# F-7C AND F-7E PROCESSOR GROUP INSTALLATION PLANNING GUIDE



## **Statement on EN55022 Compliance**

**WARNING**: This is a class A product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

## **Statement on Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Compliance**

**NOTE**: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his/her own expense. The user is cautioned that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the manufacturer could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

## **Statement on Compliance with Local Laws and Standards**

The equipment and the computer room must comply with local laws and standards. The user is required to take adequate measures so that the equipment and the computer room comply with applicable laws and standards before installing the equipment.

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## F7-GA-1C02 Third Edition (April 1999)

This edition obsoletes F7-GA-1C02 original edition. Although this second edition provides the latest information available, such information is subject to change without prior notice. The reader is responsible for maintaining up-to-date editions.

#### **Change Record**

Revision No.	Date	Description	Affected Pages
0	September 1998	Original edition	_
	October 1998	<ul> <li>Changes associated with addition of 31CD,</li> </ul>	II, IV, V, 1-1 thru 1-4, 2-1, 3-1, 3-3, 4-1, 4-2, 5-3, 6-1
2		<ul> <li>Additions and changes associated with introduction of F-7C Turbo Models.</li> <li>Correction to room air temperature and humidity requirements (deletion of specific conditions for CD).</li> <li>Addition of harmonic distortion on output power.</li> <li>Changes in external views of F-7C models.</li> <li>Editorial changes.</li> </ul>	All

(Continued on next page)

# Change Record (Cont.)

Revision No.	Date	Description	Affected Pages
3	April 1999	Third Edition	All
		<ul> <li>Additions and changes associated with introduction of F-7E Turbo Models.</li> <li>Additions and changes of Integrated Disk and Extended Frame.</li> </ul>	

# **PREFACE**

This document serves as a physical planning manual draft for the end users of the F-7C and F-7E Processor Group.

For the purpose of generating an end user's physical planning manual, the breakdown models given herein do not necessarily match the models defined for ordering in the OEM Sales Agreement. For example, models transparent to the end users are herein omitted, renamed, or treated as included in appropriate host features. Hitachi, Ltd. allows the OEM customers to reproduce, rewrite, modify and edit all or part of this document while retaining copyright and all rights associated with copyright.

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## Reference manuals

- IBM System/360 and System/370 I/O Interface Channel to Control Unit Original Equipment Manufacturer's Information (GA22-6974)
- Planning for Fiber Optic Channel Links (GA23-0367)
- IBM Enterprise Systems Architecture/390 ESCON I/O Interface Physical Layer (SA23-0394)

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AC, ac	alternate current	ETAF	External Timer
AC-DC	alternate current to direct		Attachment Feature
	current converter	Ex-1	Expansion Frame
AC CTL	AC controller	FBCH	Fibre Channel
ANSI	American National	FCC	Federal Communications
	Standard Institution		Commission
AP	Alternate Processor	FDDI	Fiber Distributed Data
APS	Assistant Power Source		Interface
BNC	bayonet lock type N	GND	ground
	connector	HFC	hydrofluorocarbon
BPU	Basic Processing Unit	HDM	High-Density Module
BTA	1,2,3-Benzotriazole	HVCNV	high voltage converter
CB	circuit breaker	IBM	International Business
CD	Console Device		Machines Corporation
CDU	Coolant Distribution Unit	IDK	Integrated Disk
CF	Coupling Facility	IEC	International
CFC	chlorofluorocarbon		Electrotechnical
CHP	Channel Processor		Commission
DAS	Dual Attachment Station	IEEE	Institute of Electrical &
DC	direct current		Electronic Engineers
DC-DC	direct current to direct	IntCF	Integrated Coupling
	current converter		Facility
DIF	Dual Input Feature	I/O	input/output (device)
DIN	Deutsche Institut fuer	IOP	Input Output Processor
	Normung	IP	Instruction Processor
DSP	Disk System Processor	ISCH2	Inter-System Coupling
EMC	electromagnetic		Channel 2
	compatibility	ISO	International Organization
EN	European Norm		for Standardization
ES	expanded storage	KS1	Key Storage 1
ESCD	ESCON Director	KS2	Key Storage 2
ESCH	Extended Serial Channel	KS2H	Key Storage 2H
<b>ESCON</b>	Enterprise Systems	KS3	Key Storage 3
	Connection	LAN	local area network

MB	megabyte(s)	PSTR8G	Processor Storage
Mbps	megabit(s) per second		Expansion 8G
MIC	media interface connector	PSTR8GE	Processor Storage
MS	main storage		Expansion 8GE
MVS	Multiple Virtual Storage	PSTRALT1	Processor Storage
NA	not applicable		Alternate 1
NEMA	National Electrical	PSTRALT1E	Processor Storage
	Manufacturers Association		Alternate 1E
OCF	Open Systems Connection	PSTRALT2	Processor Storage
	Feature		Alternate 2
OEM	original equipment	PSTRALT2E	Processor Storage
	manufacturer; original		Alternate 2E
	equipment manufacturing	PSTRALT3	Processor Storage
OSCH	Open Systems Connection		Alternate 3
	Channel	PSTRCTL1	Processor Storage Size
OSCH-E	Open Systems Connection		Controller 1
	Channel for Ethernet LAN	PSTRCTL2	Processor Storage Size
OSCH-FD	Open Systems Connection		Controller 2
	Channel for FDDI-DAS	PSTRCTL3	Processor Storage Size
	LAN		Controller 3
OSCH-FS	Open Systems Connection	RFU	Refrigeration Unit
	Channel for FDDI-SAS	RPC	Remote PCI Controller
	LAN	RS	RUSSELLSTOLL
PCH	Parallel Channel	SAS	Single Attachment Station
PCI	power control interface	SC	System Controller; station
PK	package		connector
PSTR	Processor Storage	SMT	System Management
PSTR2G	Processor Storage	SVP	Service Processor
	Expansion 2G	SWR	switching regulator
PSTR2GE	Processor Storage	Sysplex	System Complex
	Expansion 2GE	UL	Underwriters Laboratories
PSTR2GH	Processor Storage		Inc.
	Expansion 2GH	UPS	uninterruptible power
PSTR4G	Processor Storage		supply
	Expansion 4G		** *
PSTR4GE	Processor Storage		
	Expansion 4GE		
	*		

Note: Common abbreviations are excluded.

# A SAFETY SUMMARY

# 1. A General Safety Guidelines

Before starting your work, read the following instructions carefully:

- Any work including checkout and maintenance must be done only by trained and qualified personnel.
- Pay special attention to and follow all the hazard warnings on the machine and in the manual. Failure to do so can cause injury to yourself or damage to the machine.
- The hazard warnings which appear on the warning labels on the machine or in the manual have one of the alert headings consisting of an alert symbol and a signal word, DANGER, WARNING, or CAUTION as tabulated below. The signal word "NOTICE" is used to present warnings which are not directly related to personal injury hazards.
- If any physical accident such as abnormal noise, smell, smoke or falling down occurs on the processor complex while running, immediately power off the processor complex by pulling the UNIT EMERGENCY POWER OFF switch on the Processor Unit. See 2. below for details.
- Clearly identify each destination equipment of primary power sources with proper indication, e.g., a label on the switch on the power distribution panel or board.
- Do not perform any operation or action in any way other than as provided in this manual. When in doubt, call the designated field engineer.
- Keep in mind that the hazard warnings in this manual or on the machine cannot cover every possible case, as it is impossible to predict and evaluate all circumstances beforehand. Be alert and use your common sense.

# **A DANGER**

indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

# **A** WARNING

indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, can result in death or serious injury.

# **A** CAUTION

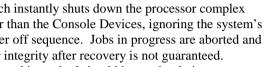
indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will or can result in minor or moderate injury, or serious damage of product.



The alert symbol shown left precedes every signal word for hazard warnings, and appears in safety related descriptions in the manual.

## 2. A UNIT EMERGENCY POWER OFF Switch

- For the purpose of powering off in an emergency, a UNIT EMERGENCY POWER OFF switch (illustrated right) is provided on the Processor Unit.
- In using the UNIT EMERGENCY POWER OFF switch, first pull it up and then pull it toward you as illustrated.
- Pulling the UNIT EMERGENCY POWER OFF switch instantly shuts down the processor complex other than the Console Devices, ignoring the system's power off sequence. Jobs in progress are aborted and their integrity after recovery is not guaranteed.





Hence, this method should be used only in an emergency.

- The UNIT EMERGENCY POWER OFF switch cannot turn off any I/O device.
- When pulled, the UNIT EMERGENCY POWER OFF switch locks itself to prevent further powering on and requires trained and qualified personnel for recovery. Contact the designated field engineer at once.

#### A SAFETY SUMMARY

# 3. A Hazard Warning Statements

The following are the hazard warning statements contained in this manual. No DANGER statement is contained in this manual.

# **▲** WARNING Statement

The power line has high voltage current. The input power supplied from the power distribution panel must be turned off before the input power cable is connected with the power line. Failure to do so can result in personal death or severe injury. After the input source is turned off, using a tester ensure that the supply power is shut off.

(section 3.5, page 3-4)

## **A** CAUTION Statements

Some floor treatment processes contain corrosive materials that can damage the system. Ensure that the waterproof sheet or the waterproof coating does not contain corrosive materials.

(section 4.4, page 4-4)

The internal-loop water contains toxic material (200 ppm BTA solution) that can cause harm to health and environment. Do not drink water, and do not waste water without proper treatment.

(section 4.5, page 4-5)

#### CHAPTER 1 CONFIGURATION AND EXTERNAL VIEW

#### 1.1 Processor Models

Depending on the physical implementation, the F-7C and F-7E Processor Group provides a total of 44 processor models as lined up in figure 1-1 and tables 1-1 through 1-4.

Depending on the purpose and the hardware implementation represented by the number of System Controllers (SCs), the F-7C Processor Group provides 1SC Base Models, 2SC Base Models, 2SC Turbo Models, 1SC CF Models, and 2SC CF Models.

The F-7E Processor Group further extends the said scalability with performance-boosted 2SC Turbo Models.

Each F-7C Base Model uses a three- or four-character model ID, where the first character shows the number of [regular] Instruction Processors (IPs), the second character shows the number of SCs, the third character identifies the processor series "C" (fixed), and the fourth character indicates degraded or full performance: D degraded, blank full. Similarly, each F-7C Turbo Model and each F-7E Turbo Model uses three- or four-character model ID, where the first character shows the number of [regular] IPs, the second character "2" (fixed) shows the number of SCs, the third character "C" or "E" identifies the processor series, and, where applicable, the fourth character "H" (fixed) indicates the processor module hardware type of boosted performance. For the F-7C CF Models, "0XC" is fixed to identify the CF Model, followed by three characters in parenthesis: the first character shows the number of Integrated Coupling Facility (IntCF) IPs, the second character shows the number of SCs, and the third character identifies the processor series "C" (fixed).

