimal is 011010 binary.

DSCP	QoS	DSCP	QoS	DSCP	QoS	DSCP	QoS
Class Selector (CS) PHB							
CS 0 (000000)	Normal	CS 1 (001000)	Normal	CS 2 (010000)	Normal	CS 3 (011000)	Normal
CS 4 (100000)	Normal	CS 5 (101000)	Normal	CS 6 (110000)	Normal	CS 7 (111000)	Normal
Assured Forwarding (AF) PHB							
AF 11 (001010)	Normal	AF 21 (010010)	Normal	AF 31 (011010)	High	AF 41 (100010)	Normal
AF 12 (001100)	Normal	AF 22 (010100)	Normal	AF 32 (011100)	Normal	AF 42 (100100)	Normal
AF 13 (001110)	Normal	AF 23 (010110)	Normal	AF 33 (011110)	Normal	AF 43 (100110)	Normal
Expedited Forwarding (EF) PHB							
EF (101110)	High						

Figure 7: NETGEAR FS726TP DiffServ Configuration

4.2.3. Configure the Voice and Data VLAN for the FS726TP

For this configuration **135** was selected as the Voice VLAN and **100** as the Data VLAN. The choice of 135 for the Voice VLAN and 100 for the Data VLAN can be changed as appropriate for the LAN where the FS726TP is being used. Different values can be used but the Voice QoS policy must be established end-to-end in the enterprise.

Select **VLAN** from the right hand menu. Select **IEEE 802.1Q VLAN** in the right hand window. If a pop-up box appears select **OK**. From the pull down menu select **Add new VLAN**. In the box to the right, enter the Voice VLAN ID (**135**). For each of the 12 PoE ports select **U** (Untag egress packets). For the uplink port that will be used to connect the FS726TP to the router, select **T** Tag egress packets. Leave the remainder of the ports out (**Not member**) of the Voice VLAN.

☒ IEEE 802.1Q VLAN ☐ Port-Based VLAN

VLAN ID: Add new VLAN VLAN ID: (2-4094) 135

Port	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U														T

☐ Not member ☒ T Tag egress packets ☐ U Untag egress packets

Apply Help

Figure 8: NETGEAR FS726TP Voice VLAN Configuration

Select **Apply**. Repeat the process to create the Data VLAN (**100**).

Note that this configuration is removing the tags (**U**) from Voice and Data packets going towards the telephones. This is consistent with the recommendations in the Avaya IP Telephony Implementation Guide [1]. The telephones will ignore the IEEE802.1Q. Additionally some NIC cards can be confused by IEEE802.1Q tags so removing the tags reduces the chance of that conflict occurring.

4.2.4. Define the Default VLAN for untagged packets

Select **PVID Setting** from the pull-down menu and assign the Data VLAN (100) to each of the PoE Ports and the uplink port as the default VLAN for those ports. Select **Apply**.

☒ IEEE 802.1Q VLAN ☐ Port-Based VLAN

VLAN ID:

Port	PVID	Port	PVID	Port	PVID	Port	PVID
01	100	02	100	03	100	04	100
05	100	06	100	07	100	08	100
09	100	10	100	11	100	12	100
13	1	14	1	15	1	16	1
17	1	18	1	19	1	20	1
21	1	22	1	23	1	24	1
25	1	26	100				

Figure 9: NETGEAR FS726TP PVID (Default) VLAN Configuration

Using the Data VLAN as the Default VLAN for the Avaya IP Telephones is essential to the correct operation of a PC attached to the telephone. In most situations, the PC will not be providing IEEE802.1Q tags and the data traffic needs to be on a separate VLAN from the Voice traffic for prioritization.

Select **VLAN 1 (Default)** from the pull-down menu and remove (**Not Member**) the ports using the Voice VLAN (1-12 and 26).

The DHCP services on the Data VLAN need to be configured to move telephones that have not been correctly configured to the Voice VLAN. The administration is covered in **Section 5.1.1**.

4.2.5. Enable prioritization on the FS726TP

The Avaya IP Telephones tag audio and signaling packets with an 802.1P value of 6 by default. This value was also administered on the Avaya Communications Manager (**Figure 3**) so that traffic from the Avaya Communications Manager has the same value.

This priority method is not VLAN specific on the FS726TP.

Open the NETGEAR web interface and select **QoS** from the left window. Then select **IEEE 802.1P Based QoS** from the pull-down menu. Select **High** from the **QoS** pull-down menu for **Priority 6**.

