

Cisco Expressway IP Port Usage for Firewall Traversal

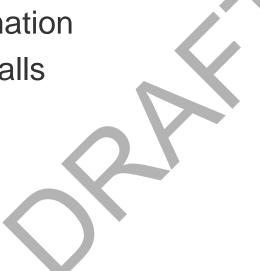
Cisco Expressway X8.2 D15066.02 DRAFT A June 2014

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Contents: Cisco Expressway IP port usage

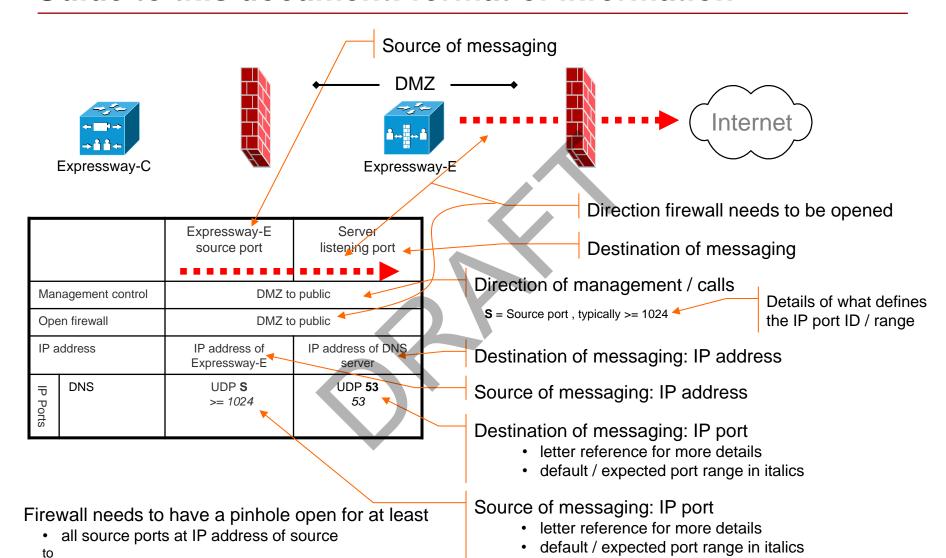
Which IP ports are used with Cisco Expressway?
Which IP ports need to be allowed through firewalls?

- Format of information
- Traversing firewalls
 - Administration
 - SIP calls
 - H.323 calls
- Internal
 - Administration
 - SIP calls
 - H.323 calls



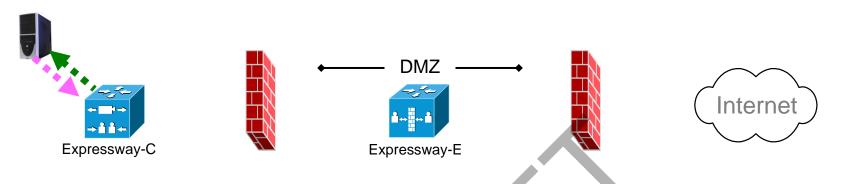
Guide to this document: format of information

all listening ports at IP address of listener



When a firewall allows an outbound message through, it is assumed that responses (up to about 20 to 30 seconds after the original send) will be allowed back through the firewall

Administration: Cisco Expressway-C

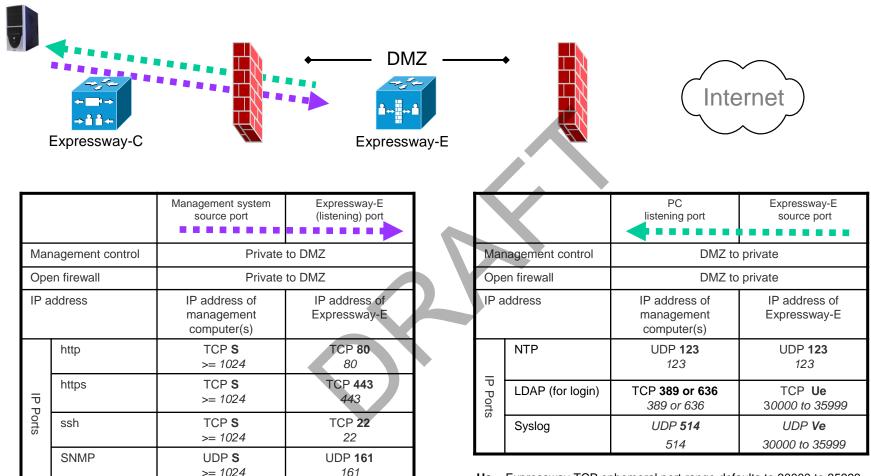


		Management system source port	Expressway-C listening port
Mar	nagement control	Private	network
Оре	en firewall	n/	⁄a
IP address		IP address of management computer(s)	IP address of Expressway-C
	http	TCP S >= 1024	TCP 80 80
IP Ports	https	TCP S >= 1024	TCP 443 443
	ssh	TCP \$ >= 1024	TCP 22 22
	SNMP	UDP \$ >= 1024	UDP 161 161

