



# Conferencing API for Linux and Windows Operating Systems

Library Reference

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*November 2003*



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## ***Revision History***

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This revision history summarizes the changes made in each published version of this document.

Document No.	Publication Date	Description of Revisions
05-2066-001	November 2003	Initial version of document.





# About This Publication

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The following topics provide information about this *Conferencing API for Linux and Windows Operating Systems Library Reference*:

- [Purpose](#)
- [Intended Audience](#)
- [How to Use This Publication](#)
- [Related Information](#)

## Purpose

This publication provides a reference to all functions, parameters, and data structures in the conferencing (CNF) API for Intel® telecom products. It is a companion document to the *Conferencing API Programming Guide*, which provides guidelines for developing applications using the conferencing API. The conferencing API is supported on boards that implement the Intel® DM3™ architecture in a Linux\* or Windows\* operating system.

**Note:** This conferencing API is intended to replace the existing audio conferencing (DCB) API. Although the DCB API continues to be supported, it is recommended that all new conferencing applications be developed using the new conferencing (CNF) API as no further development is planned on the DCB API.

## Intended Audience

This information is intended for:

- Distributors
- System Integrators
- Toolkit Developers
- Independent Software Vendors (ISVs)
- Value Added Resellers (VARs)
- Original Equipment Manufacturers (OEMs)
- End Users

## How to Use This Publication

This document assumes that you are familiar with the Linux or Windows operating system and the C programming language.

The information in this document is organized as follows:

- [Chapter 1, “Function Summary by Category”](#) introduces the various categories of conferencing functions and provides a brief description of each function.
- [Chapter 2, “Function Information”](#) provides an alphabetical reference to the conferencing functions.
- [Chapter 3, “Events”](#) provides an alphabetical reference to events that may be returned by the conferencing software.
- [Chapter 4, “Data Structures”](#) provides an alphabetical reference to the conferencing data structures.
- [Chapter 5, “Error Codes”](#) presents a list of error codes that may be returned by the conferencing software.

## Related Information

See the following for more information:

- For information about conferencing (CNF) library features and guidelines for building applications using the conferencing library, see the *Conferencing API Programming Guide*.
- For information about voice library features and guidelines for building applications using the voice library, see the *Voice API Programming Guide*.
- For details on all functions and data structures in the voice library, see the *Voice API Library Reference*.
- For information about Standard Runtime Library features and guidelines for building all applications, see the *Standard Runtime Library API Programming Guide*.
- For details on all functions and data structures in the Standard Runtime Library, see the *Standard Runtime Library API Library Reference*.
- For information on the system release, system requirements, software and hardware features, supported hardware, and release documentation, see the Release Guide for the system release you are using.
- For details on compatibility issues, restrictions and limitations, known problems, and late-breaking updates or corrections to the release documentation, see the Release Update.  
Be sure to check the Release Update for the system release you are using for any updates or corrections to this publication. Release Updates are available on the Telecom Support Resources website at <http://resource.intel.com/telecom/support/releases/index.html>.
- For details on configuration files (including CONFIG/FCD/PCD files) and instructions for configuring products, see the Configuration Guide for your product or product family.
- For technical support, see <http://developer.intel.com/design/telecom/support>. This website contains developer support information, downloads, release documentation, technical notes, application notes, a user discussion forum, and more.



This chapter describes the categories into which the conferencing API library functions can be grouped.

- [Device Management Functions . . . . .](#) 9
- [Configuration Functions . . . . .](#) 9
- [Conference Management Functions . . . . .](#) 10

## 1.1 Device Management Functions

Device management functions open and close devices.

**cnf\_Close()**

closes a physical board device

**cnf\_Open()**

opens a physical board device

## 1.2 Configuration Functions

Configuration functions allow you to alter, examine, and control the configuration of an open device.

**cnf\_EnableEvents()**

enables events for a physical board device or conference device

**cnf\_DisableEvents()**

disables events for a physical board device or conference device

**cnf\_GetBoardAttributes()**

gets attributes for a physical board device

**cnf\_GetConferenceAttributes()**

gets attributes for a conference device

**cnf\_GetPartyAttributes()**

gets attributes for a party

**cnf\_GetResourceCount()**

gets the count of resources available on the board

**cnf\_GetVolumeControl()**

gets DTMF digits used to control volume on a physical board device

**cnf\_SetBoardAttributes()**

sets attributes for a physical board device

**cnf\_SetConferenceAttributes()**

sets attributes for a conference device

**cnf\_SetPartyAttributes()**

sets attributes for a party

**cnf\_SetVolumeControl()**

sets DTMF digits used to control volume on a physical board device

## 1.3 Conference Management Functions

Conference management functions allow you create and delete conferences, add and remove parties to a conference, as well as create and delete conference bridges.

**cnf\_AttachConference()**

opens an existing conference

**cnf\_AddParty()**

adds a party to an existing conference

**cnf\_AddPartyByTimeslot()**

adds a third party to an existing conference

**cnf\_CreateBridge()**

bridges two existing conferences

**cnf\_CreateConference()**

creates a conference

**cnf\_DeleteAllConferences()**

deletes all conferences on a physical board device

**cnf\_DeleteBridge()**

deletes an existing bridge between two conferences

**cnf\_DeleteConference()**

deletes a conference

**cnf\_GetActiveTalkers()**

gets the list of active talkers in a conference

**cnf\_GetPartyList()**

gets the list of parties in a conference

**cnf\_RemoveParty()**

removes a party from an existing conference

This chapter provides an alphabetical reference to the functions in the conferencing library.

## 2.1 Function Syntax Conventions

The conferencing functions use the following syntax:

```
int cnf_function(device_handle, parameter1, ... parameterN, mode)
```

where:

`int`

represents an integer return value that indicates if the function succeeded or failed. Possible values are:

- CNF\_SUCCESS if the function succeeds
- CNF\_FAILURE if the function fails

`cnf_function`

represents the function name

`device_handle`

represents the device handle, which is a numerical reference to a device, obtained when a device is opened. The device handle is used for all operations on that device. There are two types of device handles: physical board device handle and conference device handle.

`parameter1`

represents the first parameter

`parameterN`

represents the last parameter

`mode`

indicates the mode of execution. Possible values are:

- EV\_ASYNC for asynchronous mode
- EV\_SYNC for synchronous mode

**Note:** The “Platform” row in the function reference page indicates which platforms (such as DM3 and Springware) are supported for each function. “DM3” refers to products based on the Intel® Dialogic® DM3 mediastream architecture. “Springware” refers to products based on earlier-generation architecture. Although the conferencing API is supported on DM3 boards only, the platform information is provided for consistency across all Intel Dialogic libraries.

## cnf\_AddParty( )

**Name:** int cnf\_AddParty(a\_nConfHandle, a\_partyList, a\_pUserContext, a\_nMode)

**Inputs:**

int a_nConfHandle	• conference device handle
TSPartyList *a_partyList	• pointer to party specific information
void *a_pUserContext	• user-supplied pointer used in asynchronous mode
int a_nMode	• mode of operation

**Returns:** CNF\_SUCCESS for success  
CNF\_FAILURE for failure

**Includes:** srllib.h  
cnflib.h

**Category:** Conference Management

**Mode:** Synchronous/Asynchronous

**Platform:** DM3

### ■ Description

The **cnf\_AddParty( )** function adds a party (conferee) to an already created conference. The device handle specifies the conference to which the party will be added. The **TSPartyList** structure contains information on the added party. When **cnf\_AddParty( )** returns successfully, **m\_pPartyInfo[x].m\_nPartyID** will contain the party identification number.

Parameters	Description
<b>a_nConfHandle</b>	specifies the valid conference device handle returned by either <b>cnf_CreateConference( )</b> or <b>cnf_AttachConference( )</b>
<b>a_partyList</b>	pointer to party specific information. For more information, see the data structure description for <b>TSPartyList</b> , on page 135 and <b>TSPartyInfo</b> , on page 134.
<b>a_pUserContext</b>	in asynchronous mode, specifies a user-supplied pointer that can be retrieved using <b>sr_getUserContext( )</b> when the completion event is received. For more information on this function, see the <i>Standard Runtime Library API Library Reference</i> .
<b>a_nMode</b>	specifies the mode of operation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• EV_ASYNC – asynchronous</li> <li>• EV_SYNC – synchronous</li> </ul>

### ■ Cautions

- Successfully adding a party or conferee to a conference consumes a time slot on the TDM bus. To get a count of the resources available on the board, use **cnf\_GetResourceCount( )**. The **m\_nPartyCount** field in the **TSPartyList** structure specifies the number of parties for a given conference.

## ■ Errors

If this function returns `CNF_FAILURE`, use the Standard Runtime Library (SRL) Standard Attribute function `ATDV_LASTERR()` to obtain the error code or use `ATDV_ERRMSGP()` to obtain a descriptive error message.

For a list of error codes, see [Chapter 5, “Error Codes”](#).

## ■ Events

`CNFEV_PARTYADDED`

All the parties added successfully

`CNFEV_ADDPARTYFAILED`

Add party failed

## ■ Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "dxxplib.h"
#include "cnflib.h"

/* User defined structure */
typedef struct {
    int threadID;
    int index;
    int byTimeslot;
    int timeslot;
} strUserContext;

strUserContext g_confUserContext;
strUserContext g_partyUserContext;

int g_boardHandle = -1;
int g_confHandle = -1;
int g_partyID = -1;
char g_confName[20] = {0};
long evt_handler(unsigned long a_evtHandle);

int main()
{
    TSConferenceInfo conferenceInfo;
    TSConferenceAttribute conferenceAttribute;

    int voiceHandle = 0;
    TSPartyAttribute partyAttribute;
    TSPartyInfo partyInfo;
    TSPartyList partyList;

    int srlMode = SR_POLLMODE;
    sr_setparm(SRL_DEVICE, SR_MODEID, &srlMode);

    if (sr_enbhdlnr(EV_ANYDEV, EV_ANYEVT, evt_handler) == -1)
    {
        printf("sr_enbhdlnr failed to assign the handler\n");
        return (-1);
    }
}
```

```
if ((cnf_Open(&g_boardHandle, "brdB1", 0)) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to open brdB1\n");
    return (-1);
}

conferenceAttribute.m_nVersion = TSAttribute_VERSION_1;
conferenceAttribute.m_nAttrType = CONF_Parm_ToneClamping;
conferenceAttribute.uValue.m_nVal = 1;

conferenceInfo.m_nVersion = TSConferenceInfo_VERSION_1;
conferenceInfo.m_nPartyGroup = 0;
conferenceInfo.m_nAttrCount = 1;
conferenceInfo.m_pAttrs = &conferenceAttribute;

/* set up the user context */
g_confUserContext.threadID = GetCurrentThreadId();
g_confUserContext.index = 1; /* user's own number */

if (cnf_CreateConference(g_boardHandle,
    &conferenceInfo,
    NULL,
    &g_confUserContext,
    EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_CreateConference on board handle %d\n", g_boardHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSG(g_boardHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

voiceHandle = dx_open("dxxxB1C1", 0);
if (voiceHandle < 0)
{
    printf("Failed to open dxxxB1C1\n");
    /* ProcessError( ); */
    return (-1);
}

partyAttribute.m_nVersion = TSAttribute_VERSION_1;
partyAttribute.m_nAttrType = PARTY_Parm_Party_Mode;
partyAttribute.uValue.m_nVal = PARM_VAL_Party_Mode_FULL;

partyInfo.m_nVersion = TSPartyInfo_VERSION_1;
partyInfo.m_nHandle = voiceHandle;
partyInfo.m_nAttrCount = 1;
partyInfo.m_pAttrs = &partyAttribute;
partyInfo.m_nPartyID = -1;

partyList.m_nVersion = TSPartyList_VERSION_1;
partyList.m_nPartyCount = 1;
partyList.m_pPartyInfo = &partyInfo;

/* set up the user context */
g_partyUserContext.threadID = GetCurrentThreadId();
g_partyUserContext.index = 2; /* user's own number */
g_partyUserContext.byTimeslot = 0;
```

```

if (cnf_AddParty(g_confHandle,
                &partyList,
                &g_partyUserContext,
                EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_AddParty on conference handle %d", g_confHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n", \
          ATDV_LASTERR(g_confHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_confHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitvt(-1);

/* Remove the party
cnf_RemoveParty(...);
*/

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitvt(-1);

if (cnf_DeleteConference(g_boardHandle,
                        g_confHandle,
                        NULL,
                        EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_DeleteConference on conf handle %d\n", g_confHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n", \
          ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitvt(-1);

if ( (cnf_Close(g_boardHandle)) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to close %s\n", ATDV_NAMEP(g_boardHandle));
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n", \
          ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

    return (-1);
}

return (0);
}

long evt_handler(unsigned long a_evthandle)
{
    PVOID pEventData;
    int   eventType;
    int   threadID;
    int   index;
    int   byTimeslot;

    strUserContext      *pstrUserContext;
    TSPartyList          *pPartyListReply;
    void                 *pUserContext;

```

```

eventType = sr_getevtttype();          /* check the event type */
pEventData = sr_getevtdatap();          /* get the event data p */
pUserContext = sr_getUserContext(a_evtHandle); /* get user context */
pstrUserContext = (strUserContext*)(pUserContext);
if (pstrUserContext != NULL)
{
    /* Retrieve user context */
    threadID = pstrUserContext->threadID;
    index = pstrUserContext->index;
    byTimeslot = pstrUserContext->byTimeslot;
}

switch(eventType)
{
    case CNFEV_PARTYADDED:

        printf("Got CNFEV_PARTYADDED event.\n");

        if (!byTimeslot)
        {
            /* retrieve the reply */
            pPartyListReply = (TSpartyList*)(pEventData);
            g_partyID = pPartyListReply->m_pPartyInfo->m_nPartyID;
        }
        break;

    case CNFEV_ADDPARTYFAILED:
        printf("Got CNFEV_ADDPARTYFAILED event\n");
        printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
            ATDV_LASTERR(g_confHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_confHandle));

        if (!byTimeslot)
        {
            /* retrieve the reply */
            pPartyListReply = (TSpartyList*)(pEventData);
            g_partyID = pPartyListReply->m_pPartyInfo->m_nPartyID;
        }
        break;

    /*
    :
    :
    */
    default:
        break;
}

return (0);
}

```

**■ See Also**

- [cnf\\_RemoveParty\(\)](#)
- [cnf\\_GetResourceCount\(\)](#)



## cnf\_AddPartyByTimeslot()

**Name:** `int cnf_AddPartyByTimeslot(a_nConfHandle, a_thirdPartyList, a_pUserContext, a_nMode)`

**Inputs:**

<code>int a_nConfHandle</code>	• conference device handle
<code>TSThirdPartyList</code>	• pointer to information on third party
<code>*a_thirdPartyList</code>	
<code>void *a_pUserContext</code>	• user-supplied pointer used in asynchronous mode
<code>int a_nMode</code>	• mode of operation

**Returns:** `CNF_SUCCESS` for success  
`CNF_FAILURE` for failure

**Includes:** `srllib.h`  
`cnflib.h`

**Category:** Conference Management

**Mode:** Synchronous/Asynchronous

**Platform:** DM3

### ■ Description

The `cnf_AddPartyByTimeslot()` function adds a third party to an already created conference based on the party's transmit and receive time slots. The device handle specifies the conference to which the party will be added. The `TSThirdPartyList` structure contains information on the added party. When `cnf_AddPartyByTimeslot()` returns successfully, `m_pPartyInfo[x].m_nPartyID` will contain the party identification number.

Parameters	Description
<b>a_nConfHandle</b>	specifies the valid conference device handle returned by either <code>cnf_CreateConference()</code> or <code>cnf_AttachConference()</code>
<b>a_thirdPartyList</b>	pointer to third party specific information. For more information, see the data structure description for <code>TSThirdPartyList</code> , on page 132 and <code>TSThirdPartyInfo</code> , on page 131.
<b>a_pUserContext</b>	in asynchronous mode, specifies a user-supplied pointer that can be retrieved using <code>sr_getUserContext()</code> when the completion event is received. For more information on this function, see the <i>Standard Runtime Library API Library Reference</i> .
<b>a_nMode</b>	specifies the mode of operation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>EV_ASYNC</code> – asynchronous</li> <li>• <code>EV_SYNC</code> – synchronous</li> </ul>

When using Intel telecom boards, it is recommended that you add a party to a conference via the `cnf_AddParty()` function. Use `cnf_AddPartyByTimeslot()` function to add a party on a non-Intel telecom board.

## ■ Cautions

- Successfully adding a party or conferee to a conference consumes a time slot on the TDM bus. To get a count of the resources available on the board, use [cnf\\_GetResourceCount\( \)](#). The **m\_nPartyCount** field in the [TSThirdPartyList](#) structure specifies the number of parties for a given conference.

## ■ Errors

If this function returns `CNF_FAILURE`, use the Standard Runtime Library (SRL) Standard Attribute function `ATDV_LASTERR( )` to obtain the error code or use `ATDV_ERRMSGP( )` to obtain a descriptive error message.

For a list of error codes, see [Chapter 5, “Error Codes”](#).

## ■ Events

`CNFEV_PARTYADDED`

All the parties added successfully

`CNFEV_ADDPARTYFAILED`

Add party failed

## ■ Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "cnflib.h"

/* User defined structure */
typedef struct {
    int    threadID;
    int    index;
    int    byTimeslot;
    int    timeslot;
} strUserContext;

strUserContext    g_confUserContext;
strUserContext    g_partyUserContext;

int    g_boardHandle = -1;
int    g_confHandle = -1;
int    g_partyID = -1;
char    g_confName[20] = {0};
long    evt_handler(unsigned long a_evtHandle);

int main()
{
    TSConferenceInfo conferenceInfo;
    TSConferenceAttribute conferenceAttribute;

    int voiceHandle = 0;
    TSPartyAttribute partyAttribute;
    TSThirdPartyInfo partyInfo;
    TSThirdPartyList partyList;

    int srlMode = SR_POLLMODE;
    sr_setparm(SRL_DEVICE, SR_MODEID, &srlMode);
```



## *add a third party to an existing conference — cnf\_AddPartyByTimeslot()*

```
if (sr_enbhdr(EV_ANYDEV, EV_ANYEVT, evt_handler) == -1)
{
    printf("sr_enbhdr failed to assign the handler\n");
    return (-1);
}

if ((cnf_Open(&g_boardHandle, "brdB1", 0)) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to open brdB1\n");
    return (-1);
}

conferenceAttribute.m_nVersion = TSAttribute_VERSION_1;
conferenceAttribute.m_nAttrType = CONF_Parm_ToneClamping;
conferenceAttribute.uValue.m_nVal = 1;

conferenceInfo.m_nVersion = TSConferenceInfo_VERSION_1;
conferenceInfo.m_nPartyGroup = 0;
conferenceInfo.m_nAttrCount = 1;
conferenceInfo.m_pAttrs = &conferenceAttribute;

/* set up the user context */
g_confUserContext.threadID = GetCurrentThreadId();
g_confUserContext.index = 1; /* user's own number */

if (cnf_CreateConference(g_boardHandle,
    &conferenceInfo,
    NULL,
    &g_confUserContext,
    EV_ASYNC) == -1)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_CreateConference on board handle %d\n", g_boardHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n", \
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSG(g_boardHandle));
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitvt(-1);

/* Get transmit timeslot , Txmitslot, through custom timeslot mechanism

    Get receive timeslot , Rxmitslot, through custom timeslot mechanism
*/

partyAttribute.m_nVersion = TSAttribute_VERSION_1;
partyAttribute.m_nAttrType = PARTY_Parm_Party_Mode;
partyAttribute.uValue.m_nVal = PARM_VAL_Party_Mode_FULL;

partyInfo.m_nVersion = TSThirdPartyInfo_VERSION_1;
partyInfo.m_nAttrCount = 1;
partyInfo.m_pAttrs = &partyAttribute;
partyInfo.m_nPartyID = -1;
partyInfo.m_nTxTimeslot = Txmitslot;
partyInfo.m_nRxTimeslot = Rxmitslot;

partyList.m_nVersion = TSThirdPartyList_VERSION_1;
partyList.m_nPartyCount = 1;
partyList.m_pPartyInfo = &partyInfo;

/* set up the user context */
g_partyUserContext.threadID = GetCurrentThreadId();
g_partyUserContext.index = 2;
g_partyUserContext.byTimeslot = 1; /* By timeslot */
g_partyUserContext.partyHandle = voiceHandle;
```

```

if (cnf_AddPartyByTimeslot(g_confHandle,
    &partyList,
    &g_partyUserContext,
    EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_AddPartyByTimeslot on conference\
        handle %d", g_confHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_confHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_confHandle));

    /* ProcessError( ); */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

/* Remove the party

    cnf_RemoveParty(...);
*/

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

if (cnf_DeleteConference(g_boardHandle,
    g_confHandle,
    NULL,
    EV_ASYNC) == -1)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_DeleteConference on conf handle %d\n", g_confHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

    /* ProcessError( ); */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

if ( (cnf_Close(g_boardHandle)) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to close %s\n", ATDV_NAMEP(g_boardHandle));
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));
    return (-1);
}

return (0);
}

long evt_handler(unsigned long a_evtHandle)
{
    PVOID pEventData;
    int    eventType;
    int    threadID ;
    int    partyHandle;
    int    index;
    int    eventDevice;
    char   *pDeviceName;
    int    byTimeslot;

    strUserContext      *pstrUserContext;
    TSThirdPartyList     *pTSThirdPartyListReply;
    void                *pUserContext;

```

```

eventType = sr_getevtttype(); /* check the event type */
pEventData = sr_getevtdatap(); /* get the event data p */
pUserContext = sr_getUserContext(a_evtHandle); /* get user context */
pstrUserContext = (strUserContext*) (pUserContext);
if(pstrUserContext != NULL)
{
    /* Retrieve user context */
    threadID = pstrUserContext->threadID;
    index = pstrUserContext->index;
    byTimeslot = pstrUserContext->byTimeslot;
    partyHandle = pstrUserContext->partyHandle;
}

switch(eventType)
{
    case CNFEV_PARTYADDED:

        printf("Got CNFEV_PARTYADDED event.\n");
        if (byTimeslot)
        {
            /* retrieve the reply */
            pTSThirdPartyListReply = (TSThirdPartyList*) (pEventData);
            printf("Party ID: %d\n", \
                pTSThirdPartyListReply->m_pPartyInfo->m_nPartyID);
            g_partyID = pTSThirdPartyListReply->m_pPartyInfo->m_nPartyID;

            /* Listen to RxTimeslot
            * ts = RxTimeslot;
            * tsInfo.sc_numts = 1;
            * tsInfo.sc_tsarrayp = &ts;
            *
            * dx_listen(partyHandle, &tsInfo);
            */
        }
        break;

    case CNFEV_ADDPARTYFAILED:
        printf("Got CNFEV_ADDPARTYFAILED event\n");
        printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n", \
            ATDV_LASTERR(g_confHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_confHandle));
        if (byTimeslot)
        {
            pTSThirdPartyListReply = (TSThirdPartyList*) (pEventData);
            g_partyID = pTSThirdPartyListReply->m_PartyInfo->m_nPartyID;
        }
        break;

    /*
    :
    :
    */
    default:
        break;
}
return (0);
}

```

#### ■ See Also

- [`cnf\_RemoveParty\(\)`](#)

## cnf\_AttachConference( )

**Name:** int cnf\_AttachConference(a\_nBrdHandle, a\_szConfName, a\_confReply, a\_pUserContext, a\_nMode)

**Inputs:**

int a_nBrdHandle	• physical board device handle
char *a_szConfName	• pointer to conference name string
TSCreateConferenceReply *a_confReply	• pointer to conference information
void *a_pUserContext	• user-supplied pointer used in asynchronous mode
int a_nMode	• mode of operation

**Returns:** CNF\_SUCCESS for success  
CNF\_FAILURE for failure

**Includes:** srllib.h  
cnflib.h

**Category:** Conference Management

**Mode:** Synchronous/Asynchronous

**Platform:** DM3

### ■ Description

The **cnf\_AttachConference( )** opens an existing conference on a given physical board device. To open an existing conference in another process, the application needs to share the name across processes and specify the conference name as an input parameter. To create a new conference, the application needs to call **cnf\_CreateConference( )**.

