

Release Notes:

Version K.14.47 Software

for the HP ProCurve Series 3500, 3500yl, 5400zl, 6200yl, 6600, and 8200zl Switches

These release notes include information on the following:

■ K.14.47 is supported on the following switches

HP ProCurve Switch 3500-24 (J9470A)
HP ProCurve Switch 3500-24-PoE (J9471A)
HP ProCurve Switch 3500-48 (J9472A)
HP ProCurve Switch 3500-48-PoE (J9473A)
HP ProCurve Switch 3500yl-24G-PWR Intelligent Edge (J8692A)
HP ProCurve Switch 3500yl-48G-PWR Intelligent Edge (J8693A)
HP ProCurve Switch 5406zl Intelligent Edge (J8697A)
HP ProCurve Switch 5412zl Intelligent Edge (J8698A)
HP ProCurve Switch 5406zl-48G Intelligent Edge (J8699A)
HP ProCurve Switch 5412zl-96G Intelligent Edge (J8700A)
HP ProCurve 5406zl-48G-PoE+ Switch (J9447A)
HP ProCurve 5412zl-96G-PoE+ Switch (J9448A)
HP ProCurve Switch 6200yl-24G-mGBIC (J8992A)
HP ProCurve Switch 6600-24G (J9263A)
HP ProCurve Switch 6600-24G-4XG (J9264A)
HP ProCurve Switch 6600-24XG (J9265A)
HP ProCurve Switch 6600-48G (J9451A)
HP ProCurve Switch 6600-48G-4XG (J9452A)
HP ProCurve Switch 8206zl (J9475A)
HP ProCurve Switch 8212zl (J8715A)

Downloading switch software and documentation from the Web ([page 2](#))

- Best practices for major software updates, including contingency procedures for rolling back to previous software versions and configurations. **Please read before updating one major software version to the next.** ([page 7](#)).
 - Notes for ROM updates which will occur on all yl and zl switches running K.13.55 or earlier ([page 19](#))
 - Clarifications for certain software features ([page 22](#))
 - A listing of software enhancements in recent releases K.14.03 through K.14.47 ([page 31](#))
-

- A listing of software fixes included in releases K.14.03 through K.14.47 ([page 159](#))
- Support Notes and Known Issues in releases K.11.11 through K.14.47 ([page 20](#))—includes "Security notes about SNMP access to the hpSwitchAuth MIB objects" and other topics.

Support Notices:

Boot ROM requirement for the K.14.xx: Switches run a boot ROM version of K.12.14 or newer in order to load K.14.xx software ([page 21](#)).

ROM Update Required!

All 6600 and 3500 switches will have the BootROM updated by this new version of system software. This software download will boot the switch **twice**, first to update the BootROM to version K.12.20, and then to load the system software. Following file copy to the switch flash and initiation of the reload, no additional user intervention is needed. **Do not interrupt power to the switch** during this important update.

To confirm that the boot ROM and system software have updated successfully following a reload into software version K.14.47 or newer, follow the process below at your switch CLI.

WARNING. Updating to Version K.13.xx: It is important that you update to K.13.xx from a configuration that has not been previously converted from a pre-K.13.xx format ([page 21](#)).

Restriction in number of ACL mirror destinations: The K.13.01 software introduced a new restriction to a single ACL mirror destination. For more information, see "Restriction in number of ACL mirror destinations" ([page 30](#)).

PIM-SM: PIM-SM users should make sure ProCurve switches that run K software should all be on either the pre-K.13.21 or post-K.13.21 versions of software due to a bug fix in K.13.21 that changes the way a rendezvous point is chosen.

ProCurve_Switch# show flash

Image	Size(Bytes)	Date	Version
----	-----	-----	-----
Primary Image	: 9798890	08/27/09	K.14.47 <i><--Indicates that system software is updated</i>
Secondary Image	: 9524050	01/27/09	K.14.03
Boot Rom Version:	K.12.20	<i><-- Indicates the boot ROM is updated</i>	
Default Boot	: Primary		

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Applicable Products

HP ProCurve Switch 3500-24	(J9470A)
HP ProCurve Switch 3500-24-PoE	(J9471A)
HP ProCurve Switch 3500-48	(J9472A)
HP ProCurve Switch 3500-48-PoE	(J9473A)
HP ProCurve Switch 3500yl-24G-PWR	
Intelligent Edge	(J8692A)
HP ProCurve Switch 3500yl-48G-PWR	
Intelligent Edge	(J8693A)
HP ProCurve Switch 5406zl Intelligent Edge	(J8697A)
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HP ProCurve Switch 8206zl	(J9475A)
HP ProCurve Switch 8212zl	(J8715A)

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www.openssh.com.

SSL on ProCurve Switches is based on the OpenSSL software toolkit. This product includes software developed by the OpenSSL Project for use in the OpenSSL Toolkit. For more information on OpenSSL, visit

www.openssl.org.

This product includes cryptographic software written by Eric Young (eay@cryptsoft.com). This product includes software written by Tim Hudson (tjh@cryptsoft.com) Disclaimer

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Contents

Software Management	1
Premium License Switch Software Features	1
Software Updates	2
Download Switch Documentation and Software from the Web	2
View or Download the Software Manual Set	2
Downloading Software to the Switch	3
TFTP Download from a Server	4
Xmodem Download From a PC or Unix Workstation	4
Using USB to Download Switch Software	6
Saving Configurations While Using the CLI	7
Best Practices for Major Software Updates	7
Updating the Switch: Overview	8
Updating the Switch: Detailed Steps	8
Rolling Back Switch Software	11
Viewing or Transferring Alternate Configuration Files	13
ProCurve Switch, Routing Switch, and Router Software Keys	15
OS/Web/Java Compatibility Table	16
Minimum Software Versions	16
Support Notes	19
ROM Update Required!	19
Using SNMP To View and Configure Switch Authentication Features	19
Support for the Wireless Edge Services zl Module	21
CAUTION: Updating to Version K.13.xx	21
Boot ROM requirement for K.14.xx	21
Clarifications	22
Known Issues	25
Release K.14.39	25
Release K.14.34	25
Release K.14.09	26

Release K.14.03	26
Release K.13.51	27
Release K.13.25	27
Release K.13.23	27
Release K.13.08	28
Release K.13.02	30
Release K.13.01	30

Enhancements31

Release K.11.12 Enhancements	31
Release K.11.13 through K.11.32 Enhancements	31
Release K.11.33 Enhancements	31
Release K.11.34 Enhancements	31
Release K.11.35 Enhancements	32
Release K.11.36 through K.11.39 Enhancements	32
Release K.11.40 Enhancements	32
Release K.11.41 Enhancements	33
Release K.11.42 Enhancements	33
Release K.11.43 Enhancements	33
Release K.11.44 Enhancements	33
Release K.11.45 Through K.11.47 Enhancements	33
Release K.11.48 Enhancements	33
Release K.11.49 Enhancements	33
Release K.11.60 through K.11.63 Enhancements	34
Release K.11.64 Enhancements	34
Release K.11.68 Enhancements	34
Release K.11.69 Enhancements	34
Release K.12.01 Enhancements	35
Release K.12.02 Enhancements	37
Release K.12.03 Enhancements	37
Release K.12.04 Enhancements	38
Release K.12.05 Enhancements	38

Release K.12.06 Enhancements	38
Release K.12.07 Enhancements	38
Release K.12.08 Enhancements	38
Release K.12.09 Enhancements	38
Release K.12.10 Enhancements	39
Release K.12.11 Enhancements	39
Release K.12.12 Enhancements	39
Release K.12.13 Enhancements	39
Release K.12.14 Enhancements	39
Release K.12.15 Enhancements	39
Release K.12.16 Enhancements	40
Release K.12.17 Enhancements	40
Release K.12.18 Enhancements	40
Release K.12.19 Enhancements	40
Release K.12.20 Enhancements	40
Release K.12.21 Enhancements	40
Release K.12.22 Enhancements	41
Release K.12.23 Enhancements	41
Release K.12.24 Enhancements	41
Release K.12.26 through K.12.29 Enhancements	41
Release K.12.30 Enhancements	41
Release K.12.31 Enhancements	42
Release K.12.32 Enhancements	42
Release K.12.33 through K.12.40 Enhancements	42
Release K.12.41 through K.12.42 Enhancements	42
Release K.12.43 Enhancements	42
Release K.12.44 Enhancements	42
Release K.12.45 Enhancements	43
Release K.12.46 Enhancements	43
Release K.12.47 Enhancements	43
Release K.12.48 Enhancements	43

Release K.12.49 Enhancements	44
Release K.12.50 Enhancements	44
Release K.12.51 Enhancements	44
Release K.12.52 Enhancements	44
Release K.12.53 through K.12.55 Enhancements	45
Release K.12.56 Enhancements	45
Release K.12.57 Enhancements	45
Release K.13.01 Enhancements	46
Release K.13.02 Enhancements	48
Release K.13.03 Enhancements	48
Release K.13.04 Enhancements	49
Release K.13.05 through K.13.15 Enhancements	49
Release K.13.16 Enhancements	50
Release K.13.17 Enhancements	55
Release K.13.18 Enhancements	55
Release K.13.19 Enhancements	55
Release K.13.20 Enhancements	55
Release K.13.21 Enhancements	56
Release K.13.22 Enhancements	56
Release K.13.23 Enhancements	56
Release K.13.24 through K.13.25 Enhancements	56
Release K.13.26 through K.13.39 Enhancements	56
Release K.13.40 Enhancements	56
Release K.13.41 Enhancements	58
Release K.13.42 Enhancements	59
Release K.13.43 Enhancements	59
Release K.13.44 Enhancements	61
Release K.13.45 Enhancements	61
Release K.13.46 through K.13.48 Enhancements	61
Release K.13.49 Enhancements	61
Release K.13.50 Enhancements	61

Release K.13.51 Enhancements	62
Release K.13.52 Enhancements	74
Release K.13.53 through K.13.54 Enhancements	83
Release K.13.55 Enhancements	83
Release K.13.56 through K.13.57 Enhancements	84
Release K.13.58 Enhancements	84
Release K.14.03 Enhancements	84
Release K.14.04 through K.14.08 Enhancements	84
Release K.14.09 Enhancements	85
Release K.14.10 Enhancements	87
Release K.14.11 through K.14.13 Enhancements	99
Release K.14.14 Enhancements	99
Release K.14.15 Enhancements	99
Release K.14.16 through K.14.19	99
Release K.14.20 through K.14.23	99
Release K.14.24 Enhancements	99
Release K.14.25 Enhancements	99
Release K.14.26 Enhancements	100
Release K.14.27 through K.14.29 Enhancements	100
Release K.14.30 Enhancements	100
Release K.14.31 Enhancements	100
Release K.14.32 Enhancements	115
Release K.14.33 Enhancements	115
Release K.14.34 Enhancements	115
Release K.14.35 Enhancements	115
Release K.14.36 Enhancements	115
Release K.14.37 Enhancements	116
Release K.14.38 Enhancements	119
Release K.14.39 Enhancements	119
Release K.14.40 Enhancements	119
Release K.14.41 Enhancements	142

Release K.14.42 Enhancements	142
Release K.14.43 Enhancements	144
Release K.14.44 Enhancements	144
Release K.14.45 Enhancements	147
Release K.14.46 Enhancements	148
Release K.14.47 Enhancements	148

Software Fixes159

Release K.11.12	159
Release K.11.13	160
Release K.11.14	160
Release K.11.15	160
Release K.11.16	161
Release K.11.17	161
Release K.11.32	161
Release K.11.33	164
Release K.11.34	165
Release K.11.35	165
Release K.11.36	166
Release K.11.37	166
Release K.11.38	166
Release K.11.39	166
Release K.11.40	167
Release K.11.41	167
Release K.11.43	168
Release K.11.44	168
Release K.11.46	168
Release K.11.47	169
Release K.11.48	169
Release K.11.49	170
Release K.11.61	170
Release K.11.62	170

Release K.11.63	171
Release K.11.64	171
Release K.11.65	172
Release K.11.66	172
Release K.11.67	173
Release K.11.68	173
Release K.11.69	174
Release K.12.01	174
Release K.12.02	176
Release K.12.03	176
Release K.12.04	177
Release K.12.05	178
Release K.12.06	178
Release K.12.07	178
Release K.12.08	179
Release K.12.09	179
Release K.12.10	179
Release K.12.11	180
Release K.12.12	180
Release K.12.13	181
Release K.12.14	181
Release K.12.15	182
Release K.12.16	182
Release K.12.17	183
Release K.12.18	183
Release K.12.19	184
Release K.12.20	184
Release K.12.21	184
Release K.12.22	185
Release K.12.23	186
Release K.12.24	187

Release K.12.25	187
Release K.12.26 through K.12.29	187
Release K.12.30	187
Release K.12.31	187
Release K.12.32	188
Release K.12.33 through K.12.40	188
Release K.12.41 through K.12.42	188
Release K.12.43	188
Release K.12.44	188
Release K.12.45	189
Release K.12.46	189
Release K.12.47	190
Release K.12.48	190
Release K.12.49	191
Release K.12.50	191
Release K.12.51	191
Release K.12.52	192
Release K.12.53	192
Release K.12.54	193
Release K.12.55	194
Release K.12.56	194
Release K.12.57	194
Release K.13.02	196
Release K.13.03	197
Release K.13.04	198
Release K.13.05	200
Release K.13.06	201
Release K.13.07	201
Release K.13.08	202
Release K.13.09	203
Release K.13.10	203

Release K.13.11	204
Release K.13.12	205
Release K.13.13	206
Release K.13.14	207
Release K.13.15	207
Release K.13.16	207
Release K.13.17	208
Release K.13.18	209
Release K.13.19	210
Release K.13.20	211
Release K.13.21	211
Release K.13.22	212
Release K.13.23	213
Release K.13.24	213
Release K.13.25	213
Release K.13.26 through K.13.39	214
Release K.13.40	215
Release K.13.41	215
Release K.13.42	215
Release K.13.43	216
Release K.13.44	217
Release K.13.45	218
Release K.13.46	219
Release K.13.47	220
Release K.13.48	221
Release K.13.49	221
Release K.13.50	222
Release K.13.51	222
Release K.13.52	222
Release K.13.53	223
Release K.13.54	224

Release K.13.55	224
Release K.13.56	224
Release K.13.57	227
Release K.13.58	228
Release K.14.03	228
Release K.14.04 through K.14.08	230
Release K.14.09	230
Release K.14.10	232
Release K.14.11 through K.14.13	232
Release K.14.14	232
Release K.14.15	233
Release K.14.16 through K.14.19	233
Release K.14.20 through K.14.23	233
Release K.14.24	233
Release K.14.25	234
Release K.14.26	235
Release K.14.27 through K.14.29	235
Release K.14.30	235
Release K.14.31	235
Release K.14.32	236
Release K.14.33	238
Release K.14.34	239
Release K.14.35	241
Release K.14.36	241
Release K.14.37	241
Release K.14.38	243
Release K.14.39	244
Release K.14.40	244
Release K.14.41	245
Release K.14.42	245
Release K.14.43	246

Release K.14.44	246
Release K.14.45	250
Release K.14.46	251
Release K.14.47	252

Software Management

Premium License Switch Software Features

The HP ProCurve Switch 8200zl, 5400zl, and 3500 series use the same software image base and ship with Intelligent Edge and IP-based routing feature sets standard. For these switches, an optional Premium License is available to enable Advanced Routing features. NOTE: Legacy HP ProCurve Switch 8212zl (J8715A) products were shipped with Advanced Routing features standard—no Premium License upgrade is required for these switches. For a detailed listing of these functionalities, please see the data sheets for the HP ProCurve Switch 8200zl, 5400zl, and 3500 series on our website at: www.procurve.com.

Additional features might be required for deployments in the aggregation/distribution layer or if full routing is required in the wiring closet. To meet these requirements, HP ProCurve provides the Premium License that contains the following features:

- OSPF
- PIM Sparse
- PIM Dense
- VRRP
- Q-in-Q (IEEE 802.1ad)

While all 8200zl, 5400zl, and 3500 series switches include Routing Information Protocol (RIP) that could be used to route IP traffic, OSPF is a better choice in all but the smallest environments. RIP is primarily used to provide a way to get network traffic from one VLAN to another in small environments.

To enable Advanced Routing feature set, please order the Premium License specific to the switch series:

- 8200zl series: J9474A—HP ProCurve Switch 8200zl Premium License
- 5400zl series: J8994A—HP ProCurve Switch 5400zl Premium License
- 3500 series: J8993A—HP ProCurve Switch 3500 Premium License

Each Premium License product provides license-to-use for a single 8200zl/5400zl/3500 series switch. Each license can be added to the switch manually through the MyProCurve Portal website using the registration ID included with the Premium License, along with some information obtained from the switch. The portal will then provide a license key that is entered into the switch and will enable the features.

Software Management

Download Switch Documentation and Software from the Web

HP ProCurve Manager (PCM) or ProCurve Manager Plus can be used to simplify the process of adding licenses. Just provide the registration ID from the Premium License and tell PCM onto which switch to install the license. PCM will communicate with the MyProCurve Portal directly and add the license to the switch without user intervention.

A previously installed license can be removed from an 8200zl, 5400zl, or 3500 series switch and transferred to another switch within the same product series.

All software features are automatically enabled on the ProCurve 6200yl switches without the need for a Premium License.

To view or download a listing of Intelligent Edge and Premium License features, refer to the SoftwareFeatures Index available for download on the product documentation page for your switch model.

Note:

Switch software Version K.11.33 software or newer is required for proper functioning of Intelligent Edge features on ProCurve Switch 3500yl series, and ProCurve Switch 5400zl series.

Software Updates

Check the ProCurve Networking Web site frequently for free software updates for the various ProCurve switches you may have in your network.

Download Switch Documentation and Software from the Web

You can download software updates and the corresponding product documentation from the ProCurve Networking Web site as described below.

View or Download the Software Manual Set

Go to: www.procurve.com/manuals

You may want to bookmark this Web page for easy access in the future.

You can also register on the My ProCurve portal to receive a set of ProCurve switch manuals on CD-ROM. To register and request a CD, go to www.procurve.com and click on **My ProCurve Sign In**. After registering and entering the portal, click on **My Manuals**.

Downloading Software to the Switch

ProCurve Networking periodically provides switch software updates through the ProCurve Networking Web site (www.procurve.com). After you acquire the new software file, you can use one of the following methods for downloading it to the switch:

- For a TFTP transfer from a server, do either of the following:
 - Select **Download OS** in the Main Menu of the switch's menu interface and use the (default) **TFTP** option.
 - Use the **copy tftp** command in the switch's CLI (see below).
- For an Xmodem transfer from a PC or Unix workstation, do either of the following:
 - Select **Download OS** in the Main Menu of the switch's menu interface and select the **Xmodem** option.
 - Use the **copy xmodem** command in the switch's CLI (page 4).
- Use the USB port to download a software file from a USB flash drive (page 6).
- Use the download utility in ProCurve Manager Plus.

Note

Downloading new software does not change the current switch configuration. The switch configuration is contained in a separate file that can also be transferred, for example, for archive purposes or to be used in another switch of the same model.

This section describes how to use the CLI to download software to the switch. You can also use the menu interface for software downloads. For more information, refer to the *Management and Configuration Guide* for your switch.

TFTP Download from a Server

Syntax: copy tftp flash <ip-address> <remote-os-file> [< primary | secondary >]

Note that if you do not specify the flash destination, the TFTP download defaults to the primary flash.

For example, to download a software file named K_11_1x.swi from a TFTP server with the IP address of 10.28.227.103:

1. Execute the copy command as shown below:

```
ProCurve # copy tftp flash 10.28.227.103 K_11_1x.swi
The primary OS image will be deleted. continue [y/n]? Y
03125K
```

2. When the switch finishes downloading the software file from the server, it displays the progress message

```
Validating and Writing System Software to FLASH...
```

3. When the CLI prompt re-appears, the switch is ready to reboot to activate the downloaded software:
 - a. Use the **show flash** command to verify that the new software version is in the expected flash area (primary or secondary)
 - b. Reboot the switch from the flash area that holds the new software (primary or secondary), using the following command:

Syntax: boot system flash [< primary | secondary >]

After the switch reboots, it displays the CLI or Main Menu, depending on the **Logon Default** setting last configured in the menu's Switch Setup screen.

4. Verify the software version by displaying the system information for the switch (for example, through the **show system-information** command), and viewing the Software revision field.

Xmodem Download From a PC or Unix Workstation

This procedure assumes that:

- The switch is connected via the Console RS-232 port to a PC operating as a terminal. (Refer to the *Installation and Getting Started Guide* you received with the switch for information on connecting a PC as a terminal and running the switch console interface.)
- The switch software is stored on a disk drive in the PC.
- The terminal emulator you are using includes the Xmodem binary transfer feature. (For example, in the HyperTerminal application included with Windows NT, you would use the Send File option in the Transfer drop-down menu.)

Using Xmodem and a terminal emulator, you can download a switch software file to either primary or secondary flash using the CLI.

Syntax: copy xmodem flash [< primary | secondary >]

1. To reduce the download time, you may want to increase the baud rate in your terminal emulator and in the switch to a value such as 115200 bits per second. (The baud rate must be the same in both devices.) For example, to change the baud rate in the switch to 115200, execute this command:

```
ProCurve(config)# console baud-rate 115200
```

(If you use this option, be sure to set your terminal emulator to the same baud rate.)

Changing the console baud-rate requires saving to the Startup Config with the “write memory” command. Alternatively, you can logout of the switch and change your terminal emulator speed and allow the switch to AutoDetect your new higher baud rate (i.e. 115200 bps)

2. Execute the following command in the CLI:

```
ProCurve # copy xmodem flash primary
The primary OS image will be deleted. continue [y/n]? Y
Press 'Enter' and start XMODEM on your host...
```

3. Execute the terminal emulator commands to begin the Xmodem transfer. For example, using HyperTerminal:
 - a. Click on **Transfer**, then **Send File**.
 - b. Type the file path and name in the **Filename** field.
 - c. In the Protocol field, select **Xmodem**.
 - d. Click on the **Send** button.

The download can take several minutes, depending on the baud rate used in the transfer.

4. If you increased the baud rate on the switch ([step 1](#)), use the same command to return it to its previous setting. (ProCurve recommends a baud rate of 9600 bits per second for most applications.) Remember to return your terminal emulator to the same baud rate as the switch.)
5. Use the **show flash** command to verify that the new software version is in the expected flash area (primary or secondary)
6. Reboot the switch from the flash area that holds the new software (primary or secondary).

After the switch reboots, it displays the CLI or Main Menu, depending on the **Logon Default** setting last configured in the menu's Switch Setup screen.

Using USB to Download Switch Software

To use the USB port on the switch to download a software version from a USB flash drive:

- The software version must be stored on the USB flash drive, and you must know the file name (such as K_12_10.swi).
- The USB flash drive must be properly installed in the USB port on the switch.

Note

Some USB flash drives may not be supported on your switch. For information on USB device compatibility, refer to the HP ProCurve support Website:

<http://www.hp.com/rnd/support/faqs/index.htm>.

Syntax: copy usb flash <filename> [< primary | secondary >]

For example, to download a software file named K_12_10.swi from a USB flash drive:

1. Execute the copy command as shown below:

```
ProCurve # copy usb flash K_12_10.swi secondary
The secondary OS image will be deleted. continue [y/n]? Y
03125K
```

2. When the switch finishes downloading the software file from the server, it displays the progress message

```
Validating and Writing System Software to FLASH...
```

3. When the CLI prompt re-appears, the switch is ready to reboot to activate the downloaded software:

- a. Use the **show flash** command to verify that the new software version is in the expected flash area (primary or secondary)
- b. Reboot the switch from the flash area that holds the new software (primary or secondary), using the following command:

Syntax: boot system flash [< primary | secondary >]

After the switch reboots, it displays the CLI or Main Menu, depending on the **Logon Default** setting last configured in the menu's Switch Setup screen.

4. Verify the software version by displaying the system information for the switch (for example, through the **show system-information** command), and viewing the Software revision field.

Saving Configurations While Using the CLI

The switch operates with two configuration files:

- **Running-Config File:** Exists in volatile memory and controls switch operation. Rebooting the switch erases the current running-config file and replaces it with an exact copy of the current startup-config file. To save a configuration change, you must save the running configuration to the startup-config file.
- **Startup-Config File:** Exists in flash (non-volatile) memory and preserves the most recently-saved configuration as the “permanent” configuration. When the switch reboots for any reason, an exact copy of the current startup-config file becomes the new running-config file in volatile memory.

When you use the CLI to make a configuration change, the switch places the change in the running-config file. If you want to preserve the change across reboots, you must save the change to the startup-config file. Otherwise, the next time the switch reboots, the change will be lost. There are two ways to save configuration changes while using the CLI:

- Execute **write memory** from the Manager, Global, or Context configuration level.
- When exiting from the CLI to the Main Menu, press **[Y]** (for **Yes**) when you see the “save configuration” prompt:

```
Do you want to save current configuration [y/n]?
```

Best Practices for Major Software Updates

Major software updates contain new features and enhancements, and are designated by an increment to the major release version number. That is, K.12.xx represents a major update to software version(s) K.11.xx, and K.13.xx represents a major update to K.12.xx, and so forth. To mitigate against potential migration issues when performing such an update, this section documents best practices for updating the switch, including contingency procedures for rolling back to previous software versions and saved configurations.

Caution

Before you update the switch software to a major new version, ProCurve strongly recommends that you save off a copy of your config file to an external location. ProCurve advises against rolling back (going from a newer software version to an older software version) without copying on a backup config file to the device.

Updating the Switch: Overview

To perform a major update to your switch software, follow the steps below (see page 8 for details):

1. Download the image to your TFTP server.
2. Save your current configuration (Config1) to a backup configuration file (Config2).
3. Save your current configuration to an external tftp server.
4. Backup your current running image (Primary) to the secondary image.
5. Set your secondary image to boot with Config2.
6. Download the new image to the switch's primary image.
7. Verify that your images and configuration are set correctly.
8. Reload the switch.

After following these steps, you should end up with the following results:

- Primary image will hold the new software image you want to install (for example, K.13.06)
- Secondary image will hold the image you are currently running (for example, K.12.57)
- Primary image will boot with config1 (config file corresponding to new software version—in this example, K.13.06)
- Secondary image will boot with config2* (config file corresponding to previous software version—in this example, K.12.57)

* The current config file must be copied to config2, or you will be unable to revert if the need arises.

Note:

You might opt to use a different methodology in which the new software will be installed as the secondary and not the primary image, in which case you would use the commands **boot system flash secondary**, and/or **boot set-default flash secondary** to change the location of the default boot. However, since you will still need to take precautions to allow you to revert to your previous configuration, ProCurve strongly recommends you follow the methods that are proposed in our update process. This will ensure that you can use our proposed roll back procedures should the need arise.

Updating the Switch: Detailed Steps

The following detailed steps shows how to update the switch software from an existing version to a major new release (in the example provided here, from version K.12.57 to version K.13.06).

1. Download the latest release software image to your TFTP server from the ProCurve Web site.: <http://www.hp.com/rnd/software/switches.htm>
2. Save your current configuration (Config1) to backup configuration file (Config2).

- a. Before copying the config, verify the current state of your system using the **show version**, **show flash**, and **show config files** commands. For example:

```
Switch1# show version
Image stamp:      /sw/code/build/btm(t2g)
                  Dec  7 2007 14:54:57
                  K.12.57
                  2415
Boot Image:       Primary

Switch1# show flash
Image             Size(Bytes)   Date   Version
-----
Primary Image    : 6782942      12/07/07 K.12.57
Secondary Image  : 6765066      08/24/07 K.12.43
Boot Rom Version: K.12.12
Default Boot     : Primary

Switch1# show config files

Configuration files:

id | act pri sec | name
---+-----+-----
 1 | *   *   *   | config1
 2 |           | 
 3 |           | 
```

- b. Create a backup configuration file and verify the change.

```
Switch1# copy config config1 config config2
Switch1# show config files

Configuration files:

id | act pri sec | name
---+-----+-----
 1 | *   *   *   | config1
 2 |           | config2
 3 |           | 
```

3. Save the current config to a tftp server using the **copy tftp** command. For example:

```
Switch1# copy startup-config tftp 10.1.1.60 Switch1_config_K_12_57.cfg
```

Note

This step is necessary because ProCurve does not support roll back (going from a newer software version to an older software version) without the ability to copy a backup config file onto the device.

4. Backup your current running image (primary) to the secondary image.

```
Switch1# copy flash flash secondary

Switch1# show flash
Image                Size(Bytes)    Date    Version
-----
Primary Image       : 6782942    12/07/07 K.12.57
Secondary Image     : 6782942    12/07/07 K.12.57
Boot Rom Version: K.12.12
Default Boot       : Primary
```

5. Set your secondary image to boot with Config2.

```
Switch1# startup-default secondary config config2
```

```
Switch1# show config files
```

Configuration files:

id	act	pri	sec	name
1		*	*	config1
2			*	config2
3				

Note

This step will enable you to revert from K_13_05 to your previous image with your previous configuration just by invoking the command **boot system flash secondary**.

6. Download the new primary image.

```
Switch1# copy tftp flash 192.168.1.60 K_13_06.swi primary
The Primary OS Image will be deleted, continue [y/n]?
```

At the prompt, answer **y**, for yes, and the new image will be downloaded and written to the File system. Once tftp download has been completed you will see the following message:

```
Validating and Writing System Software to the Filesystem ...
```

7. Verify that your images and configuration are set correctly. For example, if you updated from K.12.57 to K.13.06, you should see the following outputs from the switch show commands:

```
Switch1# show version
```



```
Image stamp:    /sw/code/build/btm(t2g)
                Mar 14 2008 09:59:53
                K.12.57
                2415
Boot Image:     Primary
```

```
Switch1# show flash
Image           Size(Bytes)   Date    Version
-----
Primary Image   : 7350018      03/14/08 K.13.06
Secondary Image : 6782942      12/07/07 K.12.57
Boot Rom Version: K.12.12
Default Boot    : Primary
```

```
Switch1# show config files
```

```
Configuration files:
```

id	act	pri	sec	name
1		*	*	config1
2			*	config2
3				

8. Reload the new switch image.

```
Switch1# reload
System will be rebooted from primary image. Do you want to continue [y/n]? y
```

At the prompt, answer **y**, for yes, and the switch will boot with the new image.

Note:

As an additional step, ProCurve advises saving the startup-config to a tftp server using the **copy tftp** command. For example:

```
Switch1# copy startup-config tftp 10.1.1.60 Switch1_config_K_13_06.cfg
```

Rolling Back Switch Software

If you have followed the update procedures documented in the previous section, you should be able to revert to your previous configuration and software version using the steps below.

To roll back your switch from K.13.06 to K.12.57, for example, follow the steps below:

1. Verify that your images and configuration are set correctly using the **show version**, **show flash**, and **show config files** commands.

```
Switch1# show version
Image stamp:      /sw/code/build/btm(t2g)
                  Mar 14 2008 09:59:53
                  K.13.06
                  211
Boot Image:      Primary
```

```
Switch1# show flash
Image             Size(Bytes)   Date    Version
-----
Primary Image    : 7350018      03/14/08 K.13.06
Secondary Image  : 6782942      12/07/07 K.12.57
Boot Rom Version: K.12.12
Default Boot     : Primary
```

```
Switch1# show config files
```

Configuration files:

id	act	pri	sec	name
1		*	*	config1
2			*	config2
3				

2. Boot the switch using the secondary image (with config2).

```
Switch1# boot system flash secondary
System will be rebooted from secondary image. Do you want to continue [y/n]? y
```

Answer **y**, for yes, and the switch will boot from the secondary image (K.12.57, in this example) with the corresponding configuration for that software version (Config2).

Viewing or Transferring Alternate Configuration Files

Viewing or copying an alternate configuration saved to the switch will always be accomplished through the software currently running on the switch. This may result in a misleading portrayal of the configuration. For example, if a configuration is created on K.12.57 and saved as config2, and if it is then viewed or transferred while the switch is running K.13.06, it will appear as though K.13.06 has converted the configuration. However, the alternate configuration file, config2, will still be intact on the switch and load properly when the switch is booted into the same software version from which the configuration file originated.

When an enhancement introduces a feature that did not previously exist in the switch, it may present several challenges to the user.

Backwards compatibility of the configuration created with a version of software that supports a new feature or parameter is not guaranteed. Software versions that did not recognize or support a particular command or parameter will not be able to interpret that line in the configuration. For this reason, it is strongly recommended that network administrators always save their configuration *while still running the switch with the original software version*, and with a notation indicating the software version on which the configuration was saved. For example, a user might save a configuration for a switch running K.12.57 to a TFTP server with an IP address of 10.10.10.15 as follows:

```
ProCurve5406zl-onK1257# copy running-config tftp 10.10.10.15
5406onK1257
```

If, for example, the user deems it necessary to revert to the use of K.12.57, she can boot into it and then restore the saved config from the TFTP server.

Viewing or copying an alternate configuration that is saved to the switch flash can be accomplished only with the software that is currently running on the switch.

Here, for example, a configuration is created on K.12.57 and then saved to flash:

```
ProCurve5406zl-onK1257# copy config config2 config K1257config <cr>
```

And later, the configuration that was created on K.12.57 is viewed while the switch is running K.13.06:

```
ProCurve5406zl-onK1306# show config K1257config <cr>
```

The command output will show how the K.12.57 config would be interpreted, *if it were to be used by the K.13.06 software*. Copying the K1257config to a TFTP server would similarly trigger an interpretation by the software performing the file transfer. Note, however, that this does not actually *change* the configuration. If the version is rolled back from K.13.06 to K.12.57 with a command like the following (given that K.12.57 is stored in secondary flash), the K.12.xx formatted config is still intact and valid.

```
ProCurve5406zl# boot system flash secondary config K1257config
```

This “interpretation” during a TFTP or **show** command execution is inherent in the architecture of the switch. When switch features change significantly (e.g. the move from IPv4 support to IPv6 support), there may be configuration parameters from the previous config that cannot be translated by the switch for viewing while it is running the new software. This necessitates storing configurations for each version of software to an external location, if the user would like to view the stored config prior to reloading it.

ProCurve Switch, Routing Switch, and Router Software Keys

Software Letter	ProCurve Networking Products
C	1600M, 2400M, 2424M, 4000M, and 8000M
CY	Switch 8100fl Series (8108fl and 8116fl)
E	Switch 5300xl Series (5304xl, 5308xl, 5348xl, and 5372xl)
F	Switch 2500 Series (2512 and 2524), Switch 2312, and Switch 2324
G	Switch 4100gl Series (4104gl, 4108gl, and 4148gl)
H	Switch 2600 Series, Switch 2600-PWR Series: H.07.81 and earlier, or H.08.55 and greater, Switch 2600-8-PWR requires H.08.80 or greater. Switch 6108: H.07.xx and earlier
I	Switch 2800 Series (2824 and 2848)
J	J.xx.xx.biz Secure Router 7000dl Series (7102dl and 7203dl) J.xx.xx.swi Switch 2520G Series (2520G-8-PoE, 2520G-24-PoE)
K	Switch 3500yl Series (3500yl-24G-PWR and 3500yl-48G-PWR), Switch 6200yl-24G, 5400zl Series (5406zl, 5406zl-48G, 5412zl, 5412zl-96G), Switch 8200zl Series (8206zl and 8212zl) and Switch 6600 Series (6600-24G, 6600-24G-4XG, 6600-24XG).
L	Switch 4200vl Series (4204vl, 4208vl, 4202vl-72, and 4202vl-48G)
M	Switch 3400cl Series (3400-24G and 3400-48G): M.08.51 through M.08.97, or M.10.01 and greater; Series 6400cl (6400cl-6XG CX4, and 6410cl-6XG X2): M.08.51 through M.08.95, or M.08.99 to M.08.100 and greater.
N	Switch 2810 Series (2810-24G and 2810-48G)
PA/PB	Switch 1800 Series (Switch 1800-8G – PA.xx; Switch 1800-24G – PB.xx)
Q	Switch 2510 Series (2510-24)
R	Switch 2610 Series (2610-24, 2610-24/12PWR, 2610-24-PWR, 2610-48 and 2610-48-PWR)
T	Switch 2900 Series (2900-24G and 2900-48G)
U	Switch 2510-48
W	Switch 2910al Series (2910al-24G, 2910al-24G-PoE+, 2910al-48G, and 2910al-48G-PoE+)
VA/VB	Switch 1700 Series (Switch 1700-8 - VA and 1700-24 - VB)
WA	ProCurve Access Point 530
WS	ProCurve Wireless Edge Services xl Module and the ProCurve Redundant Wireless Services xl Module

Software Letter	ProCurve Networking Products
WT	ProCurve Wireless Edge Services zl Module and the ProCurve Redundant Wireless Services zl Module
Y	Switch 2510G Series (2510G-24 and 2510G-48)
numeric	Switch 9408sl, Switch 9300 Series (9304M, 9308M, and 9315M), Switch 6208M-SX and Switch 6308M-SX (Uses software version number only; no alphabetic prefix. For example 07.6.04.)

OS/Web/Java Compatibility Table

The switch Web agent supports the following combinations of OS browsers and Java Virtual Machines:

Operating System	Internet Explorer	Java
Windows NT 4.0 SP6a	5.00, 5.01 5.01, SP1 6.0, SP1	Sun Java 2 Runtime Environment: – Version 1.3.1.12 – Version 1.4.2.05
Windows 2000 Pro SP4	5.05, SP2 6.0, SP1	
Windows XP Pro SP2	6.0, SP2 and 7.0	Sun Java 2 Runtime Environment: – Version 1.5.0_11, Version 1.6.0
Windows Server SE 2003 SP2		
Windows Vista		

Minimum Software Versions

For ProCurve Series 3500, 3500yl, 5400zl, 6200yl, 6600 and 8200zl Switches and Hardware Features

ProCurve Device	Product Number	Minimum Supported Software Version
HP ProCurve 8206zl Switch Base System	J9475A	K.14.41
HP ProCurve 24-Port 10/100/1000 PoE+ zl Module	J9307A	K.14.41
HP ProCurve 20-Port 10/100/1000 PoE+/4-port MiniGBIC zl Module	J9308A	K.14.41
HP ProCurve 24-port 10/100 PoE+ zl Module	J9478A	K.14.41
HP ProCurve 5406zl-48G-PoE+ Switch	J9447A	K.14.41
HP ProCurve 5412zl-96G-PoE+ Switch	J9448A	K.14.41

ProCurve Device	Product Number	Minimum Supported Software Version
HP ProCurve 10-GbE XFP-SFP+ 1m Direct Attach Cable	J9300A	K.14.37
HP ProCurve 10-GbE XFP-SFP+ 3m Direct Attach Cable	J9301A	K.14.37
HP ProCurve 10-GbE XFP-SFP+ 5m Direct Attach Cable	J9302A	K.14.37
HP ProCurve 10-GbE SFP+ 1m Cable	J9281B	K.14.32
HP ProCurve 10-GbE SFP+ 3m Cable	J9283B	K.14.32
HP ProCurve 10-GbE SFP+ 7m Cable	J9285B	K.14.32
HP ProCurve 3500-24 Switch	J9470A	K.14.31
HP ProCurve 3500-24-PoE Switch	J9471A	K.14.31
HP ProCurve 3500-48 Switch	J9472A	K.14.31
HP ProCurve 3500-48-PoE Switch	J9473A	K.14.31
HP ProCurve Switch 6600-48G	J9263A	K.14.24
HP ProCurve Switch 6600-48G-4XG	J9452A	K.14.24
HP ProCurve 10-GbE SFP+ 1m Cable	J9281A	K.14.03
HP ProCurve 10-GbE SFP+ 3m Cable	J9283A	K.14.03
HP ProCurve 10-GbE SFP+ 7m Cable	J9285A	K.14.03
HP ProCurve 10-GbE SFP+ SR Transceiver	J9150A	K.14.03
HP ProCurve 10-GbE SFP+ LR Transceiver	J9151A	K.14.03
HP ProCurve 10-GbE SFP+ LRM Transceiver	J9152A	K.14.03
HP ProCurve Switch 6600-24G	J9263A	K.14.03
HP ProCurve Switch 6600-24G-4XG	J9264A	K.14.03
HP ProCurve Switch 6600-24XG	J9265A	K.14.03
HP ProCurve ONE Services zl Module	J9154A	K.13.51
HP ProCurve 100-BX-D SFP-LC Transceiver	J9099B	K.13.45
HP ProCurve 100-BX-U SFP-LC Transceiver	J9100B	K.13.45
HP ProCurve 1000-BX-D SFP-LC Mini-GBIC	J9142B	K.13.45
HP ProCurve 1000-BX-U SFP-LC Mini-GBIC	J9143B	K.13.45

Software Management
Minimum Software Versions

ProCurve Device	Product Number	Minimum Supported Software Version
HP ProCurve 10-GbE X2-SC LRM Optic	J9144A	K.13.20
HP ProCurve Wireless Edge Services zl Module and the HP ProCurve ProCurve Redundant Wireless Services zl Module	J9051A and J9052A	K.12.43
HP ProCurve Switch 8212zl Base System	J8715A	K.12.31
100-FX SFP-LC Transceiver	J9054B	K.12.01
Premium Features on Series 3500yl and 5400zl Switches	J8993A and J8994A	K.11.33
HP ProCurve Switch 5400zl 24p Mini-GBIC Module	J8706A	K.11.33
HP ProCurve Switch 5400zl 4p 10-GbE CX4 Module	J8708A	K.11.33
HP ProCurve Switch 6200yl-24G-mGBIC	J8992A	K.11.33
HP ProCurve Switch 3500yl 2p 10GbE X2 + 2p CX4 Module	J8694A	K.11.17
HP ProCurve Switch 8212zl Base system	J8715A/J8715B	K.12.31

Support Notes

ROM Update Required!

A successful update y1/z1 switches to K.14.41 may require multiple steps, depending on your current software and boot ROM levels. Please see details in the table below.

If your software version is:	Your next step should be:
K.11.11 through K.12.29 (boot ROM K.12.10 - K.12.11)	Update and reload into software version K.12.62
K.12.31 through K.12.62 (boot ROM K.12.12)	Update and reload into software version K.13.68
K.14.41 or newer (confirm boot ROM K.12.14 or newer using 'show flash')	Update directly into software version K.14.41
K.14 (any version)	

All 6600 and 3500 switches running K.14.37 or earlier system software will have the BootROM updated by this new version of system software. This software download will boot the switch **twice**, first to update the BootROM to version K.12.20, and then to load the system software. Following file copy to the switch flash and initiation of the reload, no additional user intervention is needed. **Do not interrupt power to the switch during this important update.**

To confirm that the boot ROM and system software have updated successfully following a reload into software version K.14.41 or newer, follow the process below at your switch CLI.

ProCurve_Switch# show flash

```

Image                Size(Bytes)    Date    Version
-----
Primary Image       : 9798890    08/27/09    K.14.41 <--Indicates that system software
is updated
Secondary Image    : 9524050    01/27/09    K.14.03
Boot Rom Version: K.12.20 <-- Indicates the boot ROM is updated
Default Boot       : Primary

```

Using SNMP To View and Configure Switch Authentication Features

Beginning with software release K.12.01, manager read/write access is available for a subset of the SNMP MIB objects for switch authentication (hpSwitchAuth) features. That is, in the default state, a device with management access to the switch can view the configuration for several authentication features, and using SNMP sets, can change elements of the authentication configuration.

Security Note

In the default configuration for SNMP MIB object access, SNMP sets can be used to reconfigure password and key MIB objects. This means that a device operating as a management station with access to the switch can be used to change the SNMP MIB settings. This can pose a security risk if the feature is used to incorrectly configure authentication features or to reconfigure authentication features to unauthorized settings.

If you want to block the SNMP MIB object access described above, use the following command to disable the feature:

```
ProCurve(config)# snmp-server mib hpswitchauthmib excluded
```

For more information on the above topic, refer to "Using SNMP To View and Configure Switch Authentication Features" in the "RADIUS Authentication and Accounting" chapter of the *Access Security Guide* for your switch. For an overview of the security features available on the switch, refer to chapter 1, "Security Overview", in the *Access Security Guide* for your switch.

Security:

Downloading and booting software release K.12.01 or greater for the first time automatically enables SNMP access to the hpSwitchAuth MIB objects. If this is not desirable for your network, ProCurve recommends that you disable it after downloading and rebooting with the latest switch software.

ACL numbering restrictions:

The K.12.01 release enforces ACL numbering restrictions.

See the Note under Version K.12.01 Software Fixes on page [174](#) (PR_1000389442) for details.

OSPF virtual link:

OSPF virtual links configurations will be lost with the update to K.12.01.

See the Note under Version K.12.01 Software Fixes on page [175](#) (PR_1000374003) for details.

MSTP auto-edge-port support and default settings:

With version K.12.04 (page [38](#)), automatic detection of edge ports is supported, along with revised command options and default settings.

Resources (PR_1000388697):

When the switch is writing large files to flash (for example, a transfer of a very large configuration or a software update), switch resources may be impacted during the write operation, causing some potential loss of hello packets. This may impact VRRP, OSPF or spanning tree protocol. In order to mitigate potentially undesirable affects, updates to the switch software should be made during a scheduled downtime. Increasing the hello interval of time sensitive protocols may also assist with mitigation of this issue.

Support for the Wireless Edge Services zl Module

The addition of support for the zl Wireless Edge Services Module will change the way in which radio ports are treated by the zl and yl Series Switches. If the default setting of LLDP auto-provisioning is left intact, LLDP information from the ProCurve Radio Ports (J9004A, J9005A, J9006A) will trigger these devices to be placed into VLAN 2100 or the first available VLAN not already configured above that (see the section entitled Using Auto-Provisioning to Establish a Radio Port VLAN in the Management and Configuration Guide for ProCurve Wireless Edge Services zl Module here: <http://ftp.hp.com/pub/networking/software/WESM-zl-MgmtCfg-Aug2007-59918626.pdf>). Network administrators who do not wish to have the radio ports moved to the auto-provisioned VLAN should disable this feature with the command "no lldp auto-proision" at the CLI.

CAUTION: Updating to Version K.13.xx

It is important that you update to K.13.xx from a configuration that has not been previously converted from a pre-K.13.xx format (e.g. a K.11.xx or K.12.xx configuration). If you have previously updated to K.13.xx and rolled back to K.12.xx to workaround an issue, you should load a saved K.12.xx configuration to the switch and boot to it prior to updating to K.13 again.

Boot ROM requirement for K.14.xx

All switches must be running a boot ROM version of K.12.14 or newer in order to load K.14.xx software. (Note that all HP ProCurve 6600 Series Switches will ship with the required boot ROM version.) ProCurve 3500yl, 5400zl, 6200yl, and 8200zl switches will need to be updated and running software version K.13.51 or newer software before successfully loading K.14.09 or newer.

Please follow Best Practices for Major Software Updates ([page 7](#)) for configuration compatibility.

Clarifications

The following clarification or updates apply to documentation for the ProCurve Series 3500, 3500yl, 5400zl, 6200yl, 6600, and 8200zl Switches as of December 2009.

- **Maximum Number of VLANs Supported in Hardware for PIM-S** — Page 4-5 in the *Multicast and Routing Guide* dated January 2008 for switches running version K software incorrectly states that up to 2048 flows are supported in hardware across a maximum of 512 VLANs. Up to 2048 flows are supported across a maximum of 128 VLANs.
- **Maximum Number of Flows in the MRT** — Page 4-41 in the *Multicast and Routing Guide* dated January 2008 for switches running version K software incorrectly states that up to 1023 flows are supported. Up to 2048 flows are supported.

- **Enabling Jumbo Frames and Flow Control:**

The Series 3500yl, 6200yl, 5400zl, and 8200zl switches support simultaneous use of Jumbo Frames and Flow Control. (An earlier version of the *Management and Configuration Guide* had incorrectly stated that these features could not be enabled at the same time.)

- **Clarification for the Number of IP addresses and maximum VLANs** that can be configured on the switch:

You can configure a maximum of 512 routed VLANs per switch. A VLAN can be configured with up to 32 IP addresses. However, the maximum number of IP addresses that can be configured on the switch is 2048, so it is not possible to configure up to the maximum number of routed VLANs (512) with 32 IP addresses each. For example, if you wanted to use all available IP addresses for the switch and utilize all 512 possible routed VLANs with as many assigned IP addresses as possible, the configuration is calculated as follows:

512 routed VLANs x 4 IP addresses per VLAN = 2048 total IP addresses.

Refer to the *Advanced Traffic Management Guide* for further details.

- **TACACS+ Encryption Key Exclusion from TFTP Copies**

When using the copy command to transfer a configuration to a TFTP server, any server-specific or global encryption keys in the TACACS+ configuration will not be included in the transferred file. Otherwise, a security breach could occur, allowing access to the TACACS+ user name/password information.

- **RIP and OSPF Redistribution:**

RIP operation supports static, connected, and OSPF route redistribution. OSPF operation supports static, connected, and RIP route redistribution. (The earlier version of the *Advanced Traffic Management Guide* omitted RIP and OSPF route redistribution.)

■ **Maximum UDP Broadcast Forwarding Entries:**

The number of UDP broadcast entries and IP helper addresses combined can be up to 16 per VLAN, with an overall maximum of 2048 on the switch. An earlier version of the *Multicast and Routing Guide* (page 5-142) had incorrectly stated that the overall maximum is 256.

■ **Reload Command Description**

Syntax: **Reload**

This command boots the switch from the currently active flash image and startup-config file. Because reload bypasses some subsystem self-tests, the switch boots faster than if you use a boot command. Note: To identify the currently active startup-config file, use the **show config files** command. (This is a clarification of *Syntax: Reload* (page 6.33) in the *Management and Configuration Guide*.)

Using Reload

The **reload** command reboots the switch from the flash image on which you are currently booted (primary or secondary) or the flash image that was set either by the **boot set-default** command or by the last executed **boot system flash <primary | secondary>** command. Because **reload** bypasses some subsystem self-tests, the switch reboots faster than when you use either of the **boot** command options. If you are using redundant management and redundancy is enabled when using **reload**, the switch will failover to the other management module. (This is a clarification of *Using Reload* (page 6.24) in the *Management and Configuration Guide*.)

■ **MSTP mCheck:**

Unlike other MSTP parameters, 'mCheck' is not a configurable option. It is a flag that tells MSTP to initiate transmission of RST/MST BPDUs for a MigrateTime (3 secs) period, to test whether all STP Bridges on the attached LAN have been removed and the Port can migrate to the native MSTP mode and use RST/MST BPDUs for transmission. The 'mCheck' is always cleared (set FALSE) prior to port initialization. Some of the earlier ProCurve MSTP implementations allowed the 'mCheck' option to be a configurable parameter. It was stored in the config. That was corrected beginning with version K.12.04.

■ **Virus-Throttling (Connection-rate filtering):**

As of release K.12.01, this feature enables notification of worm-like behavior detected on all inbound IP traffic. (The Advanced Traffic Management Guide retains some incorrect references to filtering on IP routed traffic only.)

■ **Menu Interface Configuration Limit:**

The menu interface allows the user to perform VLAN port assignment for up to 32 VLANs. CLI or Web Management Interface should be used for VLAN port assignment beyond 32 VLANs.

■ **IPv6**

A valid IPv4 loopback address is required, as a minimum, for IPv6 addresses to be configured.

The following clarifications apply to documentation as of June 2009.

■ **Virtual Stacking (3500yl/6200yl Series switches only)/Management VLANs:**

A ProCurve switch that is configured as a Stack Member can no longer be managed by the Stack Commander if it is also configured with a Management VLAN. This is by design. The Management VLAN is configured when the network administrator desires an isolated, non-routable VLAN for use in managing the network. Virtual Stacking is intended to conserve IP addresses on the network by allowing the management of up to 16 Switches through the IP address of the Commander Switch. Due to the expectation that Stack Members will not have their own IP address, stacking traffic was not designed to traverse a Management VLAN. Virtual stacking and Management VLANs should therefore be considered mutually exclusive features.

■ **Out of Band Management (OOBM) on 6600 Series switches/IPv6:**

Beginning with software release K.14.42, IPv6 configuration of the OOBM interface is supported. Prior to release K.14.42, only IPv4 addresses were supported.

Known Issues

Release K.14.39

The following are known issues in release K.14.39 or newer. (K.14.39 is not a public release)

- **Premium Licensing (PR_0000043665)** — When telnet or SSH is used to communicate with the switch, hardware ID's that are reported by the switch in preparation as a prerequisite for premium license registration become truncated. Workaround: Console to the switch or use ProCurve Manager to obtain a valid hardware ID.

Release K.14.34

The following are known issues in release K.14.34 or newer.

- **Web Authentication (PR_0000041695)** — Web authentication for port-access does not function.
- **Config (PR_0000042930)** — The (fixed) "module 1" which is usually present in the running and startup configurations is not present. Output from show run looks like the following.

```
module 1 type
module 2 type J86xxA
```

As a result, previously saved 3500yl configurations will not successfully upload to the switch. When attempts are made, it reports an error: Invalid input: J86yyA.

- **PoE+ (PR_0000039215)** — When a PoE+ port is connected to a PoE port (e.g., a switch-to-switch link), the PoE+ switch will sense that it is connected to Power Sourcing Equipment (PSE) and disable PoE on that port. Traffic will pass normally, and a message similar to the following will be seen in the event log. This is expected behavior.

```
02562 port pp: PSE detected. Port PoE disabled
```

Once a port has had its PoE functionality disabled for this condition, the following steps may be used to recover PoE functionality on that port if the user wishes to connect it to a power device. A reboot will also recover functionality, but it is assumed the least disruptive solution is desired.

1. On the PoE-side of the connection, disable PoE power by using the CLI command **no power-over-ethernet [port-list]**.
2. On the PoE+ side of the connection, power down the module using the CLI command **savepower module [slot]**.
3. Power up the PoE+ module using the CLI command **no savepower module [slot]**.