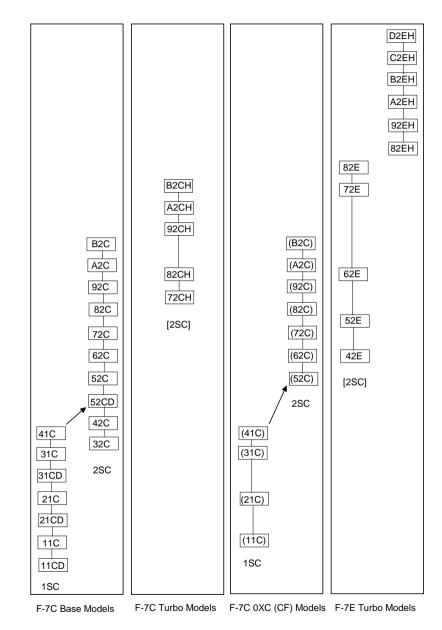


Figure 1-1 F-7C and F-7E Model Lineup

Table 1-1 Determination of F-7C Base Models

Model		No. of		No	o. of AP	5	HDM Type	
		[Regular] IPs	SCs	Total	IntCF	DSPs	Standby APs	
					IPs			
1SC	11CD	1	1	1	0–1	0–1	$\Delta$	HDM11C
Base				4*	0-4*	0-2*	$\Delta^{ullet}$	HDM41C
	11C	1	1	1	0–1	0–1	Δ	HDM11C
				4*	0-4*	0-2*	$\Delta^{ullet}$	HDM41C
	21CD	2	1	3	0–3	0–2	Δ	HDM41C
	21C	2	1	3	0–3	0–2	Δ	HDM41C
	31CD	3	1	2	0–2	0–2	Δ	HDM41C
	31C	3	1	2	0–2	0–2	Δ	HDM41C
	41C	4	1	1	0–1	0–1	Δ	HDM41C
2SC	32C	3	2	2	0–2	0–2	Δ	HDM42C
Base				5*	0–5*	0-2*	$\Delta^{ullet}$	HDM72C
				8*	0–8*	0-2*	$\Delta^{ullet}$	HDMA2C
	42C	4	2	1	0–1	0–1	Δ	HDM42C
				4*	0-4*	0-2*	$\Delta^{ullet}$	HDM72C
				7*	0–7*	0-2*	$\Delta^{ullet}$	HDMA2C
	52CD	5	2	3	0–3	0–2	Δ	HDM72C
				6*	0–6*	0–2*	$\Delta^{ullet}$	HDMA2C
	52C	5	2	3	0–3	0–2	$\Delta$	HDM72C
				6*	0–6*	0–2*	$\Delta^{ullet}$	HDMA2C
	62C	6	2	2	0–2	0–2	Δ	HDM72C
				5*	0–5*	0-2*	$\Delta^{ullet}$	HDMA2C
	72C	7	2	1	0–1	0–1	Δ	HDM72C
				4*	0-4*	0-2*	$\Delta^{ullet}$	HDMA2C
	82C	8	2	3	0–3	0–2	Δ	HDMA2C
	92C	9	2	2	0–2	0–2	Δ	HDMA2C
	A2C	10	2	1	0–1	0–1	Δ	HDMA2C
	B2C	11	2	0	0	NA	Δ	HDMA2C

 $<sup>\</sup>Delta$  Total minus IntCF IPs and DSPs. \* Optional configuration.

Table 1-2 Determination of F-7C Turbo Models

Model		No. of	No. of		No. of	HDM Type	
		[Regular] IPs	SCs	Total	IntCF IPs	Standby APs	
[2SC]	72CH	7	2	4	0–4	Δ	HDMA2CH
Turbo	82CH	8	2	3	0–3	Δ	HDMA2CH
	92CH	9	2	2	0–2	Δ	HDMA2CH
	A2CH	10	2	1	0–1	Δ	HDMA2CH
	B2CH	11	2	0	0	0	HDMA2CH

Δ Total minus IntCF IPs.

Table 1-3 Determination of F-7C CF Models

Model		No. of	No. of		No. of	HDM Type	
		[Regular] IPs	SCs	Total	IntCF IPs	Standby APs	
1SC	0XC (11C)	0	1	2	1	1	HDM11C
CF	0XC (21C)	0	1	5	2	3	HDM41C
	0XC (31C)	0	1	5	3	2	HDM41C
	0XC (41C)	0	1	5	4	1	HDM41C
2SC	0XC (52C)	0	2	8	5	3	HDM72C
CF	0XC (62C)	0	2	8	6	2	HDM72C
	0XC (72C)	0	2	8	7	1	HDM72C
	0XC (82C)	0	2	11	8	3	HDMA2C
	0XC (92C)	0	2	11	9	2	HDMA2C
	0XC (A2C)	0	2	11	10	1	HDMA2C
	0XC (B2C)	0	2	11	11	0	HDMA2C

Table 1-4 Determination of F-7E Turbo Models

Model		No. of	No. of		No. of APs			HDM Type
		[Regular] IPs	SCs	Total	IntCF	DSPs	Standby APs	·
					IPs			
[2SC]	42E	4	2	2	0–2	0–2	Δ	HDM52E
Turbo	52E	5	2	1	0–1	0–1	Δ	HDM52E
	62E	6	2	3	0–3	0–2	Δ	HDM82E
	72E	7	2	2	0–2	0–2	Δ	HDM82E
	82E	8	2	1	0–1	NA	Δ	HDM82E
	82EH	8	2	3	0–3	0–2	Δ	HDMA2EH
	92EH	9	2	2	0–2	0–2	Δ	HDMA2EH
	A2EH	10	2	1	0–1	0–1	Δ	HDMA2EH
	B2EH	11	2	2	0–2	0–2	Δ	HDMC2EH
	C2EH	12	2	1	0–1	0–1	Δ	HDMC2EH
	D2EH	13	2	0	0	NA	Δ	HDMC2EH

Δ Total minus IntCF IPs and DSPs.

# 1.2 Configurations

# 1.2.1 Major Host Features and Option Models

Table 1-5 shows major host features and option models of the F-7C and F-7E Processor Group. A target processor model is obtained by combining an appropriate selection of these features and models.

Table 1-5 Application of Major Host Features and Option Models

Frame or C	Component		C	Q'ty on F-			Q'ty on F-7E
		1SC	2SC	[2SC]	1SC CF	2SC CF	[2SC] Turbo
		Base	Base	Turbo			
Basic Fram	ie	1	1	1	1	1	1
BPU		1	1	1	1	1	1
IOP		1–2	1–2	1–2	1–2	1–2	1–2
SVP		1	1	1	1	1	1
Proce (optio	essor Storage n)	*	*	*	*	*	*
Chan	nels (option)	**	**	**	**	**	**
ETAF	(option)	0–1	0–1	0–1	NA	NA	0–1
Ex-1 (option	n)	0–1	0–1	0–1	0–1	0–1	0–1
IOP (	option)	0–2	0–2	0–2	0–2	0–2	0–2
Extended F	rame (option)	0–4	0–4	NA	NA	NA	0–4
IDK (d	option)	8–0	8–0	NA	NA	NA	0–8
CDU Frame	е	NA	NA	1	NA	NA	1
CD		1–3	1–3	1–3	1–3	1–3	1–3
RPC (option	n)	0–4	0–4	0–4	NA	NA	0–4

 <sup>\*</sup> See subsection 1.2.2 Processor Storage Configuration Details.
 \*\* See subsection 1.2.3 Channel Configuration Details.

# 1.2.2 Processor Storage Configuration Details

A target Processor Storage (PSTR) capacity is realized by combining an appropriate selection of PSTR-related models as shown in table 1-6 through table 1-8. The PSTR can be used entirely as main storage (MS), or partitioned into MS and expanded storage (ES). Selection is provided through the Console Device.

Table 1-6 Processor Storage Configuration on 1SC Models of F-7C

PSTR Ca	PSTR Capacity in MB Required Number of Breakdown Models											
Physical	Marketing*	PST	PST	PST	PST	PST	PST	PST	PST	PST	KS1	KS2
	_	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R		
		2G	4G	8G	CTL1	CTL2	CTL3	ALT1	ALT2	ALT3		
2048	256	1					1	1			1	
	512	1			1		1	1			1	
	768	1				1	1	1			1	
	1024	1			1	1	1	1			1	
	1280	1				2	1	1			1	
	1536	1			1	2	1	1			1	
	1792	1				3	1	1			1	
	2048	1			1	3	1	1			1	
4096	2304	2					1	1			1	
	2560	2			1		1	1			1	
	2816	2				1	1	1			1	
	3072	2			1	1	1	1			1	
	3584	2			1	2	1	1			1	
	4096	2			1	3	1	1			1	
6144†	4608	1	1		1		1		1		2	
	5120	1	1		1	1	1		1		2	
	5632	1	1		1	2	1		1		2	
	6144	1	1		1	3	1		1		2	
8192†	6656		2		1		1		1		2	
	7168		2		1	1	1		1		2	
	7680		2		1	2	1		1		2	
	8192		2		1	3	1		1		2	
12288††	10240		1	1	1	3				1	1	1
	12288		1	1	1	3	1			1	1	1
16384††	14336			2	1	3				1		2
	16384			2	1	3	1			1		2

<sup>\*</sup> Marketing PSTR capacities are calculated using the following formula: Physical capacities = Sum of the capacities of PSTR2G, PSTR4G, and PSTR8G Enabled capacities = Enable capacities of PSTRCTL1 (256MB), PSTRCTL2 (512MB), or PSTRCTL3 (2048MB)

Table 1-7 Processor Storage Configuration on 2SC Models of F-7C

PSTR Ca	pacity in MB	B Required Number of Breakdown Models										
Physical	Marketing*	PSTR	PSTR PST PST PST PST PST PST PST K									KS3
			R	R	R					R		
		2G/	4G	8G	CTL1	CTL2	CTL3	ALT1	ALT2	ALT3		
		2GH**										
4096	256	2						2			2	
	512	2			1			2			2	
	768	2				1		2			2	
	1024	2			1	1		2			2	
	1280	2				2		2			2	
	1536	2			1	2		2			2	
	1792	2				3		2			2	
	2048	2			1	3		2			2	
	2304	2					1	2			2	
	2560	2			1		1	2			2	
	2816	2				1	1	2			2	
	3072	2			1	1	1	2			2	
	3584	2			1	2	1	2			2	
	4096	2			1	3	1	2			2	
8192	4608	4			1			2			2	
	5120	4			1	1		2			2	
	5632	4			1	2		2			2	
	6144	4			1	3		2			2	
	6656	4			1		1	2			2	
	7168	4			1	1	1	2			2	
	7680	4			1	2	1	2			2	
	8192	4			1	3	1	2			2	
12288†	10240	2	2		1	3			2		4	
	12288	2	2		1	3	1		2		4	
16384†	14336		4		1	3			2		4	
	16384		4		1	3	1		2		4	
24576††	24576		2	2	1	3	1			2		4
32768††	32768			4	1	3	1			2		4

<sup>\*</sup> Marketing PSTR capacities are calculated using the following formula: Physical capacities = Sum of the capacities of PSTR2G/PSTR2GH, PSTR4G, and PSTR8G

Marketing PSTR capacities = Physical capacities - 3840MB + Enabled capacities

<sup>†</sup> Available from 12/98 shipment.

<sup>††</sup> Available from CY1H99 shipment.

Enabled capacities = Enable capacities of PSTRCTL1 (256MB), PSTRCTL2 (512MB), or PSTRCTL3 (2048MB)

Marketing PSTR capacities = Physical capacities - 3840MB + Enabled capacities

\*\* PSTR2G for F-7C Base Models and F-7C CF Models, PSTR2GH for F-7C Turbo Models.

<sup>†</sup> Available from 12/98 shipment.

<sup>††</sup> Available from CY1H99 shipment.

