

System i

Systems management Common Information Model

Version 6 Release 1



IBM

System i Systems management Common Information Model

Version 6 Release 1

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This edition applies to version 6, release 1, modification 0 of IBM i5/OS (product number 5761-SS1) and to all subsequent releases and modifications until otherwise indicated in new editions. This version does not run on all reduced instruction set computer (RISC) models nor does it run on CISC models.

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Common Information Model

The Common Information Model (CIM) is a standard that is developed by Distributed Management Task Force (DMTF). DMTF is a consortium of major hardware and software vendors (including IBM®) that is a part of the Web Based Enterprise Management (WBEM) initiative.

WBEM includes a set of standards and technologies that provide management solutions for a distributed network environment. Interoperability is a major focus of WBEM, and WBEM technologies can help you develop a single set of management applications for a diverse set of resources.

CIM is a major component of the WBEM initiative that provides a model for describing and accessing data across an enterprise. CIM comprises both a specification and a schema. The specification defines the details for integration with other management models, whereas the schema provides the actual model descriptions.

- CIM on IBM i5/OS[®] V6R1 is also supported by i5/OS V5R4. It includes:
 - Providers-instrumentation for server resources on the system. The providers that are based on a subset of the standardized CIM classes gather data on a system.
 - Common Information Model Object Manager (CIMOM), a central component of the WBEM server that
 is responsible for the communication between clients and providers. CIMOM also provides several
 management functions, including security, and a set of commands that provide configuration and
 management functions to administrators.
 - CIM schema (version 2.14): A schema that defines an information model for representing systems management functions.
 - An implementation of the standardized formats for communication between clients and CIMOM, called CIM in XML, V2.1 and CIM operations over HTTP, V1.1. For more information about these standards, see the WBEM Web site.

For more information about the CIM standard, see the Introduction to CIM and the CIM Specification 2.2 on the DMTF Web site.

Related information

- Web-Based Enterprise Management (WBEM)
- Common Information Model: Introduction to CIM
- Common Information Model (CIM) Standards
- The Open Group: OpenPegasus

What's new for V6R1

Read about new or significantly changed information for the Common Information Model topic collection.

UME licensed program enhancements

Providers are moved out of the operating system to be ported with a licensed program (IBM Universal Manageability Enablement for i5/OS , 5722 UME) that runs in Portable Application Solutions Environment (PASE) environment.

· Enhancements to servers:

- The following Common Information Model Object Manager (CIMOM) functions are supported now:
 - Secure Sockets Layer (SSL)
 - Common Manageability Programming Interface (CMPI)
 - Out-of process provider
 - Service Location Protocol (SLP)
- Distributed Management Task Force (DMTF) schema 2.14
 - Internet Protocol version 6 (IPv6)
 - Server Profile support (OpenPegasus start support Server Profile from 2.6.0)
 - The following CIMOM functions were removed:
 - Kerberos support
- Obsolete configuration properties
 - tempLocalAuthDir
 - enableHttpLocalconnection
 - kerberosServiceName
- The -q option is no longer needed for the cimconfig and cimprovider commands in PASE. Some new
 properties were added to the basic startup properties and advanced startup properties for CIMOM.
 The cimmof and ssltrustmgr commands are available in this release.
 - "Basic startup properties for CIMOM" on page 6
 - "Advanced startup properties for CIMOM" on page 8
 - "cimmof usage information" on page 24
- "cimconfig usage information" on page 25
 - "cimprovider usage information" on page 27
 - "ssltrustmgr usage information" on page 29
- Fixed properties
 - The following properties were changed to fixed properties, and you cannot change their values:
- daemon
 - repositoryDir
- The following providers are supported:
 - Storage Management Initiative Specification (SMI-S) host bus adapter (HBA) and host discovered resources (HDR) CIM providers
- Providers that are inherited from the operating system
 - Hardware inventory and network management providers
 - "Reference information for CIM" on page 31
 - "Supported CIM SMI-S HBA and HDR providers" on page 74
 - "Providers that are inherited from the operating system" on page 32
 - "Hardware inventory and network management providers" on page 45

How to see what's new or changed

To help you see where technical changes have been made, this information uses:

- The >> image to mark where new or changed information begins.

In PDF files, you might see revision bars (1) in the left margin of new and changed information.

To find other information about what's new or changed this release, see the Memo to users.

PDF file for Common Information Model

You can view and print a PDF file of this information.

To view or download the PDF version of the Common Information Model topic, select Common Information Model (about 1 400 KB).

Saving PDF files

To save a PDF on your workstation for viewing or printing:

- 1. Right-click the PDF link in your browser.
- 2. Click the option that saves the PDF locally.
- 3. Navigate to the directory in which you want to save the PDF.
- 4. Click Save.

Downloading Adobe Reader

You need Adobe[®] Reader installed on your system to view or print these PDFs. You can download a free copy from the Adobe Web site (www.adobe.com/products/acrobat/readstep.html) .

Related reference

"Related information for Common Information Model" on page 99
Web sites and other information center topic collections contain information that relates to the Common Information Model topic collection. You can view or print any of the PDF files.

Configuring CIMOM

You need to install the required options and product, set the configuration properties, granting user the authorization, and then start the CIMOM.