- **CLI (PR_0000043262)** — The HP ProCurve Wireless Edge Services **zl** Module (J9051A) is incorrectly reported by the switch CLI as an **xl** module.
- **CLI (PR_0000041635)** — The CLI response to the **show modules** command always reports that a module is booting in response to the **no savepower module [slot]** command; there are times (for example, when the module was in an error state due to insufficient power to a 12-slot chassis) that the module will not initialize successfully without being re-seated or having the chassis rebooted.
- **8200zl Management Module Compatibility (PR_0000041133)** — When exchanging a management module from an 8212zl for use as the only management module in an 8206zl chassis (or vice versa), the management module must be on a boot ROM and software version that is supported by the 8206zl, and any existing configuration on the module must be erased after the module is inserted into the target switch (using the CLI command **erase startup-config**). The switch console should prompt the administrator to perform the necessary action after module insertion, but does not.

Release K.14.09

The following problems are known issues as of release K.14.09.

- **10-GbE (PR_0000038110)** — 10-GbE SFP+ transceivers may fail to form a stable link, and 10-GbE X2 transceivers may fail to initialize entirely or they may initialize only after a long delay.

Release K.14.03

The following problems are known issues as of release K.14.03.

- **CLI (PR_0000008236)** — The **enable** CLI command is listed in enable-mode help.
- **Config (PR_0000014381)** — Switches running K.14.03 or newer software may be unable to upload a valid config file to the switch, if it is set with the parameter, speed-duplex 1000-full, and on a dual personality port with a mini-GBIC inserted. The switch will display a message similar to the following. (The example below contained the speed-duplex value in line 8 of the config, and the value was applied to port 47.)

```
line: 8. Value 1000-full is not applicable to port 47.  
Corrupted download file.
```

- **Config (PR_0000014818)** — Although the switch CLI provides an appropriate error message when the user tries to add more MAC addresses than a port is configured to allow, it seems to save the excess MAC addresses and display them in the configuration.

- **Syslog (PR_0000008241)** — Event log messages with a severity of "E" (error) are not always supported by default on syslog servers. The fix will update the **show logging** help text to clarify the dependency. In order to modify the syslog configuration file on a Linux server in order to receive error messages, complete the following steps.
 1. # vim /etc/syslog.conf
 2. Add the following line in the syslog.conf file:

```
*.* /var/log/messages
```
 3. # /etc/init.d/syslog restart
- **Syslog (PR_0000012167)** — Syslog messages longer than 119 characters get truncated.
- **VRRP (PR_0000016192)** — In a VRRP topology with only VRRP Backups configured (i.e. there is no Master/Owner present in the setup), initializing the VRID(s) on both Backups at exactly the same time (e.g. after loss and restoration of power to all switches at once) can lead to a situation where both Backups will enter a continuous sequence of failovers.
- **IGMP (PR_0000009415)** — The switch may intermittently fail to forward a multicast stream.

Release K.13.51

The following problems are known issues as of release K.13.51.

- **Config (PR_0000014381)** — Switches running K.13.21 or newer software may not be able to upload a valid config file to the switch if it contains the parameter **speed-duplex 1000-full** on a dual personality port with a mini-GBIC inserted. The switch will provide the user with a message similar to the following (the example below contained the speed-duplex value in line 8 of the config, and the value was applied to port 47).

```
line: 8. Value 1000-full is not applicable to port 47.  
Corrupted download file.
```

Release K.13.25

The following problems are known issues as of release K.13.25.

- **SFTP/SCP (PR_0000008270)** — An SFTP or SCP client session may not close after a config download session ends. The work-around is to close the client manually.

Release K.13.23

The following problems are known issues in release K.13.23 or newer.

- **MAC Authentication (PR_0000007477)** — When large numbers of MAC authentications are attempted immediately after the switch (re)boots, some of the MAC authentications may fail when they should succeed. Workaround: Increase the RADIUS server delay.

Release K.13.08

The following problems are known issues in release K.13.08 or newer.

- **CLI (PR_0000001893)** — The **copy flash** CLI command does not function in ProCurve 8212zl switches running K.13.05 or later. Workaround: use the CLI command **copy tftp flash**.
- **Config/TFTP (PR_1000748292)** — The switch allows conflicting configuration parameters to be loaded via TFTP transfer to the startup-config (**ip address** <x.x.x.x> and **no ip address**).
- **Port Security (PR_1000777162)** — When Port Security is configured for static MAC address learning, prolonged flooding of unicast traffic may occur under certain conditions.
- **Certificate (PR_1000416167)** — The Web Management interface submission form limits CA-signed certificates to 1800 bytes.
- **CLI (PR_1000760929)** — The CLI output from the command **show name int <x-x>** does not display the port number beyond the ninth port.
- **RADIUS/Jumbo (PR_1000779048)** — When an 802.1X enabled port belongs to a VLAN that is jumbo enabled, the Access-Request will specify a value of Framed-MTU of 9182 bytes. When the RADIUS server replies with a large frame, the switch does not respond, causing the authentication process to halt.
- **SNMP Trap (PR_1000772026)** — The ProCurve 3500yl Switches do not send the proper OID value for a Redundant Power Supply (RPS) failure.
- **Web (PR_1000761014)** — The Web interface truncates 16 character passwords to 15 characters. Workaround: configure 16 character passwords via the CLI.
- **ICMP (PR_1000764033)** — ICMP *TTL expired* messages are being sent with a source address of the interface the message leaves from rather than the interface that receives the expired packet.
- **Auto-TFTP/Config (PR_0000001410)** — Auto-TFTP configuration is lost during the update from K.12.xx to K.13.03.
- **Web Authentication (PR_0000000968)** — Web authentication to IAS over PEAP may trigger a software exception crash with a message similar to the following.

```
Software exception at exception.c:501 -- in 'mWebAuth', task ID =  
0x843c2b0 -> internal error
```

- **DHCP Snooping (PR_1000469934)** — When DHCP Snooping is enabled and configured, and a client sends a “DHCPINFORM” after receiving address information, the DHCP Server response is not forwarded to the client by the switch.
- **CLI (PR_1000745509)** — There are multiple issues with respect to the output from the CLI command **show ipv6 neighbor vlan <x>**.
- **Module Selftest (PR_0000001273)** — After reboot, ports 1-24 or ports 25-48 on the ProCurve 3500yl or ports 1-24 on the 6200yl Switches may become unresponsive followed by green and amber port LEDs remaining lit. Ports recover automatically. The log file will show the following messages.

```
chassis: Ports 1-24: Slave ROM Tombstone: 0x13000601
chassis: Ports 1-24: Lost Communications detected - Heart Beat Lost (4A)
chassis: Ports 1-24 Downloading
chassis: Ports 1-24 Download Complete
chassis: Ports 1-24 Ready
```
- **ECMP (PR_1000798467)** — A switch using OSPF ECMP may mis-route traffic for routes with long prefixes (/31 or /32).
- **CLI (PR_1000782972)** — The CLI command **show system power** provides incorrect output for those regions that use a 220 volt standard.
- **CLI (PR_1000430534)** — Output from the **show port-access mac-based** CLI command may omit connected clients.
- **CLI (PR_1000776583)** — The output for CLI command **show access-list resources** does not accurately display the number of QoS/ACL masks available.
- **Config Transfer (PR_1000781015)** — A config file transfer will fail with a “corrupted configuration” message, if the config file specifies MDIX-mode for a dual-personality port.
- **Config Transfer (PR_1000781004)** — The switch allows a config file transfer to set an invalid speed-duplex setting on a 100FX SFP.
- **Config Transfer (PR_1000781031)** — When the valid port setting 'auto-1000' is configured for a 10/100/1000 interface and the configuration gets copied to the switch, the port setting is altered to 'auto.'
- **Config Transfer (PR_1000781011)** — A config file copied to the switch allows an entry to enable flow control on a half-duplex interface. However, flow control on a half-duplex interface is disabled, as specified by IEEE 802.3 Annex 31B.
- **CLI (PR_1000775644)** — When flow control is enabled, the output from a **show int brief** CLI command inaccurately indicates that flow control is off.

Release K.13.02

The following are known issues in release K.13.02 or newer.

- **ACL Mirrors:** Beginning with K.13.02 software, ACLs can only be mirrored to a single destination.

Release K.13.01

The following are known issues in release K.13.01 or newer.

- **Rate-Limiting:** The "bps" mode for Ingress/Egress Rate-Limiting has been removed from the MIB, from the config, and as a CLI option (help-text also updated). Bandwidth is now measured in KBPS. Configurations which have rate-limiting configured in bps units will be successfully converted to the updated unit of measurement as the software is updated from K.11.xx or K.12.xx to K.13.xx.
- **PCM+ USB Autorun (PR_1000767612)** — Issuing the command `copy startup-config usb test` may crash the switch when executed in a PCM+ Autorun cmd file. The crash message is similar to:


```
PPC Data Storage (Bus Error) exception vector 0x300:
```
- **Restriction in number of ACL mirror destinations** — The K.13.01 software introduced a new restriction to a single ACL mirror destination. K.12 versions of software allowed up to 4 ACL mirror destinations. Users with multiple ACL mirror sessions must edit their configurations so that they contain only a single mirror destination prior to updating to K.13.01 or newer software. If a switch with multiple ACL mirror destinations is updated from K.12.xx to K.13.01 or newer, only the first destination will function. The additional mirror sessions will have to be edited out of the configuration offline, and the valid configuration then loaded onto the switch.

Enhancements

Unless otherwise noted, each new release includes the enhancements added in all previous releases. Enhancements are listed in chronological order, oldest to newest software release. To review a summary of enhancements included since the last general release that was published, begin with “Release K.14.09 Enhancements” on page 85.

Descriptions and detailed instructions for enhancements included in Release K.13.01 or earlier are included in the latest release of manuals for the ProCurve Series 3500yl, 6200yl, 5400zl, and 8200zl switches (January 2008), available on the Web at www.hp.com/rnd/support/manuals.

Release K.11.11 was the first production software release for the ProCurve 3500yl, 6200yl, and 5400zl Series switches. Release K.12.31 was the first production software release for the ProCurve 8212zl switch. Release K.12.57 is the last public release of the K.12.*xx* software. The 3500yl, 6200yl, 5400zl, and 8212zl software code was rolled to the K.13.0x code branch with no intervening releases.

Release K.11.12 Enhancements

Release K.11.12 includes the following enhancement:

- MSTP Enhancement Implementation of legacy path cost MIB and CLI option for MSTP.

Release K.11.13 through K.11.32 Enhancements

No enhancements, software fixes only.

Release K.11.33 Enhancements

- With the K.11.33 software release, support for the following ProCurve products was added:
 - J8698A / J8700A(bundle) for the ProCurve switch 5412zl
 - J8706A - ProCurve Switch 5400zl 24p Mini-GBIC Module
 - J8708A - ProCurve Switch 5400zl 4p 10-GbE CX4 Module
 - J8992A - ProCurve Switch 6200yl-24G-mGBIC

Release K.11.34 Enhancements

Release K.11.34 includes the following enhancements:

- **Increased number of Telnet/SSH sessions:** The maximum number of simultaneous Telnet/SSH sessions has been increased from three to five. The CLI commands **show telnet** and **show ip ssh** now report on five sessions rather than just three.

- **CLI-configured sFlow with multiple instances:** In earlier software releases, the only method for configuring sFlow on the switch was via SNMP using only a single sFlow instance. Beginning with software release K.11.34, sFlow can also be configured via the CLI for up to three distinct sFlow instances. For more information, refer to the section on “CLI-Configured sFlow with Multiple Instances” in the chapter titled “Configuring for Network Management Applications” in the *Management and Configuration Guide* for your switch.
- **Event log display options:** Two new options have been added to provide greater flexibility in viewing event log entries via the CLI. The **show logging** command now includes an option to reverse the standard display, and a **clear logging** command has been added to remove all event log entries from the **show logging** display output. For more information, refer to the section on “Using the Event Log To Identify Problem Sources” in the Appendix titled “Troubleshooting” in the *Management and Configuration Guide* for your switch.
- **Scheduled reload:** Additional parameters have been added to the **reload** command to allow for a scheduled reboot of the switch via the CLI. For more information, refer to the section on “Rebooting your Switch” in the Chapter titled “Switch Memory and Configuration” in the *Management and Configuration Guide* for your switch.
- **Real-time rate display:** The **show interface port-utilization** command provides a real-time rate display for all ports on the switch.

Release K.11.35 Enhancements

Release K.11.35 includes the following enhancement:

- Added support for STP Per-Port BPDU Filtering and SNMP Traps.
- Added an option to configure the switch to use the management VLAN IP address in the Option 82 field for all DHCP requests received from various VLANs.

Release K.11.36 through K.11.39 Enhancements

No new enhancements, software fixes only.

Release K.11.40 Enhancements

Release K.11.40 includes the following enhancement:

- **RSTP/MSTP BPDU Protection:** When this feature is enabled on a port, the switch will disable (drop the link) of a port that receives a spanning tree BPDU, log a message, and optionally, send an SNMP trap.

Release K.11.41 Enhancements

Release K.11.43 includes the following enhancement:

- Added support for Unidirectional Fiber Break Detection (UDLD).

Release K.11.42 Enhancements

No enhancements, software fixes only.

Release K.11.43 Enhancements

Release K.11.43 includes the following enhancement:

- 802.1X Controlled Directions enhancement. With this change, Administrators can use “Wake-on-LAN” with computers that are connected to ports configured for 802.1X authentication.

Release K.11.44 Enhancements

Release K.11.44 includes the following enhancement:

- Loop Protection enhancement allows STP to detect and block network topology loops on a single port.

Release K.11.45 Through K.11.47 Enhancements

No enhancements, software fixes only.

Release K.11.48 Enhancements

Release K.11.48 includes the following enhancement:

- The **show tech transceiver** CLI command output now contains the HP part number and revision information for all transceivers (mGBICs) on the switch.

Release K.11.49 Enhancements

Release K.11.49 includes the following enhancement:

- DHCP Protection (Snooping) enhancement.

Enhancements

Release K.11.60 through K.11.63 Enhancements

Release K.11.60 through K.11.63 Enhancements

No enhancements, software fixes only.

- Versions K.11.50 through K.11.59 were never built.
- Version K.11.60 was never released.

Release K.11.64 Enhancements

Release K.11.64 includes the following enhancement:

- Loop Protection feature additions, including packet authentication, loop detected trap, and receiver port configuration.
- Historical information about MAC addresses that have been moved has been added to the "show tech" command output.

Release K.11.68 Enhancements

Release K.11.68 includes the following enhancement:

- Improved SFlow function to accommodate bursty traffic.

Release K.11.69 Enhancements

No new enhancements, software fixes only.

Release K.11.69 is the last release of the K.11.*xx* software. The 3500yl, 6200yl, and 5400zl switch series software code was rolled to the K.12.0*x* code branch with no intervening releases.

Release K.12.01 Enhancements

Release K.12.01 is a major software update containing many new features and enhancements to existing features. The following updates have been documented in the latest revisions to the manuals (February 2007). Refer to the manuals for additional details.

Software Manual/ Enhancements	Description
<i>Management and Configuration Guide</i>	
Bi-directional Rate Limiting:	In earlier releases, all traffic rate-limiting applied to inbound traffic only, and was specified as a percentage of total bandwidth. This enhancement allows you to configure outbound rate-limiting for all traffic on a port, and specify bandwidth usage in terms of bits per second (bps).
Loopback Interface:	A virtual interface that is always up and reachable as long as at least one of the IP interfaces on the switch is operational. By default, each switch has an internal loopback interface (lo0). You can configure up to seven other loopback interfaces on the switch.
USB Support	Provides an option for using a USB device as a source or destination for file transfers. Refer to "Using USB To Download Switch Software" in the "File Transfers" appendix of the <i>Management and Configuration Guide</i> for your switch (February 2007 or newer). For information on USB device compatibility on the 3500yl, 5400zl, and 6200yl switches, refer to the HP ProCurve support Website: http://www.hp.com/rnd/support/faqs/index.htm .
Intelligent Mirroring	Enables copying of network traffic from a network interface to a local or remote exit port where a host such as a traffic analyzer or intrusion detection system (IDS) is connected.
DNS Resolver	Used in local network domains to enable the use of a hostname or fully-qualified domain name to perform ping and traceroute operations from the switch.
SNMP-Server Source IP Commands:	Provides added security by allowing you to send SNMP replies from the same IP address as the one on which the corresponding SNMP request was received.
SNMPv3 AES Support:	Authentication and privacy for SNMPv3 users has been enhanced to support AES 128-bit encryption as a privacy protocol in SNMPv3 messages in compliance with RFC 3826.
<i>Multicast and Routing Guide</i>	
OSPF NSAA:	Support for Not-So-Stubby-Areas (NSAA).
DHCP Relay:	Enhancements to the DHCP Relay feature allow you to disable the hop count in DHCP requests, and enable support for up to 2048 IP helper addresses of DHCP servers.

Software Manual/ Enhancements	Description
<i>Advanced Traffic Management Guide</i>	
Qos Queue Config:	Allows you to reduce the number of outbound queues that all switch ports will use to buffer packets for 802.1p user priorities.
Number of Default VLANs:	In the factory default state, support has been increased from 8 VLANs to 256 VLANs. (You can reconfigure the switch to support up to 2048 (vids up to 4094) VLANs.)
Migrating Layer 3 VLANs Using VLAN MAC Configuration:	Allows you to upgrade to ProCurve routing switches without stopping the operation of attached hosts that use existing routers as their default gateway to route traffic between VLANs.
<i>Access Security Guide</i>	
RADIUS AAA:	Provides client-level security that allows LAN access to individual 802.1X clients (up to 32 per port), where each client gains access to the LAN by entering valid user credentials. This operation improves security by opening a given port only to individually authenticated clients, while simultaneously blocking access to the same port for clients that cannot be authenticated.
SNMP Access to Switch Authentication features:	Enables manager read/write access for a subset of the SNMP MIB objects for switch authentication features. Security Note: Downloading and booting software release K.12.01 or greater for the first time automatically enables SNMP access to the hpSwitchAuth MIB objects. For more information, or to disable this feature see “Support Notes” on page 19 for details.
Password Set via SNMP:	Allows configuration of username and password via SNMP.
Client-based Access Control:	In earlier releases, all traffic rate-limiting applied to inbound traffic only, and was specified as a percentage of total bandwidth. This enhancement allows you to configure outbound rate-limiting for all traffic on a port, and specify bandwidth usage in terms of bits per second (bps).
Virus Throttling on Bridged Traffic:	This enhancement allows connection-rate filtering on all IP traffic (not just routed traffic as in earlier releases).
ACLs on Port Traffic and Bridged Traffic:	Allows configuration of ACLs to filter traffic entering the switch on a VLAN or port.
Dynamic ARP Protection:	Protects your network from ARP cache poisoning by dropping packets, with an invalid IP-to-MAC address binding, that are received on untrusted ports.
Instrumentation Monitor:	Protects your network from a variety of common attacks by generating alerts for detected anomalies on the switch.

Software Manual/ Enhancements	Description
Controlled Directions Web/MAC Auth:	Allows you to use the <code>aaa port-access controlled-directions</code> command to configure how a port transmits traffic before it successfully authenticates a client and enters the authenticated state. This feature is available for both 802.1X and Web/MAC authorization.
Note on Manual Updates: In addition to the above updates to the manuals, the chapter on ACLs has been moved from the <i>Advanced Traffic Management Guide</i> to the <i>Access Security Guide</i> . The <i>Access Security Guide</i> also provides a new introductory "Security Overview" chapter, plus a new chapter on "Advanced Threat Protection" covering topics such as DHCP Snooping and Dynamic Arp Protection.	

In addition to the updates listed above, K.12.01 also provides the following enhancements:

- **Enhancement (PR_1000298920)** — A ping request issued to a VLAN which is down will now return a more specific message; instead of "request timed out," the message "The destination address is unreachable" will be displayed.
- **Enhancement (PR_1000373226)** — Support was added for the ProCurve 100-FX SFP-LC Transceiver (J9054B).
- **Enhancement (PR_1000376626)** — Enhance CLI `qos dscp-map help` and `show dscp-map` text to warn the user that inbound classification based on DSCP code points only occurs if `qos type-of-service diff-services` is also configured.

Release K.12.02 Enhancements

No enhancements, software fixes only.

Release K.12.03 Enhancements

Release K.12.03 includes the following enhancements:

- **Enhancement (PR_1000379804)** — Historical information about MAC addresses that have been moved has been added to the `show tech` command output.
- **Enhancement (PR_1000398393)** — For the `interface <port-list> speed-duplex` command, added the `auto-10-100` configuration option to constrain a link to 10/100 Mbps speed and allow a more rapid linkup process when 1000 Mbps operation is not possible.
- **Enhancement (PR_1000404544)** — Provides TCP/UDP port range prioritization in the `qos` command; the `range` option assigns an 802.1p priority to (IPv4) TCP or UDP packets associated with a range of TCP/UDP ports.

`qos <udp-port | tcp-port> < tcp/udp port number | range <tcp/udp port number> <tcp/udp port number> > priority < 0 - 7>`

For more information, refer to “QoS TCP/UDP Priority” in the *Advanced Traffic Management Guide*.

Release K.12.04 Enhancements

Release K.12.04 includes the following enhancement:

- **Enhancement MSTP (PR_1000369492)** — Update of MSTP implementation to the latest IEEE P802.1Q-REV/D5.0 specification to stay in compliance with the protocol evolution. For more information, refer to the *HP ProCurve Advanced Traffic Management Guide*.

Release K.12.05 Enhancements

Release K.12.05 includes the following enhancement:

- **Enhancement (PR_1000408960)** — RADIUS-Assigned GVRP VLANs enhancement. For more information, refer to the *HP ProCurve Access Security Guide*.

Release K.12.06 Enhancements

Release K.12.06 includes the following enhancement:

- **Enhancement (PR_1000308332)** — Passwords (hashed) can be saved to the configuration file. For more information, refer to the *HP ProCurve Access Security Guide*.

Release K.12.07 Enhancements

No enhancements, software fixes only.

Release K.12.08 Enhancements

Release K.12.08 includes the following enhancement:

- **Enhancement (PR_1000413764)** — Increase the size of the sysLocation and sysContact entries from 48 to 255 characters.

Release K.12.09 Enhancements

No enhancements, software fixes only.

Release K.12.10 Enhancements

Release K.12.10 includes the following enhancement:

- **Enhancement (PR_1000419653)** — The **show vlan ports** command was enhanced to display each port in the VLAN separately, display the friendly port name (if configured), and display the VLAN mode (tagged/untagged) for each port.

Release K.12.11 Enhancements

No enhancements, software never released.

Release K.12.12 Enhancements

No enhancements, software fixes only.

Release K.12.13 Enhancements

No enhancements, software never released.

Release K.12.14 Enhancements

No enhancements, software fixes only.

Release K.12.15 Enhancements

Release K.12.15 includes the following enhancement:

- **Enhancement (PR_1000427592)** — This enhancement adds the client's IP address to the RADIUS accounting packets sent to the RADIUS server by the switch.

The IP address of the client is included in the RADIUS accounting packet sent by the switch to the RADIUS server. The client obtains the IP address through DHCP, so DHCP snooping must be enabled for the VLAN of which the client is a member.

- **Enhancement (PR_1000428642)** — The SNMP v2c describes two different notification-type PDUs: traps and informs. Prior to this software release, only the trap's sub-type was supported. This enhancement adds support for informs.

Release K.12.16 Enhancements

No enhancements, software fixes only.

Release K.12.17 Enhancements

No enhancements, software fixes only.

Release K.12.18 Enhancements

Release K.12.18 includes the following enhancement:

- **Enhancement (PR_1000428213)** — This software enhancement adds the ability to configure a secondary authentication method to be used when the RADIUS server is unavailable for the primary port access method. For more information, see the ProCurve *Access Security Guide*.
- **Enhancement (PR_1000415155)** — The ARP age timer was enhanced from the previous limit of 240 minutes to allow for configuration of values up to 1440 minutes (24 hours) or "infinite" (99,999,999 seconds or 3.2 years). For more information, see the ProCurve *Multicast and Routing Guide*.
- **Enhancement (PR_1000438015)** — The banner message of the day (MOTD) size has been increased to support up to 3070 characters.

Release K.12.19 Enhancements

No enhancements, software fixes only.

Release K.12.20 Enhancements

No enhancements, software fixes only.

Release K.12.21 Enhancements

Release K.12.21 includes the following enhancement:

- **Enhancement (PR_1000440049)** — Classifier-Based Rate Limiting capability was added. Classifier-Based Rate Limiting (also known as Rate Limit Port ACLs or RL-PACLs) allows you to create an ACL and apply it on a per-port basis to rate-limit network traffic. For more information, see the ProCurve *Access Security Guide*.

- **Enhancement (PR_1000374051)** — The 5400zl switches are not detecting packets from an Avaya G700 PBX or Cajun switch due to irregular Ethernet packets sent by those devices. This is a workaround that will alter the 5400zl software to allow 100Mb operation on the upcoming "C" revision of the 1000 Base-T Mini-GBICs (J8177C) that fit in the J8705A module. The port containing the 1000 Base-T Mini-GBIC can be configured with new speed options of "auto-100," "100-full," and "100-half."
- **Enhancement (PR_1000443349)** — This enhancement is to allow the concurrent use of SFTP with TACACS+ authentication for SSH connections. For more information, see the *ProCurve Access Security Guide*.

Release K.12.22 Enhancements

Release K.12.22 includes the following enhancement:

- **Enhancement (PR_1000443026)** — Support for the new revision "C" Mini-GBICs was added to the CLI and the "show tech" command.
- **Enhancement (PR_1000444415)** — OSPF Passive Interface support was added. For more information, see the *ProCurve Multicast and Routing Guide*.

Release K.12.23 Enhancements

Release K.12.23 includes the following enhancement:

- **Enhancement (PR_1000449129)** — This enhancement allows MAC or Web-based authentication to use PEAP/MS-CHAPv2 protocols in addition to the default setting of CHAP. For more information, see the *ProCurve Access Security Guide*.

Release K.12.24 Enhancements

No enhancements, software fixes only.

Release K.12.26 through K.12.29 Enhancements

No enhancements; Never built.

Release K.12.30 Enhancements

No enhancements; Never released.

Release K.12.31 Enhancements

Release K.12.31 includes the following enhancement:

- **Enhancement** — Support for the following ProCurve product was added.
J9091A / J8715A (bundle) for the ProCurve switch 8212zl

Release K.12.32 Enhancements

Never released. Build K.12.32 includes the following enhancement:

- **Enhancement** — Merged all of the K.12.24 and earlier software fixes and enhancements with the ProCurve switch 8212zl support.

Release K.12.33 through K.12.40 Enhancements

No enhancements; Never built.

Release K.12.41 through K.12.42 Enhancements

No enhancements; Never released.

Release K.12.43 Enhancements

Release K.12.43 includes the following enhancement:

- **Enhancement** — Support for the following ProCurve products was added.
J9051A ProCurve Wireless Edge Services zl Module
J9052A ProCurve Redundant Wireless Edge Services zl Module

For more information, see [“Support for the Wireless Edge Services zl Module” on page 21.](#)

Release K.12.44 Enhancements

Release K.12.44 includes the following enhancement:

- **Enhancement (PR_1000457691)** — This enhancement allows the mapping of all theoretically available VLAN IDs (1-4094) to an MSTP instance, even if some of the VLANs are not currently configured on the switch. (This enhancement was subsequently improved, see [“Release K.12.51 Enhancements” on page 44.](#)) For more information on MSTP VLANs, see the *ProCurve Advanced Traffic Management Guide*.
- **Enhancement (PR_1000457868)** — Local Proxy ARP enhancement. For more information, see the *ProCurve Multicast and Routing Guide*.
- **Enhancement (PR_1000456271)** — PC attached to telephone. (This enhancement was subsequently removed, see [“Release K.12.47 Enhancements” on page 43.](#)) For more information on endpoint device discovery, see the sections on LLDP-MED in the *ProCurve Management and Configuration Guide*. This enhancement was added back with Release K.12.51 (see [“Release K.12.51 Enhancements” on page 44.](#)).

Release K.12.45 Enhancements

No enhancements; Never released.

Release K.12.46 Enhancements

No enhancements; Never released.

Release K.12.47 Enhancements

Release K.12.47 includes the following enhancement:

- **Enhancement Removed (PR_1000468258)** — The PC attached to IP telephone enhancement was removed.

Release K.12.48 Enhancements

Release K.12.48 includes the following enhancement:

- **Enhancement Removed (PR_1000470136)** — Removal of the enhancement that allows the mapping of all theoretically available VLAN IDs (1-4094) to an MSTP instance, even if some of the VLANs are not currently configured on the switch. The initial implementation of this enhancement did not allow smooth migration of pre-existing MSTP configurations. (For information on the initial implementation, see [“Release K.12.44 Enhancements” on page 42.](#) This enhancement was subsequently improved and re-introduced, see [“Release K.12.51 Enhancements” on page 44.](#)).

Release K.12.49 Enhancements

No enhancements; software fixes only.

Release K.12.50 Enhancements

No enhancements; software fixes only.

Release K.12.51 Enhancements

Release K.12.51 includes the following enhancements:

- **Enhancement (PR_10004570598)** — An improved version of the MSTP-VLAN mapping enhancement referenced in PR_1000457691 was added. This enhancement allows the mapping of all theoretically available VLAN IDs (1-4094) to an MSTP instance, even if some of the VLANs are not currently configured on the switch. For more information, see the *ProCurve Management and Configuration Guide*.
- **Enhancement (PR_1000471015)** — Reintroduction of the feature referenced in PR_1000456271, that will allow a PC to connect with its RADIUS-assigned VLAN after an attached IP phone has authenticated on the authenticating port. For information on the initial implementation, see [“Release K.12.44 Enhancements” on page 42](#).

Release K.12.52 Enhancements

Release K.12.52 includes the following enhancement (*Never Released*.):

- **Enhancement (PR_1000458484)** — This enhancement allows the user to set a maximum frame size for jumbo frames at the global level. For more information, see the *ProCurve Management and Configuration Guide*.
- **Enhancement (PR_1000461576)** — This enhancement introduces PVST Protection and Filtering. For more information, see the *ProCurve Advanced Traffic Management Guide*.
- **Enhancement (PR_1000462841)** — This enhancement changes the re-authentication process to allow an authenticated client to remain authenticated during re-authentication. For more information, see the *ProCurve Access Security Guide*.
- **Enhancement (PR_1000462104)** — This enhancement allows the configuration of modules not currently inserted in the switch. For more information, see the *ProCurve Management and Configuration Guide*.

- **Enhancement (PR_1000462847)** — This enhancement allows the configuration of transceivers not currently inserted in the switch. For more information, see the *ProCurve Management and Configuration Guide*.

Release K.12.53 through K.12.55 Enhancements

No enhancements; software fixes only.

Release K.12.56 Enhancements

Release K.12.56 includes the following enhancement:

- **Enhancement (PR_1000464170)** — This feature provides support for adding the LLDP VLAN Name TLV to LLDP advertisements generated by HP ProCurve switches.

Release K.12.57 Enhancements

Release K.12.57 includes the following enhancement:

- **Enhancement (PR_1000713394)** — Adjustable IGMP Querier interval.

Release K.12.57 is the last public release of the K.12.*xx* software. The series 3500yl, 6200yl, 5400zl, and 8212zl switches software code was rolled to the K.13.0*x* code branch with no intervening releases.

Release K.13.01 Enhancements

Release K.13.01 is a major software update containing many new features and enhancements to existing features, including IPv6 host and application layer features (see [“IPv6 Configuration Guide for 2900/3500/5400/6200/8200” on page 48](#) for details).

The following enhancements have been documented in the latest revisions to the manuals (January 2008). Refer to the indicated manuals for additional details.

Software Manual/ Enhancements	Description
<i>Management and Configuration Guide</i>	
PoE Power Allocation Methods:	Allows you to manually allocate the amount of PoE power for a port by either its class or a defined value.
USB Secure Autorun:	Helps ease the configuration of ProCurve switches by providing a way to auto-execute CLI commands from a USB flash drive. Note that the ability to create a valid AutoRun file also requires ProCurve Manager. For details, see the section on “USB Autorun” in the Appendix on “File Transfers”.
SNMP Traps:	Allow you to configure the switch to send network security and link-change notifications to configured trap receivers. More error conditions can be reported and logged to help resolve security threats and network issues.
MAC-based Remote Mirroring:	Allows you to use MAC as a criteria in selecting traffic that needs to be monitored in addition to current port, ACL, and direction criteria.
Show Command Changes:	<p>The show power-management CLI command has been changed to show power-over-ethernet. You can use this command and the show power slot <slot-id> to display information about PoE power.</p> <p>The show system-information CLI command syntax has been changed to show system with additional options to display details of system components: fans, information, power-supply, and temperature.</p>
Scalability:	Increased max trunks (60); and increased helper address (4k). For scalability values for VLANs, hardware, ARP, and routing, see the new Appendix titled “Scalability: IP Address, VLAN, and Routing Maximum Values”.
<i>Advanced Traffic Management Guide</i>	
STP Root Guard:	STP root guard allows user to prevent changes to the root bridge and thus preventing malicious attackers from modifying the root switch and ensuring that the STP topology maintain the optimal setting.
QinQ:	QinQ (provider bridging) has been added to allow frames from multiple customers to be forwarded through another topology (provider network) using service VLANs or S-VLANs. For more information, see the new “QinQ Provider Bridging” chapter.

Software Manual/ Enhancements	Description
STP Diagnostics:	Adds more diagnostic functions to resolve STP issues. See the section on “Troubleshooting an MSTP configuration” in the chapter on Multiple Instance Spanning-Tree Operation.
<i>Routing and Multicast Guide</i>	
Host-based OSPF-ECMP:	Allows OSPF to add routes with multiple next-hop addresses and with equal costs to a given destination IP address.
<i>Access and Security Guide</i>	
Dynamic Configuration Arbiter:	ProCurve provides different methods (for example, CLI, SNMP, or IDM/RADIUS) to configure network and security parameters and respond to threats. This feature allows you to determine the client-specific parameters that are assigned in an authentication session by applying or removing them as needed in a specified hierarchy of precedence.
RADIUS Attributes:	<p>Additional RADIUS attributes included with this release:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Change of authorization: allows changes to user service without re-authentication • Vendor-ID: allows Microsoft RADIUS servers to use vendor ID as part of the policy • Capability advertisement: allows the switch to advertise its capability to the RADIUS server • Session termination: allows the switch to report to the RADIUS server the reason a session is terminated <p>For more information, see the section on “Additional RADIUS Attributes” in the chapter on “RADIUS Authentication and Accounting”.</p>
RADIUS VLAN Support:	Supports RADIUS-assigned tagged and untagged VLAN configuration on an authenticated port. This allows you, for example, to use IDM to dynamically configure tagged and untagged VLANs as required for different client devices, such as PCs and IP phones, that share the same switch port. See the section on “VLAN Assignment in an Authentication Session” in the chapter on “RADIUS Authentication and Accounting”.
<i>PoE Planning and Implementation Guide</i>	
Power Redundancy:	Support has been added for PoE redundancy. When PoE redundancy is enabled, PoE redundancy occurs automatically. The switch keeps track of power use and won’t supply PoE power to additional PoE devices trying to connect if that results in the switch not having enough power in reserve for redundancy if one of the power supplies should fail.

Software Manual/ Enhancements	Description
<p>Note on Manual Updates: In addition to the above updates to the manuals, with this release the 8212zl software manuals and 3500/5400/6200 software manuals have been combined into a single manual set. Where features apply only to a specific model or models, this will be indicated in the chapter or heading for that feature; for example, "Redundancy (Switch 8212zl)" or "Stack Management for the Series 3500yl Switches and the 6200yl Switch."</p> <p>New Product Documentation: <i>IPv6 Configuration Guide for 2900/3500/5400/6200/8200</i></p> <p>Provides background information on IPv6 technologies and concepts, plus complete coverage of ProCurve's implementation of CLI commands for configuring IPv6 host and application layer features, including IPv6 addressing, auto configuration, dual stack support (IPv4/IPv6), Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD), IPv6 management and diagnostics.</p> <p>The <i>Master Index</i> is a new feature to help find information more readily, providing clickable links from a combined Master Index PDF to the per Chapter PDF files from all five software manuals. To locate and access topics across the combined manual set using the index, download the Master Index zip file from the Web to a directory on your computer.</p>	

Release K.13.02 Enhancements

Release K.13.02 includes the following enhancements.

- **Enhancement:** Beginning with K.13.02, DHCP can now be enabled on a Management VLAN. Since, by definition, there is no routing to or from a VLAN configured as a management VLAN, DHCP relay is still prohibited so the DHCP server must be attached to the management VLAN for that VLAN to acquire an address. All DHCP options will be supported.
- **Enhancement (PR_1000458124)** — VRRP Preemptive Delay Timer. For more information, see the HP ProCurve *MultiCast and Routing Guide*, chapter 6.

Release K.13.03 Enhancements

Release K.13.03 includes the following enhancements.

- **Enhancement (PR_1000400991)** — The 802.1X Controlled Directions feature now functions independently of the STP configuration, allowing you to run STP and 802.1X separately. New commands are covered in the HP ProCurve *Access Security Guide*, chapter13.

Release K.13.04 Enhancements

Release K.13.04 includes the following enhancements.

- **Enhancement (PR_0000000081)** — The CLI **clear module** command allows you to remove module configuration information from the configuration file. For more information, see the HP ProCurve *Management and Configuration Guide*, chapter 10.
- **Enhancement (PR_0000000082)** — The CLI **track interface** command allows you to configure tracking for a port or list of ports, or a trunk or list of trunks. For more information, see the HP ProCurve *Multicast and Routing Guide*, chapter 6.
- **Enhancement (PR_0000000084)** — DHCP Option 66 provides a way to automatically download and initially boot from a configuration that is different from the factory-shipped configuration. For more information, see the HP ProCurve *Management and Configuration Guide*, chapter 6.
- **Enhancement (PR_0000000085)** — The DHCP relay address configuration enhancement provides a way to configure a gateway address for the DHCP relay agent to use for DHCP requests, rather than the DHCP relay agent automatically assigning the lowest-numbered IP address. For more information, see the HP ProCurve *Multicast and Routing Guide*, chapter 5.
- **Enhancement (PR_0000000086)** — This enhancement allows rate-limiting of inbound broadcast and multicast traffic on the switch. For more information, see the HP ProCurve *Management and Configuration Guide*, chapter 13.
- **Enhancement (PR_0000000087)** — This enhancement enables a Telnet client to use the histamine in command input. For more information, see the HP ProCurve *Management and Configuration Guide*, chapter 7.
- **Enhancement (PR_0000000089)** — The CLI **show modules** command displays additional component information for system support modules and mini-GBICS. For more information, see the HP ProCurve *Management and Configuration Guide*, chapter 15 and appendix B.
- **Enhancement (PR_0000000101)** — This enhancement adds a **vrrp** option to the **debug** command. For more information, see the HP ProCurve *Multicast and Routing Guide*, chapter 6.
- **Enhancement (PR_0000000420)** — This enhancement provides the **show-tech** option for customizing **copy tftp** output. For more information, see the HP ProCurve *Management and Configuration Guide*, chapter 1.

Release K.13.05 through K.13.15 Enhancements

No enhancements; software fixes only.

Release K.13.16 Enhancements

Release K.13.16 includes the following enhancements:

- **Enhancement (PR_0000001641)** — This enhancement allows the user to set the console inactivity time out without rebooting the switch.

Console/Telnet Inactivity Timer

This enhancement allows you to configure the inactivity timer and have the new value take effect immediately, without a reboot of the system.

Syntax: console inactivity-timer <minutes>

If the console port has no activity for the number of minutes configured, the switch terminates the session. A value of zero indicates the inactivity timer is disabled.

Default: 0 (zero)

For example:

```
ProCurve(config)# console inactivity-timer 20
```

- **Enhancement (PR_1000780247)** — This enhancement provides hpicf Download MIB support for transferring configuration files both to and from a TFTP server. Prior to this enhancement, MIB support was limited to downloading and uploading software files.
- **Enhancement (PR_0000001430)** — This enhancement allows the user to configure access methods for IP Authorized Manager entries. For more information, see the HP ProCurve *Management and Configuration Guide*, chapter 3.
- **Enhancement (PR_0000000090)** — This enhancement allows you to choose which information to display when you enter the **show interfaces** command. For more information, see the HP ProCurve *Advanced Traffic Management Guide*, chapter 1.
- **Enhancement (PR_0000000857)** — This enhancement reduces the PIM delay time, thereby reducing the amount of time it takes for a packet to arrive at its destination when an IGMP Join is issued. A delay occurs in PIM when processing IGMP Join messages. This enhancement reduces the delay, thereby reducing the amount of time it takes for a packet to arrive at its destination when an IGMP Join is issued. There are no CLI changes with this enhancement.
- **Enhancement (PR_0000001790)** — This enhancement provides the **no-tag-added** parameter that gives the user the option of not tagging a mirrored copy of an outbound packet. For more information, see the HP ProCurve *Advanced Traffic Management Guide*, chapter 2.

- **Enhancement (PR_1000756562)** — This enhancement provides concurrent Web/MAC and 802.1x authentication. For more information, see the HP ProCurve *Access Security Guide*, chapter 4.
- **Enhancement (PR_0000000088)** — This enhancement provides new features for use with SSH. The SSH enhancements are: AES encryption (included in the K.13.02 release). A new configuration option is added to allow the server to specify the set of ciphers available for client connection; A configurable key; Message Authentication Code (MAC) configuration. A new configuration option provides the ability to configure which MACs a client is permitted to use; Feedback information; and, SSH CLI **show** command information enhancements.

SSH Enhancements

Overview

The SSH enhancements are:

- AES encryption (included in the K.13.02 release). A new configuration option is added to allow the server to specify the set of ciphers available for client connection.
- Configurable key
- Message Authentication Code (MAC) configuration. A new configuration option provides the ability to configure which MACs a client is permitted to use.
- Feedback information
- SSH CLI **show** command information enhancements

Specifying the Set of Ciphers

The following command allows you to specify which ciphers are available for a client to use for connection. All ciphers are available by default; use the **no** form of the command to disable specific ciphers.

Syntax: [no] ip ssh [cipher <cipher-type>]

Cipher types that can be used for connection by clients. Valid types are:

- *aes128-cbc*
- *3des-cbc*
- *aes192-cbc*
- *aes256-cbc*
- *rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se*
- *aes128-ctr*
- *aes192-ctr*
- *aes256-ctr*

Default: All cipher types are available.

*Use the **no** form of the command to disable a cipher type.*

```
ProCurve(config)# no ip ssh cipher 3des-cbc
```

Figure 1. Example of Disabling a Specific Cipher

Configuring Key Lengths and DSA/RSA Support

This enhancement allows you to specify the type and length of the generated host key. The command is:

Syntax: crypto key generate ssh [dsa | rsa [bits <num-bits>]]

Specify the type and length of the host key that is generated.

You can also generate and use a DSA key as the host key. The size of the host key is platform-dependent as different switches have different amounts of processing power. The size is represented by the <num-bits> key word and has the values shown in Table 1. The default value is used if **num-bits** is not specified.

Table 1. RSA/DSA Values for Various ProCurve Switches

Platform	Maximum RSA Key Size (in bits)	DSA Key Size (in bits)
5400/3500/6200/8200/2900	1024, 2048, 3072 Default: 2048	1024
2610	1024, 2048 Default: 1024	1024

Message Authentication Code (MAC) Support

This enhancement allows configuration of the set of MACs that are available for selection.

Syntax: [no] ip ssh [mac <MAC-type>]

Allows configuration of the set of MACs that can be selected. Valid types are:

- *hmac-md5*
- *hmac-sha1*
- *hmac-sha1-96*
- *hmac-md5-96*

Default: All MAC types are available.

*Use the **no** form of the command to disable a MAC type.*

Displaying the SSH Information

The **show ip ssh** command has been enhanced to display information about ciphers, MACs, and key types and sizes.

```
ProCurve(config)# show ip ssh

SSH Enabled      : No                      Secure Copy Enabled : No
TCP Port Number  : 22                      Timeout (sec)       : 120
IP Version       : IPv4orIPv6
Host Key Type    : RSA                      Host Key Size       : 1024

Ciphers : aes128-cbc,3des-cbc,aes192-cbc,aes256-cbc,
          rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se,aes128-ctr,aes192-ctr,aes256-ctr
MACs     : hmac-md5,hmac-sha1,hmac-sha1-96,hmac-md5-96

Ses Type      | Source IP                                     Port
---|-----+-----
1  console   |
2  inactive  |
3  inactive  |
4  inactive  |
5  inactive  |
6  inactive  |
```

Figure 2. Example of show ip ssh Command Showing Ciphers, MACs and Key Information

Logging Messages

There are new event log messages when a new key is generated and zeroized for the server:

```
ssh: New <num-bits> -bit [rsa | dsa] SSH host key installed
ssh: SSH host key zeroized
```

There are also new messages that indicates when a client public key is installed or removed:

```
ssh: <num-bits>-bit [rsa | dsa] client public key [installed | removed] ([manager| operator] access)
(key_comment)
```

Note: Only up to 39 characters of the key comment are included in the event log message.

Debug Logging

To add ssh messages to the debug log output, enter this command:

```
ProCurve# debug ssh LOGLEVEL
```

where LOGLEVEL is one of the following (in order of increasing verbosity):

- fatal
- error
- info
- verbose

- debug
- debug2
- debug3

Release K.13.17 Enhancements

No enhancements; software fixes only.

Release K.13.18 Enhancements

Release K.13.18 includes the following enhancements:

- **Enhancement (PR_1000406763)** — New commands were added to the CLI response to the **show tech** command.

Release K.13.19 Enhancements

Release K.13.19 includes the following enhancements:

- **Enhancement (PR_0000003808)** — This enhancement allows the user to create command aliases for use in place of command names and their options. For more information, see the *HP ProCurve Management and Configuration Guide*, chapter 4.
 - **Enhancement (PR_0000000818)** — This enhancement allows the user to enter addresses and filter parameters for syslog using SNMP, which allows more options for remote access and management of the switch. For more information, see the *HP ProCurve Management and Configuration Guide*, appendix C.
 - **Enhancement (PR_0000003390)** — This enhancement allows the user to customize Web Authentication HTML pages. For more information, see the *HP ProCurve Access Security Guide*, chapter 4.
- Enhancement (PR_1000460265)** — This enhancement provides Dynamic IP Lockdown, which is used to prevent IP source address spoofing on a per-port and per-VLAN basis. For more information, see the *HP ProCurve Access Security Guide*, chapter 11.

Release K.13.20 Enhancements

Release K.13.20 includes the following enhancements:

- **Enhancement (PR_0000004124)** — Support is added for the J9144A ProCurve 10-GbE X2-SC LRM Optic, an X2 form-factor transceiver that supports the 10-Gigabit LRM standard, providing 10-gigabit connectivity for up to 220 meters on legacy multimode fiber.

Release K.13.21 Enhancements

No enhancements; software fixes only.

Release K.13.22 Enhancements

No enhancements; software fixes only.

Release K.13.23 Enhancements

No enhancements; software fixes only.

Release K.13.24 through K.13.25 Enhancements

No enhancements; software fixes only.

Release K.13.26 through K.13.39 Enhancements

No enhancements; Software never built.

Release K.13.40 Enhancements

Release K.13.40 includes the following enhancements (Never released):

- **Enhancement (PR_0000003127)** — Link Trap and LACP Global Enable/Disable.

LACP and Link Traps Global Disable

Two SNMP commands are added to allow disabling of LACP and link traps on multiple ports at one time. The new commands operate in the same manner as the CLI commands **no int all lacp** and **no snmp-server enable traps link-change all**.

The new SNMP OIDs are:

```
hpSwitchLACPConfig OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hpSwitchConfig 28 }
```

```
hpSwitchLACPAllPortsStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER {

        disabled (1),
        active (2),
        passive (3)

    }

    ACCESS read-write
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION "Used to set administrative status of LACP on all the
        ports. A Port can have one of the three
        administrative status of LACP.
        Active/Passive/Disabled are the three states."
    ::= { hpSwitchLACPConfig 1 }

hpSwitchLinkUpDownTrapAllPortsStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER {

        enable (1),
        disable (2)

    }

    ACCESS read-write
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION "Used to either enable/disable the Link Up/Link Down traps
        for all the ports."
    ::= { hpSwitchPortConfig 3 }
```

- **Enhancement (PR_0000003128)** — The ability to clear statistics was added.

Clear Statistics Without Reboot

It is useful to be able to clear all counters and statistics without rebooting the switch when troubleshooting network issues. The **clear statistics global** command clears all counters and statistics for all interfaces except SNMP. You can also clear the counters and statistics for an individual port using the **clear statistics <port-list>** command.

Syntax: clear statistics <<port-list> | global >

When executed with the <port-list> option, clears the counters and statistics for an individual port. When executed with the global option, clears all counters and statistics for all interfaces except SNMP.

The **show interfaces** [**<port-list>**] command displays the totals accumulated since the last boot or the last **clear statistics** command was executed. The menu and web pages also display these totals.

SNMP displays the counter and statistics totals accumulated since the last reboot; it is not affected by the **clear statistics global** command or the **clear statistics <port-list>** command. An SNMP trap is sent whenever the statistics are cleared.

Note

The clearing of statistics cannot be uncleared.

- **Enhancement (PR_0000003718)** — The MAC Lockout limit was increased.

Increase MAC Lockout to 64

The MAC lockout feature allows all traffic to or from a given MAC address to be dropped by the switch. A MAC address can exist on many different VLANs, so a lockout MAC address must be added to the MAC table as a drop. As this can quickly fill the MAC table, restrictions are placed on the number of lockout MAC addresses based on the number of VLANs configured. The restriction for the range of 17-256 VLANs is being increased to allow up to 64 lockout MAC addresses.

VLANs Configured	Number of MAC Lockout Addresses	Total Number of MAC Addresses
1-8	200	1,600
9-16	100	1,600
17-256	64	16,384
257-1024	16	16,384
1025-2048	8	16,384

- **Enhancement (PR_0000007388)** — Crash Log Debug was enhanced. For more information, see the HP ProCurve *Management and Configuration Guide*, appendix C.

Release K.13.41 Enhancements

No enhancements; software fixes only. (Not a public release)

Release K.13.42 Enhancements

No enhancements; software fixes only. (Never released)

Release K.13.43 Enhancements

Release K.13.43 includes the following enhancements (Not a public release):

- **Enhancement (PR 0000003557)** — The ability to enable/disable the USB port via CLI and SNMP was added. Note that after being disabled and subsequently re-enabled, the USB port may not function consistently with the PCM USB Autorun features until the switch has been reloaded.

USB Port Config via CLI and SNMP

CLI Implementation

This feature allows configuration of the USB port with either the CLI or SNMP.

To enable/disable the USB port with the CLI:

Syntax: usb-port
no usb-port

*Enables the USB port. The **no** form of the command disables the USB port.*

To display the status of the USB port:

Syntax: show usb-port

Displays the status of the USB port. It can be enabled, disabled, or not present.

```
ProCurve(config)# show usb-port  
  
USB port status: enabled
```

Figure 3. Example of show usb-port Command Output

SNMP Implementation

The HP enterprise MIB hpicfUSBPort.mib allows configuration of the USB port with SNMP.

```
HP-ICF-USBPORT DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN  
  
    IMPORTS  
        OBJECT-TYPE, MODULE-IDENTITY
```

Enhancements
Release K.13.43 Enhancements

```
        FROM SNMPv2-SMI
TruthValue
        FROM SNMPv2-TC
hpSwitch
        FROM HP-ICF-OID;

hpicfUSBPortMIB MODULE-IDENTITY
    LAST-UPDATED "200806250000Z"
    ORGANIZATION "Hewlett-Packard Company,
                  Workgroup Networks Division"
    CONTACT-INFO "Hewlett Packard Company
                  8000 Foothills Blvd.
                  Roseville, CA 95747"
    DESCRIPTION "This MIB module manages the USB Port."
    ::= { hpSwitch 53 }

-- USBPort Configuration

hpicfUSBPortConfig    OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hpicfUSBPortMIB 1 }

hpicfUSBPortStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      INTEGER {
                        notPresent(0),
                        enabled(1),
                        disabled(2) }

    MAX-ACCESS   read-write
    STATUS       current
    DESCRIPTION  "hpicfUSBPortStatus control whether of not
                  the USB port is enabled.
                        notPresent(0) - USBPort is not present
                        enabled(1)   - USBPort Enabled.
                        disabled(2)  - USBPort Disabled."
    DEFVAL { enabled }
    ::= { hpicfUSBPortConfig 1 }

-- USBPort conformance information

hpicfUSBPortConformance
    OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hpicfUSBPortMIB 2 }

hpicfUSBPortGroups
    OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hpicfUSBPortConformance 1 }

hpicfUSBPortBaseGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS      {
                  hpicfUSBPortStatus
                }
    STATUS       current
    DESCRIPTION  "A mandatory group with an object to enable
                  or disable the USB port."
    ::= { hpicfUSBPortGroups 1 }

-- USBPort conformance statements
```

```
hpicfUSBPortCompliances
  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hpicfUSBPortConformance 2 }

hpicfUSBPortCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
  STATUS      current
  DESCRIPTION  "Compliance statement for HP ICF USBPort
               configuration"
  MODULE
    MANDATORY-GROUPS { hpicfUSBPortBaseGroup }
  ::= { hpicfUSBPortCompliances 1 }

END
```

Release K.13.44 Enhancements

No enhancements, software fixes only. (Not a public release)

Release K.13.45 Enhancements

Release K.13.45 includes the following enhancements.

- **Enhancement (PR_0000010783)** — Support was added for the following products.