Table 1-8 Processor Storage Configuration on F-7E

PSTR Ca	pacity in MB			Req					wn Mo			
Physical	Marketing*	PSTR						PSTR	PSTR			KS3
			R	R	R	R	R			R	Η	
		2GE	4GE	8GE	CTL1	CTL2	CTL3		ALT2	ALT3		
								E	E			
4096	256	2						2			2	
	512	2			1			2			2	
	768	2				1		2			2	
	1024	2			1	1		2			2	
	1280	2				2		2			2	
	1536	2			1	2		2			2	
	1792	2				3		2			2	
	2048	2			1	3		2			2	
	2304	2					1	2			2	
	2560	2			1		1	2			2	
	2816	2				1	1	2			2	
•	3072	2			1	1	1	2			2	
	3584	2			1	2	1	2			2	
	4096	2			1	3	1	2			2	
8192	4608	4			1			2			2	
	5120	4			1	1		2			2	
•	5632	4			1	2		2			2	
•	6144	4			1	3		2			2	
•	6656	4			1		1	2			2	
•	7168	4			1	1	1	2			2	
•	7680	4			1	2	1	2			2	
-	8192	4			1	3	1	2			2	
12288	10240	2	2		1	3			2		4	
•	12288	2	2		1	3	1		2		4	
16384	14336		4		1	3			2		4	
	16384		4		1	3	1		2		4	
24576	24576		2	2	1	3	1			2		4
32768	32768			4	1	3	1			2		4

<sup>\*</sup> Marketing PSTR capacities are calculated using the following formula: Physical capacities = Sum of the capacities of PSTR2GE, PSTR4GE, and PSTR8GE Enabled capacities = Enable capacities of PSTRCTL1 (256MB), PSTRCTL2 (512MB), or PSTRCTL3 (2048MB)

Marketing PSTR capacities = Physical capacities - 3840MB + Enabled capacities

# 1.2.3 Channel Configuration Details

No channel is included in Basic Frame or Ex-1 of the F-7C and F-7E Processor Group as standard. Table 1-9 shows the number of channels available depending on the physical frame configuration, where every increment denotes one CH-PK and each IOP accommodates 16 CH-PKs. Figure 1-2 shows installation recommendation for parallel channels.

Processor	Channel Type	No.	of Channels M	in–Max [Increr	ment]
Model	, ,	Basic Frame,	Basic Frame,	Basic Frame	Basic Frame
		1 IOP	2 IOPs	+ Ex-1,	+ Ex-1,
				3 IOPs	4 IOPs
Base	Parallel	0-32* [4]	0-64* [4]	0-96* [4]	0–96 [4]
Model	Recommended	0-24 [4]	0–48 [4]	0-72 [4]	0-96 [4]
and Turbo	ESCH	0-64 [4]	0-128 [4]	0-192 [4]	0-256 [4]
Model	ISCH2	0–12 [2]	0-24 [2]	0-32 [2]	0-32 [2]
	OSCH-E/FD/FS	0–12 [1]	0–12 [1]	0–12 [1]	0–12 [1]
	FBCH	0–16 [2]	0–16 [2]	0–16 [2]	0–16 [2]
	Total	8–64	8–128	8-192	8-256
CF Model	ISCH2	2–16 [2]	2-32 [2]	2-32 [2]	2-32 [2]

Table 1-9 Channel Configuration on F-7C and F-7E

<sup>\*</sup> When this maximum number of parallel channels (8 CH-PKs per IOP) are installed, the resulting I/O connector layout blocks the field engineer's concurrent maintenance services. To avoid such situations, it is recommended not to let more than two parallel CH-PKs neighbor each other as shown in figure 1-2.

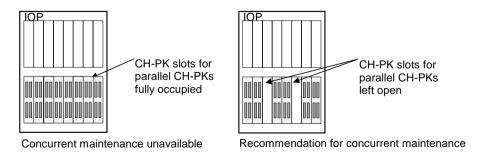
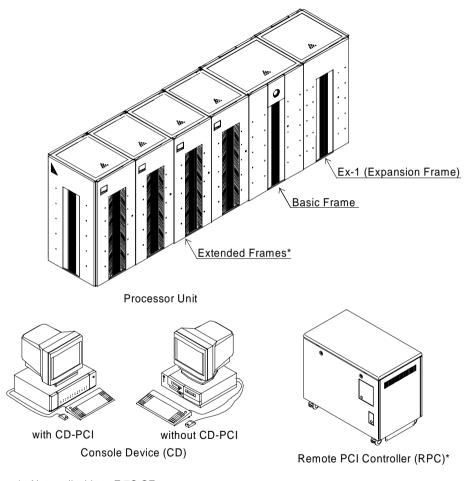


Figure 1-2 Installation Recommendation for Parallel Channels

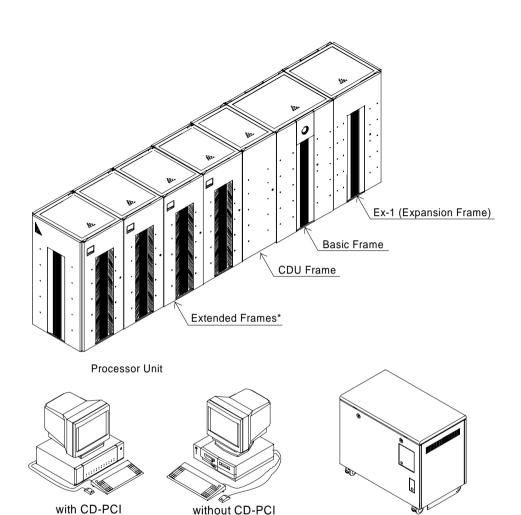
#### 1.3 External View and Frame Identifications

Figures 1-3 and 1-4 illustrate the external views and frame identifications of the F-7C and F-7E Processor Group.



<sup>\*</sup> Not applicable to F-7C CF.

Figure 1-3 External View and Frame Identifications of F-7C Base and F-7C CF



<sup>\*</sup> Not applicable to F-7C Turbo.

Console Device (CD)

Figure 1-4 External View and Frame Identifications of F-7C Turbo and F-7E Turbo

Remote PCI Controller (RPC)

# **CHAPTER 2 ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS**

## 2.1 Room Air Temperature and Humidity

The room air surrounding the F-7C and F-7E processor complexes must meet the temperature and humidity requirements defined in table 2-1. For the underfloor air requirements, see chapter 4.

Table 2-1 Room Air Temperature and Humidity Requirements

Item		Ins	stalled	Shipped
		Operating*	Non-Operating	
Temperature °C (°F)	Range	16–32	4–43	4-43
. , ,		(60–90)	(40-110)	(40-110)
	Recommended	21–28	-	_
		(70-82)		
Max. Wet Bulb Tempe	erature °C (°F)	23 (76)	27 (80)	27 (80)
Relative Humidity %	Range	20–80	8–90	8–90
	Recommended	45–55	ı	_

<sup>\*</sup> When the CD is not equipped with the PCI capability (model name: CD-PCI), the Service Processor (SVP) in Basic Frame remains powered as long as the corresponding circuit breaker on the customer's power distribution panel is turned on. Therefore, the room air temperature and humidity conditions under the "Operating" environment apply while the corresponding circuit breaker on the customer's power distribution panel is turned on, even though the machine appears to be non-operating.

# 2.2 Physical Shock

Table 2-2 specifies the physical shock limits for the F-7C and F-7E Processor Group.

**Table 2-2 Physical Shock Limits** 

Condition		Maximum Shock m/s² (G)					
		Con	tinuous	Momentary			
Installed	Operating	2.45	(0.25)	2.45	(0.25)		
	Non-Operating	2.45	(0.25)	2.45	(0.25)		
Shipped/handled		2.45	(0.25)	29.4	(3.0)		

#### 2.3 Acoustic Noise

Table 2-3 provides acoustic noise emission levels by the processor unit configuration of the F-7C and F-7E Processor Group.

Table 2-3 Acoustic Noise Emission Levels

Processor	Processor Unit	<lpa>r</lpa>	n (dB)	LwAd (dB)		
Model	Configuration	Operating	Idling	Operating	Idling	
Base or	Basic Frame	57.7	57.7	77.5	77.5	
CF	Basic Frame + Ex-1	57.8	57.8	78.9	78.9	
Turbo	Basic Frame + CDU	57.7	57.7	77.5	77.5	
	Basic Frame + CDU+ Ex-1	57.8	57.8	78.9	78.9	

#### Legend:

- <LpA>m: Mean value of A-weighted sound pressure levels at one-meter (bystander) positions for a random sample of machines.
- LwAd: Declared (upper limit) sound power level for a random sample of machines.

# 2.4 Electromagnetic Interference

The F-7C and F-7E Processor Group has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to EN55022 and Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Thus, every F-7C and F-7E processor complex provides reasonable protection against harmful interference when the processor complex is operated in a commercial or industrial area.

## 2.5 Electromagnetic Immunity

The electromagnetic immunity of the F-7C and F-7E processor complexes to external sources such as peripheral devices, cordless phones, cellular phones, commercial broadcasting radio frequencies, industrial heaters and arc welding equipment has been tested and found to comply with the EN50082-1 *Electromagnetic Compatibility—Generic Immunity Standard Part 1. Residential, Commercial and Light Industry.* Compliance with the said standard guarantees immunity in moderate electromagnetic radiation environment (a typical commercial environment). Low power portable transceivers (typically less than 1 W rating) are in use, but with restrictions on use in close proximity to the equipment.

Along with the recent popularization of communication equipment such as cordless phones, cellular phones and transceivers, troubles with electromagnetic radiation from such equipment are also increasing. Use of such equipment in close proximity to the F-7C and F-7E processor complexes should be avoided, especially when any door or panel of the processor complex is opened. In order to prevent an unintended trouble, use of the said equipment within 2 meters (6.5 feet) of the surface of the F-7C and F-7E processor complexes should be prohibited. The user is recommended, for example, to register an itemized list of allowable communication equipment based on measurement, and prohibit the use of any unregistered equipment in the computer room.

Reference only information regarding use of portable transceivers (walkie-talkies) in the computer room is available in Annex A of IEC1000-4-3 *Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)—Part 4. Testing and Measurement Techniques—Section 3. Radiated, Radio-Frequency, Electromagnetic Field Immunity Test.* 

# **CHAPTER 3 POWER REQUIREMENTS**

# 3.1 Power Consumption

Power consumptions of individual features and option models and those for typical configurations are shown in table 3-1 and table 3-2 respectively. To reach a total power consumption for any given configuration, calculate the relevant numbers for the individual features and models in the configuration. Note that these figures are rated at maximum, and hence actual measurements may show smaller values.

Table 3-1 Power Consumptions of Individual Features and Models

Feature or Mod	del				Power Consumption (VA)
Basic Frame	Basic	Basic F	rame		551
with standard	consumption	Standa	rd IOP	(2 CHP)	211
IOP (2 CHPs)		SVP			247
and SVP	Additional	F-7C	1SC	BPU PK	123
	consumption			HDM11C	395
	by HDM type			HDM41C	557
			2SC	BPU PK	196
				HDM42C	780
				HDM72C	943
			HDMA2C		1106
				HDMA2CH	1296
		F-7E	BPU	42E-82E	205
			PK	82EH– D2EH	222
İ			HDM5	2E	1214
			HDM8	32E	1438
			HDMA	A2EH	1789
			HDMC	C2EH	1960
Ex-1 (Expansion	n Frame)				346
CDU					3200
Extended Fram	ie			·	0
IDK					2600

(Continued on next column)

Table 3-1 Power Consumptions of Individual Features and Models (Cont.)