Parameters	Description
<b>a_nBrdHandle</b>	specifies the valid physical board device handle returned by <b>cnf_Open( )</b>
<b>a_szConfName</b>	pointer to conference name in the format <b>cnfBnCy</b> (the conference ID consists of a hexadecimal number)
<b>a_confReply</b>	pointer to conference information returned such as conference name and conference handle. For more information, see <b>TSCreateConferenceReply</b> , on page 129.  In asynchronous mode, specify NULL. The conference information will be returned with the event.
<b>a_pUserContext</b>	in asynchronous mode, specifies a user-supplied pointer that can be retrieved using <b>sr_getUserContext( )</b> when the completion event is received. For more information on this function, see the <i>Standard Runtime Library API Library Reference</i> .
<b>a_nMode</b>	specifies the mode of operation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• EV_ASYNC – asynchronous</li> <li>• EV_SYNC – synchronous</li> </ul>

## ■ Cautions

None

## ■ Errors

If this function returns `CNF_FAILURE`, use the Standard Runtime Library (SRL) Standard Attribute function `ATDV_LASTERR()` to obtain the error code or use `ATDV_ERRMSGP()` to obtain a descriptive error message.

For a list of error codes, see [Chapter 5, “Error Codes”](#).

## ■ Events

`CNFEV_CONFATTACHED`  
Conference opened successfully

`CNFEV_ATTACHCONFFAILED`  
Conference open failed

## ■ Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "cnflib.h"

/* User defined structure */
typedef struct {
    int    threadID;
    int    index;
    bool   byTimeslot;
    int    timeslot;
} strUserContext;

strUserContext    g_strUserContext;

int    g_boardHandle = -1;
int    g_confHandle = -1;
char    g_confName[20] = {0};

int main()
{
    /* The existing conference name passed in by another process */
    char *pAttachConfName = GetConferenceName();

    int srlMode = SR_POLLMODE;
    sr_setparm(SRL_DEVICE, SR_MODEID, &srlMode);
    if (sr_enbhdlr(EV_ANYDEV, EV_ANYEVT, evt_handler) == -1)
    {
        printf("sr_enbhdlr failed to assign the handler\n");
        return (-1);
    }

    if ((cnf_Open(&g_boardHandle, "brdB1", 0)) == CNF_FAILURE)
    {
        printf("Failed to open brdB1\n");
        return (-1);
    }
}
```

```

/* set up the user context */
g_strUserContext.threadID = GetCurrentThreadId();
g_strUserContext.index = 1;      /* user's own number */

if(cnf_AttachConference(g_boardHandle,
    pAttachConfName,
    NULL,
    &g_strUserContext,
    EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_AttachConference on board handle %d\n", g_boardHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

if(cnf_DeleteConference(g_boardHandle,
    g_confHandle,
    NULL,
    EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_DeleteConference on conf handle %d\n", g_confHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

if( (cnf_Close(g_boardHandle)) == -1)
{
    printf("Failed to close %s\n", ATDV_NAMEP(g_boardHandle));
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

    return(-1);
}
return (0);
}

long evt_handler(unsigned long a_evtHandle)
{
    PVOID pEventData;
    int    eventType;
    int    threadID;
    int    index;

    strUserContext      *pstrUserContext;
    TSCreateConferenceReply *pTSCreateConfReply;
    void              *pUserContext;

    eventType = sr_getevtttype();          /* check the event type */
    pEventData = sr_getevtdata();          /* get the event data p */
    pUserContext = sr_getUserContext(a_evtHandle); /* get user context */
    pstrUserContext = (strUserContext*)(pUserContext);
    if (pstrUserContext != NULL)

```



```

{
    /* Retrieve user context */
    threadID = pstrUserContext->threadID;
    index = pstrUserContext->index;
}

switch(eventType)
{
    case CNFEV_CONFATTACHED:

        printf("Got CNFEV_CONFATTACHED event.\n");

        /* retrieve the conference reply */
        pTSCreateConfReply = (TSCreateConferenceReply*)(pEventData);

        printf("The Attached Conference Name: %s\n", pTSCreateConfReply->m_szConfName);
        printf("The Attached Conference Handle: %d\n", pTSCreateConfReply->m_nConfHandle);

        printf("Index from user context = %d\n", index);

        /* set conference handle */
        g_confHandle = pTSCreateConfReply->m_nConfHandle);

        /* set conference name */
        strcpy(g_confName, pTSCreateConfReply->m_szConfName);
        break;

    case CNFEV_ATTACHCONFFAILED:

        printf("Got CNFEV_ATTACHCONFFAILED event.\n");
        printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
            ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));
        break;

    :
    :

    default:
        break;
}
return (0);
}

```

#### ■ See Also

- [cnf\\_DeleteConference\(\)](#)

## cnf\_Close( )

**Name:** int cnf\_Close(a\_nBrdHandle)

**Inputs:** int a\_nBrdHandle • physical board device handle

**Returns:** CNF\_SUCCESS for success  
CNF\_FAILURE for failure

**Includes:** srllib.h  
cnflib.h

**Category:** Conference Management

**Mode:** Synchronous

**Platform:** DM3

### ■ Description

The **cnf\_Close( )** function closes the physical board device opened previously in the same process using **cnf\_Open( )**.

Parameters	Description
<b>a_nBrdHandle</b>	specifies the valid physical board device handle returned by <b>cnf_Open( )</b>

### ■ Cautions

None

### ■ Errors

If this function returns CNF\_FAILURE, use the Standard Runtime Library (SRL) Standard Attribute function **ATDV\_LASTERR( )** to obtain the error code or use **ATDV\_ERRMSGP( )** to obtain a descriptive error message.

For a list of error codes, see [Chapter 5, “Error Codes”](#).

### ■ Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "cnflib.h"

int g_BoardHandle = -1;
void main()
{
```

```
if ((cnf_Open(&g_BoardHandle, "brdB1", 0)) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to open board\n");
}
else
{
    printf("Got board handle: %d\n", g_BoardHandle);
}
/* Perform other processing as needed */

if ((cnf_Close(g_BoardHandle)) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to close %s\n", ATDV_NAMEP(g_BoardHandle));
    printf("error code = 0x%x, error message = %s\n",
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_BoardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_BoardHandle));
}
}
```

#### ■ See Also

- [cnf\\_Open\(\)](#)

## cnf\_CreateBridge( )

**Name:** int cnf\_CreateBridge(a\_nConfHandle1, a\_nConfHandle2, a\_pUserContext, a\_nMode)

**Inputs:**

int a_nConfHandle1	• conference device handle for conference 1
int a_nConfHandle2	• conference device handle for conference 2
void *a_pUserContext	• user-supplied pointer used in asynchronous mode
int a_nMode	• mode of operation

**Returns:** CNF\_SUCCESS for success  
CNF\_FAILURE for failure

**Includes:** srllib.h  
cnflib.h

**Category:** Conference Management

**Mode:** Synchronous/Asynchronous

**Platform:** DM3

### ■ Description

The **cnf\_CreateBridge( )** function bridges two already created conferences specified by their respective device handles. In asynchronous mode, the completion event will be returned on the **a\_nConfHandle1** device handle.

Parameters	Description
<b>a_nConfHandle1</b>	specifies the conference device handle used to identify conference 1
<b>a_nConfHandle2</b>	specifies the conference device handle used to identify conference 2
<b>a_pUserContext</b>	in asynchronous mode, specifies a user-supplied pointer that can be retrieved using <b>sr_getUserContext( )</b> when the completion event is received. For more information on this function, see the <i>Standard Runtime Library API Library Reference</i> .
<b>a_nMode</b>	specifies the mode of operation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• EV_ASYNC – asynchronous</li> <li>• EV_SYNC – synchronous</li> </ul>

Calling this function causes one party resource to be used from each board on which the conferences are created. If both of the conferences are created on the same board, two party resources on the same board are used. To get the count of available party resources, use **cnf\_GetResourceCount( )**.

### ■ Cautions

The function returns success only if the specified bridge can be created between the two specified conferences. If not, the function returns an error.

## ■ Errors

If this function returns CNF\_FAILURE, use the Standard Runtime Library (SRL) Standard Attribute function **ATDV\_LASTERR()** to obtain the error code or use **ATDV\_ERRMSGP()** to obtain a descriptive error message.

For a list of error codes, see [Chapter 5, “Error Codes”](#).

## ■ Events

CNFEV\_BRIDGECREATED

Two conferences bridged successfully

CNFEV\_CREATEBRIDGEFAILED

Bridging two conferences failed

## ■ Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "cnflib.h"

/* User defined structure */
typedef struct {
    int    threadID;
    int    index;
    bool   byTimeslot;
    int    timeslot;
} strUserContext;

strUserContext  g_confAUserContext;
strUserContext  g_confBUserContext;

int    g_boardHandle = -1;
int    g_confHandleA = 0;
int    g_confHandleB = 0;
char    g_confNameA[20];
char    g_confNameB[20];

int main()
{
    /*The existing conference name, passed in from another process */
    char *pAttachConfNameA = GetConferenceNameA();
    char *pAttachConfNameB = GetConferenceNameB();

    int srlMode = SR_POLLMODE;
    sr_setparm(SRL_DEVICE, SR_MODEID, &srlMode);

    if (sr_enbhdlr(EV_ANYDEV, EV_ANYEVT, evt_handler) == -1)
    {
        printf("sr_enbhdlr failed to assign the handler\n");
        return (-1);
    }

    if ((cnf_Open(&g_boardHandle, "brdB1", 0)) == CNF_FAILURE)
    {
        printf("Failed to open brdB1\n");
        return (-1);
    }
}
```

```

/* set up the user context */
g_confAUserContext.threadID = GetCurrentThreadId();
g_confAUserContext.index = 1; /* user's number for Conf A */

if (cnf_AttachConference(g_boardHandle,
    pAttachConfNameA,
    NULL,
    &g_confAUserContext,
    EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_AttachConference on board handle %d\n", g_boardHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

/* set up the user context */
g_confBUserContext.threadID = GetCurrentThreadId();
g_confBUserContext.index = 2; /* user's number for Conf B */

if (cnf_AttachConference(g_boardHandle,
    pAttachConfNameB,
    NULL,
    &g_confBUserContext,
    EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_AttachConference on board handle %d\n", g_boardHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

if ((cnf_CreateBridge(g_confHandleA,
    g_confHandleB,
    NULL,
    EV_ASYNC)) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_CreateBridge on conf handle %d, and %d\n", \
        g_confHandleA, g_confHandleB);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_confHandleA), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_confHandleA));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

/* Delete the bridge
:
:
*/

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

```

```

if(cnf_DeleteConference(g_boardHandle,
    g_confHandleA,
    NULL,
    EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_DeleteConference on conf handle %d\n", g_confHandleA);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitvt(-1);

if(cnf_DeleteConference(g_boardHandle,
    g_confHandleB,
    NULL,
    EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_DeleteConference on conf handle %d\n", g_confHandleB);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitvt(-1);

if( (cnf_Close(g_boardHandle)) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to close %s\n", ATDV_NAMEP(g_boardHandle));
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));
    return(-1);
}

return (0);
}

long evt_handler(unsigned long a_evtHandle)
{
    PVOID pEventData;
    int eventType;
    int threadID;
    int index;

    strUserContext      *pstrUserContext;
    TSCreateConferenceReply *pTSCreateConfReply;
    void                *pUserContext;

    eventType = sr_getevtttype(); /* check the event type */
    pEventData = sr_getevtdata(p); /* get the event data p */
    pUserContext = sr_getUserContext(a_evtHandle); /* get user context */
    pstrUserContext = (strUserContext*) (pUserContext);
    if (pstrUserContext != NULL)
    {
        /* Retrieve user context */
        threadID = pstrUserContext->threadID;
        index = pstrUserContext->index;
    }
}

```

```

switch(eventType)
{
    case CNFEV_BRIDGECREATED:
        printf("Got CNFEV_BRIDGECREATED event.\n");
        break;

    case CNFEV_CREATEBRIDGEFAILED:
        printf("Got CNFEV_CREATEBRIDGEFAILED event.\n");
        printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",
            ATDV_LASTERR(g_confHandleA), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_confHandleA));
        break;

    case CNFEV_CONFATTACHED:
        printf("Got CNFEV_CONFATTACHED event.\n");

        /* retrieve the conference reply */
        pTSCreateConfReply = (TSCreateConferenceReply*)(pEventData);

        printf("The Attached Conference Name: %s\n", pTSCreateConfReply->m_szConfName);
        printf("The Attached Conference Handle: %d\n",
            pTSCreateConfReply->m_nConfHandle);

        printf("Index from user context = %d\n", index);

        /* set conference handle */
        if (index == 1)
        {
            g_confHandleA = pTSCreateConfReply->m_nConfHandle);
            /* set conference name */
            strcpy(g_confNameA, pTSCreateConfReply->m_szConfName);
        }

        if (index == 2)
        {
            g_confHandleB = pTSCreateConfReply->m_nConfHandle);
            /* set conference name */
            strcpy(g_confNameB, pTSCreateConfReply->m_szConfName);
        }
        break;

    case CNFEV_ATTACHCONFFAILED:
        printf("Got CNFEV_ATTACHCONFFAILED event.\n");
        printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",
            ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));
        break;
        :
        :
    default:
        break;
}
return (0);
}

```

#### ■ See Also

- [cnf\\_DeleteBridge\(\)](#)
- [cnf\\_GetResourceCount\(\)](#)



## `cnf_CreateConference()`

**Name:** `int cnf_CreateConference(a_nBrdHandle, a_confInfo, a_confReply, a_pUserContext, a_nMode )`

**Inputs:**

<code>int a_nBrdHandle</code>	• physical board device handle
<code>TSConferenceInfo *a_confInfo</code>	• pointer to conference information
<code>TSCreateConferenceReply *a_confReply</code>	• pointer to conference information
<code>void *a_pUserContext</code>	• user-supplied pointer used in asynchronous mode
<code>int a_nMode</code>	• mode of operation

**Returns:** `CNF_SUCCESS` for success  
`CNF_FAILURE` for failure

**Includes:** `srllib.h`  
`cnflib.h`

**Category:** Conference Management

**Mode:** Synchronous/Asynchronous

**Platform:** DM3

### ■ Description

The `cnf_CreateConference()` function creates a new conference on a given physical board device. To open an existing conference in another process, the application needs to share the conference name (contained in `m_szConfName` field of the `TSCreateConferenceReply` structure) across processes and call `cnf_AttachConference()` from that process.

Parameters	Description
<b><code>a_nBrdHandle</code></b>	specifies the valid physical board device handle returned by <code>cnf_Open()</code>
<b><code>a_confInfo</code></b>	points to conference information contained in the <code>TSConferenceInfo</code> data structure. For more information, see <code>TSConferenceInfo</code> , on page 128.
<b><code>a_confReply</code></b>	points to conference information returned such as conference name and conference handle. For more information, see <code>TSCreateConferenceReply</code> , on page 129.
<b><code>a_pUserContext</code></b>	In asynchronous mode, specify <code>NULL</code> . The conference information will be returned with the event.  in asynchronous mode, specifies a user-supplied pointer that can be retrieved using <code>sr_getUserContext()</code> when the completion event is received. For more information on this function, see the <i>Standard Runtime Library API Library Reference</i> .
<b><code>a_nMode</code></b>	specifies the mode of operation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>EV_ASYNC</code> – asynchronous</li> <li>• <code>EV_SYNC</code> – synchronous</li> </ul>

## ■ Cautions

None

## ■ Errors

If this function returns `CNF_FAILURE`, use the Standard Runtime Library (SRL) Standard Attribute function **ATDV\_LASTERR()** to obtain the error code or use **ATDV\_ERRMSGP()** to obtain a descriptive error message.

For a list of error codes, see [Chapter 5, “Error Codes”](#).

## ■ Events

`CNFEV_CONF_CREATED`  
Conference created successfully

`CNFEV_CREATECONF_FAILED`  
Conference creation failed

## ■ Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "cnflib.h"

/* User defined structure */
typedef struct {
    int    threadID;
    int    index;
    bool   byTimeslot;
    int    timeslot;
} strUserContext;

strUserContext    g_confUserContext;
strUserContext    g_partyUserContext;

int    g_boardHandle = -1;
int    g_confHandle = -1;
char    g_confName[20] = {0};

int main()
{
    TSConferenceInfo    conferenceInfo;
    TSConferenceAttribute    conferenceAttribute;

    int srlMode = SR_POLLMODE;
    sr_setparm(SRL_DEVICE, SR_MODEID, &srlMode);

    if (sr_enbhdlr(EV_ANYDEV, EV_ANYEVT, evt_handler) == -1)
    {
        printf("sr_enbhdlr failed to assign the handler\n");
        return (-1);
    }

    if ((cnf_Open(&g_boardHandle, "brdB1", 0)) == CNF_FAILURE)
    {
        printf("Failed to open brdB1\n");
        return (-1);
    }
}
```

```

conferenceAttribute.m_nVersion = TSAttribute_VERSION_1;
conferenceAttribute.m_nAttrType = CONF_Parm_ToneClamping;
conferenceAttribute.uValue.m_nVal = 1;

conferenceInfo.m_nVersion = TSConferenceInfo_VERSION_1;
conferenceInfo.m_nPartyGroup = 0;
conferenceInfo.m_nAttrCount = 1;
conferenceInfo.m_pAttrs = &conferenceAttribute;

/* set up the user context */
g_strUserContext.threadID = GetCurrentThreadId();
g_strUserContext.index = 1;      /* user's own number */

if(cnf_CreateConference(g_boardHandle,
    &conferenceInfo,
    NULL,
    &g_strUserContext,
    EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_CreateConference on board handle %d\n", g_boardHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSG(g_boardHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

if(cnf_DeleteConference(g_boardHandle,
    g_confHandle,
    NULL,
    EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_DeleteConference on conf handle %d\n", g_confHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSG(g_boardHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

if( (cnf_Close(g_boardHandle)) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to close %s\n", ATDV_NAMEP(g_boardHandle));
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSG(g_boardHandle));

    return (-1);
}

return (0);
}

long evt_handler(unsigned long a_evthandle)
{
    PVOID pEventData;
    int    eventType;
    int    threadID;
    int    index;

    strUserContext      *pstrUserContext;
    TSCreateConferenceReply *pTSCreateConfReply;
    void                *pUserContext;

```

```
eventType = sr_getevtttype();          /* check the event type */
pEventData = sr_getevtdatap();          /* get the event data p */
pUserContext = sr_getUserContext(a_evtHandle); /* get user context */
pstrUserContext = (strUserContext*)(pUserContext);

if (pstrUserContext != NULL)
{
    /* Retrieve user context */
    threadID = pstrUserContext->threadID;
    index = pstrUserContext->index;
}

switch(eventType)
{
    case CNFEV_CONF_CREATED:

        /* retrieve the conference reply */
        pTSCreateConfReply = (TSCreateConferenceReply*)(pEventData);

        printf("The Conference Name: %s\n", pTSCreateConfReply->m_szConfName);
        printf("The Attached Conference Handle: %d\n", pTSCreateConfReply->m_nConfHandle);

        printf("Index from user context = %d\n", index);

        /* set conference handle */
        g_confHandle = pTSCreateConfReply->m_nConfHandle;

        /* set conference name */
        strcpy(g_confName, pTSCreateConfReply->m_szConfName);
        break;

    case CNFEV_CREATECONF_FAILED:

        printf("Got CNFEV_CREATECONF_FAILED event.\n");
        printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n", \
            ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

        break;
        :
        :
    default:
        break;
}
return (0);
}
```

#### ■ See Also

- [cnf\\_DeleteConference\( \)](#)

## cnf\_DeleteAllConferences()

**Name:** `int cnf_DeleteAllConferences(a_nBrdHandle, a_pUserContext, a_nMode)`

**Inputs:**

<code>int a_nBrdHandle</code>	• physical board device handle
<code>void *a_pUserContext</code>	• user-supplied pointer used in asynchronous mode
<code>int a_nMode</code>	• mode of operation

**Returns:** `CNF_SUCCESS` for success  
`CNF_FAILURE` for failure

**Includes:** `srllib.h`  
`cnflib.h`

**Category:** Conference Management

**Mode:** Synchronous/Asynchronous

**Platform:** DM3

### ■ Description

The `cnf_DeleteAllConferences()` function deletes all conferences previously created using `cnf_CreateConference()` or previously allocated using `cnf_AttachConference()` on the given board device. After calling `cnf_DeleteAllConferences()`, conference resources are de-allocated.

Parameters	Description
<b>a_nBrdHandle</b>	specifies the valid physical board device handle returned by <code>cnf_Open()</code>
<b>a_pUserContext</b>	in asynchronous mode, specifies a user-supplied pointer that can be retrieved using <code>sr_getUserContext()</code> when the completion event is received. For more information on this function, see the <i>Standard Runtime Library API Library Reference</i> .
<b>a_nMode</b>	specifies the mode of operation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>EV_ASYNC</code> – asynchronous</li> <li>• <code>EV_SYNC</code> – synchronous</li> </ul>

### ■ Cautions

The device handle previously returned by `cnf_CreateConference()` or `cnf_AttachConference()` is invalid after this function successfully completes.

### ■ Errors

If this function returns `CNF_FAILURE`, use the Standard Runtime Library (SRL) Standard Attribute function `ATDV_LASTERR()` to obtain the error code or use `ATDV_ERRMSGP()` to obtain a descriptive error message.

For a list of error codes, see [Chapter 5, “Error Codes”](#).