		Management system listening port	Expressway-C source port
Mar	nagement control	Private	network
Оре	en firewall	n/	/a
IP address		IP address of management computer(s)	IP address of Expressway-C
	NTP	UDP 123 <i>123</i>	UDP 123 123
IP F	LDAP	TCP 389 389	TCP \$ >= 1024
IP Ports	http (feedback to TMS)	TCP 80 <i>80</i>	TCP S >= 1024
	DNS	UDP 53 53	UDP \$ >= 1024

S = Source port , typically >= 1024

Administration: Cisco Expressway-E

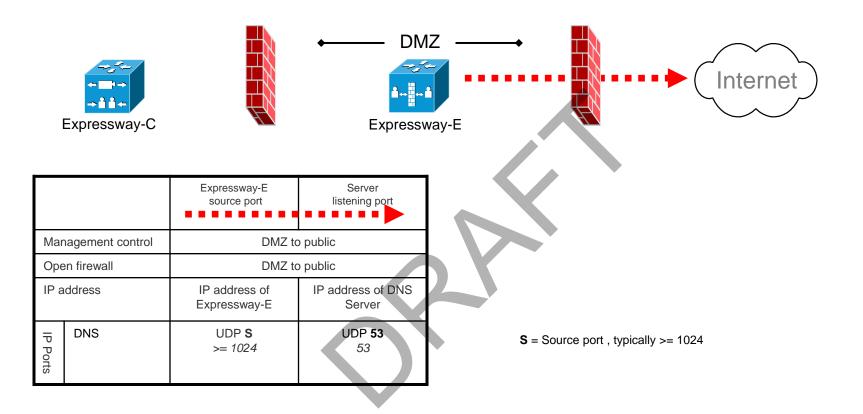


S = Source port, typically >= 1024

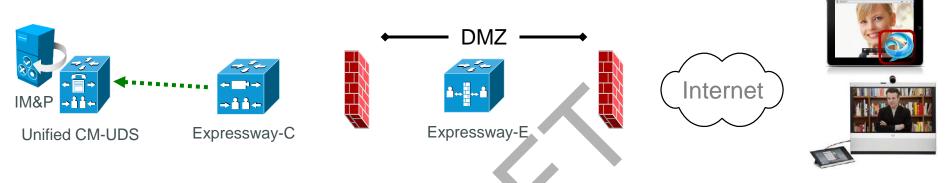
Ue = Expressway TCP ephemeral port range defaults to 30000 to 35999

Ve = Expressway UDP ephemeral port range defaults to 30000 to 35999

Administration: Cisco Expressway-E



Unified Communications: Expressway-C to Unified CM, IM&P

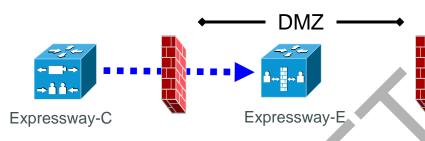


		Management system listening port	Expressway-C source port
Mar	nagement control	Private	network
Оре	en firewall	n/	/a
IP address		IP address of Unified CM, IM and Presence servers and CUC	IP address of Expressway-C
	XMPP (IM and Presence)	TCP 7400 (IM&P server)	TCP Ue 30000 to 35999
IP Ports	UDS (provisioning and phonebook)	TCP 8443 (Unified CM server)	TCP Ue 3 <i>0000 to</i> 35999
	HTTP (configuration file retrieval)	TCP 6970 (Unified CM server)	TCP Ue 3 <i>0000 to</i> 35999
	CUC (voicemail)	TCP 443 (CUC server)	TCP Ue 3 <i>0000 to</i> 35999

Ue = Expressway TCP ephemeral port range defaults to 30000 – 35999

Unified Communications : Control (private) to Expressway (DMZ)







		Expressway-C source port	Expressway-E server (listening) port
Mes	sage direction	Inbound and	outbound calls
Ope	en firewall	Privat	e to DMZ
IP address		IP address of Expressway-C	IP address of Expressway-E
	XMPP (IM and Presence)	TCP Ue 3 <i>0000 to</i> 35999	TCP 7400
	SSH (HTTP/S tunnels)	TCP Ue 3 <i>0000 to</i> 35999	TCP 2222
IP Ports	SIP signaling	TCP & TLS A 25000 to 29999	TCP and TLS B 7001
	SIP media	UDP Y _C 36002 to 59999 *	UDP Y _E 36000 / 36001 *
	TURN server control	UDP >= 1024	UDP 3478 (to 3483) R

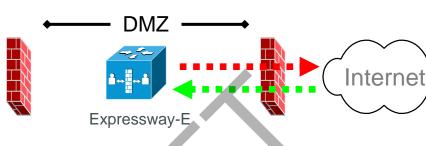
- A = Protocols > SIP > TCP Outbound port start to end: default = 25000 to 29999
- **B** = Zones > Traversal Client > SIP port, typically 7001 for first traversal zone, 7002 for second etc.
- **R** = On Large Expressway systems you can configure a range of TURN request listening ports
- **Ue** = Expressway TCP ephemeral port range defaults to 30000 to 35999
- Y_C = Local Zone > Traversal Subzone > Traversal Media port start to end (configured on Expressway-C): default = 36000 to 59999 *
- Y_E = Local Zone > Traversal Subzone > Traversal Media port start to end (configured on Expressway-E): *default* = 36000 to 59999 *

^{*} In Large systems the first 12 ports in the range – 36000 to 36011 – are used for multiplexed traffic only. In Small/Medium systems you can either explicitly specify the 2 ports to use for multiplexed traffic or use the first 2 ports from the media port range.