J9099B - ProCurve 100-BX-D SFP-LC Transceiver

J9100B - ProCurve 100-BX-U SFP-LC Transceiver

J9142B - ProCurve 1000-BX-D SFP-LC Mini-GBIC

J9143B – ProCurve 1000-BX-U SFP-LC Mini-GBIC

Release K.13.46 through K.13.48 Enhancements

No new enhancements, software fixes only. (Never released)

Release K.13.49 Enhancements

No new enhancements, software fixes only.

Release K.13.50 Enhancements

No new enhancements, software fixes only. (Never released)

Release K.13.51 Enhancements

Release K.13.51 includes the following enhancements.

- **Enhancement** – Support is added for the J9154A HP ProCurve ONE Services zl Module.
- **Enhancement (PR_0000003144)** — Support is added for multiple RADIUS groups.

RADIUS Server Groups

Overview

The authentication and accounting features on the switch can use up to three RADIUS servers, a primary server and two backup servers. This feature allow the RADIUS servers to be put into a group. The same three RADIUS servers would continue to be used. Up to 5 groups of RADIUS servers can be configured. The authentication and accounting features can choose which RADIUS server group to communicate with. End-user authentication methods (802.1X, MAC-based and web-based) can authenticate with different RADIUS servers from the management interface authentication methods (console, telnet, ssh, web).

Commands Used

Several commands are used to support the RADIUS server group feature. The RADIUS server must be configured before it can be added to a group. See “RADIUS Authentication and Accounting” in the *Access Security Guide* for your switch for more information on configuring RADIUS servers.

Syntax: [no] radius-server host < ip-address >

*Adds a server to the RADIUS configuration or (with **no**) deletes a server from the configuration. You can configure up to three RADIUS server addresses. The switch uses the first server it successfully accesses.*

Syntax: aaa server-group radius <group-name> host <ip-addr>
no aaa server-group radius <group-name> host <ip-addr>

*Associates a RADIUS server with a server group.
The **no** form of the command removes the RADIUS server with the indicated IP address from the server group. If that server was the last entry in the group, the group is removed.*

radius <group-name>: *The group name of the RADIUS server group. The name has a maximum length of 12 characters. Up to five groups can be configured with a maximum of three RADIUS servers in each group. The first group slot is used by the default group.*

host <ip-addr>: *The IP address of the RADIUS server to be used.*

Enhanced Commands

The following commands have the **server-group** option. If no **server-group** is specified, the default RADIUS group is used. The server group must have already been configured.

Note

The last RADIUS server in a server group cannot be deleted if an authentication or accounting method is using the server group.

Syntax: aaa authentication <console | telnet | ssh | web> < enable | login <local | radius [server-group <group-name> | local | none | authorized]>>

Configures the primary password authentication method for console, Telnet, SSH, and/or the web browser interface.

<enable | login>: *Primary authentication method. Default: local*

<local | radius>: *Use either the local switch user/password database or a RADIUS server for authentication.*

<server-group <group-name>>: *Specifies the server group to use.*

[local | none | authorized]: *Provides options for secondary authentication (default: none). Note that for console access, secondary authentication must be local if primary access is not local. This prevents you from being locked out of the switch in the event of a failure in other access methods.*

Syntax: aaa authentication <port-access <local | leap-radius | chap-radius> | <mac-based | web-based <chap-radius | peap-mschapv2> [none | authorized | server-group <group-name>] >>

Configures the primary authentication method for port-access, MAC-based, or web-based access.

mac-based | web-based <chap-radius | peap-mschapv2>: *Password authentication for web-based or MAC-based port access to the switch. Use peap-mschapv2 when you want password verification without requiring access to a plain text password; it is more secure. Default: chap-radius*

port-access <local leap-radius | chap-radius>: *Configures local, chap-radius (MD5), or eap-radius as the primary password authentication method for port-access. The default primary authentication is local. (Refer to the documentation for your RADIUS server application.)*

[none | authorized | server-group <group-name>]:

none: *No backup authentication method is used.*

authorized: *Allow access without authentication*

server-group <group-name>: *Specifies the server group to use with RADIUS.*

Syntax: aaa accounting <exec | network | system | commands | <start-stop | stop-only>
radius [server-group <group-name>]

Configures accounting type and how data will be sent to the RADIUS server.

radius: *Uses RADIUS protocol as accounting method.*

server-group <group-name>: *Specifies the server group to use with RADIUS.*

Displaying the Server Group Information

The **show server-group radius** command displays the same information as the **show radius** command, but displays the servers in their server groups.

```
ProCurve(config)# show server-group radius

Status and Counters - AAA Server Groups

Group Name: radius

  Server IP Addr  Auth Port  Acct Port  DM/ CoA  Time Window  Encryption Key
  -----
192.168.1.3      1812 1813  No   300    default_key
192.168.3.3      1812 1813  No   300    grp2_key
192.172.4.5      1812 1813  No   300    grp2_key
192.173.6.7      1812 1813  No   300    grp2_key
192.168.30.3     1812 1813  No   300    grp3_key
192.172.40.5     1812 1813  No   300    grp3_key
192.173.60.7     1812 1813  No   300    grp3_key

Group Name: group2

  Server IP Addr  Auth Port  Acct Port  DM/ CoA  Time Window  Encryption Key
  -----
192.168.3.3      1812 1813  No   300    grp2_key
192.172.4.5      1812 1813  No   300    grp2_key
192.173.6.7      1812 1813  No   300    grp2_key

Group Name: group3

  Server IP Addr  Auth Port  Acct Port  DM/ CoA  Time Window  Encryption Key
  -----
192.168.30.3     1812 1813  No   300    grp3_key
192.172.40.5     1812 1813  No   300    grp3_key
192.173.60.7     1812 1813  No   300    grp3_key
```

Figure 4. Example of Output from show server-group radius Command

```
ProCurve(config)# show authentication
```

Status and Counters - Authentication Information

Login Attempts : 3

Respect Privilege : Disabled

Server group information

Access Task	Login Primary	Server Group	Login Secondary	Enable Primary	Server Group	Enable Secondary
Console	Local	radius	None	Local	radius	None
Telnet	Local	radius	None	Radius	group2	None
Port-Access	Local		None			
Webui	Local		None	Local		None
SSH	Local		None	Local		None
Web-Auth	ChapRadius	group3	None			
MAC-Auth	ChapRadius	group3	None			

Figure 5. Example of Output from show authentication Command

```
ProCurve(config)# show accounting
```

Status and Counters - Accounting Information

Interval(min) : 0

Suppress Empty User : No

Server group information

Type	Method	Mode	Server Group
Network	None		
Exec	Radius	Start-Stop	group2
System	Radius	Stop-Only	group2
Commands	Radius	Start-Stop	radius

Figure 6. Example of Output from show accounting Command

- **Enhancement (PR_0000003141)** — Support is added for SSH Secure to RADIUS authentication.

SSH Secure to RADIUS

It is desirable to have an additional method for authentication that allows the storage of passwords in a secure manner rather than as plain text. The MS-CHAPV2 authentication method allows password verification without requiring access to a plain text password. This method is provided for these types of authentication:

- telnet
- SSH
- console

MS-CHAPv2 is currently supported for web authentication and MAC authentication on the switch.

The **aaa authentication** command is modified to provide the MS-CHAPv2 authentication method to the above options. After selecting one of these options, you can choose the authentication method, either **radius** (the default) or the more secure **peap-mschapv2** authentication method.

Syntax: aaa authentication [console | telnet] [enable | login] [radius | peap-mschapv2 | tacacs | local]
aaa authentication web [enable | login] [radius | peap-mschapv2 | local]
aaa authentication ssh [enable | login] [radius | peap-mschapv2 | tacacs | local | public-key]

*Select the authentication method, **radius** (ChapRadius) or the more secure **peap-mschapv2** (PeapRadius).*

Default: ChapRadius

Note

An authentication type of “radius” is interpreted as “ChapRadius”.

```
ProCurve(config)# aaa authentication ssh peap-mschapv2
```

Figure 7. Example Command with peap-mschapv2 Option Selected

The show authentication command will display which authentication method has been configured.

```
ProCurve(config)# show authentication

Status and Counters - Authentication Information

Login Attempts : 3
Respect Privilege : Disabled
```

Access Task	Login Primary	Login Secondary	Enable Primary	Enable Secondary
Console	Local	None	Local	None
Telnet	Radius	None	Local	None
Port-Access	Local	None		
Webui	Local	None	Local	None
SSH	PeapRadius	None	Local	None
Web-Auth	ChapRadius	None		
MAC-Auth	ChapRadius	None		

Figure 8. Example of show authentication Command Displaying Different Authentication Types

MIB Support

The hpicfAuth.mib will be as follows:

```
hpSwitchAuthenEnablePrimary OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      INTEGER {
        local (1),
        tacacs (2),
        radius (3),
        sshPubkey (6),
        radiusPeapMSChapv2 (7)
    }

    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS      current

    DESCRIPTION "Indicates the primary authentication mechanism,
        i.e. whether TACACs+/RADIUS/local will be tried
        first for a change of a privilege level of session."
 ::= { hpSwitchAuthenEntry 4 }
```

- **Enhancement (PR_0000000083)** — Support is added for a MAC-Auth failure HTTP Redirect option.

MAC-Auth Failure HTTP Redirect Option

Overview

When a client's MAC address is checked by the RADIUS server against the known list of MAC addresses, and the MAC address is not found, the client needs a way to quickly become registered through a web registration process. The HTTP Redirect feature provides a way for a client who has failed MAC authentication to become registered through a web/registration server. Only a web browser is required for this authentication process.

Notes

The HTTP redirect feature cannot be enabled if web authentication is enabled on any port, and conversely, if HTTP redirect is enabled, web authentication cannot be enabled on any port.

The web/registration server software is not included with this feature.

How HTTP Redirect Works

The **unauth-redirect** option must be configured with the registration server's URL as a parameter before HTTP redirect operations can begin. The full URL must be used, for example:

`http://14.29.16.192:80/myServer.html`
or
`https://company.com/myServer.html`

Syntax: [no] aaa port-access mac-based unauth-redirect

Configure the HTTP redirect registration server feature.

<redirect-URL-str>

Enable HTTP redirect registration server feature by configuring the URL of the registration page. An entry can have either an IP address or a DNS name. Only one server can be configured.

Note: *The entire URL must be used, including the "http://" or "https://" portion.*

[restrictive-filter]

Enable the redirect server to only return a Warning or Information page.

[timeout <seconds>]

The time (in seconds) before a client in an unauthorized redirection state is removed from the state tables.

Range: <30-10800> seconds

Default: 1800 seconds

Caution

Rogue clients can attempt to access any web pages on the web/registration server via interface ports configured for MAC authentication.

The following steps are involved in HTTP registration.

1. When the redirect feature is enabled, a client that fails MAC authentication is moved into the unauthorized MAC authentication redirection state.
2. A client in the redirect state (having failed MAC authentication) with a web browser open sends a DHCP request. The switch responds with a DHCP lease for an address in the switch's configurable DHCP address range. Additionally, the switch's IP address becomes the client's default gateway. All ARP/DNS requests are handled by the switch and all requests are directed to the switch. The switch replies to these requests with its own address.
3. The client requests a web page. The switch takes this request and responds to the client browser with an HTTP redirect to the configured URL. The client MAC address and interface port are appended as HTTP parameters.
4. Before returning the initial registration page to the client, the switch enables NAT so that all subsequent requests will go to the web server directly. The initial HTML page is returned to the switch and then proxied to the client.
5. After the registration process completes, the registration server updates the RADIUS server with the client's username, password, and profile.
6. The client remains in the redirect state until the client's time exceeds the configured timeout or the switch receives an SNMP deauthentication request from the registration server.
7. The registration server sends an SNMP request to the switch with the MAC identification and interface port to reauthenticate or deauthenticate the client.
8. The switch moves the client out of the special Web/MAC auth redirect state and the client becomes unknown to the switch again. This sets the stage for a new MAC authentication cycle.

Diagram of Registration Process

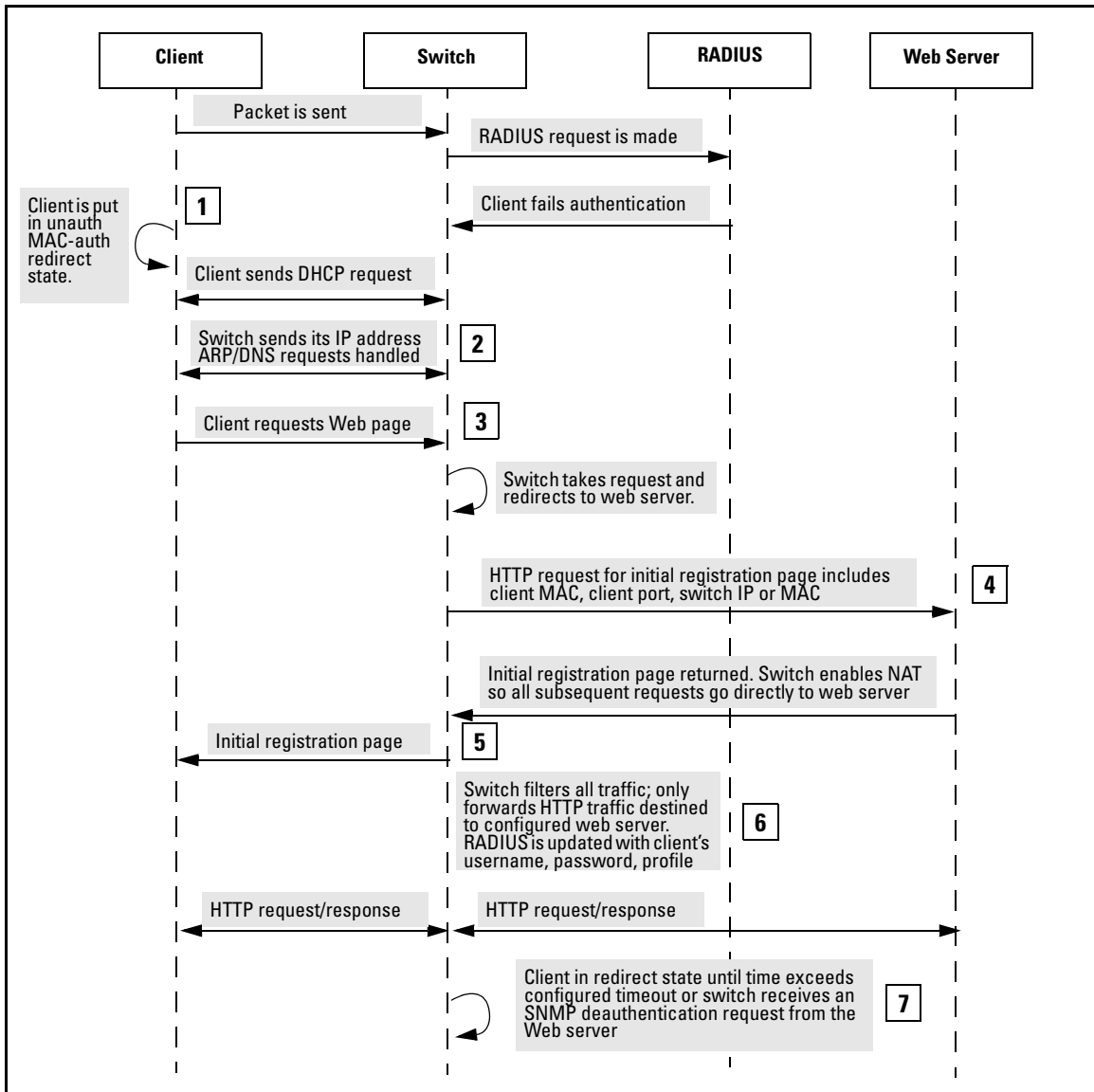


Figure 9. Example of Registration Process Using Redirection

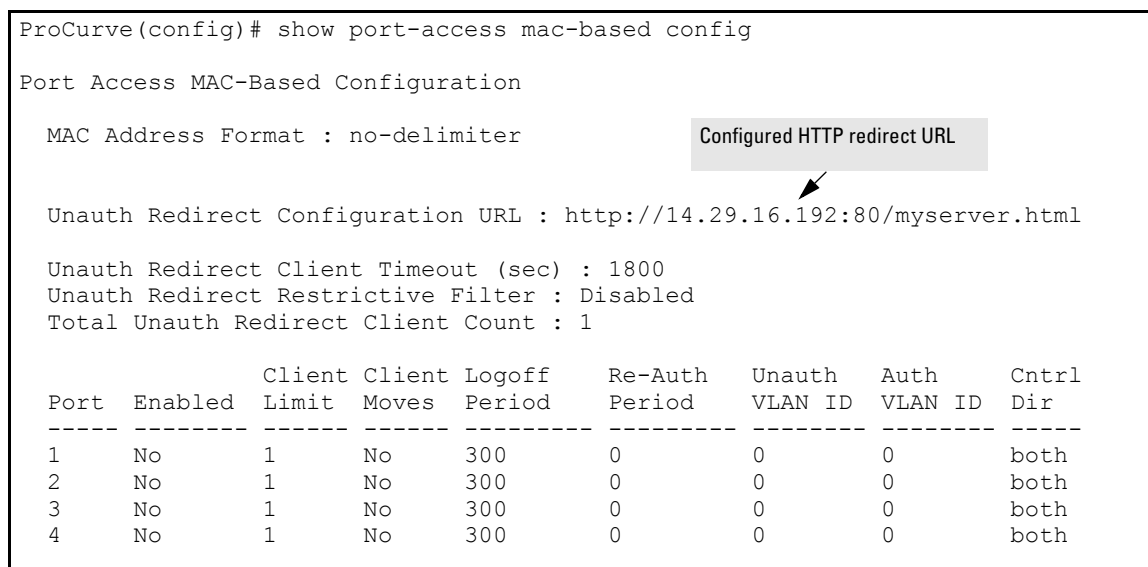
Using the Restrictive-Filter Option

The **restrictive-filter** option allows the switch to reply to all HTTP requests to the switch's IP address with an HTTP-redirect containing the URL of the registration server. It is used when there is no registration process and only a warning or informational page is displayed to the client.

If SSL is not configured, the switch verifies that the MAC address and interface port parameters are present. If SSL is enabled, the switch ensures that the HTTP request is to the registration server's destination IP address.

Show Command Output

Figure 10 is an example of the **show** command that displays the HTTP redirect configuration.



```
ProCurve(config)# show port-access mac-based config

Port Access MAC-Based Configuration

MAC Address Format : no-delimiter

Unauth Redirect Configuration URL : http://14.29.16.192:80/myserver.html

Unauth Redirect Client Timeout (sec) : 1800
Unauth Redirect Restrictive Filter : Disabled
Total Unauth Redirect Client Count : 1
```

Port	Enabled	Client Limit	Client Moves	Logoff Period	Re-Auth Period	Unauth VLAN ID	Auth VLAN ID	Cntrl Dir
1	No	1	No	300	0	0	0	both
2	No	1	No	300	0	0	0	both
3	No	1	No	300	0	0	0	both
4	No	1	No	300	0	0	0	both

Figure 10. Example of HTTP Redirect Configuration

Reauthenticating a MAC-Auth Client

Using SNMP

The MIB variable `hpicfUsrAuthMacAuthClientReauthenticateEntry` in the `hpicfUsrAuthMIB` provides the capability to reauthenticate a specific MAC-auth client on a port. The MAC address and port are required for SNMP reauthentication.

Using the CLI

To reauthenticate a client using the CLI, use this command:

```
ProCurve(config)# aaa port-access mac-based <single-port>  
reauthenticate mac-addr <MAC address>
```

The keyword **mac-addr** specifies single client reauthentication. If the **reauthenticate** parameter is entered without the **mac-addr** keyword and MAC address, the command is executed as port reauthentication—all clients on a port are reauthenticated.

Configuring the Registration Server URL

To configure the registration server URL, the command is:

```
ProCurve(config)# aaa port-access mac-based unauth-redirect <URL>
```

For example:

```
ProCurve(config)# aaa port-access mac-based unauth-redirect  
https://serverA.com:124/registration server/reg.html
```

Unconfiguring a MAC-Auth Registration Server

Each configured registration server's URL must be removed by specifying it exactly, for example:

```
ProCurve(config)# no aaa port-access mac-based unauth-redirect  
https://serverA.com:124/registration server/reg.html
```

Operating Notes

- If the configured URL contains a domain name (as opposed to an IP address) the switch's DNS resolver must be configured:
- `ProCurve(config)# ip dns server-address priority 1 <ipv4-address>`
- The NAT does an IP route lookup before it sends the packet to the destination registration server. A VLAN must have been configured that allows the switch to access the registration server.
- The initial page, redirect server, and filter path configuration will be per-switch.

Release K.13.52 Enhancements

Release K.13.52 includes the following enhancements (Not a public release):

- **Enhancement (PR_0000013786)** — Support is added for source IP identification.

Single Source IP Identity

Overview

This enhancement applies to the following software applications:

- TACACS
- RADIUS
- System Logging applications

The above IP-based software applications use a client-server communication model, that is, the client's source IP address is used for unique client identification. The source IP address is determined by the system and is usually the IP address of the outgoing interface in the routing table. However, routing switches may have multiple routing interfaces due to load balancing or routing redundancy, and outgoing packets can potentially be sent by different paths at different times. This results in different source IP addresses, which creates a client identification problem on the server site. For example, there is no way to designate a fixed IP address for outgoing packets for RADIUS or TACACS, so it is necessary to configure in the RADIUS or TACACS database all possible IP addresses that are configured on the switch as valid clients. When using system logging, it can be difficult to interpret the logging and accounting data on the server site as the same client can be logged with different IP addresses.

To decrease the amount of administrative work involved, a configuration model is provided that allows the selection of an IP address to use as the source address for all outgoing traffic generated by a specified software application on the switch. This allows unique identification of the software application on the server site regardless of which local interface has been used to reach the destination server.

Specifying the Source IP Address

The CLI command **ip source-interface** is used to specify the source IP address for an application. Different source IP addresses can be used for different software applications, but only one source IP address can be specified for each application. .

Syntax: [no] ip source-interface <radius | tacacs | logging | all> <loopback <id> | vlan <vlan-id> address <ip-address>>

*Determines the source IP address used by the specified software application when transmitting IP packets. The **all** parameter can be used to set one IP address for all the listed applications, in this case, RADIUS, TACACS, and System Logging.*

*The **no** version of the command cancels the configuration and the application reverts to its default behavior. The system determines the source IP address of outgoing application-specific IP packets at packet transmission time.*

loopback <id>: Specifies that the IP address of the loopback interface is used as the source IP address in outgoing packets. If the loopback interface has no IP address, then the application reverts to the default behavior. If more than one IP address is configured, then the lowest IP address is used.

vlan <vlan-id>: Specifies that the IP address of the indicated VLAN interface is used as the source IP address of outgoing packets. If the specified VLAN interface has no IP address configured, or is down, then the application reverts to the default behavior. If more than one IP address is configured, then the lowest IP address is used.

address <ip-address>: Specifies the IP address that should be used as the source IP address of outgoing packets. The IP address must be a valid IP address configured on one of the switch's VLAN or loopback interfaces. If the interface is down, then the application reverts to the default behavior.

The Source IP Selection Policy

The source IP address selection for the application protocols is defined through assignment of one of the following policies:

- **Outgoing Interface**—the IP address of the outgoing IP interface is used as the source IP address. This is the default policy and the default behavior of applications.
- **Configured IP Address**—the specific IP address that is used as the source IP address. This address is configured on one of the switch's IP interfaces, either a VLAN interface or a Loopback interface.
- **Configured IP Interface**—the IP address from the specific IP interface (VLAN or Loopback) is used as the source IP address. If there are multiple IP addresses assigned (multinetting, for example), the lowest IP address is used.

If the selection policy cannot be executed because the interface does not have an IP address configured, does not exist, or is down, the application protocol uses the default Outgoing Interface policy. A warning message is displayed, but the configuration changes are accepted. When using the **show ip source-interface status** command to display information about the source IP address selection policy, the administratively-assigned source IP selection policy and the actual (operational) source IP selection policy in effect are displayed. The operational source IP selection policy may be different from the assigned source selection policy if the IP interface does not exist or is down. In this case, the default of Outgoing Interface appears as the operational policy. See [Figure 11](#).

```
ProCurve (config)# show ip source-interface detail

Source-IP Detailed Information

Protocol : Tacacs
Admin Policy      : Configured IP Interface
Oper Policy      : Outgoing Interface
Source IP Interface : Vlan 22
Source IP Address  : 10.10.10.4
Source Interface State : Down
```

The Admin Policy differs from the Oper Policy because the Source Interface State is Down. The default Outgoing Interface policy is actually in effect.

Figure 11. Example of the Administratively-assigned Source IP Selection Policy Differing From the Operational Policy

The **no** form of the **ip source-interface** command reverts the application protocols to the default behavior. The Outgoing Interface policy is used.

Figure 12 is an example of assigning a specific source IP address for a RADIUS application. The administrative policy is Configured IP Address.

```
ProCurve(config)# ip source-interface radius address 10.10.10.2

ProCurve(config)# show ip source-interface radius

Source-IP Configuration Information
```

Protocol	Admin Selection Policy	IP Interface	IP Address
Radius	Configured IP Address	vlan 3	10.10.10.2

Figure 12. Example of a Specific IP Address Assigned for the RADIUS Application Protocol

In [Figure 13](#), a VLAN interface (VLAN 22) is specified as the source IP address for TACACS. The administrative policy is Configured IP Interface.

```
ProCurve(config)# ip source-interface tacacs vlan 22
ProCurve(config)# show ip source-interface tacacs

Source-IP Configuration Information

Protocol | Admin Selection Policy | IP Interface | IP Address
-----+-----
Tacacs   | Configured IP Interface | vlan 22     | 10.10.10.4
```

Figure 13. Example of Using a VLAN Interface as the Source IP Address for TACACS

[Figure 14](#) shows a VLAN interface being specified as the source IP address for logging. The administrative policy is Configured IP Interface.

```
ProCurve(config)# ip source-interface syslog vlan 10
ProCurve(config)# show ip source-interface syslog

Source-IP Configuration Information

Protocol | Admin Selection Policy | IP Interface | IP Address
-----+-----
Syslog   | Configured IP Interface | vlan 10     | 10.10.10.10
```

Figure 14. Example of Using a VLAN Interface as the Source IP Address for Logging (Syslog)

Displaying the Source IP Interface Information

There are several **show** commands that can be used to display information about the source IP interface status.

Syntax: show ip source-interface status [radius | tacacs | syslog]

Displays the operational status information for the source IP address selection policy. Both the administratively-assigned source IP selection policy and the operational source IP selection policy are displayed.

When no parameters are specified, policy information for all protocols is displayed.

```
ProCurve(config)# show ip source-interface status

Source-IP Status Information

Protocol | Admin Selection Policy  Oper Selection Policy
-----+-----
Tacacs   | Configured IP Interface Configured IP Interface
Radius   | Configured IP Address   Configured IP Address
Syslog   | Configured IP Interface Outgoing Interface
```

Figure 15. Example of the Data Displayed for Source IP Interface Status

When executing the **show ip source-interface** command without parameters, the configured IP interfaces (VLANs) and IP addresses are displayed for each protocol.

```
ProCurve(config)# show ip source-interface

Source-IP Configuration Information

Protocol | Admin Selection Policy  IP Interface  IP Address
-----+-----
Tacacs   | Configured IP Interface vlan 22      10.10.10.4
Radius   | Configured IP Address   vlan 3        10.10.10.2
Syslog   | Configured IP Interface vlan 10      10.10.10.10
```

Figure 16. Example of show ip source-interface Command Output

The **show ip source-interface detail** command displays detailed information about the configured policies, source IP address, and interface state for each protocol.

Syntax: show ip source-interface detail [radius | tacacs | syslog]

Displays detailed operational status information for the source IP address selection policy. Information about the configured policies, source IP address and interface state are displayed.

When no parameters are specified, policy information for all protocols is displayed.

```
ProCurve(config)# show ip source-interface detail

Source-IP Detailed Information

Protocol : Tacacs
Admin Policy      : Configured IP Interface
Oper Policy      : Configured IP Interface
Source IP Interface : vlan 22
Source IP Address  : 10.10.10.4
Source Interface State : Up

Protocol : Radius
Admin Policy      : Configured IP Address
Oper Policy      : Configured IP Address
Source IP Interface : vlan 3
Source IP Address  : 10.10.10.2
Source Interface State : Up

Protocol : Syslog
Admin Policy      : Configured IP Interface
Oper Policy      : Configured IP Interface
Source IP Interface : vlan 10
Source IP Address  : 10.10.10.10
Source Interface State : Up
```

Figure 17. Example of Detailed Information Displayed for Each Protocol

The **show** command can also be used with the application to display the source IP address selection information in effect for the application protocol.

```
ProCurve(config)# show radius
```

```
Status and Counters - General RADIUS Information
```

```
Deadtime(min) : 0
```

```
Timeout(secs) : 5
```

```
Retransmit Attempts : 3
```

```
Global Encryption Key :
```

```
Dynamic Authorization UDP Port : 3799
```

```
Source IP Selection : Configured IP address
```

Source IP Selection for the specified application protocol is displayed.

Figure 18. Example of show radius Command Displaying Source IP Selection Information

```
ProCurve(config)# show tacacs
```

```
Status and Counters - TACACS Information
```

```
Timeout : 5
```

```
Source IP Selection : Configured IP Interface
```

```
Encryption Key :
```

Source IP Selection for the specified application protocol is displayed.

Figure 19. Example of show tacacs Command Displaying Source IP Selection Information

```
ProCurve(config)# show debug
```

```
Debug Logging
```

```
Source IP Selection: Configured IP interface
```

```
Destination: None
```

```
Enabled debug types:
```

```
None are enabled.
```

Source IP Selection for the specified application protocol is displayed.

Figure 20. Example of show debug Command Displaying Source IP Selection Information for Syslog

Error Messages

The following error messages may appear when configuring source IP selection if the interface does not exist, is not configured for IP, or is down.

Error Message	Description
Warning: Specified IP address is not configured on any interface	The IP address specified has not been assigned to any interface on the switch.
Warning: Specified IP interface is not configured	The IP interface has not been configured.
Warning: Specified IP interface is not configured for IP	An IP address has not been assigned to this interface.
Warning: Specified IP interface is down.	The interface on the switch associated with this IP address is down.
Warning: Specified IP interface is configured for DHCP	The IP address has not been configured specifically (manually) for this interface and may change.

- **Enhancement (PR_0000008243)** — Support is added for an eavesdrop prevention option.

Optional Eavesdrop Prevention

Overview

Traffic with an unknown destination address is blocked when port security is configured and Eavesdrop Prevention is enabled. Eavesdrop Prevention is enable by default and could not be disabled.

This enhancement provides the ability to disable Eavesdrop Prevention on ports where it may cause problems, such as on ports that are configured to use limited-continuous learning mode.

Feature Interactions

The following table explains the various interactions between learning modes and Eavesdrop Prevention when Eavesdrop Prevention is disabled.

Note

When the learning mode is “port-access”, Eavesdrop Prevention will not be applied to the port. However, it can still be configured or disabled for the port.

Learn Mode	Effect
Static	When Eavesdrop Prevention is disabled, the port transmits packets that have unknown destination addresses. The port is secured and only a limited number of static MAC addresses are learned. A device <i>must</i> generate traffic before the MAC address is learned and traffic is forwarded to it.
Continuous	The default. The Eavesdrop Prevention option does not apply because port security is disabled. Ports forward traffic with unknown destination addresses normally.
Port-access	Disabling Eavesdrop Prevention is not applied to the port. There is no change.
Limited-continuous	When Eavesdrop Prevention is disabled, the port transmits packets that have unknown destination addresses. The port is secured; MAC addresses age normally. Eavesdrop Prevention may cause difficulties in learning MAC addresses (as with static MAC addresses) and cause serious traffic issues when a MAC ages out.
Configured	When Eavesdrop Prevention is disabled, the port transmits packets that have unknown destination addresses. The port is secured by a static MAC address. Eavesdrop Prevention should not cause any issues because all valid MAC addresses have been configured.

Syntax [no] port-security <port-list> eavesdrop-prevention

*When this option is enabled, the port is prevented from transmitting packets that have unknown destination addresses. Only devices attached to the port receive packets intended for them. This option does not apply to a learning mode of **port-access** or **continuous**.*

Default: Enabled


```
ProCurve(config)# show port-security
```

Port Security				
Port	Learn Mode	Eavesdrop Prevention		Action
A1	Continuous	Enabled		None
A2	Continuous	Disabled		None
A3	Continuous	Enabled		None
A4	Continuous	Disabled		None
A5	Continuous	Enabled		None
A6	Continuous	Enabled		None
A7	Continuous	Disabled		None
A8	Continuous	Disabled		None
A9	Continuous	Enabled		None

Figure 21. Example of show port-security Command Displaying Eavesdrop Prevention

MIB Support

The following MIB support is provided for Eavesdrop Prevention.

```
hpSecPtPreventEavesdrop OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      INTEGER {
        enable (1),
        disable (2)
    }
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "If enabled on a switch, outbound unknown unicast
        packets will not be forwarded out this port. If
        enabled on a repeater, outbound unknown unicast
        packets for this port will be scrambled."
    ::= { hpSecurePortEntry 5 }
```

Release K.13.53 through K.13.54 Enhancements

No new enhancements, software fixes only. (Never released)

Release K.13.55 Enhancements

No new enhancements, software fixes only. (Not a public release)

Release K.13.56 through K.13.57 Enhancements

No new enhancements, software fixes only. (Never released)

Release K.13.58 Enhancements

No new enhancements, software fixes only.

Release K.14.03 Enhancements

The following enhancements, present in K.13.40 and newer K.13 versions, are NOT present in K.14.03:

- **Enhancement (PR_0000003127)** — Link Trap and LACP Global Enable/Disable.
- **Enhancement (PR_0000003128)** — The ability to clear statistics was added.
- **Enhancement (PR_0000003718)** — The MAC Lockout limit was increased to 64.
- **Enhancement (PR_0000007388)** — The ability to configure logging via SNMP was added.
- The following enhancement, present in K.13.43 and newer K.13 versions, is NOT present in K.14.03:
 - **Enhancement (PR_0000003557)** — The ability to enable/disable the USB port via CLI and SNMP was added.

The following enhancements, present in K.13.51 and newer K.13 versions, are NOT present in K.14.03.

- **Enhancement (PR_0000003144)** — Support was added for multiple RADIUS groups.
- **Enhancement (PR_0000003141)** — Support was added for SSH Secure to RADIUS authentication.
- **Enhancement (PR_0000000083)** — Support was added for a MAC-Auth failure HTTP Redirect option.

The following enhancements, present in K.13.52 and newer K.13 versions, are NOT present in K.14.03.

- **Enhancement (PR_0000013786)** — Support was added for source IP identification.
- **Enhancement (PR_0000008243)** — Support was added for an eavesdrop prevention option.

Release K.14.04 through K.14.08 Enhancements

No new enhancements, software never built.

Release K.14.09 Enhancements

Release K.14.09 includes the following enhancements.

- **Enhancement (0000017065)** — Support was added for the HP ProCurve 6600 Switch Premium License (J9305A) features.

Release K.14.09 is a major software update containing many new features and enhancements to existing features.

Software Manual/ Enhancements	Description
<i>Management and Configuration Guide</i>	
Advanced Classifier-Based Mirroring:	More flexible and powerful port- and VLAN-based mirroring, including a finer granularity for selecting the inbound IP traffic that you want to mirror. See also “Classifier-Based Software Configuration” in the <i>Advanced Traffic Management Guide</i> .
Global Mirroring Updates:	Deprecation and automatic conversion of ACL-based mirroring to classifier-based mirroring configuration in release K.14.xx. Support for no-tag-added option in direction-based mirroring on port interfaces, which allows you to exclude the VLAN tag added to packets sent as mirrored copies of selected traffic to a mirroring destination.
Distributed Trunking:	Allows a server to connect to multiple switches with a single logical trunk enabling load-balancing and redundancy.
Debug, Syslog, and Show Command Updates:	<p>New enhancements include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enhanced diagnostics and debug information on features such as IP routing, LLDP, OSPF, SSH, VRRP and Wireless Services. The logging facility command enables you to specify the destination subsystem used in a configured Syslog server. Pattern matching option with the show command provides the ability to do searches for specific text. Selected portions of the output are displayed, depending on the parameters chosen. <p>See the <i>Troubleshooting</i> appendix for details.</p>
ACE Hit Counts:	ACE matches (hits) for permit and deny entries can be tracked using the show statistics < aclv4 aclv6 > command. See the <i>Troubleshooting</i> appendix for details.
Ping/Traceroute Updates:	The Ping, Ping6, Traceroute and Traceroute6 commands now include a source < ip-addr vid > option. See the <i>Troubleshooting</i> appendix for details.
Core-Dump File Capture:	Allows for the automatic generation of core-dump files for enhanced debugging capabilities in the event of system failure.

Software Manual/ Enhancements	Description
<i>Advanced Traffic Management Guide</i>	
Classifier-Based Configuration:	Classifier-based service policies are designed to work with existing globally-configured, switch-wide and port-wide configurations by allowing you to zoom in on a subset of port or VLAN traffic. Using multiple match criteria, you can finely select and define the classes of traffic that you want to manage. Policy actions determine how you can handle the selected traffic. See also "Advanced Classifier-Based Mirroring" in the <i>Management and Configuration Guide</i> and "Advanced Classifier-Based QoS" in the <i>Advanced Traffic Management Guide</i> .
Advanced Classifier-Based QoS:	More flexible and powerful QoS classification and enforcement, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A finer granularity for classifying inbound IPv4 and IPv6 traffic • Additional actions for managing selected traffic, such as rate-limiting and IP precedence marking See also <i>Classifier-Based Software Configuration</i> .
Global QoS enhancements:	Support for IPv6 addresses, IPv6 prefixes, and IPv4 subnet masks in global QoS configuration and "show" commands has been added. See also <i>DSCP Mapping Updates</i> .
DSCP Mapping Updates:	Support for additional DSCP codepoint values in global and classifier-based QoS commands that remark packets and remap DSCP-802.1p priority assignments.
Management VLAN:	The Management VLAN feature applies to both IPv4 and IPv6 traffic.
<i>Routing and Multicast Guide</i>	
ECMP Routing for Static Routes:	Supports optional load-sharing across redundant links by allowing OSPF to add two, three, or four equal-cost next-hop routes for traffic to different subnets.
OSPF Display Commands:	Enhanced show ip ospf statistics , clear ip ospf statistics , and show ip ospf spf-log commands. See also updates to the debug ip ospf command in the <i>Troubleshooting</i> appendix in the <i>Management and Configuration Guide</i> .
<i>Access and Security Guide</i>	
Management Interface Wizard:	Allows easy configuration of secure management interfaces at initial setup using either the CLI or Web browser interface.
RADIUS COS Updates:	802.1p (CoS) Priority for traffic inbound to the switch has changed from per-port to per-user.

Software Manual/ Enhancements	Description
RADIUS Rate-Limiting Updates:	Includes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • traffic inbound (ingress) to the switch has changed from per-port to per-user • traffic per-port outbound (Egress) from the switch has been added
RADIUS ACLs:	Enhanced support for dynamic (RADIUS-assigned) ACLs capable of filtering both IPv4 and IPv6 traffic from authenticated clients.
IP SSH for IPv4 and IPv6:	SSH is now automatically supported for both IPv4 and IPv6 when SSH is enabled. The ip-version < 4 6 4or6 > command has been removed.
<i>IPv6 Configuration Guide</i>	
IPv6 ACLs:	Support has been added for static IPv6 ACLs per-VLAN and per-port.
[no] telnet6-server [DEPRECATED]:	The [no] telnet6-server command has been replaced by the [no] telnet-server command, which formerly was used only for IPv4 Telnet. The telnet-server command now enables or disables both IPv4 and IPv6 Telnet.
clear ipv6 neighbors	No longer lists removed addresses. Neighbor entries for active routers are not removed, but their layer-2 information is cleared.
Note on Manual Updates: With this release, the new 6600 platform has been added to the 3500yl/5400zl/6200yl/8200zl manual set. As before, where features apply only to a specific model or models, this will be indicated in the chapter or heading for that feature; for example, "Redundancy (Switch 8212zl)" or "Stack Management for the Series 3500yl Switches and the 6200yl Switch."	

Release K.14.10 Enhancements

Release K.14.10 includes the following enhancements.

- **Enhancement (PR_0000011224)** — Support was added for chassis locator LED status with the CLI.

Locator LED Status via CLI

The **chassislocate** parameter provides a way to check the status of the blue Locator LED with a CLI command. The status will be displayed, and if the status is ON or BLINK, the amount of time the LED will continue to be on or to blink is displayed.

Syntax: show system chassislocate

Displays the chassis Locator LED status. Possible values are On, Off, or Blink. When the status is On or Blink, the number of minutes that the Locator LED will continue to be on or to blink is displayed.

```
ProCurve(config)# show system chassislocate
Chassis Locator LED: ON 5 minutes 5 seconds

ProCurve(config)# show system chassislocate
Chassis Locator LED: BLINK 10 minutes 6 seconds

ProCurve(config)# show system chassislocate
Chassis Locator LED: OFF
```

Figure 22. Example of Command Results for show system chassislocate Command

- **Enhancement (PR_0000011601)** — Support was added for an increased number of LACP trunk groups.

Increase in Number of Trunk Groups

The number of trunk groups per switch is increased from 60 trunk groups to 144 trunk groups. The maximum number of ports per trunk remains at eight. The trunks do not have to be the same size, for example 100 two-port trunks and 11 eight-port trunks are supported.

- **Enhancement (PR_0000010201)** — Support was added for SNTP client authentication.

SNTP—Client Authentication

Overview

Enabling SNTP authentication allows network devices such as HP ProCurve switches to validate the SNTP messages received from an NTP or SNTP server before updating the network time. NTP or SNTP servers and clients must be configured with the same set of authentication keys so that the servers can authenticate the messages they send and clients (HP ProCurve switches) can validate the received messages before updating the time.

This enhancement provides support for SNTP client authentication on HP ProCurve switches, which addresses security considerations when deploying SNTP in a network.

For more information about SNTP operation in general, see the chapter “Time Protocols” in the *Management and Configuration Guide* for your switch.

Requirements

The following must be configured to enable SNTP client authentication on the switch.

SNTP Client Authentication Support

- Timesync mode must be SNTP. Use the **timesync sntp** command. (SNTP is disabled by default.)
- SNTP must be in unicast or broadcast mode. See “Configuring Unicast and Broadcast Mode” on page 92.
- The MD5 authentication mode must be selected.
- An SNTP authentication key-identifier (**key-id**) must be configured on the switch and a value (**key-value**) must be provided for the authentication key. A maximum of 8 sets of **key-id** and **key-value** can be configured on the switch.
- Among the keys that have been configured, one key or a set of keys must be configured as trusted. Only trusted keys will be used for SNTP authentication.
- If the SNTP server requires authentication, one of the trusted keys has to be associated with the SNTP server.
- SNTP client authentication must be enabled on the ProCurve switch. If client authentication is disabled, packets are processed without authentication. All of the above steps are necessary to enable authentication on the client.

SNTP Server Authentication Support

Note

SNTP server is not supported on ProCurve products.

The following must be performed on the SNTP server:

- The same authentication key-identifier, trusted key, authentication mode and key-value that were configured on the SNTP client must also be configured on the SNTP server.
- SNTP server authentication must be enabled on the server.

If any of the parameters on the server are changed, the parameters have to be changed on all the SNTP clients in the network as well. The authentication check will fail on the clients otherwise, and the SNTP packets will be dropped.

Configuring the Key-Identifier, Authentication Mode, and Key Value

This command configures the **key-id**, **authentication-mode**, and **key-value**, which are required for authentication. It is executed in the global configuration context.

Syntax: `sntp authentication key-id <key-id> authentication-mode <md5> key-value <key-string> [trusted]`
`no sntp authentication key-id <key-id>`

Configures a key-id, authentication-mode (MD5 only), and key-value, which are required for authentication.

*The **no** version of the command deletes the authentication key.*

Default: No default keys are configured on the switch.

key-id: *A numeric key identifier in the range of 1-4,294,967,295 (2^{32}) that identifies the unique key value. It is sent in the SNTP packet.*

key-value <key-string>: *The secret key that is used to generate the message digest. Up to 32 characters are allowed for <key-string>.*

```
ProCurve(config)# sntp authentication key-id 55 authentication-mode md5  
key-value secretkey1
```

Figure 23. Example of Setting Parameters for SNTP Authentication

Configuring a Trusted Key

Trusted keys are used in SNTP authentication. In unicast mode, a **trusted** key must be associated with a specific NTP/SNTP server. That key is used for authenticating the SNTP packet.

In unicast mode, a specific server is configured on the switch so that the SNTP client communicates with the specified server to get the date and time.

In broadcast mode, the SNTP client switch checks the size of the received packet to determine if it is authenticated. If the broadcast packet is authenticated, the key-id value is checked to see if the same key-id value is configured on the SNTP client switch. If the switch is configured with the same key-id value and the key-id value is configured as “trusted”, the authentication succeeds. Only trusted key-id value information is used for SNTP authentication. See “Configuring Unicast and Broadcast Mode” on page 92 for information about configuring these modes.

If the packet contains key-id value information that is not configured on the SNTP client switch or the received packet contains no authentication information, it is discarded. The SNTP client switch expects packets to be authenticated if SNTP authentication is enabled.

When authentication succeeds, the time in the packet is used to update the time on the switch.

Enter the following command to configure a **key-id** as **trusted**.

Syntax: sntp authentication key-id <key-id> trusted
no sntp authentication key-id <key-id> trusted

*Trusted keys are used during the authentication process. The switch can be configured with up to eight sets of key-id/key-value pairs. One specific set must be selected for authentication; this is done by configuring the set as **trusted**.*

*The **key-id** itself must already be configured on the switch. To enable authentication, at least one **key-id** must be configured as **trusted**.*

*The **no** version of the command indicates the key is unreliable (not trusted).*

Default: No key is trusted by default.

Associating a Key with an SNTP Server

After a key is configured, it must be associated with a specific server.

Syntax: [no] sntp server priority <1-3> <ip-address | ipv6-address> <version-num> [key-id <1-4,294,967,295>]

*Configures a **key-id** to be associated with a specific server. The key itself must already be configured on the switch.*

*The **no** version of the command disassociates the key from the server. This does not remove the authentication key.*

Default: No key is associated with any server by default.

priority: *Specifies the order in which the configured servers are polled for getting the time. Value is between 1 and 3.*

<version-num> *Specifies the SNTP software version to use, and is assigned on a per-server basis. The version setting is backwards-compatible. For example, using version 3 means that the switch accepts versions 1 through 3.*

Default: 3; range: 1 - 7.

key-id: *Optional command. The key identifier (range 1-4,294,967,295) sent in the SNTP packet. This **key-id** will be associated with the SNTP server specified in the command.*

```
ProCurve(config)# sntp server priority 1 10.10.19.5 2 key-id 55
```

Figure 24. Example of Associating a Key-Id with a Specific Server

Enabling SNTP Client Authentication

The **sntp authentication** command enables SNTP client authentication on the switch. If SNTP authentication is not enabled, SNTP packets are not authenticated.

Syntax: [no] sntp authentication

Enables the SNTP client authentication

*The **no** version of the command disables authentication.*

Default: SNTP client authentication is disabled by default.

Configuring Unicast and Broadcast Mode

To enable authentication, either unicast or broadcast mode must be configured. When authentication is enabled, changing the mode from unicast to broadcast or vice versa is not allowed. You must disable authentication and then change the mode.

To set the SNTP mode or change from one mode to the other, enter the appropriate command.

Syntax: sntp unicast
sntp broadcast

Enables SNTP for either broadcast or unicast mode.

*Default: SNTP mode is disabled by default. SNTP does not operate even if specified by the CLI **timesync** command or by the menu interface **Time Sync Method** parameter.*

Unicast: *Directs the switch to poll a specific server periodically for SNTP time synchronization. The default value between each polling request is 720 seconds but can be configured. At least one manually configured server IP address is required.*

Note: *At least one **key-id** must be configured as **trusted** and it must be associated with one of the SNTP servers. To edit or remove the associated **key-id** information or SNTP server information. SNTP authentication must be disabled.*

Broadcast: *Directs the switch to acquire its time synchronization from data broadcast by any SNTP server to the network broadcast address. The switch uses the first server detected and ignores any others. However, if the Poll Interval (configurable up to 720 seconds) expires three times without the switch detecting a time update from the original server, the switch accepts a broadcast time update from the next server it detects.*

Displaying SNTP Configuration Information

The **show sntp** command displays SNTP configuration information, including any SNTP authentication keys that have been configured on the switch.

```
ProCurve(config)# show sntp

SNTP Configuration

SNTP Authentication : Enabled
Time Sync Mode: Sntp
SNTP Mode : Unicast
Poll Interval (sec) [720] : 720

Priority  SNTP Server Address                Protocol Version  KeyId
-----
1         10.10.10.2                        3                 55
2         fe80::200:24ff:fec8:4ca8          3                 55
```

Figure 25. Example of SNTP Configuration Information

To display all the SNTP authentication keys that have been configured on the switch, enter the **show sntp authentication** command.

```
ProCurve(config)# show sntp authentication

SNTP Authentication Information

SNTP Authentication : Enabled

Key-ID   Auth Mode   Trusted
-----
55        MD5          Yes
10        MD5          No
```

Figure 26. Example of show sntp authentication Command Output

To display the statistical information for each SNTP server, enter the **sntp statistics** command. The number of SNTP packets that have failed authentication is displayed for each SNTP server address.

```
ProCurve(config)# show sntp statistics
SNTP Statistics

Received Packets   : 0
Sent Packets       : 3
Dropped Packets    : 0

SNTP Server Address                               Auth Failed Pkts
-----
10.10.10.1                                           0
fe80::200:24ff:fec8:4ca8                           0
```

Figure 27. Example of SNTP Authentication Statistical Information

Saving Configuration Files and the Include-Credentials Command

You can use the **include-credentials** command to store security information in the running-config file. This allows you to upload the file to a TFTP server and then later download the file to the ProCurve switches on which you want to use the same settings. For more information about the **include-credentials** command, see “Configuring Username and Password Security” in the *Access Security Guide* for your switch.

The authentication key values are shown in the output of the **show running-config** and **show config** commands only if the **include-credentials** command was executed.

When SNTP authentication is configured and **include-credentials** has not been executed, the SNTP authentication configuration is not saved.

```
ProCurve(config)# show config

Startup configuration:

.
.
.
timesync sntp
sntp broadcast
sntp 50
sntp authentication
sntp server priority 1 10.10.10.2 3 key-id 55
sntp server priority 2 fe80::200:24ff:fec8:4ca8 4 key-id 55
.
.
.
```

SNTP authentication has been enabled and a key-id of 55 has been created.

Figure 28. Example of Configuration File with SNTP Authentication Information

In [Figure 28](#), the **include-credentials** command has not been executed and is not present in the configuration file. The configuration file is subsequently saved to a TFTP server for later use. The SNTP authentication information is not saved and is not present in the retrieved configuration file, as shown in [Figure 29](#).

```
ProCurve(config)#copy tftp startup-config 10.2.3.44 config1
.
.
.
Switch reboots...

Startup configuration
.
.
.
timesync sntp
sntp broadcast
sntp 50 sntp server priority 1 10.10.10.2 3
sntp server priority 2 fe80::200:24ff:fec8:4ca8 4
.
.
.
```

The **sntp authentication** line and the **key-ids** are not displayed. You must reconfigure SNTP authentication.

Figure 29. Example of a Retrieved Configuration File When Include Credentials is not Configured

If **include-credentials** is configured, the SNTP authentication configuration is saved in the configuration file. When the **show config** command is entered, all of the information that has been configured for SNTP authentication displays, including the key-values.

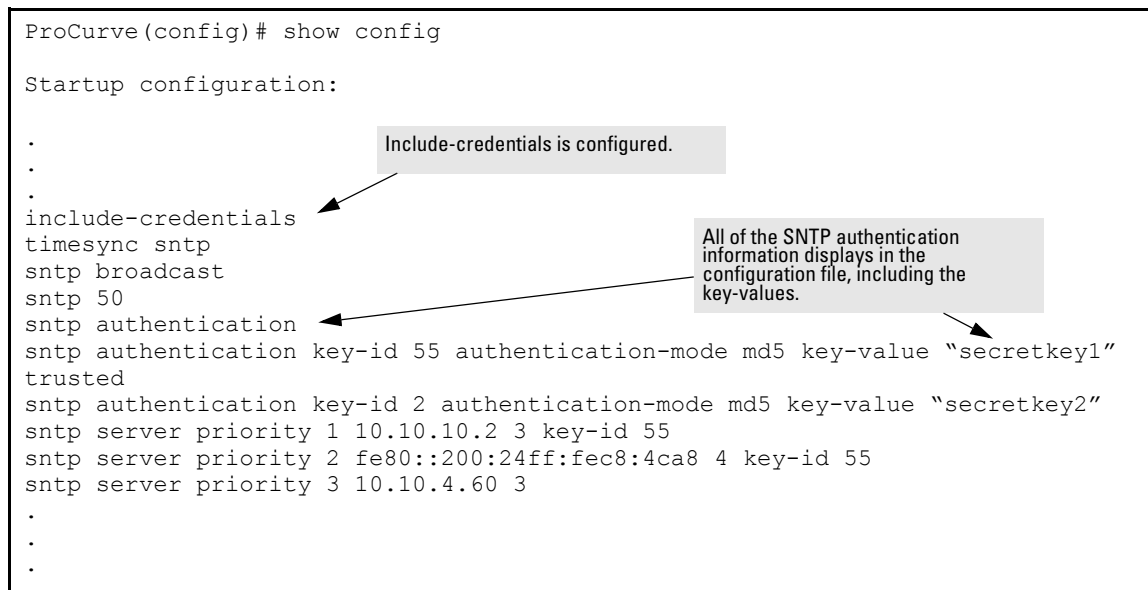


Figure 30. Example of Saved SNTP Authentication Information when include-credentials is Configured

- **Enhancement (PR_0000013247)** — Support was added for the **show VLANs custom** CLI commands.