## ■ Events

CNFEV\_ALLCONFDELETED

All conferences deleted successfully

CNFEV\_DELETEALLCONFFAILED

Delete all conferences operation failed

## ■ Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "cnflib.h"

/* User defined structure */
typedef struct {
    int    threadID;
    int    index;
    bool   byTimeslot;
    int    timeslot;
} strUserContext;

strUserContext    g_strUserContext;

int    g_boardHandle = -1;
int    g_confHandle = -1;
char    g_confName[20] = {0};

int main()
{
    TSConferenceInfo conferenceInfo;
    TSConferenceAttribute conferenceAttribute;

    int srlMode = SR_POLLMODE;
    sr_setparm(SRL_DEVICE, SR_MODEID, &srlMode);

    if (sr_enbhdrr(EV_ANYDEV, EV_ANYEVT, evt_handler) == -1)
    {
        printf("sr_enbhdrr failed to assign the handler\n");
        return (-1);
    }

    if ((cnf_Open(&g_boardHandle, "brdB1", 0)) == CNF_FAILURE)
    {
        printf("Failed to open brdB1\n");
        return (-1);
    }

    conferenceAttribute.m_nVersion = TSAttribute_VERSION_1;
    conferenceAttribute.m_nAttrType = CONF_Parm_ToneClamping;
    conferenceAttribute.uValue.m_nVal = 1;

    conferenceInfo.m_nVersion = TSConferenceInfo_VERSION_1;
    conferenceInfo.m_nPartyGroup = 0;
    conferenceInfo.m_nAttrCount = 1;
    conferenceInfo.m_pAttrs = &conferenceAttribute;

    /* set up the user context */
    g_strUserContext.threadID = GetCurrentThreadId();
    g_strUserContext.index = 1;      /* user's own number */
}
```



## *delete all conferences on a physical board — cnf\_DeleteAllConferences()*

```
if(cnf_CreateConference(g_boardHandle,
    &conferenceInfo,
    NULL,
    &g_strUserContext,
    EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_CreateConference on board handle %d\n", g_boardHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n", \
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

if(cnf_DeleteAllConferences(g_boardHandle,
    NULL,
    EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_DeleteAllConferences \
        on board handle %d\n", g_boardHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n", \
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

if( (cnf_Close(g_boardHandle)) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to close %s\n", ATDV_NAMEP(g_boardHandle));
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n", \
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

    return (-1);
}

return (0);
}

long evt_handler(unsigned long a_evtHandle)
{
    PVOID pEventData;
    int    eventType;
    int    threadID;
    int    index;

    strUserContext      *pstrUserContext;
    TSCreateConferenceReply *pTSCreateConfReply;
    void                *pUserContext;

    eventType = sr_getevtttype();           /* check the event type */
    pEventData = sr_getevtdatap();          /* get the event data p */
    pUserContext = sr_getUserContext(a_evtHandle); /* get user context */
    pstrUserContext = (strUserContext*)(pUserContext);
    if(pstrUserContext != NULL)
    {
        /* Retrieve user context */
        threadID = pstrUserContext->threadID;
        index = pstrUserContext->index;
    }
}
```

```
switch(eventType)
{
    case CNFEV_ALLCONFDELETED:
        printf("Got CNFEV_ALLCONFDELETED event.\n");
        break;

    case CNFEV_DELETEALLCONFFAILED:

        printf("Got CNFEV_DELETEALLCONFFAILED event\n");
        printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n", \
            ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

        break;

        :
        :

    default:
        break;
}

return (0);
}
```

■ **See Also**

- [cnf\\_CreateConference\(\)](#)
- [cnf\\_DeleteConference\(\)](#)



## cnf\_DeleteBridge()

**Name:** int cnf\_DeleteBridge(a\_nConfHandle1, a\_nConfHandle2, a\_pUserContext, a\_nMode)

**Inputs:**

int a_nConfHandle1	• conference device handle for Conference 1
int a_nConfHandle2	• conference device handle for Conference 2
void *a_pUserContext	• user-supplied pointer used in asynchronous mode
int a_nMode	• mode of operation

**Returns:** CNF\_SUCCESS for success  
CNF\_FAILURE for failure

**Includes:** srllib.h  
cnflib.h

**Category:** Conference Management

**Mode:** Synchronous/Asynchronous

**Platform:** DM3

### ■ Description

The **cnf\_DeleteBridge()** function deletes an already created bridge between two conferences. The conferences are specified by their respective device handles. In asynchronous mode, the completion event is returned on the **a\_nConfHandle1** device handle.

Parameters	Description
<b>a_nConfHandle1</b>	specifies the conference device handle used to identify conference 1
<b>a_nConfHandle2</b>	specifies the conference device handle used to identify conference 2
<b>a_pUserContext</b>	in asynchronous mode, specifies a user-supplied pointer that can be retrieved using <b>sr_getUserContext()</b> when the completion event is received. For more information on this function, see the <i>Standard Runtime Library API Library Reference</i> .
<b>a_nMode</b>	specifies the mode of operation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• EV_ASYNC – asynchronous</li> <li>• EV_SYNC – synchronous</li> </ul>

Calling this function frees one party resource from each board on which the conferences are created. If both of the conferences were created on the same board, two party resources on the same board are freed.

### ■ Cautions

The function returns success only if the specified bridge between the two conferences can be deleted. If not, the function returns an error.

## ■ Errors

If this function returns `CNF_FAILURE`, use the Standard Runtime Library (SRL) Standard Attribute function `ATDV_LASTERR()` to obtain the error code or use `ATDV_ERRMSGP()` to obtain a descriptive error message.

For a list of error codes, see [Chapter 5, “Error Codes”](#).

## ■ Events

`CNFEV_BRIDGEDELETED`

Bridge successfully deleted

`CNFEV_DELETEBRIDGEFAILED`

Deleting bridge failed

## ■ Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "cnflib.h"

/* User defined structure */
typedef struct {
    int    threadID;
    int    index;
    bool   byTimeslot;
    int    timeslot;
} strUserContext;

strUserContext  g_confAUserContext;
strUserContext  g_confBUserContext;

int    g_boardHandle = -1;
int    g_confHandleA = -1;
int    g_confHandleB = -1;
char    g_confNameA[20] = {0};
char    g_confNameB[20] = {0};

int main()
{
    /*The existing conference name, passed in from another process */
    char *pAttachConfNameA = GetConferenceNameA();
    char *pAttachConfNameB = GetConferenceNameB();

    int srlMode = SR_POLLMODE;
    sr_setparm(SRL_DEVICE, SR_MODEID, &srlMode);

    if (sr_enbhdr(EV_ANYDEV, EV_ANYEVT, evt_handler) == -1)
    {
        printf("sr_enbhdr failed to assign the handler\n");
        return (-1);
    }

    if ((cnf_Open(&g_boardHandle, "brdB1", 0)) == CNF_FAILURE)
    {
        printf("Failed to open brdB1\n");
        return (-1);
    }
}
```

```

/* set up the user context */
g_confAUserContext.threadID = GetCurrentThreadId();
g_confAUserContext.index = 1; /* user's number for Conf A */

if(cnf_AttachConference(g_boardHandle,
    pAttachConfNameA,
    NULL,
    &g_confAUserContext,
    EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_AttachConference on board handle %d\n", g_boardHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

/* set up the user context */
g_confBUserContext.threadID = GetCurrentThreadId();
g_confBUserContext.index = 2; /* user's number for Conf B */

if(cnf_AttachConference(g_boardHandle,
    pAttachConfNameB,
    NULL,
    &g_confBUserContext,
    EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_AttachConference on board handle %d\n", g_boardHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

if ((cnf_CreateBridge(g_confHandleA,
    g_confHandleB,
    NULL,
    EV_ASYNC)) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_CreateBridge on conf handle %d, and %d\n",\
        g_confHandleA, g_confHandleB);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_confHandleA), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_confHandleA));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

```

```
if ((cnf_DeleteBridge(g_ConfHandleA,
                     g_ConfHandleB,
                     NULL,
                     EV_ASYNC)) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_DeleteBridge on conf handle %d, and %d\n",\
          g_confHandleA, g_confHandleB);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
          ATDV_LASTERR(g_confHandleA), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_confHandleA));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

if(cnf_DeleteConference(g_boardHandle,
                       g_confHandleA,
                       NULL,
                       EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_DeleteConference on conf handle %d\n", g_confHandleA);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
          ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

if(cnf_DeleteConference(g_boardHandle,
                       g_confHandleB,
                       NULL,
                       EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_DeleteConference on conf handle %d\n", g_confHandleB);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
          ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

if( (cnf_Close(g_boardHandle)) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to close %s\n", ATDV_NAMEP(g_boardHandle));
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
          ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

    return(-1);
}

return (0);
}

long evt_handler(unsigned long a_evtHandle)
{
    PVOID pEventData;
    int    eventType;
    int    threadID;
    int    index;
```

```

strUserContext          *pstrUserContext;
TSCreateConferenceReply *pTSCreateConfReply;
void                    *pUserContext;

eventType = sr_getevtttype();           /* check the event type */
pEventData = sr_getevtdata(p);          /* get the event data p */
pUserContext = sr_getUserContext(a_evtHandle); /* get user context */
pstrUserContext = (strUserContext*) (pUserContext);
if (pstrUserContext != NULL)
{
    /* Retrieve user context */
    threadID = pstrUserContext->threadID;
    index = pstrUserContext->index;
}

switch(eventType)
{
    case CNFEV_BRIDGECREATED:

        printf("Got CNFEV_BRIDGECREATED event.\n");
        break;

    case CNFEV_CREATEBRIDGEFAILED:

        printf("Got CNFEV_CREATEBRIDGEFAILED event.\n");
        printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n", \
            ATDV_LASTERR(g_confHandleA), ATDV_ERRMSG(g_confHandleA));
        break;

    case CNFEV_BRIDGEDELETED:

        printf("Got CNFEV_BRIDGEDELETED event.\n");
        break;

    case CNFEV_DELETEBRIDGEFAILED:

        printf("Got CNFEV_DELETEBRIDGEFAILED event.\n");
        printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n", \
            ATDV_LASTERR(g_confHandleA), ATDV_ERRMSG(g_confHandleA));
        break;

    case CNFEV_CONFATTACHED:

        printf("Got CNFEV_CONFATTACHED event.\n");

        /* retrieve the conference reply */
        pTSCreateConfReply = (TSCreateConferenceReply*) (pEventData);

        printf("The Attached Conference Name: %s\n", pTSCreateConfReply->m_szConfName);
        printf("The Attached Conference Handle: %d\n", pTSCreateConfReply->m_nConfHandle);

        printf("Index from user context = %d\n", index);

        /* set conference handle */
        if (index == 1)
        {
            g_confHandleA = pTSCreateConfReply->m_nConfHandle);
            /* set conference name */
            strcpy(g_confNameA, pTSCreateConfReply->m_szConfName);
        }

        if (index == 2)
        {
            g_confHandleB = pTSCreateConfReply->m_nConfHandle);
            /* set conference name */
            strcpy(g_confNameB, pTSCreateConfReply->m_szConfName);
        }
        break;
}

```

```
        case CNFEV_ATTACHCONFFAILED:

            printf("Got CNFEV_ATTACHCONFFAILED event.\n");
            printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n", \
                ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

            break;
            :
            :

        default:
            break;
    }
    return (0);
}
```

■ **See Also**

- [cnf\\_CreateBridge\(\)](#)

## cnf\_DeleteConference( )

**Name:** int cnf\_DeleteConference(a\_nBrdHandle, a\_nConfHandle, a\_pUserContext, a\_nMode)

**Inputs:**

int a_nBrdHandle	• physical board device handle
int a_nConfHandle	• conference device handle
void *a_pUserContext	• user-supplied pointer used in asynchronous mode
int a_nMode	• mode of operation

**Returns:** CNF\_SUCCESS for success  
CNF\_FAILURE for failure

**Includes:** srllib.h  
cnflib.h

**Category:** Conference Management

**Mode:** Synchronous/Asynchronous

**Platform:** DM3

### ■ Description

The **cnf\_DeleteConference( )** function deletes the conference previously created using **cnf\_CreateConference( )** or attached using **cnf\_AttachConference( )**. To delete a conference created in one process from another process, you must first open the same physical board device; then attach to the conference using **cnf\_AttachConference( )** and specify the conference name to get a valid device handle; and finally delete the conference using **cnf\_DeleteConference( )**.

Parameters	Description
<b>a_nBrdHandle</b>	specifies the valid physical board device handle returned by <b>cnf_Open( )</b>
<b>a_nConfHandle</b>	specifies the valid conference device handle returned by either <b>cnf_CreateConference( )</b> or <b>cnf_AttachConference( )</b>
<b>a_pUserContext</b>	in asynchronous mode, specifies a user-supplied pointer that can be retrieved using <b>sr_getUserContext( )</b> when the completion event is received. For more information on this function, see the <i>Standard Runtime Library API Library Reference</i> .
<b>a_nMode</b>	specifies the mode of operation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• EV_ASYNC – asynchronous</li> <li>• EV_SYNC – synchronous</li> </ul>

In asynchronous mode, the reply will contain the conference handle.

### ■ Cautions

If you delete a conference that is part of a bridge, you will break the bridge itself.

## ■ Errors

If this function returns `CNF_FAILURE`, use the Standard Runtime Library (SRL) Standard Attribute function `ATDV_LASTERR()` to obtain the error code or use `ATDV_ERRMSGP()` to obtain a descriptive error message.

For a list of error codes, see [Chapter 5, “Error Codes”](#).

## ■ Events

`CNFEV_CONFDELETED`

Conference deleted successfully

`CNFEV_DELETECONFFAILED`

Delete conference operation failed

## ■ Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "cnflib.h"

/* User defined structure */
typedef struct {
    int    threadID;
    int    index;
    bool   byTimeslot;
    int    timeslot;
} strUserContext;

strUserContext    g_strUserContext;

int    g_boardHandle = -1;
int    g_confHandle = -1;
char    g_confName[20] = {0};

int main()
{
    TSConferenceInfo conferenceInfo;
    TSConferenceAttribute conferenceAttribute;

    int srlMode = SR_POLLMODE;
    sr_setparm(SRL_DEVICE, SR_MODEID, &srlMode);
    if (sr_enbhdr(EV_ANYDEV, EV_ANYEVT, evt_handler) == -1)
    {
        printf("sr_enbhdr failed to assign the handler\n");
        return (-1);
    }

    if ((cnf_Open(&g_boardHandle, "brdB1", 0)) == CNF_FAILURE)
    {
        printf("Failed to open brdB1\n");
        return (-1);
    }

    conferenceAttribute.m_nVersion = TSAttribute_VERSION_1;
    conferenceAttribute.m_nAttrType = CONF_Parm_ToneClamping;
    conferenceAttribute.uValue.m_nVal = 1;
```



```

conferenceInfo.m_nVersion = TSConferenceInfo_VERSION_1;
conferenceInfo.m_nPartyGroup = 0;
conferenceInfo.m_nAttrCount = 1;
conferenceInfo.m_pAttrs = &conferenceAttribute;

/* set up the user context */
g_strUserContext.threadID = GetCurrentThreadId();
g_strUserContext.index = 1;      /* user's own number */

if(cnf_CreateConference(g_boardHandle,
    &conferenceInfo,
    NULL,
    &g_strUserContext,
    EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_CreateConference on board handle %d\n", g_boardHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

if(cnf_DeleteConference(g_boardHandle,
    g_confHandle,
    NULL,
    EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_DeleteConference on conf handle %d\n", g_confHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

if( (cnf_Close(g_boardHandle)) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to close %s\n", ATDV_NAMEP(g_boardHandle));
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));
    return (-1);
}

return (0);
}

long evt_handler(unsigned long a_evthandle)
{
    PVOID pEventData;
    int    eventType;
    int    threadID;
    int    index;

    strUserContext      *pstrUserContext;
    TSCreateConferenceReply *pTSCreateConfReply;
    void                *pUserContext;

```

```
eventType = sr_getevtttype(); /* check the event type */
pEventData = sr_getevtdatap(); /* get the event data p */
pUserContext = sr_getUserContext(a_evtHandle); /* get user context */
pstrUserContext = (strUserContext*)(pUserContext);
if(pstrUserContext != NULL)
{
    /* Retrieve user context */
    threadID = pstrUserContext->threadID;
    index = pstrUserContext->index;
}

switch(eventType)
{
    case CNFEV_CONFDELETED:
        printf("Got CNFEV_CONFDELETED event.\n");
        break;

    case CNFEV_DELETECONFFAILED:
        printf("Got CNFEV_DELETECONFFAILED event.\n");
        printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
            ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));
        break;

    :
    :
    default:
        break;
}

return (0);
}
```

#### ■ See Also

- [cnf\\_CreateConference\(\)](#)

## cnf\_DisableEvents()

**Name:** int cnf\_DisableEvents(a\_nHandle, a\_pEvents, a\_pUserContext, a\_nMode)

**Inputs:**

int a_nHandle	• handle for the board device or conference device
TSEventsList * a_pEvents	• pointer to list of events
void *a_pUserContext	• user-supplied pointer used in asynchronous mode
int a_nMode	• mode of operation

**Returns:** CNF\_SUCCESS for success  
CNF\_FAILURE for failure

**Includes:** srllib.h  
cnflib.h

**Category:** Conference Management

**Mode:** Synchronous/Asynchronous

**Platform:** DM3

### ■ Description

The **cnf\_DisableEvents()** function disables the given set of events for a physical board device or conference device. The list of events being disabled should be applicable to the type of device being used. For example, DTMF events can be disabled only on a conferencing device.

Parameters	Description
<b>a_nHandle</b>	specifies the valid handle for a physical board device or conference device
<b>a_pEvents</b>	points to a list of events contained in the TSEventsList data structure. For more information on this structure, see <a href="#">TSEventsList</a> , on page 130.
<b>a_pUserContext</b>	in asynchronous mode, specifies a user-supplied pointer that can be retrieved using <b>sr_getUserContext()</b> when the completion event is received. For more information on this function, see the <i>Standard Runtime Library API Library Reference</i> .
<b>a_nMode</b>	specifies the mode of operation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• EV_ASYNC – asynchronous</li> <li>• EV_SYNC – synchronous</li> </ul>

### ■ Cautions

The function returns success only if all the specified events can be disabled. If not, the function returns an error.

## ■ Errors

If this function returns `CNF_FAILURE`, use the Standard Runtime Library (SRL) Standard Attribute function `ATDV_LASTERR()` to obtain the error code or use `ATDV_ERRMSGP()` to obtain a descriptive error message.

For a list of error codes, see [Chapter 5, “Error Codes”](#).

## ■ Events

`CNFEV_EVTDISABLED`  
Events disabled successfully

`CNFEV_DISABLEEVTFAILED`  
Disable events failed

## ■ Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "cnflib.h"

int g_boardHandle = -1;
long evt_handler(unsigned long a_evtHandle);

int main()
{
    EListOfEvents eventToDisable;
    TSEventsList eventList;

    int srlMode = SR_POLLMODE;
    sr_setparm(SRL_DEVICE, SR_MODEID, &srlMode);

    if (sr_enbhdln(EV_ANYDEV, EV_ANYEVT, evt_handler) == -1)
    {
        printf("sr_enbhdln failed to assign the handler\n");
        return (-1);
    }

    if ((cnf_Open(&g_boardHandle, "brdB1", 0)) == CNF_FAILURE)
    {
        printf("Failed to open brdB1\n");
        return (-1);
    }

    eventToEnable = CNFENB_Event_StatusChanged;

    eventList.m_nVersion = TSEventsList_VERSION_1;
    eventList.m_nEventCount = 1;
    eventList.m_pEvents = &eventToDisable;

    if (cnf_DisableEvents(g_boardHandle,
        &eventList,
        NULL,
        EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
    {
        printf("Failed to issue cnf_DisableEvents on board handle %d", g_boardHandle);
        printf("Error code: %d, Error Message: %s", ATDV_NAMEP(g_boardHandle),
            ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));
    }
}
```

```

        /* ProcessError() */
        return (-1);
    }

    /* wait for the event */
    sr_waitevt(-1);

    if( (cnf_Close(g_boardHandle)) == CNF_FAILURE)
    {
        printf("Failed to close %s\n", ATDV_NAMEP(g_boardHandle));
        printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
            ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));
        return (-1);
    }

    return (0);
}

long evt_handler(unsigned long a_evthandle)
{
    int    eventType;

    eventType = sr_getevtttype();          /* check the event type */

    switch(eventType)
    {
        case CNFEV_EVTDISABLED:

            printf("Got CNFEV_EVTDISABLED event.\n");
            break;

        case CNFEV_DISABLEEVTFAILED:

            printf("Got CNFEV_DISABLEEVTFAILED event.\n");
            printf("Error code: %d, Error Message: %s",\ ATDV_NAMEP(g_boardHandle),
                ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

            break;

        :
        :
        default:
            break;
    }

    return (0);
}

```

#### ■ See Also

- [cnf\\_EnableEvents\(\)](#)

## cnf\_EnableEvents( )

**Name:** int cnf\_EnableEvents(a\_nHandle, a\_pEvents, a\_pUserContext, a\_nMode)

**Inputs:**

int a_nHandle	• handle for the board device or conference device
TSEventsList * a_pEvents	• pointer to list of events
void *a_pUserContext	• user-supplied pointer used in asynchronous mode
int a_nMode	• mode of operation

**Returns:** CNF\_SUCCESS for success  
CNF\_FAILURE for failure

**Includes:** srllib.h  
cnflib.h

**Category:** Conference Management

**Mode:** Synchronous/Asynchronous

**Platform:** DM3

### ■ Description

The **cnf\_EnableEvents( )** function enables the given set of events for a physical board device or conference device. The list of events being enabled should be applicable to the type of device being used. For example, DTMF events can be enabled only on a conferencing device.

Parameters	Description
<b>a_nHandle</b>	specifies the valid handle for a physical board device or conference device
<b>a_pEvents</b>	points to a list of events contained in the TSEventsList data structure. For more information on this structure, see <a href="#">TSEventsList</a> , on page 130.
<b>a_pUserContext</b>	in asynchronous mode, specifies a user-supplied pointer that can be retrieved using <b>sr_getUserContext( )</b> when the completion event is received. For more information on this function, see the <i>Standard Runtime Library API Library Reference</i> .
<b>a_nMode</b>	specifies the mode of operation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• EV_ASYNC – asynchronous</li> <li>• EV_SYNC – synchronous</li> </ul>

### ■ Cautions

The function returns success only if all the specified events can be enabled. If not, the function returns an error.

## ■ Errors

If this function returns `CNF_FAILURE`, use the Standard Runtime Library (SRL) Standard Attribute function `ATDV_LASTERR()` to obtain the error code or use `ATDV_ERRMSGP()` to obtain a descriptive error message.

For a list of error codes, see [Chapter 5, “Error Codes”](#).

## ■ Events

`CNFEV_EVTENABLED`  
Events enabled successfully

`CNFEV_ENABLEEVTFAILED`  
Enable events failed

## ■ Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "cnflib.h"

int g_boardHandle = -1;
long evt_handler(unsigned long a_evthandle);

int main()
{
    EListofEvents eventToEnable;
    TSEventsList eventList;

    int srlMode = SR_POLLMODE;
    sr_setparm(SRL_DEVICE, SR_MODEID, &srlMode);

    if (sr_enbhdr(EV_ANYDEV, EV_ANYEVT, evt_handler) == -1)
    {
        printf("sr_enbhdr failed to assign the handler\n");
        return (-1);
    }

    if ((cnf_Open(&g_boardHandle, "brdB1", 0)) == CNF_FAILURE)
    {
        printf("Failed to open brdB1\n");
        return (-1);
    }

    eventToEnable = CNFENB_Event_StatusChanged;

    eventList.m_nVersion = TSEventsList_VERSION_1;
    eventList.m_nEventCount = 1;
    eventList.m_pEvents = &eventToEnable;

    if (cnf_EnableEvents(g_boardHandle,
                        &eventList,
                        NULL,
                        EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
    {
        printf("Failed to issue cnf_EnableEvents on board handle %d", g_boardHandle);
        printf("Error code: %d, Error Message: %s", \ ATDV_NAMEP(g_boardHandle),
              ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));
    }
}
```

```
/* ProcessError() */
return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

if( (cnf_Close(g_boardHandle)) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to close %s\n", ATDV_NAMEP(g_boardHandle));
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

    return (-1);
}

return (0);
}

long evt_handler(unsigned long a_evtHandle)
{
    int    eventType;

    eventType = sr_getevtttype();          /* check the event type */

    switch(eventType)
    {
        case CNFEV_EVTENABLED:

            printf("Got CNFEV_EVTENABLED event.\n");
            break;

        case CNFEV_ENABLEEVTFAILED:

            printf("Failed to issue cnf_EnableEvents on board handle %d", g_boardHandle);
            printf("Error code: %d, Error Message: %s",\ ATDV_NAMEP(g_boardHandle),
                ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

            break;