Feature or Model				Power Consumption (VA)
PSTR (MB)	F-7C	1SC	256-2048	158
, ,			2304-4096	290
			4608-8192	292
			10240-12288	295
			14336-16384	298
		2SC	256-4096	321
			4608-8192	585
			10240-16384	596
			24576-32768	617
	F-7E	256-4	096	260
		4608-	-8192	474
		10240	<del>-16384</del>	474
		24576	32768	474
Optional IOP (2 CHI	Ps)			211
Channels	PCH (4 c	hannels	s)	65
	ESCH (4	channe	els)	53
	ISCH2 (2	channe	els)	53
	OSCH-E	(1 chan	inel)	43
	OSCH-FI	) (1 cha	annel)	45
	OSCH-FS	3 (1 cha	annel)	45
	FBCH (2	channe	els)	53
ETAF		•	•	50
CD		•	•	200
RPC		•	•	60

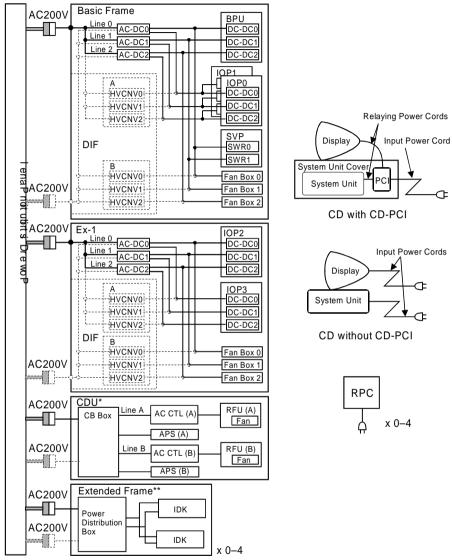
Table 3-2 Power Consumptions in Typical Configurations of F-7C and F-7E

Proce	essor M	lodel	HDM	Ad	ditions t	o Minin	num C	onfigura	ation*	Total
			Type	Ex-1	PSTR	IOP	No.	of Cha	nnels	kVA
					(MB)	(opt.)	PCH	<b>ESCH</b>	ISCH2	
F-7C	1SC	11CD or 11C	11C	0	1024	1	16	48	0	3.00
	Base		41C	0	2048	1	16	80	0	3.58
		21CD-41C	41C	0	2048	1	16	80	0	3.58
	2SC	32C or 42C	42C	1	4096	2	16	112	0	5.02
	Base		72C	1	4096	2	16	112	0	5.18
			A2C	1	8192	3	16	224	0	7.30
		52CD-72C	72C	1	4096	2	16	112	0	5.18
			A2C	1	8192	3	16	224	0	7.30
		82C-B2C	A2C	1	8192	3	16	224	0	7.30
	[2SC] Turbo	72CH-B2CH	A2CH	1	8192	3	16	224	0	10.69
	1SC	0XC (11C)	11C	0	1024	0	0	0	8	2.10
	CF	0XC (21C-41C)	41C	0	2048	0	0	0	16	2.48
	2SC	0XC (52C-72C)	72C	0	4096	1	0	0	24	3.52
	CF	0XC (82C-B2C)	A2C	0	8192	1	0	0	32	4.16
F-7E	Turbo	42E or 52E	52E	1	8192	6	4	56	0	9.61
		62E-82E	82E	1	8192	6	4	56	0	9.84
		82EH-A2EH	A2EH	1	8192	6	4	56	0	10.21
		B2EH-D2EH	C2EH	1	8192	6	4	56	0	10.38

<sup>\*</sup> In addition to an applicable type of HDM, the minimum configuration of each processor model consists of one Basic Frame with standard IOP and SVP, no Ex-1, no PSTR, no Extended Frame, no IDK, no optional IOP, no channel, no ETAF, one CD, no RPC, and, for Turbo, one CDU.

# 3.2 Power Feeding

Figure 3-1 illustrates power feeding of the F-7C and F-7E Processor Group.



<sup>■</sup> Customer responsibility. \* Applicable to F-7C Tu

Figure 3-1 Power Feeding of F-7C and F-7E

<sup>\*</sup> Applicable to F-7C Turbo and F-7E Turbo Models only.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Applicable to F-7C Base and F-7E Turbo Models only.

# 3.3 Input Voltage and Frequency

Table 3-3 shows the input voltage and frequency specifications for the F-7C and F-7E Processor Group.

Table 3-3 Input Voltage and Frequency Specifications

Input to	Input Voltage V ac 50/60 Hz	Conditions	Tolerance
Basic Frame	200-240	1 phase, 2 wire, 1 ground	+6%, -8%
Ex-1	200-240	1 phase, 2 wire, 1 ground	+6%, -8%
CDU*	200-240	1 phase, 2 wire, 1 ground	+6%, -8%
Extended Frame**	200-240	1 phase, 2 wire, 1 ground	+6%, -8%
System Unit of CD	100–120 or 200–240	1 phase, 2 wire, 1 ground	+6%, -8%
Display of CD***	100–120 or 200–240	1 phase, 2 wire, 1 ground	+6%, -8%
RPC	100–120 or 200–240	1 phase, 2 wire, 1 ground	+6%, -8%

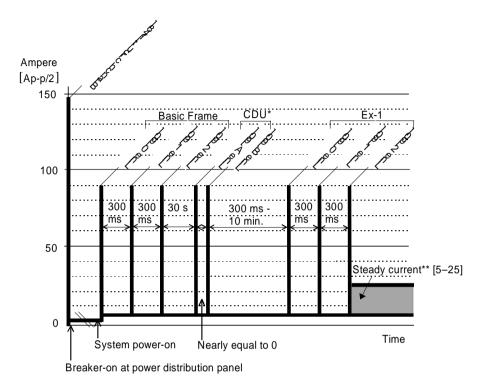
<sup>\*</sup> Applicable to F-7C Turbo and F-7E Turbo Models only.

Note: All the 50 Hz and 60 Hz input voltages to Basic Frame, Ex-1, CDU, Extended Frame, CD, and RPC are approved by UL. These units also carry CE-MARK.

## 3.4 Input Power Tolerance

The input power must meet the following tolerances:

- Both 50 and 60 Hz input frequencies have the tolerances of plus 0.5 Hz and minus 0.5 Hz.
- A transient voltage must return to within a steady-state tolerance within plus 15% and minus 18 % of the nominal rated voltage within 0.5 second.
- Non-operating harmonic contents must not exceed 5%.
- The startup rush currents present during power on of the processor complex must be taken into account when preparing branch circuit and power protection system in the customer's facility. Figure 3-2 illustrates the inrush current time delay. Wave forms will slightly vary depending on the input voltage. Extended Frames have no impact on the inrrush current time delay.



- \* Applicable only to Turbo Models.
- \*\* Steady current varies with system configuration and input voltage.

Figure 3-2 Inrush Current Time Delay

<sup>\*\*</sup> Applicable to F-7C Base and F-7E Turbo Models only.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Applicable when CD is not equipped with CD-PCI.

## 3.5 Input Power Cable Connection

#### 3.5.1 Processor Unit Frames

Basic Frame, Ex-1 (Expansion Frame), CDU (Coolant Distribution Unit), and Extended Frame of the F-7C and F-7E Processor Group as applicable provide either of two types of input power cables. One is with an IEC-type connector and the other is with an RUSSELLSTOLL-type (RS-type) connector. Each customer must procure an appropriate power cable with a mating receptacle to complete the power line to the power distribution panel. See table 3-4.



The power line has high voltage current. The input power supplied from the power distribution panel must be turned off before the input power cable is connected with the power line. Failure to do so can result in personal death or severe injury. After the input source is turned off, using a tester ensure that the supply power is shut off.

Table 3-4 Input Power Plug and Receptacle for Processor Unit Frames

Plug	Length of	Terminal	Plug Face	Plug Attached to Input	Mating Receptacle
Type	Input Power	Wires		Power Cable	(Customer
	Cable with				Responsibilities)
	Plug				
IEC	4 meters	3 x	Neutral Line	Approved by IEC 309,	Approved by IEC 309,
		10AWG	100	32A 240VAC	32A 240VAC
RS	4 meters	3 x	(3 b)	Industrial Electrical	Industrial Electrical
		10AWG		Products, Russellstoll.	Products, Russellstoll.
				Type FS, No. 3750.	Type FS, No. 3933.

#### 3.5.2 CD and RPC

Table 3-5 shows the input power plugs and receptacles for the CD and the RPC.

Table 3-5 Input Power Plug and Receptacle for CD and RPC

Application	Length of	Terminal	Plug Face	Plug Attached	Mating
	Input Power	Wires		to Input Power	Receptacle
	Cable with			Cable	(Customer
	Plug				Responsibilities)
CD and RPC	4.3 meters	3 x	2	5-15P*	5-15R*
for 100-120		18AWG	$\frac{2}{G}$	(125 V, 10 A)	(125 V, 10 A)
V input					
-			1/		
CD and RPC	4.3 meters	CENELEC		VM0309B**	VM0310B**
for 200-240		OC 3 x	( ( ( ) )	250 V, 10 A	250 V, 10 A
V input		1.0 mm <sup>2</sup>	¦⊚ĕ⊚þ		
			$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$		
			<u></u>		

Plug or receptacle of NEMA (National Electrical Manufacturers Association) standard or equivalent.

# 3.5.3 Special Note on Dual Input Power Connection

The input voltage of each power line to the CDU frame receiving two input powers must be fixed to the same value within the specified range of 200–240 V. A voltage difference between the two input powers to the CDU frame will cause the same frame to be damaged. On the other hand, a frequency difference between the two input powers to the CDU frame is acceptable.

This special note is applicable only to the CDU frame of the F-7C Turbo and F-7E Turbo Models.

<sup>\*\*</sup> In compliance with EN60320; where a mating receptacle is not available, a conversion plug in compliance with the local standards must be procured by the customer.

# 3.6 Guide to Primary Power Protection

An appropriate primary power protector must be installed on each branch circuit in compliance with rated input current to each equipment as shown in table 3-6.

**Table 3-6 Primary Power Protector Rating** 

Primary-Power	Input Voltage V ac	Recommended Primary-Power
Supplied Unit	50/60 Hz	Protector Rating in Amperes*
Basic Frame	200–240	30
Ex-1	200–240	30
CDU**	200–240	30
Extended Frame***	200–240	30
System Unit of CD	100-120 or 200-240	15
Display of CD****	100-120 or 200-240	15
RPC	100-120 or 200-240	15

\* Calculate input current in amperes using the formula below and procure an appropriate protector in accordance with applicable laws and standards.

Input current (A) = 
$$\frac{\text{kVA x 1000}}{\text{V}}$$

- kVA: Total power consumption in target configuration except CD and RPC.
   Recommended to include margin for future increase.
- · V: Input voltage.
- \*\* Applicable only to F-7C Turbo and F-7E Turbo Models.
- \*\*\* Applicable only to F-7C Base and F-7E Turbo Models.
- \*\*\*\* Applicable when CD is not equipped with CD-PCI.

#### 3.7 Convenience Outlet

No convenience outlet is provided in any model of the F-7C and F-7E Processor Group.

# 3.8 Harmonic Distortion on Output Power

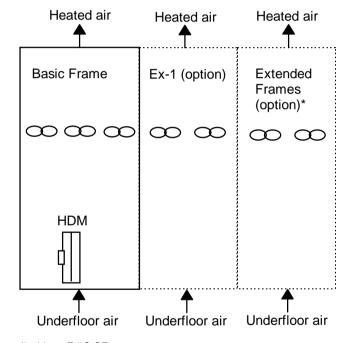
Harmonic distortion on the output power is discussed in appendix A.