Unified Communications: Expressway (DMZ) to public internet







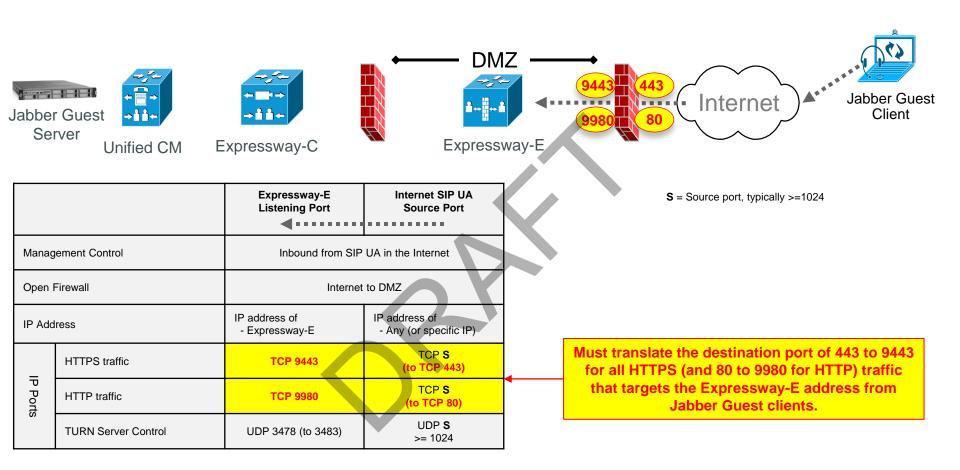


		Expressway-E source port	Internet endpoint server (listening) port	Expressway-E server (listening) port	Internet endpoint source port
Me	ssage direction	Outbound to an endpoint in the Internet		Inbound from an endpoint in the Internet	
Оре	en firewall	DMZ to In	ternet	Internet t	o DMZ
IP a	address	Address of Expressway-E	Any IP address	Address of Expressway-E	Any IP address
	XMPP (IM and Presence)	n/a	n/a	TCP 5222	TCP S >= 1024
	UDS (phonebook and provisioning)	n/a	n/a	TCP <i>844</i> 3	TCP S >= 1024
IP Ports	TURN server control / media	n/a	n/a	UDP 3478 (to 3483) R / 24000 to 29999	UDP S >= 1024
	SIP signaling	TLS 25000 to 29999	TLS S >= 1024	TLS 5061	TLS S >= 1024
	SIP media	UDP Y _E 36002 to 59999 *	UDP N >= 1024	UDP Y _E 36002 to 59999 *	UDP N >= 1024

- N = Expressway waits until it receives media, then it sends its media to the IP port from which the media was received (egress port of the media from the far end non SIP-aware firewall): any port >= 1024
- R = On Large Expressway systems you can configure a range of TURN request listening ports
- **S** = Source port , typically >= 1024
- Y_E = Local Zone > Traversal Subzone > Traversal Media port start to end (configured on Expressway-E): default = 36000 to 59999 *

^{*} In Large systems the first 12 ports in the range – 36000 to 36011 – are used for multiplexed traffic only. In Small/Medium systems you can either explicitly specify the 2 ports to use for multiplexed traffic or use the first 2 ports from the media port range.

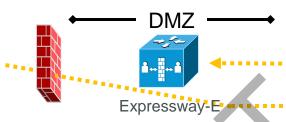
Unified Communications: Jabber Guest (internet to Expressway-E)



Unified Communications: Jabber Guest (Expressway-C to Expressway-E)











		Expressway-C Source Port	Expressway-E Listening Port
Manag	ement Control	Outbound from Expressway-C to Expressway-E	
Open I	Firewall	Private to Public NAT'd	
IP Add	IP Address of - Expressway-C IP address of - Expressway-F		IP address of - Expressway-E (Public)
_	SSH (HTTP/S tunnels)	TCP E 30000 to 35999	SSH 2222
IP Ports	Traversal Zone SIP signal	TLS T c 25000 to 29999	TLS T E
37	Media	UDP Y _C 36002 to 59999	UDP Y _E 24000 to 29999

E = TCP ephemeral port range (on Expressway-C)

T_C = TCP outbound port range (on Expressway-C)

T_E = SIP port for Unified Communications traversal zone between Expressway-C (on Expressway-E)

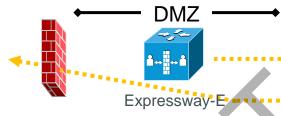
Yc = Traversal media ports range (on Expressway-C)

 Y_E = TURN relays media ports range (Expressway-E)

Unified Communications: Jabber Guest (Expressway-E to Expressway-C)