IEEE 802.1P Based QoS IEEE 802.1P Based QoS ▼

Priority	QoS	Priority	QoS	Priority	QoS	Priority	QoS
0	Normal ▼	1	Normal ▼	2	Normal ▼	3	Normal ▼
4	Normal ▼	5	High ▼	6	High ▼	7	Normal ▼

Apply Help

Figure 10: NETGEAR FS726TP 802.1P QoS Configuration

4.2.6. Configure the Storm Control for the FS726TP

Broadcast storms can have an extraordinarily negative impact on voice quality. From the left window in the NETGEAR Web page select **Advanced**, and **Storm Control**. In the right window pull-down associated with **Storm Control Status**, select **Broadcast Only**. In the pull-down associated with **Threshold (bps)**, select **512K**. Select **Apply**.

Storm Control

Global Setting

Storm Control Status	Broadcast Only
Threshold (bps)	512k

Port	Storm Control Mode	Threshold (bps)
01	Broadcast Only	512K
02	Broadcast Only	512K

Figure 11: NETGEAR FS726TP Storm Control Configuration

4.2.7. Configure the FS726TP for the Avaya one-X Quick Edition Telephones

The Avaya one-X Quick Edition Telephones and G10 Gateway (QE) use multicast messages for shared control. The telephones and the G10 Gateway are powered by PoE. The configuration of the FS726TP needs two additional settings to support QE.

In the left hand menu of the NETGEAR Web Page select **Advanced** and then **IGMP Snooping Status**. Disable both the **IGMP Function** and **Block Unknown Multicast Address**. Select **Apply**.

IGMP Snooping Setting

IGMP Function	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input type="radio"/> Enable
Block Unknown Multicast Address	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input type="radio"/> Enable

Figure 12: NETGEAR FS726TP IGMP Configuration

5. Configure the Avaya IP Telephones, Avaya one-X Quick Edition Telephones and the Avaya one-X Quick Edition G10 PSTN Gateway

5.1.1. Configure the Avaya IP Telephones for use with the Avaya Communication Manager

The Avaya IP Telephones that register with Avaya Communications Manager need to have IEEE 802.1Q/P enabled.

Include the following options in the DHCP configuration for both the Data (100) and Voice (135) VLANs:

Option 176 and 242 “**L2Q=0,L2QVLAN=135**”

Option 176 is used by the Avaya 46xx series IP Telephones and option 242 by the Avaya 96xx series IP Telephones. Alternatively these can be programmed in the 46xxsettings.txt file as:

SET L2Q 0
SET L2QVLAN 135

5.1.2. Configure the Avaya one-X Quick Edition Telephones and Avaya one-X Quick Edition G10 PSTN Gateway

Open the Avaya one-X Quick Edition Web administration interface by browsing to the IP address of one of the telephones. Select **System Options** and enter the *Admin Password*. From the **System Options** menu on the left, select **Networking**. From the menu on the right, select **VLAN Settings** and then **Change Details**. From the pull-down menu labeled **Audio Tagging**, select **Enabled**. From the pull-down menu labeled **Audio Priority**, select **6**. Select **Submit**.

Quick Edition

Edit VLAN Settings

[Networking](#) > [VLAN Settings](#) > [Edit VLAN Settings](#)

[Audio Bandwidth](#) [VLAN Settings](#)

Edit VLAN Settings

Audio Tagging: **Enabled** ▼

Audio Priority: **6** ▼

Data Tagging: **Pass Through** ▼

Data Priority: **0 (Lowest)** ▼

Figure 13: Quick Edition VLAN Configuration

Avaya one-X Quick Edition does not support a separate Voice VLAN. For this configuration, the QE devices will be on the Data (100) VLAN selected as the default VLAN.

6. Verification Steps

Backup the FS726TP configuration before beginning any of these steps.

6.1. Verification Steps for Avaya IP Telephones and Avaya Communications Manager

Place phone calls between each of the Avaya IP Telephones powered by the NETGEAR switches and trunk lines on Avaya Communication Manager. Verify that the audio quality is acceptable. This will verify the voice network is correctly connected.

Use the Network Options on the telephone to verify that the audio statistics. Packet Loss should be 0%. Packetization Delay should be consistent with the Codec Set selected on the Avaya Communications Manager. One-way Network Delay and Network Jitter Delay will be dependent on the configuration beyond the NETGEAR switches.

Plug a PC into the PC port of each of the Avaya IP Telephones and browse to an enterprise web site. This will verify that the Data network is correctly connected.