# **CHAPTER 4 COOLING REQUIREMENTS**

## 4.1 Cooling Method

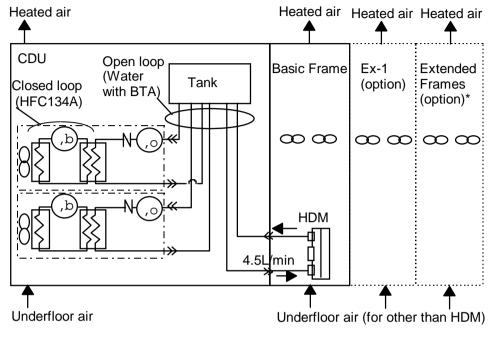
The F-7C Base Models and CF Models use air-cooling technology only. The F-7C Turbo Models and the F-7E Turbo Models use water for cooling on the HDM and air for cooling on the other components.

Figures 4-1 and 4-2 illustrate the cooling schematics of the F-7C and F-7E Processor Group.



\* Not applicable to F-7C CF.

Figure 4-1 Cooling of F-7C Base and F-7C CF



P: Pump

C: Compressor

\_\_\_ Refrigeration Unit

\* Not applicable to F-7C Turbo.

Figure 4-2 Cooling of F-7C Turbo and F-7E Turbo

# 4.2 Heat Dissipation

Heat dissipations of individual features and option models and those for typical configurations are shown in table 4-1 and table 4-2, respectively. To reach a total heat dissipation for any given configuration, calculate the relevant numbers for the individual features and option models in the configuration. Note that these figures are rated at maximum, and hence actual measurements may show smaller values.

Table 4-1 Heat Dissipations of Individual Features and Models

Feature or Mod	del				Heat Dissipation (W)
Basic Frame	Basic	Basic F	rame		523
with standard	dissipation	Standa	rd IOP	(2 CHP)	201
IOP (2 CHPs)		SVP		,	235
and SVP	Additional	F-7C	1SC	BPU PK	117
	dissipation			HDM11C	375
	by HDM type			HDM41C	529
			2SC	BPU PK	186
				HDM42C	742
				HDM72C	896
				HDMA2C	1051
				HDMA2CH	1231*
		F-7E	BPU	42E-82E	195
			PK	82EH-	211
				D2EH	
			HDM5	2E	1153*
			HDM8	32E	1366*
			HDM/		1700*
			HDMC	C2EH	1862*
Ex-1 (Expansion	n Frame)				329
CDU			2720		
Extended Fram	ne				0
IDK					2600

(Continued on next column)

Table 4-1 Heat Dissipations of Individual Features and Models (Cont.)

Feature or Model				Heat Dissipation (W)
PSTR (MB)	F-7C	1SC	256-2048	150
			2304-4096	275
			4608-8192	278
			10240-12288	281
			14336-16384	283
		2SC	256-4096	305
			4608-8192	556
			10240-16384	556
			24576-32768	586
	F-7E	256-4	096	247
		4608-	8192	450
		10240	-16384	450
		24576	-32768	450
Optional IOP (2 CHF	Ps)			201
Channels	PCH (4 c	hannels	s)	62
	ESCH (4	channe	els)	50
	CHPs) PCH (4 char ESCH (4 ch ISCH2 (2 ch OSCH-E (1	channe	els)	51
	OSCH-E	(1 chan	inel)	41
	OSCH-F	) (1 cha	annel)	43
	OSCH-FS	3 (1 cha	nnel)	43
	FBCH (2	channe	els)	50
ETAF				50
CD				40
RPC	•			40

 $<sup>^{\</sup>ast}~$  Of the output heat, 600 W dissipates to internal-loop water and finally goes to air at the CDU.

Table 4-2 Heat Dissipations of F-7C and F-7E in Typical Configurations

Proce	essor M	Indel	HDM	Additions to Minimum Configuration*					Total	
1 1000	Tredesser Weder			Ex-1	PSTR	IOP				kW
			Type   Ex-1   PSTR   IOP   No. of Channels   (MB)   (opt.)   PCH   ESCH   ISCH2							
F 70	100	11CD == 11C	110	_		(0)				
F-7C		11CD or 11C	11C	0	1024	1	16	48	0	2.80
	Base		41C	0	2048	1	16	80	0	3.36
		21CD-41C	41C	0	2048	1	16	80	0	3.36
	2SC	32C or 42C	42C	1	4096	2	16	112	0	4.73
	Base		72C	1	4096	2	16	112	0	4.88
			A2C	1	8192	3	16	224	0	6.89
		52CD-72C	72C	1	4096	2	16	112	0	4.88
			A2C	1	8192	3	16	224	0	6.89
		82C-B2C	A2C	1	8192	3	16	224	0	6.89
	[2SC]	72CH-B2CH	A2CH	1	8192	3	16	224	0	9.79
	Turbo									
	1SC	0XC (11C)	11C	0	1024	0	0	0	8	1.95
	CF	0XC (21C-41C)	41C	0	2048	0	0	0	16	2.31
	2SC	0XC (52C-72C)	72C	0	4096	1	0	0	24	3.31
	CF	0XC (82C-B2C)	A2C	0	8192	1	0	0	32	3.92
F-7E	Turbo	42E or 52E	52E	1	8192	6	4	56	0	8.73
		62E-82E	82E	1	8192	6	4	56	0	8.94
		82EH-A2EH	A2EH	1	8192	6	4	56	0	9.29
		B2EH-D2EH	C2EH	1	8192	6	4	56	0	9.45

<sup>\*</sup> In addition to an applicable type of HDM, the minimum configuration of each processor model consists of one Basic Frame with standard IOP and SVP, no Ex-1, no PSTR, no Extended Frame, no IDK, no optional IOP, no channel, no ETAF, one CD, no RPC, and, for Turbo, one CDU.

#### 4.3 Underfloor Air and Internal Airflow

The Processor Unit of each F-7C or F-7E processor model requires underfloor air cooling. Be sure that the heated air at the top of the Processor Unit meets environmental specifications given in chapter 2. The air at the floor intakes must have a positive pressure and meet the requirements given in table 4-3. For altitudes from 900 to 2100 meters (3000 to 7000 feet), decrease the maximum and minimum air temperatures by 2 °C for each 300-meter (1000-foot) elevation. Table 4-4 shows the internal airflow requirements. Floor cutouts to secure this airflow (with the exception of the CD that does not require underfoor air) are illustrated in chapter 5.

**Table 4-3 Underfloor Air Requirements** 

Item	Requirements					
	F-7C Base and F-7C CF	F-7C Turbo	F-7E Turbo			
Temperature °C (°F)	16-32 (60-90)	16-22 (60-71)	16-22 (60-72)			
Humidity %	20-80	60–75	60-75			
Pressure	0-900 meters (0-3000 feet) altitude equivalent					

**Table 4-4 Internal Airflow Requirements** 

Processor F	rame or Unit	Total Internal Airflow m <sup>3</sup> /min at 50 or 60 H		
Basic Frame		36		
Ex-1		24		
CDU*	F-7C	9		
	F-7E	10		
CD		0.6		
Extended Fra	ame**	14		

<sup>\*</sup> Applicable only to Turbo Models.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Applicable only to F-7C Base and F-7E Turbo Models.

# 4.4 Cooling Recommendations (Turbo Models Only)

The CDU circulates internal-loop water to/from the Basic Frame. Customer water leakage or system water leakage could occur during normal operation (including maintenance), or in an unpredictable accident or natural disaster. For prevention of water damage, it is recommended that the customer prepare underfloor waterproofing and water leakage detection prior to the system installation.

## 4.4.1 Underfloor Waterproofing

It is recommended that the system underfloor be adequately waterproofed before system installation. Use of waterproof sheet or waterproof coating is acceptable.



Some floor treatment processes contain corrosive materials that can damage the system. Ensure that the waterproof sheet or the waterproof coating does not contain corrosive materials.

In addition, it is recommended that a barrier to hold back water be constructed surrounding the waterproofed floor. Figure 4-3 illustrates recommended waterproofing schematics.

# 4.4.2 Water Leakage Detection

During site preparation, it is recommended that the customer install the following devices to detect initial water leakage:

- Water leakage sensing tape or detectors
- Water leakage sensing monitor

Figure 4-3 illustrates recommended water leakage sensing tape and water leakage sensing monitor.

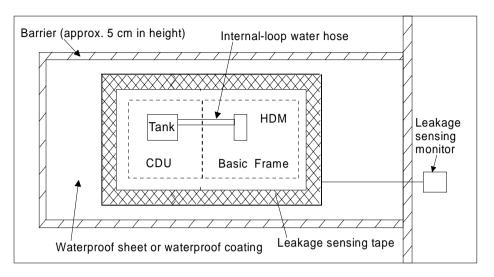


Figure 4-3 Underfloor Waterproofing Schematics for Turbo Models

## 4.5 Requirements for Coolant (Turbo Models Only)

# 4.5.1 Refrigerant

Table 4-5 shows requirements for the refrigerant which is factory-filled and should be treated in accordance with local laws and regulations.

Table 4-5 Refrigerant Requirements for Turbo Models

Item		Requirements
Material		R134a [HFC134A] (CFC alternative)
Amount	F-7C Turbo	250 g per RFU (500 g per CDU)
	F-7E Turbo	665 g per RFU (1330 g per CDU)
Max. pressure i	n ordinary use	14 kg/cm <sup>2</sup>

# 4.5.2 Internal-Loop Water

Table 4-6 shows requirements for the internal-loop water which should be filled, refilled and disposed by the OEM customer. In the internal-loop water, addition of corrosion inhibitor is mandatory to prevent possible HDM corrosion with high flow rate and large flow quantity.



The internal-loop water contains toxic material (200 ppm BTA solution) that can cause harm to health and environment. Do not drink water, and do not waste water without proper treatment.

Table 4-6 Internal-Loop Water Requirements for Turbo Models

Item	Requirements				
Approx. quantity	With 2.4 m hose pair: 5 liters per CDU				
Electric conductivity	< 10.0 μS/cm				
Ionic strength	• C  < 2.4 mg/l				
	• $SO_4^{2-}$ < 3.0 mg/l				
	• F <sup>-</sup> < 1.0 mg/l				
	• S <sup>2-</sup> < 1.0 mg/l				
	• NH <sub>4</sub> < 1.0 mg/l				
Residual chlorine	< 0.5 mg/l				
concentration					
Total organic carbon	< 50 mg/l				
Corrosion inhibitor	BTA (1,2,3-Benzotriazole: C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> N <sub>3</sub> ) solution at density of 200				
	± 20 ppm (2 ± 0.2 grams per 10 liters), at least 98% quality				

## CHAPTER 5 DIMENSIONS, MASS, AND FLOOR LAYOUT

#### 5.1 Processor Units

Table 5-1 shows the dimensions and masses of the F-7C and F-7E Processor Units when installed; table 5-2, when packed. Figures 5-1 through 5-10 show the floor plans including floor cutouts and minimum service clearances. Figures 5-11 through 5-14 show the frame-base openings.