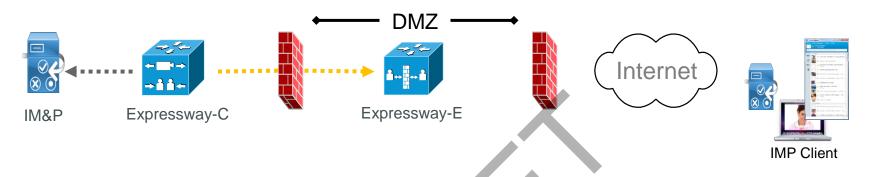


		Expressway-C Listening Port	Expressway-E Source Port	
Manag	ement Control	Inbound from Expressway-E (public) to Expressway-C		
Open Firewall		Public NAT'd to Private		
IP Address		IP address of - Expressway-C	IP address of - Expressway-E (public)	
IP Ports	Media	UDP Y c 36000 to 59999	UDP Y _E 24000 to 29999	

Yc = Traversal media ports range (on Expressway- C)

Y_E = TURN relays media ports range (on Expressway-E)

Unified Communications: XMPP federation (Expressway-C and Expressway-E / IM&P Server)



		Expressway-C Source Port	Expressway-E Listening Port
XMPP		Outbound from Expressway-C to Expressway-E (DMZ)	
Open Firewall		Private to DMZ	
IP Address		IP address of - Expressway-C	IP address of - Expressway-E
IP Ports	Ports XMPP TCP E (Ephemeral port) TCP 7400		TCP 7400
		IM&P Server Listening Port	Expressway-C Source Port
		Listering Fort	

		IM&P Server Listening Port	Expressway-C Source Port
XMPP		Outbound from Expressway-C to IM&P Server	
Open Firewall		-	
IP Address		IP address of - IM&P Server	IP address of - Expressway-C
IP Ports	XMPP	TCP 7400	TCP E (Ephemeral port)

E = TCP ephemeral port range defaults to 30000 to 35999

Unified Communications: XMPP federation (Expressway-E and Internet)



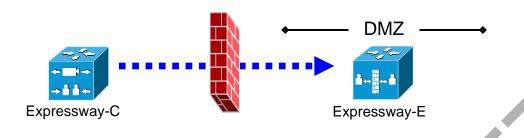
Federated XMPP Server

			Listening Port	Source Port
XMPP			Inbound from public intern	net to Expressway-E (DMZ)
Open Firewall			Internet	t to DMZ
IP Address			IP address of - Expressway-E	IP address of - Federated XMPP Server
IP Ports	XMPP		TCP 5269	TCP Ephemeral port
		Expressway-E Source Port	Federated XMPP Server Listening Port	
XMPP			Outbound from Expresswa	y-E (DMZ) to public internet
Open Firewall			DMZ to Internet	
IP Address		IP address of - Expressway-E	IP address of - Federated XMPP Server	
IP Ports	XMPP		TCP E (Ephemeral port)	TCP 5269

Expressway-E

E = TCP ephemeral port range defaults to 30000 to 35999

SIP traversal call





		Expressway-C source port	Expressway-E listening port
Call	I direction	Inbound and o	outbound calls
Орє	en firewall	Private	to DMZ
IP address		IP address of Expressway-C	IP address of Expressway-E
	SIP signaling	TCP & TLS A 25000 to 29999	TCP and TLS B 7001
IP Ports	Assent RTP (traversal media)	UDP Y _C 36002 to 59998 *	UDP Y _E 36000 *
,	Assent RTCP (traversal media)	UDP Y _C 36003 to 59999 *	UDP Y _E 36001 *

A = Protocols > SIP > TCP Outbound port start to end: default = 25000 to 29999

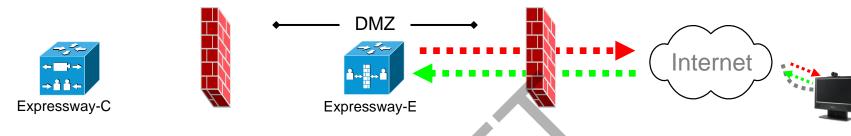
B = Zones > Traversal Client > SIP port, typically 7001 for first traversal zone, 7002 for second etc.

Y_c = Local Zone > Traversal Subzone > Traversal Media port start to end (configured on Expressway-C): *default* = 36000 to 59999 *

Y_E = Local Zone > Traversal Subzone > Traversal Media port start to end (configured on Expressway-E): *default* = 36000 to 59999 *

^{*} In Large systems the first 12 ports in the range – 36000 to 36011 – are used for multiplexed traffic only. In Small/Medium systems you can either explicitly specify the 2 ports to use for multiplexed traffic or use the first 2 ports from the media port range.