Power cycle the NETGEAR switch. When power returns, the Avaya IP Telephones should power up, download the parameters from the corporate DHCP/TFTP/HTTP servers and register with Avaya Communications Manager. Repeat the above steps in the above three paragraphs to verify that the NETGEAR switch retained the working configuration.

6.2. Verification Steps for Avaya one-X Quick Edition Telephones and Avaya one-X G10 PSTN Gateway

Place a phone call between an Avaya one-X Quick Edition telephone and an Avaya one-X Quick Edition G10 Gateway port to the PSTN. Verify that the audio quality is acceptable.

Power cycle the NETGEAR switch. Verify that all of the Avaya one-X Quick Edition telephone and an Avaya one-X Quick Edition G10 Gateway power up and discover each other. Place phone calls to verify the Avaya one-X Quick Edition telephone and an Avaya one-X Quick Edition G10 Gateway are operational.

Plug a PC into the PC port of one of the QE telephones and browse the web address of one of the Avaya one-X Quick Edition telephones. Follow the steps in **Section 4.2.1** to verify that the VLAN settings have been retained.

6.3. Verification Steps for the FS726TP PoE

After power cycling the FS726TP, attach a PC to the PC port of one of the Avaya IP Telephones. Open a web browser with the IP address of the FS726TP. Select **POE** from the left hand menu and verify that all of the Avaya IP Telephones are being powered as expected (**Figure 4**).

Select **Port Configuration** from the left window of the FS726TP Web page and verify that the speed and duplex of all the powered Avaya IP Telephone ports is **100Mbps/Full**. Verify that the speed and duplex for **Port 26** matches the configuration of the upstream router.

6.4. Verification Steps for the FS726TP QoS

These steps require a traffic generation device.

Open the FS726TP Administration Web Page. Select **VLAN** from the right hand menu. Select **IEEE 802.1Q VLAN** in the right hand window. From the pull down menu select **VLAN 1 (Default)**. For the uplink port that is used to connect the FS726TP to the router select **T** (Tag egress packets) on VLAN 1. Select **Apply**.

Configure the router to support VLAN 1 on the uplink from the FS726TP.

Connect a Gigabit traffic source to **Port 25** (on VLAN 1) of the FS726TP. Connect the second traffic source at another Ethernet switch that can be reached via the router connected to **Port 26** of the FS726TP.

Verify that the traffic sources can send IP addressed UDP packets to each other.

Place a call from one of the Avaya IP Telephones to a PSTN line on Avaya Communications Manager. Select the Network Audio Quality display on the Avaya IP Telephone and record the audio statistics.

Perform a throughput test between the two Gigabit traffic sources.

While the throughput test is in progress, verify the audio quality of the call. The call should remain clear. On the Network Audio Quality display on the Avaya IP Telephone, note the audio statistics. Packet Loss should remain 0%. The delays may increase significantly depending on the performance of the entire LAN. The fact that Packet Loss remains 0% indicates that packets are being prioritized on the uplink to the router over the data in the throughput test.

It is possible that Packet Loss occurs outside of the FS726TP. A Packet Loss higher than 0% is not strictly a proof that the FS726TP is incorrectly configured. A careful examination of the configuration screens should be done to verify that the FS726TP is correctly configured.

7. Conclusion

These Application Notes describe the use and configuration of the NETGEAR PROSAFE™ 8-port, 16-port and 24-port switches to power Avaya IP Telephones, Avaya one-X Quick Edition Telephones, and the Avaya one-X G10 PSTN Quick Edition Gateway.

The configuration of the NETGEAR PROSAFE™ FS726TP provided can provide excellent quality of service prioritization for voice traffic with the Avaya products.

8. Additional References

The Avaya product documentation is available at <http://support.avaya.com>.

[1] *Avaya IP Telephony Implementation Guide*,
http://support.avaya.com/elmodocs2/comm_mgr/r3/IP_GUIDE_3.0.pdf.

The NETGEAR product documentation is available at <http://www.netgear.com/support>.

©2007 Avaya Inc. All Rights Reserved.

Avaya and the Avaya Logo are trademarks of Avaya Inc. All trademarks identified by ® and ™ are registered trademarks or trademarks, respectively, of Avaya Inc. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners. The information provided in these Application Notes is subject to change without notice. The configurations, technical data, and recommendations provided in these Application Notes are believed to be accurate and dependable, but are presented without express or implied warranty. Users are responsible for their application of any products specified in these Application Notes.

Please e-mail any questions or comments pertaining to these Application Notes along with the full title name and filename, located in the lower right corner, directly to the Avaya Solution & Interoperability Test Lab at interoplabnotes@list.avaya.com