Show VLANs Custom

The **show vlans custom** command allows you to customize the information displayed when executing the **show vlans** command.

Syntax: show vlans custom [port <port-list>] column-list

*Select the information that you want to display in the order you want to display it for the **show vlans** command. You can display information for one port or range of ports. If <port-list> isn't specified, then all ports display.*

Fields that can be included in the customized display are shown in the table below.

Field	Display	Example	Default
id	VLAN Id	5	6
name	VLAN Name	Vlan55	32
status	Status	Port-based	10
voice	Voice enabled	No	5
jumbo	Jumbos enabled	No	5

Field	Display	Example	Default
ipconfig	How the ip address was configured	Manual Disabled DHCP/BootP	10
ipaddr (IPv4)	the IP address(es)	10.10.10.3	15 for IPv4
ipaddr (IPv6)		fe80::212:79ff:fe8d:8000	46 for IPv6
ipmask	The subnet mask(s)	255.255.255.6 /64 (prefix for IPv6 is in format "/XX")	15
proxyarp	Whether proxy arp is configured	No	5
localproxyarp	Whether local proxy arp is configured	No	9
state	"Up" if at least one port is up	Up	5

The example in [Figure 31](#) displays **id** at its default width, and will show up to 20 characters of the VLAN **name**. The columns selected for display are separated by spaces.

```
ProCurve(config)# show vlan custom A1-A3 id name:20 ipaddr state
```

Status and Counters - VLAN Information - Custom view

VLANID	VLAN name	IP Addr	State
1	DEFAULT_VLAN	15.255.134.74	Up
33	Vlan33	10.10.10.01	Up
44	Vlan44	15.255.164.13	Up
55	Vlan55	15.255.178.2	Down
		15.255.178.3	
		15.255.178.4	
60	Vlan60	fe80::212:79ff:fe8d:8000%vlan60	Up

Figure 31. Example of show vlan custom Command

If the width of the column requested is smaller than the header name of the column, the display of the header name is truncated.

```
ProCurve(config)# show vlan custom id
Status and Counters - VLAN Information - Custom view

VLANID
-----
1
33
44

ProCurve(config)# show vlan custom id:2
Status and Counters - VLAN Information - Custom view

VL
--
1
33
44
```

Figure 32. Example of Column Headers

The total output will wrap if it is longer than the terminal width (for example, 80 characters). It is not truncated.

Creating an Alias for Show VLAN Commands

You can create an alias for a frequently used **show vlans custom** command to avoid entering the selected columns each time you use the command.

```
ProCurve(config)# alias showvlanstatus = "show vlan custom A1-A3 id name:20
status"

ProCurve(config)# showvlanstatus
Status and Counters - VLAN Information - Custom view

VLANID  VLAN name                Status
-----  -
1        DEFAULT_VLAN                Port-based
33       Vlan33                        Port-based
```

Figure 33. Example of the alias Command

Note on Using Pattern Matching with the “Show VLANs Custom” Command

If you have included a pattern matching command to search for a field in the output of the **show vlan custom** command and the **show vlans custom** command produces an error, the error message may not be visible and the output is empty. For example, if you enter a command that produces an error (vlan is misspelled) with the pattern matching **include** option:

```
ProCurve(config)# show vlans custom 1-3 name vlun | include vlan1
```

the output may be empty. It is advisable to try the **show vlans custom** command first to ensure there is output, and then enter the command again with the pattern matching option.

Release K.14.11 through K.14.13 Enhancements

No new enhancements, software never built.

Release K.14.14 Enhancements

No new enhancements, software fixes only. (Never released)

Release K.14.15 Enhancements

No new enhancements, software fixes only.

Release K.14.16 through K.14.19

Software never built.

Release K.14.20 through K.14.23

Software never released.

Release K.14.24 Enhancements

- **Enhancement (PR_0000041097)** — Support is added for the HP ProCurve 6600-48G (J9451A) and HP ProCurve 6600-48G-4XG (J9452A) Switches.

Release K.14.25 Enhancements

Software never built.

Release K.14.26 Enhancements

No new enhancements, software fixes only.

Release K.14.27 through K.14.29 Enhancements

Software never built.

Release K.14.30 Enhancements

Software never released.

Release K.14.31 Enhancements

- **Enhancement (PR_0000013786)** — Support is added for source IP identification. For more information, see [“Release K.13.52 Enhancements” on page 74](#).

Single Source IP Identity

Overview

This enhancement applies to the following software applications:

- TACACS
- RADIUS
- System Logging applications

The above IP-based software applications use a client-server communication model, that is, the client's source IP address is used for unique client identification. The source IP address is determined by the system and is usually the IP address of the outgoing interface in the routing table. However, routing switches may have multiple routing interfaces due to load balancing or routing redundancy, and outgoing packets can potentially be sent by different paths at different times. This results in different source IP addresses, which creates a client identification problem on the server site. For example, there is no way to designate a fixed IP address for outgoing packets for RADIUS or TACACS, so it is necessary to configure in the RADIUS or TACACS database all possible IP addresses that are configured on the switch as valid clients. When using system logging, it can be difficult to interpret the logging and accounting data on the server site as the same client can be logged with different IP addresses.

To decrease the amount of administrative work involved, a configuration model is provided that allows the selection of an IP address to use as the source address for all outgoing traffic generated by a specified software application on the switch. This allows unique identification of the software application on the server site regardless of which local interface has been used to reach the destination server.

Specifying the Source IP Address

The CLI command **ip source-interface** is used to specify the source IP address for an application. Different source IP addresses can be used for different software applications, but only one source IP address can be specified for each application.

.

Syntax: [no] ip source-interface <radius | tacacs | logging | all> <loopback <id> | vlan <vlan-id> address <ip-address>>

*Determines the source IP address used by the specified software application when transmitting IP packets. The **all** parameter can be used to set one IP address for all the listed applications, in this case, RADIUS, TACACS, and System Logging.*

*The **no** version of the command cancels the configuration and the application reverts to its default behavior. The system determines the source IP address of outgoing application-specific IP packets at packet transmission time.*

loopback <id>: Specifies that the IP address of the loopback interface is used as the source IP address in outgoing packets. If the loopback interface has no IP address, then the application reverts to the default behavior. If more than one IP address is configured, then the lowest IP address is used.

vlan <vlan-id>: Specifies that the IP address of the indicated VLAN interface is used as the source IP address of outgoing packets. If the specified VLAN interface has no IP address configured, or is down, then the application reverts to the default behavior. If more than one IP address is configured, then the lowest IP address is used.

address <ip-address>: Specifies the IP address that should be used as the source IP address of outgoing packets. The IP address must be a valid IP address configured on one of the switch's VLAN or loopback interfaces. If the interface is down, then the application reverts to the default behavior.

The Source IP Selection Policy

The source IP address selection for the application protocols is defined through assignment of one of the following policies:

- **Outgoing Interface**—the IP address of the outgoing IP interface is used as the source IP address. This is the default policy and the default behavior of applications.

- Configured IP Address—the specific IP address that is used as the source IP address. This address is configured on one of the switch's IP interfaces, either a VLAN interface or a Loopback interface.
- Configured IP Interface—the IP address from the specific IP interface (VLAN or Loopback) is used as the source IP address. If there are multiple IP addresses assigned (multinetting, for example), the lowest IP address is used.

If the selection policy cannot be executed because the interface does not have an IP address configured, does not exist, or is down, the application protocol uses the default Outgoing Interface policy. A warning message is displayed, but the configuration changes are accepted. When using the **show ip source-interface status** command to display information about the source IP address selection policy, the administratively-assigned source IP selection policy and the actual (operational) source IP selection policy in effect are displayed. The operational source IP selection policy may be different from the assigned source selection policy if the IP interface does not exist or is down. In this case, the default of Outgoing Interface appears as the operational policy. See [Figure 34](#).

```
ProCurve (config)# show ip source-interface detail

Source-IP Detailed Information

Protocol : Tacacs
Admin Policy      : Configured IP Interface
Oper Policy      : Outgoing Interface
Source IP Interface : Vlan 22
Source IP Address  : 10.10.10.4
Source Interface State : Down
```

The Admin Policy differs from the Oper Policy because the Source Interface State is Down. The default Outgoing Interface policy is actually in effect.

Figure 34. Example of the Administratively-assigned Source IP Selection Policy Differing From the Operational Policy

The **no** form of the **ip source-interface** command reverts the application protocols to the default behavior. The Outgoing Interface policy is used.

[Figure 12](#) is an example of assigning a specific source IP address for a RADIUS application. The administrative policy is Configured IP Address.

```
ProCurve(config)# ip source-interface radius address 10.10.10.2
ProCurve(config)# show ip source-interface radius
```

Source-IP Configuration Information

Protocol	Admin Selection Policy	IP Interface	IP Address
----- + -----			
Radius	Configured IP Address	vlan 3	10.10.10.2

Figure 35. Example of a Specific IP Address Assigned for the RADIUS Application Protocol

In [Figure 13](#), a VLAN interface (VLAN 22) is specified as the source IP address for TACACS. The administrative policy is Configured IP Interface.

```
ProCurve(config)# ip source-interface tacacs vlan 22
ProCurve(config)# show ip source-interface tacacs
```

Source-IP Configuration Information

Protocol	Admin Selection Policy	IP Interface	IP Address
----- + -----			
Tacacs	Configured IP Interface	vlan 22	10.10.10.4

Figure 36. Example of Using a VLAN Interface as the Source IP Address for TACACS

[Figure 14](#) shows a VLAN interface being specified as the source IP address for logging. The administrative policy is Configured IP Interface.

```
ProCurve(config)# ip source-interface syslog vlan 10
ProCurve(config)# show ip source-interface syslog
```

Source-IP Configuration Information

Protocol	Admin Selection Policy	IP Interface	IP Address
----- + -----			
Syslog	Configured IP Interface	vlan 10	10.10.10.10

Figure 37. Example of Using a VLAN Interface as the Source IP Address for Logging (Syslog)

Displaying the Source IP Interface Information

There are several **show** commands that can be used to display information about the source IP interface status.

Syntax: show ip source-interface status [radius | tacacs | syslog]

Displays the operational status information for the source IP address selection policy. Both the administratively-assigned source IP selection policy and the operational source IP selection policy are displayed.

When no parameters are specified, policy information for all protocols is displayed.

```
ProCurve(config)# show ip source-interface status

Source-IP Status Information

Protocol | Admin Selection Policy  Oper Selection Policy
-----+-----
Tacacs   | Configured IP Interface Configured IP Interface
Radius   | Configured IP Address   Configured IP Address
Syslog    | Configured IP Interface Outgoing Interface
```

Figure 38. Example of the Data Displayed for Source IP Interface Status

When executing the **show ip source-interface** command without parameters, the configured IP interfaces (VLANs) and IP addresses are displayed for each protocol.

```
ProCurve(config)# show ip source-interface

Source-IP Configuration Information

Protocol | Admin Selection Policy  IP Interface  IP Address
-----+-----
Tacacs   | Configured IP Interface vlan 22      10.10.10.4
Radius   | Configured IP Address   vlan 3        10.10.10.2
Syslog    | Configured IP Interface vlan 10      10.10.10.10
```

Figure 39. Example of show ip source-interface Command Output

The **show ip source-interface detail** command displays detailed information about the configured policies, source IP address, and interface state for each protocol.

Syntax: show ip source-interface detail [radius | tacacs | syslog]

Displays detailed operational status information for the source IP address selection policy. Information about the configured policies, source IP address and interface state are displayed.

When no parameters are specified, policy information for all protocols is displayed.

```
ProCurve(config)# show ip source-interface detail

Source-IP Detailed Information

Protocol : Tacacs
Admin Policy      : Configured IP Interface
Oper Policy      : Configured IP Interface
Source IP Interface : vlan 22
Source IP Address  : 10.10.10.4
Source Interface State : Up

Protocol : Radius
Admin Policy      : Configured IP Address
Oper Policy      : Configured IP Address
Source IP Interface : vlan 3
Source IP Address  : 10.10.10.2
Source Interface State : Up

Protocol : Syslog
Admin Policy      : Configured IP Interface
Oper Policy      : Configured IP Interface
Source IP Interface : vlan 10
Source IP Address  : 10.10.10.10
Source Interface State : Up
```

Figure 40. Example of Detailed Information Displayed for Each Protocol

The **show** command can also be used with the application to display the source IP address selection information in effect for the application protocol.

```
ProCurve(config)# show radius
```

```
Status and Counters - General RADIUS Information
```

```
Deadtime(min) : 0
```

```
Timeout(secs) : 5
```

```
Retransmit Attempts : 3
```

```
Global Encryption Key :
```

```
Dynamic Authorization UDP Port : 3799
```

```
Source IP Selection : Configured IP address
```

Source IP Selection for the specified application protocol is displayed.

Figure 41. Example of show radius Command Displaying Source IP Selection Information

```
ProCurve(config)# show tacacs
```

```
Status and Counters - TACACS Information
```

```
Timeout : 5
```

```
Source IP Selection : Configured IP Interface
```

```
Encryption Key :
```

Source IP Selection for the specified application protocol is displayed.

Figure 42. Example of show tacacs Command Displaying Source IP Selection Information

```
ProCurve(config)# show debug
```

```
Debug Logging
```

```
Source IP Selection: Configured IP interface
```

```
Destination: None
```

```
Enabled debug types:
```

```
None are enabled.
```

Source IP Selection for the specified application protocol is displayed.

Figure 43. Example of show debug Command Displaying Source IP Selection Information for Syslog

Error Messages

The following error messages may appear when configuring source IP selection if the interface does not exist, is not configured for IP, or is down.

Error Message	Description
Warning: Specified IP address is not configured on any interface	The IP address specified has not been assigned to any interface on the switch.
Warning: Specified IP interface is not configured	The IP interface has not been configured.
Warning: Specified IP interface is not configured for IP	An IP address has not been assigned to this interface.
Warning: Specified IP interface is down.	The interface on the switch associated with this IP address is down.
Warning: Specified IP interface is configured for DHCP	The IP address has not been configured specifically (manually) for this interface and may change.

- **Enhancement (PR_0000003718)** — The MAC Lockout limit was increased. For more information, see [“Release K.13.40 Enhancements” on page 56](#).
- **Enhancement (PR_0000003127)** — Link Trap and LACP Global Enable/Disable. For more information, see [“Release K.13.40 Enhancements” on page 56](#).
- **Enhancement (PR_0000003128)** — The ability to clear statistics was added. For more information, see [“Release K.13.40 Enhancements” on page 56](#).
- **Enhancement (PR_0000016121)** — Support is added for multiple RADIUS groups. For more information, see [“Release K.13.51 Enhancements” on page 62](#).
- **Enhancement (PR_0000003141)** — Support is added for SSH Secure to RADIUS authentication. For more information, see [“Release K.13.51 Enhancements” on page 62](#).
- **Enhancement (PR_0000000083)** — Support is added for a MAC-Auth failure HTTP Redirect option. For more information, see [“Release K.13.51 Enhancements” on page 62](#).
- **Enhancement (PR_0000008243)** — Support is added for an eavesdrop prevention option. For more information, see [“Release K.13.52 Enhancements” on page 74](#).
- **Enhancement (PR_0000013992)** — The ability to disable 5V power to the USB port is added.

USB Port Config via CLI and SNMP

CLI Implementation

This feature allows configuration of the USB port with either the CLI or SNMP.

To enable/disable the USB port with the CLI:

Syntax: usb-port
no usb-port

*Enables the USB port. The **no** form of the command disables the USB port and any access to the device.*

To display the status of the USB port:

Syntax: show usb-port

Displays the status of the USB port. It can be enabled, disabled, or not present.

```
ProCurve(config)# show usb-port

USB port status: enabled
USB port power status: power on      (USB device detected in port)
USB port reseal status: USB reseal not required
```

Figure 44. Example of show usb-port Command Output on version K.13.59 and later

```
ProCurve(config)# show usb-port

USB port status: enabled
USB port power status: power on      (USB device detected in port)
```

Figure 45. Example of show usb-port Command Output on version K.14.XX

One of the following messages indicates the presence or absence of the USB device:

- Not able to sense device in USB port
- USB device detected in port
- no USB device detected in port

The reseal status messages can be one of the following (K.13.XX only):

- undetermined USB reseal requirement
- USB reseal not required
- USB device reseal required for USB autorun

The autorun feature only works when a USB device is inserted and the USB port is enabled.

Behavior of Autorun When USB Port is Disabled

Software Versions K.13.XX Operation

When using software version K.13.58, if the USB port is disabled (no usb-port command), the USB autorun function does not work in the USB port until the USB port is enabled, the config file is saved, and the switch is rebooted. The 5 volt power to the USB port remains on even after the USB port has been disabled.

For software versions after K.13.58, the 5 volt power applied to the USB port is synchronized with the enabling of the USB port, that is, when the USB port is enabled, the 5 volts are supplied; when the USB port is disabled, the 5 volts are not supplied. For previous software versions the power was supplied continuously. The autorun function does not require a switch reboot, but the USB device must be inserted at least once after the port is enabled so that the switch recognizes that the device is present. If the USB device is inserted and then the USB port is enabled, the switch does not recognize that a USB device is present.

Software Version K.14.XX Operation

For software versions K.14.XX, the USB port can be disabled and enabled without affecting the autorun feature. When the USB port is enabled, the autorun feature activates if a USB device is already inserted in the USB port.

Power is synchronized with the enabling and disabling of USB ports as described above for K.13.59 and later K.13.XX software versions, and K.14.31 and later K.14.XX software versions.

SNMP Implementation

The HP enterprise MIB hpicfUSBPort.mib allows configuration of the USB port with SNMP.

```
HP-ICF-USBPORT DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
```

```
IMPORTS
```

```
    OBJECT-TYPE, NOTIFICATION-TYPE, MODULE-IDENTITY
```

```
    FROM SNMPv2-SMI
```

```
    NOTIFICATION-GROUP, OBJECT-GROUP, MODULE-COMPLIANCE
```

```
    FROM SNMPv2-CONF
```

```
    hpSwitch
```

```
    FROM HP-ICF-OID;
```

```
hpicfUSBPortMIB MODULE-IDENTITY
```

```
    LAST-UPDATED "200812180000Z"
```

```
    ORGANIZATION "Hewlett-Packard Company,
```

```
        Workgroup Networks Division"
```

CONTACT-INFO "Hewlett Packard Company
8000 Foothills Blvd.
Roseville, CA 95747"
DESCRIPTION "This MIB module manages the USB Port."

--
-- Revision History
--

REVISION "200812180000Z" -- December 18, 2008
DESCRIPTION "Add hpicfUSBPortZeroPowerStatus object "

REVISION "200809170000Z" -- September 17, 2008
DESCRIPTION "Move NOTIFICATIONS OID from 3 to 0"

REVISION "200809100000Z" -- September 10, 2008
DESCRIPTION "Added NOTIFICATIONS for enabled/disabled"

REVISION "200806250000Z" -- June 25, 2008
DESCRIPTION "Original version"

::= { hpSwitch 53 }

-- USBPort Configuration

hpicfUSBPortConfig OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hpicfUSBPortMIB 1 }

hpicfUSBPortStatus OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER {
notPresent(0),
enabled(1),
disabled(2) }

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION "hpicfUSBPortStatus control whether or not
the USB port is enabled.
notPresent(0) - USBPort is not present

enabled(1) - USBPort Enabled.
disabled(2) - USBPort Disabled.

"

DEFVAL { enabled }
::= { hpicfUSBPortConfig 1 }

hpicfUSBPortZeroPowerStatus OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER {
 powerUnavailable(0),
 powerOff(1),
 powerOn(2) }

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION "hpicfUSBPortZeroPowerStatus indicates if
the USB port zero power is on or off.
 powerUnavailable(0) - USBPort power reading is
 unavailable.
 powerOff(1) - USBPort power is off.
 powerOn(2) - USBPort power is on.

"

DEFVAL { powerOn }
::= { hpicfUSBPortConfig 2 }

-- Notifications

hpicfUSBPortNotifications OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hpicfUSBPortMIB 0 }

hpicfUSBPortEnabled NOTIFICATION-TYPE

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"An hpicfUSBPortEnabled notification signifies that the
SNMP entity, acting in an agent role, has detected that
the hpicfUSBPortStatus object has transitioned into the
'enabled' state."

::= { hpicfUSBPortNotifications 1 }

hpicfUSBPortDisabled NOTIFICATION-TYPE

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"An hpicfUSBPortDisabled notification signifies that the SNMP entity, acting in an agent role, has detected that the hpicfUSBPortStatus object has transitioned into the 'disabled' state."

::= { hpicfUSBPortNotifications 2 }

-- USBPort conformance information

hpicfUSBPortConformance

OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hpicfUSBPortMIB 2 }

hpicfUSBPortGroups

OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hpicfUSBPortConformance 1 }

hpicfUSBPortBaseGroup OBJECT-GROUP

OBJECTS {
 hpicfUSBPortStatus,
 hpicfUSBPortZeroPowerStatus
}

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION "A mandatory group with an object to enable or disable the USB port."

::= { hpicfUSBPortGroups 1 }

hpicfUSBPortNotificationGroup NOTIFICATION-GROUP

NOTIFICATIONS {
 hpicfUSBPortEnabled,
 hpicfUSBPortDisabled
}

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION "The hpicfUSBPort MIB Notification Group."

::= { hpicfUSBPortGroups 2 }

-- USBPort conformance statements

hpicfUSBPortCompliances

OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hpicfUSBPortConformance 2 }

```
hpicfUSBPortCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
  STATUS    current
  DESCRIPTION "Compliance statement for HP ICF USBPort
              configuration"
  MODULE
    MANDATORY-GROUPS { hpicfUSBPortBaseGroup,
                        hpicfUSBPortNotificationGroup }
  ::= { hpicfUSBPortCompliances 1 }

END
```

- **Enhancement (PR_0000016100)** — A Global MAC Auth Password is now supported.

MAC Authentication Global Password

MAC authentication only requires that an entry is placed in the user database with the device's MAC address as both the username and the password, creating the opportunity for malicious device spoofing using the readily available MAC address. To make spoofing more difficult, the global password option allows a network administrator to configure a common MAC authentication password that is used for all MAC authentications sent to the RADIUS server.

Configuring the Global MAC Authentication Password

When implementing the global MAC authentication password option, it is important that the user database on the RADIUS server has the MAC authentication password as the password for each device performing MAC authentication.

Use this command to configure the global MAC authentication password.

Syntax: [no] aaa port-access mac-based password <password-value>

Specifies the global password to be used by all MAC authenticating devices.

*The **no** form of the command disables the feature.*

```
ProCurve(config)# aaa port-access mac-based password secretMAC1

ProCurve(config)# show port-access mac-based config

Port Access MAC-Based Configuration

MAC Address Format : no-delimiter
Password           : secretMAC1

Unauth Redirect Configuration URL :

Unauth Redirect Client Timeout (sec) : 1800
Unauth Redirect Restrictive Filter : Disabled
Total Unauth Redirect Client Count : 0
```

Port	Enabled	Client Limit	Client Moves	Logoff Period	Re-Auth Period	Unauth VLAN ID	Auth VLAN ID	Cntrl Dir
1	No	1	No	300	0	0	0	both
2	No	1	No	300	0	0	0	both
3	No	1	No	300	0	0	0	both
4	No	1	No	300	0	0	0	both
5	No	1	No	300	0	0	0	both
6	No	1	No	300	0	0	0	both
7	No	1	No	300	0	0	0	both
8	No	1	No	300	0	0	0	both

Figure 46. Example of Configuring a Global MAC Authentication Password

Note

The password value will display in an exported config file when **include-credentials** is enabled.

- **Enhancement (PR_0000040203)** — Support is added for the HP ProCurve 3500-24 (J9470A), 3500-24-PoE (J9471A), 3500-48 (J9472A), and 3500-48-PoE (J9473A) Switches.

Release K.14.32 Enhancements

- **Enhancement (PR_0000039363)** — Support is added for the "B" version of HP ProCurve SFP+ Direct Attach Cables (DAC) listed below. The "B" version DACs are compliant with the January 2009 version of the Multi-Source Agreement (MSA), SFF-8472 Rev 10.4. Additionally, the "B" version DACs interoperate with the Intel NIC (Intel 10 Gigabit AF DA Dual Port Server Adapter).
 - J9281B HP ProCurve 10-GbE SFP+ 1m Cable
 - J9283B HP ProCurve 10-GbE SFP+ 3m Cable
 - J9285B HP ProCurve 10-GbE SFP+ 7m Cable

Release K.14.33 Enhancements

No enhancements, software fixes only.

Release K.14.34 Enhancements

- **Enhancement (PR_0000042932)** — Support is added for the following new products.
 - J9475A - HP ProCurve 8206zl Switch Base System
 - J9307A - HP ProCurve 24-Port 10/100/1000 PoE+ zl Module
 - J9308A - HP ProCurve 20-Port 10/100/1000 PoE+/4-port MiniGBIC zl Module
 - J9478A - HP ProCurve 24-port 10/100 PoE+ zl Module
 - J9447A - HP ProCurve 5406zl-48G-PoE+ Switch
 - J9448A - HP ProCurve 5412zl-96G-PoE+ Switch

Release K.14.35 Enhancements

- **Enhancement (PR_0000042908)** — Support is added for the following new products.
 - J9443A - HP ProCurve 630 Redundant/External Power Supply
 - J9309A - HP ProCurve 4-Port 10Gbe SFP+ zl Module

Release K.14.36 Enhancements

Software never built.

Release K.14.37 Enhancements

Release K.14.37 includes the following enhancements. (Not a public release)

- **Enhancement (PR_0000040368)** — Support is added for the following new products.
 - J9300A - HP ProCurve 10-GbE XFP-SFP+ 1m Direct Attach Cable
 - J9301A - HP ProCurve 10-GbE XFP-SFP+ 3m Direct Attach Cable
 - J9302A - HP ProCurve 10-GbE XFP-SFP+ 5m Direct Attach Cable
- **Enhancement (PR_0000016944)** — Log OSPF Adjacency Changes.

Log OSPF Adjacency Changes

In order to easily track adjacency changes among OSPF peers routers without enabling OSPF debug, event log messages will be generated on the OSPF router. The messages will indicate the formation and loss of adjacencies with peer routers. The output of the event log messages is minimal compared to OSPF debug output, and the event logs can be redirected to a syslog server that allows examination of the logs at a remote destination.

Configuring the Log Adjacency Option

Use the following command in `ospf` context to activate or deactivate the logging of OSPF neighbor adjacency changes. To enter `ospf` context, enable ip routing, and then enter the command **router ospf**.

Syntax: [no] logging neighbor-adjacency [detail]

Activates the logging of OSPF neighbor adjacency changes. The logs indicate the neighbor OSPF router interface moving into or out of the FULL state.

*The **no** version of the command deactivates the logging of OSPF neighbor adjacency changes.*

*Default: The OSPF neighbor adjacency changes are logged by default. The **detail** option is not enabled by default.*

*[detail]: When the optional **detail** parameter is configured, all state changes of the neighbor OSPF router interface are logged, not just those that occur when a neighbor goes up or down.*

```
ProCurve(ospf)# logging neighbor-adjacency detail
```

Figure 47. Example of Command for Logging OSPF Neighbor Adjacency Changes with detail Option

To display the configuration of logging neighbor adjacency changes, use the **show ip ospf general** command. The configuration displays as shown in [Figure 48](#). The possible states are Enabled, Enabled with Detail, and Disabled.

```
ProCurve(ospf)# show ip ospf general

OSPF General Status

  OSPF protocol           : enabled
  Router ID               : 15.255.133.27
  RFC 1583 compatability  : compatible

  Intra-area distance     : 110
  Inter-area distance     : 110
  AS-external distance    : 110

  Default import metric   : 10
  Default import metric type : external type 2

  Area Border             : yes
  AS Border               : yes
  External LSA Count      : 9
  External LSA Checksum Sum : 408218
  Originate New LSA Count : 24814
  Receive New LSA Count   : 14889
  Log Neighbor Adjacency Changes : Enabled with Detail
```

Logging of neighbor adjacency changes is enabled with the **detail** option.

Figure 48. Example of OSPF Information with the Status of Log Neighbor Adjacency Changes

Displaying in the Config File

The config file does not display information about logging neighbor adjacency changes when the feature is enabled, as that is the default configuration. When logging neighbor adjacency changes is disabled, or when it is enabled with the **detail** option, the information is shown in the config and running-config file.

```
ProCurve(ospf)# show run

Running configuration:

; J8692A Configuration Editor; Created on release #K.14.XX

hostname "ProCurve Switch"
qos dscp-map 001111 priority 5
module 1 type J86xxA
ip routing
vlan 1
    name "DEFAULT_VLAN"
    untagged 1-5,7,10-24
    ip address dhcp-bootp
    no untagged 6,8-9
    ip igmp
    exit
vlan 10
    name "VLAN10"
    untagged 8-9
    ip address 10.10.10.10 255.255.255.0
    exit
qos type-of-service diff-services
ip source-interface syslog 10.10.10.5
router ospf
    no logging neighbor-adjacency
    exit
```

Logging neighbor adjacency changes is disabled.

Figure 49. Example of Running Config File when Logging Neighbor Adjacency Changes is Disabled

Log Messages

The log messages seen when this feature is enabled are shown below.

Log Message	Description
OSPF: Nbr with Router ID <router-id>, IP address <ip-addr> moved to FULL state - adjacency formed	Logged when an adjacency is formed.
OSPF: Nbr with Router ID <router-id>, IP address <ip-addr> moved out of FULL state - adjacency lost.	Logged when an adjacency is lost.
OSPF: Nbr with Router ID <router-id>, IP address <ip-addr> moved in to INITIALIZE/EXSTART/EXCHANGE/LOADING state.	When the detail option is used, all neighbor state transitions are logged.

Release K.14.38 Enhancements

No enhancements, software fixes only. (Not a public release)

Release K.14.39 Enhancements

No enhancements, software fixes only. (Not a public release)

Release K.14.40 Enhancements

Release K.14.40 includes the following enhancements. (Not a public release)

- **Enhancement (PR_0000016237)** — Port VLAN ID TLV Support on LLDP.

Port VLAN ID TLV Support on LLDP

The **port-vlan-id** option enables advertisement of the port VLAN ID TLV as part of the regularly advertised TLVs. This allows discovery of a mismatch in the configured native VLAN ID between LLDP peers. The information is visible using **show** commands and will be logged to the Syslog server.

Configuring the VLAN ID TLV

This TLV advertisement is enabled by default. To enable or disable the TLV, use this command.

Syntax: [no] lldp config <port-list> dot1TlvEnable port-vlan-id

*Enables the VLAN ID TLV advertisement. The **no** form of the command disables the TLV advertisement.*

Default: Enabled.

```
ProCurve(config)# lldp config a1 dot1TlvEnable port-vlan-id
```

Figure 50. Example of Enabling the VLAN ID TLV

Displaying the TLVs Advertised

The show commands display the configuration of the TLVs. The command **show lldp config** lists the TLVs advertised for each port.

```
ProCurve(config)# show lldp config a1

LLDP Port Configuration Detail

Port : a1
AdminStatus [Tx_Rx] : Tx_Rx
NotificationEnabled [False] : False
Med Topology Trap Enabled [False] : False

TLVS Advertised:
* port_descr
* system_name
* system_descr
* system_cap

* capabilities
* network_policy
* location_id
* poe

* macphy_config

* port_vlan_id ← The VLAN ID TLV is being advertised.

IpAddress Advertised:
:
:
```

Figure 51. Displaying the TLVs for a Port

```
ProCurve(config)# show lldp info local-device a1
```

```
LLDP Local Port Information Detail
```

```
Port      : A1  
PortType  : local  
PortId    : 1  
PortDesc  : A1
```

```
Port VLAN ID : 1
```

← The information that LLDP used in its advertisement.

Figure 52. Example of Local Device LLDP Information

```
ProCurve(config)# show lldp info remote-device a1
```

```
LLDP Remote Device Information Detail
```

```
Local Port      : A1  
ChassisType     : mac-address  
ChassisId       : 00 16 35 22 ca 40  
PortType        : local  
PortId          : 1  
SysName         : esp-dback  
System Descr    : ProCurve J8693A Switch 3500yl-48G, revision K.13.03, ROM ...  
PortDescr       : A1
```

```
System Capabilities Supported : bridge, router  
System Capabilities Enabled   : bridge, router
```

```
Port VLAN ID : 200
```

```
Remote Management Address  
Type      : ipv4  
Address   : 192.168.1.1
```

Figure 53. Example of Remote Device LLDP Information

SNMP Support

The LLDP-EXT-DOT1-MIB has the corresponding MIB variables for the Port VLAN ID TLV. The TLV advertisement can be enabled or disabled using the MIB object **IldpXdot1ConfigPortVlanTxEnable** in the **IldpXdot1ConfigPortVlanTable**.

The port VLAN ID TLV local information can be obtained from the MIB object **IldpXdot1LocPortVlanId** in the local information table **IldpXdot1LocTable**.

The port VLAN ID TLV information about all the connected peer devices can be obtained from the MIB object **IldpXdot1RemPortVlanId** in the remote information table **IldpXdot1RemTable**.

■ **Enhancement (PR_0000040732)** — Remote Mirroring Using the Loopback Interface.

Remote Mirroring Using the Loopback Interface

This enhancement allows the use of a switch loopback IP address as the destination address when configuring remote mirroring. A loopback IP address can also be used as a source address. Configuring the destination IP address as a loopback address allows remote mirroring to continue if a port or VLAN goes down. The ports that are still up continue to have the traffic analyzed.

Any configured loopback address can be used except the switch's default loopback address of 127.0.0.1.

The following illustration shows a basic topology that could be used for remote mirroring.

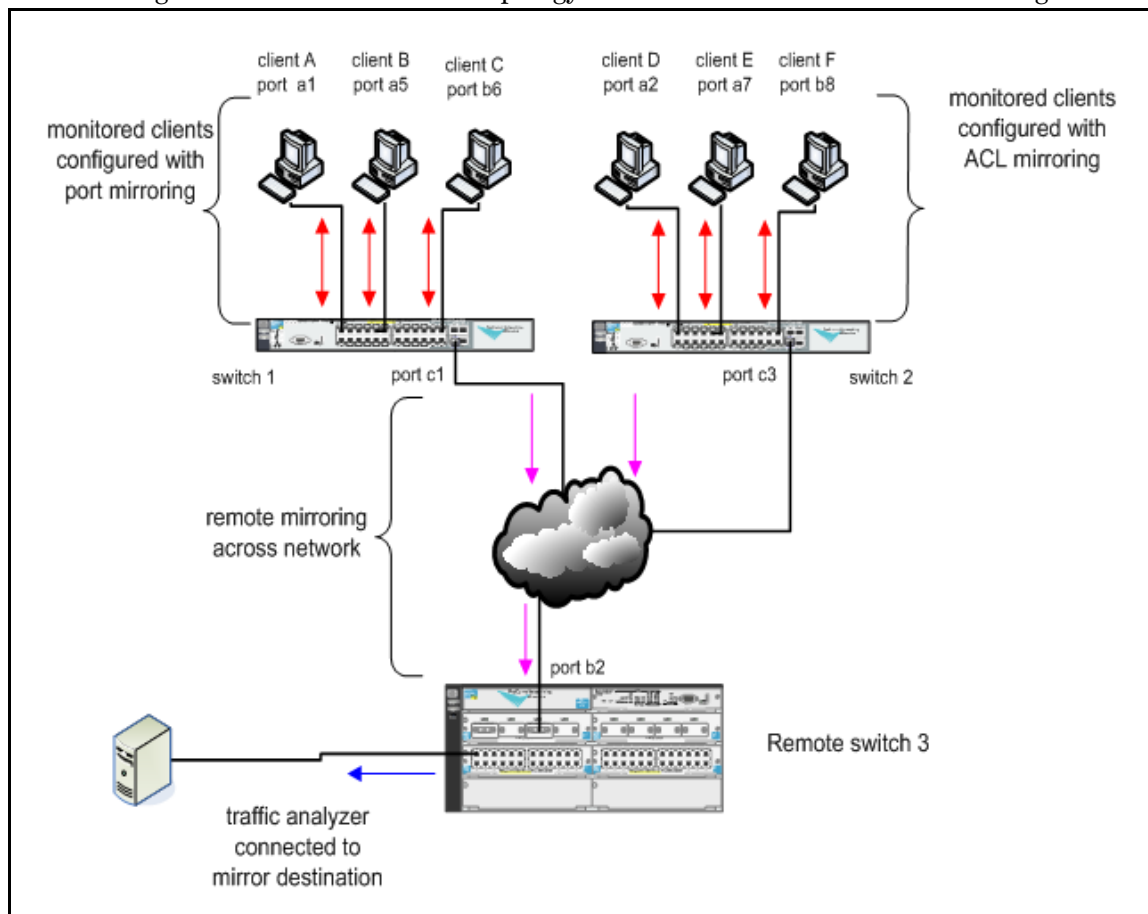


Figure 54. Example of Remote Mirroring

Configuring Remote Mirroring

It is advisable to configure the remote destination IP address first. To configure the remote destination IP address, use the following command:

Syntax: `mirror endpoint ip <src-ip-addr> <src-udp-port> <dst-ip-addr> port <port-num>`

Configure a mirror port for diagnostic purposes. The network traffic seen by the monitored ports (defined with “monitor” command) is copied to the mirror port to which a network analyzer can be attached.

When mirroring multiple ports in high traffic, some frames may not be copied to the monitoring port.

Note: The source IP address, source UDP port, and destination IP address specified on the source switch must match those on the respective destination switch.

*Note: You must use the **endpoint** keyword when using the **no** form of the command with `src-ip-addr`, `src-udp-port` and `dst-ip-addr`.*

<src-ip-addr>: source IP address for remote mirroring

<src-udp-port>: source UDP port for remote mirroring

<dst-ip-addr>: destination IP address for remote mirroring

For example:

- Loopback address 3.3.3.3 is configured on switch 3
- Switch 1, port C1 has IP address 10.11.12.1 configured

To configure switch 1 to encapsulate the traffic from mirror session 2 using loopback address 10.11.12.1, source UDP port 345 and destination IP address 3.3.3.3, enter the following commands:

```
ProCurve(config)# mirror endpoint ip 10.11.12.1 345 3.3.3.3 port C5
ProCurve(config)# mirror 2 remote ip 10.11.12.1 345 3.3.3.3
```

Configures switch 3 (remote destination end)

Configures switch 1 (remote source end)

Figure 55. Example of Configuring a Loopback IP Address for the Destination IP Address

You can also use a loopback IP address for the remote source end.

Syntax: mirror <1-4> [name <name-str>] remote ip <src-ip-addr> <src-udp-port> <dst-ip-addr>

Define the mirror port for diagnostic purposes.

The source IP address and destination IP address may be any valid address, including the loopback addresses except the default loopback address 127.0.0.1.

<1-4>: Mirror destination number

name <name-str>: Friendly name to be associated with the mirror destination number.

For example:

- Loopback address 4.4.4.4 is configured on switch 1
- Switch 3, port B2 has an IP address of 10.11.12.13

To configure switch 1 to encapsulate the traffic from mirror session 2 with a loopback address of 4.4.4.4, a source UDP port of 345, and a destination IP address of 10.11.12.13, enter the following commands:

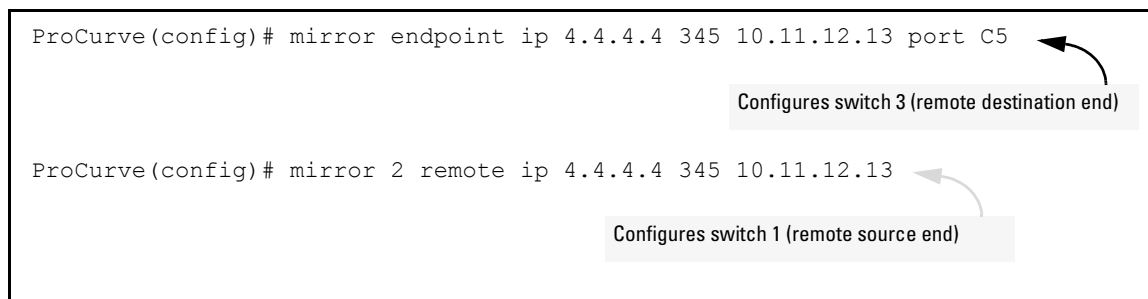


Figure 56. Example of Configuring a Loopback IP Address for the Source IP Address

- **Enhancement (PR_0000038122)** — TELNET Negotiate About Window Size (NAWS) Initiation.

Telnet Negotiate About Window Size (NAWS) Initiation

When a telnet connection is established with a switch, the switch always uses the default values of 80 columns by 24 lines for the window dimensions. The window can be resized by either dragging the corner of the window, or by executing the **terminal length <x> width <y>** CLI command and then configuring the telnet client with those dimensions. The new window dimensions are lost after that telnet session ends.

When the telnet connection is established with an HP ProCurve switch, either the switch or the telnet client needs to initiate the inquiry about the availability of NAWS. If NAWS is available, you can resize the window by dragging the corner of the window to the desired size. The telnet software uses NAWS to tell the switch what the new window dimensions are. If the switch supports the requested window dimensions, it uses them for all future interactions. If the switch does not support those window dimensions, it refuses them and the telnet client requests an alternate set of window dimensions. The negotiation continues until the telnet client and the switch agree on the window dimensions.

Making Window Size Negotiation Available for a Telnet Session

The switch currently responds to a request from the remote telnet client to negotiate window size. However, some telnet clients do not request to negotiate window size unless the switch's telnet server suggests that NAWS is available.

This update allows window size negotiation to occur with telnet clients that support NAWS but do not try to use it unless it is suggested by the switch's telnet server. The switch's telnet server will suggest to the telnet client that NAWS is available.

- **Enhancement (PR_0000042815)** — When a config is uploaded to the switch containing a banner MOTD configuration that exceeds the maximum multi-line input, the following error message is now returned at the CLI: `Only 16 lines allowed in multi-line input.`
`Command not executed.`
- **Enhancement (PR_0000043278)** — Crash information was improved in order to speed time to resolution.
- **Enhancement (PR_0000018513)** — Banner enhancements were made.

Banner Enhancements

The enhancements to the Message of The Day (MOTD) banner apply to the following authentication types:

- Local
- RADIUS
- TACACS

The enhancements are:

- The MOTD banner size is increased to 1280 characters.
- If the MOTD is configured, the copyright, switch identification, and software version are not displayed on the splash screen; only the customer-defined banner is displayed.
- When passwords are configured on the switch, there will not be a prompt to “press any key to continue”. This prompt will still appear if a password is not configured.

Example Banner Configurations

Default Banner with No Password Configured

When the MOTD is not configured and there is no password, the default login page displays. The information includes the switch identification, software version, copyright statement and default banner. The “press any key to continue” prompt displays. When any key is pressed, the banner is cleared and the CLI prompt displays.

Default Banner with Password Configured

When passwords are configured on the switch, but the MOTD is not configured, the default login page displays. A prompt for the password appears. After a correct password is entered, the default banner clears and the CLI prompt displays.

Customized Banner without Password Configured

When a custom MOTD banner is configured and there is no password required, the custom MOTD banner displays followed by the “press any key to continue” prompt. When any key is pressed, the custom banner is cleared and the CLI prompt displays.

Customized Banner with Password Configuration

When a custom MOTD banner is configured on the switch and a password is required, the custom banner displays, followed by the password prompt. Entering the correct password clears the banner and displays the CLI prompt.

- **Enhancement (PR_0000040021)** — A Source IP Identity may now be configured for SNMP, outgoing TELNET and TFTP.

Single Source IP Identity

This enhancement applies to the following software applications:

- RADIUS
- SNMP
- System Logging applications
- TACACS
- Telnet
- TFTP

The above IP-based software applications use a client-server communication model, that is, the client’s source IP address is used for unique client identification. The source IP address is determined by the system and is usually the IP address of the outgoing interface in the routing table. However,

routing switches may have multiple routing interfaces due to load balancing or routing redundancy, and outgoing packets can potentially be sent by different paths at different times. This results in different source IP addresses, which creates a client identification problem on the server site. For example, there is no way to designate a fixed IP address for outgoing packets for RADIUS or TACACS, so it is necessary to configure in the RADIUS or TACACS database all possible IP addresses that are configured on the switch as valid clients. When using system logging, it can be difficult to interpret the logging and accounting data on the server site as the same client can be logged with different IP addresses.

To decrease the amount of administrative work involved, a configuration model is provided that allows the selection of an IP address to use as the source address for all outgoing traffic generated by a specified software application on the switch. This allows unique identification of the software application on the server site regardless of which local interface has been used to reach the destination server.

Specifying the Source IP Address

The CLI command **ip source-interface** is used to specify the source IP address for an application. Different source IP addresses can be used for different software applications, but only one source IP address can be specified for each application.

Syntax: [no] ip source-interface <radius | tacacs | telnet | tftp | sntp | syslog | all> <loopback <id> | vlan <vlan-id> <ip-address>>

*Determines the source IP address used by the specified software application when transmitting IP packets. The **all** parameter can be used to set one IP address for all the listed applications.*

*The **no** version of the command cancels the configuration and the application reverts to its default behavior. The system determines the source IP address of outgoing application-specific IP packets at packet transmission time.*

loopback <id>: *Specifies that the IP address of the loopback interface is used as the source IP address in outgoing packets. If the loopback interface has no IP address, then the application reverts to the default behavior. If more than one IP address is configured, then the lowest IP address is used.*

vlan <vlan-id>: *Specifies that the IP address of the indicated VLAN interface is used as the source IP address of outgoing packets. If the specified VLAN interface has no IP address configured, or is down, then the application reverts to the default behavior. If more than one IP address is configured, then the lowest IP address is used.*

<ip-address>: *Specifies the IP address that should be used as the source IP address of outgoing packets. The IP address must be a valid IP address configured on one of the switch's VLAN or loopback interfaces. If the interface is down, then the application reverts to the default behavior.*

The Source IP Selection Policy

The source IP address selection for the application protocols is defined through assignment of one of the following policies:

- **Outgoing Interface**—the IP address of the outgoing IP interface is used as the source IP address. This is the default policy and the default behavior of applications.
- **Configured IP Address**—the specific IP address that is used as the source IP address. This address is configured on one of the switch's IP interfaces, either a VLAN interface or a Loopback interface.
- **Configured IP Interface**—the IP address from the specific IP interface (VLAN or Loopback) is used as the source IP address. If there are multiple IP addresses assigned (multinetting, for example), the lowest IP address is used.

If the selection policy cannot be executed because the interface does not have an IP address configured, does not exist, or is down, the application protocol uses the default Outgoing Interface policy. A warning message is displayed, but the configuration changes are accepted. When using the **show ip source-interface status** command to display information about the source IP address selection policy, the administratively-assigned source IP selection policy and the actual (operational) source IP selection policy in effect are displayed. The operational source IP selection policy may be different from the assigned source selection policy if the IP interface does not exist or is down. In this case, the default of Outgoing Interface appears as the operational policy. See [Figure 57](#).

```
ProCurve (config)# show ip source-interface detail

Source-IP Detailed Information

Protocol : Tacacs
Admin Policy      : Configured IP Interface
Oper Policy      : Outgoing Interface
Source IP Interface : Vlan 22
Source IP Address  : 10.10.10.4
Source Interface State : Down
```

The Admin Policy differs from the Oper Policy because the Source Interface State is Down. The default Outgoing Interface policy is actually in effect.

Figure 57. Example of the Administratively-assigned Source IP Selection Policy Differing From the Operational Policy

The **no** form of the **ip source-interface** command reverts the application protocols to the default behavior. The Outgoing Interface policy is used.

[Figure 58](#) is an example of assigning a specific source IP address for a RADIUS application. The administrative policy is Configured IP Address.

```
ProCurve(config)# ip source-interface radius 10.10.10.2
ProCurve(config)# show ip source-interface radius

Source-IP Configuration Information

Protocol | Admin Selection Policy | IP Interface | IP Address
-----+-----
Radius   | Configured IP Address  |              | 10.10.10.2
```

Figure 58. Example of a Specific IP Address Assigned for the RADIUS Application Protocol

In [Figure 59](#), a VLAN interface (VLAN 22) is specified as the source IP address for TACACS. The administrative policy is Configured IP Interface.

```
ProCurve(config)# ip source-interface tacacs vlan 22
ProCurve(config)# show ip source-interface tacacs

Source-IP Configuration Information

Protocol | Admin Selection Policy | IP Interface | IP Address
-----+-----
Tacacs   | Configured IP Interface | vlan 22      |
```

Figure 59. Example of Using a VLAN Interface as the Source IP Address for TACACS

[Figure 60](#) shows a VLAN interface being specified as the source IP address for logging. The administrative policy is Configured IP Interface.

```
ProCurve(config)# ip source-interface syslog vlan 10
ProCurve(config)# show ip source-interface syslog

Source-IP Configuration Information

Protocol | Admin Selection Policy | IP Interface | IP Address
-----+-----
Syslog   | Configured IP Interface | vlan 10      |
```

Figure 60. Example of Using a VLAN Interface as the Source IP Address for Logging (Syslog)

Displaying the Source IP Interface Information

There are several **show** commands that can be used to display information about the source IP interface status.

Syntax: show ip source-interface status [radius | sntp | tacacs | telnet | tftp | syslog]

Displays the operational status information for the source IP address selection policy. Both the administratively-assigned source IP selection policy and the operational source IP selection policy are displayed.

When no parameters are specified, policy information for all protocols is displayed.

```
ProCurve(config)# show ip source-interface status

Source-IP Status Information

Protocol | Admin Selection Policy | Oper Selection Policy
-----+-----+-----
Tacacs   | Configured IP Interface | Configured IP Interface
Radius   | Configured IP Address   | Configured IP Address
Syslog   | Configured IP Interface | Outgoing Interface
Telnet   | Outgoing Interface      | Outgoing Interface
Tftp     | Outgoing Interface      | Outgoing Interface
Sntp     | Outgoing Interface      | Outgoing Interface
```

Figure 61. Example of the Data Displayed for Source IP Interface Status

When executing the **show ip source-interface** command without parameters, the configured IP interfaces (VLANs) and IP addresses are displayed for each protocol.

```
ProCurve(config)# show ip source-interface

Source-IP Configuration Information

Protocol | Admin Selection Policy | IP Interface | IP Address
-----+-----+-----+-----
Tacacs   | Configured IP Interface | vlan 22      |
Radius   | Configured IP Address   |              | 10.10.10.2
Syslog   | Configured IP Interface | vlan 10      |
Telnet   | Outgoing Interface      |
Tftp     | Outgoing Interface      |
Sntp     | Outgoing Interface      |
```

Figure 62. Example of show ip source-interface Command Output

The **show ip source-interface detail** command displays detailed information about the configured policies, source IP address, and interface state for each protocol.

Syntax: show ip source-interface detail [radius | snmp | tacacs | telnet | tftp | syslog]

Displays detailed operational status information for the source IP address selection policy. Information about the configured policies, source IP address and interface state are displayed.

When no parameters are specified, policy information for all protocols is displayed.

```
ProCurve(config)# show ip source-interface detail

Source-IP Detailed Information

Protocol : Tacacs
Admin Policy      : Configured IP Interface
Oper Policy      : Configured IP Interface
Source IP Interface : vlan 22
Source IP Address  : 10.10.10.4
Source Interface State : Up

Protocol : Radius
Admin Policy      : Configured IP Address
Oper Policy      : Configured IP Address
Source IP Interface : vlan 3
Source IP Address  : 10.10.10.2
Source Interface State : Up

Protocol : Syslog
Admin Policy      : Configured IP Interface
Oper Policy      : Configured IP Interface
Source IP Interface : vlan 10
Source IP Address  : 10.10.10.10
Source Interface State : Up

Protocol : Telnet
Admin Policy      : Configured IP Interface
Oper Policy      : Configured IP Interface
Source IP Interface : loopback 1
Source IP Address  : 10.10.10.11
Source Interface State : Up

Protocol : Tftp
Admin Policy      : Outgoing Interface
Oper Policy      : Outgoing Interface
Source IP Interface : N/A
Source IP Address  : N/A
Source Interface State : N/A

Protocol : Sntp
Admin Policy      : Outgoing Interface
Oper Policy      : Outgoing Interface
Source IP Interface : N/A
Source IP Address  : N/A
Source Interface State : N/A
```

Figure 63. Example of Detailed Information Displayed for Each Protocol

The **show** command can also be used with the application to display the source IP address selection information in effect for the application protocol.

```
ProCurve(config)# show radius

Status and Counters - General RADIUS Information

  Deadttime(min) : 0
  Timeout(secs) : 5
  Retransmit Attempts : 3
  Global Encryption Key :
  Dynamic Authorization UDP Port : 3799
  Source IP Selection : Configured IP address
```

← Source IP Selection for the specified application protocol is displayed.

Figure 64. Example of show radius Command Displaying Source IP Selection Information

```
ProCurve(config)# show tacacs

Status and Counters - TACACS Information

  Timeout : 5
  Source IP Selection : Configured IP Interface
  Encryption Key :
```

← Source IP Selection for the specified application protocol is displayed.

Figure 65. Example of show tacacs Command Displaying Source IP Selection Information

```
ProCurve(config)# show debug

Debug Logging

  Source IP Selection: Configured IP interface
  Destination:      None
```

← Source IP Selection for the specified application protocol is displayed.

```
Enabled debug types:
  None are enabled.
```

Figure 66. Example of show debug Command Displaying Source IP Selection Information for Syslog

```
ProCurve(config)# show telnet

Telnet Activity

Source IP Selection: 10.10.10.11 ← Source IP Selection is displayed.

-----
Session : ** 1
Privilege: Manager
From    : Console
To      :
```

Figure 67. Example of show telnet Command Displaying Source IP Selection

```
ProCurve(config)# show snmp

SNMP Configuration

SNMP Authentication : Disabled
Time Sync Mode: Timep
SNMP Mode : disabled
Poll Interval (sec) [720] : 720
Source IP Selection: Outgoing Interface ← Source IP Selection is displayed.
```

Figure 68. Example of show snmp Command Displaying Source IP Selection

Error Messages

The following error messages may appear when configuring source IP selection if the interface does not exist, is not configured for IP, or is down.