        :
        :
        default:
            break;
    }

    return (0);
}
```

#### ■ See Also

- [cnf\\_DisableEvents\(\)](#)



**cnf\_GetActiveTalkers()**

**Name:** int *cnf\_GetActiveTalkers*(a\_nConfHandle, a\_partyList, a\_pUserContext, a\_nMode)

**Inputs:**

int a_nConfHandle	• conference device handle
TSPartyList *a_partyList	• pointer to list of active talkers in a conference
void *a_pUserContext	• user-supplied pointer used in asynchronous mode
int a_nMode	• mode of operation

**Returns:** CNF\_SUCCESS for success  
CNF\_FAILURE for failure

**Includes:** srllib.h  
cnflib.h

**Category:** Conference Management

**Mode:** Synchronous/Asynchronous

**Platform:** DM3

### ■ Description

The *cnf\_GetActiveTalkers()* function returns the list of active talkers in a conference.

Parameters	Description
<b>a_nConfHandle</b>	specifies the valid conference device handle returned by either <a href="#">cnf_CreateConference()</a> or <a href="#">cnf_AttachConference()</a>
<b>a_partyList</b>	points to the list of active talkers in a conference. For more information, see the data structure description for <a href="#">TSPartyList</a> , on page 135 and <a href="#">TSPartyInfo</a> , on page 134.  In asynchronous mode, specify NULL. The list of talkers will be part of the event data.
<b>a_pUserContext</b>	in asynchronous mode, specifies a user-supplied pointer that can be retrieved using <a href="#">sr_getUserContext()</a> when the completion event is received. For more information on this function, see the <i>Continuous Speech Processing API Library Reference</i> .
<b>a_nMode</b>	specifies the mode of operation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• EV_ASYNC – asynchronous</li> <li>• EV_SYNC – synchronous</li> </ul>

### ■ Cautions

In synchronous mode, the application is responsible for allocating sufficient memory for the [TSPartyList](#) structure.

## ■ Errors

If this function returns CNF\_FAILURE, use the Standard Runtime Library (SRL) Standard Attribute function **ATDV\_LASTERR( )** to obtain the error code or use **ATDV\_ERRMSGP( )** to obtain a descriptive error message.

For a list of error codes, see [Chapter 5, “Error Codes”](#).

## ■ Events

CNFEV\_ACTTALKERS

Get Active Talkers completed successfully

CNFEV\_GETACTTALKERSFAILED

Get Active Talkers failed

## ■ Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "cnflib.h"

/* User defined structure */
typedef struct {
    int    threadID;
    int    index;
    bool   byTimeslot;
    int    timeslot;
} strUserContext;

strUserContext    g_strUserContext;

int    g_boardHandle = -1;
int    g_confHandle = -1;
char    g_confName[20] = {0};

int main()
{
    /* The existing conference name passed in by another process */
    char *pAttachConfName = GetConferenceName();

    int srlMode = SR_POLLMODE;
    sr_setparm(SRL_DEVICE, SR_MODEID, &srlMode);

    if (sr_enbhdlnr(EV_ANYDEV, EV_ANYEVT, evt_handler) == -1)
    {
        printf("sr_enbhdlnr failed to assign the handler\n");
        return (-1);
    }

    if ((cnf_Open(&g_boardHandle, "brdB1", 0)) == CNF_FAILURE)
    {
        printf("Failed to open brdB1\n");
        return (-1);
    }

    /* set up the user context */
    g_strUserContext.threadID = GetCurrentThreadId();
    g_strUserContext.index = 1; /* user's own number */
}
```



```
if(cnf_AttachConference(g_boardHandle,
    pAttachConfName,
    NULL,
    &g_strUserContext,
    EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_AttachConference on board handle %d\n", g_boardHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

if (cnf_GetActiveTalkers(g_confHandle,
    NULL,
    NULL,
    EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_GetActiveTalkers \
        on conference handle %d\n", g_confHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_confHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_confHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

if(cnf_DeleteConference(g_boardHandle,
    g_confHandle,
    NULL,
    EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_DeleteConference on conf handle %d\n", g_confHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

if( (cnf_Close(g_boardHandle)) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to close %s\n", ATDV_NAMEP(g_boardHandle));
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

    return(-1);
}

return (0);
}
```

```
long evt_handler(unsigned long a_evtHandle)
{
    PVOID pEventData;
    int    eventType;
    int    threadID = 0;
    int    index;
    int    eventDevice;

    strUserContext      *pstrUserContext;
    TSCreateConferenceReply *pTSCreateConfReply;
    TSPartyList          *pPartyListReply;
    void                *pUserContext;

    eventType = sr_getevtttype(); /* check the event type */
    pEventData = sr_getevtdatap(); /* get the event data p */
    pUserContext = sr_getUserContext(a_evtHandle); /* get user context */
    pstrUserContext = (strUserContext*)(pUserContext);
    if (pstrUserContext != NULL)
    {
        /* Retrieve user context */
        threadID = pstrUserContext->threadID;
        index = pstrUserContext->index;
    }

    switch(eventType)
    {
        case CNFEV_ACTTALKERS:

            printf("Got CNFEV_ACTTALKERS event.\n");

            /* retrieve the reply */
            pPartyListReply = (TSPartyList*)(pEventData);

            printf("Number of active talkers: %d\n", \
                pPartyListReply->m_nPartyCount);

            int numofActiveTalkers = pPartyListReply->m_nPartyCount;
            for (int count = 0; count< numofActiveTalkers; count++)
            {
                printf("Party ID: %d\n", pPartyListReply->m_pPartyInfo->m_nPartyID);

                pPartyListReply->m_pPartyInfo++;
            }
            break;

        case CNFEV_GETACTTALKERSFAILED:
            printf("Got CNFEV_GETACTTALKERSFAILED event.\n");
            printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n", \
                ATDV_LASTERR(g_confHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_confHandle));
            break;

        case CNFEV_CONFATTACHED:

            printf("Got CNFEV_CONFATTACHED event.\n");

            /* retrieve the conference reply */
            pTSCreateConfReply = (TSCreateConferenceReply*)(pEventData);

            printf("The Attached Conference Name: %s\n", pTSCreateConfReply->m_szConfName);
            printf("The Attached Conference Handle: %d\n", pTSCreateConfReply->m_nConfHandle);

            printf("Index from user context = %d\n", index);

            /* set conference handle */
            g_confHandle = pTSCreateConfReply->m_nConfHandle);
    }
}
```

```

/* set conference name */
strcpy(g_confName, pTSCreateConfReply->m_szConfName);
break;

case CNFEV_ATTACHCONFFAILED:

printf("Got CNFEV_ATTACHCONFFAILED event.\n");
printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n", \
      ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));
break;

      :
      :

default:
break;
}
return (0);
}

```

#### ■ See Also

- [`cnf\_GetPartyList\(\)`](#)

## cnf\_GetBoardAttributes( )

**Name:** int cnf\_GetBoardAttributes(a\_nBrdHandle, a\_pAttributes, a\_pUserContext, a\_nMode)

**Inputs:**

int a_nBrdHandle	• physical board device handle
TSAAttributesList * a_pAttributes	• pointer to list of attributes
void *a_pUserContext	• user-supplied pointer used in asynchronous mode
int a_nMode	• mode of operation

**Returns:** CNF\_SUCCESS for success  
CNF\_FAILURE for failure

**Includes:** srllib.h  
cnflib.h

**Category:** Configuration

**Mode:** Synchronous/Asynchronous

**Platform:** DM3

### ■ Description

The **cnf\_GetBoardAttributes( )** function gets the values of one or more physical board attributes.

Parameters	Description
<b>a_nBrdHandle</b>	specifies the valid physical board device handle returned by <b>cnf_Open( )</b>
<b>a_pAttributes</b>	points to a list of attributes contained in TSAAttributesList structure. For more information, see <a href="#">TSAAttributesList</a> , on page 127.
<b>a_pUserContext</b>	in asynchronous mode, specifies a user-supplied pointer that can be retrieved using <b>sr_getUserContext( )</b> when the completion event is received. For more information on this function, see the <i>Standard Runtime Library API Library Reference</i> .
<b>a_nMode</b>	specifies the mode of operation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• EV_ASYNC – asynchronous</li> <li>• EV_SYNC – synchronous</li> </ul>

### ■ Cautions

None

### ■ Errors

If this function returns CNF\_FAILURE, use the Standard Runtime Library (SRL) Standard Attribute function **ATDV\_LASTERR( )** to obtain the error code or use **ATDV\_ERRMSGP( )** to obtain a descriptive error message.

For a list of error codes, see [Chapter 5, “Error Codes”](#).

## ■ Events

CNFEV\_BRDATTR

Get board attributes completed successfully

CNFEV\_GETBRDATTRFAILED

Get board attributes failed

## ■ Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "cnflib.h"

int      g_boardHandle = -1;
main()
{
    TSBoardAttribute      getBoardAttribute;
    TSAttributesList      getAttributesList;

    int srlMode = SR_POLLMODE;
    sr_setparm(SRL_DEVICE, SR_MODEID, &srlMode);

    if (sr_enbhdr(EV_ANYDEV, EV_ANYEVT, evt_handler) == -1)
    {
        printf("sr_enbhdr failed to assign the handler\n");
        return (-1);
    }

    if ((cnf_Open(&BoardHandle, "brdB1", 0)) == CNF_FAILURE)
    {
        printf("Failed to open brdB1\n");
    }
    else
    {
        printf("Got board Handle: %d\n", g_boardHandle);
    }

    getBoardAttribute.m_nVersion = TSAttribute_VERSION_1;
    getBoardAttribute.m_nAttrType = BOARD_Parm_Act_Talk_En;

    getAttributesList.m_nVersion = TSAttributesList_VERSION_1;
    getAttributesList.m_nAttrCount = 1;
    getAttributesList.m_pAttrs = &getBoardAttribute;

    if ((cnf_GetBoardAttributes(BoardHandle,
                                &getAttributesList,
                                NULL,
                                EV_ASYNC)) == CNF_FAILURE)
    {
        printf("Failed to issue cnf_GetBoardAttributes on board handle %d\n", g_boardHandle);
        printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n", \
               ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

        /* ProcessError() */
        return (-1);
    }

    /* wait for the event */
    sr_waitevt(-1);
}
```

```

        if ( (cnf_Close(BoardHandle)) == CNF_FAILURE)
        {
            printf("Failed to close %s\n", ATDV_NAMEP(BoardHandle));
            printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
                ATDV_LASTERR(BoardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(BoardHandle));
        }
    }

long evt_handler(unsigned long a_evtHandle)
{
    PVOID pEventData;
    int   eventType;
    int   threadID;
    int   index;

    strUserContext      *pstrUserContext;
    TSAttributesList     *pAttributesListReply;
    void                *pUserContext;

    eventType = sr_getevtttype();          /* check the event type */
    pEventData = sr_getevtdata(p);        /* get the event data p */
    pUserContext = sr_getUserContext(a_evtHandle); /* get user context */
    pstrUserContext = (strUserContext*) (pUserContext);

    if (pstrUserContext != NULL)
    {
        /* Retrieve user context */
        threadID = pstrUserContext->threadID;
        index = pstrUserContext->index;
    }

    switch(eventType)
    {
        case CNFEV_BRDATTR:

            printf("Got CNFEV_BRDATTR event.\n");

            /* retrieve the reply */
            pAttributesListReply = (TSAttributesList*) (pEventData);

            for(int count=0;
                count < pAttributesListReply->m_nAttrCount;
                count++)
            {
                printf("Board Attribute Type: 0x%x\n", \
                    pAttributesListReply->m_pAttr->m_nAttrType);
                printf("Board Attribute Value: %d\n",\
                    pAttributesListReply->m_pAttr->uValue.m_nVal);

                pAttributesListReply->m_pAttr++;
            }
            break;

        case CNFEV_GETBRDATTRFAILED:
            printf("Got CNFEV_GETBRDATTRFAILED event.\n");
            printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
                ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

            break;
        :
        :
        default:
            break;
    }
    return (0);
}

```





*get attributes for a physical board — `cnf_GetBoardAttributes()`*

■ **See Also**

- [cnf\\_SetBoardAttributes\(\)](#)

## cnf\_GetConferenceAttributes( )

**Name:** int cnf\_GetConferenceAttributes(a\_nConfHandle, a\_pAttributes, a\_pUserContext, a\_nMode)

**Inputs:**

int a_nConfHandle	• conference device handle
TSAAttributesList *a_pAttributes	• pointer to list of attributes
void *a_pUserContext	• user-supplied pointer used in asynchronous mode
int a_nMode	• mode of operation

**Returns:** CNF\_SUCCESS for success  
CNF\_FAILURE for failure

**Includes:** srllib.h  
cnflib.h

**Category:** Configuration

**Mode:** Synchronous/Asynchronous

**Platform:** DM3

### ■ Description

The **cnf\_GetConferenceAttributes( )** function gets the values of one or more conference attributes.

Parameters	Description
<b>a_nConfHandle</b>	specifies the valid conference device handle returned by either <b>cnf_CreateConference( )</b> or <b>cnf_AttachConference( )</b>
<b>a_pAttributes</b>	specifies a list of attributes. For more information, see the data structure description for <b>TSAAttributesList</b> , on page 127.
<b>a_pUserContext</b>	in asynchronous mode, specifies a user-supplied pointer that can be retrieved using <b>sr_getUserContext( )</b> when the completion event is received. For more information on this function, see the <i>Standard Runtime Library API Library Reference</i> .
<b>a_nMode</b>	specifies the mode of operation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• EV_ASYNC – asynchronous</li> <li>• EV_SYNC – synchronous</li> </ul>

### ■ Cautions

None

### ■ Errors

If this function returns CNF\_FAILURE, use the Standard Runtime Library (SRL) Standard Attribute function **ATDV\_LASTERR( )** to obtain the error code or use **ATDV\_ERRMSGP( )** to obtain a descriptive error message.

For a list of error codes, see [Chapter 5, “Error Codes”](#).

## ■ Events

CNFEV\_CNFATTR

Get conference attributes completed successfully

CNFEV\_GETCNFATTRFAILED

Get conference attributes failed

## ■ Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "cnflib.h"

/* User defined structure */
typedef struct {
    int    threadID;
    int    index;
    bool   byTimeslot;
    int    timeslot;
} strUserContext;

strUserContext    g_strUserContext;

int    g_boardHandle = -1;
int    g_confHandle = -1;
char    g_confName[20];
long evt_handler(unsigned long a_evthandle);

int main()
{
    TSConferenceInfo    conferenceInfo;
    TSConferenceAttribute    conferenceAttribute;

    TSConferenceAttribute    setConfAttribute;
    TSAttributesList    setAttributesList;

    int srlMode = SR_POLLMODE;
    sr_setparm(SRL_DEVICE, SR_MODEID, &srlMode);

    if (sr_enbhdlnr(EV_ANYDEV, EV_ANYEVT, evt_handler) == -1)
    {
        printf("sr_enbhdlnr failed to assign the handler\n");
        return (-1);
    }

    if ((cnf_Open(&g_boardHandle, "brdB1", 0)) == CNF_FAILURE)
    {
        printf("Failed to open brdB1\n");
        return (-1);
    }

    conferenceAttribute.m_nVersion = TSAttribute_VERSION_1;
    conferenceAttribute.m_nAttrType = CONF_Parm_ToneClamping;
    conferenceAttribute.uValue.m_nVal = 1;

    conferenceInfo.m_nVersion = TSConferenceInfo_VERSION_1;
    conferenceInfo.m_nPartyGroup = 0;
    conferenceInfo.m_nAttrCount = 1;
    conferenceInfo.m_pAttrs = &conferenceAttribute;
```

```

/* set up the user context */
g_strUserContext.threadID = GetCurrentThreadId();
g_strUserContext.index = 1; /* user's own number */

if(cnf_CreateConference(g_boardHandle,
    &conferenceInfo,
    NULL,
    &g_strUserContext,
    EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_CreateConference on board handle %d\n", g_boardHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

getConfAttribute.m_nVersion = TSAttribute_VERSION_1;
getConfAttribute.m_nAttrType = CONF_Parm_ToneClamping;

getAttributesList.m_nVersion = TSAttributesList_VERSION_1;
getAttributesList.m_nAttrCount = 1;
getAttributesList.m_pAttrs = &getConfAttribute;

if ((cnf_GetConferenceAttributes(g_confHandle,
    &getAttributesList,
    NULL,
    EV_ASYNC)) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_GetConferenceAttributes \
        on conference handle %d\n", g_confHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_confHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_confHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

if(cnf_DeleteConference(g_boardHandle,
    g_confHandle,
    &g_strUserContext,
    EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_DeleteConference on conf handle %d\n", g_confHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

if( (cnf_Close(g_boardHandle)) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to close %s\n", ATDV_NAMEP(g_boardHandle));
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));
}

```

```

        return (-1);
    }

    return (0);
}

long evt_handler(unsigned long a_evtHandle)
{
    PVOID pEventData;
    int    eventType;
    int    threadID;
    int    index;

    strUserContext      *pstrUserContext;
    TSCreateConferenceReply *pTSCreateConfReply;
    TSAttributesList     *pTSAttributesListReply;
    void                *pUserContext;

    eventType = sr_getevtttype();           /* check the event type */
    pEventData = sr_getevtdatap();          /* get the event data p */
    pUserContext = sr_getUserContext(a_evtHandle); /* get user context */
    pstrUserContext = (strUserContext*) (pUserContext);

    if (pstrUserContext != NULL)
    {
        /* Retrieve user context */
        threadID = pstrUserContext->threadID;
        index = pstrUserContext->index;
    }

    switch(eventType)
    {
        case CNFEV_CONFATTR:

            printf("Got CNFEV_CONFATTR event. \n");

            /* retrieve the reply */
            pTSAttributesListReply = (TSAttributesList*) (pEventData);

            for(int count=0;
                count< pTSAttributesListReply->m_nAttrCount;
                count++)
            {
                printf("Conference Attribute Type: 0x%x\n",\
                    pTSAttributesListReply->m_pAttrs->m_nAttrType);

                printf("Conference Attribute Value: %d\n",\
                    pTSAttributesListReply->m_pAttrs->uValue.m_nVal);

                pTSAttributesListReply->m_pAttrs++;
            }
            break;

        case CNFEV_GETCONFATTRFAILED:

            printf("Got CNFEV_GETCONFATTRFAILED event.\n");
            printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
                ATDV_LASTERR(g_confHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_confHandle));

            break;

        case CNFEV_CONF_CREATED:
    }
}

```

```
printf("Got CNFEV_CONF_CREATED event.\n");
/* retrieve the conference reply */
pTSCreateConfReply = (TSCreateConferenceReply*)(pEventData);
printf("The Conference Name: %s\n", pTSCreateConfReply->m_szConfName);
printf("The Attached Conference Handle: %d\n", pTSCreateConfReply->m_nConfHandle);
printf("Index from user context = %d\n", index);

/* set conference handle */
g_confHandle = pTSCreateConfReply->m_nConfHandle;

/* set conference name */
strcpy(g_confName, pTSCreateConfReply->m_szConfName);

break;

case CNFEV_CREATECONF_FAILED:

printf("Got CNFEV_CREATECONF_FAILED event\n");
printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n", \
      ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));
break;
:
:
default:
break;
}
return (0);
}
```

#### ■ See Also

- [cnf\\_SetConferenceAttributes\(\)](#)

## cnf\_GetPartyAttributes()

**Name:** int cnf\_GetPartyAttributes(a\_nConfHandle, a\_partyID, a\_pAttributes, a\_pUserContext, a\_nMode)

**Inputs:**

int a_nConfHandle	• conference device handle
int a_partyID	• party ID
TSAttributesList * a_pAttributes	• pointer to list of attributes
void *a_pUserContext	• user-supplied pointer used in asynchronous mode
int a_nMode	• mode of operation

**Returns:** CNF\_SUCCESS for success  
CNF\_FAILURE for failure

**Includes:** srllib.h  
cnflib.hh

**Category:** Configuration

**Mode:** Synchronous/Asynchronous

**Platform:** DM3

### ■ Description

The **cnf\_GetPartyAttributes()** function gets the values of one or more party attributes. In asynchronous mode, the event data will contain the party ID.

Parameters	Description
<b>a_nConfHandle</b>	specifies the valid conference device handle returned by either <a href="#">cnf_CreateConference()</a> or <a href="#">cnf_AttachConference()</a>
<b>a_partyID</b>	specifies the party identifier returned by <a href="#">cnf_AddParty()</a> or <a href="#">cnf_AddPartyByTimeslot()</a>
<b>a_pAttributes</b>	specifies a list of attributes. For more information, see the data structure description for <a href="#">TSAttributesList</a> , on page 127.
<b>a_pUserContext</b>	in asynchronous mode, specifies a user-supplied pointer that can be retrieved using <a href="#">sr_getUserContext()</a> when the completion event is received. For more information on this function, see the <i>Standard Runtime Library API Library Reference</i> .
<b>a_nMode</b>	specifies the mode of operation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• EV_ASYNC – asynchronous</li> <li>• EV_SYNC – synchronous</li> </ul>

### ■ Cautions

None

## ■ Errors

If this function returns `CNF_FAILURE`, use the Standard Runtime Library (SRL) Standard Attribute function `ATDV_LASTERR()` to obtain the error code or use `ATDV_ERRMSGP()` to obtain a descriptive error message.

For a list of error codes, see [Chapter 5, “Error Codes”](#).

## ■ Events

`CNFEV_PARTYATTR`

Get party attributes completed successfully

`CNFEV_GETPARTYATTRFAILED`

Get party attributes failed

## ■ Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "dxxxlib.h"
#include "cnflib.h"

/* User defined structure */
typedef struct {
    int    threadID;
    int    index;
    bool   byTimeslot;
    int    timeslot;
} strUserContext;

strUserContext    g_confUserContext;
strUserContext    g_partyUserContext;

int    g_boardHandle = -1;
int    g_confHandle = -1;
int    g_partyID = -1;
char    g_confName[20] = {0};
long evt_handler(unsigned long a_evtHandle);

int main()
{
    int voiceHandle = 0;

    TSConferenceInfo        conferenceInfo;
    TSConferenceAttribute    conferenceAttribute;

    TSPartyAttribute        partyAttribute;
    TSPartyInfo             partyInfo;
    TSPartyList             partyList;

    TSPartyAttribute        getPartyAttribute;
    TSAttributesList        getPartyAttributeList;

    int srlMode = SR_POLLMODE;
    sr_setparm(SRL_DEVICE, SR_MODEID, &srlMode);

    if (sr_enbhdlnr(EV_ANYDEV, EV_ANYEVT, evt_handler) == -1)
    {
        printf("sr_enbhdlnr failed to assign the handler\n");
        return (-1);
    }
}
```



```

if ((cnf_Open(&g_boardHandle, "brdB1", 0)) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to open brdB1\n");
    return (-1);
}

conferenceAttribute.m_nVersion = TSAttribute_VERSION_1;
conferenceAttribute.m_nAttrType = CONF_Parm_ToneClamping;
conferenceAttribute.uValue.m_nVal = 1;

conferenceInfo.m_nVersion = TSConferenceInfo_VERSION_1;
conferenceInfo.m_nPartyGroup = 0;
conferenceInfo.m_nAttrCount = 1;
conferenceInfo.m_pAttrs = &conferenceAttribute;

/* set up the user context */
g_confUserContext.threadID = GetCurrentThreadId();
g_confUserContext.index = 1; /* user's own number */

if (cnf_CreateConference(g_boardHandle,
    &conferenceInfo,
    NULL,
    &g_confUserContext,
    EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_CreateConference on board handle %d\n", g_boardHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n", \
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSG(g_boardHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

voiceHandle = dx_open("dxxxB1C1", 0);
if (voiceHandle < 0)
{
    printf("Failed to open dxxxB1C1\n");

    /* ProcessError( ); */
    return (-1);
}

partyAttribute.m_nVersion = TSAttribute_VERSION_1;
partyAttribute.m_nAttrType = PARTY_Parm_Party_Mode;
partyAttribute.uValue.m_nVal = PARM_VAL_Party_Mode_FULLL;

partyInfo.m_nVersion = TSPartyInfo_VERSION_1;
partyInfo.m_nHandle = voiceHandle;
partyInfo.m_nAttrCount = 1;
partyInfo.m_pAttrs = &partyAttribute;
partyInfo.m_nPartyID = 0;

partyList.m_nVersion = TSPartyList_VERSION_1;
partyList.m_nPartyCount = 1;
partyList.m_ppartyInfo = &partyInfo;

/* set up the user context */
g_partyUserContext.threadID = GetCurrentThreadId();
g_partyUserContext.index = 2; /* user's own number */
g_partyUserContext.byTimeslot = 0;

```

```

if (cnf_AddParty(g_confHandle,
                &partyList,
                &g_partyUserContext,
                EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_AddParty on conference handle %d", g_confHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
          ATDV_LASTERR(g_confHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_confHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitvt(-1);

/* set board attribute */
getPartyAttribute.m_nVersion = TSAttribute_VERSION_1;
getPartyAttribute.m_nAttrType = PARTY_Parm_Party_Mode;
getPartyAttributeList.m_nAttrCount = 1;
getAttributesList.m_nVersion = TSAttribute_VERSION_1;
getAttributesList.m_pAttrs = &getPartyAttribute;

if(cnf_GetPartyAttributes(g_confHandle,
                        g_PartyID,
                        &getAttributesList,
                        NULL,
                        EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_GetPartyAttributes on party ID %d", g_PartyID);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
          ATDV_LASTERR(g_confHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_confHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitvt(-1);

/* Remove the party
   cnf_RemoveParty(...);
*/

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitvt(-1);

if(cnf_DeleteConference(g_boardHandle,
                        g_confHandle,
                        &g_strUserContext,
                        EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_DeleteConference on conf handle %d\n", g_confHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
          ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitvt(-1);

```