Table 5-1 Installed Dimensions and Masses of F-7C and F-7E Processor Units

Model		Dime	ension	s mm	Mass	Mass per Footprint kg/m			ŋ/m²
		Н	D	W	kg	Without	With	Option Fra	ames
						Option	Ex-1	Extended	Both
						Frames	Only	Frame	
								Only	
Basic	End panel (BPU side)	1720	900	30	30	_	ı	_	_
Frame*	Basic Frame (no end	1720	900	1000	620	755.6	722.2	722.2	688.9
	panel) of Base								
	Basic Frame (no end	1720	900	1000	620	722.2	688.9	688.9	688.9
	panel) of Turbo								
	End panel (IOP side)	1720	900	30	30	_	_	_	_
Ex-1**	Ex-1**		900	832	460	_	654.4	-	654.4
CDU of F-7C Turbo***		1720	900	502	345	830.0	830.0	_	_
CDU of	1720	900	552	425†	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	
Extende	ed Frame****	1720	900	702	535	_	_	894.3	894.3

<sup>\*</sup> Dimensions and masses include two end panels and maximum numbers of IPs, channels, PSTRs, ETAF, and DIF. Application to F-7C Base, F-7C Turbo, and F-7E Turbo Models is assumed.

Table 5-2 Packed Dimensions and Masses of F-7C and F-7E Processor Units

Content	s of Each Ca	argo	Dimensi	ons mm p	er Cargo	Max. Mass kg
			Н	D	W	per Cargo
Basic Fi	rame (+ two	end panels)	2095	1080	1220	780*
Basic	Jointed (+ tv	wo end panels)	2095	1080	2050	1280*
Frame	Separated	Basic Frame	2095	1080	1220	750*
+ Ex-1	(option)	(+ one end panel)				
		Ex-1	2095	1080	1020	585*
		(+ one end panel)				
	Ex-1 (no end panel)			1080	1020	555*
		of F-7C Turbo**	2060	1130	800	440
CDU (no end panel) of F-7E Turbo**			2060	1130	800	520†
Extended Frame***			2070	1030	800	590
Accesso	ory		***	***	***	***

<sup>\*</sup> Fully equipped with IPs, channels, PSTRs, ETAF, and DIF on Basic Frame, and with channels and DIF on Ex-1. Application to F-7C Base Models and Turbo Models is assumed. The mass decreases as the number of the said features becomes fewer.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Dimensions and masses include no end panel but include maximum numbers of channels and DIF. Application to F-7C Base, F-7C Turbo, and F-7E Turbo Models is assumed.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Dimensions and masses include no end panel but include internal-loop water.

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> Applicable to F-7C Base and F-7E Turbo. The masses include two IDKs.

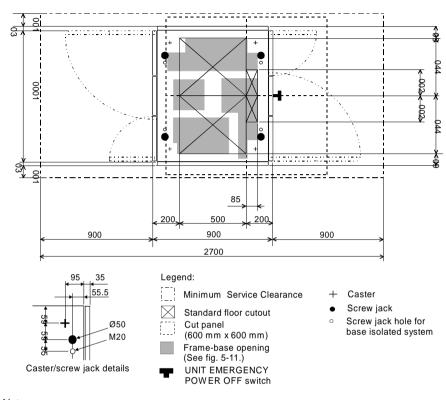
<sup>†</sup> Theoretical.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Internal-loop water is not included.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Applicable to F-7C Base and F-7E Turbo. The mass includes two IDKs.

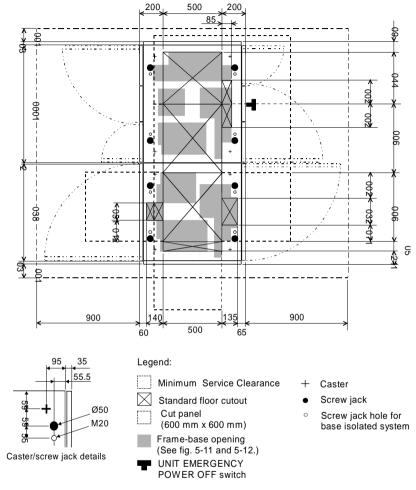
<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> The quantity, dimensions, and masses of cargos vary with actual shipping configuration.

<sup>†</sup> Theoretical.



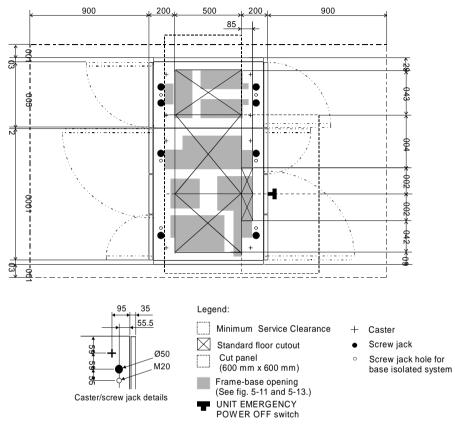
- The floor cutout is based on 600 mm × 600 mm cut panels.
- Units are in mm.
- Not drawn to scale.

Figure 5-1 Processor Unit Floor Plan, F-7C Base or F-7C CF—Basic Frame Only



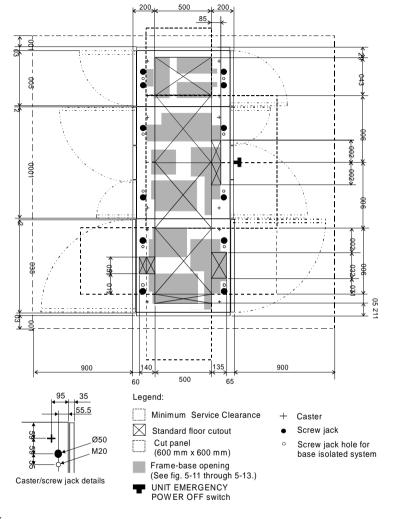
- The floor cutout is based on 600 mm × 600 mm cut panels.
- Units are in mm.
- Not drawn to scale.

Figure 5-2 Processor Unit Floor Plan, F-7C Base or F-7C CF—Basic Frame and Ex-1



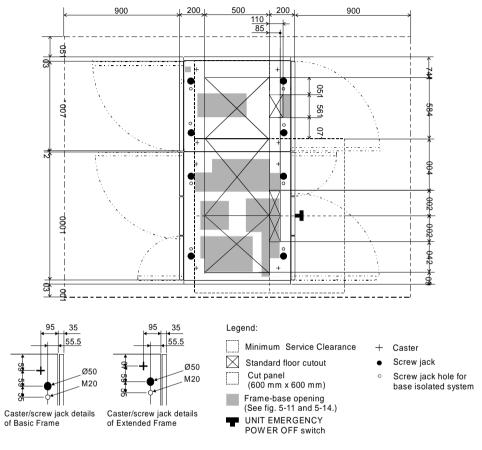
- $\bullet$  The floor cutout is based on 600 mm imes 600 mm cut panels.
- Units are in mm.
- Not drawn to scale.

Figure 5-3 Processor Unit Floor Plan, F-7C Turbo—Basic and CDU Frames



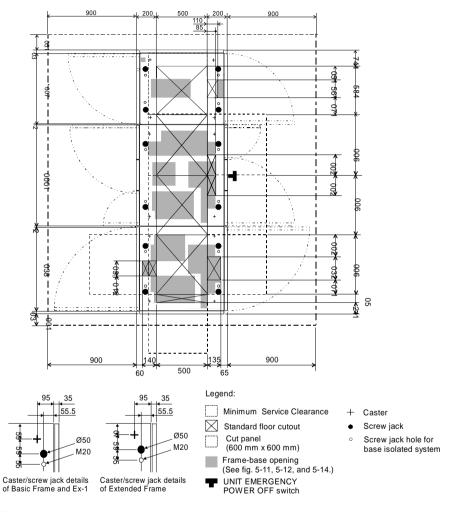
- The floor cutout is based on 600 mm × 600 mm cut panels.
- · Units are in mm.
- · Not drawn to scale.

Figure 5-4 Processor Unit Floor Plan, F-7C Turbo—Basic and CDU Frames and Ex-1



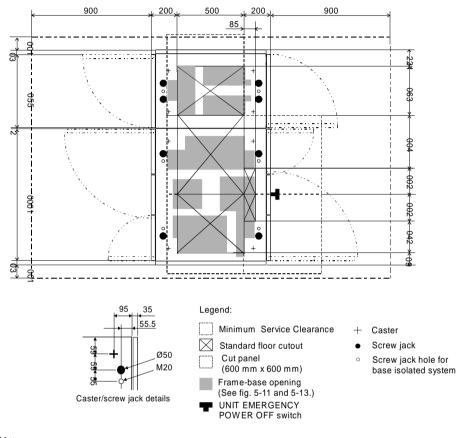
- This figure illustrates a sample floor plan with one Extended Frame. With two to four Extended Frames, the lengths with an asterisk (\*) are repeated by the number of Extended Frames.
- The floor cutout is based on 600 mm × 600 mm cut panels.
- · Units are in mm.
- · Not drawn to scale.

Figure 5-5 Processor Unit Floor Plan, F-7C Base—Basic and Extended Frames



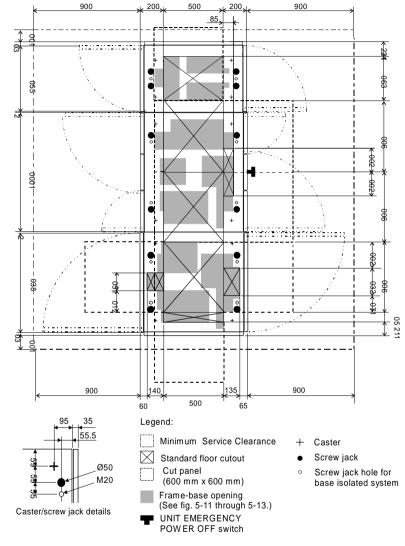
- This figure illustrates a sample floor plan with one Extended Frame. With two to four Extended Frames, the lengths with an asterisk (\*) are repeated by the number of Extended Frames.
- The floor cutout is based on 600 mm × 600 mm cut panels.
- · Units are in mm.
- · Not drawn to scale.

Figure 5-6 Processor Unit Floor Plan, F-7C Base—Basic and Extended Frames and Ex-1



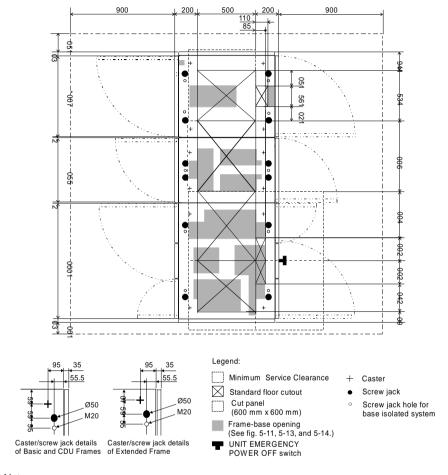
- The floor cutout is based on 600 mm  $\times$  600 mm cut panels.
- · Units are in mm.
- Not drawn to scale.

Figure 5-7 Processor Unit Floor Plan, F-7E Turbo—Basic and CDU Frames



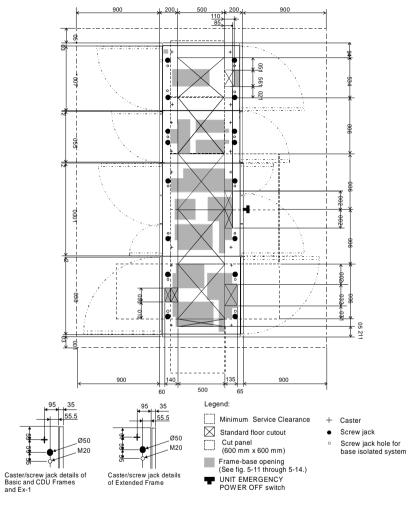
- The floor cutout is based on 600 mm × 600 mm cut panels.
- Units are in mm.
- Not drawn to scale.