Error Message	Description
Warning: Specified IP address is not configured on any inter- face	The IP address specified has not been assigned to any interface on the switch.
Warning: Specified IP interface is not configured	The IP interface has not been configured.
Warning: Specified IP interface is not configured for IP	An IP address has not been assigned to this interface.
Warning: Specified IP interface is down	The interface on the switch associated with this IP address is down.
Warning: Specified IP interface is configured for DHCP	The IP address has not been configured specifically (manually) for this interface and may change.

- **Enhancement (PR_0000040721)** — Extended ping and traceroute are now available.
- **Enhancement (PR_0000040378)** — Implementation of DHCP hostname (option 12).

DHCP Option 12

CLI Command

This feature allows you to include the hostname in the DHCP packet sent to the DHCP server. This is disabled by default. The command must be executed from the global configuration level.

Syntax: [no] dhcp host-name-option

*Sends the hostname option with DHCP packets. Use the **no** form of the command to not include the hostname in the packet.*

The maximum size of the hostname is 32 characters.

Default: Disabled

```
ProCurve(config)# dhcp host-name-option
```

Figure 69. Example of the DHCP Option 12 Command

SNMP Support

An MIB object supports enabling and disabling the DHCP Option 12 feature. It is added in the hpicfDhcpclient.mib. The hostname is retrieved from the MIB variable SYSNAME. Validity checks on the name include:

- The name starts with a letter, ends with a letter or a digit, and can have letters, hyphens, or digits in between the first and last characters.
- The maximum size supported for a hostname is 30 characters. If SYSNAME is more than 30 characters, then DHCP Option 12 will not be included in the packet.
- The minimum number of characters supported for a hostname is one character. If the SYSNAME in the MIB is null, then DHCP Option 12 will not be included in the packet.

SNMP MIB Definition

hpicfDhcpClientHostNameOption OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX          INTEGER {  
                    enabled (1),  
                    disabled (2)  
                }
```

MAX-ACCESS read-write
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION "This object enables/disables DHCP option 12
that allows for sending of the system hostname in DHCP packets.
By default, this object is set to be disabled".

Setting this flag to 'enabled' results in the inclusion
of system hostname in DHCP packets.

DEFVAL { disabled }

::= { hpicfDhcpClientOptions 2 }

■ **Enhancement (PR_0000037664)** — DHCP-based Auto Image and Configuration Update.

DHCP-based Auto Image and Configuration Update

This enhancement provides a one-step approach for managing the remote download of the software image and the configuration file from the switch.

The following pre-requisites are required for the automatic image and configuration upload to work. Setting options 66 and 67 on a DHCP server allows a switch to boot from a default configuration to a specified configuration file.

1. One or more DHCP Servers are enabled and configured for the following DHCP options:
 - DHCP Option 66—Sets the TFTP server IP Address
 - DHCP Option 67—specifies the file name of the config file
 - DHCP Option 60—the Vendor Class Identifier, sent by the client for the server to process
 - DHCP Option 43—the Vendor Specific Information supplied by the DHCP server, which includes the image filename.
2. One or more TFTP servers are loaded with the configuration file and image file.

Note

The DHCP options are only executed for the primary VLAN.

Configuring the Command for DHCP Options 66 and 67

To specify that DHCP Options 66 and 67 should be processed, enter the **dhcp config-file-update** command.

Syntax: [no] dhcp config-file-update

Enables the processing of DHCP Options 66 and 67.

Note: Option 66 is processed when either **dhcp config-file-update** or **dhcp image-file-update** are configured.

*Use the **no** form of the command to disable the processing of options 66 and 67.*

Configuring the Command for Vendor Specific Information (Option 43)

To request that the Vendor Specific Information is supplied by the DHCP server, enter the **dhcp vendor-specific** command.

Syntax: [no] dhcp vendor-specific

Requests that the Vendor Specific Information (DHCP Option 43) be supplied by the DHCP server, which includes the software image filename.

*Use the **no** form of the command to disable the processing of DHCP Option 43.*

Note: You cannot disable DHCP Option 43 while **dhcp image-file-update** is enabled.

Note

If DHCP Option 43 is incorrectly specified or corrupt, it will be ignored when the DHCP packet is processed. The other DHCP options (60, 66, 67) are processed if they are present and correctly specified.

Enabling the Image File Update Process

To enable the image file update, use this command.

Syntax: [no] dhcp image-file-update

Enables image file update through DHCP. Image download on primary as well as secondary slots is supported. The currently active slot (primary or secondary) is the target of the new image downloaded via DHCP.

Note: This command overrides the existing **auto-tftp** command, that is, unless this command is configured in the **no** form, auto-tftp will not be performed.

Note: Option 66 is processed when either **dhcp config-file-update** or **dhcp image-file-update** are configured.

Use the **no** form of the command to prevent file update using DHCP.

Default: Enabled

```
ProCurve(config)# dhcp image-file-update
```

Figure 70. Example of the Image File Update Command

Displaying the Current Status of the DHCP Client

Displaying the Config File Update Status

To display the DHCP client's current config file update status, enter the command as shown in figure 71.

```
ProCurve(config)# show dhcp client config-file-update  
  
Downloading Config File from TFTP server is enabled
```

Figure 71. Example of DHCP Options 66 and 67 Status as Enabled

Displaying the Vendor Specific Information Option Status (Option 43). To display the DHCP client's Vendor Specific Information option status, enter the command as shown in figure 72.

```
ProCurve(config)# show dhcp client vendor-specific  
  
Vendor Class Id = ProCurve Switch  
Processing of Vendor Specific Configuration is enabled
```

Figure 72. Example of DHCP Option 43 Status as Enabled

Displaying the Image File Update Status

To display the current status of the image file update feature, enter the command as shown in figure 73.

```
ProCurve(config)# show dhcp client image-file-update  
  
Downloading Image File from TFTP server is disabled
```

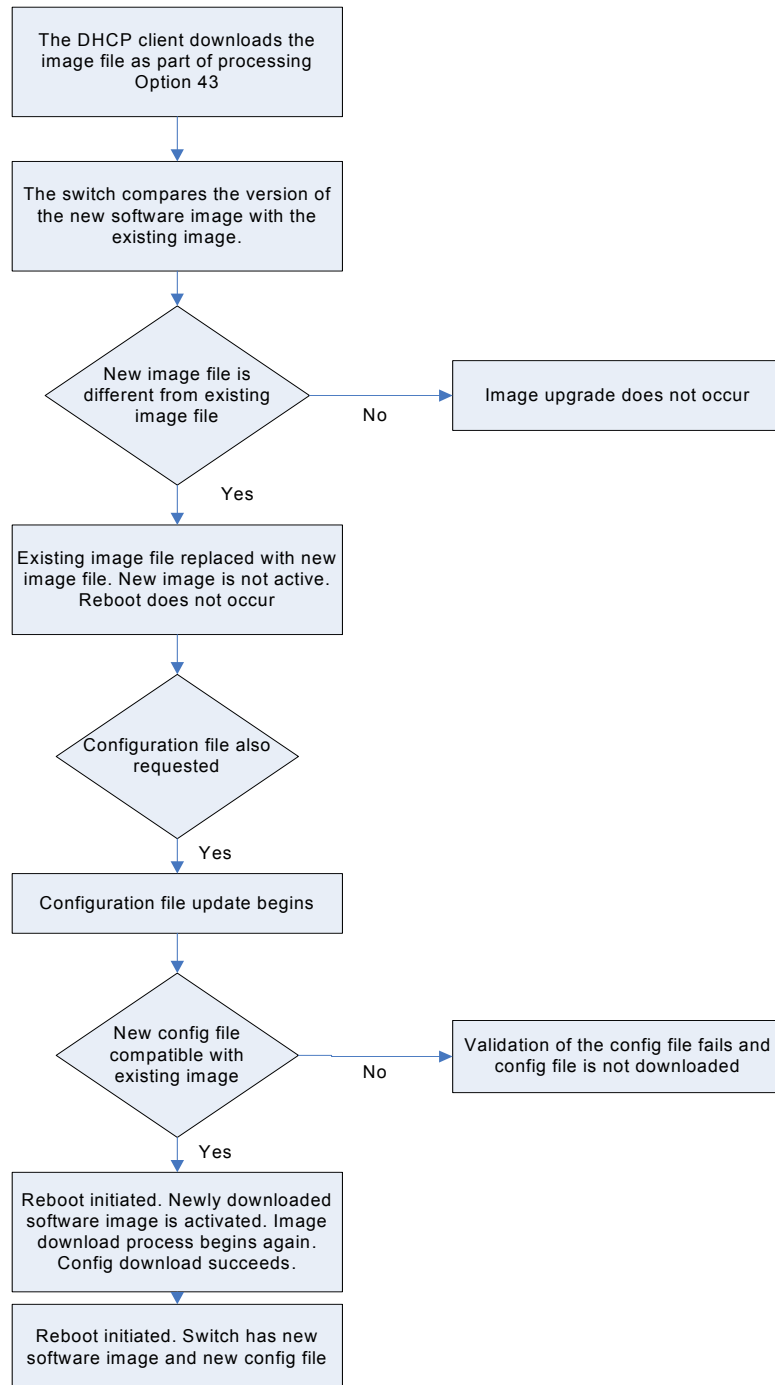
Figure 73. Example of Image File Update Feature Status as Disabled

How the Files Are Downloaded

The downloading of the image file and the configuration file happens sequentially.

1. The DHCP client downloads the image file as part of processing DHCP option 43.
2. After downloading the file, the switch compares the version of the new software image file with the existing image file. If the new file is different from the existing file, the existing image file is replaced with the new image file. At this point the newly downloaded image is not the active image. A reboot does not immediately follow the image file replacement.
3. If the configuration file is also requested via DHCP options 66 and 67, the configuration file update begins. If the new configuration file is compatible with the existing image, the configuration download is successful and a reboot is initiated. The validation of the new configuration file may fail if the file contains an command that is ONLY supported by the newly downloaded image file, which is not yet active.
4. If the new configuration file is not compatible with the existing image, the configuration download fails and a reboot is initiated. The newly downloaded software image is activated.
5. When the switch is finished rebooting, the image download process begins again. The validation verifies that the active image on the switch and the one to be downloaded are the same image version. An image upgrade does not occur.
6. The configuration download will succeed now as the configuration file downloaded from the TFTP server is validated against the new software image active on the switch. This initiates a second reboot.
7. The switch now has the new software image and the new configuration file.

The following diagram illustrates the steps.



Event Log Messages

The following messages may appear in the Event Log.

Message	Description
Image Download from <ip-address> initiated via DHCP	DHCP has initiated an image download form a TFTP server whose IP address is specified in the log message.
Config download from <ip-address> initiated via DHCP	DHCP has initiated a config download from a TFTP server whose IP address is specified in the log message.
Image-download via DHCP failed	The DHCP server is not reachable, the image file is not found, or the downloaded image file is corrupt.
Config-download via DHCP failed	The DHCP server is not reachable, the config file is not found, or the configured image file is corrupt.
Transfer timed out	The connection to the TFTP server timed out.
Transfer aborted, wrong file	The file format of the image file or the config file is incorrect.
Connection to <ip-address> failed	The client failed to connect to the TFTP server.
Tftp: Request failed	A generic error returned when the system resources are unavailable.
Transfer canceled. No workspace left on device.	The image is too big to fit in the RAM
Transfer Fatal Error. Hardware fault on device, Corrupt FLASH	The flash is corrupt and cannot be written to.
Transfer canceled. File too big to fit in FLASH	The download image size is greater than what can be accommodated in the flash.
Transfer completed	The transfer is completed. Occurs before validation begins.
Primary Image updated via network tftp/Secondary Image updated via network tftp	Issued by TFTP after the image is written to flash depending on whether primary or secondary is updated.
Image download via DHCP Client is enabled. Disabling Auto-TFTP	DHCP is configured to fetch the image file. The auto TFTP feature is disabled to avoid any potential race condition to download the image.
Image file transfer and validation completed	The image file has been obtained from the TFTP server and the validation of the image is complete.
Config file transfer and validation is complete	The configuration file update has been obtained from the TFTP server and the validation of the config file is completed.

Release K.14.41 Enhancements

No enhancements, software fixes only.

Release K.14.42 Enhancements

Release K.14.42 includes the following enhancements. (Not a public release)

- **Enhancement (PR_0000017201)** — The switch Fault Finder function has been extended to cover an improperly behaving fiber transceiver, or other condition which results in a link "flapping" rapidly between link-up and link-down states. A new fault event "link-flap" has been created to detect these events. Additionally, a new action, "warn-and-disable," has been created to report and disable the events. Together, these enhancements allow the errant condition to be detected, and the port in question optionally disabled.

Flapping Transceiver Mitigation

In ProCurve switches, the state of a link is driven directly by the reported state of the port, which is required for rapid detection of link faults. However, the consequence of this is that a marginal transceiver, optical, or wire cabling, one which “flaps” up and down several times per second, can cause STP and other protocols to react poorly, resulting in a network outage. This enhancement expands the functionality of the existing Fault Finder function to include a “link-flap” event and a new action of "warn-and-disable". Together, these additions allow the errant condition to be detected, and the port in question can be optionally disabled.

Syntax: **fault-finder <link-flap> sensitivity <low | medium | high> action <warn | warn-and-disable>**

Default settings: **Sensitivity = Medium; Action = Warn**

Sensitivity thresholds are static. In a 10-second window, if more than the threshold number of link state transitions (up or down) is detected, the event is triggered. The 10-second window is statically determined, i.e. the counters are reset every 10 seconds, as opposed to being a sliding window. The counters are polled twice per second (every 500 milliseconds), and the event is triggered if the sensitivity threshold is crossed at that time.

The sensitivity thresholds are:

High = 3 transitions in 10 seconds

Medium = 6 transitions in 10 seconds

Low = 10 transitions in 10 seconds

Configuration of the link-flap event and corresponding action applies to all ports and port types (it is a global setting per FFI event type). Note that normal link transition protocols may prevent link state changes from occurring fast enough to trigger the event for some port types, configurations, and sensitivity settings.

When the link-flap threshold is met for a port configured for **warn** (e.g. **fault-finder link-flap sensitivity medium action warn**), the following message will be seen in the switch event log.

```
02672 FFI: port <number>-Excessive link state transitions
```

When the link-flap threshold is met for a port configured for **warn-and-disable** (e.g. **fault-finder linkflap sensitivity medium action warn-and-disable**), the following messages will be seen in the switch event log.

```
02672 FFI: port <number>-Excessive link state transitions
```

```
02673 FFI: port <number>-Port disabled by Fault-finder.
```

```
02674 FFI: port <number>-Administrator action required to re-enable.
```

The warn-and-disable action is available for all fault-finder events on an individual basis. It may be used, for example, to disable a port when excessive broadcasts are received. Because the fault-generated disabling of a port requires operator intervention to re-enable the port, such configuration should be used with care. For example, link-flap initiated disablement is not desired on ports that are at the client edge of the network, because link state changes there are frequent and expected.

Automatic disabling of a port when excessive broadcasts are detected is not recommended at the core or distribution layers, due to the potential to disable large parts of the network that may be uninvolved, and for the opportunity to create a denial-of-service attack.

Enhancements

Release K.14.43 Enhancements

Within the Web Management interface, double clicking an event on a port that was configured with warn-and-disable and has met the threshold to trigger the disable action, will bring up a dialog box with the event details. The event dialog box now contains a button at the bottom of the page, which can be used to re-enable the disabled port. The button will remain, even if the port has already been brought up through a prior exercise of it, or if the port was re-enabled via some other interface (e.g. the command line). Re-enabling an already enabled port has no effect. The button to acknowledge the event remains unchanged.

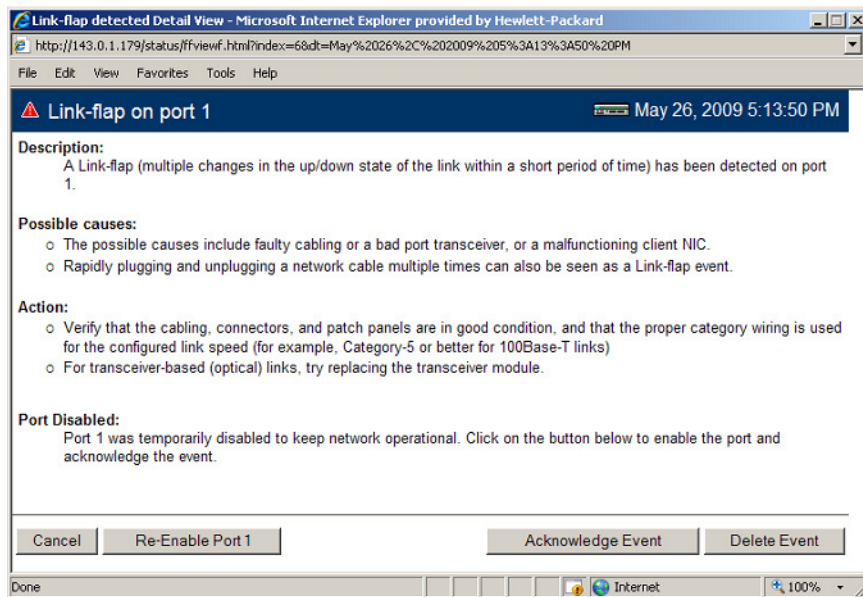


Figure 74. Figure 8. Link-flap on port 1 event detail dialog box

- **Enhancement (PR_0000045438)** — The Out Of Band Management (OOBM) port on the HP ProCurve Switch 6600 Series is now enabled for IPv6 host functionality.

Release K.14.43 Enhancements

Software never built.

Release K.14.44 Enhancements

Release K.14.44 includes the following enhancements. (Not a public release)

- **Enhancement (PR_0000041022)** — Enhancement to AAA accounting. For more information, see the following “Accounting Services” section.

Accounting Services

RADIUS accounting collects data about user activity and system events and sends it to a RADIUS server when specified events occur on the switch, such as a logoff or a reboot.

Accounting Service Types

The switch supports four types of accounting services:

- **Network accounting:** Provides records containing the information listed below on clients directly connected to the switch and operating under Port-Based Access Control (802.1X):

- Acct-Session-Id
- Acct-Status-Type
- Acct-Terminate-Cause
- Acct-Authentic
- Acct-Delay-Time
- Acct-Input-Packets
- Acct-Output-Packets
- Acct-Input-Octets
- Nas-Port
- Acct-Output-Octets
- Acct-Session-Time
- User-Name
- Service-Type
- NAS-IP-Address
- NAS-Identifier
- Calling-Station-Id

- **Exec accounting:** Provides records holding the information listed below about login sessions (console, Telnet, and SSH) on the switch:

- Acct-Session-Id
- Acct-Status-Type
- Acct-Terminate-Cause
- Acct-Authentic
- Acct-Delay-Time
- Acct-Session-Time
- User-Name
- Service-Type
- NAS-IP-Address
- NAS-Identifier
- Calling-Station-Id

- **System accounting:** Provides records containing the information listed below when system events occur on the switch, including system reset, system boot, and enabling or disabling of system accounting.

- Acct-Session-Id
- Acct-Status-Type
- Acct-Delay-Time
- NAS-IP-Address
- NAS-Identifier

- **Commands accounting:** Provides records containing information on CLI command execution during user sessions.

- Acct-Session-Id
- Acct-Status-Type
- Service-Type
- Acct-Authentic
- User-Name
- NAS-IP-Address
- NAS-Identifier
- NAS-Port-Type
- Calling-Station-Id
- HP-Command-String
- Acct-Delay-Time

The switch forwards the accounting information it collects to the designated RADIUS server, where the information is formatted, stored, and managed by the server. For more information on this aspect of RADIUS accounting, refer to the documentation provided with your RADIUS server.

Operating Rules for RADIUS Accounting

- You can configure up to four types of accounting to run simultaneously: exec, system, network, and command.
- RADIUS servers used for accounting are also used for authentication.
- The switch must be configured to access at least one RADIUS server.
- RADIUS servers are accessed in the order in which their IP addresses were configured in the switch. Use **show radius** to view the order. As long as the first server is accessible and responding to authentication requests from the switch, a second or third server will not be accessed.
- If access to a RADIUS server fails during a session, but after the client has been authenticated, the switch continues to assume the server is available to receive accounting data. Thus, if server access fails during a session, it will not receive accounting data transmitted from the switch.

Acct-Session-ID Options in a Management Session

The switch can be configured to support either of the following options for the accounting service types used in a management session. (Refer to [“Accounting Service Types” on page 145.](#))

- unique Acct-Session-ID for each accounting service type used in the same management session (the default)
- same Acct-Session-ID for all accounting service types used in the same management session

Unique Acct-Session-ID Operation

In the Unique mode (the default), the various service types running in a management session operate as parallel, independent processes. Thus, during a specific management session, a given service type has the same Acct-Session-ID for all accounting actions for that service type. However, the Acct-Session-ID for each service type differs from the ID for the other types.

Note

In Unique Acct-Session-ID operation, the Command service type is a special case in which the Acct-Session-ID for each executed CLI command in the session is different from the IDs for other service types used in the session *and also* different for each CLI command executed during the session. That is, the ID for each successive CLI command in the session is sequentially incremented from the ID value assigned to the immediately preceding CLI command in that session.

- **Enhancement (PR_0000040783)** — This enhancement reduces the down time when unicast routing indicates a Candidate Rendezvous Point (C-RP) is not reachable. Upon detecting a C-RP has become unreachable, the Bootstrap Router (BSR) sends a new Bootstrap Message (BSM) with a zero holdtime for the unreachable C-RP. All devices in the PIM domain should then remove this C-RP from their RP-set.
- **Enhancement (PR_0000041395)** — Debug capability for PIM packet events is added. The command syntax is as follows.

```
ProCurveSwitch# debug ip pim packet
hello
register
join-prune
bsr
dr
rp
<cr>
```

Examples:

```
ProCurveSwitch# debug ip pim packet join
```

This command would show all prunes, joins, grafts, and graft-acks that are sent and received on the switch.

```
ProCurveSwitch# debug ip pim packet hello vlan 3,4,7-16
```

This command would show all hello packets sent and received on vlans 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16.

```
ProCurveSwitch# debug ip pim packet
```

Engages all pim packet debugging.

```
ProCurveSwitch# debug ip pim
```

Engages all pim debugging.

IP PIM debug output may be filtered further by specifying a source IP address, VLAN and group. Use the CLI help for syntax details.

Release K.14.45 Enhancements

No enhancements, software fixes only.

Release K.14.46 Enhancements

No enhancements, software fixes only.

Release K.14.47 Enhancements

The following problems were resolved in release K.14.47. (Not a public release)

- **Enhancement (0000041472)** — VRRP Ping Virtual IP of Backup.

VRRP Ping Virtual IP of Backup Overview

In many networks, edge devices are often configured to send packets to a statically configured default router. If this router becomes unavailable, the devices that use it as their first-hop router become isolated from the network. VRRP uses dynamic failover to ensure the availability of an end node's default router. This is done by assigning the IP address used as the default route to a “virtual router”, or VR. The VR may include:

- an Owner router assigned to forward traffic designated for the virtual router (If the Owner is forwarding traffic for the VR, it is the Master router for that VR.)
- one or more prioritized Backup routers.

When in compliance with RFC 3768, only owner VRs reply to ping requests (ICMP echo requests) to the Virtual IP address (VIP). When this feature is enabled, a Backup VR operating as the Master can respond to ping requests made to the VIP. This makes it possible to test the availability of the default gateway with ping. A non-owner VR that is not master drops all packets to the VIP.

Note

This feature is not a part of RFC 3768. Enabling this feature results in non-compliance with RFC 3768 rules.

Global Virtual IP Address Ping Control

The Backup router can be enabled to respond to pings using the following command.

Syntax: [no] router vrrp virtual-ip-ping

*Enables or disables the response to a ping request for the switch. When enabled, all VRs that are not Owners and are not explicitly disabled (see **virtual-ip-ping enabled** command) respond to ping requests sent to the VIP when the Backup VR is acting as Master.*

Default: Response to Virtual IP ping is disabled.

```
ProCurve-Router1# config
ProCurve-Router1(config)# ip routing
ProCurve-Router1(config)# router vrrp
ProCurve-Router1(config)# router vrrp virtual-ip-ping
```

Figure 75. Example of Enabling the Response to Ping Requests

Controlling Ping Responses

Use the following command to enable or disable responses to pings to a Virtual IP address. The command applies to all virtual IP addresses on the VR. It is executed in VR context and is available when the VR is configured as Backup.

Note

This feature, which is a change in configuration, can only be enabled or disabled when the VR is disabled.

Syntax: [no] virtual-ip-ping enabled

Enables or disables the response to a ping request to a specific Virtual IP address.

Must be executed in VRRP context (vlan <vid> vrrp vrid <vrid>)

Note: The VR should be configured as a Backup.

Default: Enabled

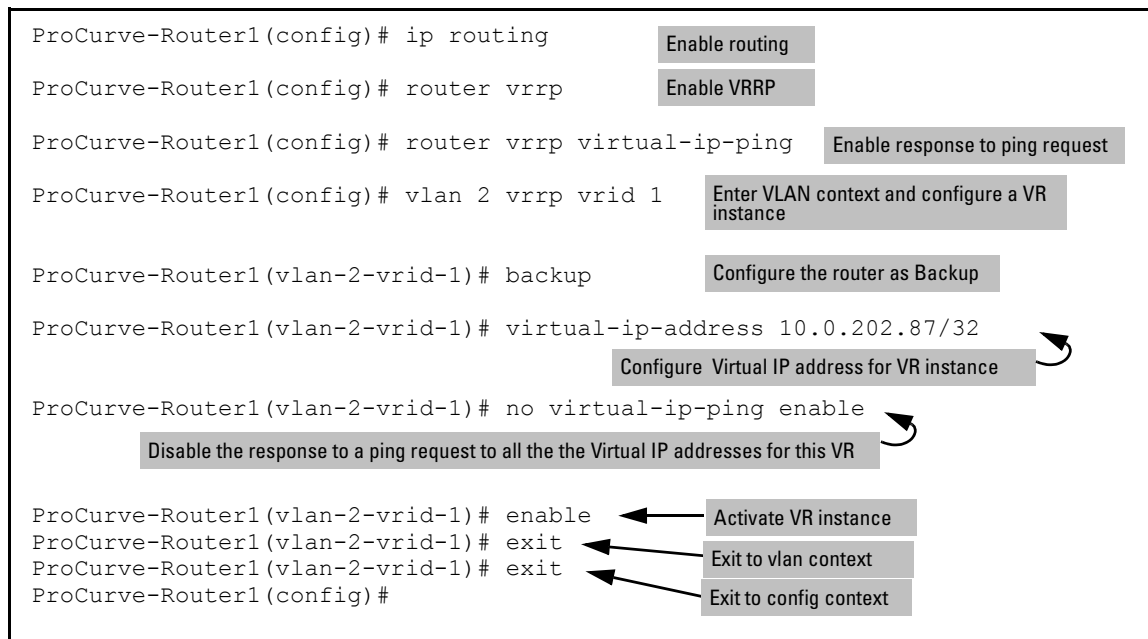


Figure 76. Example of Disabling a Response to Ping Requests to a Virtual IP Address

Displaying VRRP Ping Information

Display global VRRP configuration information by entering the **show vrrp config global** command.

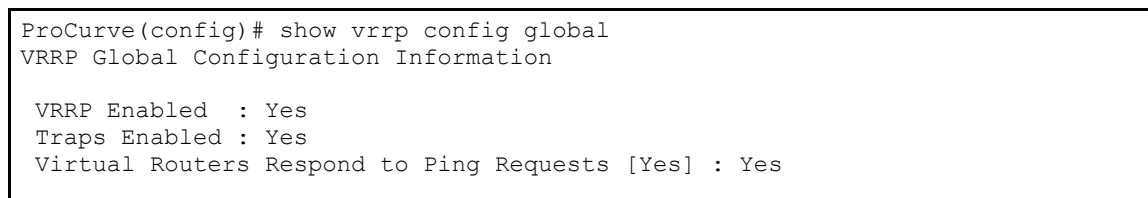


Figure 77. Example of VRRP Global Configuration Information

Use the **show vrrp** command to display information about VRRP global statistics.

```
ProCurve(config)# show vrrp

VRRP Global Statistics Information

VRRP Enabled           : Yes
Protocol Version       : 2
Invalid VRID Pkts Rx   : 0
Checksum Error Pkts Rx : 0
Bad Version Pkts Rx    : 0
Virtual Routers Respond To Ping Requests : Yes

VRRP Virtual Router Statistics Information

Vlan ID                 : 2
Virtual Router ID       : 1
State                   : Master
Up Time                 : 25 secs
Virtual MAC Address     : 00005e-000101
Master's IP Address     : 10.0.102.87
Associated IP Addr Count : 1
Near Failovers          : 0
Advertise Pkts Rx       : 0
Become Master           : 1
Zero Priority Rx         : 0
Zero Priority Tx         : 0
Bad Length Pkts         : 0
Bad Type Pkts           : 0
Mismatched Interval Pkts : 0
Mismatched Addr List Pkts : 0
Mismatched IP TTL Pkts  : 0
Mismatched Auth Type Pkts : 0
```

Figure 78. An Example of VRRP Global Statistics Information

You can display VRRP configuration information using the **show vrrp config** command.

```
ProCurve-Router1(config)# show vrrp config

VRRP Global Configuration Information

VRRP Enabled      : Yes
Traps Enabled     : Yes
Virtual Routers Respond to Ping Requests  : Yes

VRRP Virtual Router Configuration Information

Vlan ID : 2
Virtual Router ID : 1

Administrative Status [Disabled] : Enabled
Mode [Uninitialized] : Backup
Priority [100] : 150
Advertisement Interval [1] : 1
Preempt Mode [True] : True
Preempt delay time : 0
Respond to Virtual IP Ping Requests [Yes] : Yes
Primary IP Address : Lowest

IP Address      Subnet Mask
-----
10.0.202.87     255.255.0.0
```

Global VR ping information

Figure 79. Example of VRRP Configuration Display Showing Virtual IP Address Ping Status

[Figure 80](#) displays the ping response status for a specific VLAN and VRID.

```
ProCurve-Router1(config)# show vrrp vlan 2 vrid 1 config
```

VRRP Virtual Router Configuration Information

Vlan ID : 2
Virtual Router ID : 1

Administrative Status [Disabled] : Enabled
Mode [Uninitialized] : Backup
Priority [100] : 150
Advertisement Interval [1] : 1
Preempt Mode [True] : True
Preempt delay time : 0
Respond to Virtual IP Ping Requests [Yes] : Yes
Primary IP Address : Lowest

Response to Ping Requests

IP Address	Subnet Mask
10.0.202.87	255.255.0.0

Figure 80. Example of VRRP Configuration for a VLAN and VRID

The example in [Figure 81](#) shows the gateway information for IP routes. A designation of “reject” means that the IP traffic for that route is discarded. For VIP entries, when the Backup ping feature is enabled, no ping error messages are sent for the discarded packets.

```
ProCurve(config)# show ip route
```

Destination	Gateway	VLAN	Type	Sub-Type	Metric	Dist.
10.0.0.0/16	DEFAULT_VLAN	1	connected		1	0
10.0.202.87/32	reject		static		1	1
127.0.0.0/8	reject		static		0	0
127.0.0.1/32	lo0		connected		1	0

Figure 81. Example of IP Route Information

Operational Notes

- Jumbo frames are supported if they have been enabled for that VLAN. The VIP responds to ping requests if they are not fragmented and are not larger than the Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU).
- Fragmented packets are not supported. All fragmented packets sent to a VIP are dropped and no response or error is sent.

- All packets with IP options are dropped. Any ping options will work as long as they do not change to IP options.
 - ICMP requests other than echo requests are not supported.
 - If there are errors in packets sent to a VIP, for example, “TTL Invalid”, no ICMP error packet is sent.
-
- **Enhancement (0000038652)** — Unauthenticated VLAN Access (Guest VLAN Access).

Unauthenticated VLAN Access Overview

When a PC is connected through an IP phone to a switch port that has been authorized using 802.1X or Web/MAC authentication, the IP phone is authenticated using client-based 802.1X or Web/MAC authentication and has access to secure, tagged VLANs on the port. If the PC is unauthenticated, it needs to have access to the insecure guest VLAN (unauthenticated VLAN) that has been configured for 802.1X or Web/MAC authentication. 802.1X and Web/MAC authentication normally do not allow authenticated clients (the phone) and unauthenticated clients (the PC) on the same port.

Mixed port access mode allows 802.1X and Web/MAC authenticated and unauthenticated clients on the same port when the guest VLAN is the same as the port’s current untagged authenticated VLAN for authenticated clients, or when none of the authenticated clients are authorized on the untagged authenticated VLAN. Instead of having just one client per port, multiple clients can use the guest VLAN.

Authenticated clients always have precedence over guests (unauthenticated clients) if access to a client’s untagged VLAN requires removal of a guest VLAN from the port. If an authenticated client becomes authorized on its untagged VLAN as the result of initial authentication or because of an untagged packet from the client, then all 802.1X or Web/MAC authenticated guests are removed from the port and the port becomes an untagged member of the client’s untagged VLAN.

Characteristics of Mixed Port Access Mode

- The port keeps tagged VLAN assignments continuously.
- The port sends broadcast traffic from the VLANs even when there are only guests authorized on the port.
- Guests cannot be authorized on any tagged VLANs.
- Guests can use the same bandwidth, rate limits and QoS settings that may be assigned for authenticated clients on the port (via RADIUS attributes).
- When no authenticated clients are authorized on the untagged authenticated VLAN, the port becomes an untagged member of the guest VLAN for as long as no untagged packets are received from any authenticated clients on the port.

- New guest authorizations are not allowed on the port if at least one authenticated client is authorized on its untagged VLAN and the guest VLAN is not the same as the authenticated client's untagged VLAN.

Note

If you disable mixed port access mode, this does not automatically remove guests that have already been authorized on a port where an authenticated client exists. New guests are not allowed after the change, but the existing authorized guests will still be authorized on the port until they are removed by a new authentication, an untagged authorization, a port state change, and so on.

Configuring Mixed Port Access Mode

Syntax: [no] aaa port-access <port-list> mixed

Enables or disables guests on ports with authenticated clients.

Default: Disabled; guests do not have access

```
ProCurve(config)# aaa port-access 6 mixed
```

Figure 82. Example of Configuring Mixed Port Access Mode

- **Enhancement (0000011015)** — Cached Reauthentication (Hold State if Radius Server Unavailable).

Cached Reauthentication Overview

Cached reauthentication allows 802.1X, web, or MAC reauthentications to succeed when the RADIUS server is unavailable. Users already authenticated retain their currently-assigned RADIUS attributes. Uninterrupted service is provided for authenticated users with RADIUS-assigned VLANs if the RADIUS server becomes temporarily unavailable during periodic reauthentications.

Cached reauthentication is similar to the authorized authentication method in that user credentials are not checked. Any user credentials are valid even if they are different from those used during the last successful authentication of the same session. However, cached reauthentication maintains the

current session attributes, unlike the authorized authentication method. New authentications are not allowed. The RADIUS server can be the only allowed source of session attributes for authenticated users.

Reauthentications are not disabled when the RADIUS server is unavailable. The switch initiates reauthentications of clients at the specified period and the clients must comply with the requirements for the reauthentication procedure exactly as is done for the authorized authentication method.

The table below summarizes the differences between the authorized method and the cached reauthentication method.

Table 2. Summary of Cached Reauthentication and Authorized Authentication Characteristics

Authorized	Cached Reauthentication
New authentications are allowed when RADIUS server is unreachable.	New authentications are not allowed when RADIUS server is unreachable.
All previously RADIUS-assigned attributes are voided and replaced by switch-configured values on reauthentication when RADIUS server is unreachable.	All previously assigned attributes remain in effect on reauthentication when RADIUS server is unreachable.

Cached reauthentication is supported for 802.1X, Web authentication, and MAC authentication. For more information about Web/MAC authentication, see “Web and MAC Authentication” in the *Access Security Guide* for your switch. For more information on 802.1X, see “Configuring Port-Based and User-Based Access Control (802.1X) in the *Access Security Guide* for your switch.

Syntax: [no] aaa authentication <port-access | web-based | mac-based > <primary method>
< secondary-method>

Allows reauthentications to succeed when the RADIUS server is unavailable. Users already authenticated retain their currently-assigned session attributes.

*The primary methods for **port-access** authentication are **local**, **chap-radius**, or **eap-radius**.*

*The primary method for **web-based** or **mac-based** authentication is **chap-radius**.*

*The secondary methods can be **none**, **authorized**, or **cached-reauth**.*

The default secondary authentication for all types of port access remains “none”.

Syntax: [no] aaa port-access <authenticator | web-based | mac-based> <port-list>
cached-reauth-period [1-2147483647]

*Configures the period of time (in **seconds**) during which cached reauthentication is allowed on the port.*

Default: No limit is set.

```
ProCurve(config)# aaa port-access web-based 6-8 cached-reauth-period 86400
```

The cached-reauth-period is set to 86400 **seconds** (1440 minutes, or 24 hours).

Figure 83. Example of Configuring the Maximum Number of Consecutive Cached Reauthentications

Timing Considerations

The reauth period when the RADIUS server is unavailable is the configured reauth period plus an additional X seconds, where X can vary from 1 to approximately 30 seconds in most cases, depending on the number of RADIUS servers and other RADIUS parameters. This period of time can be more or less than 30 seconds if the default “server-timeout” values for 802.1X or Web/MAC authentication have been changed from their default values. The period of time represented by X is how long 802.1X or Web MAC authentication will wait for a RADIUS response.

For example:

1. A cached-reauth-period is set to 900 seconds (15 minutes) and the reauth period is 180 seconds.
2. A client is successfully authenticated or reauthenticated.
3. The RADIUS server becomes unavailable. In 180 seconds from the authentication in step 1, 802.1X or Web/MAC authentication initiates reauthentication.
4. In X seconds after the initiation of authentication in step 3 (1 to 30 seconds if default values for 802.1X or Web/MAC authentication are used), 802.1x or Web/MAC authentication receives notification that the RADIUS server is unavailable.
5. 802.1X or Web/MAC authentication allows the first cached reauthentication and starts the cached reauth period.
6. A number of cached reauthentications occur within the 900 seconds after the start of the cached reauth period in step 5. These have a period of $180 + X$ seconds.
7. The cached reauthentication period (900 seconds) ends.
8. The next reauthentication begins 180 seconds after the last cached reauthentication.

9. In X seconds after the reauthentication in step 8, 802.1X or Web/MAC authentication receives notification that the RADIUS server is still unavailable.
10. 802.1X or Web/MAC authentication terminates the client's session.

Determining the Amount of Time Before Client Session Termination

1. The maximum amount of time between step 2 and step 3 is 180 seconds.
2. The amount of time between step 3 and step 5 is X seconds.
3. The reauthentication in step 8 happens less than 180 seconds after step 7, and step 7 happens in 900 seconds after step 5. The maximum amount of time between step 5 and step 8 is $900 + 180$ seconds.
4. The time between step 8 and step 9 is X seconds.
5. The total time is $180 + X + 900 + 180 + X$, which equals $900 + 2(180 + X)$ seconds.

Note

The period of 1 to 30 seconds, represented by X , is not a firm time period; the time can vary depending on other 802.1X and Web/MAC auth parameters.

Software Fixes

Software fixes are listed in chronological order, oldest to newest.

Unless otherwise noted, each new release includes the software fixes added in all previous releases.

Release K.11.11 was the first production software release for the ProCurve 3500yl, 6200yl, and 5400zl Series switches. Release K.11.69 is the last release of the K.11.xx software. The 3500yl, 6200yl, and 5400zl switch series software code was rolled to the K.12.00 code branch with no intervening releases.

The first production software release for the 8212zl switch is K.12.31.

Release K.12.57 is the last K.12.xx release prior to the roll to the K.13.xx software. Fixes added to the K.12.xx software branch after K.12.57 are therefore included in the K.13.xx software only if they are present in the itemized list of fixes for each K.13.xx build.

Release K.11.12

The following problems were resolved in release K.11.12 (never released)

- **ACL/QoS (PR_1000317233)** — Under some circumstances, the Switch may apply an ACL or QoS configuration setting incorrectly.
- **Configuration/Security (PR_1000316441)** — Operator level can save Manager privilege level changes to the configuration.
- **Crash Log (PR_1000309533)** — Incorrect crash message displayed in the log, “Too many HSL interrupts”.
- **Crash (PR_1000317489)** — Changing the QoS/ACL portion of the running configuration may cause a switch module to crash with a message similar to:

```
CL Int status=0x10000000
```
- **Gig-T SFP Modules (PR_1000316433)** — The switch accepts a Gig-T SFP dual personality module when it should not accept these modules.
- **Help file enhancement (PR_1000300491)** — Added support for Help files. Switch can provide a navigation pane on the left side of the screen containing 'Contents' and 'Search' capability.
- **10 Gig Transceiver (PR_1000317965)** — Switch reports incorrect Link status when a defective fiber cable is connected to the Switch.
- **LED (PR_1000316434)** — If a mini-GBIC is installed during switch bootup, that port's link LED will not turn on.

- **MSTP Enhancement (PR_1000310463)** — Implementation of legacy path cost MIB and CLI option for MSTP.
- **RSTP (PR_1000307278)** — Replacing an 802.1D bridge device with an end node (non-STP device) on the same Switch port, can result in the RSTP Switch sending TCNs.
- **Web UI (PR_1000303371)** — In the Web User Interface, the QOS Device Priority window scroll bar does not allow sufficient scrolling to view all entries.
- **Web UI (PR_1000311917)** — When the last port on the last card is configured in a trunk or mesh, and a user browses to a specific location in the Web user interface, the HTTP Web server degrades the switch, causing the Web user interface to hang.

Release K.11.13

The following problems were resolved in release K.11.13 (never released)

- **Routing (PR_1000306239)** — In some cases, the command '**show ip route**' may display incorrect information.
- **Self-test (PR_1000315509)** — The self-test LED does not turn off after bootup of an empty chassis.
- **sFlow (PR_1000317785)** — Using Inmon Traffic Server, traffic will be reported on ports with no traffic present. Other ports may or may not have faulty counter reports.

Release K.11.14

The following problems were resolved in release K.11.14 (never released)

- **SNMP (PR_1000315054)** — SNMP security violations are entering the switch syslog when a valid SNMPv3 'get' operation is initiated.
- **Web (PR_1000302713)** — When using the Web interface and a large amount of stacking interactions occur, portions of the information from the stack commander may no longer appear.

Release K.11.15

The following problems were resolved in release K.11.15 (never released)

- **CLI (PR_1000298299)** — After a reboot, the Switch does not provide warning that the running configuration and startup configuration differ, and does not offer an option to save the running configuration.

- **CLI (PR_1000315256)** — Inconsistent error message, "Resource unavailable," when configuring more than the maximum number of allowed static IP routes.
- **Crash (PR_1000322009)** — The Switch may crash with a message similar to:
`Software exception in ISR at queues.c:123.`
- **Menu (PR_1000318531)** — When using the Menu interface, the Switch hostname may be displayed incorrectly.

Release K.11.16

The following problems were resolved in release K.11.16 (not a general release)

- **10 GbE module (PR_1000321201)** — At a high temperature and with long cables, the Switch 3500y1 X2/CX4 10-GbE module (J8694A) may not work properly.

Release K.11.17

The following problems were resolved in release K.11.17

- **Stacking (PR_1000298299)** - The Stack Commander setting is not written to the configuration file, so Web/Stacking does not work.

Release K.11.32

The following problems were resolved in release K.11.32

- **Authentication (PR_1000334731)** — PEAP/TLS EAP types with IAS Radius Server fail to authenticate.
- **CLI (PR_1000298038)** — The command "**show arp**" displays incomplete information.
- **CLI (PR_1000308346)** — The command "**show tech**" failed to execute.
- **CLI (PR_1000308601)** — The Stack Close Up device view does not display all stack members.
- **CLI (PR_1000329325)** — Unrecognizable characters printed to console on User Authentication timeout when logging in via TACAS server.
- **CLI (PR_1000329977)** — User is unable to edit any SNMPv3 target address entries.
- **Config (PR_1000326255)** — The stacking interval setting does not appear in the startup or running configuration files.
- **Crash (PR_1000228633)** — The Switch may crash with a message similar to:

Software exception at ldbal_cost.c:1577 -- in 'eDrvPoll', task ID = 0x1760650-> ASSERT: failed.

- **Crash (PR_1000314305)** — The switch may crash with a message similar to:

Software exception at ipamMApi.c:1592/1594 -- in 'eRouteCtrl'

- **Crash (PR_1000323759)** — The Switch may crash with a message similar to:

TLB Miss: Virtual Addr=0x00000185 IP=0x8027ae04 Task='mLACPCtrl'
Task ID=0x81597410 fp:0x00000000 sp:0x815972d0 ra:0x8027aa90
sr:0x1000fc01.

- **Crash (PR_1000324041)** — A module may crash due to ACL Parity Interrupt with a message similar to

'ACL Int stats=0x1000000 28=0x80000b2'.

- **Crash (PR_1000325030)** — The Switch may crash with a message similar to:

'Software exception at vls_dyn_reconfig.c:1939 -- in 'mLpmgrCtrl', task ID = 0xa139a80'.

- **Crash (PR_1000325540)** — The Switch may crash with a message similar to:

Software exception at sw_sem.c:712 -- in 'mSnmpCtrl'.

- **Crash (PR_1000327132)** — The Switch may crash with a message similar to:

Software exception in ISR at btmDmaApi.c:304.

- **Crash (PR_1000329818)** — The Switch may crash with a message similar to:

assert in btmDmaApi.c:289 - out of msgs, need to throttle rmon & syslog msgs.

- **Crash (PR_1000330009)** — The Switch may crash with a message similar to:

slave assert at btftSlaveLearn.c:1426 - extended bcast loop condition.

- **Crash (PR_1000332703)** — The Switch may crash with a message similar to:

slave assert at ngDmaRx.c:495 - ease sample outbound received a fragment.

- **Crash (PR_1000329485)** — Broadcast loop creates additional packets causing throughput traffic to decrease.

- **Crash/ACL (PR_1000332850)** — When authenticating using Radius ACLS, configuring and un-configuring multiple ACLs may cause the Switch to crash.

- **Crash (PR_1000334992)** — The Switch may crash with a message similar to:

"Software exception in ISR at btmDmaApi.c:289 -> No resources available".

- **Crash (PR_1000335430)** — The Switch may crash with a message similar to:
"Cam range reservation error" crash at aqSlaveRanges.c:172.
- **Event Log (PR_1000308669)** — After a Switch reset, the event log does not display correct information.
- **Event Log (PR_1000310958)** — Unsupported modules do not produce an event log message in the Switch.
- **Fault LED (PR_1000314005)** — Upon a fan fault, the fault LED does not indicate an error.
- **Flash Memory (PR_1000320941)** — An incorrect error message is displayed when the Switch experiences a Flash memory failure.
- **Flow Control (PR_1000333879)** — Flow Control not functioning properly.
- **Help Menu (PR_1000307772)** — The Help menu text for command "router pim rp-candidate hold-time" displayed incorrect values.
- **Help Menu (PR_1000326670)** — Web User Interface Help file link URLs exceed maximum length.
- **ICMP (PR_1000315805)** — When the Switch receives a UDP packet on a closed port, Switch fails to send an ICMP response message back to the sender.
- **ICMP/Rate Limiting (PR_1000319946)** — Configuring ICMP Rate Limiting on interfaces causes the Switch to create duplicate requests, which affects the total throughput of the blade.
- **LED (PR_1000325259)** — Test LED flashing wrong color when a defective Mini-GBIC is installed.
- **LLDP (PR_1000319356)** — LLDP does not discover CDPv2 devices.
- **MAC Authentication (PR_1000329738)** — Switch may improperly flush the ARP cache when adding or removing an authorized MAC address.
- **MAC Authentication (PR_1000335314)** — While authenticating multiple ports via MAC authentication, the Switch successfully authenticates the port but fails to learn the source MAC address.
- **Meshing (PR_1000325260)** — With meshing enabled, it is possible that packet buffers may get corrupted resulting in a Switch reboot.
- **Module (PR_1000307404)** — With no cable attached, the X2 CX4 transceiver link LED remains on after a switch power up or hot swap of module.
- **Modules (PR_1000314454)** — Blades fail to reboot (retry) after failing a selftest.

- **Module (PR_1000330312)** — Booting up the Switch with an unsupported module installed may cause all existing modules to fail.
- **MSTP Enhancement (PR_1000331792)** — Implementation of Spanning-tree BPDU Filter and SNMP Traps.
- **Power Supply (PR_1000310159)** — After power supply failovers, the Switch incorrectly reports power being available on ports that are actually powered down.
- **QoS/Rate Limiting (PR_1000319946)** — QoS/Rate limiting may stop working or impact unwanted traffic streams.
- **QOS (PR_1000325028)** — Switch may crash after configuring QOS device-priority.
- **SNMPv3 (PR_1000325021)** — SNMPv3 lines may mistakenly be removed from the configuration file.
- **STP (PR_1000333992)** — In a redundant STP network with PIM running, PIM packets may get assigned a higher queue priority than STP packets, which may cause network loops.
- **Switch (PR_1000327506)** — Fixed issue where Switch incorrectly allowed jumbos frames to be configured for 10/100 ports.
- **VLAN (PR_1000334107)** — User is unable to add a port to a VLAN and the Switch responds with an invalid error message.
- **Web UI (PR_1000308213)** — Removed Web Stacking Tab within the Web User Interface for the 5400zl products.
- **Web UI (PR_1000308225)** — When using the Web User Interface, the device view of the Stack Close-up is missing.
- **Web UI (PR_1000311087)** — Serial number for 5400zl products within the Web-UI exceeds the provided rectangle.
- **Web UI (PR_1000322777)** — When using the Web User Interface in the Configuration Tab, a user is unable to modify a port name.
- **Web UI (PR_1000329279)** — When using the Web user interface Commander's Stack Close Up view, some stack members are not displayed.

Release K.11.33

The following problems were resolved in release K.11.33

- **Buffer Leak (PR_1000336963)** — The Switch may run out of packet buffers under certain conditions.
- **Crash/ACL (PR_1000337717)** — The Switch may crash with a message similar to:

"Software exception at alloc_free.c:422 -- in 'eDrvPoll'...-> No msg buffer", when Switch is configured for ACL logging.

- **Module J8705A (PR_1000336281)** — The Switch 5400zl 20P 10/100/1000 + 4 mini GBIC module (J8705A) may stop forwarding packets.

Release K.11.34

The following problems were resolved in release K.11.34 (not a general release)

- **CLI (PR_1000323423)** — Entering an incorrect password three times for either the operator or manager levels causes the CLI to display erroneous characters.
- **CLI (PR_1000322029)** — The command "**show vlans**" does not display data correctly in the status field.
- **IDM (PR_1000334365)** — Using EAP/802.1x with IDM ACLs can result in memory leaks.
- **Management (PR_1000337447)** — The switch is unmanageable using Telnet or SNMP.
- **OSPF (PR_1000339542)** — When using the "**show IP route**" or "**show ip route ospf**" commands after configuring an AS External LSA (type 5) with a configured metric, the "show" commands display an incorrect metric value.
- **Web UI (PR_1000331431)** — The QoS Configuration Tab does not work correctly when using the Web User Interface.

Release K.11.35

The following problems were resolved in release K.11.35 (never released)

- **Authentication (PR_1000343377)** — When running the Windows XP 802.1x supplicant and the switch sends a re-authentication, Windows XP prompts the user to re-enter their username and password again.
- **Authentication (PR_1000344961)** — A port with multiple 802.1x users on it will allow traffic to pass for a user after that user's supplicant has been stopped.
- **DHCP (PR_1000323679)** — Client cannot obtain an IP address when two DHCP servers are connected on different local networks.
- **Enhancement (PR_1000336169)** — Added support for STP Per-Port BPDU Filtering and SNMP Traps.
- **Enhancement (PR_1000311957)** — Added an option to configure the switch to use the management VLAN IP address in the Option 82 field for all DHCP requests received from various VLANs.

- **MIB (PR_1000307831)** — The MIB value for **ipAddrTable** is not populated.
- **RIP (PR_1000331536)** — RIP does not send a route poison update in response to a failed route.
- **Show tech (PR_1000294072)** — Show Tech statistics displays incorrect port names for fixed ports.

Release K.11.36

The following problems were resolved in release K.11.36 (never released)

- **10-GbE (PR_1000346107)** — The guaranteed minimum bandwidth feature is not working on 10-GbE ports.

Release K.11.37

The following problems were resolved in release K.11.37 (not a general release)

- **Login (PR_1000347300)** — Login failures do not result in an "Invalid Password" response.

Release K.11.38

The following problems were resolved in release K.11.38 (never released)

- **10-GbE (PR_1000346107)** — The Guaranteed minimum bandwidth feature does not work on 10-GbE ports.
- **CLI (PR_1000305349)** — The command, **no ip router-id**, does not work. Once a router-ID is set, there is no way to remove it.
- **QoS (PR_1000346708)** — IP-Precedence does not set the correct priority if all TOS bits are set to 1.

Release K.11.39

The following problems were resolved in release K.11.39 (never released)

- **Crash (PR_1000344998)** — The switch may crash with a message similar to
Software exception at sme.c:103 -- in 'mSess1', task ID = 0x8e05520
-> ASSERT: failed

- **Crash (PR_1000351693)** — The switch may crash with a message similar to
Software Exception at rt_table.c.758 -- in 'eRouteCtrl', task ID = 0x8a d6b30 -> Routing Task: Route Destinations exceeded

Release K.11.40

The following problems were resolved in release K.11.40 (not a general release)

- **CLI (PR_1000353548)** — Use of the command **show span** incorrectly displays an error,
"STP version was changed. To activate the change you must save the configuration to flash and reboot the device."
- **Crash (PR_1000352922)** — The switch may crash with a message similar to
mstp_ptx_sm.c:118 -- in 'mMstpCtrl', task ID = 0x8899e70 -> ASSERT:
failed
- **Enhancement (PR_1000346164)** — RSTP/MSTP BPDU Protection: When this feature is enabled on a port, the switch will disable (drop the link) a port that receives a spanning tree BPDU, log a message, and optionally, send an SNMP TRAP.

Release K.11.41

The following problems were resolved in release K.11.41

- **Enhancement (PR_1000344652)** — Added support for Unidirectional Fiber Break Detection.
- **Hang (PR_1000346328)** — Switch hangs during initialization, switch may fail to boot. RMON alarms/events configuration files corrupted.
- **MDI/MDI-X (PR_1000354050)** — Forced MDI and MDIX modes were reversed on the 3500yl - forced MDI was transmitting out pins 3 and 6 instead of 1 and 2, and vice versa.
- **Port Monitoring (PR_1000354067)** — The CLI does not allow users to mirror mesh ports, resulting in "Error setting value monitor for port <n>".
- **SSH (PR_1000350999)** — The SSH login prompts user to "press any key to continue" twice before providing a prompt.
- **Web-UI (PR_1000354104)** — The Web-UI limited the size of the "Common Name" field in the SSL configuration tab to 16 characters

Release K.11.43

Version K.11.42 was never released.

The following problems were resolved in release K.11.43 (not a general release)

- **Crash (PR_1000307842)** — When deleting/removing CLI ACLs, IDM ACLs, management VLAN, or virus throttle lockouts, switch crashes with error similar to:

"Delete virtual meter with nonzero rule RefCount".
- **Crash (PR_1000334982)** — When Web authentication is used with open VLANs, a software exception may occur, with the switch reporting something similar to this.