```

if( (cnf_Close(g_boardHandle)) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to close %s\n", ATDV_NAMEP(g_boardHandle));
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

    return (-1);
}

return (0);
}

long evt_handler(unsigned long a_evtHandle)
{
    PVOID pEventData;
    int   eventType;
    int   threadID;
    int   index;
    bool  byTimeslot;

    strUserContext      *pstrUserContext;
    TSPartyList          *pPartyListReply;
    TSAttributesList     *pAttributesListReply
    void                *pUserContext;

    eventType = sr_getevtttype();           /* check the event type */
    pEventData = sr_getevtdatap();          /* get the event data p */
    pUserContext = sr_getUserContext(a_evtHandle); /* get user context */
    pstrUserContext = (strUserContext*)(pUserContext);
    if (pstrUserContext != NULL)
    {
        /* Retrieve user context */
        threadID = pstrUserContext->threadID;
        index = pstrUserContext->index;
        byTimeslot = pstrUserContext->byTimeslot;
    }
    switch(eventType)
    {
        case CNFEV_PARTYATTR:
            /* retrieve the reply */
            pAttributesListReply = (TSAttributesList*)(pEventData);

            for(int count = 0;
                count < pAttributesListReply->m_nAttrCount;
                count++)
            {
                printf("Party Attribute Type: 0x%x\n"\
                    pAttributesListReply->m_pAttr->m_nAttrType;
                printf("Party Attribute Value: %d\n"\
                    pAttributesListReply->m_pAttr->uValue.m_nVal);

                pAttributesListReply->m_pAttr++;
            }
            break;

        case CNFEV_GETPARTYATTRFAILED:

            printf("Got CNFEV_GETPARTYATTRFAILED event.\n");
            printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
                ATDV_LASTERR(g_confHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_confHandle));

            break;

        case CNFEV_PARTYADDED:
    }
}

```

```
printf("Got CNFEV_PARTYADDED event.\n");
if (!byTimeslot)
{
    /* retrieve the reply */
    pPartyListReply = (TSPartyList*)(pEventData);

    printf("Party ID: %d\n", pPartyListReply->m_ppartyInfo->m_nPartyID);
    g_PartyID = pPartyListReply->m_ppartyInfo->m_nPartyID;
}
break;

case CNFEV_ADDPARTYFAILED:

printf("Got CNFEV_ADDPARTYFAILED event.\n");
printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_confHandle), ATDV_ERRMSG(g_confHandle));
break;

:
:
default:
break;
}

return (0);
}
```

#### ■ See Also

- [cnf\\_SetPartyAttributes\(\)](#)

## `cnf_GetPartyList()`

**Name:** `int cnf_GetPartyList(a_nConfHandle, a_partyList, a_pUserContext, a_nMode)`

**Inputs:**

<code>int a_nConfHandle</code>	• conference device handle
<code>TSPartyList *a_partyList</code>	• pointer to list of parties in a conference
<code>void *a_pUserContext</code>	• user-supplied pointer used in asynchronous mode
<code>int a_nMode</code>	• mode of operation

**Returns:** `CNF_SUCCESS` for success  
`CNF_FAILURE` for failure

**Includes:** `srllib.h`  
`cnflib.h`

**Category:** Conference Management

**Mode:** Synchronous/Asynchronous

**Platform:** DM3

---

### ■ Description

The `cnf_GetPartyList()` function returns the list of parties in a conference.

Parameters	Description
<b>a_nConfHandle</b>	specifies the valid conference device handle returned by either <a href="#">cnf_CreateConference()</a> or <a href="#">cnf_AttachConference()</a>
<b>a_partyList</b>	specifies the list of parties in a conference. For more information, see the data structure description for <a href="#">TSPartyList</a> , on page 135.  In asynchronous mode, specify NULL. The list of parties will be part of the event data.
<b>a_pUserContext</b>	in asynchronous mode, specifies a user-supplied pointer that can be retrieved using <a href="#">sr_getUserContext()</a> when the completion event is received. For more information on this function, see the <i>Standard Runtime Library API Library Reference</i> .
<b>a_nMode</b>	specifies the mode of operation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>EV_ASYNC</code> – asynchronous</li> <li>• <code>EV_SYNC</code> – synchronous</li> </ul>

### ■ Cautions

In synchronous mode, the application is responsible for allocating sufficient memory for the [TSPartyList](#) structure.

## ■ Errors

If this function returns `CNF_FAILURE`, use the Standard Runtime Library (SRL) Standard Attribute function `ATDV_LASTERR()` to obtain the error code or use `ATDV_ERRMSGP()` to obtain a descriptive error message.

For a list of error codes, see [Chapter 5, “Error Codes”](#).

## ■ Events

`CNFEV_PARTYLIST`

Get party list completed successfully

`CNFEV_GETPARTYLISTFAILED`

Get party list failed

## ■ Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "cnflib.h"

/* User defined structure */
typedef struct {
    int    threadID;
    int    index;
    bool   byTimeslot;
    int    timeslot;
} strUserContext;

strUserContext    g_strUserContext;

int    g_boardHandle = -1;
int    g_confHandle = -1;
char    g_confName[20] = {0};
long evt_handler(unsigned long a_evtHandle);

int main()
{
    /* The existing conference name, passed in by another process */
    char *pAttachConfName = GetConferenceName()

    int srlMode = SR_POLLMODE;
    sr_setparm(SRL_DEVICE, SR_MODEID, &srlMode);

    if (sr_enbhdlnr(EV_ANYDEV, EV_ANYEVT, evt_handler) == -1)
    {
        printf("sr_enbhdlnr failed to assign the handler\n");
        return (-1);
    }

    if ((cnf_Open(&g_boardHandle, "brdB1", 0)) == CNF_FAILURE)
    {
        printf("Failed to open brdB1\n");
        return (-1);
    }

    /* set up the user context */
    g_strUserContext.threadID = GetCurrentThreadId();
    g_strUserContext.index = 1; /* user's own number */
}
```

```

if(cnf_AttachConference(g_boardHandle,
    pAttachConfName,
    NULL,
    &g_strUserContext,
    EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_AttachConference on board handle %d\n", g_boardHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n", \
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

if (cnf_GetPartyList(g_confHandle,
    NULL,
    NULL,
    EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_GetPartyList on conference handle %d\n", g_confHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n", \
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_confHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_confHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

if(cnf_DeleteConference(g_boardHandle,
    g_confHandle,
    NULL,
    EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_DeleteConference on conf handle %d\n", g_confHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n", \
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

if( (cnf_Close(g_boardHandle)) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to close %s\n", ATDV_NAMEP(g_boardHandle));
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n", \
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

    return(-1);
}

return (0);
}

```

```

long evt_handler(unsigned long a_evtHandle)
{
    PVOID pEventData;
    int    eventType;
    int    threadID;
    int    index;
    int    eventDevice;

    strUserContext      *pstrUserContext;
    TSCreateConferenceReply *pTSCreateConfReply;
    TSPartyList          *pPartyListReply;
    void                *pUserContext;

    eventType = sr_getevtttype();          /* check the event type */
    pEventData = sr_getevtdatap();         /* get the event data p */
    pUserContext = sr_getUserContext(a_evtHandle); /* get user context */
    pstrUserContext = (strUserContext*)(pUserContext);
    if (pstrUserContext != NULL)
    {
        /* Retrieve user context */
        threadID = pstrUserContext->threadID;
        index = pstrUserContext->index;
    }

    switch(eventType)
    {
        case CNFEV_PARTYLIST:

            printf("Got CNFEV_PARTYLIST event.\n");

            /* retrieve the reply */
            pPartyListReply = (TSPartyList*)(pEventData);

            printf("Number of active talkers: %d\n", pPartyListReply->m_nPartyCount);

            int numofActiveTalkers = pPartyListReply->m_nPartyCount;
            for (int count = 0; count< numofActiveTalkers; count++)
            {
                printf("Party ID: %d\n", pPartyListReply->m_pPartyInfo->m_nPartyID);

                pPartyListReply->m_pPartyInfo++;
            }

            break;

        case CNFEV_GETPARTYLISTFAILED:
            printf("Got CNFEV_GETPARTYLISTFAILED event.\n");
            printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n", \
                ATDV_LASTERR(g_confHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_confHandle));
            break;

        case CNFEV_CONFATTACHED:

            printf("Got CNFEV_CONFATTACHED event.\n");

            /* retrieve the conference reply */
            pTSCreateConfReply = (TSCreateConferenceReply*)(pEventData);

            printf("The Attached Conference Name: %s\n", pTSCreateConfReply->m_szConfName);
            printf("The Attached Conference Handle: %d\n", pTSCreateConfReply->m_nConfHandle);

            printf("Index from user context = %d\n", index);

            /* set conference handle */
            g_confHandle = pTSCreateConfReply->m_nConfHandle);
    }
}

```



```

/* set conference name */
strcpy(g_confName, pTSCreateConfReply->m_szConfName);

break;

case CNFEV_ATTACHCONFFAILED:

printf("Got CNFEV_ATTACHCONFFAILED event.\n");
printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));
break;

:
:

default:
break;
}
return (0);
}

```

#### ■ See Also

- [cnf\\_GetActiveTalkers\(\)](#)

## cnf\_GetResourceCount( )

**Name:** int cnf\_GetResourceCount(a\_nBrdHandle, a\_pRes, a\_pUserContext, a\_nMode)

**Inputs:**

int a_nBrdHandle	• physical board device handle
CNF_RES * a_pRes	• pointer to structure containing resources available
void *a_pUserContext	• user-supplied pointer used in asynchronous mode
int a_nMode	• mode of operation

**Returns:** CNF\_SUCCESS for success  
CNF\_FAILURE for failure

**Includes:** srllib.h  
cnflib.h

**Category:** Configuration

**Mode:** Synchronous/Asynchronous

**Platform:** DM3

### ■ Description

The **cnf\_GetResourceCount( )** function returns the number of parties or resources available on the specified board. This function returns the number of free parties and the maximum number of parties supported.

Parameters	Description
<b>a_nBrdHandle</b>	specifies the valid physical board device handle returned by <a href="#">cnf_Open( )</a>
<b>a_pRes</b>	points to a structure containing the number of parties or resources available. For more information, see the data structure description for <a href="#">CNF_RES</a> , on page 121.  In asynchronous mode, specify NULL.
<b>a_pUserContext</b>	in asynchronous mode, specifies a user-supplied pointer that can be retrieved using <a href="#">sr_getUserContext( )</a> when the completion event is received. For more information on this function, see the <i>Standard Runtime Library API Library Reference</i> .
<b>a_nMode</b>	specifies the mode of operation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• EV_ASYNC – asynchronous</li> <li>• EV_SYNC – synchronous</li> </ul>

### ■ Cautions

None

## ■ Errors

If this function returns `CNF_FAILURE`, use the Standard Runtime Library (SRL) Standard Attribute function `ATDV_LASTERR()` to obtain the error code or use `ATDV_ERRMSGP()` to obtain a descriptive error message.

For a list of error codes, see [Chapter 5, “Error Codes”](#).

## ■ Events

`CNFEV_RESCOUNT`  
Get resource count completed successfully

`CNFEV_GETRESCOUNTFAILED`  
Get resource count failed

## ■ Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "cnflib.h"

/* User defined structure */
typedef struct {
    int    threadID;
    int    index;
    bool   byTimeslot;
    int    timeslot;
} strUserContext;

strUserContext  g_strUserContext;

int    g_boardHandle = -1;
long    evt_handler(unsigned long a_evtHandle);
int    lPartyGroup;

int main()
{
    int srlMode = SR_POLLMODE;
    sr_setparm(SRL_DEVICE, SR_MODEID, &srlMode);

    if (sr_enbhdlr(EV_ANYDEV, EV_ANYEVT, evt_handler) == -1)
    {
        printf("sr_enbhdlr failed to assign the handler\n");
        return (-1);
    }

    if ((cnf_Open(&g_boardHandle, "brdB1", 0)) == CNF_FAILURE)
    {
        printf("Failed to open brdB1\n");
        return (-1);
    }

    /* set up the user context */
    g_strUserContext.threadID = GetCurrentThreadId();
    g_strUserContext.index = 1; /* user's own number */
}
```

```

    if ((cnf_GetResourceCount (g_boardHandle,
                               NULL,
                               &g_strUserContext,
                               EV_ASYNC)) == CNF_FAILURE)
    {
        printf("Failed to issue cnf_GetResourceCount on board handle %d\n", g_boardHandle);
        printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",
               ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSG(g_boardHandle));

        /* ProcessError() */
        return (-1);
    }

    /* wait for the event */
    sr_waitevt(-1);

    if ( (cnf_Close(g_boardHandle)) == CNF_FAILURE)
    {
        printf("Failed to close %s\n", ATDV_NAMEP(g_boardHandle));
        printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",
               ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSG(g_boardHandle));

        return(-1);
    }

    return (0);
}

long evt_handler(unsigned long a_evtHandle)
{
    PVOID pEventData;
    int    eventType;
    int    threadID;
    int    index;
    int    eventDevice;

    strUserContext      *pstrUserContext;
    CNF_RES              *pResourceCountReply;
    void                *pUserContext;

    eventType = sr_getevtttype();           /* check the event type */
    pEventData = sr_getevtdata();           /* get the event data p */
    pUserContext = sr_getUserContext(a_evtHandle); /* get user context */
    pstrUserContext = (strUserContext*)(pUserContext);
    if (pstrUserContext != NULL)
    {
        /* Retrieve user context */
        threadID = pstrUserContext->threadID;
        index = pstrUserContext->index;
    }

    switch(eventType)
    {
        case CNFEV_RESCOUNT:

            printf("Got CNFEV_RESCOUNT event.\n");
            pResourceCountReply = (CNF_RES*)(pEventData);
            printf("Total MaxParties = %d\n", pResourceCountReply->m_nBrdMaxParties);
            printf("Total FreeParties = %d\n", pResourceCountReply->m_nBrdFreeParties);
            printf("Total MaxConferences = %d\n", pResourceCountReply->m_nBrdMaxConferences);
            printf("Total FreeConferences = %d\n", pResourceCountReply->m_nBrdFreeConferences);
            lPartyGroup = 0;
            while (lPartyGroup < pResourceCountReply->m_nGroupCount)
            {
                printf("Party Group %d available resources:\n",
                       pResourceCountReply->m_pGroups[lPartyGroup].m_nPartyGroup);
                printf("MaxParties = %d\n",

```

```

        pResourceCountReply->m_pGroups[lPartyGroup].m_nGrpMaxParties);
printf("FreeParties = %d\n",
        pResourceCountReply->m_pGroups[lPartyGroup].m_nGrpFreeParties);
printf("MaxConferences = %d\n",
        pResourceCountReply->m_pGroups[lPartyGroup].m_nGrpMaxConferences);
printf("FreeConferences = %d\n",
        pResourceCountReply->m_pGroups[lPartyGroup].m_nGrpFreeConferences);
lPartyGroup++;
    }

    break;

    case CNFEV_GETRESCOUNTFAILED:
printf("Got CNFEV_GETRESCOUNTFAILED event.\n");
printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));
    break;
        :
        :

    default:
        break;
    }
    return (0);
}

```

#### ■ See Also

None

## cnf\_GetVolumeControl( )

**Name:** int cnf\_GetVolumeControl(a\_nBrdHandle, a\_pVol, a\_pUserContext, a\_nMode)

**Inputs:**

int a_nBrdHandle	• physical board device handle
CNF_VOL * a_pVol	• pointer to structure for volume control
void *a_pUserContext	• user-supplied pointer used in asynchronous mode
int a_nMode	• mode of operation

**Returns:** CNF\_SUCCESS for success  
CNF\_FAILURE for failure

**Includes:** srllib.h  
cnflib.h

**Category:** Configuration

**Mode:** Synchronous/Asynchronous

**Platform:** DM3

### ■ Description

The **cnf\_GetVolumeControl( )** function returns information on the DTMF digits used to control the volume of a conference on a physical board.

Parameters	Description
<b>a_nBrdHandle</b>	specifies the valid physical board device handle returned by <a href="#">cnf_Open( )</a>
<b>a_pVol</b>	points to a structure defining DTMF digits used to control the volume of a conference. For more information, see the data structure description for <a href="#">CNF_VOL</a> , on page 122.
<b>a_pUserContext</b>	in asynchronous mode, specifies a user-supplied pointer that can be retrieved using <a href="#">sr_getUserContext( )</a> when the completion event is received. For more information on this function, see the <i>Standard Runtime Library API Library Reference</i> .
<b>a_nMode</b>	specifies the mode of operation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• EV_ASYNC – asynchronous</li> <li>• EV_SYNC – synchronous</li> </ul>

### ■ Cautions

None

### ■ Errors

If this function returns CNF\_FAILURE, use the Standard Runtime Library (SRL) Standard Attribute function **ATDV\_LASTERR( )** to obtain the error code or use **ATDV\_ERRMSGP( )** to obtain a descriptive error message.

For a list of error codes, see [Chapter 5, “Error Codes”](#).

## ■ Events

CNFEV\_VOLCONTROL

Get volume control completed successfully

CNFEV\_GETVOLCONTROLFAILED

Get volume control failed

## ■ Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "cnflib.h"

/* User defined structure */
typedef struct {
    int     threadID;
    int     index;
    bool    byTimeslot;
    int     timeslot;
} strUserContext;

strUserContext  g_strUserContext;

int     g_boardHandle = -1;
long evt_handler(unsigned long a_evtHandle);

int main()
{
    int srlMode = SR_POLLMODE;
    sr_setparm(SRL_DEVICE, SR_MODEID, &srlMode);

    if (sr_enbhdler(EV_ANYDEV, EV_ANYEVT, evt_handler) == -1)
    {
        printf("sr_enbhdler failed to assign the handler\n");
        return (-1);
    }

    if ((cnf_Open(&g_boardHandle, "brdB1", 0)) == CNF_FAILURE)
    {
        printf("Failed to open brdB1\n");
        return (-1);
    }

    /* set up the user context */
    g_strUserContext.threadID = GetCurrentThreadId();
    g_strUserContext.index = 1; /* user's own number */

    if ((cnf_GetVolumeControl(g_boardHandle,
        NULL,
        &g_strUserContext,
        EV_ASYNC)) == CNF_FAILURE)
    {
        printf("Failed to issue cnf_GetVolumeControl on board handle %d\n", g_boardHandle);
        printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
            ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

        /* ProcessError() */
        return (-1);
    }
}
```

```

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

if( (cnf_Close(g_boardHandle)) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to close %s\n", ATDV_NAMEP(g_boardHandle));
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

    return(-1);
}
return (0);
}

long evt_handler(unsigned long a_evtHandle)
{
    PVOID pEventData;
    int    eventType;
    int    threadID;
    int    index;
    int    eventDevice;

    strUserContext      *pstrUserContext;
    CNF_VOL              *pVolumeControlReply
    void                *pUserContext;

    eventType = sr_getevtttype();          /* check the event type */
    pEventData = sr_getevtdatap();         /* get the event data p */
    pUserContext = sr_getUserContext(a_evtHandle); /* get user context */
    pstrUserContext = (strUserContext*)(pUserContext);
    if (pstrUserContext != NULL)
    {
        /* Retrieve user context */
        threadID = pstrUserContext->threadID;
        index = pstrUserContext->index;
    }

    switch(eventType)
    {
        case CNFEV_VOLCONTROL:

            printf("Got CNFEV_VOLCONTROL event.\n");

            pVolumeControlReply = (CNF_VOL*)(pEventData);

            printf("Up digit: %d\n", pVolumeControlReply->m_volUpDigit);
            printf("Down digit: %d\n", pVolumeControlReply->m_volDownDigit);

            break;

        case CNFEV_GETVOLCONTROLFAILED:
            printf("Got CNFEV_GETVOLCONTROLFAILED event.\n");
            printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
                ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));
            break;
        :
        :

        default:
            break;
    }
    return (0);
}

```



■ **See Also**

- [cnf\\_SetVolumeControl\(\)](#)

## cnf\_Open( )

**Name:** int cnf\_Open(a\_pnBrdHandle, a\_szName, a\_oFlags)

**Inputs:**

int *a_pnBrdHandle	• pointer to the physical board device handle
char* a_szName	• pointer to the physical board device name
int a_oFlags	• flag reserved for future use

**Returns:** CNF\_SUCCESS for success  
CNF\_FAILURE for failure

**Includes:** srllib.h  
cnflib.h

**Category:** Device Management

**Mode:** Synchronous

**Platform:** DM3

### ■ Description

The **cnf\_Open( )** function opens a physical board device and returns a handle to that board. The device naming convention for the physical board is **brdBn**, where **n** is the board number starting at 1. To create a conference on a particular board, you must open the physical board device and pass the returned handle as an argument to **cnf\_CreateConference( )** or **cnf\_AttachConference( )**.

Parameters	Description
<b>a_pnBrdHandle</b>	specifies a pointer to the valid physical board device handle returned by <b>cnf_Open( )</b>
<b>a_szName</b>	specifies a pointer to the name of the physical board device in the format <b>brdBn</b> (for example brdB1)
<b>a_oFlags</b>	flag reserved for future use. Specify 0.

### ■ Cautions

Since the same physical board device can be opened in multiple processes, the other process can delete conferences running on the physical board. The application is responsible for synchronizing access to the same physical board from multiple processes.

### ■ Errors

If this function returns CNF\_FAILURE, use the Standard Runtime Library (SRL) Standard Attribute function **ATDV\_LASTERR( )** to obtain the error code or use **ATDV\_ERRMSGP( )** to obtain a descriptive error message.

For a list of error codes, see [Chapter 5, “Error Codes”](#).

### ■ Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "cnflib.h"

int g_BoardHandle = -1;
void main()
{
    if ((cnf_Open(&g_BoardHandle, "brdB1", 0)) == CNF_FAILURE)
    {
        printf("Failed to open board\n");
    }
    else
    {
        printf("Got board handle: %d\n", g_BoardHandle);

        /* Perform other processing... */

        if ((cnf_Close(g_BoardHandle)) == CNF_FAILURE)
        {
            printf("Failed to close &s\n", ATDV_NAMEP(g_BoardHandle));
            printf("error code = 0x%x, error message = %s\n",
                ATDV_LASTERR(g_BoardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_BoardHandle));
        }
    }
}
```

### ■ See Also

- [cnf\\_Close\(\)](#)
- [cnf\\_CreateConference\(\)](#)

## cnf\_RemoveParty( )

**Name:** int cnf\_RemoveParty(a\_nConfHandle, a\_partyList, a\_pUserContext, a\_nMode)

**Inputs:**

int a_nConfHandle	• conference device handle
TSPartyList *a_partyList	• pointer to party specific information
void *a_pUserContext	• user-supplied pointer used in asynchronous mode
int a_nMode	• mode of operation

**Returns:** CNF\_SUCCESS for success  
CNF\_FAILURE for failure

**Includes:** srllib.h  
cnflib.h

**Category:** Conference Management

**Mode:** Synchronous/Asynchronous

**Platform:** DM3

### ■ Description

The **cnf\_RemoveParty( )** function removes a party (conferee) from a conference.

Parameters	Description
<b>a_nConfHandle</b>	specifies the valid conference device handle returned by either <b>cnf_CreateConference( )</b> or <b>cnf_AttachConference( )</b> .
<b>a_partyList</b>	specifies a pointer to party specific information. The party to be removed is identified by m_pPartyInfo[x].m_nPartyID.  For more information, see the data structure description for <b>TSPartyList</b> , on page 135.
<b>a_pUserContext</b>	in asynchronous mode, specifies a user-supplied pointer that can be retrieved using <b>sr_getUserContext( )</b> when the completion event is received. For more information on this function, see the <i>Standard Runtime Library API Library Reference</i> .
<b>a_nMode</b>	specifies the mode of operation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• EV_ASYNC – asynchronous</li> <li>• EV_SYNC – synchronous</li> </ul>

### ■ Cautions

None

## ■ Errors

If this function returns `CNF_FAILURE`, use the Standard Runtime Library (SRL) Standard Attribute function `ATDV_LASTERR()` to obtain the error code or use `ATDV_ERRMSGP()` to obtain a descriptive error message.

For a list of error codes, see [Chapter 5, “Error Codes”](#).

## ■ Events

`CNFEV_PARTYREMOVED`

Party removed successfully

`CNFEV_REMOVEPARTYFAILED`

Remove party operation failed

## ■ Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "dxxlib.h"
#include "cnflib.h"

/* User defined structure */
typedef struct {
    int    threadID;
    int    index;
    bool   byTimeslot;
    int    timeslot;
} strUserContext;

strUserContext  g_confUserContext;
strUserContext  g_partyUserContext;

int    g_boardHandle = -1;
int    g_confHandle = -1;
int    g_partyID = -1;
char   g_confName[20] = {0};
long   evt_handler(unsigned long a_evtHandle);

int main()
{
    int g_boardHandle;
    TSConferenceInfo conferenceInfo;
    TSConferenceAttribute conferenceAttribute;

    int voiceHandle = 0;
    TSPartyAttribute partyAttribute;
    TSPartyInfo partyInfo;
    TSPartyList partyList;

    int srlMode = SR_POLLMODE;
    sr_setparm(SRL_DEVICE, SR_MODEID, &srlMode);

    if (sr_enbhdler(EV_ANYDEV, EV_ANYEVT, evt_handler) == -1)
    {
        printf("sr_enbhdler failed to assign the handler\n");
        return (-1);
    }
}
```

```
if ((cnf_Open(&g_boardHandle, "brdB1", 0)) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to open brdB1\n");
    return (-1);
}

conferenceAttribute.m_nVersion = TSAttribute_VERSION_1;
conferenceAttribute.m_nAttrType = CONF_Parm_ToneClamping;
conferenceAttribute.uValue.m_nVal = 1;

conferenceInfo.m_nVersion = TSConferenceInfo_VERSION_1;
conferenceInfo.m_nPartyGroup = 0;
conferenceInfo.m_nAttrCount = 1;
conferenceInfo.m_pAttrs = &conferenceAttribute;

/* set up the user context */
g_strUserContext.threadID = GetCurrentThreadId();
g_strUserContext.index = 1; /* user's own number */

if (cnf_CreateConference(g_boardHandle,
    &conferenceInfo,
    NULL,
    &g_confUserContext,
    EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_CreateConference on board handle %d\n", g_boardHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSG(g_boardHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

voiceHandle = dx_open("dxxxB1C1", 0);
if (voiceHandle < 0)
{
    printf("Failed to open dxxxB1C1\n");

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

partyAttribute.m_nVersion = TSAttribute_VERSION_1;
partyAttribute.m_nAttrType = PARTY_Parm_Party_Mode;
partyAttribute.uValue.m_nVal = PARM_VAL_Party_Mode_FULL;

partyInfo.m_nVersion = TSPartyInfo_VERSION_1;
partyInfo.m_nHandle = voiceHandle;
partyInfo.m_nAttrCount = 1;
partyInfo.m_pAttrs = &partyAttribute;
partyInfo.m_nPartyID = 0;

partyList.m_nVersion = TSPartyList_VERSION_1;
partyList.m_nPartyCount = 1;
partyList.m_ppartyInfo = &partyInfo;

/* set up the user context */
g_partyUserContext.threadID = GetCurrentThreadId();
g_partyUserContext.index = 2;
g_partyUserContext.byTimeslot = 0;
```

```

if (cnf_AddParty(g_confHandle,
    &partyList,
    &g_partyUserContext,
    EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_AddParty on conference handle %d", g_confHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n", \
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_confHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_confHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

partyInfo.m_nPartyID = g_PartyID;

if (cnf_RemoveParty(g_confHandle,
    &partyList,
    NULL,
    EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_RemoveParty on conference handle %d", g_confHandle);
    printf("Error code: %d, Error Message: %s", \ ATDV_NAMEP(g_confHandle),
        ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_confHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

if (cnf_DeleteConference(g_boardHandle,
    g_confHandle,
    NULL,
    EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_DeleteConference on conf handle %d\n", g_confHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n", \
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

if ( (cnf_Close(g_boardHandle)) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to close %s\n", ATDV_NAMEP(g_boardHandle));
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n", \
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));
    return (-1);
}

return (0);
}