SIP call to endpoint with public IP address

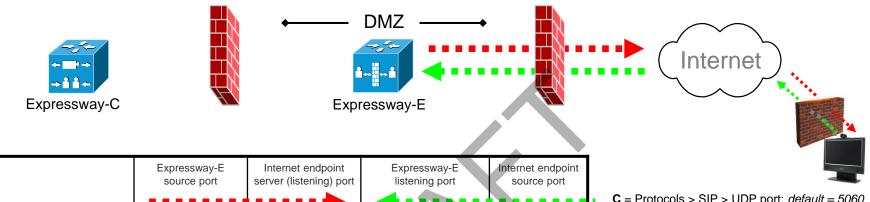


		Expressway-E source port	Internet endpoint server (listening) port	Expressway-E listening port	Internet endpoint source port
Call direction			n endpoint in the ernet	Inbound from an endpoint in the Internet	
Оре	en firewall	DMZ to	Internet	Internet	to DMZ
IP a	address	IP address of Expressway-E	Any IP address	IP address of Expressway-E	
IP Ports	SIP signaling	UDP C 5060 TCP & TLS A 25000 to 29999	UDP & TCP & TLS F 5060 or >= 1024	UDP: C 5060 TCP: K 5060 TLS: L 5061	UDP G 5060 or >= 1024 TCP & TLS H >= 1024
ts	RTP	UDP Y _E 36002 to 59998 *	UDP E >= 1024	UDP Y _E 36002 to 59998 *	UDP E >= 1024
	RTCP	UDP Y _E 36003 to 59999 *	UDP E >= 1024	UDP Y _E 36003 to 59999 *	UDP E >= 1024

- **C** = Protocols > SIP > UDP port: *default* = 5060
- A = Protocols > SIP > TCP Outbound port start to end: default = 25000 to 29999
- **F** = IP port is defined by DNS lookup; any port >= 1024, often 5060 for UDP
- **K** = Protocols > SIP > TCP port: *default* = 5060
- **L** = Protocols > SIP > TLS port: *default =5061*
- **G** = any port >= 1024, often 5060 for hard endpoints
- \mathbf{H} = any port >= 1024
- Y_E = Local Zone > Traversal Subzone > Traversal Media port start to end (configured on Expressway-E): *default* = 36000 to 59999 *
- **E** = Endpoint media port range; value used is specified in the SDP:
 - = any IP port above 1024
 - = 36000 to 59999 * for another Expressway
 - = 2326 to 2385 for MXP static setting
 - = 11000 to 65000 for MXP dynamic setting

^{*} In Large systems the first 12 ports in the range – 36000 to 36011 – are used for multiplexed traffic only. In Small/Medium systems you can either explicitly specify the 2 ports to use for multiplexed traffic or use the first 2 ports from the media port range.

SIP call to endpoint behind non SIP-aware firewall

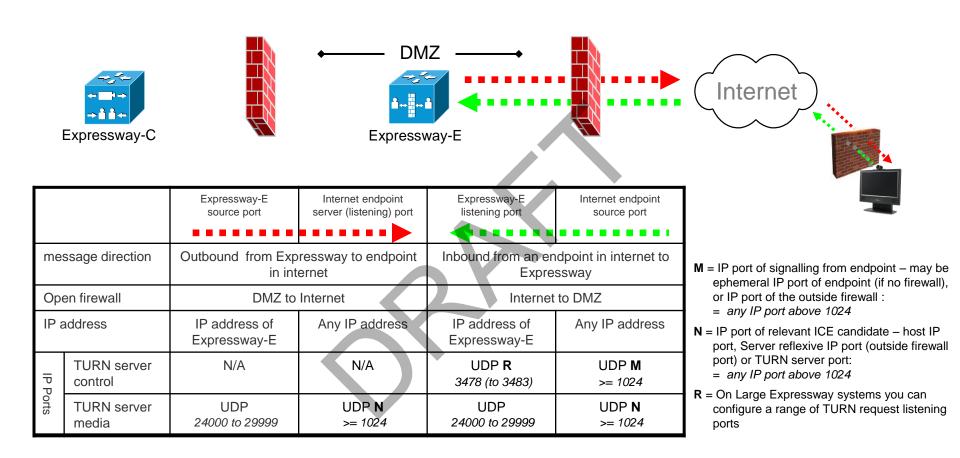


		Expressway-E source port	Internet endpoint server (listening) port	Expressway-E listening port	Internet endpoint source port
Call direction		Outbound to an endpoint behind a firewall		Inbound from an endpoint behind a firewall	
Open firewall		DMZ to	Internet	Internet to DMZ	
IP address		IP address of Expressway-E	Any IP address	IP address of Expressway-E	Any IP address
IP Ports	SIP signaling	UDP C 5060 TCP & TLS A 25000 to 29999	UDP & TCP & TLS F 5060 or >= 1024	UDP: C 5060 TCP: K 5060 TLS: L 5061	UDP, TCP & TLS: Q >= 1024
	RTP	UDP Y _E 36002 to 59998 *	UDP N >= 1024	UDP Y _E 36002 to 59998 *	UDP N >= 1024
	RTCP	UDP Y _E 36003 to 59999 *	UDP N >= 1024	UDP Y _E 36003 to 59999 *	UDP N >= 1024