```
Software exception at wma_vlan_sm.c:289 -- in 'mWebAuth',  
task ID = 0x81e408e0 -> ASSERT: failed
```
- **Enhancement (PR_1000358903)** — 802.1X Controlled Directions enhancement. With this change, Administrators can use "Wake-on-LAN" with computers that are connected to ports configured for 802.1X authentication.
- **VRRP (PR_1000356388)** — VRRP returns the physical MAC address instead of the virtual MAC address when replying with proxy-ARP.

Release K.11.44

The following problems were resolved in release K.11.44 (not a general release)

- **Enhancement (PR_1000361504)** — This enhancement allows STP to detect and block network topology loops on a single port.

Release K.11.46

Version K.11.45 was never released.

The following problems were resolved in release K.11.46 (not a general release)

- **CLI (PR_1000345301)** — The output from the "show config state" CLI command doesn't always report changes made to the configuration.
- **CLI (PR_1000305584)** — The output from the "show power" commands on the ProCurve 3500yl switches references slot letters when it should display port numbers.

- **Crash (PR_1000357083)** — The switch management may run out of packet buffers and crash with a message similar to:

```
Software exception at ngDmaTx.c:722 -- in 'tDevPollTx', task ID = 0x4305c504 ->  
HW DMA DRIVER unable.
```

- **Hang (PR_1000359640)** — The switch may hang on initialization and become unresponsive.

Release K.11.47

The following problems were resolved in release K.11.47 (not a general release)

- **Management VLAN (PR_1000299387)** — The management VLAN does not allow connectivity from valid addresses.
- **SNMP (PR_1000358129)** — The command line interface (CLI) becomes unresponsive after running RMON traps code.

Release K.11.48

The following problems were resolved in release K.11.48 (not a general release)

- **CLI (PR_1000345301)** — The output from the "show config state" CLI command doesn't always report changes made to the configuration.
- **Crash (PR_1000334710)** — When saving changes to the IGMP configuration, the switch may crash with a message similar to this.

```
TLB Miss: Virtual Addr=0x00000000 IP=0x80591238 Task='mSess1'
```
- **Crash (PR_1000351243)** — The switch may crash at boot-up if more than 1000 VLANs are configured.
- **Enhancement (PR_1000351445)** — The "show tech transceiver" CLI command output now contains the HP part number and revision information for all transceivers on the switch.
- **OSPF (PR_1000363648)** — The "restrict" CLI command in OSPF redistribution does not filter the default route.

Release K.11.49

The following problems were resolved in release K.11.49 (not a general release)

- **802.1X (PR_1000358534)** — For the Controlled Directions feature of 802.1X to operate correctly, spanning tree must be enabled and authenticator ports must be set as edge ports. This fix removes a limitation that requires these steps be done in a specific order.
- **Crash (PR_1000346971)** — When stacking is disabled, the switch may crash with a message similar to:

```
PPC Data Storage (Bus Error) exception vector 0x300: Stack Frame=0x08895e48 HW  
Addr=0x39200000 IP=0x007132f8 Task='mSnmpCtrl'
```

- **Enhancement (PR_1000366744)** — DHCP Protection enhancement. For more information about this feature, please watch the ProCurve Web site.
- **sFlow (PR_1000361604)** — Changed the maximum sFlow skipcount to 24 bits.

Release K.11.61

Versions K.11.50 through K.11.59 were never built.

Version K.11.60 was never released.

The following problems were resolved in release K.11.61 (not a general release)

- **802.1X (PR_1000367404)** — Increased the maximum number of 802.1X users per port to 32.
- **Crash (PR_1000366583)** — When a large config is saved using the "write memory" CLI command, the switch may crash with a message similar to:

```
NMI event SW:IP=0x00897870 MSR:0x00029210 LR:0x00100c80 Task='mSess1'  
Task ID=0x8d13fe0.
```

Release K.11.62

The following problems were resolved in release K.11.62 (not a general release)

- **ACL (PR_1000368901)** — Outbound access control lists (ACLs) do not function after a reboot.
- **Authorization (PR_1000365285)** — IP Authorized Managers feature behaves incorrectly with regard to Telnet access.

- **CLI (PR_1000313916)** — The CLI output for the "show ip" command is misaligned; the proxy-arp column is shifted over to the left by one.
- **Crash (PR_1000356446)** — When traffic monitoring is in use, the switch may crash with a message similar to this.

```
Data Bus Error: Addr=0x704a6114 Data=0x00000011 flags=0x10000751,  
IP=0x4012eaac Task='mEaseUpdt' TaskID=0x42fef338
```
- **Routing (PR_1000350144)** — Adding a VLAN and assigning an IP address to that VLAN through the menu interface takes routing information protocol (RIP) offline in all VLANs.
- **sFlow (PR_1000361604)** — Changed the maximum sFlow skipcount to 24 bits.
- **VLAN (PR_1000356062)** — When configuring from the menu interface, the 3500yl series switches will not allow the following name format for a new VLAN:
"VLANx" (where "x" is a VLAN number).

Release K.11.63

The following problems were resolved in release K.11.63

- **802.1p QoS (PR_1000368188)** — 802.1p prioritization may not work once a trunk is enabled on a module, unless the user issues the commands "qos type-of service ip-precedence" or "qos type-of service diff-services".
- **Crash (PR_1000368540)** — The switch may crash with a message similar to:

```
Software exception at parser.c:8012 -- in 'mSess2',  
task ID = 0x90e10e0 -> ASSERT: failed.
```
- **Menu/Event Log (PR_1000319407)** — Disabling of event log numbers, via the "no log-numbers" CLI command, doesn't work properly when viewing the event log via the Menu. Using the 'next' and 'prev' buttons causes the log numbers to reappear.
- **PCM Traffic Monitoring/Performance Degradation (PR_1000370061)** — The switch is affected by PCM traffic monitoring, causing throughput degradation.
- **RADIUS (PR_1000358525)** — Attributes that were overridden by RADIUS (CoS, Rate, and ACL) remain active if an authenticated user fails to send EAP-LOGOFF.

Release K.11.64

The following problems were resolved in release K.11.64 (not a general release)

- **Crash (PR_1000372604)** — When multiple of instances of sFlow have been configured via the CLI, the switch may crash with an error similar to:

```
Software exception at sflow.c:1170 -- in 'mEaseCtrl',  
task ID = 0x80e5fe0-> ASSERT:  failed.
```

- **Enhancement (PR_1000376406)** — Loop Protection feature additions, including packet authentication, loop detected trap, and receiver port configuration.
- **Event Log (PR_1000373796)** — Selecting "Save", within the IP Configuration screen of the Menu causes unnecessary Event Log messages.
- **sFlow/Flow-Control (PR_1000375851)** — To protect performance if Flow-Control is enabled on any one or more ports, egress sFlow sampling will be disabled on all ports and a CLI/Event Log message will be generated.
- **VLAN/CLI (PR_1000368900)** — VLAN names over 12 characters in length cause the output from the command "show ip route" to be displayed incorrectly.

Release K.11.65

The following problems were resolved in release K.11.65 (not a general release)

- **Alarms/Log (PR_1000371908)** — The ambient temperature measured by the 5406zl chassis is 4 degrees C too high, causing the generation of false high temperature alarms.
- **CLI (PR_1000377318)** — The output from the CLI command, 'show dhcp-relay' is truncated.
- **Enhancement (PR_1000379804)** — Historical information about MAC addresses that have been moved has been added to the "show tech" command output.
- **Menu/Counters (PR_1000370619)** — The Menu Interface does not reflect changes to SNMP OIDs for "IP Mgmt - Tx/Rx" counters; the counter always reads "0."
- **Syslog (PR_1000379802)** — Forwarding of event log message to a configured syslog server is not disabled when a specific event log message has been disabled via the MIB.
- **VRRP (PR_1000380627)** — VRRP packets are received on a non-VRRP VLAN causing excessive event log/syslog messages.

Release K.11.66

The following problems were resolved in release K.11.66 (not a general release)

- **CLI (PR_1000379455)** — The output from some CLI "show" commands produces incorrectly formatted output on the screen.
- **CLI (PR_1000309983)** — Using the "show tech" command immediately after boot and before the modules have initialized causes the command to fail, and leaves the user in an unsupported CLI state.

- **CLI (PR_1000364628)** — The command output from "show ip rip peer" yields an improperly formatted peer IP address.
- **Meshing (PR_1000386393)** — A 5412zl switch may crash with a bus error, when 4 Port CX4 module (J8708A) in Slot L is configured for Meshing. The crash message is similar to the following.

```
PPC Data Storage (Bus Error) exception vector 0x300:  
Stack Frame=0x08af5298 HW Addr=0x4b5a697c IP=0x00372ed8  
Task='mLdBalCtrl' Task 0 fp: 0x00000018
```
- **sFlow (PR_1000378885)** — The sFlow samplePool for trunks is sometimes unchanged between samples. This may cause inaccurate spikes in traffic monitoring applications that measure the utilization on trunk ports.
- **Web/RADIUS (PR_1000368520)** — Web Authentication doesn't authenticate clients due to a failure to send RADIUS requests to the configured server.
- **WebUI (PR_1000371598)** — Unable to Access Stack Members through Commander WebUI. Use of the WebUI "stack access" drop-down list on the stacking commander returns a "Page not found" error.

Release K.11.67

The following problems were resolved in release K.11.67 (not a general release)

- **MSTP (PR_1000385573)** — MSTP instability when root switch priority is changed. This causes other switches with better priority to assert themselves as root, thus causing a root war to occur.

Release K.11.68

Software never released.

- **CLI/LLDP (PR_1000377191)** — Output from the CLI command, "show lldp info remote-device <port>" shows a blank field for the chassis ID.
- **Crash (PR_1000390591)** — Software exception at sflow.c:3903 after re-starting sflow sampling. Switch may crash with a message similar to:

```
Software exception at sflow.c:3903 -- in 'mSnmpEvt',  
task ID = 0x8248e90-> ASSERT: failed
```
- **DHCP (PR_1000386886)** — DHCP-relay uses an inconsistent address when the VLAN is multinetted. This fix forces the lowest IP address to be used for DHCP.
- **Enhancement (PR_1000388709)** — SFlow does not accommodate bursty traffic.

- **ROM update (PR_1000390486)** — ROM update to version K.11.03, required to support the upcoming K.12 software update.
- **Trunking (PR_1000238829)** — Trunks numbered trk10 and greater cause the output from the CLI command "show span" output to be misaligned.

Release K.11.69

The following problems were resolved in release K.11.69

- **Routing (PR_1000392086)** — The switch learns a bogus MAC address when the next hop address is unknown, causing the switch to stop forwarding traffic.

Release K.11.69 is the last release of the K.11.*xx* software. The 3500yl, 6200yl, and 5400zl switch series software code was rolled to the K.12.0*x* code branch with no intervening releases.

Release K.12.01

The following problems were resolved in release K.12.01

- **ACL (PR_1000393287)** — When the same ACL is applied (in or out) to more than 2 VLANs it does not get applied to the third VLAN or higher.
- **ACL (PR_1000389442)** — Numbering restrictions are not enforced at the CLI; ACLs numbered 200 or higher are considered valid. This fix enforces ACL numbering restrictions and converts existing ACLs numbered 200 or higher into named ACLs. If an invalid name of form XXX is found, it will be converted to "invalidXXX".

Note:

If you have ACLs configured with numbers greater than or equal to 200, you need to reconfigure those ACLs with either a valid name or valid number prior to loading K.12.01 software, or it will be tagged as invalid. For example, if you have an ACL called 222 and it is applied to a vlan, the K.12.01 script will convert the 222 ACL to "invalid222" and apply it to the vlan.

- **CLI (PR_1000332352)** — The output of a **show int brief** command should show the negotiated flow control status rather than the flow control configuration setting.
- **Crash (PR_1000385237)** — Applying an access control list with more than 105 entries to a VLAN interface causes the switch to crash with a message similar to:

```
Software exception at enDecode.c:54 -- in 'mSess1',  
task ID = 0x8e7da60 -> out of memory!
```

- **Crash (PR_1000392105)** — Specific actions in the port status screen of the menu interface may trigger a crash. Scrolling down to the ports on a module in slot L and pressing [enter] may cause the switch to crash with a message similar to:

```
Software exception at exception.c:424 -- in 'mSess1',  
task ID = 0x8dd1ab0 -> Memory system error at 0x881a480 - memPartFree
```

- **Enhancement (PR_1000298920)** — A ping request issued to a VLAN which is down will now return a more specific message; instead of "request timed out", the message "The destination address is unreachable" will be displayed.
- **Enhancement (PR_1000373226)** — Support was added for the ProCurve 100-FX SFP-LC Transceiver (J9054B).
- **Enhancement (PR_1000376626)** — Enhance CLI **qos dscp-map help** and **show dscp-map** text to warn the user that inbound classification based on DSCP codepoints only occurs if **qos type-of-service diff-services** is also configured.
- **Event Log (PR_1000330310)** — Failed attempts to communicate with an unknown module type fill the event log message buffer.
- **Routing (PR_1000359162)** — When the user configures a static route that overlaps with a local subnet configured on the switch, the router will not respond to packets destined for its own IP address. The packets for its own IP address will be routed using the configured static route.
- **OSPF (PR_1000374003)** — The switch assigns itself a router-id of the neighbor router's in a virtual link.

Note:

Existing OSPF virtual link configurations may be lost with the update to K.12.01. Either save the K.11 configuration and reload it once the switch is running K.12, or plan to reconfigure any virtual links at the CLI after booting into the K.12.01 software.

- **SNMP (PR_1000392847)** — RMON alarms that monitor port-specific OIDs are lost if the switch is rebooted.

Release K.12.02

The following problems were resolved in release K.12.02

- **Crash (PR_1000398746)** — The switch may crash with the task "swlnitTask". This could result in repeated crashes until the switch configuration is cleared.
- **Crash/Traffic Monitoring (PR_1000396662)** — When Traffic Monitoring is enabled on the switch by a network management station (such as PCM) the switch may crash with a message similar to:

```
Data Bus Error: Addr=0x704a613c Data=0xffffffff flags=0x10000750,  
IP=0x4012fa80 Task='tSvcWorkQ' TaskID=0x44b42ad0 cpsr=0x80000013
```
- **Crash (PR_1000392863)** — Switch may crash when **setmib tcpConnState** is used, with a message similar to:

```
NMI event SW:IP=0x0079f4a0 MSR:0x00029210 LR:0x006dca60  
Task='eTelnetd' Task ID=0x8a7cbb0 cr: 0x20000042 sp:0x08a7c870
```
- **Daylight savings (PR_1000364740)** — Due to the passage of the Energy Policy Act of 2005, Pub. L. no. 109-58, 119 Stat 594 (2005), starting in March 2007 daylight time in the United States will begin on the second Sunday in March and end on the first Sunday in November.
- **DHCP (PR_1000397753)** — A unicast DHCP request that has already been relayed by another router is sometimes dropped.
- **Hang (PR_1000397964)** — The switch appears to hang where all routing stops, the switch cannot ping anything, even addresses configured locally.
- **Proxy-ARP (PR_1000393571)** — Proxy-ARP sends responses to gratuitous ARPs.
- **Remote Mirroring/Trunking (PR_1000397196)** — Remote mirroring configured on a trunk does not restart after the switch is rebooted. Workaround: after a switch reboot, reconfigure the trunk remote as a mirroring source.
- **RIP (PR_1000393366)** — The switch does not process RIP (v2) responses containing subnets with a classful subnet mask, when the receiving RIP switch has a connected VLSM network defined that would fall within that classful range.

Release K.12.03

The following problems were resolved in release K.12.03 (not a general release)

- **CLI (PR_1000373443)** — The CLI **update** command help text and confirmation message is misleading and confusing.

- **Crash (PR_1000399448)** — Changes to traffic monitoring settings may trigger the switch to crash with a message similar to:

```
Software exception at ease_ctrl.c:575 -- in 'mEaseCtrl',  
task ID = 0x8347161
```

- **Crash (PR_1000401664)** — Use of the CLI command **dir** with a very large path name may cause the switch to crash with a message similar to:

```
PC Data Storage (Bus Error) exception vector 0x300:  
Stack Frame=0x08e54928 HW Addr=0x00b3eefc IP=0x0018a740  
Task='mSess2' Task ID=00 fp: 0x00000000 sp:
```

- **Enhancement (PR_1000379804)** — Historical information about MAC addresses that have been moved has been added to the **show tech** command output.
- **Enhancement (PR_1000398393)** — For the **interface <port-list> speed-duplex** command, added the **auto-10-100** configuration option to constrain a link to 10/100 Mbps speed and allow a more rapid linkup process when 1000 Mbps operation is not possible.
- **Enhancement (PR_1000404544)** — Provides TCP/UDP port range prioritization in the **qos** command; the **range** option assigns an 802.1p priority to (IPv4) TCP or UDP packets associated with a range of TCP/UDP ports.

Release K.12.04

Software never released.

- **ACL (PR_1000402901)** — The ACL resequencing feature may discard some ACEs in a random fashion.
- **CLI (PR_1000403104)** — Executing the **erase startup-configuration** command and rebooting does not clean up the RMON 'alarm' table.
- **Crash (PR_1000405465)** — Use of dynamically assigned ACLs may cause the switch to reboot with the following error:

```
Software exception at aclBttfMUtils.c:1208 -- in 'midmCtrl',  
task ID = 0x85f6a60 -> internal error
```

- **Enhancement MSTP (PR_1000369492)** — Update of MSTP implementation to the latest IEEE P802.1Q-REV/D5.0 specification to stay in compliance with the protocol evolution.

Note

The updated standard provides auto-edge-port operation for MSTP, and supports the automatic detection of edge ports. The port will look for BPDUs for 3 seconds; if there are none, it begins forwarding packets. For more information on selected configuration options and updated MSTP port parameters, see [“Release K.12.04 Enhancements” on page 38](#).

- **Remote Mirroring/SNMP (PR_1000395595)** — Removing a VLAN via SNMP does not remove the related ACL relationship to that VLAN.
- **sFlow (PR_1000408145)** — sFlow samples for routed packets do not occur bidirectionally; inbound packets are dropped and only outbound packets are sampled.
- **Traceroute (PR_1000379199)** — The reported **traceroute** time is inaccurate; it is one decimal place off.

Release K.12.05

The following problems were resolved in release K.12.05.

- **BootROM (PR_1000402707)** — BootROM does not update to latest version when updating code to primary flash.
- **CLI (PR_1000309998)** — Management module is incorrectly displayed as J8627A rather than the correct J8726A product number in response to the **show modules** command.
- **Enhancement (PR_1000408960)** — RADIUS-Assigned GVRP VLANs enhancement. For more information, see [“Release K.12.05 Enhancements” on page 38](#).
- **Menu (PR_1000392862)** — The menu will allow invalid values (greater than 720 sec) to be entered for the SNTP poll interval.

Release K.12.06

Software never released.

- **Enhancement (PR_1000308332)** — Passwords (hashed) are saved to the configuration file. For more information, see [“Release K.12.06 Enhancements” on page 38](#).

Release K.12.07

The following problems were resolved in release K.12.07.

- **Config (PR_1000405639)** — Various characters in configuration file names (including dash, ampersand, plus, and spaces within quotes) result in truncated names after reboot. This is not just a display issue; the command **erase config <filename>** does not remove a file containing the problem characters.
- **Config (PR_1000410790)** — Errors are returned when applying the **interface <port-list> speed-duplex auto-10-100** command to interfaces 45 through 48 on a 3500yl-48G-PWR switch.
- **Crash (PR_1000410758)** — When the **interface <port-list> speed-duplex auto-10-100** command is issued on a range of ports, the switch may crash with a message similar to:

```
NMI event HW:IP=0x0083f224 MSR:0x00029210 LR:0x0033c3c4
Task='tDevPollRx' Task ID=0x9137e50 cr: 0x20000022 sp:0x09137d78
xer:0x20000000
```
- **RIP (PR_1000377789)** — RIP restrict filters are not working upon reboot.
- **RMON (PR_1000410885)** — RMON alarms/thresholds set via SNMP are cleared after reboot.

Release K.12.08

Software never released.

- **Enhancement (PR_1000413764)** — Increase the size of the sysLocation and sysContact entries from 48 to 255 characters. For more information, see [“Release K.12.09 Enhancements” on page 38](#).

Release K.12.09

The following problem was resolved in release K.12.09 (Not a general release).

- **Crash (PR_1000385844)** — With sFlow sampling enabled, the switch may crash with a message similar to:

```
Software exception at ngDmaTx.c:729 -- in 'tDevPollTx',
task ID = 0x4305bba8 -> HW DMA DRIVER unable to transmit anymore
```

Release K.12.10

The following problems were resolved in release K.12.10.

- **ARP (PR_1000414347)** — ARP table address learning is slow; once the switch has its ARP table cleared, the clients will be unable to communicate for approximately 30 seconds.

- **Config (PR_1000416508)** — Cannot create alternate startup-config file. Although **show config files** shows an available slot, the switch does not allow copying from an existing config file to create a new config file in the vacant slot.
- **Crash (PR_1000421322)** — Following execution of config-related CLI commands (such as **show running-config** or **show tech**) or when PCM attempts to retrieve the configuration file using TFTP from a switch having a large configuration file, the switch may crash with a message similar to:

```
Software exception at exception.c:373 -- in 'tTftpDmn',  
task ID = 0x11cfaa8 -> Memory system error at 0x1175550 - memPartFree
```

The following related crash message may also be addressed with this fix:

```
PPC Bus Error exception vector 0x300: Stack-frame=0x016778b0  
HW Addr=0x667c4c88 IP=0x004dbc88 Task='eChassMgr'  
Task ID=0x1677dd8 fp: 0x667c4c88 sp:0x01677970 lrecpgyp
```

- **Enhancement (PR_1000419653)** — The **show vlan** command was enhanced to display each port in the VLAN separately, display the friendly port name (if configured), and display the VLAN mode (tagged/untagged/forbidden) for each port. For more information, see [“Release K.12.10 Enhancements” on page 39](#).
- **SNMP (PR_1000374893)** — When retrieving the switch serial number via SNMP, the management module serial number is returned instead of the chassis serial number.
- **SNMP (PR_1000422129)** — HP Fault Finder doesn't send the interface index with the SNMP trap, even though it is listed in the system log.

Release K.12.11

Software never released.

Release K.12.12

The following problems were resolved in release K.12.12 (Not a general release).

- **Crash (PR_1000420709)** — Entering a backslash at the CLI may cause the switch to crash with a message similar to:

```
PPC Data Storage (Bus Error) exception vector 0x300:  
Stack Frame=0x08e66508 HW Addr=0x00b4f2ac IP=0x0018a864  
Task='mSess1' Task ID=0x8e67170 fp: 0x3be00000 sp:
```
- **Link LED (PR_1000425143)** — The Small Form-factor Pluggable (SFP) link LED does not work when SFP is hot-swapped into the switch.

Release K.12.13

Software never released.

Release K.12.14

The following problems were resolved in release K.12.14.

- **Authentication (PR_1000422933)** — Issue with local password authentication.
- **CLI/Clear button (PR_1000424194)** — The command **no password manager** deletes the password, but fails to delete the username. Similarly, pressing the clear button deletes the password but not the username.
- **SNMP (PR_1000423362)** — Setting username via SNMP (**hpSwitchAuthMIB**) deletes the password.
- **Hotswap (PR_1000422714)** — Hotswapping a module may result in a false module self-test failure. After hotswapping the module, the following messages may appear in the event log:

```
I 05/27/06 12:06:54 00076 ports: port B23 is now on-line
W 05/27/06 12:07:00 00564 ports: port B23 PD Invalid Signature indication
I 05/27/06 12:32:47 00068 chassis: Slot B Inserted
I 05/27/06 12:32:48 00068 chassis: Slot B Inserted
I 05/27/06 12:32:49 00068 chassis: Slot B Inserted
I 05/27/06 12:32:50 00067 chassis: Slot B Removed
I 05/27/06 12:32:50 00077 ports: port B23 is now off-line
W 05/27/06 12:33:11 00374 chassis: Slot B Slave ROM Tombstone: 0x00000000
W 05/27/06 12:33:34 00374 chassis: Slot B Slave ROM Tombstone: 0x00000000
W 05/27/06 12:33:57 00374 chassis: Slot B Slave ROM Tombstone: 0x00000000
W 05/27/06 12:34:19 00374 chassis: Slot B Slave ROM Tombstone: 0x00000000
W 05/27/06 12:34:42 00374 chassis: Slot B Slave ROM Tombstone: 0x00000000
I 05/27/06 12:34:44 00179 mgr: SME CONSOLE Session - MANAGER Mode
W 05/27/06 12:35:05 00374 chassis: Slot B Slave ROM Tombstone: 0x00000000
W 05/27/06 12:35:05 00274 chassis: Slot B self test failure or unsupported
```

Multiple insertion messages may be included. The errors appear in the log as either a tombstone, HSL failure, or a loss of communications.

Release K.12.15

The following problems were resolved in release K.12.15.

- **Enhancement (PR_1000427592)** — This enhancement adds the client's IP address to the RADIUS accounting packets sent to the RADIUS server by the switch.
- **Crash (PR_1000407238)** — Execution of the "show config" command when the startup configuration is different than the running configuration may cause the switch to crash with a message similar to:

```
Software exception at cli_mirror.c:6201 -- in 'mSess1', task ID =  
0x8e53690 -> ASSERT: failed
```

- **SNMP (PR_1000406398)** — The URL embedded SNMP traps are not sent as SSL (https) when SSL is enabled, but are sent as plain-text (http) instead. This may result in the trap receiver (such as PCM) being unable to display the URL if SSL is enabled.
- **Enhancement (PR_1000428642)** — The SNMP v2c describes two different notification-type PDUs: traps and informs. Prior to this software release, only the trap's sub-type was supported. This enhancement adds support for informs.
- **Crash (PR_1000427674)** — False positive memory testing may result in an ACL interrupt crash with an event log message similar to:

```
chassis: Slot L ACL Int status=0x2000000 25=0x80000005:  
Task=tDevPollRx Task ID=0x4305d314 IP=0x40087044
```

- **Rate-Limiting (PR_1000420720)** — Rate limiting is broken beyond 9.5 Mbps. For any rate limit set to more than 9.5 Mbps, the actual rate drops to 1 Mbps.

Release K.12.16

The following problems were resolved in release K.12.16.

- **Crash (PR_1000415621)** — Removing a VLAN that has OSPF configured may cause the switch to crash with a message similar to:

```
NMI event HW:IP=0x0084a0a4 MSR:0x00029210 LR:0x00513ee4 Task='eRou-  
teCtrl' Task ID=0x89658b0'
```

- **Crash (PR_1000428582)** — Typing non-alphanumeric characters at the CLI prompt may cause the switch to crash with a message similar to:

```
PPC Data Storage (Bus Error) exception vector 0x300:Stack  
Frame=0x08e36878 HW Addr=0x00b4f2ec IP=0x0018a974 Task='mSess1' Task  
ID=0x0fp: 0x18020800 sp:
```

Release K.12.17

The following problems were resolved in release K.12.17.

- **STP (PR_1000420442)** — The switch erroneously allows configuration of spanning tree parameters on an interface that is a member of a trunk (link aggregation group), which creates an invalid configuration.
- **CLI (PR_1000429474)** — The "all" parameter is missing from the "password" command.
- **Radius (PR_1000432556)** — When DHCP snooping is enabled on the client VLAN, and the client is on a VLAN other than the default VLAN, the Framed-IP-Address attribute is not added to the RADIUS accounting packet as it should be.
- **Crash (PR_1000416453)** — Execution of the "show tech" command in an SSH session may cause the switch to crash with a message similar to:

```
Software exception - Assert in pmgr_util.c:1155 -- in 'mSess2', task  
ID = 0x85adf60
```

Release K.12.18

The following problems were resolved in release K.12.18.

- **CLI (PR_1000419379)** — The "interface" command does not exist in the VLAN context, resulting in an inability to shift to the interface configuration context directly from the VLAN context.
- **Hang (PR_1000434809)** — The switch may hang, causing all the port LEDs to remain lit, and stop transmitting traffic.
- **Enhancement (PR_1000428213)** — This software enhancement adds the ability to configure a secondary authentication method to be used when the RADIUS server is unavailable for the primary port access method.
- **Crash (PR_1000436274)** — Typing a question mark ("?",) at the "multi-line" input prompt (">") may cause the switch to crash. The crash occurs when the switch is trying to print the error message that states:

```
Expansion help not available on multi-line input.
```

- **CLI (PR_1000433948)** — When command authorization is in use, the "show tech" command fails at the "show tech buffer" component, even when the permission list indicates that it should be allowed.

- **Enhancement (PR_1000415155)** — The ARP age timer was enhanced from the previous limit of 240 minutes to allow for configuration of values up to 1440 minutes (24 hours) or "infinite" (99,999,999 seconds or 3.2 years).
- **Enhancement (PR_1000438015)** — The banner message of the day (MOTD) size has been increased to support up to 3070 characters.

Release K.12.19

The following problems were resolved in release K.12.19.

- **ACL (PR_1000432563)** — ACLs with the "permit" parameter on L4 ports and using operators 'gt'/'lt'/'range' do not function as expected. The ACL does not drop traffic with non-permitted L4 ports. Instead, all traffic with L4 ports is forwarded.
- **CLI (PR_1000438486)** — When using the "port-access mac-based" CLI command, the client MAC address is sent in lower case and as the username to the RADIUS server. This fix adds an option so that the MAC address is in uppercase when sent to the RADIUS server. This fix adds additional parameters to the CLI command to support this: "aaa port-access mac-based addr-format."
- **10-GbE Log (PR_1000424384)** — The switch is not checking for the presence of the J8694A ProCurve yl 10G X2-CX4 module early enough in the boot process, triggering a log message when the check is executed.

Release K.12.20

The following problems were resolved in release K.12.20 (Never released.)

Release K.12.21

The following problems were resolved in release K.12.21 (never released).

- **ARP Protection (PR_1000438129)** — ARP and ARP protection data may not display correctly following a CLI or SNMP status query.
- **Enhancement (PR_1000440049)** — Classifier-Based Rate Limiting capability was added. Classifier-Based Rate Limiting (also known as Rate Limit Port ACLs or RL-PACLs) allows you to create an ACL and apply it on a per-port basis to rate-limit network traffic.
- **CLI (PR_1000342461)** — If a trunk is configured, output from the CLI command "show lldp info remote <port number>" reports incorrect information for the remote management address. This may result in a failure to discover or map devices connected to these trunks by management applications that use LLDP discovery (e.g. ProCurve Manager).

- **Enhancement (PR_1000374051)** — The 5400zl switches are not detecting packets from an Avaya G700 PBX or Cajun switch due to irregular Ethernet packets sent by those devices. This is a workaround that will alter the 5400zl software to allow 100Mb operation on the upcoming "C" revision of the 1000 Base-T Mini-GBICs (J8177C) that fit in the J8705A module. The port containing the 1000 Base-T Mini-GBIC can be configured with new speed options of "auto-100," "100-full," and "100-half."
- **Crash (PR_1000434888)** — A switch module may crash with a message similar to:

```
ACL Int status=0x10000000 28=0x80002f3a: Task=tDevPollTx Task
ID=0x4305c504 IP=0x400693e8
```
- **Enhancement (PR_1000443349)** — This enhancement is to allow the concurrent use of SFTP with TACACS+ authentication for SSH connections.
- **VRRP/Meshing (PR_1000435853)** — A MESHed link in the path between a VRRP Owner and VRRP Backup may lead to a situation where both VRRP routers remain in Master state for a VRID after that VRID fails over to the Backup and then the Owner comes back online.
- **Routing (PR_1000432449)** — If the switch is configured with both port security and routing, a physical port transition on the host may cause the switch to stop transmitting routed traffic to that host. Clearing the ARP cache resolves this problem until another port transition occurs.
- **RADIUS (PR_1000442879)** — If RADIUS (or TACACS+) keys are configured, and then the switch is updated to a software revision with the ability to save the security credentials in the configuration file (K.12.06 or later), the RADIUS keys are no longer shown in output from the "show run" or "show config" commands until the "include-credentials" command is issued.

Release K.12.22

The following problems were resolved in release K.12.22.

- **Enhancement (PR_1000443026)** — Support for the new revision "C" Mini-GBICs was added to the CLI and the "show tech" command.
- **Enhancement (PR_1000444415)** — OSPF Passive Interface support was added.
- **Crash (PR_1000442695)** — Pasting a VRRP configuration into the running configuration via a Telnet session may cause the switch to crash with a message similar to:

```
Software exception at vrrp_statemach.c:205 -- in 'mVrrpCtrl', task
ID = 0x8b154a0-> internal error
```

Release K.12.23

The following problems were resolved in release K.12.23.

- **Crash (PR_1000415534)** — Execution of the "lockout-mac" CLI command, may cause the switch to crash with a message similar to:

```
PPC Data Storage (Bus Error) exception vector 0x300: Stack
Frame=0x0ab9a738 HW Addr=0x00b3f104 IP=0x00801d2c Task='eDrvPoll'
Task ID=0xab9ad20 fp: 0x0f3808c0 sp
```

- **AAA/CLI (PR_1000445886)** — This changes the syntax of 'aaa authentication <port-access | mac-based | web-based>' commands which were previously added in PR_1000438486.
- **CLI (PR_1000403478)** — Power over Ethernet (802.3af) CLI commands were removed from platforms that do not support PoE (such as the ProCurve 6200yl switch).
- **Broadcast-limit (PR_1000429594)** — The broadcast limit feature affects multicast traffic. This fix modifies the feature so that it only affects broadcast traffic.
- **MSTP (PR_1000439775)** — The switch generates a topology change when a port goes off-line. With MSTP enabled and all ports left at default (auto-edge-port), when a port transitions to offline, a TC will be generated, and the topology change counter increases.
- **Multicast (PR_1000436118)** — Multicast forwarding with IGMP is slow and causes an unacceptable delay in servicing.
- **Enhancement (PR_1000449129)** — This enhancement allows MAC or Web-based authentication to use PEAP/MS-CHAPv2 protocols in addition to the default setting of CHAP.
- **Crash (PR_1000444112)** — Downloading a configuration file to the switch may cause a crash with a message similar to:

```
Software exception at cli_config_action.c:5479 -- in 'mftTask'
```
- **SNMP (PR_1000448463)** — The SNMP Engine ID Discovery process described in RFC 3414 is not working properly.

Release K.12.24

The following problems were resolved in release K.12.24.

- **Hang (PR_1000448429)** — A bank of ports may fail the self test, crash or stop functioning after several weeks of use. This failure may result in event log messages similar to those listed below.

```
W 06/10/07 08:07:22 00374 chassis: Ports 25-48: Lost Communications detected
- Heart Beat Lost
I 06/10/07 08:07:22 00077 ports: port 31 is now off-line
I 06/10/07 08:07:22 00077 ports: port 40 is now off-line
I 06/10/07 08:07:29 00375 chassis: Ports 25-48 Downloading
I 06/10/07 08:07:30 00376 chassis: Ports 25-48 Download Complete
W 06/10/07 08:08:32 00374 chassis: Ports 25-48 Failed to boot-timeout
(AGENT_FAILED)
```

Release K.12.25

The following problems were resolved in release K.12.25.

- **Config (PR_1000451779)** — Software update, TFTP restoration of the configuration or reloading the switch on software version K.12.22 may delete a Mini-GBIC VLAN port assignment.

Release K.12.26 through K.12.29

Software never built.

Release K.12.30

Software never released.

Release K.12.31

The following problems were resolved in release K.12.31.

- **Enhancement** — Support for the following ProCurve product was added.
J9091A / J8715A (bundle) for the ProCurve switch 8212zl

Release K.12.32

Never released. The following problems were resolved in build K.12.32.

- **Enhancement** — Merged all of the K.12.24 and earlier software fixes and enhancements with the ProCurve switch 8212zl support.

Release K.12.33 through K.12.40

Software never built.

Release K.12.41 through K.12.42

Software never released.

Release K.12.43

The following problems were resolved in release K.12.43.

- **Enhancement** — Support for the following ProCurve products was added.
 - J9051A ProCurve Wireless Edge Services zl Module
 - J9052A ProCurve Redundant Wireless Edge Services zl Module

For more information, see [“Support for the Wireless Edge Services zl Module” on page 21.](#)

Release K.12.44

Not a general release.

- **Enhancement (PR_1000457691)** — This enhancement allows the mapping of all theoretically available VLAN IDs (1-4094) to an MSTP instance, even if some of the VLANs are not currently configured on the switch. For more information, see [“Release K.12.44 Enhancements” on page 42.](#)
- **Enhancement (PR_1000457868)** — Local Proxy ARP enhancement. For more information, see [“Release K.12.44 Enhancements” on page 42.](#)
- **Enhancement (PR_1000456271)** — PC attached to telephone. For more information, see [“Release K.12.44 Enhancements” on page 42.](#)

Release K.12.45

The following problems were resolved in build K.12.45. (Never Released.)

- **STP (PR_1000449365)** — ARP & MAC tables get out of sync after a spanning tree (MSTP or RSTP) re-convergence. An ARP entry fails to be associated to the port even though the MAC entry exists. This may result in an unexpected ping failure.
- **PIM (PR_1000450431)** — IP Multicast Routing PIM-DM Stops Forwarding Flows, and the event log reports:

```
PIM: Failed alloc[ation] of HW Flow for flow <multicast address>
```

- **SSH (PR_1000453226)** — Configuration of SSH login to the manager mode (**aaa authentication ssh enable public-key** <enter>) triggers an error “Not legal combination of authentication methods”, but it should be a valid command syntax.
- **Authentication (PR_1000454714)** — Concurrent 802.1X and MAC-authentication does not give the 802.1X value precedence. This fix gives 802.1X VLAN assignment precedence over MAC auth RADIUS VLAN assignment.
- **SNMP (PR_1000389902)** — The switch is not sending an "embedded URL" within the SNMP trap for an FFI event to the PCM server monitoring traps. The embedded URL, if sent, would allow someone looking at the log event on the PCM server to simply click on the URL and be immediately connected to the switch.
- **CLI (PR_1000418891)** — The Connection Rate Filter *ignore* list does not display properly in the output for the show run command; the IP address and mask are incorrectly printed on the next line.
- **SNMP (PR_1000444744)** — An *snmp set* of hpicfDot1xPaePortauth or an *snmp set* hpicfDot1xPaePortSupp of an invalid value may cause the switch to crash with a message similar to the following:

```
ASSERT at aaa8021x_dyn_reconfig.c.
```
- **SSH (PR_1000461002)** — Issue with authentication when SSH is configured.

Release K.12.46

The following problems were resolved in build K.12.46. (Never Released.)

- **Mirroring (PR_1000458287)** — Remote mirroring does not work in slots K or L of the 5412zl or 8212zl chassis.
- **Crash (PR_1000456340)** — Switch may crash with a message similar to:

```
No message buffers: alloc_free.c:435.
```

The trigger for this crash is unknown, though it is suspected to be related to sFlow.

- **Module Failure (PR_1000464335)** — Switches running K.12.31 - K.12.43 may experience a problem with modules failing to boot. The system log may report a message similar to the following:

```
W 11/08/05 02:43:14 00374 chassis: Slot D Failed to
boot-timeout-(AGENT_FAILED)
I 11/08/05 02:43:19 00375 chassis: Slot D Downloading
I 11/08/05 02:43:21 00376 chassis: Slot D Download Complete
W 11/08/05 02:44:21 00274 chassis: Slot D self test failure or
unsupported module
```

- **Telnet hang (PR_1000457765)** — If **Ctrl+S** is typed and then the Telnet window is closed, the Telnet session may become unresponsive, and fail to reset by the **kill** command issued at the console prompt. This may require the switch to be reloaded to become active again.

Release K.12.47

The following problems were resolved in release K.12.47.

- **Enhancement Removed (PR_1000468258)** — The PC attached to IP telephone enhancement was removed. For more information, see [“Release K.12.47 Enhancements” on page 43](#).

Release K.12.48

The following problems were resolved in release K.12.48.

- **Enhancement Removed (PR_1000470136)** — Removal of the enhancement that allows the mapping of all theoretically available VLAN IDs (1-4094) to an MSTP instance, even if some of the VLANs are not currently configured on the switch. The initial implementation of this enhancement did not allow smooth migration of pre-existing MSTP configurations. For more information, see [“Release K.12.48 Enhancements” on page 43](#).
- **CLI (PR_1000417447)** — Some of the instrumentation monitoring parameters (e.g. arp reply monitoring) are not functioning.

Release K.12.49

The following problems were resolved in build K.12.49. (Never Released.)

- **Enhancement (PR_10004570598)** — An improved version of the MSTP-VLAN mapping enhancement referenced in PR_1000457691 was added. This enhancement allows the mapping of all theoretically available VLAN IDs (1-4094) to an MSTP instance, even if some of the VLANs are not currently configured on the switch. For more information, see [“Release K.12.44 Enhancements” on page 42](#).
- **MSTP (1000457691)** — MSTP instances are removed from the configuration after an update and reload into software version K.12.47.
- **Enhancement (PR_1000471015)** — Reintroduction of the feature referenced in PR_1000456271, that will allow a PC to connect with its RADIUS-assigned VLAN after an attached IP phone has authenticated on the authenticating port. For more information, see [“Release K.12.44 Enhancements” on page 42](#).

Release K.12.50

The following problems were resolved in build K.12.50. (Never Released.)

- **CLI (PR_1000464787)** — Minor modifications to internal switch functions.

Release K.12.51

The following problems were resolved in release K.12.51.

- **Trunking (PR_1000461440)** — When dynamic ARP protection and DHCP snooping are configured, a trunk’s *trust* status cannot be configured from the appropriate interface configuration context.
- **Routing (PR_1000424308)** — A static route that points to a deleted VLAN may cause other routing table errors.
- **CLI (PR_1000473468)** — Removing a VLAN range from an MSTP instance (e.g., no spanning-tree instance 2 vlan 10-20) fails to delete the VLANs. Listing individually the VLANs desired for deletion will correctly remove the VLANs.

Release K.12.52

The following problems were resolved in release K.12.52 (never released).

- **Enhancement (PR_1000458484)** — This enhancement allows the user to set a maximum frame size for jumbo frames at the global level. For more information, see [“Release K.12.52 Enhancements” on page 44](#).
- **Enhancement (PR_1000461576)** — This enhancement introduces PVST Protection and Filtering. For more information, see [“Release K.12.52 Enhancements” on page 44](#).
- **Enhancement (PR_1000462841)** — This enhancement changes the re-authentication process to allow an authenticated client to remain authenticated during re-authentication. For more information, see [“Release K.12.52 Enhancements” on page 44](#).
- **Enhancement (PR_1000462104)** — This enhancement allows the configuration of modules not currently inserted in the switch. For more information, see [“Release K.12.52 Enhancements” on page 44](#).
- **Enhancement (PR_1000462847)** — This enhancement allows the configuration of transceivers not currently inserted in the switch. For more information, see [“Release K.12.52 Enhancements” on page 44](#).

Release K.12.53

The following problems were resolved in release K.12.53.

- **Crash (PR_1000472846)** — Rebooting the switch with an active Telnet session and while remote mirroring is in use may cause the switch to crash with a message similar to the following. There may also be other, unknown triggers that cause this crash.

```
0x4001bf18 in fatal_exception (file=0x400a8b8c "ngDmaRx.c", line=1413,
errorcode=256, str=0x400a8b7c "ASSERT: failed.")
```
- **xSTP (PR_1000715227)** — When there is no module and transceiver inserted in the target slot, attempts to set up a unique path cost on the transceiver port results in an "invalid input" error.

Release K.12.54

The following problems were resolved in release K.12.54.

- **Connection Rate Filter (PR_1000440871)** — Some types of traffic could result in connection rate filtering (CRF) that blocks the switch management IP address.
- **Connection Rate Filter (PR_1000716601)** — Connection Rate Filtering does not remove throttled entries when filtering is disabled. The throttled host remains permanently blocked.
- **TFTP (PR_1000427390)** — When the configuration of a 6200yl switch is copied to a TFTP server, the config shows a line with the following description: `module 1 type JFIXME`. If that line is removed from the config and then the config is transferred back to the switch, the transfer will fail with the switch reporting, “corrupted config.” This fix results in the fixed switch ports being described as: `module 1 type J8992A`.
- **Crash (PR_1000716461)** — Loading a configuration file that uses up all the ACL resources may cause the switch to crash with a message similar to:

```
NMI event SW: IP=0x007c755c MSR: 0x00029210 LR: 0x007c7544
Task='mftTask' Task ID=0x8a60920cr: 0x24024442 sp: 0x08a5f850 xer:
0x20000000
```
- **Link Speed (PR_1000432419)** — Ports 1-24 on the ProCurve 3500yl-24G-PWR and ports 25-48 on the ProCurve 3500yl-48G-PWR switches may link at 10/100 speeds rather than the gigabit speed they support.
- **TFTP (PR_1000419582)** — The switch CLI counter displays the wrong size of the file being transferred when uploading from switch flash to TFTP server. The file that is actually transferred is the correct size. This CLI display is in error.
- **PIM (PR_1000306675)** — The switch CLI does not allow the commands to remove PIM and IP multicast routing after the removal of a premium license from ProCurve 5400zl or 3500yl Series switches.
- **CLI (PR_1000447529)** — The CLI output of the command **show rate-limit all** is corrupted.
- **Manufacturing (PR_1000740632)** — Upon reload, the manufacturing information is zeroed out.

Release K.12.55

The following problems were resolved in release K.12.55 (never released).

- **DARPP (PR_1000736402)** — The last port on the switch will not be initialized with Dynamic ARP Protection (DARPP) characteristics if the last two ports are DARPP configured. For example, if the switch has 24 ports and ports 23 and 24 have DARPP characteristics, the DARPP characteristics for port 24 will not be initialized. The last port will be initialized in all other cases.
- **CLI (PR_1000340826)** — The CLI output from a **show interface** command truncates counters that have large values.
- **CLI (PR_1000742974)** — The CLI had some initial limitations within the interface context for configuration of uninserted modules and transceivers. This fix addresses the interface context for spanning-tree, aaa port-access, DHCP snooping, loop protection, and a number of other features.

Release K.12.56

The following problems were resolved in release K.12.56.

- **Enhancement (PR_1000464170)** — This feature provides support for adding the LLDP VLAN Name TLV to LLDP advertisements generated by ProCurve switches. For more information, see [“Release K.12.56 Enhancements” on page 45](#).

Release K.12.57

The following problems were resolved in release K.12.57.

- **Enhancement (PR_1000713394)** — Adjustable IGMP Querier interval.
- **Daylight Savings Time (PR_1000467724)** — This change corrects the schedule for Western Europe Time Zone: DST to start the last Sunday in March and DST to end the last Sunday in October.
- **SSH/SCP (PR_1000742969)** — The following issues with using SSH/SCP were fixed.
 - 1) In **show ip ssh**, sessions 3 & 4 may display "console" instead of "inactive," when those sessions are not in use.
 - 2) The switch does not send an appropriate exit-status message to the client. This corrects the symptom that occurs in some applications, which reports a message similar to:

`Fatal error: Server unexpectedly closed connection.`

3) The SSH client application does not get a command prompt (or equivalent) back from the switch until the OS is verified and burned to flash.

4) The **show flash** command incorrectly shows an OS image present in flash before the OS has completely copied to flash.

- **Routing (PR_1000744325)** — When a PC is using the switch as its default gateway, and that switch is set with a default route to another device on the same VLAN, duplication of packets may occur. Symptoms may include seeing TCP packets out of order due to retransmission.

- **ACL (PR_1000751460)** — Manipulating ACEs on a switch with the ACL applied may result in a switch hang or crash with a message similar to the following.

```
SubSystem 0 went down: 11/05/07 10:16:07 Software exception at  
ipAccessHandle.c:161 -- in 'mSess2', task ID = 0x876ffa0 -> internal  
error
```

- **PIM (PR_1000745983)** — PIM-Sparse Mode causes packet drops in protocols that use a destination IP multicast address such as VRRP/OSPF hello packets, and RIPv2 advertisements.

- **802.1X (PR_1000741874)** — Entering invalid 802.1X credentials (triggering failed authentication) and then trying again with valid credentials may cause the switch may crash with a message similar to the following. Symptoms and triggers for this problem may vary.

```
Software exception at aaa8021x_util.c:2290 -- in 'm8021xCtrl', task ID  
= 0x85db0 -> ASSERT: failed.
```

- **Manufacturing (PR_1000752302)** — The ESP module does not initialize in the zl switches during the manufacturing process.

- **Connection Rate Filter (PR_1000751758)** — The “low sensitivity” connection rate filter setting was too sensitive. This fix improved the filter accuracy for "low sensitivity" levels.

- **Config (PR_1000749046)** — The running and startup configurations that are copied via TFTP do not match the output from the **show run** or **show config** output for the ProCurve 3500yl and 6200yl switches.

- **Hang (PR_1000752561)** — Multiple SNMP *get* requests over a 10-GbE link leave the switch in a problematic state. In this state one or more of the following may occur.

- 1) Some CLI commands may not produce the expected output, or the output will be truncated.
- 2) The **reload** command may not properly respond to some parameters.
- 3) New Telnet sessions may not be allowed to form.
- 4) DHCP requests may be lost by the switch.
- 5) The system may need to be reloaded before the issues clear.

Release K.13.02

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.02.

- **Enhancement (PR_1000458124)** — VRRP Preemptive Delay Timer. For more information, see [“Release K.13.02 Enhancements” on page 48](#).
- **CLI (PR_1000307590)** — Tab-help error in the spanning-tree instance *<instance number>* `vlan <vlan number>` command context.
- **CLI (PR_1000330684)** — Help text in the spanning-tree *<port_id>* context was updated.
- **CLI (PR_1000742426)** — The CLI command **copy usb pub-key-file** doesn't provide all the appropriate options.
- **Event Log (PR_1000751191)** — There is a misspelled event log message: `chassis: Insufficient power supplies`.
- **Event Log (PR_1000757272)** — There may be corruption in PIM log messages.
- **DHCP Snooping (PR_1000757935)** — DHCP Snooping may miss some packets in certain situations.
- **Mirroring (PR_1000758793)** — When a mirror ACL is applied with multiple destinations, only one of those destinations work properly. Beginning with K.13.02 software, there is only one ACL mirror destination supported.
- **Mirroring (PR_1000758803)** — Applying a second mirror ACL using the same access group number adds a conflicting mirror session rather than replacing the existing entry.
- **Mirroring (PR_1000758810)** — When an ACL used as a mirror ACL is modified, the mirror does not get updated.
- **Mirroring (PR_1000758814)** — Applying a mirror ACL may overwrite a standard mirror session (of the same number) rather than triggering an error stating that the mirror session is already in use.
- **Counters (PR_1000758834)** — SFLOW counter-polling samples may be infrequent or they may stop until the switch is rebooted.
- **IGMP (PR_1000739226)** — Some hosts or downstream devices may experience a disruption in multicast data due to the loss of IGMPv3 reports.
- **VRRP (PR_1000401050)** — Turning on IP multicast routing without enabling PIM may cause VRRP starvation.
- **SCP (PR_1000760416)** — Software transferred through SCP upload becomes corrupted; the image is successfully copied via SCP, but when the switch processes the image in copying to flash, the write never completes.

- **CLI (PR_1000455370)** — Commands that display portmaps may yield corrupted output. For example, a single port may be displayed as a port range.
- **RIP (PR_1000751858)** — Some static routes may not be correctly distributed by RIPv1 or RIPv2.
- **PIM (PR_1000714322)** — A new multicast stream may not get forwarded by the switch.
- **Crash (PR_1000759046)** — Using the "\" character with or without other character combinations may cause the switch to crash with a message similar to the following. There may also be different crash messages resulting from the same problem.