```

```

long evt_handler(unsigned long a_evtHandle)
{
    PVOID pEventData;
    int    eventType;
    int    threadID;
    int    index;
    bool   byTimeslot;

    strUserContext      *pstrUserContext;
    TSCreateConferenceReply *pTSCreateConfReply;
    void                *pUserContext;

    eventType = sr_getevtttype();           /* check the event type */
    pEventData = sr_getevtdata();           /* get the event data p */
    pUserContext = sr_getUserContext(a_evtHandle); /* get user context */
    pstrUserContext = (strUserContext*) (pUserContext);
    if (pstrUserContext != NULL)
    {
        /* Retrieve user context */
        threadID = pstrUserContext->threadID;
        index = pstrUserContext->index;
        byTimeslot = pstrUserContext->byTimeslot;
    }

    switch(eventType)
    {
        case CNFEV_PARTYREMOVED:

            printf("Got CNFEV_PARTYREMOVED event.\n");
            break;

        case CNFEV_REMOVEPARTYFAILED:

            printf("Got CNFEV_REMOVEPARTYFAILED event.\n");
            printf("Error code: %d, Error Message: %s", ATDV_NAMEP(g_confHandle), \
                ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_confHandle));

            break;

        :
        :
        default:
            break;
    }

    return (0);
}

```

## ■ See Also

- [cnf\\_AddParty\(\)](#)



## cnf\_SetBoardAttributes( )

**Name:** int *cnf\_SetBoardAttributes*(a\_nBrdHandle, a\_pAttributes, a\_pUserContext, a\_nMode)

**Inputs:**

int a_nBrdHandle	• physical board device handle
TSAttributesList * a_pAttributes	• pointer to list of attributes
void *a_pUserContext	• user-supplied pointer used in asynchronous mode
int a_nMode	• mode of operation

**Returns:** CNF\_SUCCESS for success  
CNF\_FAILURE for failure

**Includes:** srlib.h  
cnflib.h

**Category:** Configuration

**Mode:** Synchronous/Asynchronous

**Platform:** DM3

### ■ Description

The *cnf\_SetBoardAttributes( )* function sets the values of one or more physical board attributes.

Parameters	Description
<b>a_nBrdHandle</b>	specifies the valid physical board device handle returned by <i>cnf_Open( )</i>
<b>a_pAttributes</b>	specifies a pointer to the list of attributes for a physical board device. For more information, see the data structure description for <i>TSAttributesList</i> , on page 127.
<b>a_pUserContext</b>	in asynchronous mode, specifies a user-supplied pointer that can be retrieved using <i>sr_getUserContext( )</i> when the completion event is received. For more information on this function, see the <i>Standard Runtime Library API Library Reference</i> .
<b>a_nMode</b>	specifies the mode of operation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• EV_ASYNC – asynchronous</li> <li>• EV_SYNC – synchronous</li> </ul>

### ■ Cautions

The function returns success only if all the specified attributes can be set for the board. If not, the function returns an error.

### ■ Errors

If this function returns CNF\_FAILURE, use the Standard Runtime Library (SRL) Standard Attribute function *ATDV\_LASTERR( )* to obtain the error code or use *ATDV\_ERRMSGP( )* to obtain a descriptive error message.

For a list of error codes, see [Chapter 5, “Error Codes”](#).

## ■ Events

### CNFEV\_BRDATTRSET

Set board attributes completed successfully

### CNFEV\_SETBRDATTRFAILED

Set board attributes failed

## ■ Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "cnflib.h"

int      g_boardHandle = -1;
long evt_handler(unsigned long a_evtHandle);

main()
{
    TSBoardAttribute      setBoardAttribute;
    TSAttributesList      setAttributesList;

    int srlMode = SR_POLLMODE;
    sr_setparm(SRL_DEVICE, SR_MODEID, &srlMode);

    if (sr_enbhdlr(EV_ANYDEV, EV_ANYEVT, evt_handler) == -1)
    {
        printf("sr_enbhdlr failed to assign the handler\n");
        return (-1);
    }

    if ((cnf_Open(&BoardHandle, "brdB1", 0)) == CNF_FAILURE)
    {
        printf("Failed to open brdB1\n");
    }
    else
    {
        printf("Got board Handle: %d\n", BoardHandle);
    }

    setBoardAttribute.m_nVersion = TSAttribute_VERSION_1;
    setBoardAttribute.m_nAttrType = BOARD_Parm_Act_Talk_En;
    setBoardAttribute.uValue.m_nVal = 1;

    setAttributesList.m_nVersion = TSAttributesList_VERSION_1;
    setAttributesList.m_nAttrCount = 1;
    setAttributesList.m_pAttrs = &setBoardAttribute;

    if ((cnf_SetBoardAttributes(BoardHandle,
                                &setAttributesList,
                                NULL, EV_ASYNC)) == CNF_FAILURE)
    {
        printf("Failed to issue cnf_SetBoardAttributes on board handle %d\n", g_boardHandle);
        printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
              ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

        /* ProcessError() */
        return (-1);
    }

    /* wait for the event */
    sr_waitevt(-1);
}
```

```

if( (cnf_Close(BoardHandle)) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to close %s\n", ATDV_NAMEP(BoardHandle));
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
        ATDV_LASTERR(BoardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(BoardHandle));
}

}

long evt_handler(unsigned long a_evtHandle)
{
    PVOID pEventData;
    int    eventType;
    int    threadID;
    int    index;

    strUserContext      *pstrUserContext;
    TSCreateConferenceReply *pTSCreateConfReply;
    void                *pUserContext;

    eventType = sr_getevtttype();           /* check the event type */
    pEventData = sr_getevtdatap();          /* get the event data p */
    pUserContext = sr_getUserContext(a_evtHandle); /* get user context */
    pstrUserContext = (strUserContext*) (pUserContext);

    if (pstrUserContext != NULL)
    {
        /* Retrieve user context */
        threadID = pstrUserContext->threadID;
        index = pstrUserContext->index;
    }

    switch(eventType)
    {
        case CNFEV_BRDATTRSET:

            printf("Got CNFEV_BRDATTRSET event.\n");
            break;

        case CNFEV_SETBRDATTRFAILED:
            printf("Got CNFEV_SETBRDATTRFAILED event.\n");
            printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
                ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

            break;

        :
        :
        default:
            break;
    }
    return (0);
}

```

## ■ See Also

- [cnf\\_GetBoardAttributes\(\)](#)

## cnf\_SetConferenceAttributes( )

**Name:** int cnf\_SetConferenceAttributes(a\_nConfHandle, a\_pAttributes, a\_pUserContext, a\_nMode)

**Inputs:**

int a_nConfHandle	• conference device handle
TSAAttributesList *a_pAttributes	• pointer to list of attributes
void *a_pUserContext	• user-supplied pointer used in asynchronous mode
int a_nMode	• mode of operation

**Returns:** CNF\_SUCCESS for success  
CNF\_FAILURE for failure

**Includes:** srllib.h  
cnflib.h

**Category:** Configuration

**Mode:** Synchronous/Asynchronous

**Platform:** DM3

### ■ Description

The **cnf\_SetConferenceAttributes( )** function sets the values of one or more conference attributes.

Parameters	Description
<b>a_nConfHandle</b>	specifies the valid conference device handle returned by either <a href="#">cnf_CreateConference( )</a> or <a href="#">cnf_AttachConference( )</a>
<b>a_pAttributes</b>	specifies a pointer to the list of attributes for the conference device. For more information, see the data structure description for <a href="#">TSAAttributesList</a> , on page 127.
<b>a_pUserContext</b>	in asynchronous mode, specifies a user-supplied pointer that can be retrieved using <a href="#">sr_getUserContext( )</a> when the completion event is received. For more information on this function, see the <i>Standard Runtime Library API Library Reference</i> .
<b>a_nMode</b>	specifies the mode of operation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• EV_ASYNC – asynchronous</li> <li>• EV_SYNC – synchronous</li> </ul>

### ■ Cautions

The function returns success only if all the specified attributes can be set for the conference. If not, the function returns an error.

## ■ Errors

If this function returns `CNF_FAILURE`, use the Standard Runtime Library (SRL) Standard Attribute function `ATDV_LASTERR()` to obtain the error code or use `ATDV_ERRMSGP()` to obtain a descriptive error message.

For a list of error codes, see [Chapter 5, “Error Codes”](#).

## ■ Events

`CNFEV_CNFATTRSET`

Set conference attributes completed successfully

`CNFEV_SETCNFATTRFAILED`

Set conference attributes failed

## ■ Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "cnflib.h"

/* User defined structure */
typedef struct {
    int    threadID;
    int    index;
    bool   byTimeslot;
    int    timeslot;
} strUserContext;

strUserContext    g_strUserContext;

int    g_boardHandle = -1;
int    g_confHandle = -1;
char    g_confName[20];
int main()
{
    TSConferenceInfo        conferenceInfo;
    TSConferenceAttribute    conferenceAttribute;

    TSConferenceAttribute    setConfAttribute;
    TSAttributesList        setAttributesList;

    int srlMode = SR_POLLMODE;
    sr_setparm(SRL_DEVICE, SR_MODEID, &srlMode);

    if (sr_enbhdr(EV_ANYDEV, EV_ANYEVT, evt_handler) == -1)
    {
        printf("sr_enbhdr failed to assign the handler\n");
        return (-1);
    }

    if ((cnf_Open(&g_boardHandle, "brdB1", 0)) == CNF_FAILURE)
    {
        printf("Failed to open brdB1\n");
        return (-1);
    }

    conferenceAttribute.m_nVersion = TSAttribute_VERSION_1;
    conferenceAttribute.m_nAttrType = CONF_Parm_ToneClamping;
    conferenceAttribute.uValue.m_nVal = 1;
```

```

conferenceInfo.m_nVersion = TSConferenceInfo_VERSION_1;
conferenceInfo.m_nPartyGroup = 0;
conferenceInfo.m_nAttrCount = 1;
conferenceInfo.m_pAttrs = &conferenceAttribute;

/* set up the user context */
g_strUserContext.threadID = GetCurrentThreadId();
g_strUserContext.index = 1; /* user's own number */

if (cnf_CreateConference(g_boardHandle,
    &conferenceInfo,
    NULL,
    &g_strUserContext,
    EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_CreateConference on board handle %d\n", g_boardHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n", \
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

setAttribute.m_nVersion = TSAttribute_VERSION_1;
setConfAttribute.m_nAttrType = CONF_Parm_DTMF_Mask;
setConfAttribute.uValue.m_nVal = CNF_DIG0 | CNF_DIG_ADD_MASK;

setAttributeList.m_nVersion = TSAttributeList_VERSION_1;
setAttributeList.m_nAttrCount = 1;
setAttributeList.m_pAttrs = &setConfAttribute;

if ((cnf_SetConferenceAttributes(g_confHandle,
    &setAttributeList,
    NULL,
    EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_SetConferenceAttributes \
        on conference handle %d\n", g_confHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n", \
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_confHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_confHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

if (cnf_DeleteConference(g_boardHandle,
    g_confHandle,
    &g_strUserContext,
    EV_ASYNC) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_DeleteConference on conf handle %d\n", g_confHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n", \
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (-1);
}

/* wait for the event */
sr_waitevt(-1);

```

```

if( (cnf_Close(g_boardHandle)) == CNF_FAILURE)
{
    printf("Failed to close %s\n", ATDV_NAMEP(g_boardHandle));
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

    return (-1);
}

return (0);
}

long evt_handler(unsigned long a_evtHandle)
{
    PVOID pEventData;
    int    eventType;
    int    threadID;
    int    index;

    strUserContext      *pstrUserContext;
    TSCreateConferenceReply *pTSCreateConfReply;
    void                *pUserContext;

    eventType = sr_getevtttype();           /* check the event type */
    pEventData = sr_getevtdatap();          /* get the event data p */
    pUserContext = sr_getUserContext(a_evtHandle); /* get user context */
    pstrUserContext = (strUserContext*) (pUserContext);

    if (pstrUserContext != NULL)
    {
        /* Retrieve user context */
        threadID = pstrUserContext->threadID;
        index = pstrUserContext->index;
    }

    switch(eventType)
    {
        case CNFEV_CONFATTRSET:

            printf("Got CNFEV_CONFATTRSET event.\n");
            break;

        case CNFEV_SETCONFATTRFAILED:
            printf("Got CNFEV_SETCONFATTRFAILED event.\n");
            printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
                ATDV_LASTERR(g_confHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_confHandle));

            break;
        case CNFEV_CONFCREATED:

            printf("Got CNFEV_CONFCREATED event. \n");
            /* retrieve the conference reply */
            pTSCreateConfReply = (TSCreateConferenceReply*) (pEventData);

            printf("The Conference Name: %s\n", pTSCreateConfReply->m_szConfName);
            printf("The Attached Conference Handle: %d\n", pTSCreateConfReply->m_nConfHandle);

            printf("Index from user context = %d\n", index);

            /* set conference handle */
            g_confHandle = pTSCreateConfReply->m_nConfHandle);

            /* set conference name */
            strcpy(g_confName, pTSCreateConfReply->m_szConfName);

            break;
    }
}

```

```
case CNFEV_CREATECONFFAILED:

printf("Got CNFEV_CREATECONFFAILED event.\n");

/* retrieve the conference reply */
pTSCreateConfReply = (TSCreateConferenceReply*) (pEventData);

printf("The Conference Name: %s\n", pTSCreateConfReply->m_szConfName);
printf("The Conference Handle: %d\n", pTSCreateConfReply->m_nConfHandle);

printf("Index from user context = %d\n", index);

printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

break;
:
:
default:
break;
}
return (0);
}
```

#### ■ See Also

- [cnf\\_GetConferenceAttributes\(\)](#)



## cnf\_SetPartyAttributes()

**Name:** int *cnf\_SetPartyAttributes*(a\_nConfHandle, a\_partyID, a\_pAttributes, a\_pUserContext, a\_nMode)

**Inputs:**

int a_nConfHandle	• conference device handle
int a_partyID	• party ID
TSAttributesList * a_pAttributes	• pointer to list of attributes
void *a_pUserContext	• user-supplied pointer used in asynchronous mode
int a_nMode	• mode of operation

**Returns:** CNF\_SUCCESS for success  
CNF\_FAILURE for failure

**Includes:** srllib.h  
cnflib.h

**Category:** Configuration

**Mode:** Synchronous/Asynchronous

**Platform:** DM3

### ■ Description

The *cnf\_SetPartyAttributes()* function sets the values of one or more party attributes.

Parameters	Description
<b>a_nConfHandle</b>	specifies the valid conference device handle returned by either <a href="#">cnf_CreateConference()</a> or <a href="#">cnf_AttachConference()</a>
<b>a_partyID</b>	specifies the party identifier returned by <a href="#">cnf_AddParty()</a>
<b>a_pAttributes</b>	specifies the list of attributes for the party. For more information, see the data structure description for <a href="#">TSAttributesList</a> , on page 127.
<b>a_pUserContext</b>	in asynchronous mode, specifies a user-supplied pointer that can be retrieved using <a href="#">sr_getUserContext()</a> when the completion event is received. For more information on this function, see the <i>Standard Runtime Library API Library Reference</i> .
<b>a_nMode</b>	specifies the mode of operation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• EV_ASYNC – asynchronous</li> <li>• EV_SYNC – synchronous</li> </ul>

### ■ Cautions

- The function returns success only if all the specified attributes can be set for the party. If not, the function returns an error.
- In asynchronous mode, the party ID is not returned with the event. To distinguish between multiple *cnf\_SetPartyAttributes()* calls on the same conference, use **a\_pUserContext** to

pass in the party ID. For more information user context, see the *Conferencing API Programming Guide*.

## ■ Errors

If this function returns CNF\_FAILURE, use the Standard Runtime Library (SRL) Standard Attribute function **ATDV\_LASTERR( )** to obtain the error code or use **ATDV\_ERRMSGP( )** to obtain a descriptive error message.

For a list of error codes, see [Chapter 5, “Error Codes”](#).

## ■ Events

CNFEV\_PARTYATTRSET

Set party attributes completed successfully

CNFEV\_SETPARTYATTRFAILED

Set party attributes failed

## ■ Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "dxxplib.h"
#include "cnflib.h"

/* User defined structure */
typedef struct {
    int    threadID;
    int    index;
    bool   byTimeslot;
    int    timeslot;
} strUserContext;

strUserContext    g_confUserContext;
strUserContext    g_partyUserContext;

int    g_boardHandle = -1;
int    g_confHandle = 0;
int    g_partyID = 0;
char    g_confName[20];
int main()
{
    int voiceHandle = 0;

    TSconferenceInfo    conferenceInfo;
    TSconferenceAttribute    conferenceAttribute;

    TSpartyAttribute    partyAttribute;
    TSpartyInfo    partyInfo;
    TSpartyList    partyList;

    TSPartyAttribute    setPartyAttribute[2];
    TSAttributesList    setPartyAttributeList;

    int srlMode = SR_POLLMODE;
    sr_setparm(SRL_DEVICE, SR_MODEID, &srlMode);
```

```

if (sr_enbhdr(EV_ANYDEV, EV_ANYEVT, evt_handler) == -1)
{
    printf("sr_enbhdr failed to assign the handler\n");
    return (-1);
}

if ((cnf_Open(&g_boardHandle, "brdB1", 0)) == -1)
{
    printf("Failed to open brdB1\n");
    return (CNF_FAILURE);
}

conferenceAttribute.m_nVersion = TSAttribute_VERSION_1;
conferenceAttribute.m_nAttrType = CONF_Parm_ToneClamping;
conferenceAttribute.uValue.m_nVal = 1;

conferenceInfo.m_nVersion = TSConferenceInfo_VERSION_1;
conferenceInfo.m_nPartyGroup = 0;
conferenceInfo.m_nAttrCount = 1;
conferenceInfo.m_pAttrs = &conferenceAttribute;

/* set up the user context */
g_strUserContext.threadID = GetCurrentThreadId();
g_strUserContext.index = 1; /* user's own number */

if (cnf_CreateConference(g_boardHandle,
    &conferenceInfo,
    NULL,
    &g_confUserContext,
    EV_ASYNC) == -1)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_CreateConference on board handle %d\n", g_boardHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",
        ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSG(g_boardHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return CNF_FAILURE;
}

sr_waitevt(-1);

voiceHandle = dx_open("dxxxB1C1", 0);
if (voiceHandle < 0)
{
    printf("Failed to open dxxxB1C1\n");

    /* ProcessError( ); */
    return (CNF_FAILURE);
}

partyAttribute.m_nVersion = TSAttribute_VERSION_1;
partyAttribute.m_nAttrType = PARTY_Parm_Party_Mode;
partyAttribute.uValue.m_nVal = PARM_VAL_Party_Mode_FULL;

partyInfo.m_nVersion = TSPartyInfo_VERSION_1;
partyInfo.m_nHandle = voiceHandle;
partyInfo.m_nAttrCount = 1;
partyInfo.m_pAttrs = &partyAttribute;
partyInfo.m_nPartyID = 0;

partyList.m_nVersion = TSPartyList_VERSION_1;
partyList.m_nPartyCount = 1;
partyList.m_ppartyInfo = &partyInfo;

```

```

/* set up the user context */
g_strUserContext.threadID = GetCurrentThreadId();
g_strUserContext.index = 2; /* user's own number */
g_strUserContext.byTimeslot = 0;

if (cnf_AddParty(g_confHandle,
                &partyList,
                &g_partyUserContext,
                EV_ASYNC) == -1)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_AddParty on conference handle %d", g_confHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
          ATDV_LASTERR(g_confHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_confHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
    return (CNF_FAILURE);
}

sr_waitevt(-1);

/* set board attribute */
setPartyAttribute[0].m_nVersion = TSAttribute_VERSION_1;
setPartyAttribute[0].m_nAttrType = PARTY_Parm_Coach_En;
setPartyAttribute[0].uValue.m_nVal = 1;
setPartyAttribute[1].m_nVersion = TSAttribute_VERSION_1;
setPartyAttribute[1].m_nAttrType = PARTY_Parm_Tariff_En;
setPartyAttribute[1].uValue.m_nVal = 1;

setAttributesList.m_nVersion = TSAttributesList_VERSION_1;
setAttributesList.m_nAttrCount = 2;
setAttributesList.m_pAttrs = setPartyAttribute;

g_strUserContext.threadID = GetCurrentThreadId();
g_strUserContext.m_nIndex = 3; /* user's own number */

if(cnf_SetPartyAttributes(g_confHandle,
                          g_PartyID,
                          &setAttributesList,
                          NULL,
                          EV_ASYNC) == -1)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_SetPartyAttributes on party ID %d", g_PartyID);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
          ATDV_LASTERR(g_confHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_confHandle));

    /* ProcessError() */
}

sr_waitevt(-1);

/* Remove the party

    cnf_RemoveParty(...);
*/

sr_waitevt(-1);

if (cnf_DeleteConference(g_boardHandle,
                        g_confHandle,
                        &g_strUserContext,
                        EV_ASYNC) == -1)
{
    printf("Failed to issue cnf_DeleteConference on conf handle %d\n", g_confHandle);
    printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
          ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));
}

```