Figure 5-8 Processor Unit Floor Plan, F-7E Turbo—Basic and CDU Frames and Ex-1



- This figure illustrates a sample floor plan with one Extended Frame. With two to four Extended Frames, the lengths with an asterisk (\*) are repeated by the number of Extended Frames.
- The floor cutout is based on 600 mm × 600 mm cut panels.
- · Units are in mm.
- Not drawn to scale.

Figure 5-9 Processor Unit Floor Plan, F-7E Turbo—Basic, CDU and Extended Frames



- This figure illustrates a sample floor plan with one Extended Frame. With two to four Extended Frames, the lengths with an asterisk (\*) are repeated by the number of Extended Frames.
- The floor cutout is based on 600 mm × 600 mm cut panels.
- · Units are in mm.
- Not drawn to scale.

Figure 5-10 Processor Unit Floor Plan, F-7E Turbo—Basic, CDU and Extended Frames and Ex-1

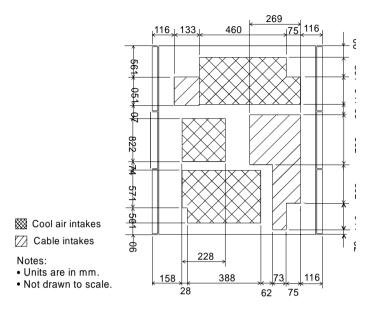


Figure 5-11 Frame-Base Openings of Basic Frame

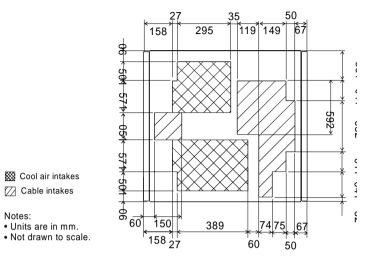


Figure 5-12 Frame-Base Openings of Ex-1

Cable intakes

• Units are in mm.

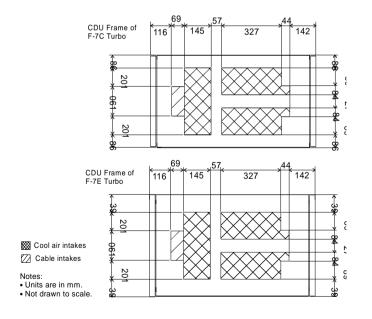


Figure 5-13 Frame-Base Openings of CDU Frame

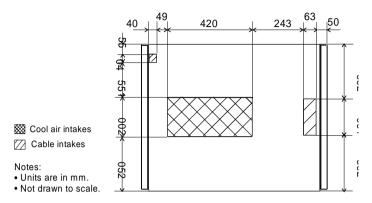


Figure 5-14 Frame-Base Openings of Extended Frame

#### **5.2** Console Device

Table 5-3 shows the dimensions and masses of the Console Device (CD) when installed; table 5-4, when packed. Figure 5-15 illustrates the floor plan of the CD. Figure 5-16 illustrates how the monitor height and direction are variable with the CD.

Table 5-3 Installed Dimensions and Masses of CD

Mod	Model		Dimensions mm			Mass per Footprint
		Н	D	W	Kg	kg/m²
CD	System Unit without CD-PCI	128	450	450	11	54.3* or 191.0**
	System Unit with CD-PCI	180	530	570	27	89.4* or 283.0**
	17-inch Color Monitor	426-446	450	403	20	110.3
	Keyboard	45	210	490	2.2	21.4
Mouse		35	112	60	0.2	29.8
Cab	oles for CD	-***	-***	-***	-***	<b>_***</b>

- \* When horizontally laid out.
- \*\* When vertically laid out.
- \*\*\* Included in CD.

Table 5-4 Packed Dimensions and Masses of CD

Contents of Each Cargo		Dimensions mm per Cargo			Mass kg
		Н	D	W	per Cargo
CD	2 in 1	1465	620	1050	160
	1 in 1	765	720	1120	80

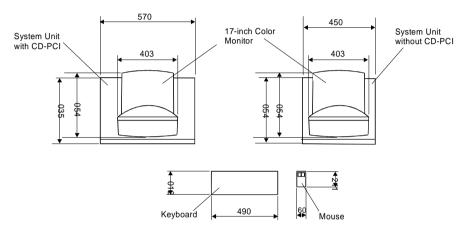


Figure 5-15 Floor Plan of Console Device

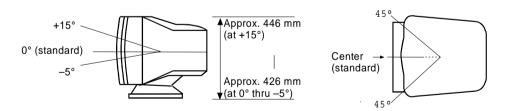


Figure 5-16 Monitor Height and Direction

#### 5.3 Remote PCI Controller

Table 5-5 shows the dimensions and masses of the Remote PCI Controller (RPC) when installed; table 5-6, when packed. Figure 5-17 illustrates the floor plan of the RPC. Figure 5-18 illustrates the frame-base openings.

Table 5-5 Installed Dimensions and Masses of RPC

Model	Dimensions mm			Mass kg	Mass per Footprint
	H D W			kg/m²	
RPC	500	350	600	37	176.2

Table 5-6 Packed Dimensions and Masses of RPC

Contents of	Dimensi	Mass kg		
Each Cargo	Н	D	W	per Cargo
RPC	725	460	710	75

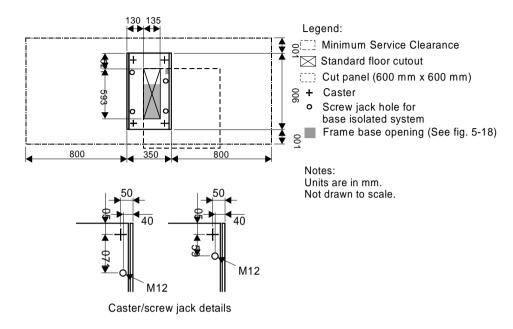
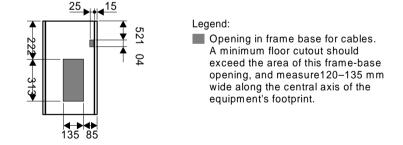


Figure 5-17 Floor Plan of RPC



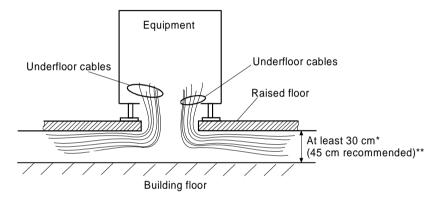
- Units are in mm.
- · Not drawn to scale.

Figure 5-18 Frame-Base Openings of RPC

#### CHAPTER 6 SYSTEM CABLING AND PLUMBING

# 6.1 Raised Floor Requirements for Underfloor Cables

The F-7C Processor Group and F-7E Processor Group use a number of interframe cables and I/O interface cables under the floor. To accommodate such cables, the space between the regular building floor and the raised floor must be secured as shown in figure 6-1. These cables must be routed in such a manner that their effect on underfloor airflow is minimized. Internal-loop water hoses for the F-7C Turbo and F-7E Turbo Models are routed through the frames and not routed under the floor.

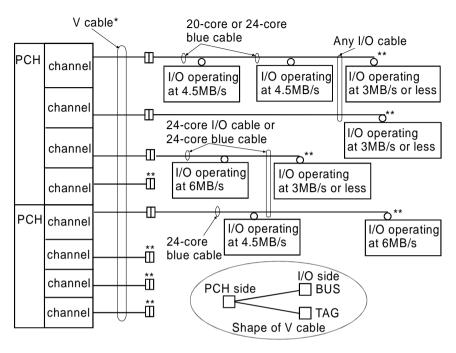


- \* There is no upper limit, but a wide space may cause the cables to hang from the equipment, imposing excessive forces on the connection points. In such a case, properly fix the cables to prevent excessive forces.
- \*\* When more than 80 metal channels are installed, 30 cm may not be sufficient. If so, secure 45 cm.

Figure 6-1 Required Space between Regular Building Floor and Raised Floor

## **6.2** Metal I/O Cable Requirements

Figure 6-2 illustrates the metal I/O cable requirements. Each metal I/O cable should be connected with each channel via V cable (named after the shape of the cable). An I/O cable between a channel and an I/O device, or between I/O devices, operating at a data transfer rate of 4.5 M bytes per second must comply with IBM-specified I/O cable requirements (so-called "blue cable" usually of 20 cores). When an I/O device connected operates at a data transfer rate of 6 M bytes per second, all the I/O cable in the chain must comply with Hitachi-specified I/O cable requirements (24-core I/O cable). Any I/O device operating at a data transfer rate of 4.5 M bytes per second must precede other I/O devices on the I/O interface.



- \* One end of the V cable connects to the channel port inside the connector box while the other end attaches underneath the raised floor to the IBM-standard serpentine connector of a metal I/O cable. The standard length of the V cable is 5 m, while the optional V cable length is selectable among 3.5, 6.5, 12, 18, 22, 32, 42, 52, and 62 m. For the optionally selectable V cable lengths of 42, 52, and 62 m, daisy-chaining of I/O devices is prohibited.
- \*\* BUS and TAG terminator pair is needed at the end of the chain.

Figure 6-2 Metal I/O Cable Requirements

## 6.3 I/O Cable Requirements for ESCH

Figure 6-3 illustrates the I/O cable requirements for the Extended Serial Channels (ESCHs).

- An I/O cable between the ESCH and an I/O device, between the ESCH and the 9032/9033 ESCON Director (ESCD), or between the ESCD and an I/O device, must comply with IBM-specified ESCON fiber cable requirements.
- When an I/O device is connected via the 9034 ESCON Converter Model 1, an I/O cable between the ESCH and the 9034, between the ESCH and the 9032/9033 ESCD, or between the ESCD and the 9034 must comply with IBM-specified ESCON fiber cable requirements, and an I/O cable between the 9034 and an I/O device, or between further I/O devices, must comply with IBM-specified parallel I/O cable requirements.

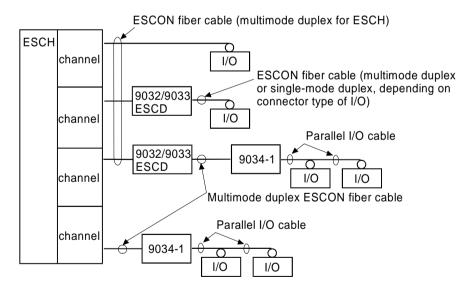


Figure 6-3 I/O Cable Requirements for ESCHs

## 6.4 Cable Requirements for ISCH2 and ETAF

The system-interconnecting optical cable is not included in the Inter-System Coupling Channel 2 (ISCH2) and has to be procured by the OEM customer. An optical cable used for IBM's Coupling Link is also connectable to Hitachi's ISCH2, with the connector type of single-mode duplex as defined in the IBM publication GA23-0367-03 *Planning for Fiber Optic Channel Links*.

The optical cable for connection with IBM's Sysplex Timer is not included in the External Timer Attachment Feature (ETAF). The same cable as used by IBM has to be procured by the OEM customer.

# 6.5 Cable Requirements for OCF

Networking units (e.g., switching hub, router, concentrator, and splicing box) and cables to build a network system for the OCF are the customer responsibilities to be prepared in advance.

#### **6.5.1 LAN Interface Cables**

See table 6-1. The cable connection work must be done by the qualified service personnel.