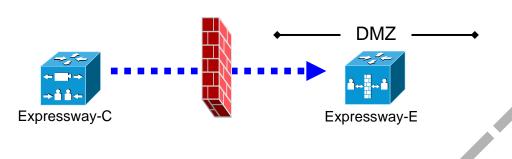
- **C** = Protocols > SIP > UDP port: *default* = 5060
- **A** = Protocols > SIP > TCP Outbound port start to end: default = 25000 to 29999
- **F** = IP port is defined by DNS lookup; any port >= 1024, often 5060 for UDP
- **K** = Protocols > SIP > TCP port: *default* = 5060
- L = Protocols > SIP > TLS port: default =5061
- **Q** = Egress IP port from far end non-NAT aware firewall: any port >= 1024
- Y_F = Local Zone > Traversal Subzone > Traversal Media port start to end (configured on Expressway-E): default = 36000 to 59999 *
- **N** = Expressway waits until it receives media, then it sends its media to the IP port from which the media was received (egress port of the media from the far end non SIP-aware firewall): any port >= 1024

^{*} In Large systems the first 12 ports in the range – 36000 to 36011 – are used for multiplexed traffic only. In Small/Medium systems you can either explicitly specify the 2 ports to use for multiplexed traffic or use the first 2 ports from the media port range.

SIP – additional ports for ICE



H.323 traversal call using Assent



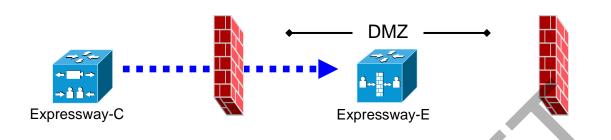


		Expressway-C source port	Expressway-E listening port	
Call direction		Inbound and outbound calls		
Open firewall		Private to DMZ		
IP address		IP address of Expressway-C	IP address of Expressway-E	
IP Ports	Initial RAS connection	UDP 1719	UDP D 6001	
	Q 931 / H.225 signaling	TCP P 15000 to 19999	TCP T 2776	
	H.245	TCP P 15000 to 19999	TCP T 2776	
	Assent RTP (traversal media)	UDP Y _C 36002 to 59998 *	UDP Y _E 36000 *	
	Assent RTCP (traversal media)	UDP Y _C 36003 to 59999 *	UDP Y _E 36001 *	

- P = Protocols > H.323 > Gatekeeper > Call signaling port range start to end: default = 15000 to 19999
- **D** = Zones > Traversal Zone > H.323 port, typically *6001* for first traversal zone, 6002 for second etc.
- **T** = Traversal > Ports > H.323 Assent call signaling port: *default* = 2776
- **Y**_C = Local Zone > Traversal Subzone > Traversal Media port start to end (configured on Expressway-C): *default* = *36000 to 59999* *
- **Y**_E = Local Zone > Traversal Subzone > Traversal Media port start to end (configured on Expressway-E): *default* = *36000 to 59999* *

^{*} In Large systems the first 12 ports in the range – 36000 to 36011 – are used for multiplexed traffic only. In Small/Medium systems you can either explicitly specify the 2 ports to use for multiplexed traffic or use the first 2 ports from the media port range.

H.323 traversal call using H.460.18 / 19 non-muxed media



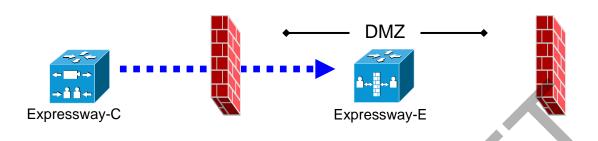


		Expressway-C source port	Expressway-E listening port	
Call direction		Inbound and outbound calls		
Open firewall		Private to DMZ		
IP address		IP address of Expressway-C	IP address of Expressway-E	
IP Ports	Initial RAS connection	UDP 1719	UDP D 6001	
	Q 931 / H.225 signaling	TCP P 15000 to 19999	TCP M 1720	
	H.245	TCP P 15000 to 19999	TCP U 2777	
	Assent RTP (traversal media)	UDP Y _C 36002 to 59998 *	UDP Y _E 36002 to 59998 *	
	Assent RTCP (traversal media)	UDP Y _C 36003 to 59999 *	UDP Y _E 36003 to 59999 *	

- P = Protocols > H.323 > Gatekeeper > Call signaling port range start to end: default = 15000 to 19999
- **D** = Zones > Traversal Zone > H.323 port, typically *6001* for first traversal zone, 6002 for second etc.
- **M** = Protocols > H.323 Call signaling TCP port: *default* = 1720
- **U** = Traversal > Ports > H.323 H.460.18 call signaling port: *default* = 2777
- Y_C = Local Zone > Traversal Subzone > Traversal Media port start to end (configured on Expressway-C): *default* = 36000 to 59999 *
- Y_E = Local Zone < Traversal Subzone > Traversal Media port start to end (configured on Expressway-E) : default = 36000 to 59999 *

^{*} In Large systems the first 12 ports in the range – 36000 to 36011 – are used for multiplexed traffic only. In Small/Medium systems you can either explicitly specify the 2 ports to use for multiplexed traffic or use the first 2 ports from the media port range.