```

        /* ProcessError() */
        return CNF_FAILURE;
    }

    sr_waitevt(-1);

    if( (cnf_Close(g_boardHandle)) == -1)
    {
        printf("Failed to close %s\n", ATDV_NAMEP(g_boardHandle));
        printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n", \
            ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

        return (CNF_FAILURE);
    }

    return (CNF_SUCCESS);
}

long evt_handler(unsigned long a_evtHandle)
{
    PVOID pEventData;
    int    eventType;
    int    threadID;
    int    index;
    int    nMaximum;
    int    eventDevice;
    int    nDeviceHandle;
    char *pDeviceName;
    bool   byTimeslot;
    strUserContext      *pstrUserContext;
    TSPartyList          *pPartyListReply;
    void                *pUserContext;

    eventType = sr_getevtttype();          /* check the event type */
    pEventData = sr_getevtdata();          /* get the event data p */
    pUserContext = sr_getUserContext(a_evtHandle); /* get user context */
    pstrUserContext = (strUserContext*) (pUserContext);
    if (pstrUserContext != NULL)
    {
        /* Retrieve user context */
        threadID = pstrUserContext->threadID;
        index = pstrUserContext->index;
        byTimeslot = pstrUserContext->byTimeslot;
    }

    switch(eventType)
    {
        case CNFEV_PARTYATTRSET:

            printf("Got CNFEV_PARTYATTRSET event.\n");
            break;

        case CNFEV_SETPARTYATTRFAILED:

            printf("Got CNFEV_SETPARTYATTRFAILED event.\n");
            printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n", \
                ATDV_LASTERR(g_confHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_confHandle));
            break;

        case CNFEV_PARTYADDED:

            printf("Got CNFEV_PARTYADDED event.\n");
            if (!byTimeslot)
            {
                /* retrieve the reply */
                pPartyListReply = (TSPartyList*) (pEventData);
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```
        printf("Party ID: %d\n", pPartyListReply->m_ppartyInfo->m_nPartyID);
        g_PartyID = pPartyListReply->m_ppartyInfo->m_nPartyID;
    }

    break;

    case CNFEV_ADDPARTYFAILED:

        printf("Got CNFEV_ADDPARTYFAILED event.\n");
        printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n", \
            ATDV_LASTERR(g_confHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_confHandle));
        break;

        :
        :
        default:
        break;
    }

    return (0);
}
```

■ **See Also**

- [cnf\\_GetPartyAttributes\(\)](#)

## `cnf_SetVolumeControl()`

**Name:** `int cnf_SetVolumeControl(a_nBrdHandle, a_pVol, a_pUserContext, a_nMode)`

**Inputs:**

<code>int a_nBrdHandle</code>	• physical board device handle
<code>CNF_VOL * a_pVol</code>	• pointer to structure
<code>void *a_pUserContext</code>	• user-supplied pointer used in asynchronous mode
<code>int a_nMode</code>	• mode of operation

**Returns:** `CNF_SUCCESS` for success  
`CNF_FAILURE` for failure

**Includes:** `srllib.h`  
`cnflib.h`

**Category:** Configuration

**Mode:** Synchronous/Asynchronous

**Platform:** DM3

### ■ Description

The `cnf_SetVolumeControl()` function defines DTMF digits used to control the volume of a conference. Digits can be defined to increase, decrease, or reset the volume.

Parameters	Description
<b><code>a_nBrdHandle</code></b>	specifies the valid physical board device handle returned by <code>cnf_Open()</code>
<b><code>a_pVol</code></b>	points to the structure defining DTMF digits used to control the volume of a conference. For more information, see the data structure description for <code>CNF_VOL</code> , on page 122.
<b><code>a_pUserContext</code></b>	in asynchronous mode, specifies a user-supplied pointer that can be retrieved using <code>sr_getUserContext()</code> when the completion event is received. For more information on this function, see the <i>Standard Runtime Library API Library Reference</i> .
<b><code>a_nMode</code></b>	specifies the mode of operation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>EV_ASYNC</code> – asynchronous</li> <li>• <code>EV_SYNC</code> – synchronous</li> </ul>

### ■ Cautions

None

### ■ Errors

If this function returns `CNF_FAILURE`, use the Standard Runtime Library (SRL) Standard Attribute function `ATDV_LASTERR()` to obtain the error code or use `ATDV_ERRMSGP()` to obtain a descriptive error message.

For a list of error codes, see [Chapter 5, “Error Codes”](#).

## ■ Events

CNFEV\_VOLCONTROLSET

Set volume control completed successfully

CNFEV\_SETVOLCONTROLFAILED

Set volume control failed

## ■ Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "cnflib.h"

/* User defined structure */
typedef struct {
    int    threadID;
    int    index;
    bool   byTimeslot;
    int    timeslot;
} strUserContext;

strUserContext    g_strUserContext;

int    g_boardHandle = -1;
long evt_handler(unsigned long a_evtHandle);

int main()
{
    int srlMode = SR_POLLMODE;
    sr_setparm(SRL_DEVICE, SR_MODEID, &srlMode);

    if (sr_enbhdrlr(EV_ANYDEV, EV_ANYEVT, evt_handler) == -1)
    {
        printf("sr_enbhdrlr failed to assign the handler\n");
        return (-1);
    }

    if ((cnf_Open(&g_boardHandle, "brdB1", 0)) == CNF_FAILURE)
    {
        printf("Failed to open brdB1\n");
        return (-1);
    }

    setVolControl.m_nVersion = CNF_VOL_VERSION_1;
    setVolControl.m_volEnable = 1;
    setVolControl.m_volUpDigit = CNF_DIG0;
    setVolControl.m_volDownDigit = CNF_DIG1;
    setVolControl.m_volResetDigit = CNF_DIGSTAR;

    /* set up the user context */
    g_strUserContext.threadID = GetCurrentThreadId();
    g_strUserContext.index = 1; /* user's own number */

    if ((cnf_SetVolumeControl(g_boardHandle,
                             &setVolControl,
                             &g_strUserContext,
                             EV_ASYNC)) == CNF_FAILURE)
    {
        printf("Failed to issue cnf_SetVolumeControl on board handle %d\n", g_boardHandle);
        printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
              ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));
    }
}
```



```

        /* ProcessError() */
        return (-1);
    }

    /* wait for the event */
    sr_waitevt(-1);

    if( (cnf_Close(g_boardHandle)) == CNF_FAILURE)
    {
        printf("Failed to close %s\n", ATDV_NAMEP(g_boardHandle));
        printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
            ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));

        return(-1);
    }

    return (0);
}

long evt_handler(unsigned long a_evtHandle)
{
    PVOID pEventData;
    int   eventType;
    int   threadID = 0;
    int   index;
    int   eventDevice;

    strUserContext      *pstrUserContext;
    void                *pUserContext;

    eventType = sr_getevtttype();           /* check the event type */
    pEventData = sr_getevtdatap();          /* get the event data p */
    pUserContext = sr_getUserContext(a_evtHandle); /* get user context */
    pstrUserContext = (strUserContext*) (pUserContext);
    if (pstrUserContext != NULL)
    {
        /* Retrieve user context */
        threadID = pstrUserContext->threadID;
        index = pstrUserContext->index;
    }

    switch(eventType)
    {
        case CNFEV_VOLCONTROLSET:

            printf("Got CNFEV_VOLCONTROLSET event.\n");
            break;

        case CNFEV_SETVOLCONTROLFAILED:
            printf("Got CNFEV_SETVOLCONTROLFAILED event.\n");
            printf("Error code = 0x%x, Error message = %s\n",\
                ATDV_LASTERR(g_boardHandle), ATDV_ERRMSGP(g_boardHandle));
            break;
        :
        :

        default:
            break;
    }
    return (0);
}

```

#### ■ See Also

- [cnf\\_GetVolumeControl\(\)](#)



This chapter provides information on events that may be returned by the conferencing software.

An event indicates that a specific activity has occurred on a channel. The host library reports channel activity to the application program in the form of events, which allows the program to identify and respond to a specific occurrence on a channel. Events provide feedback on the progress and completion of functions and indicate the occurrence of other channel activities. Conferencing library events are defined in the *cnflib.h* header file.

Events in the conferencing library can be categorized as follows:

- termination events, which are produced when a function running in asynchronous mode terminates.
- unsolicited events, which are not generated in response to the completion of a function. Rather, they are generated in response to a condition of a given function.

The conferencing library provides a pair of termination events for each function, to indicate successful completion or failure. To collect termination event codes, use Standard Runtime Library (SRL) functions such as **sr\_waitevt()** and **sr\_enbhdr()** depending on the programming model in use. For more information, see the Standard Runtime Library documentation.

The following events may be returned by the conferencing software:

**CNFEV\_ACTTALKERS**

Termination event for **cnf\_GetActiveTalkers()**. Get active talkers completed successfully.

**CNFEV\_ADDPARTYFAILED**

Termination event for **cnf\_AddParty()** or **cnf\_AddPartyByTimeslot()**. Failed to add parties.

**CNFEV\_ALLCONFDELETED**

Termination event for **cnf\_DeleteAllConferences()**. All conferences deleted successfully.

**CNFEV\_ATTACHCONFFAILED**

Termination event for **cnf\_AttachConference()**. Open conference operation failed.

**CNFEV\_BRDATTR**

Termination event for **cnf\_GetBoardAttributes()**. Get board attributes operation completed successfully.

**CNFEV\_BRDATTRSET**

Termination event for **cnf\_SetBoardAttributes()**. Set board attributes operation completed successfully.

**CNFEV\_BRIDGECREATED**

Termination event for **cnf\_CreateBridge()**. Two conferences bridged successfully.

**CNFEV\_BRIDGEDELETED**

Termination event for **cnf\_DeleteBridge()**. Bridge deleted successfully.

**CNFEV\_CONFATTACHED**

Termination event for [cnf\\_AttachConference\(\)](#). Conference opened successfully.

**CNFEV\_CONFATTR**

Termination event for [cnf\\_GetConferenceAttributes\(\)](#). Get conference attributes operation completed successfully.

**CNFEV\_CONFATTRSET**

Termination event for [cnf\\_SetConferenceAttributes\(\)](#). Set conference attributes operation completed successfully.

**CNFEV\_CONF\_CREATED**

Termination event for [cnf\\_CreateConference\(\)](#). Conference created successfully.

**CNFEV\_CONFDELETED**

Termination event for [cnf\\_DeleteConference\(\)](#). Conference deleted successfully.

**CNFEV\_CREATEBRIDGEFAILED**

Termination event for [cnf\\_CreateBridge\(\)](#). Bridging two conferences failed.

**CNFEV\_CREATECONFFAILED**

Termination event for [cnf\\_CreateConference\(\)](#). Create conference failed.

**CNFEV\_DELETEALLCONFFAILED**

Termination event for [cnf\\_DeleteAllConferences\(\)](#). Delete all conferences failed.

**CNFEV\_DELETEBRIDGEFAILED**

Termination event for [cnf\\_DeleteBridge\(\)](#). Delete bridge failed.

**CNFEV\_DELETECONFFAILED**

Termination event for [cnf\\_DeleteConference\(\)](#). Delete conference failed.

**CNFEV\_DISABLEEVTFAILED**

Termination event for [cnf\\_DisableEvents\(\)](#). Disable events for a board or conference failed.

**CNFEV\_DTMF**

Unsolicited event that is sent on the conference handle when a conference detects DTMF digits. The digits are returned with the CNFEV\_DTMF event. This event is enabled using [cnf\\_EnableEvents\(\)](#).

**CNFEV\_ENABLEEVTFAILED**

Termination event for [cnf\\_EnableEvents\(\)](#). Enable events for a board or conference failed.

**CNFEV\_EVTDISABLED**

Termination event for [cnf\\_DisableEvents\(\)](#). Events for a board or conference disabled successfully.

**CNFEV\_EVTENABLED**

Termination event for [cnf\\_EnableEvents\(\)](#). Events for a board or conference enabled successfully.

**CNFEV\_GETACTTALKERSFAILED**

Termination event for [cnf\\_GetActiveTalkers\(\)](#). Get active talkers failed.

**CNFEV\_GETBRDATTRFAILED**

Termination event for [cnf\\_GetBoardAttributes\(\)](#). Get board attributes failed.

**CNFEV\_GETCONFATTRFAILED**

Termination event for [cnf\\_GetConferenceAttributes\(\)](#). Get conference attributes operation failed.

**CNFEV\_GETPARTYATTRFAILED**

Termination event for [cnf\\_GetPartyAttributes\(\)](#). Get party attributes operation failed.

**CNFEV\_GETPARTYLISTFAILED**

Termination event for [cnf\\_GetPartyList\(\)](#). Get party list failed.

**CNFEV\_GETRESCOUNTFAILED**

Termination event for [cnf\\_GetResourceCount\(\)](#). Get resource count completed successfully.

**CNFEV\_GETVOLCONTROLFAILED**

Termination event for [cnf\\_GetVolumeControl\(\)](#). Get volume control failed.

**CNFEV\_PARTYADDED**

Termination event for [cnf\\_AddParty\(\)](#). Party added successfully.

**CNFEV\_PARTYATTR**

Termination event for [cnf\\_GetPartyAttributes\(\)](#). Get party attributes completed successfully.

**CNFEV\_PARTYATTRSET**

Termination event for [cnf\\_SetPartyAttributes\(\)](#). Set party attributes completed successfully.

**CNFEV\_PARTYLIST**

Termination event for [cnf\\_GetPartyList\(\)](#). Get party list completed successfully.

**CNFEV\_PARTYREMOVED**

Termination event for [cnf\\_RemoveParty\(\)](#). Party removed successfully.

**CNFEV\_REMOVEPARTYFAILED**

Termination event for [cnf\\_RemoveParty\(\)](#). Remove party operation failed.

**CNFEV\_RESCOUNT**

Termination event for [cnf\\_GetResourceCount\(\)](#). Get resource count failed.

**CNFEV\_SETBRDATTRFAILED**

Termination event for [cnf\\_SetBoardAttributes\(\)](#). Set board attributes operation failed.

**CNFEV\_SETCONFATTRFAILED**

Termination event for [cnf\\_SetConferenceAttributes\(\)](#). Set conference attributes operation failed.

**CNFEV\_SETPARTYATTRFAILED**

Termination event for [cnf\\_SetPartyAttributes\(\)](#). Set party attributes operation failed.

**CNFEV\_SETVOLCONTROLFAILED**

Termination event for [cnf\\_SetVolumeControl\(\)](#). Set volume control failed.

**CNFEV\_STATUSADDPARTY**

Unsolicited event that is sent to the conference device handle when a party is added using [cnf\\_AddParty\(\)](#). This unsolicited event is different from the termination event as it can be sent to other processes attached to the same conference (using [cnf\\_AttachConference\(\)](#)) even though those processes did not initiate the add party operation. This unsolicited event allows all processes to be informed of changes in a given conference.

**CNFEV\_STATUSPARTYREMOVED**

Unsolicited event that is sent to the conference device handle when a party is removed using [cnf\\_RemoveParty\(\)](#). This unsolicited event is different from the termination event as it can be sent to other processes attached to the same conference (using [cnf\\_AttachConference\(\)](#)) even though those processes did not initiate the remove party operation. This unsolicited event allows all processes to be informed of changes in a given conference.

**CNFEV\_VOLCONTROL**

Termination event for [cnf\\_GetVolumeControl\(\)](#). Get volume control completed successfully.

**CNFEV\_VOLCONTROLSET**

Termination event for [cnf\\_SetVolumeControl\(\)](#). Set volume control completed successfully.

This chapter provides an alphabetical reference to the data structures used by the conferencing library. The following data structures are discussed:

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## CNF\_DIGINFO

```
typedef struct cnf_diginfo
{
    unsigned int m_nVersion; /* Version of this structure */
    unsigned int m_nPartyID; /* Party Identifier */
    unsigned int m_nPartyGroup; /* Party Group # */
    unsigned char m_nDigits[MAX_CNFDIGS+1]; /* ASCIIZ Digits */
} CNF_DIGINFO;
```

### ■ Description

The CNF\_DIGINFO data structure contains information about DTMF digits and the party that generated these digits. It is defined in *cnflib.h*.

### ■ Field Descriptions

The fields of the CNF\_DIGINFO data structure are described as follows:

**m\_nVersion**

version of the data structure. Used to ensure that an application is binary compatible with future changes to this data structure. The current version of this data structure is CNF\_DIGINFO\_VERSION\_1.

**m\_nPartyID**

contains the party identification number

**m\_nPartyGroup**

contains the party group identifier

**m\_nDigits**

contains the digits entered by the specified party in the conference. The maximum number of digits is determined by the MAX\_CNFDIGS define plus 1 for the NULL termination character. See *cnflib.h* for the MAX\_CNFDIGS definition.

### ■ Example

None



## CNF\_RES

```
typedef struct
{
    unsigned int m_nVersion;
    unsigned short m_nBrdMaxParties;
    unsigned short m_nBrdFreeParties;
    unsigned short m_nBrdMaxConferences;
    unsigned short m_nBrdFreeConferences;
    unsigned int m_nGroupCount;
    TSPartyGroupRes *m_pGroups;
} CNF_RES;
```

### ■ Description

The CNF\_RES data structure contains the total number of party groups, party resources, and conference resources available on a given physical board. This data structure is used by the [cnf\\_GetResourceCount\(\)](#) function. This data structure is defined in *cnflib.h*.

### ■ Field Descriptions

The fields of the CNF\_RES data structure are described as follows:

**m\_nVersion**  
version of the data structure. Used to ensure that an application is binary compatible with future changes to this data structure. The current version of this data structure is CNF\_RES\_VERSION\_1.

**m\_nBrdMaxParties**  
specifies the maximum number of party resources available on the board

**m\_nBrdFreeParties**  
specifies the number of free party resources available on the board

**m\_nBrdMaxConferences**  
specifies the maximum number of conferences available on the board

**m\_nBrdFreeConferences**  
specifies the number of free conferences available on the board

**m\_nGroupCount**  
specifies the number of elements in the m\_pGroups array

**m\_pGroups**  
specifies an array of m\_nGroupCount groups. For more information, see the data structure description for [TSPartyGroupRes](#), on page 133.

### ■ Example

For an example of the CNF\_RES data structure, see the Example section of the [cnf\\_GetResourceCount\(\)](#) function description.

## CNF\_VOL

```
typedef struct
{
    int m_nVersion;
    int m_volEnable;
    int m_volUpDigit;
    int m_volDownDigit;
    int m_volResetDigit;
} CNF_VOL;

typedef enum cnf_dig
{
    CNF_DIG0
    CNF_DIG1
    CNF_DIG2
    CNF_DIG3
    CNF_DIG4
    CNF_DIG5
    CNF_DIG6
    CNF_DIG7
    CNF_DIG8
    CNF_DIG9
    CNF_DIGSTAR
    CNF_DIGPOUND
    CNF_DIGA
    CNF_DIGB
    CNF_DIGC
    CNF_DIGD

    /*
     * These are used by CONF_Parm_DTMF_Mask to add, remove or set the DTMF
     * mask in cnf_SetConferenceAttributes().
     */
    CNF_DIG_ADD_MASK
    CNF_DIG_SUB_MASK
    CNF_DIG_SET_MASK
} CNF_DIG;
```

### ■ Description

The CNF\_VOL data structure specifies whether or not volume control is active and contains definitions of DTMF digits used to control the volume of a conference. This data structure is defined in *cnflib.h*.

### ■ Field Descriptions

The fields of the CNF\_VOL data structure are described as follows:

**m\_nVersion**

version of the data structure. Used to ensure that an application is binary compatible with future changes to this data structure. The current version of this data structure is CNF\_VOL\_VERSION\_1.

**m\_volEnable**

enables or disables volume control on a physical board. Values are 1 to enable and 0 to disable.

**m\_volUpDigit**

specifies the digit used to increase the volume. This digit is specified using one of the values in the CNF\_DIG enumeration. The volume increment is 2 dB.

m\_volDownDigit

specifies the digit used to decrease the volume. This digit is specified using one of the values in the CNF\_DIG enumeration. The volume decrement is 2 dB.

m\_volResetDigit

specifies the digit used to reset the volume to its default level. This digit is specified using the CNF\_DIG enumeration. The default volume and origin is 0 dB.

#### ■ Example

For an example of the CNF\_VOL data structure, see the Example section in [cnf\\_SetVolumeControl\(\)](#) function description.

## TSAttribute

```
typedef struct SAttribute
{
    unsigned int m_nVersion;          /* Version of this structure */
    unsigned int m_nAttrType;
    /* One of: EPartyAttributes, EConferenceAttributes, EBoardAttributes */
    union
    {
        int m_nVal;
    } uValue;
} TSPartyAttribute, TSConferenceAttribute, TSBoardAttribute, TSAttribute;

typedef enum
{
    PARM_VAL_Party_Mode_NULL = 0, /* Null party means no timeslots assigned */
    PARM_VAL_Party_Mode_FULL    /* Full-duplex party */
    PARM_VAL_Party_Mode_RCV     /* Receive-only party (same as Monitor) */
    PARM_VAL_Party_Mode_XMIT    /* Transmit-only */
} EPARTY_Parm_Party_Mode;

typedef enum
{
    PARTY_Parm_Party_Mode          /* use EPARTY_Parm_Party_Mode */
    PARTY_Parm_Echo_Cancel_En      /* 1 = Enable, 0 = Disable */
    PARTY_Parm_Tariff_En           /* 1 = Enable, 0 = Disable */
    PARTY_Parm_AGC_En              /* 1 = Enable, 0 = Disable */
    PARTY_Parm_Broadcast_En        /* 1 = Enable, 0 = Disable */
    PARTY_Parm_Coach_En            /* 1 = Enable, 0 = Disable */
    PARTY_Parm_Pupil_En            /* 1 = Enable, 0 = Disable */
    PARTY_Parm_ToneClampingPty     /* 1 = Enable, 0 = Disable */
} EPartyAttributes;

typedef enum
{
    CONF_Parm_ToneClamping          /* 1 = Enable, 0 = Disable */
    CONF_Parm_DTMF_Mask             /* CNF_DIG values can be ORED to form the mask */
} EConferenceAttributes;

typedef enum
{
    BOARD_Parm_Act_Talk_En          /* 0 = Enable, 0xFFFF = Disable */
    BOARD_Parm_ToneClamping         /* 1 = Enable, 0 = Disable */
    BOARD_Parm_ActTalkerNotifyInterval /* Interval is x 100 ms. */
} EBoardAttributes;
```

### ■ Description

The TSAttribute data structure contains information about the attributes of a party, conference, or physical board. It has several aliases: TSPartyAttribute, TSConferenceAttribute, and TSBoardAttribute. This data structure is defined in *cnflib.h*.

### ■ Field Descriptions

The fields of the TSAttribute data structure are described as follows:

#### m\_nVersion

version of the data structure. Used to ensure that an application is binary compatible with future changes to this data structure. The current version of this data structure is TSAttribute\_VERSION\_1.

`m_nAttrType`

specifies the type of attribute: party, conference, or board. Possible values are defined in these three enumerations:

- `EPartyAttributes`
- `EConferenceAttributes`
- `EBoardAttributes`

`m_nVal`

specifies the value of the parameter attribute indicated in `EPartyAttributes`, `EConferenceAttributes` or `EBoardAttributes`. See Table 1 for a description of each attribute.