```
Software exception at parser.c:2653 - in 'mSess1', task ID =  
0x898e6a0-> ASSERT: failed
```

- **PIM (PR_1000749627)** — A switch with PIM-SM may send a prune to the RP when none is required.
- **Web Management (PR_1000472572)** — The Web Management Interface does not properly allow configuration of port monitoring/mirroring.

Addendum to Release K.13.02:

- **ACL (PR_1000714376/1000760152)** — Attempts to apply an access group to a range of ports will fail after the initial configuration unless a write mem and reload are done in between configuration statements.

Release K.13.03

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.03.

- **Enhancement (PR_1000400991)** — The 802.1X Controlled Directions feature now functions independently of the STP configuration.
- **IPv6 (PR_1000768670)** — When virus throttling is configured on a port that belongs to an IPv6 enabled VLAN, some IPv6 all nodes (ff02::1) multicast traffic may be dropped.
- **Mirroring (PR_1000768655)** — After a mirror ACL has been modified, some ACL commands that follow may result in an unresponsive CLI session.
- **IDM ACL (PR_1000768727)** — An IDM ACL that uses the syntax, *destination ip "any"* will result in a parsing error, the ACL will not be applied, and the client authentication will fail. Workaround: Instead of the term "any," use "0.0.0.0/0."
- **VRRP PDT (PR_1000756475)** — If the VRRP preemptive delay timer (PDT) is configured, the virtual router mode (Owner or Backup) cannot be changed unless the PDT configuration is removed.

- **Crash (PR_1000763409)** — When entering and deleting ACLs, the switch may crash with a message similar to:

PPC Data Storage (Bus Error) exception vector 0x300: Stack
Frame=0x087a1ba8 HW Addr=0x1f89d420 IP=0x005e62e0 Task='mSess2' Task
ID=0x87a3cd0.fp: 0x00000005 sp:0x087a1c68 lr:0x005e6340.
- **DHCP Relay (PR_1000751623)** — If the IP address on a VLAN interface is changed, any previously configured IP Helper address stops working.

Release K.13.04

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.04 (never released).

- **Self-test/Module (PR_0000000510)** — Inserting a module into a Switch 8212zl may result in the module failing to initialize with one of the following error messages:

Self test failure or unsupported module, or
chassis: Insufficient power supplies to power Slot <x>
- **Port/Config (PR_1000772652)** — A switch running software version K.12.52 or later only accepts the speed-duplex settings 'auto' or '1000-full' for the dual-personality ports when the configuration file is transferred to the switch via tftp, scp or sftp. Other port settings that should be valid cause the file transfer to abort with a "corrupted download file" error.
- **Port/Config (PR_1000778004)** — The switch accepts, via file transfer, a config file with invalid speed/duplex settings on dual-personality ports. Additionally, the 100-FX port settings do not survive a reboot.
- **TFTP/ACL (PR_1000771560)** — The **copytftp command-file** command rejects ACL remarks if they do not contain the keywords **permit** or **deny**.
- **SNMPv3/Config (PR_1000777656)** — The SNMPv3 configuration is removed from the switch's config file after an update from K.12.xx to K.13.03.
- **SSH/Config (PR_1000777873)** — SSH becomes disabled (an 'ip ssh' entry in the config file becomes a 'no ip ssh' entry in the config file) after an update from K.12.xx to K.13.03.

In K.12.xx software, SSH is disabled by default. In K.13.xx software, SSH is enabled by default. Since default values are not displayed in the output of **show run** or **show config** commands, this results in a difference in the configuration file output of SSH from K.12.xx to K.13.xx.
- **TFTP/Config (PR_0000000922)** — TFTP client configuration becomes disabled ('no tftp client') after an update from K.12.xx to K.13.03.
- **'show tech all/route'/Hang (PR_1000779458)** — When the **show tech all** or **show tech route** commands are used within a remote management session, the switch may hang.

- **Enhancement (PR_0000000081)** — The CLI **clear module** command allows you to remove module configuration information from the configuration file. For more information, see [“Release K.13.04 Enhancements” on page 49](#).
- **Enhancement (PR_0000000082)** — The CLI **track interface** command allows you to configure tracking for a port or list of ports, or a trunk or list of trunks. For more information, see [“Release K.13.04 Enhancements” on page 49](#).
- **Enhancement (PR_0000000084)** — DHCP Option 66 provides a way to automatically download and initially boot from a configuration that is different from the factory-shipped configuration. For more information, see [“Release K.13.04 Enhancements” on page 49](#).
- **Enhancement (PR_0000000085)** — The DHCP relay address configuration enhancement provides a way to configure a gateway address for the DHCP relay agent to use for DHCP requests, rather than the DHCP relay agent automatically assigning the lowest-numbered IP address. For more information, see [“Release K.13.04 Enhancements” on page 49](#).
- **Enhancement (PR_0000000086)** — This enhancement allows rate-limiting of inbound broadcast and multicast traffic on the switch. For more information, see [“Release K.13.04 Enhancements” on page 49](#).
- **Enhancement (PR_0000000087)** — This enhancement enables a Telnet client to use the hostname in command input. For more information, see [“Release K.13.04 Enhancements” on page 49](#).
- **Enhancement (PR_0000000089)** — The CLI **show modules** command displays additional component information for system support modules and mini-GBICS. For more information, see [“Release K.13.04 Enhancements” on page 49](#).
- **Enhancement (PR_0000000101)** — This enhancement adds a **vrrp** option to the **debug** command. For more information, see [“Release K.13.04 Enhancements” on page 49](#).
- **Enhancement (PR_0000000420)** — This enhancement provides the **show tech** option for customizing **copy tftp** output. For more information, see [“Release K.13.04 Enhancements” on page 49](#).
- **'show tech' (PR_0000000635)** — The **show tech** CLI command will cause an "Invalid input: power" error message to be displayed in the ProCurve Switch 6200yl-24G-mGBIC.
- **CLI (PR_0000000358)** — The output from the **show modules** CLI command shows the module serial number as being all zeros, or fails to show any output at all for that value.
- **CLI/sFlow (PR_0000000360)** — The switch administrator is unable to configure sFlow for ports on modules that have not been inserted yet into the switch.

- **CLI (PR_0000000476)** — Various CLI parameters are rejected by the switch as invalid when the administrator is trying to configure ports of transceivers/modules that have not yet been inserted into the switch. Affected commands include **ip source-binding**; **interface <x> power**; **interface <x> unknown-vlans block**; output from the command, **show vlans**; **interface <x> monitor**; and **mirror <x> port <x>**.

Release K.13.05

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.05 (not a public release).

- **Link/Config (PR_1000771549)** — On a ProCurve 3500yl Series Switch, a link will not come up after configuring the port mode from MDI to AUTOMDIX (on one side of the link).
- **Static Route/Config (PR_1000785177)** — The VLAN ID for the static route configuration is changed from its original value after updating from K.12.xx to K.13.03.
- **SNMP/Config (PR_1000780506)** — The TFTP transfer of a config file to the switch will fail if the config file contains the command **snmp-server trap-source <xx.xx.xx.xx>**.
- **Crash (PR_0000000971)** — Following MAC authentication of a number of users that have a RADIUS ACL, priority, and a number of other parameters applied, the switch may crash with a message similar to:

```
NMI event SW:IP=0x00334dc8 MSR:0x00029210 LR:0x00334e3c Task='mWeb-Auth' Task ID=0x8413770. cr: 0x20004044 sp:0x08413260 xer:0x20000000
```

- **Crash (PR_1000783817)** — The switch may crash with a message similar to:

```
NMI event SW:IP=0x0010770c MSR:0x00029210 LR:0x00107714  
Task='midmCtrl' Task ID=0x8417f00 cr: 0x24004084 sp:0x08417c08  
xer:0x00000000
```

- **SNMP/Config (PR_1000786158)** — The TFTP transfer of a configuration file created on K.12.xx to a switch running K.13.03 will fail if the configuration file contains the command **snmp-server enable traps authentication**.
- **IPv6/Config (PR_1000781026)** — When a configuration file is transferred to the switch and the file contains a VLAN with the 'ipv6 mld' statement, the switch alters the 'ipv6 mld' statement to 'no ipv6 mld fastleave 1-A24,=1-Mesh,Trk1-Trk60,Dyn1-Dyn60'.
- **SNTP/Config (PR_1000786156)** — The TFTP transfer of a configuration file created on K.12.xx to a switch running K.13.03 will fail if the configuration file contains the command **sntp server <x.x.x.x>**.
- **VLAN/Config (PR_1000782308)** — Updating from K.12.xx to K.13.03 may result in an incorrect port VLAN assignment.

- **Telnet-Server/Config (PR_0000000946)** — The TFTP transfer of a config file to the switch will fail if the config file contains the command **no telnet-server**.
- **Authorized-Manager/Config (PR_1000789930)** — The update from K.12.xx to K.13.03 does not translate the IP authorized-manager configuration properly.
- **UDLD (PR_0000001433)** — After the switch is rebooted, UDLD may continue to keep switch ports in a blocked state.
- **VLAN Mirroring/Config (PR_0000001240)** — The VLAN Mirroring configuration is changed from its original value after updating from K.12.xx to K.13.03.
- **Bootup/Flash (PR_1000785118)** — During the write-to-flash process, the OS file may become truncated if the switch is interrupted (by crash or power outage, for example). This fix minimizes that risk for ProCurve 3500yl, 6200yl, 5400zl Series Switches.
- **Bootup/Flash (PR_1000785113)** — During the write-to-flash process, the configuration file may become truncated if the switch is interrupted (by crash or power outage, for example). This fix minimizes that risk for ProCurve 3500yl, 6200yl, 5400zl Series switches.

Release K.13.06

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.06 (not a public release).

- **Static Route/Config (PR_0000001471)** — Rebooting a switch running K.13.03 may cause the static route configuration to become corrupted.
- **OSPF (PR_1000385566)** — When jumbo frames are enabled on a VLAN configured for OSPF, the state stops at EXCHANGE and EXSTART.
- **UDLD (PR_0000001616 and PR_0000001638)** — After the switch is rebooted, UDLD may continue to keep ports in a blocked state, particularly if the port is in a static LACP trunk.
- **CLI (PR_0000001643)** — The **ip authorized-managers** CLI command does not allow the 10.0.0.0 IP address to be used.

Release K.13.07

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.07 (not a public release).

- **Loopback Interface (PR_1000793862)** — A ping or Telnet session to a loopback address may fail intermittently. A traceroute to the loopback address completes successfully. This may cause some protocol packets to fail to reach the loopback address.

- **Crash (PR_0000001689)** — A switch running software version K.13.04 or higher may crash during configuration of a trunk group from either the CLI or menu interface. Event log messages may be similar to the following.

```
W 03/11/06 03:18:53 00374 chassis: Ports 25-48 Slave ROM Tombstone:
0x13000601

W 03/11/06 03:18:53 00374 chassis: Ports 25-48 Slave ROM Tombstone:
0x13000601

W 03/11/06 03:18:53 00374 chassis: Ports 25-48: Lost Communications
detected - Heart Beat Lost
I 03/11/06 03:19:00 00375 chassis: Ports 25-48 Downloading
I 03/11/06 03:19:01 00376 chassis: Ports 25-48 Download Complete
I 03/11/06 03:19:15 00422 chassis: Ports 25-48 Ready
```

- **ARP Protect/Config (PR_0000001549)** — The VLAN ID range for the ARP protection configuration is changed from its original value after updating from K.12.xx to K.13.03.
- **Crash/Config Migration (PR_0000001607)** — If VRRP is configured on a switch and the switch is rolled back from K.13.xx to K.12.xx and then updated to K.13.xx again, the switch may get into a continuous crash/reboot state. The crash messages may be similar to the following.

```
NMI event SW:IP=0x0015e960 MSR:0x00029210 LR:0x00229944
Task='mSess1' Task ID=x86fe5f0 cr: 0x24022488 sp:0x086fd960
xer:0x00000000
```

```
NMI event SW:IP=0x0083670c MSR:0x00029210 LR:0x007c4e1c
Task='mIpCtrl' Task ID0x8c0ed90 cr: 0x24004084 sp:0x08c0e4c0
xer:0x20000000
```

```
Software exception at vrrp_common_lib.c:279 -- in 'swInitTask',
task ID = 0x917630
```

The fix involves partially removing some of the VRRP configuration and then generating an Event Log message similar to:

```
E 07/14/06 10:14:15 00227 mgr: Partial config deleted for
subsystem=vrrp; see release notes.
```

Release K.13.08

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.08.

- **SNMP/Config (PR_0000001672)** — The **snmp-server** configuration may change during the migration from K.12.xx to K.13.03.

- **Web/MAC Authentication (PR_1000793226)** — Web or MAC authentication to the switch by a client that moves from one port to another may either fail or cause the switch to crash with a message similar to the following.

```
Program exception vector - Task='mWebAuth' Task ID=0x83bc390
```

Release K.13.09

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.09.

- **Crash (PR_0000001689a)** — A switch running software version K.13.04 or higher may crash during configuration of broadcast rate limiting. Event log messages may be similar to the following.

```
W 03/11/06 03:18:53 00374 chassis: Ports 25-48 Slave ROM Tombstone:
0x13000601
W 03/11/06 03:18:53 00374 chassis: Ports 25-48 Slave ROM Tombstone:
0x13000601W
03/11/06 03:18:53 00374 chassis: Ports 25-48: Lost Communications
detected - Heart Beat Lost I 03/11/06 03:19:00 00375 chassis: Ports
25-48 Downading
I 03/11/06 03:19:01 00376 chassis: Ports 25-48 Download Complete
I 03/11/06 03:19:15 00422 chassis: Ports 25-48 Ready
```

- **Web Authentication (PR_0000002047)** — Use of Web authentication with MS-CHAP-v2 to Microsoft IAS may cause the switch to crash with a message similar to the following.

```
Software exception at exception.c:501 -- in 'mWebAuth', task ID =
0x8438440 Memory System error at 0x7f56610 - memPartFree
```

- **MAC Authentication (PR_0000002075)** — A client that fails MAC authentication will be blocked by AAA rather than the port being moved, unblocked, into a configured Unauthenticated VLAN.

Release K.13.10

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.10 (never released).

- **VLAN/Config (PR_1000782308)** — Updating from K.12.xx to K.13.03 may result in an incorrect port VLAN assignment.
- **MAC Authentication (0000002318)** — Authenticated MAC Auth clients may intermittently get placed into the unauthenticated VLAN and never come on-line.
- **Port Security (PR_1000777162)** — When Port Security is configured for static MAC address learning, prolonged flooding of unicast traffic may occur under certain conditions.

- **Static Routes/Config (0000001461)** — Static routes mapped to VLANs are incorrectly migrated during the update from K.12.xx to K.13.xx.
- **Wrong Error Message/VRRP (0000000909)** — You may receive an "inconsistent value" error message when attempting to add (max+1) entity for VRRP to track. The correct error message should be "too many entries to track."
- **RADIUS/Jumbo (PR_ 1000779048)** — When an 802.1X-enabled port belongs to a VLAN that is jumbo enabled, the Access-Request will specify a value of Framed-MTU of 9182 bytes. When the RADIUS server replies with a large frame, the switch does not respond, causing the authentication process to halt.
- **RADIUS (0000001164)** — The switch drops RADIUS messages with EAP-packets larger than 1496 bytes.
- **Auto-TFTP/Config (PR_0000001410)** — The Auto-TFTP configuration is lost during the update from K.12.xx to K.13.03.

Release K.13.11

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.11 (not a public release).

- **TACACS+ (PR_1000764992)** — After authentication to the switch using TACACS+, the switch may crash with a message similar to the following.

```
PPC Data Storage (Bus Error) exception vector 0x300:.Stack
Frame=0x08632568 HW Addr=0x30313165 IP=0x008bba1c Task='mTacacsR'
Task ID=0x86329c0.fp: 0x08632750 sp:0x08632628 lr:0x008bba00
```
- **DHCP Snooping (PR_1000469934)** — When DHCP Snooping is enabled and configured, and a client sends a "DHCPINFORM" after receiving address information, the DHCP server response is not forwarded to the client by the switch.
- **Crash (1000790369)** — Use of VRRP may cause the switch to crash with a message similar to the following.

```
Software exception at vrrp_common_lib.c:313 -- in 'mVrrpCtrl', task
ID = 0x8526e20
```
- **Static Route (0000002610)** — After an update/roll-back/update (K.12 to K.13 to K.12 to K.13), static route entries may become corrupted, causing the CLI to hang following execution of the **show ip route** command.

Release K.13.12

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.12 (never released).

- **Crash (PR_0000002347)** — When a VLAN is deleted, all the modules may crash with a message similar to the following.

```
ipamSRtDescr.c Line:289 mIpAdMUpCt0x4484364c ->ASSERT: failed
```
- **Certificate (PR_1000416167)** — The Web Management interface submission form limits CA-signed certificates to 1800 bytes.
- **802.1X (PR_0000002036)** — 802.1X with Funk Steel Belted RADIUS server causes the switch to fail to assign the VLAN that it was sent with the "Tunnel-Private-Group-Id" parameter.
- **Module Selftest (PR 0000001273)** — After a reboot, ports 1-24 or ports 25-48 on the ProCurve 3500yl, or ports 1-24 on the 6200yl switches, may become unresponsive followed by green and amber port LEDs remaining lit. The ports recover automatically. The log file will show the following messages.

```
chassis: Ports 1-24: Slave ROM Tombstone: 0x13000601
chassis: Ports 1-24: Lost Communications detected - Heart Beat
Lost (4A)
chassis: Ports 1-24 Downloading
chassis: Ports 1-24 Download Complete
chassis: Ports 1-24 Ready
```

SNMP (PR_1000772026) — The wrong OID is set for a redundant power supply (RPS) failure.

- **CLI (PR_0000002177)** — When a ProCurve switch yl 10-GbE module (J8694A) is inserted into a 3500yl or 6200yl switch, the switch may prompt, "Do you want to save the config?," even when no changes to the config have been made.
- **Loopback Interface (PR_0000002165)** — A ping or Telnet session to a loopback address may fail intermittently. A traceroute to the loopback address completes successfully. This may cause some protocol packets to fail to reach the loopback address.
- **CLI (PR_1000745509)** — Output from the CLI command **show ipv6 neighbors vlan <x>** is not displaying the correct age, and it may erroneously display the State Age as "stale" after a recent learn.
- **ICMP (PR_1000764033)** — ICMP TTL expired messages are being sent with a source address of the interface from which the message is sent rather than the from the interface that receives the expired packet.
- **Web (PR_1000761014)** — The Web interface truncates 16 character passwords to 15 characters.

- **MIB (PR_1000770084)** — Several OIDs in MIB violate RFC 2737 and RFC 4133. The affected OIDs are:

```
.iso.org.dod.internet.mgmt.mib-2.entityMIB.entityMIBObjects.entityPhysical.  
entPhysicalTable.entPhysicalEntry.entPhysicalHardwareRev  
    .iso.org.dod.internet.mgmt.mib-  
2.entityMIB.entityMIBObjects.entityPhysical.entPhysicalTable.entPhys  
calEntry.entPhysicalFirmwareRev  
    .iso.org.dod.internet.mgmt.mib-  
2.entityMIB.entityMIBObjects.entityPhysical.entPhysicalTable.entPhys  
calEntry.entPhysicalSerialNum  
    .iso.org.dod.internet.mgmt.mib-  
2.entityMIB.entityMIBObjects.entityPhysical.entPhysicalTable.entPhys  
calEntry.entPhysicalModelName
```

Release K.13.13

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.13 (never released).

- **802.1X (PR_1000446227)** — Switch 802.1X authentication running over PAP does not work if the RADIUS message authenticator attribute is required. This fix added the message authenticator attribute to non-EAP RADIUS responses.
- **VLAN/MSTP (PR_0000002103)** — The alteration of the VLAN/MSTP instance mapping in the pending configuration is not properly functioning. Any attempt to remove a single VLAN ID (VID) from one MSTP instance and then assign it to another MSTP instance fails, though specifying a VID range succeeds.
- **SSH (PR_0000001296)** — Upon reboot, if no key is present, a 1024-bit dsa ssh host key is installed rather than the previous default host key type of a 2048-bit rsa key.
- **CLI (PR_1000430534)** — Output from the show port-access mac-based CLI command may omit connected clients.
- **Static Routes/Config (0000001461)** — Static routes mapped to VLANs are incorrectly migrated during the update from K.12.xx to K.13.xx. This is a further improvement to the fix originally implemented in K.13.10.
- **DHCP (PR_0000002888)** — A client may not be able to get a DHCP address when the Management VLAN is configured on the switch.

Release K.13.14

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.14 (not a public release).

- **OSPF (PR_0000003395)** — If a transceiver or mini-GBIC is inserted (hotswapped) on a port that is a member of a VLAN configured for jumbo frames and OSPF, the OSPF state stops at EXCHANGE and EXSTART.

Release K.13.15

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.15 (never released).

No enhancements; software fixes only.

Release K.13.16

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.16 (not a public release).

- **Enhancement (PR_0000001641)** — This enhancement allows the user to set the console inactivity time out without reboot. For more information, see [“Release K.13.16 Enhancements” on page 50](#).
- **Enhancement (PR_1000780247)** — This enhancement provides hpicf Download MIB support for transferring configuration files both to and from a TFTP server. Prior to this enhancement, MIB support was limited to downloading and uploading software files. For more information, see [“Release K.13.16 Enhancements” on page 50](#).
- **Enhancement (PR_0000001430)** — This enhancement allows the user to configure access methods for IP Authorized Manager entries. For more information, see [“Release K.13.16 Enhancements” on page 50](#).
- **Enhancement (PR_0000000090)** — This enhancement allows you to choose which information to display when you enter the **show interfaces** command. For more information, see [“Release K.13.16 Enhancements” on page 50](#).
- **Enhancement (PR_0000000857)** — This enhancement reduces the PIM delay time, thereby reducing the amount of time it takes for a packet to arrive at its destination when an IGMP Join is issued. For more information, see [“Release K.13.16 Enhancements” on page 50](#).
- **Enhancement (PR_0000001790)** — This enhancement provides the **no-tag-added** parameter that gives the user the option of not tagging a mirrored copy of an outbound packet. For more information, see [“Release K.13.16 Enhancements” on page 50](#).

- **Enhancement (PR_1000756562)** — This enhancement provides concurrent Web/MAC and 802.1x authentication. For more information, see [“Release K.13.16 Enhancements” on page 50](#).
- **Enhancement (PR_0000000088)** — This enhancement provides new features for use with SSH. The SSH enhancements are: AES encryption (included in the K.13.02 release). A new configuration option is added to allow the server to specify the set of ciphers available for client connection; A configurable key; Message Authentication Code (MAC) configuration. A new configuration option provides the ability to configure which MACs a client is permitted to use; Feedback information; and, SSH CLI **show** command information enhancements. For more information, see [“Release K.13.16 Enhancements” on page 50](#).
- **Config (PR_0000000741)** — When the rate limit for broadcast or multicast inbound is set to 0% (i.e. blocking all traffic), output from the CLI command show running config doesn't display any rate limit information. If the rate limit is set to 100% (i.e. allow all traffic – the default), show running config shows that rate-limiting is set to 100%. The correct behavior is for non-default values to be displayed in the configuration.

Release K.13.17

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.17 (not a public release).

- **RADIUS/Jumbo (PR_1000779048)** — When an 802.1X enabled port belongs to a VLAN that is jumbo enabled, the Access-Request will specify a value of Framed-MTU of 9182 bytes. When the RADIUS server replies with a large frame, the switch does not respond, causing the authentication process to halt.
- **Protocol Starvation (PR_0000003814)** — If the switch is configured for routing, certain packets may cause a packet buffer leak, resulting in some or all of the following symptoms:
 - OSPF neighbor relationships and route information are lost
 - PIM neighbor relationships are lost
 - Telnet, Ping, and SNMP become unresponsive

Authorized Managers (PR_1000806039) — ProCurve Manager may delete Authorized Managers that have been configured on the switch.

- **Crash (PR_0000001756)** — Configuration of VLANs and VLAN port assignment using SNMP may cause the switch may crash with a message similar to the following.

```
Software exception at bcmHwVlans.c:149 -- in 'mAdMgrCtrl', task ID
= 0x18636e8 -> ASIC call failed: Entry not found.
```

- **Crash (PR_1000715077)** — When RADIUS Accounting is configured, the switch may crash with a message similar to the following.

```
NMI event SW:IP=0x002bd6c4 MSR:0x00029210 LR:0x002bc6a8
Task='mAcctCtrl' Task ID=0x85e9f10 cr: 0x48000084 sp:0x085e9e38
xer:0x20000000
```

- **Static Route/Config (PR_0000003962)** — Updating from K.13.03 - K.13.09 to K.13.10 - K.13.16 can cause static routes configured with a VLAN as the next hop (vs. an IP address) do not translate correctly.
- **SNMP (PR_1000761379)** — When an SNMP get is used to gather statistics, the interface B1 on a J8702A module only updates its SNMP counters on every other query.
- **SNMP (PR_0000001807)** — Use of a correctly configured third party utility to connect to the switch via SNMPv3 may result in the following event log message.

```
SNMP Security access violation from <ip address>
```

- **PIM/Config (PR_0000002040)** — PIM configurations mapped to VLANs are incorrectly mapped after updating from K.12.xx to K.13.xx. Note that while this fix addresses the way the configuration is updated, rolling back the software while using the same configuration can still result in corruption in PIM configurations mapped to VLANs.

Release K.13.18

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.18 (never released).

- **UDLD (PR_0000002473)** — UDLD protocol packets received on a (non-UDLD) trunk port are incorrectly forwarded out of same port they are received on, resulting in high CPU usage on the switch.
- **Enhancement (PR_1000406763)** — New commands were added to the CLI response to the "show tech" command. For more information, see [“Release K.13.18 Enhancements” on page 55](#).
- **SSH (PR_0000002946)** — ProCurve 8212zl switches do not automatically create the SSH folder on /cfa0; the result is that attempts to generate a crypto key may result in the following error.

```
Installing new RSA key. If the key/entropy cache is depleted, this
could take up to a minute.
Operation aborted.
```

- **ACL (PR_0000004860)** — Mirrored ACL packets that match deny statements, are mirrored; the correct behavior is that only packets matching permit statements should be mirrored.

- **Crash (PR_0000004166)** — When the PIM Sparse Mode "trap all" parameter is configured and the link to PIM neighbor is disabled, the switch will crash and may report a message similar to the following.

```
Software exception at exception.c:501 -- in 'mPimsmCtrl', task ID =  
0x8215d30 Memory system error at 0x7c838f0 - memPartFree
```

- **Mirror/CLI (PR_0000003269)** — The CLI incorrectly configures the option "no-tag-added" across multiple mirror sessions, resulting in the wrong output saved to the config file.
- **Wake-On-LAN (PR_0000004794)** — Wake-On-LAN does not always work successfully.
- **IP Phone (PR_0000004803)** — A tandem IP phone may stop talking to the switch after a connected PC login failure and reboot.
- **PIM-SM (PR_0000005219)** — When the switch sends a "Register-Stop" message, it will use an incorrect source IP address in the packet header of the message. Rather than using the IP address configured for the PIM RP, the switch uses the VLAN IP address.
- **Mirroring (PR_0000002926)** — When mirroring on a mesh or trunk port, the mirror session is not cleared after the mesh or trunk configuration is deleted.

Release K.13.19

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.19 (not a public release).

- **Enhancement (PR_0000003808)** — This enhancement allows the user to create command aliases for use in place of command names and their options. For more information, see ["Release K.13.19 Enhancements" on page 55](#).
- **Enhancement (PR_0000000818)** — This enhancement allows the user to enter addresses and filter parameters for syslog using SNMP, which allows more options for remote access and management of the switch. For more information, see ["Release K.13.19 Enhancements" on page 55](#).
- **Enhancement (PR_0000003390)** — This enhancement allows the user to customize Web Authentication HTML pages. For more information, see ["Release K.13.19 Enhancements" on page 55](#).
- **Enhancement (PR_1000460265)** — This enhancement provides the user with Dynamic IP Lockdown, which is used to prevent IP source address spoofing on a per-port and per-VLAN basis. For more information, see ["Release K.13.19 Enhancements" on page 55](#).

Release K.13.20

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.20 (not a public release).

- **Enhancement (PR_0000004124)** — Support was added for the J9144A ProCurve 10-GbE X2-SC LRM Optic. For more information, see [“Release K.13.20 Enhancements” on page 55](#).
- **10-GbE (PR_0000001701)** — Sometimes, the LRM optic is misidentified as an LR optic.
- **CLI (PR_0000001528)** — 10-GbE X2 transceivers do not report their part numbers in response to the CLI command **show tech transceivers**.
- **X2 Transceivers (PR_0000004758)** — Some ProCurve SR and ER X2-10GbE (J8436A, J8437A) transceivers have a timing issue that prevents the transceivers from being correctly identified either when hot swapped or during a cold boot.
- **LEDs (PR_0000005623)** — Upon insertion of a removable transceiver – either X2 or SFP - the link LED fails to light for the 2 second-long indication of insertion confirmation.
- **Event Log (PR_0000005624)** — A failed "removable" transceiver results in two event log messages rather than just one.
- **Authentication (PR_0000005582)** — Sometimes PC in the PC-phone tandem authentication does not get authorized on its untagged VLAN.

Release K.13.21

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.21 (never released).

- **CLI (PR_1000760929)** — Output from the CLI command **show name int <port list>** fails to display the port number for interfaces with numbers larger than 9.
- **Config (PR_0000003638)** — Fastboot can be configured, but then it cannot be disabled.
- **Multicast Filter (PR_0000002988)** — Multicast filters may become corrupted following their initial configuration, save and subsequent switch reload.
- **Self-Test (PR_0000001406)** — The failure of a single module within a Switch 8212zl or 5400zl chassis may cause false self-test failures for other installed modules.
- **CLI (PR_0000005300)** — The displayed output of the CLI command **show ip pim rp-set** is not properly formatted.
- **CLI (PR_0000005302)** — The displayed output of the CLI command **show ip pim pending** is not properly formatted.
- **CLI (PR_1000782972)** — An incorrect line voltage value may be displayed in the output of the **show system power** CLI command.

- **CLI (PR_0000005381)** — Attempts to perform a **copy flash <primary|secondary>** at the CLI of a 8212zl switch running K.13.05 or higher will fail with the following error.

Flash-to-flash copy of product code failed
- **Config (PR_1000781011)** — Copying a config onto a switch allows the appearance of an invalid flow control setting (enabled) on half duplex ports.
- **Config (PR_1000781015)** — When the MDIX-mode is configured for dual-personality ports, copying a config onto a switch fails and produces a message about config file corruption.
- **Config (PR_1000781031)** — When the valid port setting 'auto-1000' is configured for any 10/100/1000 interface in an external configuration file and the configuration file is copied to the switch, the system returns the port setting to the default value, changing 'auto-1000' to 'auto.'
- **CLI (PR_0000004687)** — The CLI command **ip access-list resequence <name-str>** does not accept a number for the ACL title as it should.
- **PIM-SM (PR_0000006180)** — PIM Sparse Mode may choose an incorrect rendezvous point (RP), causing interoperability problems. This fix changes the way a RP is chosen such that ALL the devices running "K" versions of software must be on either pre- or post-fix software version in order to use the same criteria to choose the PIM RP.
- **Event Log (PR_1000755803)** — ProCurve Manager is unable to display a link to the switch Web Interface in events generated by Fault Finder.

Release K.13.22

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.22 (not a public release).

- **CLI (PR_0000002856/1000769143)** — The switch is unable to execute the CLI command **show tech** while in QinQ svlan mode.
- **OSPF (PR_0000006183)** — OSPF ECMP may drop up to 50% of the traffic destined for its next hop.
- **Mini-GBIC (PR_0000006298)** — Mini-GBICs in dual-personality ports fail self-test when the switch is running K.13.20-K.13.21. Workaround: Configure fastboot.
- **Licensing (PR_0000006554)** — An invalid hardware ID (required for Premium Licensing in 3500yl and 5400zl switches) is created by switches running K.13.15 - K.13.21.

Release K.13.23

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.23.

- **Crash (PR_0000006624)** — When using the Web Management Interface on software version K.13.17 and higher, the switch may crash if the "Configuration" and then "IP Configuration" tabs are clicked. There may be other triggers for this crash. The switch will display a message similar to the following.

```
PPC Data Storage (Bus Error) exception vector 0x300: Stack
Frame=0x0815da48 HW Addr=0xa2d3e193 IP=0x00169178
Task='tHttpd' Task ID=0x fp: 0x00a650c4 sp:
```

- **Authentication (PR_0000007209)** — A PC behind a tandem IP phone is not able to authenticate.

Release K.13.24

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.24 (not a public release).

- **OSPF (PR_0000006183a)** — OSPF ECMP may drop up to 50% of the traffic destined for its next hop. This fix adds to that implemented in K.13.22 via the same PR.
- **Crash (PR_0000003949)** — Implementation of OSPF ECMP route changes may cause the switch to crash with a message similar to the following.

```
Software exception at exception.c:501 -- in 'eRouteCtrl', task ID =
0x83da3f0 -> Memory system error at 0x7bd9540 - memPartFree
```

- **802.1X (PR_0000007259)** — Configuring 802.1X without activating it does not function as expected, resulting in blocking of the port.

Release K.13.25

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.25.

- **SSH (PR_0000002934)** — Copying the client's public SSH keys from the switch fails with the following error.

```
Couldn't read from remote file "/ssh/mgr_keys/authorized_keys
```

- **Crash (PR_0000004023)** — Repeated PCM configuration scans may cause the switch to crash with a message similar to the following.

```
PPC Data Storage (Bus Error) exception vector 0x300: Stack
Frame=0x07af44c0
HW Addr=0x6520463a IP=0x00965a88 Task='tSsh0' Task ID=0x7af4810fp:
0x013d97cc sp:0
```

- **Management Module (PR_0000005902)** — The management module may become unresponsive, resulting in loss of Telnet, Web Management, and console access functionality of the switch.
- **802.1X Authentication (PR_0000002695)** — When an 802.1X enabled port belongs to a VLAN that is jumbo enabled, the Access-Request will specify a value of Framed-MTU of 9182 bytes. This allows the RADIUS server to reply with a large fragment which the switch does not process, causing the authentication to fail. This is an additional fix for the issue described in K.13.17 via PR_1000779048.
- **GVRP/RADIUS (PR_0000006051)** — RADIUS-assigned VLANs are not propagated correctly in GVRP. Please see [“Note: This fix is associated with some new switch behavior:”](#) for a description of the behavior change with this fix.

Note: This fix is associated with some new switch behavior:

When only one port has learned of a dynamic VLAN, it will advertise that VLAN if an auth port has been RADIUS-assigned that dynamic VLAN, regardless of the unknown-VLANs configuration of that port. The fix accommodates RADIUS-assigned (and hpicfUserProf MIB-assigned) tagged VLANs as well as untagged VLANs. These changes are enabled by default and are not configurable. This fix does not modify any other GVRP behavior.

- **Assert (PR_0000001836)** — VRRP configuration conversion from K.12.xx to K.13.xx software may experience a crash (assert) in ConfigRecIndex().
- **Assert (PR_0000005208)** — Entering **no ipv6 enable** at the CLI may result in a crash with a message similar to the following.

```
Software exception at ConfigRecIndex.cc:421 -- in 'mSess1', task ID
= 0x58c1c38-> ASSERT: failed.
```

- **Config (PR_0000002620)** — A MAC-lockdown command that includes VLAN information may fail when it is copied to the default configuration.

Release K.13.26 through K.13.39

Software never built.

Release K.13.40

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.40 (Never released).

- **Enhancement (PR_0000003127)** — Link Trap and LACP Global Enable/Disable. For more information, see [“Release K.13.40 Enhancements” on page 56](#).
- **Enhancement (PR_0000003128)** — The ability to clear statistics was added. For more information, see [“Release K.13.40 Enhancements” on page 56](#).
- **Enhancement (PR_0000003718)** — The MAC Lockout limit was increased. For more information, see [“Release K.13.40 Enhancements” on page 56](#).
- **Enhancement (PR_0000007388)** — Crash Log Debug. For more information, see [“Release K.13.40 Enhancements” on page 56](#).
- **Crash (PR_0000003597)** — Configuring a kbps based rate-limit on 10Gig port may trigger a crash in the area of `btHwRateLimits.c:2191`.

Release K.13.41

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.41 (Not a public release).

- **AAA (PR_0000008409)** — The CLI commands **aaa authentication** and **aaa accounting** return a `resource unavailable error`.
- **PCM (PR_0000008113)** — Repeated ProCurve Manager Config Scans may trigger subsequent Config Scan failure.

Release K.13.42

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.42 (Never released).

- **Config (PR_0000007953)** — The config line **spanning-tree instance <n> vlan <vid>** is truncated in some cases, causing loss of configuration after reload of the config file.
- **CLI (PR_0000000912)** — The CLI command **copy tftp show-tech** fails, resulting in failure to create a custom show-tech file on the switch.
- **TFTP (PR_0000008559)** — The switch administrator is unable to download a new image file after executing the CLI command **erase primary flash**; a `corrupted download file error` is reported.
- **ARP (PR_0000008011)** — When port-security is configured, the switch sends ARP requests twice for an unknown DA, making the switch appear to be slow.

- **SFTP/SCP (PR_0000008270)** — Beginning with software version K.13.25, SFTP/SCP will not close the "client" session after the file transfer. The client session will need to be manually closed.
- **RADIUS (PR_0000007278)** — MAC-based authentication doesn't work with a secondary RADIUS server unless the primary and secondary RADIUS server keys are identically configured.
- **Crash (PR_0000006476)** — Some configuration commands entered at the CLI (e.g. **web**, or **no web**) may cause the switch to crash with a message similar to the following:

```
PPC Data Storage (Bus Error) exception vector 0x300:Stack
Frame=0x088befe8HW Addr=0x00cff108 IP=0x0096ca4c Task='mSnmpCtrl'
Task ID=0x88bf320 fp: 0x0845a7e0
```
- **Crash (PR_0000005940)** — An attempt at tab completion for some configuration tasks in the PIM context may cause the switch to crash with a message similar to the following:

```
Software exception at parser.c:6291 -- in 'mSess1', task ID =
0x82ab3b0
```
- **CLI (PR_0000004042)** — The CLI command **snmp-server response-source dst-ip-of-request** does not work as expected when the destination IP address of the *SNMP Request* is the Loopback IP. The source IP address of the *SNMP Response* should be the destination IP of the *SNMP Request*, but instead the switch uses the IP address of the active interface from which the *SNMP Response* was sent.
- **CLI (PR_0000007686)** — The switch does not allow IP authorized-manager configuration of 10.0.0.0.
- **TACACS+ (PR_0000003839)** — The TACACS server configuration parameter accepts an address from an invalid/reserved IP range: 0.0.0.1 to 0.255.255.255.
- **Boot Log (PR_0000009434)** — The switch doesn't create an event log message after deleting an invalid TACACS server host config entry upon bootup following an update from K.12.xx to K.13.xx

Release K.13.43

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.43 (Not a public release).

- **CLI (PR_0000005759)** — There may be odd CLI output in response to a **show modules** command, if that command is executed during module initialization.
- **SNMP (PR_0000001926)** — An SNMP query for the MIB **ifInUnknownProtos** returns incorrect and varying results.

- **Enhancement (PR_0000003557)** — The ability to enable/disable the USB port via CLI and SNMP was added. Note that after being disabled and subsequently re-enabled, the USB port may not function consistently with the PCM USB Autorun features until the switch has been reloaded. For more information, see [“Release K.13.43 Enhancements” on page 59](#).

Release K.13.44

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.44 (Not a public release).

- **ICMP Redirects (PR_0000004534)** — With the next hop router is in the same VLAN as the host machine, the switch does not generate ICMP redirects.
- **Crash (PR_0000009736)** — In some situations, ICMP redirects may cause the switch to crash with a message similar to the following.

```
PPC Data Storage (Bus Error) exception vector 0x300: Stack
Frame=0x084f2e40

HW Addr=0x00cfff108 IP=0x00870e5c Task='mIpPktRecv' Task ID=0x84f3140
fp: 0x0a84d994
```
- **CLI (PR_1000803731)** — If the "|" character exists in the banner text of a configuration file downloaded via TFTP transfer, the banner text may become corrupted, or the TFTP transfer may fail with a `corrupted download file error` message.
- **Hang (PR_0000007806)** — Using the CLI command **no arp** on ARP entries that do not exist may cause the switch to hang.
- **CLI (PR_0000008617)** — The **copy** command for USB options has incorrect optional parameters for plain text files.
- **RADIUS Accounting (PR_0000004139)** — Procurve switches do not send the accounting-request to a RADIUS server upon execution of the **reload** CLI command.
- **RADIUS Accounting (PR_0000004145)** — An incomplete "Calling-Station-ID" field is sent in the accounting-request to the RADIUS server upon execution of the **boot system** CLI command.
- **RADIUS Accounting (PR_0000004141)** — The "Acct-Status-Type" attribute is missing in the accounting-request to RADIUS server upon execution of the **boot system** CLI command.
- **Terminal Display (PR_0000008238)** — The default boot message is displayed with the wrong formatting if the terminal width is changed.
- **CLI (PR_0000008236)** — The **enable** CLI command is listed in enable-mode help.

- **UDLD (PR_0000009505)** — UDLD misconfiguration (where UDLD is enabled on one side and disabled on the other) could lead to a unicast packet storm which results in MSTP is running with multiple roots.
- **CLI (PR_0000008217)** — The **copy flash** CLI command does not allow the user to specify a source OS location (primary/secondary).

Release K.13.45

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.45.

- **STP (PR_0000010815)** — When a switch configured with BPDU protection is added to a network, if the MSTP configuration of the uplink port is changed from **auto-edge** to **no auto-edge** there is a topology change event that takes place as the switch asserts itself as a new root.
- **Enhancement (PR_0000010783)** — Support was added for the following products.
 - J9099B - ProCurve 100-BX-D SFP-LC Transceiver
 - J9100B - ProCurve 100-BX-U SFP-LC Transceiver
 - J9142B - ProCurve 1000-BX-D SFP-LC Mini-GBIC
 - J9143B - ProCurve 1000-BX-U SFP-LC Mini-GBIC

For more information, see [“Release K.13.45 Enhancements” on page 61.](#)

- **Transceivers (PR_0000010525)** — Intermittent self test failure may occur if transceivers are hot-swapped in and out of the switch in too short a time frame. Note that even with this fix, transceivers should always be allowed to initialize fully prior to removal and subsequent re-insertion.

Best Practice Tip: Upon hot insertion of a transceiver, the Mode LED will come on for two seconds while the transceiver is initialized. Once the Mode LED has extinguished, it is safe to remove the transceiver.

- **Selftest Failure (PR_0000010937)** — Rarely, the switch may experience self test failure of all the modules. Messages like the following will be visible in the event log. Re-seating the modules may allow successful self-test to occur.

```
W <date/time stamp> 00374 chassis: Slot # Failed to  
boot-timeout- (SELFTEST)
```


Release K.13.46

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.46. (Never released.)

- **sFlow (PR_0000003723)** — The switch uses the loopback as the sFlow agent address, even after explicit configuration of the VLAN IP address and the collector receiving the sFlow packets.
- **SCP/SFTP (PR_0000009174)** — Failure to upload a configuration via SFTP/SCP may occur. As a result, it is possible that the switch may become unresponsive or crash with a message similar to the following.

```
Software exception at cfg_edit.cc:313 - in 'swinitTask', task ID =
0xa9bbcc0
```

- **SCP (PR_0000011488)** — The switch does not return the scp/sftp session after new software is uploaded.
- **CLI (PR_0000009997)** — The CLI response to the **boot set-default flash <primary|secondary>** configuration setting is inconsistent between the zl (5400zl/8212zl) and yl (3500yl/6200yl) switches, potentially causing issues for customers running scripts.
- **Password Encryption (PR_0000011828)** — The Password Manager portion of the Include Credentials feature is using SHA-0 Instead of SHA-1 for creation of the hash value. In order to accommodate customers that have worked around this issue, this fix will translate the configuration and correctly report the use of SHA-0 in the config after a software update containing this fix.

Example line from password encryption config prior to the fix:

```
password operator sha-1 "lsadjklkjfsd..."
```

Example of what that line might look like after the fix:

```
password operator sha0 "lsadjklkjfsd..."
```

No switch administrator intervention is required for the forward configuration translation to occur.

Support Note: This fix has implications for rolling back the software. If password encryption is configured and a switch running software with the fix is rolled back to a software version prior to the fix using the same config file, the config loading will fail, and error messages for each line containing "sha0" or "sha1" will be displayed on the switch terminal. In the following example, sha1 was line 14 in the config, and sha0 was on line 15 of the config.

```
Line:14. Invalid input: *sha1*
Line:15. Invalid input: *sha0*
```

To avoid configuration compatibility issues, please follow the instructions in the [“Best Practices for Major Software Updates” on page 7](#). If roll back to a pre-fix software version occurs without following the Best Practice suggestion (association of a compatible config file with a software version), the switch administrator should gain access to the switch by hitting <enter> at the password prompt, and must then reconfigure the password encryption with valid parameters (the pre-fix CLI syntax is **SHA-1**, versus the post-fix CLI use of **SHA0** or **SHA1**).

The default hash value for newly configured password encryption on a software version with this fix is **SHA1**.

- **CLI (PR_0000009860)** — Output from the CLI command **show module** erroneously reports the 8212zl System Support Module (SSM) product number as J8784A instead of J9095A.
- **Crash (PR_0000011049)** — Copying a configuration with mirroring enabled from USB to switch may trigger a software exception with a message similar to the following.

```
Software exception at cli_mirror.c:9953 -- in 'mftTask', task ID  
= 0xa932bc0
```

- **VRRP (PR_0000003634)** — When the VRRP Owner router (with preempt-delay-time configured) is rebooting, the VRRP Backup router momentarily gives up Master role (but does resume it) before the VRRP Owner is back online. This may cause an unexpected outage.
- **DHCP Relay (PR_0000011726)** — When the VRRP backup router is the master for the network, DHCP Discover packets are relayed with a corrupted IP address for the Relay Agent. This causes the server to look up a client address range for an invalid network segment, and ultimately fail to communicate with the DHCP Server.
- **PC/Phone Authentication (PR_0000010104)** — When using an IP phone in tandem with a PC, sometimes the post-authentication VLAN assignment of the PC is delayed.

Release K.13.47

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.47. (Never released.)

- **OSPF ECMP (PR_0000004798)** — Some IP subnets which are multiple hops away are not reachable from certain clients despite the presence of the target subnet in the switch routing table. Workaround: Initiate a traceroute from the switch to the client PC.

Release K.13.48

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.48. (Never released.)

- **DHCP Relay (PR_0000013661/000008196)** — After adding a second IP Address to a VLAN with IP Helper configured, the switch Relay Agent IP Address gets corrupted such that the DHCP server does not recognize the request as part of a configured scope, and drops the request. Workaround: Save the configuration and reload the switch after configuration of an IP Helper address and DHCP Relay.
- **Module/Fabric Errors (PR_0000012418)** — Switches running system software version K.12.45 or higher may see one or more of the following errors in the event log, potentially causing false self-test failures.


```

W 12/02/08 14:24:59 00374 chassis: HSL Non-Fatal F0: SLOT D HSL
#11 - HSL status FF002000
W 12/02/08 14:25:25 00374 chassis: Slot D: Msg loss detected - no
ack for seq # 37
W 12/02/08 14:25:38 00374 chassis: Slot D Slave ROM Tombstone:
0x13000601
W 12/02/08 14:25:38 00374 chassis: Slot D: Lost Communications
detected - Source Message System(59)
W 12/02/08 14:25:58 00374 chassis: HSL Non-Fatal F0: SLOT D HSL #11
- HSL status FF002000 W 12/02/08 14:26:17 00374 chassis: Slot D: Msg
loss detected - no ack for seq # 40
W 12/02/08 14:27:28 00374 chassis: Slot D Failed to
boot-timeout- (SELFTEST)

```
- **OSPF ECMP (PR_0000013777)** — When the switch is acting as an ECMP router with multiple next hops available, sometimes it fails to route packets received on a local VLAN to hosts that are reachable via ECMP routes. The result is intermittent connectivity to hosts on the other side of ECMP routes.
- **Boot ROM (PR_0000014318)** — This build introduces the new K.12.14 boot ROM, a prerequisite for future updates. Please do not interrupt power to the switch during the software/boot ROM update!

Release K.13.49

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.49.

- **Auto-TFTP (PR_0000014646/0000013552)** — Certain software file names may trigger auto-tftp to reload the same software file repeatedly.

Release K.13.50

Software never released.

Release K.13.51

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.51.

- **Enhancement (PR_0000003144)** — Support is added for multiple RADIUS groups. For more information, see [“Release K.13.51 Enhancements” on page 62](#).
- **Enhancement (PR_0000003141)** — Support is added for SSH Secure to RADIUS authentication. For more information, see [“Release K.13.51 Enhancements” on page 62](#).
- **Enhancement (PR_0000000083)** — Support is added for a MAC-Auth failure HTTP Redirect option. For more information, see [“Release K.13.51 Enhancements” on page 62](#).
- **Enhancement** — Support is added for the J9154A HP ProCurve ONE Services zl Module. For more information, see [“Release K.13.51 Enhancements” on page 62](#).
- **Services Module (PR_0000010902)** — When the switch communicates through the ports that are connected to the HP ProCurve ONE zl Services Module, it could transmit layer 2 frames using the same source MAC address as being used by the Services module itself. This could potentially cause confusion to the application running on the Services module. This fix alters the mechanism for assignment of MAC addresses of the HP ProCurve ONE Services zl module to make them unique. As a result, an application running on the module prior to this fix may communicate using a different MAC address than it does after this fix.
- **Services Module (PR_0000010463)** — There is a brief period in which output from the CLI command **show services** indicates that it is safe to remove the module before the module has fully halted.
- **Services Module (PR_0000008101)** — Changes were made in the switch software to improve the ONE Services zl Module boot process.

Release K.13.52

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.52. (Not a public release.)

- **Config (PR_0000014381)** — Switches running K.13.21 or newer software may be unable to upload a valid config file to the switch, if it is set with the parameter, speed-duplex 1000-full, and on a dual personality port with a mini-GBIC inserted. The switch will display a message similar to the following. (The example below contained the speed-duplex value in line 8 of the config, and the value was applied to port 47.)

line: 8. Value 1000-full is not applicable to port 47.
Corrupted download file.

- **SelfTest (PR_0000009650)** — In some cases, when a bank of ports fails on the yl switches, the failure status is not appropriately recognized and reported in the switch's event log.
- **Enhancement (PR_0000013786)** — Support is added for source IP identification. For more information, see [“Release K.13.52 Enhancements” on page 74](#).
- **Enhancement (PR_0000008243)** — Support is added for an eavesdrop prevention option. For more information, see [“Release K.13.52 Enhancements” on page 74](#).
- **Config (PR_0000012917)** — Attempts to upload a config will fail if the configuration contains valid configuration lines involving fixed MAC addresses and static learn mode. For example, this type of parameter in line 19 of the configuration, port-security A12 learn-mode static address-limit 5 mac-address 00306EA7D2E8 00306EA7D200, will yield an error similar to the following.

line: 19. Mac-Address is already configured in Vlan-L3-Mac.
Corrupted download file.

- **Config (PR_0000014818)** — Although the switch CLI provides an appropriate error message when the user tries to add more MAC addresses than a port is configured to allow, it seems to save the excess MAC addresses and display them in the configuration.

Release K.13.53

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.53. (Never released.)

- **CLI (PR_0000009868)** — Execution of a **show** command in one Telnet or console session prevents successful execution of a **show** command in a concurrent management (CLI) session.
- **TELNET (PR_0000008234)** — When a user Telnets from one switch's CLI to a second switch's CLI, and then logs out from the session on the second switch, the CLI message, "telnet connection reset by peer," is inappropriately displayed.
- **Syslog (PR_0000008241)** — Event log messages with a severity of "E" (error) are not always supported by default on syslog servers. This fix updates the show logging help text to clarify the dependency. In order to modify the syslog configuration file on a Linux server in order to receive error messages, complete the following steps.

```
1)      # vim /etc/syslog.conf
2)      Add the following line in the syslog.conf file:
          *.*                /var/log/messages
3)      # /etc/init.d/syslog restart
```

- **Syslog (PR_0000012167)** — Syslog messages longer than 119 characters get truncated.

- **Console (PR_0000008235)** — The CLI command **console local-terminal** should affect only the session in which the command is issued, but instead it is persistent for any subsequent connections that use the same session number.
- **Crash (PR_0000010915)** — Deletion of a VLAN or creation of a trunk group from the CLI during a Telnet session from another switch may cause an unexpected reboot with a message similar to one of the following.

```
PPC Data Storage (Bus Error) exception vector 0x300:  
Stack Frame=0x088bf120 HW Addr=0xc3d2e1f0 IP=0x008631c0  
Task='mSnmpCtrl' Task ID =0x88bf6a0 fp: 0xc3d2e1f0
```

```
Software exception at iputil_integrity.c:3054  
-- in 'mIpCtrl', task ID = 0x1a4a0640
```

Release K.13.54

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.54. (Never released.)

- **Transceiver Configuration (PR_0000016357)** — Software version K.13.52 does not allow the HP ProCurve Gigabit 1000T MiniGBIC (J8177B/C) to be configured for several features.

Release K.13.55

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.55. (Not a public release.)

- **Config (PR_0000016767)** — There may be configuration compatibility problems with reference to the 1000T-SFP transceiver on software version K.13.54.

Release K.13.56

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.56. (Never released.)

- **Boot ROM (PR_0000015884)** — The K.12.17 ROM version is introduced to address slow switch initialization.
- **VRRP (PR_0000016192)** — In a VRRP topology with only VRRP Backups configured (i.e. there is no Master/Owner present in the setup), initializing the VRID(s) on both Backups at exactly the same time (e.g. after loss and restoration of power to all switches at once) can lead to a situation where both Backups will enter a continuous sequence of failovers.

- **Crash Messaging (PR_0000015799)** — Important data may be truncated from the crash message.
- **Crash (PR_0000015804)** — When there is a heavy volume of routing table changes, the switch may unexpectedly reboot and report a message similar to the following.