H.323 traversal call using H.460.18 / 19 multiplexed media



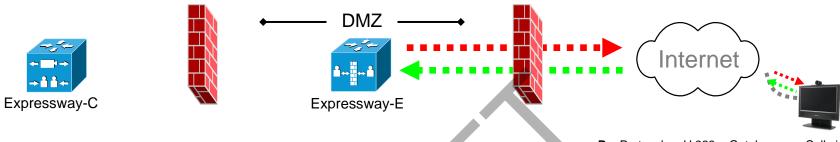


		Expressway-C source port	Expressway-E listening port	
Call direction		Inbound and outbound calls		
Open firewall		Private to DMZ		
IP address		IP address of Expressway-C	IP address of Expressway-E	
IP Ports	Initial RAS connection	UDP 1719	UDP D 6001	
	Q 931 / H.225 signaling	TCP P 15000 to 19999	TCP M 1720	
	H.245	TCP P 15000 to 19999	TCP U 2777	
	Assent RTP (traversal media)	UDP Y _C 36002 to 59998 *	UDP Y _E 36000 *	
	Assent RTCP (traversal media)	UDP Y _C 36003 to 59999 *	UDP Y _E 36001 *	

- P = Protocols > H.323 > Gatekeeper > Call signaling port range start to end: default = 15000 to 19999
- **D** = Zones > Traversal Zone > H.323 port, typically *6001* for first traversal zone, 6002 for second etc.
- **M** = Protocols > H.323 Call signaling TCP port: *default* = 1720
- **U** = Traversal > Ports > H.323 H.460.18 call signaling port: *default* = 2777
- Y_c = Local Zone > Traversal Subzone > Traversal Media port start to end (configured on Expressway-C): *default* = 36000 to 59999 *
- Y_E = Local Zone < Traversal Subzone > Traversal Media port start to end (configured on Expressway-E): *default* = 36000 to 59999 *

^{*} In Large systems the first 12 ports in the range – 36000 to 36011 – are used for multiplexed traffic only. In Small/Medium systems you can either explicitly specify the 2 ports to use for multiplexed traffic or use the first 2 ports from the media port range.

H.323 call with a non-registered endpoint with public IP

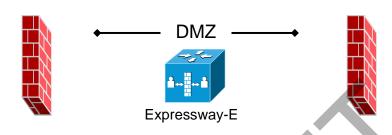


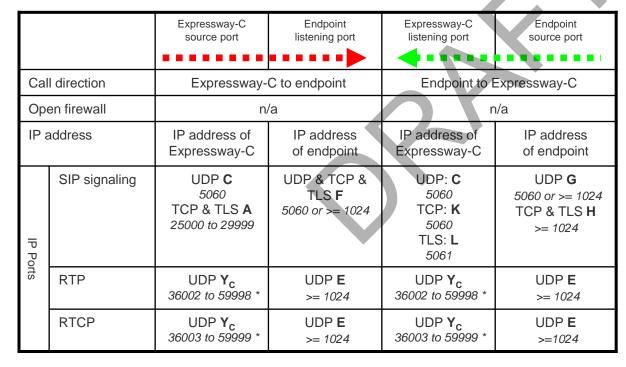
		Expressway-E source port	Internet endpoint server (listening) port	Expressway-E listening port	Internet endpoint source port
Call direction		Outbound to an endpoint in the Internet		Inbound from an endpoint in the Internet	
Open firewall		DMZ to I	Internet	Internet to DMZ	
IP address		IP address of Expressway-E	Any IP address	IP address of Expressway-E	Any IP address
IP Ports	Initial RAS connection	-	-	-	-
	Q 931 / H.225 signaling	TCP P 15000 to 19999	TCP G 1720	TCP M 1720	TCP K 1720
	H.245	TCP P 15000 to 19999	TCP H >= 1024	TCP P 15000 to 19999	TCP H >= 1024
	RTP	UDP Y _E 36000 to 59998	UDP E >= 1024	UDP Y _E 36000 to 59998	UDP E >= 1024
	RTCP	UDP Y _E 36001 to 59999	UDP E >= 1024	UDP Y _E 36001 to 59999	UDP E >=1024

- **P** = Protocols > H.323 > Gatekeeper > Call signaling port range start to end: *default* = 15000 to 19999
- **G** = Endpoint signaling port, specified by a) IP Port in call request
 - b) DNS lookup for URI to call
 -) 1700 KUP IOI URI IO CAII
 - c) 1720 if IP address but no port specified Can be: any port >= 1024, typically 1720
- **M** = Protocols > H.323 Call signaling TCP port: *default* = 1720
- **K** = Endpoint signaling port: any port >= 1024, typically *1720*
- **H** = Endpoint H.245 signaling port:
 - = any IP port >= 1024
 - = 15000 to 19999 to another Expressway
 - = 5555 to 5574 for MXP static setting
 - = 11000 to 65000 for MXP dynamic setting
- Y_E = Local Zone > Traversal Subzone > Traversal Media port start to end (configured on Expressway-E): *default* = 36000 to 59999
- **E** = Endpoint media port range; value used is specified in codec negotiations:
 - = any IP port above 1024
 - = 36000 to 59999 for another Expressway
 - = 2326 to 2385 for MXP static setting
 - = 11000 to 65000 for MXP dynamic setting