**Table 1. Attributes in *TSAttribute* Data Structure**

Attribute Type	Attribute	Description
<code>EBoardAttributes</code>	<code>BOARD_Parm_Act_Talk_En</code>	enables or disables active talker on the physical board
<code>EBoardAttributes</code>	<code>BOARD_Parm_ActTalkerNotifyInterval</code>	changes the default firmware interval for active talker notification events on the physical board. The value must be passed in 10 msec units. The default setting is 20 (0.2 seconds).
<code>EBoardAttributes</code>	<code>BOARD_Parm_ToneClamping</code>	enables or disables tone clamping to reduce the amount of DTMF tones heard on a per party basis on the physical board. The default setting is enabled.
<code>EConferenceAttributes</code>	<code>CONF_Parm_DTMF_Mask</code>	specifies a mask for the DTMF digits used for volume control. <code>CNF_DIG</code> values can be ORed to form the mask. For more information about <code>CNF_DIG</code> values, see <a href="#">CNF_VOL</a> , on page 122.
<code>EConferenceAttributes</code>	<code>CONF_Parm_ToneClamping</code>	enables or disables DTMF tone clamping for the conference. Values are 0 to disable and 1 to enable. The default setting is enabled.
<code>EPartyAttributes</code>	<code>PARTY_Parm_AGC_En</code>	automatic gain control. Values are 0 to disable and 1 to enable. The default setting is disabled.
<code>EPartyAttributes</code>	<code>PARTY_Parm_Broadcast_En</code>	one party can speak while all other parties are muted. Values are 0 to disable and 1 to enable. The default setting is disabled.
<code>EPartyAttributes</code>	<code>PARTY_Parm_Coach_En</code>	party is set to coach. Coach is heard by pupil only. Values are 0 to disable and 1 to enable. The default setting is disabled.
<code>EPartyAttributes</code>	<code>PARTY_Parm_Echo_Cancel</code>	enables or disables echo cancellation for the party. Values are 0 to disable and 1 to enable. The default setting is disabled. The echo cancellation feature provides 128 taps (16 msec) of echo cancellation. <b>Note:</b> This attribute is only supported by <a href="#">cnf_AddParty()</a> and <a href="#">cnf_AddPartyByTimeslot()</a> . The <a href="#">cnf_SetPartyAttributes()</a> function cannot be used to set or modify echo cancellation.
<code>EPartyAttributes</code>	<code>PARTY_Parm_Party_Mode</code>	uses <code>EPARTY_Parm_Party_Mode</code> which is described below

Table 1. Attributes in TSAttribute Data Structure (Continued)

Attribute Type	Attribute	Description
EPartyAttributes	PARTY_Parm_Pupil_En	party is set to pupil. Pupil hears everyone including the coach. Values are 0 to disable and 1 to enable. The default setting is disabled.
EPartyAttributes	PARTY_Parm_Tariff_En	party receives periodic tone for duration of the call. Values are 0 to disable and 1 to enable. The default setting is disabled.
EPartyAttributes	PARTY_Parm_ToneClampingPty	DTMF tone clamping for the party. Values are 0 to disable and 1 to enable. The default setting is disabled.
EParty_Parm_Party_Mode	PARM_VAL_Party_Mode_FULL	indicates that the party may transmit and receive in the conference
EParty_Parm_Party_Mode	PARM_VAL_Party_Mode_NULL	indicates that no time slots are assigned. If this value is specified, no other party attributes can be specified. This is the default setting. This mode is used to reserve party resources for future use.
EParty_Parm_Party_Mode	PARM_VAL_Party_Mode_RCV	indicates that the party is in receive-only mode in the conference
EParty_Parm_Party_Mode	PARM_VAL_Party_Mode_XMIT	indicates that the party is in transmit-only mode in the conference

#### ■ Example

For an example of the TSAttribute data structure, see the Example section of the [cnf\\_AddParty\(\)](#) and [cnf\\_SetPartyAttributes\(\)](#) function description.

## TSAttributesList

```
typedef struct SAttributesList
{
    unsigned int m_nVersion; /* Version of this structure */
    unsigned int m_nAttrCount;
    TSAttribute *m_pAttrs;
} TSAttributesList;
```

### ■ Description

The TSAttributesList data structure specifies attributes for a party, a conference, or a physical board. This structure is defined in *cnflib.h*.

### ■ Field Descriptions

The fields of the TSAttributesList data structure are described as follows:

**m\_nVersion**

version of the data structure. Used to ensure that an application is binary compatible with future changes to this data structure. The current version of this data structure is TSAttributesList\_VERSION\_1.

**m\_nAttrCount**

specifies the number of elements in the m\_pAttrs attributes array

**m\_pAttrs**

specifies an array of m\_nAttrCount attributes for the party, conference, or physical board. For more information about attributes, see the data structure description for [TSAttribute](#), on page 124.

### ■ Example

For an example of the TSAttributesList data structure, see the Example section of the [cnf\\_SetBoardAttributes\(\)](#), [cnf\\_SetConferenceAttributes\(\)](#), and [cnf\\_SetPartyAttributes\(\)](#) function description.

## TSConferenceInfo

```
typedef struct SConferenceInfo
{
    unsigned int m_nVersion; /* Version of this structure */
    unsigned int m_nPartyGroup;
    unsigned int m_nAttrCount;
    TSConferenceAttribute *m_pAttrs;
} TSConferenceInfo;
```

### ■ Description

The TSConferenceInfo data structure contains information about a conference. This data structure is defined in *cnflib.h*.

### ■ Field Descriptions

The fields of the TSConferenceInfo data structure are described as follows:

#### m\_nVersion

version of the data structure. Used to ensure that an application is binary compatible with future changes to this data structure. The current version of this data structure is TSConferenceInfo\_VERSION\_1.

#### m\_nPartyGroup

specifies the party group. Set to 0 if it doesn't matter which party group the conference will belong to. For a specific party group, specify the party group number in this field. The party group number is obtained from the data returned by [cnf\\_GetResourceCount\(\)](#). For more information on party groups and resource management, see the *Conferencing API Programming Guide*.

#### m\_nAttrCount

specifies the number of elements in the m\_pAttrs attributes array

#### m\_pAttrs

specifies an array of m\_nAttrCount attributes for the conference. For more information, see the data structure description for [TSAttribute](#), on page 124. (The TSConferenceAttribute data structure is an alias for TSAttribute.)

### ■ Example

For an example of the TSConferenceInfo data structure, see the Example section of the [cnf\\_CreateConference\(\)](#) function description.



## TSCreateConferenceReply

```
typedef struct SCreateConferenceReply
{
    unsigned int m_nVersion; /* Version of this structure */
    int m_nConfHandle;
    char m_szConfName[MAX_CNFNAM + 1];
} TSCreateConferenceReply;
```

### ■ Description

The TSCreateConferenceReply data structure specifies conference information returned by the [cnf\\_CreateConference\(\)](#) function. This data structure is defined in *cnflib.h*.

### ■ Field Descriptions

The fields of the TSCreateConferenceReply data structure are described as follows:

**m\_nVersion**

version of the data structure. Used to ensure that an application is binary compatible with future changes to this data structure. The current version of this data structure is TSCreateConferenceReply\_VERSION\_1.

**m\_nConfHandle**

specifies the conference handle

**m\_szConfName**

specifies the conference name. The maximum length of the name is determined by the MAX\_CNFNAM define, plus 1 for the NULL termination character. See *cnflib.h* for the MAX\_CNFNAM definition.

### ■ Example

For an example of the TSCreateConferenceReply data structure, see the Example section of the [cnf\\_AttachConference\(\)](#) function description.

## TSEventsList

```
typedef struct SEventsList
{
    unsigned int m_nVersion;      /* Version of this structure */
    unsigned int m_nEventCount;
    EListOfEvents *m_pEvents;
} TSEventsList;

typedef enum
{
    CNFENB_Event_DTMFDetection    /* triggers CNFEV_DTMF */
    CNFENB_Event_StatusChanged
} EListOfEvents;
```

### ■ Description

The TSEventsList data structure contains information about events. This data structure is used by the [cnf\\_EnableEvents\(\)](#) and [cnf\\_DisableEvents\(\)](#) functions. This structure is defined in *cnflib.h*.

### ■ Field Descriptions

The fields of the TSEventsList data structure are described as follows:

#### m\_nVersion

version of the data structure. Used to ensure that an application is binary compatible with future changes to this data structure. The current version of this data structure is TSEventsList\_VERSION\_1.

#### m\_nEventCount

specifies the number of elements in the m\_pEvents events array

#### m\_pEvents

specifies an array of m\_nEventCount events. The EListOfEvents data type is an enumeration that defines the following values:

- CNFENB\_Event\_DTMFDetection – indicates that DTMF detection is enabled. The CNFEV\_DTMF event is returned when the operation is complete.
- CNFENB\_Event\_StatusChanged – indicates that the status of the event has changed. The events returned are CNFEV\_STATUSADDPARTY or CNFEV\_STATUSPARTYREMOVED.

### ■ Example

For an example of the TSEventsList data structure, see the Example section of the [cnf\\_EnableEvents\(\)](#) function description.

## TSThirdPartyInfo

```
typedef struct TSThirdPartyInfo
{
    unsigned int m_nVersion; /* Version of this structure */
    unsigned int m_nPartyID;
    long m_nTxTimeslot;
    long m_nRxTimeslot;
    unsigned int m_nAttrCount;
    TSPartyAttribute *m_pAttrs;
} TSThirdPartyInfo;
```

### ■ Description

The TSThirdPartyInfo data structure contains information about the third party. This data structure is included in the [TSThirdPartyList](#) structure. It is defined in *cnflib.h*.

### ■ Field Descriptions

The fields of the TSThirdPartyInfo data structure are described as follows:

#### m\_nVersion

version of the data structure. Used to ensure that an application is binary compatible with future changes to this data structure. The current version of this data structure is TSThirdPartyInfo\_VERSION\_1.

#### m\_nPartyID

contains the party identification number (a returned value)

#### m\_nTxTimeslot

specifies the transmit time slot number of the third party

#### m\_nRxTimeslot

specifies the receive time slot number of the third party

#### m\_nAttrCount

specifies the number of elements in the m\_pAttrs attributes array

#### m\_pAttrs

specifies an array of m\_nAttrCount attributes for the third party. For more information, see the data structure description for [TSAttribute](#), on page 124. The TSPartyAttribute data structure is an alias of TSAttribute.

### ■ Example

For an example of the TSThirdPartyInfo data structure, see the Example section of the [cnf\\_AddPartyByTimeslot\( \)](#) function description.

## TSThirdPartyList

```
typedef struct TSThirdPartyList
{
    unsigned int m_nVersion; /* Version of this structure */
    unsigned int m_nPartyCount;
    TSThirdPartyInfo *m_pPartyInfo;
} TSThirdPartyList;
```

### ■ Description

The TSThirdPartyList data structure contains a count of the external parties and points to the [TSThirdPartyInfo](#) structure. It is defined in *cnflib.h*.

### ■ Field Descriptions

The fields of the TSThirdPartyList data structure are described as follows:

**m\_nVersion**

version of the data structure. Used to ensure that an application is binary compatible with future changes to this data structure. The current version of this data structure is TSThirdPartyList\_VERSION\_1.

**m\_nPartyCount**

specifies the number of elements in the m\_pPartyInfo parties array

**m\_pPartyInfo**

specifies an array of m\_nPartyCount parties. For more information, see the data structure description for [TSThirdPartyInfo](#), on page 131.

### ■ Example

For an example of the TSThirdPartyList data structure, see the Example section of the [cnf\\_AddPartyByTimeslot\( \)](#) function description.

## TSPartyGroupRes

```
typedef struct
{
    unsigned int m_nVersion;
    unsigned short m_nGrpMaxParties;
    unsigned short m_nGrpFreeParties;
    unsigned short m_nGrpMaxConferences;
    unsigned short m_nGrpFreeConferences;
} TSPartyGroupRes;
```

### ■ Description

The TSPartyGroupRes data structure contains the number of party resources and conference resources available in a party group. A party group is a collection of resources on the board. This structure is defined in *cnflib.h*.

For more information about party groups and resource management, see the *Conferencing API Programming Guide*.

### ■ Field Descriptions

The fields of the TSPartyGroupRes data structure are described as follows:

**m\_nVersion**

version of the data structure. Used to ensure that an application is binary compatible with future changes to this data structure. The current version of this data structure is TSPartyGroupRes\_VERSION\_1.

**m\_nGrpMaxParties**

specifies the maximum number of party resources available in the party group

**m\_nGrpFreeParties**

specifies the number of free party resources available in the party group

**m\_nGrpMaxConferences**

specifies the maximum number of conferences available in the party group

**m\_nGrpFreeConferences**

specifies the number of free conferences available in the party group

### ■ Example

For an example of the TSPartyGroupRes data structure, see the Example section of the [cnf\\_GetResourceCount\(\)](#) function description.

## TSPartyInfo

```
typedef struct TSPartyInfo
{
    unsigned int m_nVersion; /* Version of this structure */
    unsigned int m_nPartyID;
    int m_nHandle;
    unsigned int m_nAttrCount;
    TSPartyAttribute *m_pAttrs;
} TSPartyInfo;
```

### ■ Description

The TSPartyInfo data structure contains information about the party. This data structure is included in the [TSPartyList](#) structure. It is defined in *cnflib.h*.

### ■ Field Descriptions

The fields of the TSPartyInfo data structure are described as follows:

**m\_nVersion**

version of the data structure. Used to ensure that an application is binary compatible with future changes to this data structure. The current version of this data structure is TSPartyInfo\_VERSION\_1.

**m\_nPartyID**

contains the party identification number (a returned value)

**m\_nHandle**

contains the party handle, obtained from calls such as **dx\_open()**, **dt\_open()**, **gc\_GetResourceH()**, and **ipm\_open()**

**m\_nAttrCount**

specifies the number of elements in the m\_nAttrCount attributes array

**m\_pAttrs**

specifies an array of m\_nAttrCount attributes for the party. For more information, see the data structure description for [TSAttribute](#), on page 124. The TSPartyAttribute data structure is an alias of TSAttribute.

### ■ Example

For an example of the TSPartyInfo data structure, see the Example section of the [cnf\\_AddParty\(\)](#) function description.

## TSPartyList

```
typedef struct SPartyList
{
    unsigned int m_nVersion; /* Version of this structure */
    unsigned int m_nPartyCount;
    TSPartyInfo *m_pPartyInfo;
} TSPartyList;
```

### ■ Description

The TSPartyList data structure contains a count of the parties and points to the [TSPartyInfo](#) structure. It is defined in *cnflib.h*.

### ■ Field Descriptions

The fields of the TSPartyList data structure are described as follows:

**m\_nVersion**

version of the data structure. Used to ensure that an application is binary compatible with future changes to this data structure. The current version of this data structure is TSPartyList\_VERSION\_1.

**m\_nPartyCount**

specifies the number of elements in the m\_pPartyInfo parties array

**m\_pPartyInfo**

specifies an array of m\_nPartyCount parties. For more information, see the data structure description for [TSPartyInfo](#), on page 134.

### ■ Example

For an example of the TSPartyList data structure, see the Example section of the [cnf\\_AddParty\(\)](#) function description.





This chapter lists the error codes used by the conferencing software.

If a library function returns `CNF_FAILURE` to indicate failure, use the standard attribute function `ATDV_LASTERR()` to return the error code and `ATDV_ERRMSGP()` to return the error description. These functions are described in the *Standard Runtime Library API Library Reference*.

The error codes used by the conferencing software are defined in *cnflib.h*. They are described as follows:

**ECNF\_BUFFERTOOSMALL**

buffer too small. Some conferencing functions point to buffers which can contain attributes, counts and so on. Be sure to allocate an appropriate buffer size.

**ECNF\_COMMANDNOTSUPPORTED**

function not supported on the specified device handle

**ECNF\_COMMANDTIMEDOUT**

function timed out while waiting for a response from the board

**ECNF\_DM3SUBSYSTEMERROR**

a severe internal error

**ECNF\_INVALIDARGUMENT**

invalid argument passed to a function

**ECNF\_INVALIDATTRIBUTE**

invalid attribute passed to a function

**ECNF\_INVALIDBRIDGE**

invalid bridge passed to `cnf_DeleteBridge()`

**ECNF\_INVALIDCONFNAME**

invalid conference name passed to `cnf_AttachConference()`

**ECNF\_INVALIDDEVICEHANDLE**

invalid device handle for a board, conference, or party

**ECNF\_INVALIDEVENT**

invalid event passed to `cnf_EnableEvents()` or `cnf_DisableEvents()`

**ECNF\_INVALIDPARTY**

invalid party passed to `cnf_AddParty()`

**ECNF\_INVALIDPHYSICALBOARD**

invalid physical board name passed to `cnf_Open()`

**ECNF\_INVALIDTIMESLOT**

invalid time slot passed to `cnf_AddPartyByTimeslot()`

**ECNF\_MAXEDOUTRESOURCES**

system resources maxed out. The number of conferences or parties that can be added on a physical board have been exhausted.

ECNF\_NULLPOINTERARGUMENT

one or more arguments to the function had an unexpected NULL value

ECNF\_OUTOFMEMORY

internal memory allocation error indicating that system is low on memory

ECNF\_TIMESLOTDOLERFAILED

TDM bus time slot allocation failed

## Glossary

---

**active talker:** A participant in a conference who is providing “non-silence” energy.

**automatic gain control (AGC):** An electronic circuit used to maintain the audio signal volume at a constant level. AGC maintains nearly constant gain during voice signals, thereby avoiding distortion, and optimizes the perceptual quality of voice signals by using a new method to process silence intervals (background noise).

**asynchronous function:** A function that allows program execution to continue without waiting for a task to complete. To implement an asynchronous function, an application-defined event handler must be enabled to trap and process the completed event. Contrast with [synchronous function](#).

**bit mask:** A pattern which selects or ignores specific bits in a bit-mapped control or status field.

**bitmap:** An entity of data (byte or word) in which individual bits contain independent control or status information.

**board device:** A board-level object that maps to a physical board.

**buffer:** A block of memory or temporary storage device that holds data until it can be processed. It is used to compensate for the difference in the rate of the flow of information (or time occurrence of events) when transmitting data from one device to another.

**bus:** An electronic path that allows communication between multiple points or devices in a system.

**busy device:** A device that has one of the following characteristics: is stopped, being configured, has a multitasking or non-multitasking function active on it, or I/O function active on it.

**channel:** 1. When used in reference to an Intel® Dialogic® analog expansion board, an audio path, or the activity happening on that audio path (for example, when you say the channel goes off-hook). 2. When used in reference to an Intel Dialogic digital expansion board, a data path, or the activity happening on that data path. 3. When used in reference to a bus, an electrical circuit carrying control information and data.

**channel device:** A channel-level object that can be manipulated by a physical library, such as an individual telephone line connection. A channel is also a subdevice of a board.

**CO (Central Office):** A local phone network exchange, the telephone company facility where subscriber lines are linked, through switches, to other subscriber lines (including local and long distance lines). The term “Central Office” is used in North America. The rest of the world calls it “PTT”, for Post, Telephone, and Telegraph.

**coach:** A participant in a conference that can be heard by pupils only. A mentoring relationship exists between a coach and a pupil.

**computer telephony (CT):** The extension of computer-based intelligence and processing over the telephone network to a telephone. Sometimes called computer-telephony integration (CTI), it lets you interact with computer databases or applications from a telephone, and enables computer-based applications to access the telephone network. Computer telephony technology supports applications such as: automatic call processing; automatic

speech recognition; text-to-speech conversion for information-on-demand; call switching and conferencing; unified messaging, which lets you access or transmit voice, fax, and e-mail messages from a single point; voice mail and voice messaging; fax systems, including fax broadcasting, fax mailboxes, fax-on-demand, and fax gateways; transaction processing, such as Audiotex and Pay-Per-Call information systems; and call centers handling a large number of agents or telephone operators for processing requests for products, services, or information.

**conferee:** Participant in a conference call. Synonym of [party](#).

**conference:** Ability for two or more participants in a telephone call to speak to and listen to one another in the same call.

**conferencing:** Ability to perform a conference.

**conference bridging:** Ability for all participants in two or more established telephone conferences to speak to and/or listen to one another.

**configuration file:** An unformatted ASCII file that stores device initialization information for an application.

**convenience function:** A class of functions that simplify application writing, sometimes by calling other, lower-level API functions.

**CPE:** customer premises equipment.

**CT Bus:** Computer Telephony bus. A time division multiplexing communications bus that provides 4096 time slots for transmission of digital information between CT Bus products. See [TDM bus](#).

**data structure:** Programming term for a data element consisting of fields, where each field may have a different type definition and length. A group of data structure elements usually share a common purpose or functionality.

**DCM:** Dialogic Configuration Manager. A utility with a graphical user interface (GUI) that enables you to add new boards to your system, start and stop system service, and work with board configuration data.

**device:** A computer peripheral or component controlled through a software device driver. An Intel voice and/or network interface expansion board is considered a physical board containing one or more logical board devices, and each channel or time slot on the board is a device.

**device channel:** A voice data path that processes one incoming or outgoing call at a time (equivalent to the terminal equipment terminating a phone line).

**device driver:** Software that acts as an interface between an application and hardware devices.

**device handle:** Numerical reference to a device, obtained when a device is opened using **xx\_open()**, where *xx* is the prefix defining the device to be opened. The device handle is used for all operations on that device.

**device name:** Literal reference to a device, used to gain access to the device via an **xx\_open()** function, where *xx* is the prefix defining the device to be opened.

**DM3:** Refers to Intel Dialogic mediastream processing architecture, which is open, layered, and flexible, encompassing hardware as well as software components. A whole set of products from Intel are built on DM3 architecture. Contrast with [Springware](#) which is earlier-generation architecture.



**driver:** A software module which provides a defined interface between an application program and the firmware interface.

**DSP (Digital Signal Processor):** A specialized microprocessor designed to perform speedy and complex operations on digital signals.

**DTMF (Dual-Tone Multifrequency):** Push-button or touch-tone dialing based on transmitting a high- and a low-frequency tone to identify each digit on a telephone keypad.

**E1:** A CEPT digital telephony format devised by the CCITT, used in Europe and other countries around the world. A digital transmission channel that carries data at the rate of 2.048 Mbps (DS-1 level). CEPT stands for the Conference of European Postal and Telecommunication Administrations. Contrast with [TDM \(Time Division Multiplexing\)](#).

**emulated device:** A virtual device whose software interface mimics the interface of a particular physical device, such as a D/4x boards that is emulated by a D/12x or a D/xxxSC board. On a functional level, a D/12x board is perceived by an application as three D/4x boards. Contrast with [physical device](#).

**extended attribute functions:** A class of functions that take one input parameter (a valid Intel Dialogic device handle) and return device-specific information. For instance, a voice device's extended attribute function returns information specific to the voice devices. Extended attribute function names are case-sensitive and must be in capital letters. See also [standard runtime library \(SRL\)](#).

**firmware:** A set of program instructions that reside on an expansion board.

**idle device:** A device that has no functions active on it.

**party:** A participant in a conference. Synonym of conferee.

**physical device:** A device that is an actual piece of hardware, such as a D/4x board; not an emulated device. See [emulated device](#).

**pupil:** A participant in a conference that has a mentoring relationship with a coach.

**resource:** Functionality (for example, voice-store-and-forward) that can be assigned to a call. Resources are *shared* when functionality is selectively assigned to a call and may be shared among multiple calls. Resources are *dedicated* when functionality is fixed to the one call.

**route:** Assign a resource to a time slot.

**Springware:** Software algorithms build into the downloadable firmware that provides the voice processing features available on all Intel voice boards. The term Springware is also used to refer to a whole set of boards from Intel built using this architecture. Contrast with [DM3](#) which is newer-generation architecture.

**SRL:** See **Standard Runtime Library**.

**standard attribute functions:** Class of functions that take one input parameter (a valid device handle) and return generic information about the device. For instance, standard attribute functions return IRQ and error information for all device types. Standard attribute function names are case-sensitive and must be in capital letters.

Standard attribute functions for all Intel telecom devices are contained in the SRL. See [standard runtime library \(SRL\)](#).

**standard runtime library (SRL):** An Intel Dialogic software resource containing event management and standard attribute functions and data structures used by all Intel telecom devices, but which return data unique to the device.

**synchronous function:** Blocks program execution until a value is returned by the device. Also called a blocking function. Contrast with [asynchronous function](#).

**system release:** The software and user documentation provided by Intel that is required to develop applications.

**TDM (Time Division Multiplexing):** A technique for transmitting multiple voice, data, or video signals simultaneously over the same transmission medium. TDM is a digital technique that interleaves groups of bits from each signal, one after another. Each group is assigned its own “time slot” and can be identified and extracted at the receiving end. See also [time slot](#).

**TDM bus:** Time division multiplexing bus. A resource sharing bus such as the SCbus or CT Bus that allows information to be transmitted and received among resources over multiple data lines.

**termination condition:** An event or condition which, when present, causes a process to stop.

**termination event:** An event that is generated when an asynchronous function terminates. See also [asynchronous function](#).

**time division multiplexing (TDM):** See [TDM \(Time Division Multiplexing\)](#).

**time slot:** The smallest, switchable data unit on a TDM bus. A time slot consists of 8 consecutive bits of data. One time slot is equivalent to a data path with a bandwidth of 64 kbps. In a digital telephony environment, a normally continuous and individual communication (for example, someone speaking on a telephone) is (1) digitized, (2) broken up into pieces consisting of a fixed number of bits, (3) combined with pieces of other individual communications in a regularly repeating, timed sequence (multiplexed), and (4) transmitted serially over a single telephone line. The process happens at such a fast rate that, once the pieces are sorted out and put back together again at the receiving end, the speech is normal and continuous. Each individual, pieced-together communication is called a time slot.

**time slot assignment:** The ability to route the digital information contained in a time slot to a specific analog or digital channel on an expansion board. See also [device channel](#).

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