Table 6-1 Specifications of LAN Cards and Their Applicable Cables

Model of	No. of	Supported	Relevant Defacto Standards					
LAN Card	Ports	LAN		Connector Type of Port	Applicable Cables*			
OSCH-E	2	10 Mbps Ethernet	IEEE802.3 or Ethernet V.2	RJ-45	Category 3 or category 5 twist-pair cable for 10BASE-T**			
		100 Mbps Ethernet	IEEE802.3u	RJ-45	Category 5 twist-pair cable for 100BASE-TX			
OSCH-FS	1	100 Mbps FDDI SAS <sup>†</sup>	ANSI X3T9.5 or ISO SMT ver. 7.3	SC	Optical fiber cable in compliance with:  • Diameter of core: 50/62.5    µm  • Diameter of clad: 125   • Material: Graded Index   Multi-mode Fiber			
OSCH-FD	1	100 Mbps FDDI DAS <sup>††</sup>	ANSI X3T9.5 or ISO SMT ver. 7.3	SC	Optical fiber cable in compliance with:  • Diameter of core: 50/62.5    µm  • Diameter of clad: 125   • Material: Graded Index   Multi-mode Fiber			

<sup>\*</sup> The cable length applicable to each LAN card must comply with relevant defacto standards.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Strongly recommended is the category 5 twist-pair cable for 10BASE-T.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> Can indirectly connect to a dual-ring of the FDDI LAN through a commercially-available concentrator.

the Can directly connect to a dual-ring of the FDDI LAN.

# 6.5.2 Optical Bypass Switch Control Interface Cable

The OCF for FDDI-DAS supports the Optical Bypass Switch having some optical path switches, and controlled via optical bypass switch control interface cable. This switch works as a kind of gateway to trunk ring. It is useful for the purpose of keeping the ring topology when, for example, LAN card is powered off, which would often cause ring wrap conditions.

OCF replacement for maintenance or power off for some reason may bring a critical moment on the trunk ring. The reason is because, when no switch is installed, another getting out from the ring during the OCF absence causes the ring fragmentation. Optical Bypass Switch can avoid such situation. Table 6-2 shows the specifications of the Optical Bypass Switch; figure 6-4 shows the pin assignment of the station connector for the Optical Bypass Switch. The Optical Bypass Switch is provided on the OSCH PK for FDDI-DAS. The cable connection work must be done by the qualified service personnel.

Table 6-2 Specifications of Optical Bypass Switch

Item	Requirement
Media interface connector (MIC)	SC duplex
Station connector	6-pin shielded miniature circular DIN plug. Cable length is up to 12 m including extension cable.
Optical fiber	<ul> <li>Diameter of core: 50/62.5 µm</li> <li>Diameter of clad: 125 µm</li> <li>Material: Graded Index Multi-mode Fiber</li> </ul>



- 1: Secondary Switch/+5 V
- 2: Primary Switch/+5 V
- 3: Primary Switch/GND
- 4: Secondary Switch/GND
- 5: GND
- 6: Sense Switch Presence

Figure 6-4 Pin Assignment of Station Connector for Optical Bypass Switch

## 6.6 Cable Routing

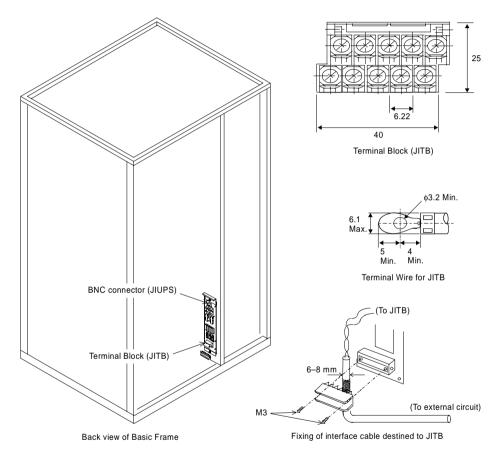
For system cable routing of the F-7C processor models and the F-7E processor models, contact the OEM customer's service representative.

#### **6.7 Plumbing**

Internal-loop water hoses for the F-7C Turbo Models and the F-7E Turbo Models are routed through the frames and not routed under the floor. No particular preparation or action for plumbing may be required on the customer site.

#### CHAPTER 7 EXTERNAL INTERFACES

The F-7C and F-7E Processor Group provides terminals for external interfaces on the back of the Basic Frame as illustrated in figure 7-1. Tables 7-1 and 7-2 show the types of interfaces, circuit diagrams of respective terminals, and their specifications. Be noted that the cable connection work must be done by the qualified service personnel.



- · Units are in mm.
- · Not drawn to scale.

Figure 7-1 Locations of Terminals for External Interfaces

Table 7-1 Types of Interfaces and Circuit Diagrams of Interface Terminals

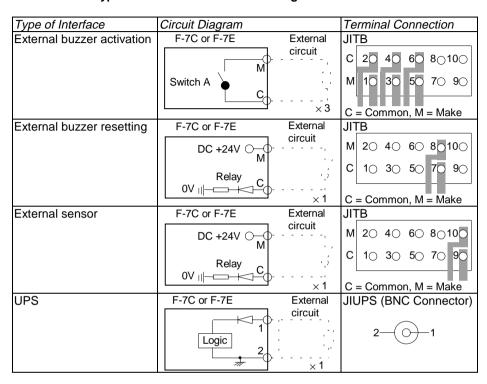


Table 7-2 Specifications of Terminals for External Interfaces

Type of	Specifications						
Interface	Trigger	Action on F-7C or F-7E	Terminal Rating				
External buzzer activation	System down	Closes (turns on) Switch A.	DC 30V or less, 10–165 mA				
	DC 5mA or more between M and C	Switch A.	DC 23V–27V, $10\Omega$ or less. Non-lock circuit required to avoid incessant resetting of Switch A.				
	DC 5mA or more between M and C	Detects abnormal status of temperature or humidity.	DC 23V–27V, 10Ω or less				
	Outage of regular input power source	Requests, via IP, UPS interruption to MVS. MVS handles further process.	DC 3.9V–10V, 10Ω or less				

#### APPENDIX A HARMONIC DISTORTION ON OUTPUT POWER

This appendix A provides the harmonic distortion figures on the output power of the F-7C processor models. The harmonic distortion figures on the output power of the F-7E processor models are yet to be determined. Such figures are based on measurements of each processor frame under the conditions shown in table A-1. Table A-2 and figure A-1 show the maximum line current readings and derived intensities (harmonic distortion percentages) obtained through the measurements.

Using the measurement results, the harmonic distortion figures are estimated in accordance with the following steps:

- 1. Estimate the power consumption of each processor model by frame under the given conditions at measurements. Sum the relevant numbers of individual power consumption figures provided in chapter 3.
- 2. Calculate the theoretical line current in the power line by the following formula:

$$LineCurrent[A] = \frac{Power[VA]}{InputVoltage[V]}$$

3. Calculate the harmonic current by multiplying the theoretical line current by the harmonic distortion percentage.

Table A-3 shows measurement-based calculated figures of the maximum harmonic current on the output power of the F-7C by frame.

Table A-1	Conditions	at weasur	ements
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Criteria		Conditions by Frame				
		Basic Frame	Basic Frame Ex-1			
		(Base, Turbo)	(Base, Turbo) (Base, Turbo)			
Model type	е	B2C or B2CH	_	_		
PSTR cap	acity	8 GB	_	_		
No. of	Metal	4	16	_		
channels	ESCH	8	16	_		
ISCH		0	0	_		
Input voltage (V)		200	200	200		
Frequency	y (Hz)	60	60	60		

Table A-2 Maximum Line Current Readings and Derived Intensities

Dimension	Basic	Frame	Ex	:-1	CDU F	-rame
	Ampere	%	Ampere	%	Ampere	%
1	12.89	97.21	6.20	96.27	3.55	95.17
2	0.01	0.08	0.01	0.16	0.17	4.56
3	2.86	21.57	1.56	24.22	0.66	17.69
4	0.01	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.08	2.14
5	1.02	7.69	0.65	10.09	0.57	15.28
6	0.01	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.54
7	0.21	1.58	0.26	4.04	0.44	11.80
8	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.16	0.03	0.80
9	0.06	0.45	0.18	2.80	0.38	10.19
10	0.01	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.27
11	0.37	2.79	0.05	0.78	0.28	7.51
12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.27
13	0.19	1.43	0.04	0.62	0.18	4.83
14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.27
15	0.17	1.28	0.05	0.78	0.12	3.22
16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
17	0.09	0.68	0.05	0.78	0.07	1.88
18	0.01	0.08	0.01	0.16	0.01	0.27
19	0.09	0.68	0.09	1.40	0.05	1.34
20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.27
21	0.12	0.90	0.09	1.40	0.05	1.34
22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.27
23	0.07	0.53	0.02	0.31	0.06	1.61
24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.27
25	0.02	0.15	0.02	0.31	0.05	1.34
26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
27	0.02	0.15	0.01	0.16	0.04	1.07
28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
29	0.02	0.15	0.01	0.16	0.03	0.80
30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.27
31	0.02	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00
32	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00
33	0.00	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00
34	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00
35	0.00	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00
36	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00
37	0.01	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00
38	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
39	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00
40	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00

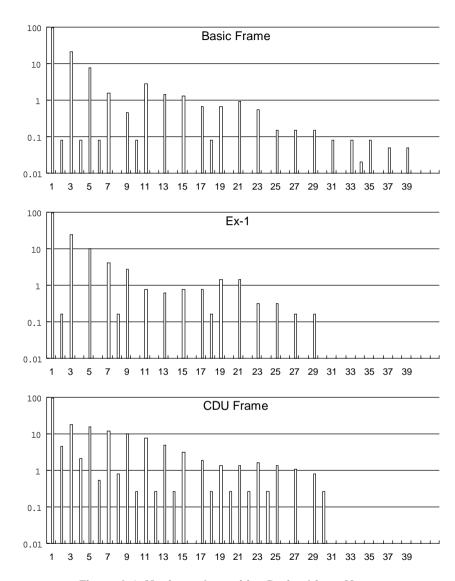


Figure A-1 Maximum Intensities Derived from Measurements

**Table A-3 Calculated Harmonic Distortion** 

Dimension	Base	Model	Turbo Model				
	Basic Frame	Ex-1	Basic Frame	asic Frame Ex-1 CDU			
	[VA = 3067]	VA = 10291	[VA = 3257]	[VA = 1029]	[VA = 3200]		
1	14.91	4.95	15.83	4.95	15.23		
2	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.73		
3	3.31	1.25	3.51	1.25	2.83		
4	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.34		
5	1.18	0.52	1.25	0.52	2.44		
6	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.09		
7	0.24	0.21	0.26	0.21	1.89		
8	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.13		
9	0.07	0.14	0.07	0.14	1.63		
10	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.04		
11	0.43	0.04	0.45	0.04	1.20		
12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04		
13	0.22	0.03	0.23	0.03	0.77		
14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04		
15	0.20	0.04	0.21	0.04	0.52		
16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
17	0.10	0.04	0.11	0.04	0.30		
18	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.04		
19	0.10	0.07	0.11	0.07	0.21		
20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04		
21	0.14	0.07	0.15	0.07	0.21		
22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04		
23	0.08	0.02	0.09	0.02	0.26		
24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04		
25	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.21		
26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
27	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.17		
28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
29	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.13		
30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04		
31	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00		
32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
33	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00		
34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
35	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00		
36	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
37	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00		
38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
39	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00		
40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		