```
SubSystem 0 went down:  
Software exception at alloc_free.c:435 -- in 'mIpPktRecv',  
task ID = 0x85624f0 -> No msg buffer
```

- **Crash (PR_0000016373)** — Switches with heavy routing and ARP activity may experience an unexpected reboot and report the following event log message and one of the following or a similar crash messages.

Event Log:

W 02/08/08 17:23:18 00436 NETINET: 1 route entry creation(s) failed.

Crash Messages Possible:

PPC Data Storage (Bus Error) exception vector 0x300:
Stack Frame=0x08564480 HW Addr=0x4b5a6978 IP=0x0095ce28 Task='mIpPktRecv'
Task ID=0x8564940 fp: 0xc0206921 sp:0x08564540 lr:0x0095cd90

PPC Data Storage (Bus Error) exception vector 0x300:
Stack Frame=0x080b4da8 HW Addr=0x2f830000 IP=0x00867238 Task='mLinkTest'
Task I0 fp: 0x0925aef0

PPC Data Storage (Bus Error) exception vector 0x300:
Stack Frame=0x088b2b88 HW Addr=0x4b5a6978 IP=0x0095c170 Task='mSnmpCtrl'
Task ID=0x88b3190 fp: 0xc0206921

PPC Program exception vector 0x700:
Stack Frame=0x088b2960 HW Addr=0x0badbad0 IP=0x00000080 Task='mSnmpCtrl'
Task ID =0x88b3190 fp: 0x008ecf3c sp:0x088b2a20 lr:

PPC Program exception vector 0x700:
Stack Frame=0x0856af90 HW Addr=0x0badbad0 IP=0x09529d14 Task='mIpCtrl'
Task ID=0 fp: 0x00000001 sp:0x0856b050 lr:0x

```
SubSystem 0 went down: 02/08/08 22:11:41  
Software exception at alloc_free.c:435 -- in 'mIpPktRecv',  
task ID = 0x8564910 -> No msg buffer
```

- **Crash (PR_0000015286)** — A switch configured for routing and PIM-SM may reboot unexpectedly due to depletion of the message buffer. The switch would then report a message similar to the following.

```
Software exception at alloc_free.c:439 -- in 'mIpCtrl',  
task ID = 0xa96da80 -> No msg buffer
```

- **IGMP (PR_0000009415)** — The switch may intermittently fail to forward a multicast stream.
- **IGMP (PR_0000014293)** — When forced fast leave (FFL) is in use, a GMP leave sometimes terminates the stream before the appropriate timeout. Additionally, the FFL timeout value configured is not honored.
- **Logging (PR_0000003908)** — PIM errors may be inadequate for problem isolation and troubleshooting. This fix enhances the PIM error messages with more descriptive information.
- **PIM-SM (PR_0000011001)** — A Designated Router (DR) is a router directly connected to a multicast source in a PIM-SM domain. The DR notifies the Rendezvous Point (RP) of the attached multicast sources. In some cases, the DR does not notify the RP of a source, causing the multicast stream to become unavailable.
- **PIM-SM (PR_0000011070)** — The Designated Router (DR) may not transition appropriately from a Rendezvous Point Tree (RPT) or shared tree to a Shortest Path Tree (SPT), even when the source-specific SPT had the preferred route in the unicast routing table.
- **PIM-SM (PR_0000010035)** — When a routing update is given to PIM as part of a group of several updates, only the first route is updated and the switch does not properly handle subsequent unicast routing changes.
- **PIM-SM (PR_0000011801)** — PIM-SM fails to appropriately switch back to the Rendezvous Point Tree when there is a device failure on the Shortest Path Tree.
- **PIM-SM (PR_0000004569)** — Configuration of **ip pim-sparse hello-interval** does not take affect until the switch is rebooted.
- **PIM-SM (PR_0000013537)** — PIM-SM is not correctly forwarding some fragmented tunneled packets, which is causing multicast traffic to be dropped.
- **PIM-SM (PR_0000006729)** — One or more of the following symptoms may occur.
 - There may be multicast stream failure from the Designated Router to the Rendezvous Point router.
 - A failure to move appropriately from Rendezvous Point Tree to Shortest Path Tree occurs, so that a less optimal route through the network is used.
 - A prune, immediately followed by a join, could be inappropriately sent.
 - The routing switch is not processing the last entry of a compound join.
 - Prunes or joins may intermittently be sent on the wrong interface.
 - In a many-to-many multicast topology, there may be stream failure on devices residing between the DR and the RP routers.
 - Joins may be incorrectly sent when all of the joins should have aged out.

- Some receivers are not receiving a flow until the mroute table times out.
- **PIM-SM (PR_0000011057)** — Per RFC4601, the Designated Router is supposed to send another Register message prior to expiration of the Register-Stop-Timer. This fix corrects the Register-Stop-Timer.

Release K.13.57

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.57. (Never released.)

- **Port Communication (PR_0000004568)** — An Intel NIC using the 82566DM chipset may send fragments to the switch which results in the loss of communication on that or another port, regardless of a continuous connection. Symptoms may include one or more of the following behaviors.
 - Rx Bytes counter does not increment
 - CRC/alignment errors
 - Duplex mismatch
 - Collisions, runts
 - Giants
 - Other physical layer errors

Symptoms improve or resolve with updated NIC firmware and/or drivers, when they are available from the device manufacturer.

Release K.13.58

The following problems were resolved in release K.13.58.

- **Crash (PR_0000018180)** — The switch may reboot unexpectedly during PIM-SM configuration and display a message similar to the following.

```
Software exception at pim_sm_ctrl.c:376 -- in 'mPimsmCtrl'
```

Release K.14.03

The following enhancements, present in K.13.40 and newer K.13 versions, are NOT present in K.14.03:

Enhancement (PR_0000003127) — Link Trap and LACP Global Enable/Disable.

Enhancement (PR_0000003128) — The ability to clear statistics was added.

Enhancement (PR_0000003718) — The MAC Lockout limit was increased to 64.

Enhancement (PR_0000007388) — The ability to configure logging via SNMP was added.

The following enhancement, present in K.13.43 and newer K.13 versions, is NOT present in K.14.03:

Enhancement (PR_0000003557) — The ability to enable/disable the USB port via CLI and SNMP was added.

The following enhancements, present in K.13.51 and newer K.13 versions, are NOT present in K.14.03.

Enhancement (PR_0000003144) — Support was added for multiple RADIUS groups.

Enhancement (PR_0000003141) — Support was added for SSH Secure to RADIUS authentication.

Enhancement (PR_0000000083) — Support was added for a MAC-Auth failure HTTP Redirect option.

The following enhancements, present in K.13.52 and newer K.13 versions, are NOT present in K.14.03.

Enhancement (PR_0000013786) — Support was added for source IP identification.

Enhancement (PR_0000008243) — Support was added for an eavesdrop prevention option.

The following problems were resolved in release K.14.03.

- **SelfTest (PR_0000009650)** — In some cases, when a bank of ports fails on the yl switches, the failure status is not appropriately recognized and reported in the switch's event log.

- **CLI (PR_0000009868)** — Execution of a **show** command in one Telnet or console session prevents successful execution of a **show** command in a concurrent management (CLI) session.
- **TELNET (PR_0000008234)** — When a user Telnets from one switch's CLI to a second switch's CLI, and then logs out from the session on the second switch, the CLI message, "telnet connection reset by peer," is inappropriately displayed.
- **Console (PR_0000008235)** — The CLI command **console local-terminal** should affect only the session in which the command is issued, but instead it is persistent for any subsequent connections that use the same session number.
- **Crash (PR_0000010915)** — Deletion of a VLAN or creation of a trunk group from the CLI during a Telnet session from another switch may cause an unexpected reboot with a message similar to one of the following.

```
PPC Data Storage (Bus Error) exception vector 0x300:
Stack Frame=0x088bf120 HW Addr=0xc3d2elf0 IP=0x008631c0
Task='mSnpCtrl' Task ID =0x88bf6a0 fp: 0xc3d2elf0

Software exception at iputil_integrity.c:3054
-- in 'mIpCtrl', task ID = 0x1a4a0640
```

- **Crash Messaging (PR_0000015799)** — Important data may be truncated from the crash message.
 - **Crash (PR_0000015286)** — A switch configured for routing and PIM-SM may reboot unexpectedly due to depletion of the message buffer. The switch would then report a message similar to the following.
- ```
Software exception at alloc_free.c:439 -- in 'mIpCtrl', task ID =
0xa96da80 -> No msg buffer
```
- **IGMP (PR\_0000014293)** — When forced fast leave (FFL) is in use, a GMP leave sometimes terminates the stream before the appropriate timeout. Additionally, the FFL timeout value configured is not honored.
  - **Logging (PR\_0000003908)** — PIM errors may be inadequate for problem isolation and troubleshooting. This fix enhances the PIM error messages with more descriptive information.
  - **PIM-SM (PR\_0000011001)** — A Designated Router (DR) is a router directly connected to a multicast source in a PIM-SM domain. The DR notifies the Rendezvous Point (RP) of the attached multicast sources. In some cases, the DR does not notify the RP of a source, causing the multicast stream to become unavailable.
  - **PIM-SM (PR\_0000011070)** — The Designated Router (DR) may not transition appropriately from a Rendezvous Point Tree (RPT) or shared tree to a Shortest Path Tree (SPT), even when the source-specific SPT had the preferred route in the unicast routing table.

## Software Fixes

Release K.14.04 through K.14.08

- **PIM-SM (PR\_0000010035)** — When a routing update is given to PIM as part of a group of several updates, only the first route is updated and the switch does not properly handle subsequent unicast routing changes.
- **PIM-SM (PR\_0000011801)** — PIM-SM fails to appropriately switch back to the Rendezvous Point Tree when there is a device failure on the Shortest Path Tree.
- **PIM-SM (PR\_0000004569)** — Configuration of **ip pim-sparse hello-interval** does not take affect until the switch is rebooted.
- **PIM-SM (PR\_0000013537)** — PIM-SM is not correctly forwarding some fragmented tunneled packets, which is causing multicast traffic to be dropped.
- **PIM-SM (PR\_0000006729)** — One or more of the following symptoms may occur.
  - There may be multicast stream failure from the Designated Router to the Rendezvous Point router.
  - A failure to move appropriately from Rendezvous Point Tree to Shortest Path Tree occurs, so that a less optimal route through the network is used.
  - A prune, immediately followed by a join, could be inappropriately sent.
  - The routing switch is not processing the last entry of a compound join.
  - Prunes or joins may intermittently be sent on the wrong interface.
  - In a many-to-many multicast topology, there may be stream failure on devices residing between the DR and the RP routers.
  - Joins may be incorrectly sent when all of the joins should have aged out.
  - Some receivers are not receiving a flow until the mroute table times out.
- **PIM-SM (PR\_0000011057)** — Per RFC4601, the Designated Router is supposed to send another Register message prior to expiration of the Register-Stop-Timer. This fix corrects the Register-Stop-Timer.

## Release K.14.04 through K.14.08

Software never built.

## Release K.14.09

The following problems were resolved in release K.14.09.

- **Enhancement (0000017065)** — Support was added for the HP ProCurve 6600 Switch Premium License (J9305A) features.

- **Crash (PR\_0000017075)** — The switch may reboot unexpectedly after GVRP is disabled from a switch, displaying a message similar to the following.

```
Restricted Memory Exception number: 0xdead0100 HW Addr=0xe59ff094
IP=0x10569748 Task='mGvrpCtrl'
```

- **IGMP (PR\_0000009415)** — The switch may intermittently fail to forward a multicast stream.
- **Port Communication (PR\_0000004568)** — An Intel NIC using the 82566DM chipset may send fragments to the switch which results in the loss of communication on that or another port, regardless of a continuous connection. Symptoms may include one or more of the following behaviors.
  - Rx Bytes counter does not increment
  - CRC/alignment errors
  - Duplex mismatch
  - Collisions, runts
  - Giants
  - Other physical layer errors

Symptoms improve or resolve with updated NIC firmware/drivers, when they are available from the device manufacturer.

- **Flow Control (PR\_0000015824)** — Fiber links may not communicate changes in flow control status appropriately to the link partner.
- **Bandwidth Limiting (PR\_0000016255)** — The switch will not access a valid value of 0 (zero) for the maximum ingress bandwidth on a port.
- **Configuration (PR\_0000017015)** — Configurations which utilize multiple switch features pushed to their maximum values may take an extended period to load, or cause an unexpected reboot with a message similar to the following.

```
NMI event HW:PC=0x10e8350c sp:0x12a8844c Suspects: eRouteCtrl[92]
InetServer[6]
```

- **IPv6 (PR\_0000017078)** — A valid IPv4 loopback address is required, at a minimum, for IPv6 addresses to be configured. This fix notifies the user of this caveat during configuration.
- **Crash (PR\_0000017354)** — Disabling debug which had been previously logging to the switch buffer may cause the switch to reboot unexpectedly with a message similar to the following.

```
Software exception at exception.c:621 -- in 'mDebugCtrl',
task ID = 0x89ff620 -> Memory system error
at 0x7c58450 - memPartFree
```

- **CLI (PR\_0000014002)** — There are multiple problems with output from the CLI command `show ipv6 routers` which make the output either inaccurate or confusing.
- **Meshing (PR\_0000017406)** — A switch participating in meshing may run out of packet buffer space and stop communicating with the other switches in the network.
- **Spanning Tree (PR\_0000017820)** — Path costs are not appropriately updated after addition or removal of distributed trunks from the configuration.

## Release K.14.10

The following problems were resolved in release K.14.10. (Never released.)

- **Enhancement (PR\_0000011224)** — Support was added for chassis locator LED status with the CLI. For more information, see [“Release K.14.10 Enhancements” on page 87](#).
- **Enhancement (PR\_0000011601)** — Support was added for an increased number of LACP trunk groups. For more information, see [“Release K.14.10 Enhancements” on page 87](#).
- **Enhancement (PR\_0000010201)** — Support was added for SNTP client authentication. For more information, see [“Release K.14.10 Enhancements” on page 87](#).
- **Enhancement (PR\_0000013247)** — Support was added for the **show VLANs custom** CLI commands. For more information, see [“Release K.14.10 Enhancements” on page 87](#).

## Release K.14.11 through K.14.13

Versions K.14.11 through K.14.13 were never built.

## Release K.14.14

The following problems were resolved in release K.14.14. (Never released.)

- **Crash (PR\_0000015746)** — A very busy switch with a large configuration may experience multiple module resets, displaying event log messages similar to the following.

```
chassis: Slot A: Lost Communications detected - Heart Beat Lost(51)
chassis: Slot J: Msg loss detected - no ack for seq # 15803
chassis: Slot G: Msg loss detected - no ack for seq # 16654
chassis: Slot F: Msg loss detected - no ack for seq # 17472
chassis: Slot C: Msg loss detected - no ack for seq # 19015
chassis: Slot J: Lost Communications detected - Source Message
System(48)
chassis: Slot G: Lost Communications detected - Source Message
System(50)
```

```
chassis: Slot F: Lost Communications detected - Source Message
System(55)
chassis: Slot C: Lost Communications detected - Source Message
System(4B)
```

- **Loop Protection (PR\_0000037759)** — Loop-protect may detect a loop and report that the port is shut down when it is not. This allows the loop-protect packets to flood the network and potentially starve spanning-tree and other protocols.

## Release K.14.15

The following problems were resolved in release K.14.15.

- **10-GbE (PR\_0000038110/0000038298)** — 10-GbE SFP+ transceivers may fail to form a stable link, and 10-GbE X2 transceivers may fail to initialize entirely or initialize only after a long delay.

## Release K.14.16 through K.14.19

Software never built.

## Release K.14.20 through K.14.23

Software never released.

## Release K.14.24

The following problems were resolved in release K.14.24.

- **OSPF ECMP (PR\_0000039060)** — ECMP does not route correctly to a /32 route when there are two or more paths to the destination.
- **Crash (PR\_0000017435)** — Configuring a switch using the CLI command **include-credentials** may cause an unexpected reboot if the switch has never had the feature previously enabled. The crash message may vary.
- **Loop Protection (PR\_0000037759)** — Loop-protect may detect a loop and report that the port is shut down when it is not. This allows the loop-protect packets to flood the network and potentially starve spanning-tree and other protocols.

- **Crash (PR\_0000038523)** — Hot-swapping transceivers too quickly may cause the switch to reboot unexpectedly with a software exception. Best practice tip: Each time a transceiver is inserted into the switch, allow it to fully initialize prior to removing it. The crash message may be similar to the following, though it may vary.

```
Software exception in ISR at svc_timers.c:472
```

- **Crash (PR\_0000037527)** — The switch may reboot unexpectedly when loading an extensive configuration. The crash message may be similar to the following.

```
No msg buffer on alloc_free.c:439 -- in 'mIpCtrl',
task ID = 0xa96bb80
```

- **10-GbE (PR\_0000038110)** — 10-GbE SFP+ transceivers may fail to form a stable link.
- **CLI Wizard (PR\_0000038179)** - The Management Interface Setup Wizard (invoked using the CLI command `setup mgmt-interfaces`) provides a generic error message of *inconsistent value* when an attempt is made to save a configuration with an invalid value.
- **SNMP (PR\_0000038253)** — There are duplicate entries in the `hpicfTC.mib` for the 10-GbE SFP+ Direct Attach Cables.
- **10-GbE SFP+ DAC Transceiver (PR\_0000038570)** — When a port that contains an SFP+ Direct Attach Cable on an HP ProCurve 6600 Series Switch is disabled, the switch stops sending traffic to the port but the transceiver on the other end of the cable is not aware of the link loss. This could be particularly problematic if the port is part of a static HP Trunk.
- **SNMP (PR\_0000039064)** — The SNMP index for the ports on the 6600-48G switches, referenced in the `hpicfOid.mib`, is not correct.
- **SNTP Authentication (PR\_0000037553)** — The switch CLI does not allow configuration of the maximum key-value string of 32 characters for SNTP Authentication.
- **Crash (PR\_0000038615)** — The switch may reboot unexpectedly with a message similar to the following.

```
Software exception at ipamSApi.c:66 -- in 'mIpAdMUpCt'
```

## Release K.14.25

Software never built.



## Release K.14.26

The following problems were resolved in release K.14.26.

**LLDP (PR\_0000038230)** — The length of a CDP packet may prevent the switch from accepting the packet.

**Proxy-ARP (PR\_0000038934/0000038938)** — The switch may provide proxy-ARP replies to gratuitous-ARPs, which could be interpreted as a "duplicate IP address" by the original sending host.

**Proxy-ARP (PR\_0000038935)** — The switch may provide proxy-ARP replies to ARPs from a source IP address that is not within the scope of the switch's IP address/subnet mask.

**DHCP-Snooping (PR\_0000019155)** — DHCP-Snooping does not correctly identify fragmented packets, and drops UDP Fragments if a hex value of 44 (68 decimal) is present in the payload where the header is usually located (in a non-fragment).

## Release K.14.27 through K.14.29

Software never built.

## Release K.14.30

Software never released.

## Release K.14.31

The following problems were resolved in release K.14.31.

- **Flow Control (PR\_0000038853)** — When flow control is enabled on the switch, execution of the **show int brief** CLI command reveals that flow control is not actually enabled on gigabit or dual-personality ports.
- **Flow Control (PR\_0000038851)** — When flow control is disabled on one or more interfaces via the CLI, execution of the **show int brief** CLI command reveals that the change in flow control status does not take effect unless the switch is reloaded.
- **OSPF (PR\_0000038751)** — A switch configured for OSPF on both a VLAN and a loopback interface will report the following in the event/debug log, due to improper treatment of the loopback address.

OSPF: invalid packet: Packet with same router id as ours (28)

- **Crash (PR\_0000039470)** — A very busy switch configured with jumbo frames, OSPF routing, DHCP-snooping, QoS priority assignment, and Web-based authentication may reboot unexpectedly with a software exception. The crash message may vary.
- **Virus Throttling/IGMP (PR\_0000040124)** — When a switch is configured for IP IGMP and Virus Throttling (connection-rate filtering), if the rate of joins sent by a host triggers a "block" by the Virus Throttling, the following software exceptions are seen in the switch event log. No other symptoms have been observed except the lines in the log. Multicast traffic still goes through. The port is not blocked as expected.

```
00805 connfilt: Unable to block 124.2.0.211 in hardware, <port>
sys: 'Software exception at vt.c:1065 -- in 'mIpPktRecv', task ID =
0xa977e40'

sys: 'Software exception at aqTcamInterface.c:829 -- in 'mIpPk-
tRecv', task ID = 0xa977e40'

00805 connfilt: Unable to block 124.2.0.210 in hardware, <port>
sys: 'Software exception at vt.c:1065 -- in 'mIpPktRecv', task ID =
0xa977e40'

sys: 'Software exception at aqTcamInterface.c:829 -- in 'mIpPk-
tRecv', task ID = 0xa977e40'

00805 connfilt: Unable to block 124.2.0.212 in hardware, <port>
sys: 'Software exception at vt.c:1065 -- in 'mIpPktRecv', task ID =
0xa977e40'

sys: 'Software exception at aqTcamInterface.c:829 -- in 'mIpPk-
tRecv', task ID = 0xa977e40'
```

## Release K.14.32

The following problems were resolved in release K.14.32.

- **Port Communication (PR\_0000018161)** — On some driver/firmware revisions, the Intel 82566DM and 82566DM-2 gigabit NIC chipsets may send an excessive number of corrupt packets. This traffic may affect communication on the port attached to the problem NIC, or on another port on the same module or port-bank. This fix helps to ensure continued communication by downgrading the port setting to auto-10/100, and logging an FFI message in the event log. The event log message will be similar to the following, and will indicate the port that is receiving the problem traffic. Please check with your PC vendor to see if there is an updated firmware version available for the affected NIC.

```
02671 FFI: Port <number> has been downgraded to 10/100.
See www.procurve.com/device_help/nic_update for details.
```

- **Authentication (PR\_0000011138)** — If the Radius server becomes unavailable, the **eap-radius authorized** option allows the switch to authenticate devices. If the response time of the RADIUS subsystem is greater than the server-timeout value on the switch or the device supplicant then the switch will not be able to authenticate devices, and no warning of this failure will be displayed. This fix triggers the display of the following CLI message.

```
The RADIUS connection timeout must be less than the authentication
server timeout for the switch to authenticate automatically when the
RADIUS server is unavailable.
```

- **ACL/QoS (PR\_0000017975)** — When an ACL permit statement specifies a TCP or UDP port number or range, non-initial fragments of these TCP or UDP packets may not be acted upon in the same manner as the initial fragment, potentially causing some inappropriate drops.
- **Port Communication (PR\_0000017032/0000037992)** — Invalid/corrupt packets sent to the switch by a NIC operating at gigabit speed may trigger a loss of communication on a different port that shares the same ASIC. In that case, the port will retain its link and the Rx bytes, ifInDiscards, and the Discard Rx counters increment. Prior to this fix, communication on the port could only be reliably recovered by switch reload. This problem may also be associated with the following event log messages.

```
00374 chassis: Slot <x> Slave ROM Tombstone: 0x13000601
00374 chassis: Slot <x>: Lost Communications detected - Heart Beat
Lost
```

- **FFI/Config (PR\_0000039989)**
  - **FFI** - If an FFI event is triggered, and then the link is brought down and back up again, the same FFI event will be triggered again in about 20 seconds even if the trigger condition isn't met.
  - **Config** - Configuration changes made for PR\_0000018161 (see page 238) are not visible to the user; it appears that a port configured at both the NIC and the switch for auto-gig is operating at 100FDx for no reason (particularly if the associated event log message has scrolled out of the switch log). This fix makes the downgrade of the port to auto-10/100 visible in the running configuration. Note that this may trigger the switch to ask "Do you want to save current configuration?" upon logout or switch reload.
- **RADIUS Accounting (PR\_0000012487)** — The switch doesn't send an accounting-stop when a switch **reload** closes the session.
- **CLI (PR\_0000018670)** — Execution of the CLI command **show tech all** on a switch may trigger the switch to become unresponsive and require a power-cycle to recover.
- **CLI (PR\_0000018594)** — Attempts to utilize the CLI interface configuration command **mdix-mode mdix** yields an error setting value mdix for port <port number>.

- **Authentication (PR\_0000016211)** — If no RADIUS server is accessible during a re-authentication attempt, the clients will remain connected to an auth-vid even if an unauth-vid was defined.
- **10-GbE SFP+ DAC Transceiver (PR\_0000039363)** — The "A" version of the J9281A HP ProCurve 10-GbE SFP+ 1m Cable, J9283A HP ProCurve 10-GbE SFP+ 3m Cable, and J9285A HP ProCurve 10-GbE SFP+ 7m Cable does not comply with the January 2009 version of the Multi-Source Agreement (MSA), SFF-8472 Rev 10.4. The result is interoperability problems that may prevent a link from becoming established. This fix adds support for the "B" version Direct Attach Cables (DACs): J9281B, J9283B, and J9285B. The "B" version DACs are compliant with MSA SFF-8472 Rev 10.4. Additionally, the "B" version DACs interoperate with the Intel NIC (Intel 10 Gigabit AF DA Dual Port Server Adapter).
- **Switch Hang (PR\_0000014307)** — A switch with 802.1X configured may stop passing AAA requests and routed traffic. Over time this issue manifests itself in the form of lost TELNET and SSH access, and eventually even console access to its management is lost. Clients that attempt to authenticate will get a "domain not available" message. The switch must be reloaded to recover from this state.
- **VRRP (PR\_0000016626)** — VRRP may show failovers or near failovers without any apparent reason.
- **Port Communication (PR\_0000039476)** — Ports on zl switches configured for 10/100 may get into a state where connectivity is compromised. The network icon in the PC system tray shows limited or no connectivity. The PC does not get a DHCP address, and the switch Rx counters do not increment. If the PC is moved to another port the client PC comes up. The switch port is recoverable by configuring it down to 10-Mb operation, then back to 10/100.
- **Appletalk ARP (PR\_0000015652)** — Appletalk ARP (AARP) packets are not traversing the Protocol VLAN, which makes file sharing and print services unavailable.
- **802.1X (PR\_0000010850)** — If an unauth-vid is configured, and the client limit is reached on a switch port, a properly credentialed re-authentication following an improperly credentialed authentication attempt (for example, incorrect password) will leave the 802.1x client in the unauthorized VLAN instead of applying the appropriate authorized VLAN.
- **Web/FFI (PR\_0000040095)** — The Web Management Interface Alert Log message does not match the FFI log message for PR\_0000018161 on page [238](#).

## Release K.14.33

The following problems were resolved in release K.14.33.

- **Web Authentication (PR\_0000041695)** — Web authentication for port-access does not function on software version K.14.32.

- **CLI (PR\_0000038243)** — When task-monitor is enabled, the CLI output from the command **show cpu** is inconsistent with the sub-task averages, and higher than it should be. This behavior does not change after disabling task-monitor.

## Release K.14.34

The following problems were resolved in release K.14.34.

- **Enhancement (PR\_0000042932)** — Support is added for the following new products.
  - J9475A - HP ProCurve 8206zl Switch Base System
  - J9307A - HP ProCurve 24-Port 10/100/1000 PoE+ zl Module
  - J9308A - HP ProCurve 20-Port 10/100/1000 PoE+/4-port MiniGBIC zl Module
  - J9478A - HP ProCurve 24-port 10/100 PoE+ zl Module
  - J9447A - HP ProCurve 5406zl-48G-PoE+ Switch
  - J9448A - HP ProCurve 5412zl-96G-PoE+ Switch
- **Jumbo Frames (PR\_0000042090)** — When a non-default jumbo frame size is present in the configuration (e.g. if the following lines are present in the config **jumbo max-frame-size 9000** and **jumbo ip-mtu 8982**), sometimes the default jumbo frame size is used by the switch, rather than the configured parameter.
- **Crash (PR\_0000040685)** — A highly stressed switch may reboot unexpectedly with a message similar to the following.
 

```
Software exception at svc_misc.c:668 -- in 'mSnmpCtrl',
task ID = 0xa941a40 -> No memory available
```
- **Crash (PR\_0000040369)** — When a highly stressed switch has the power save feature enabled (using the CLI command **savepower module all**) and disabled (using the CLI command **no savepower module all**) repeatedly, it may reboot with a software exception, logging a crash message similar to the following.
 

```
Software exception at buffers.c:2380 -- in 'mFtrEvtMgr', task ID =
0xa935f00
```
- **Crash (PR\_0000039922/0000040170)** — The switch may reboot unexpectedly or become unresponsive when the CLI command **erase startup-config** is executed. There may be a message similar to the following after the event.
 

```
Software exception in kernel context at ghsException.c:1037
-> Internal system error
```
- **PoE (PR\_0000039837)** — When the internal switch power is turned off (or fails) while an external power supply is connected, PoE becomes disabled and will not re-enable. The following event is logged in the switch.

```
W <date> <time> 00274 chassis: (81): Co-Processor Crash detected -
Available 0
```

- **Jumbo Frames (PR\_0000039218/0000039705)** — Jumbo frame configuration does not behave appropriately following module hotswap, resulting in jumbo frames either being forwarded when they exceed the maximum **ip-mtu** value.
- **CLI (PR\_0000039292)** — Output from the CLI command **show modules** shows modules as "Failed" during self test; this fix changes the display to read "Booting".
- **Transceivers (PR\_0000039218)** — When an unsupported transceiver is present during initial power-up, the LED should blink amber, but does not. Additionally, the slot then fails to detect removal of the transceiver.
- **Module Crash (PR\_00000038682)** — When a 12-slot zl chassis is running on less than the supported minimum of 2 power supplies, sometimes all 12 modules fail. What should happen is that the upper 6 slots remain powered and the lower 6 slots fail to be powered. Note: When the minimum of 2 power supplies is restored, the lower 6 modules, if present, need to be re-inserted or the chassis rebooted in order to restore power to those slots.
- **CLI (PR\_00000038356)** — When a module is removed and another type is inserted, the information from the initial module (including the serial number) may still be present in response to the CLI command **show modules**.
- **Temperature (PR\_0000017072)** — The 8200zl switch chassis temperature threshold is incorrectly set to 55 degrees C, rather than the 40 degrees C it should be.
- **Temperature (PR\_0000015290)** — The 6200yl and 3500yl switch temperatures are incorrectly elevated between 6-8 degrees C as observed in the switch response to the CLI command **show system temperature**. As a result, over-temperature messages are being incorrectly triggered. Event log messages will look like the following.  

```
<date> <time> 00553 chassis: Over Temperature: Chassis Intake Air
```
- **Temperature (PR\_0000010540)** — The 6200yl and 3500yl switch temperature thresholds are incorrectly set to 40 degrees C, even when there are no 10-GbE transceivers installed in the HP ProCurve Switch yl 10-GbE 2-Port CX4 + 2-Port X2 Module (J8694A).

## Release K.14.35

The following problems were resolved in release K.14.35

- **Enhancement (PR\_0000042908)** — Support is added for the following new products.
  - J9443A - HP ProCurve 630 Redundant/External Power Supply
  - J9309A - HP ProCurve 4-Port 10Gbe SFP+ zl Module

## Release K.14.36

*Software never built.*

## Release K.14.37

The following problems were resolved in release K.14.37. (Not a public release)

- **Enhancement (PR\_0000040368)** — Support is added for the following new products.
  - J9300A - HP ProCurve 10-GbE XFP-SFP+ 1m Direct Attach Cable
  - J9301A - HP ProCurve 10-GbE XFP-SFP+ 3m Direct Attach Cable
  - J9302A - HP ProCurve 10-GbE XFP-SFP+ 5m Direct Attach Cable
- **Web Authentication (PR\_0000041695)** — Web authentication for port-access does not function.
- **CLI (PR\_0000000912)** — The CLI command **copy tftp show-tech** fails, resulting in failure to create a custom show-tech file on the switch.
- **Config (PR\_0000041803)** — The config lines for **aaa authentication** and **aaa accounting** appear in the wrong order in the running-config; these configuration parameters are dependent upon the **radius-server** and **aaa server-group**, and therefore need to follow those settings in the configuration.
- **SNMP (PR\_0000014902)** — SNMP traps contain the wrong instance number for the event Description (the **eventDescription** is one instance number too low).
- **CLI (PR\_0000013912)** — The HP ProCurve Redundant Wireless Services **zl** Module (J9052) is incorrectly reported by the switch CLI as an **xl** module.
- **Enhancement (PR\_0000016944)** — Log OSPF Adjacency Changes. See page [116](#) for a detailed description.

- **Event Log (PR\_0000038339)** — The switch records an event log message when a specific user's ACL/ACE cannot be added, but does not give any indication if all the switch ACE resources have been consumed.

Original log message: 00700 idm: Unable to add ACL entry, ace index 3, client mac <MAC address>, port <number>

New log message: 00055 ACL: unable to apply ACL <client MAC address>, failed to add entry 23, max ACE limit reached

- **CLI (PR\_0000015982)** — Using the port-security feature, attempts to enter more than the configured MAC address limit on a port result in an ambiguous error message:

Inconsistent value. This fix triggers a more appropriate error message: Warning: Number of configured addresses on port <port number> exceeds address-limit.

- **Config (PR\_0000018749)** — If MSTP instance port settings (port priority or path cost) are configured prior to link aggregation, once a trunk group is configured, the MSTP instance configuration lines reference the individual ports (errant behavior) and not the trunk group (expected behavior). As a consequence, the switch will not be able to reload the configuration because the MSTP instance port settings are invalid.

- **MAC Authentication (PR\_0000015520)** — Traffic from unauthenticated clients may be allowed during the process of authenticating clients under heavy loads.

- **SSH (PR\_0000040877)** — When an exit from a switch management SSH session is initiated from an SSH client, the termination values from the switch are incorrect, triggering the following erroneous message to be displayed at client: "SSH connection is closed by remote host".

- **Crash (PR\_0000002449/0000002511)** — The switch may reboot unexpectedly with a software exception when MSTP and meshing are both configured.

- **Crash (PR\_0000039155)** — A module may reboot and report a crash message similar to the following when IPv6 ACLs or policies are applied at either the CLI or through IDM.

Software exception at aqTcamSlaveHwBttfClone.c:1332 -- in 'mAsicUpd', task ID = 0x61e7140

- **CLI (PR\_0000016116)** — When the **include** parameter is used with a **show** command, and the switch finds a matching regular expression, the console output contains all-zeros byte.

- **Routing (PR\_0000040696)** — CPU-generated packets may have the wrong next-hop MAC address; they are sent out of the appropriate IP interface and VLAN but this may cause SNTP, ping, and other host applications to fail.

- **Crash (PR\_0000038937)** — Configuring an IPV6 address followed by a routed ACL with a UDP port range applied to a VLAN may cause the modules to reset.



## Release K.14.38

The following problems were resolved in release K.14.38. (Not a public release)

- **CLI (PR\_0000042136)** — Output from various commands (or SNMP queries) of CPU utilization is not consistent. While the values reported by the CLI command **show cpu** is correct; **show sys** does not yield an accurate value. In addition, SNMP query of the CPU utilization, Menu navigation to CPU utilization, and Web Management Interface report of the CPU utilization is inaccurate.
- **Management (PR\_0000016016)** — SSH and ping times to the switch are significantly slower on K.14 than they were on K.13 software versions.
- **BootROM (PR\_0000042960)** — The boot ROM on an HP ProCurve 6600-24XG Switch does not update when the system software is updated. Note that there is no functional consequence of this failure.
- **BootROM (PR\_0000042932a)** — The boot ROM required for the new products introduced in K.14.34 and K.14.35 is K.12.20; this boot ROM version will now be updated on other products sharing the software branch.
- **Crash (PR\_0000016958)** - The switch may reboot unexpectedly when a second SSH session is established with the switch management while the switch is transferring a show tech custom file to a TFTP server. The crash message will be similar to the following.  
  

```
Software exception at exception.c:501 -- in 'mSess3', task ID =
0x8280a60 -> Memory system error at 0x60 - memPartFree
```
- **Crash (PR\_0000041168)** — Running or copying the output from the CLI command **show tech** causes a memory leak that will eventually result in memory depletion and switch reboot. The crash messages vary widely, and may include PPC errors, NMI errors, and "Out of resources: no token found" errors.
- **Crash (PR\_0000042176/0000041586)** — Entry or upload of multi-line CLI config commands may cause the switch to reboot unexpectedly with a message similar to the following.  
  

```
PPC Data Storage (Bus Error) exception 0x300: esf=0x082e6058
addr=0x942201fc ip=0x001c7910 Task='mSess1' tid=0x82e6b20
```
- **Config (PR\_0000041545)** — When a switch with remote mirroring configuration is updated from K.13.xx to K.14.xx, remote mirroring destination interface is incorrectly converted.
- **10-GbE (PR\_0000043292)** — Some J8438A HP ProCurve 10-GbE X2-SC ER Optics (a subset of those with serial number containing the letters DM in the middle) do not turn on the laser after the switch reboots. Workarounds: Hotswap the optic, update to a software version with the fix, or request a replacement.

- **Config (PR\_0000042930)** — The (fixed) "module 1" which is usually present in the running and startup configurations is not present. Output from **show run** looks like the following.

```
module 1 type
module 2 type J86xxA
```

As a result, previously saved 3500yl configurations will not successfully upload to the switch. When attempts are made, it reports an error: Invalid input: J86yyA.

## Release K.14.39

The following problems were resolved in release K.14.39. (Not a public release)

- **8200zl Management Module Compatibility (PR\_0000041133)** — When exchanging a management module from an 8212zl for use as the only management module in an 8206zl chassis (or vice versa), the management module must be on a boot ROM and software version that is supported by the 8206zl, and any existing configuration on the module must be erased after the module is inserted into the target switch (using the CLI command **erase startup-config**). The switch console should prompt the administrator to perform the necessary action after module insertion, but does not.
- **Enhancement (PR\_0000041910)** — The status of the 10-GBe SFP+ ports is not displayed in the Web Management Interface (Configuration > Device View) when a mouse-over of the port occurs. There should be an indication of the whether the port is enabled/disabled: the CLI accurately reflects the status, but the Web does not.

## Release K.14.40

The following problems were resolved in release K.14.40. (Not a public release)

- **Enhancement (PR\_0000016237)** — Port VLAN ID TLV Support on LLDP. See page [119](#) for detailed information.
- **Enhancement (PR\_0000040732)** — Remote Mirroring Using the Loopback Interface. See page [122](#) for detailed information.
- **Enhancement (PR\_0000038122)** — TELNET Negotiate About Window Size (NAWS) Initiation. See page [124](#) for detailed information.
- **Enhancement (PR\_0000042815)** — When a config is uploaded to the switch containing a banner MOTD configuration that exceeds the maximum multi-line input, the following error message is now returned at the CLI: Only 16 lines allowed in multi-line input. Command not executed.
- **Enhancement (PR\_0000043278)** — Crash information was improved in order to speed time to resolution.

- **Enhancement (PR\_0000018513)** — Banner enhancements were made. See page [125](#) for detailed information.
- **Enhancement (PR\_0000040021)** — A Source IP Identity may now be configured for SNMP, outgoing TELNET and TFTP. See page [126](#) for detailed information.
- **Meshing (PR\_0000044173)** — Rarely, a device may intermittently lose connectivity through the mesh.
- **Enhancement (PR\_0000040721)** — Extended ping and traceroute are now available.
- **Enhancement (PR\_0000040378)** — Implementation of DHCP hostname (option 12). See page [135](#) for detailed information.
- **Enhancement (PR\_0000037664)** — DHCP-based Auto Image and Configuration Update. See page [136](#) for detailed information.

## Release K.14.41

The following problems were resolved in release K.14.41.

- **Licensing (PR\_0000043665)** — When a Services zl Module (HP ProCurve Wireless Edge Services or ONE Services zl Module) is present, and either telnet or SSH is used to communicate with the switch, the hardware ID that is reported in preparation for license registration or application activation becomes truncated. Workaround: Console to the switch to obtain a valid hardware ID.

## Release K.14.42

The following problems were resolved in release K.14.42

- **Crash (PR\_0000041509)** — Removing a module that contains a mirror destination port may trigger one or more modules to reset.
- **Crash Messaging (PR\_0000043287)** — In the case of a module heartbeat failure, crash data fails to be reported by the interface module.
- **Enhancement (PR\_0000017201)** — The switch Fault Finder function has been extended to cover an improperly behaving fiber transceiver, or other condition which results in a link "flapping" rapidly between link-up and link-down states. A new fault event "link-flap" has been created to detect these events. Additionally, a new action, "warn-and-disable," has been created to report and disable the events. Together, these enhancements allow the errant condition to be detected, and the port in question optionally disabled.

## Release K.14.43

*Software never built.*

## Release K.14.44

The following problems were resolved in release K.14.44. (Not a public release)

- **Redundant Management (PR\_0000037617)** — Synchronization of redundant management modules on an 8200zl switch fails if there are more than 2 characters in the minor revision field of the switch system software version.
- **GVRP (PR\_0000040238)** — After a dynamically-learned VLAN is converted to a static port-based VLAN, and an interface is made a static member of that VLAN, disabling GVRP causes the port to lose the VLAN membership. The running-config, startup-config and the SNMP egress static member list for the VLAN show the port as member of the VLAN. All other data shows the port is no longer a member of the VLAN. VLAN communication over the affected interface is no longer possible until the one of the two following workarounds is executed. Workarounds: Either re-issue the tag and untag commands for VLAN port assignment or reload the system.
- **QoS (PR\_0000042343)** — QoS on Ports may not behave correctly when trunks are involved, e.g., if QoS is configured on a port that is a member of a trunk, the CLI command **no qos** does not disable the feature as it should.
- **ACL/QoS (PR\_0000045616)** — ACL/QOS Error return definitions as measured by the hardware layer are out-of-synch with SNMP values.
- **PIM (PR\_0000012391)** — When OSPF, IGMP, and PIM are all configured, the switch reaches a sustained or increasing level of > 50% CPU utilization when a multicast stream with TTL=1 is received.
- **Fault Finder (PR\_0000045772)** — When the switch fault-finder feature is configured to disable a transceiver port in response to link-flapping, and the disable has occurred, fault-finder will no longer properly disable that port following transceiver hot-swap.
- **RADIUS Accounting (PR\_0000042522)** — The 'class' attribute is not included in the accounting-request to the RADIUS server; RFC 2865 states that this should occur.
- **MSTP/QinQ (PR\_0000041219)** — When QinQ (Provider Bridging) is operating in mixed mode, switch identification of S-VLANs (Service VLANs) and C-VLANs (Customer VLANs) may be inaccurate sometimes. As a result, the switch allows S-VLANs to be assigned as members of MSTP instances and disallows some C-VLANs from being properly assigned to an MSTP instance.

- **Management (PR\_0000016049)** — If a console or telnet session to the switch is used to execute a CLI command (e.g. execution of the show tech command) and then the management session is abandoned before the task is completed (e.g. the window is closed), that session becomes unresponsive. If, at that point, another management session is established and the CLI command kill is executed to end the initial, now unresponsive session, the new management session will become unresponsive as well, until all sessions are in use and unresponsive.
- **Enhancement (PR\_0000041022)** — Enhancement to AAA accounting. For more information, see “Accounting Services” on [page 145](#).
- **UDLD (PR\_0000043071)** - UDLD transmits a burst of packets when any port on the switch goes down (1 packet is sent for each port that goes down), falsely triggering a failure state.
- **Command Authorization (PR\_0000043525)** — HP-Command-String authorization does not work as expected.
- **PoE (PR\_0000045766)** — There are intermittent issues in the support of some pre-standard PoE phones; sometimes phones will boot and sometimes they don't. Grouping four or more phones together in consecutive ports may trigger this issue more often.
- **GVRP (PR\_0000012224)** — Changing the GVRP **unknown-vlan** state from 'block' to 'learn' and vice versa stops all GVRP advertisements from that interface until the interface is disabled and then re-enabled.
- **GVRP (PR\_0000040758)** — Switches do not use multiple GARP Information Propagation (GIP) contexts when the switch has been configured for MSTP operation; the same GIP context is used for all ports participating in GVRP. There should be multiple GIP contexts - one for each 'spanning-tree' (the IST and each of the MSTIs).
- **Enhancement (PR\_0000040783)** — This enhancement reduces the down time when unicast routing indicates a Candidate Rendezvous Point (C-RP) is not reachable. Upon detecting a C-RP has become unreachable, the Bootstrap Router (BSR) sends a new Bootstrap Message (BSM) with a zero holdtime for the unreachable C-RP. All devices in the PIM domain should then remove this C-RP from their RP-set.
- **Enhancement (PR\_0000041395)** — Debug capability for PIM packet events is added. The command syntax is as follows.

```
ProCurveSwitch# debug ip pim packet
hello
register
join-prune
bsr
dr
```

```
rp
<cr>
```

#### Examples:

```
ProCurveSwitch# debug ip pim packet join
```

This command would show all prunes, joins, grafts, and graft-acks that are sent and received on the switch.

```
ProCurveSwitch# debug ip pim packet hello vlan 3,4,7-16
```

This command would show all hello packets sent and received on vlans 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16.

```
ProCurveSwitch# debug ip pim packet
```

Engages all pim packet debugging.

```
ProCurveSwitch# debug ip pim
```

Engages all pim debugging.

IP PIM debug output may be filtered further by specifying a source IP address, VLAN and group. Use the CLI help for syntax details.

- **PIM (PR\_0000040412)** — When software is routing multicast packets, the packets are sent as CPU originated packets. As a result, features that rely on knowing the inbound source port (e.g. source port filtering) do not get applied.
- **PIM-SM (PR\_0000042163)** — Multicast traffic is lost for 20-30 seconds, approximately 5 minutes after a failed-over topology has recovered.
- **PIM (PR\_0000043798)** — PIM debug output has the wrong bits set for (\*,G) join-prune packets.
- **PIM-SM (PR\_0000045837)** — Following link failover and failback along the active data path, PIM-SM floods the UDP stream from the source to multiple RP's.
- **PIM-SM (PR\_0000041446)** — When a Bootstrap Router (BSR) receives a Candidate-RP Advertisement (C-RP-Adv) with a zero holdtime, it does not send a Bootstrap Message (BSM) with a zero holdtime; instead, it stops including the C-RP in subsequent bootstrap messages.
- **Multicast (PR\_0000041104)** — A software flaw was found which may have resulted in a variety of unexpected behaviors.
- **PIM-SM (PR\_0000012262)** — In a topology with a statically configured rendezvous point, a client's initial join will trigger receipt of the multicast stream. However, after leaving and re-joining the group, one of the following will happen.

- If the multicast stream address is still present in the client's local router's multicast routing table, there is a delay of up to a minute after the IGMP join before the client receives the stream
  - If the client's local router's multicast routing table has timed-out the multicast stream address, then the stream is never received by the client after it re-joins the group.
- **Crash (PR\_0000040241)** — The switch may reboot unexpectedly with a message similar to the following (message may vary).
- ```
Software exception at hwBp.c:156 -- in 'mBSRCtrl', task ID = 0x7f06db0 -> MemWatch  
Trigger: Offending task 'mPimsmCtrl'. Offending IP=0x845580
```
- **PIM-SM (PR_0000040618)** — When the last known neighbor on an interface times out, PIM-SM fails to remove the flows which have that interface as the Reverse Path Forward (RPF) to the source. This causes the multicast streams to stop, instead of moving to the Reverse Path Tree (RPT) if possible.
- **PIM-SM (PR_0000040621)** — When information about a multicast group with any source (*,G) is received for downstream interfaces, the outbound list is only modified if it is a new *,G; it needs to be about to modify the outbound list for existing groups as well.
- **PIM (PR_0000041887)** — When a PIM router is the elected Bootstrap Router (BSR), then fails a future BSR election, it keeps stale candidate Rendezvous Point (RP) information. If this device later becomes the elected BSR again, this stale information is then included in the BSM packets created by the BSR. This can cause long delays in failovers if the stale information includes RP's which are no longer reachable.
- **PIM-SM (PR_0000042433)** — When a multicast client joins and then leaves a multicast stream, there may be a delay of approximately 20 seconds before that client can join again.
- **PIM-SM (PR_0000040622)** — When a flow is on the Reverse Path Tree (RPT) PIM-SM fails to send joins towards the source as a part of the periodic join timer. This should happen when the unicast source, multicast group (S,G) is joined and the Reverse Path Forward (RPF) for the source and Rendezvous Point (RP) differ. This causes the flow to not move to the Shortest Path Tree (SPT).
- **Crash (PR_0000041540)** — The switch may reboot unexpectedly with a message similar to the following.
- ```
PPC DataStorage (Bus Error) in PimSmQA_TraceAndcheckSGs_SG...
```
- **PIM-SM (PR\_0000016110)** — When the DR\_Priority option is configured to a value of zero (default priority is 1), the option is no longer included in the hello message as it should be.
- **PIM (PR\_0000018504)** — When a multicast stream is flowing through a PIM network using a better path (as determined by the DR) than the one through the rendezvous point, PIM does not adjust the multicast stream properly (it stops flowing) when PIM gets disabled on a VLAN along the data path.

- **PIM-SM (PR\_0000042263)** — PIM may send RPT joins or prunes to itself when it is the rendezvous point.
- **PIM-SM (PR\_0000042654)** — PIM may send a join or prune to a device that it inappropriately sees as an upstream neighbor.
- **PIM-SM (PR\_0000043801)** — PIM is not sending compound (\*,G) Prune (S,G) for SG's not joined.
- **PIM-SM (PR\_0000040825)** — Candidate-Rendezvous Point Advertisement (C-RP-Adv) messages are still sent out after the Candidate RP source-VLAN is down. This results in other PIM routers in the domain continuing to send Register messages to the unavailable RP.
- **PIM-SM (PR\_0000042647)** — The PIM bootstrap router (BSR) has a memory leak when static rendezvous points are used.
- **Crash (PR\_0000043217)** — If a VLAN containing a candidate RP is deleted, the switch will reboot unexpectedly, recording a crash message similar to the following.  

```
Software exception at vls_util.c:133 -- in 'mBSRCtrl'
```
- **Crash (PR\_0000018180)** — The switch may reboot unexpectedly during PIM-SM configuration and display a message similar to the following.  

```
Software exception at pim_sm_ctrl.c:376 -- in 'mPimsmCtrl'
```
- **RADIUS (PR\_0000045092)** — The Radius A/V pair option, 'NAS-IP-Address' does not get populated when the Out of Band Management (OOBM) port is the source of the packet.

## Release K.14.45

The following problems were resolved in release K.14.45. (Not a public release)

- **SSH (PR\_0000014531)** - Rarely, after some period of time with normal SSH connectivity, the switch may become unresponsive to further SSH management.
- **Crash (PR\_0000046506)** - Execution of the CLI command **console local-terminal none** may cause the switch to reboot unexpectedly, logging a message similar to the following. Note that this problem was found and fixed on a special debug version of software; symptoms in released software, if any, may vary.  

```
Software exception at parser.c:2373 -- in 'mSess1', task ID = 0xa931000 -> ASSERT:
failed
```



## Release K.14.46

The following problems were resolved in release K.14.46.

- **Terminal Display (PR\_000008239)** — When a switch telnet session is opened from a Unix/Linux terminal, the line wrap of the terminal is not preserved after logout.
- **CLI (PR\_0000046982)** — When QinQ (Provider Bridging) is configured for mixed mode, the switch CLI does not allow port memberships to be moved from C-VLANs to S-VLANs; it returns the following error upon attempt.

```
<port>: Error moving ports between c-vlans and s-vlans.
```

- **TFTP (PR\_0000040441)** — When an attempt is made to download a configuration file from the TFTP server, there is an invalid error being logged if the config file does not exist on the TFTP server: tftp: RCVD error:0, msg:. Changes have been implemented so that the error message accurately indicates the cause of the file transfer failure.
- **Banner MOTD (PR\_0000042871)** — The message returned by the CLI in response to the **banner MOTD** configuration command erroneously states that a banner of up to 3071 characters is supported; the actual maximum number of characters is 3070.
- **RADIUS (PR\_0000046154)** - MAC Based Radius Sessions go unauthenticated even if cached reauth is enabled when Radius Server Groups are set
- **CLI Help (PR\_0000046320)**— AAA command in-line help lists the "cached-reauth" option even after it has already been typed into that command. For example:

```
ProCurve Switch 3500yl-48G(config)# aaa authentication port-access chap-radius
server-group pat cached-reauth ?

none Do not use backup authentication methods.
authorized Allow access without authentication.
cached-reauth Grant access in case of reauthentication retaining the current
session attributes.

<cr>
```

The "cached-reauth" option should not be displayed, since it has already been typed in the command line.

- **Crash (PR\_0000044298)** — When RADIUS accounting is enabled, entering a command with too many characters entered at the CLI will crash the switch and record an error similar to the following.

```
Access Violation - Restricted Memory
Exception number: 0xdead0000
HW Addr=0x00000000 IP=0x00002680 Task='mftTask' Task ID=0xa941c80
```

fp: 0x30442030 sp:0x042333b

- **CLI (PR\_0000045556)** — Mesh ports cannot be configured to mirror or monitor. For example, when issuing the CLI command `int mesh monitor`, the switch reports: Unknown port type.

## Release K.14.47

The following problems were resolved in release K.14.47. (Not a public release)

- **Enhancement (0000041472)** — VRRP Ping Virtual IP of Backup. For more information, see page [148](#).
- **Enhancement (0000038652)** — Unauthenticated VLAN Access (Guest VLAN Access). For more information, see page [154](#).
- **Enhancement (0000011015)** — Cached Re-authentication (Hold State if Radius Server Unavailable). For more information, see page [155](#).
- **PC Phone/Authentication (PR\_0000038652)** — When an IP phone is connected in tandem with a PC, the switch would not allow the PC user to be in an unauthenticated VLAN or authenticate using 802.1X, Web auth, or MAC authentication



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