SIP: internal





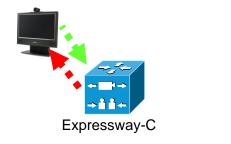


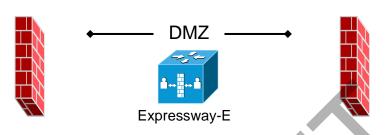


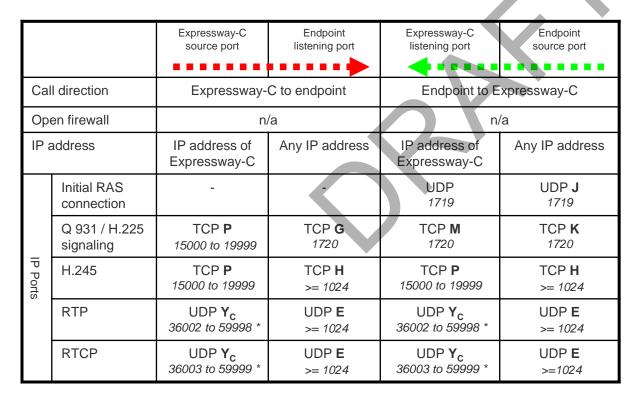
- **C** = Protocols > SIP > UDP port: *default* = 5060
- A = Protocols > SIP > TCP Outbound port start to end: default = 25000 to 29999
- **F** = IP port is defined by DNS lookup; any port >= 1024, often 5060 for UDP
- **K** = Protocols > SIP > TCP port: *default* = 5060
- **L** = Protocols > SIP > TLS port: *default* =5061
- G = any port >= 1024, often 5060 for hard endpoints
- \mathbf{H} = any port >= 1024
- Y_C = Local Zone > Traversal Subzone > Traversal Media port start to end (configured on Expressway-C): *default* = 36000 to 59999 *
- **E** = Endpoint media port range; value used is specified in the SDP:
 - = any IP port above 1024
 - = 36000 to 59999 * for another Expressway
 - = 2326 to 2385 for MXP static setting
 - = 11000 to 65000 for MXP dynamic setting

^{*} In Large systems the first 12 ports in the range – 36000 to 36011 – are used for multiplexed traffic only. In Small/Medium systems you can either explicitly specify the 2 ports to use for multiplexed traffic or use the first 2 ports from the media port range.

H.323: internal





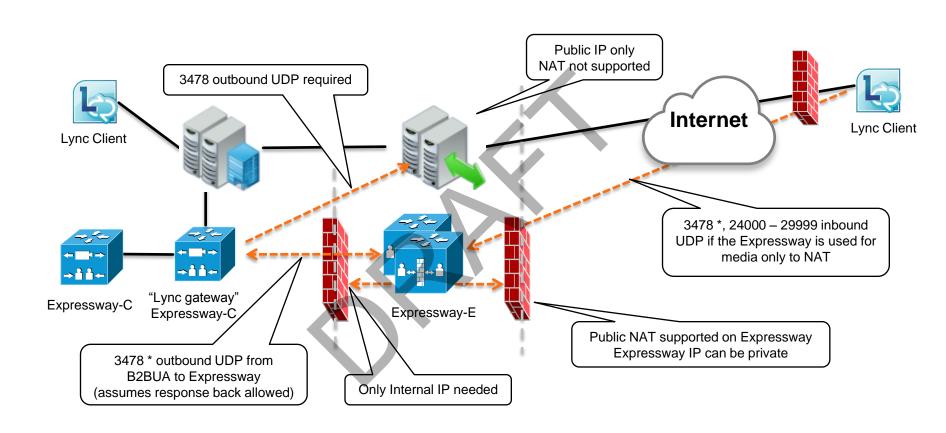




- **J** = Endpoint RAS source port, typically 1719
- **P** = Protocols > H.323 > Gatekeeper > Call signaling port range start to end: *default* = 15000 to 19999
- **G** = Endpoint signaling port, any port >= 1024, typically *1720*
- **M** = Protocols > H.323 Call signaling TCP port: *default* = 1720
- **K** = Endpoint signaling port: any port >= 1024, typically *1720*
- **H** = Endpoint H.245 signaling port:
 - = any IP port >= 1024
 - = 15000 to 19999 to another Expressway
 - = 5555 to 5574 for MXP static setting
 - = 11000 to 65000 for MXP dynamic setting
- Y_C = Local Zone > Traversal Subzone > Traversal Media port start to end (configured on Expressway-C): *default* = 36000 to 59999 *
- **E** = Endpoint media port range; value used is specified in codec negotiations:
 - = any IP port above 1024
 - = 36000 to 59999 * for another Expressway
 - = 2326 to 2385 for MXP static setting
 - = 11000 to 65000 for MXP dynamic setting

^{*} In Large systems the first 12 ports in the range – 36000 to 36011 – are used for multiplexed traffic only. In Small/Medium systems you can either explicitly specify the 2 ports to use for multiplexed traffic or use the first 2 ports from the media port range.

SIP B2BUA and Microsoft Lync



^{*} On Large Expressway systems you can configure a range of TURN request listening ports (3478 to 3483) .

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