- IBM Universal Manageability Enablement for i5/OS (UME) is supported in V5R4, or later, and you can
- I restore or uninstall it. If you restore this licensed program in V5R4, the local CIM server is disabled. If
- I you uninstall UME, the local server is enabled. UME ships a repository, including a set of files that
- contain the CIM class definitions, instances of classes, and provider registration instances. It is restored in
- the UserData directory (/QOpenSys/QIBM/UserData/UME/Pegasus). The local server also ships a
- repository in a different directory (/QIBM/UserData/OS400/CIM). When the CIM server first starts up
- on V5R4 systems or V6R1 systems that are updated from V5R4, UME migrates the repository and
- configuration from the local server to the CIMOM repository. During the migration process, provider
- I register and metrics definition information in the local repository are not migrated into the CIMOM
- repository. You need to clear the errors or corrupted repository data before the migration, or CIMOM
- might fail to start. If you uninstall UME on V5R4 systems, the local server uses the original repository
- ingite tall to start. If you distill the volve systems, the focus server uses the original repositor
- and configuration that existed before you install UME. In V6R1, there are no such local CIM servers.
- Local repository is deleted after the server starts up at the first time.

Related concepts

"CIMOM command-line utilities" on page 23

You can use a set of command-line utilities to control or change the CIMOM environment.

"i5/OS metrics classes" on page 92

The topic describes metric classes and the user authorization.

"cimconfig usage information" on page 25

Configure the startup properties for CIMOM with the cimconfig command.

Ensuring that i5/OS has the required installation requirements

CIM requires specific installation options and product on the i5/OS operating system.

The options and product are as follows:

- Portable Application Solutions Environment (IBM i5/OS, 5761-SS1, option 33)
- OpenSSH, OpenSSL, zlib functions, IBM Portable Utilities for i5/OS (5733-SC1, option 1)
- IBM Universal Manageability Enablement for i5/OS (5722-UME)
- Note: In V5R4, you need to install all the required fixes. Refer to Infor APAR (5722-UME CONSIDERATIONS).

Setting the configuration properties

- Before starting the CIM server, you should set several configuration properties using the cimconfig -s -p
- I command.

Enable the CIM server with Secure Sockets Layer

- I To enable the CIM server to run in Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) mode, a private key and a certificate are
- I required. The administrator can create the private key and certificate by signing it with a certificate
- I authority (CA).
- I However, the CIM server checks for its private key and certificate during startup. If either of the files
- I does not exist, the server creates its private key and a self-signed-365-day certificate. These files are
- I created in the location that is defined by the value of the sslCertificateFilePath and sslKeyFilePath
- | properties.
- The server creates its certificate with the following fields for the distinguished name:
- Country Name: US
- State or Province Name: Minnesota
- Locality: Rochester
- Organization Name: IBM
- Organizational Unit: System i[™]
- Common Name: hostname of the system
- Email Address:
- Note: The Common Name is replaced by the hostname of this system, and the Email Address is left blank.

Certificate creation instructions

- Digital Certificate Manager (DCM) allows you to create a CIM server certificate that is issued by a CA on the i5/OS operating system, or by an external CA.
- Note: CIMOM is not integrated with DCM. All certificates that are created in DCM for CIMOM must be exported to CIMOM. CIMOM only supports the Privacy Enhanced Mail (PEM) format for certificates.
- To create a certificate for CIMOM, use the following steps:
- 1. Create an application definition in DCM. The recommended application ID is QUME_CIMOM.
- 2. Create a certificate for the CIMOM application that is issued by a CA. Remember the subject name that you enter for CIMOM in the certificate.
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- 3. Export the certificate from DCM to CIMOM.
 - a. In the left frame, choose Manage Certificates and Export Certificates.
- b. Click Server or client as the type of the certificate.
 - c. Select the certificate that you created for CIMOM and click Export.
- d. Click File as the export destination.
 - e. Use the directory that is defined by the sslCertificateFilePath property for the export file name, and name the file pegasuscert.p12. This file is in PKCS12 (Public Key Cryptography Standards) format.
 - f. Remember the password that you enter here. The password is used to decrypt the exported certificate.
- 4. Run the OpenSSL command to convert the certificate from PKCS12 format to PEM format.
 - a. On the i5/OS operating system, use the CALL QP2TERM command to make the Portable Application Solutions Environment (PASE) environment available.
 - b. Change the directory to the location of the exported certificate.
 - c. Extract the certificate from the PKCS12 file and convert it to PEM format. Use the OpenSSL command: OpenSSL pkcs12 -in pegasuscert.p12 -out pegasuscert.pem -nokeys -clcerts. This command prompts for the password that you entered in the DCM export window.
 - The PEM file might contain both the CIMOM certificate and the certificate of the CA that issues the CIMOM certificate. Because CIMOM does not support this type of PEM file, the CA certificate should be removed.
 - d. Edit the PEM file and remove all the lines except the lines for the CIMOM certificate. The certificate has the CIMOM subject name that you used when creating the certificate in DCM. Keep the lines of CIMOM certificate starting with Bag Attributes and ending with End Certificate.
 - e. Extract the private key from the PKCS12 file and convert it to PEM format. Use the following OpenSSL command: OpenSSL pkcs12 -in pegasuscert.p12 -out pegasuskey.pem -nocerts -nodes. This command prompts for the password that you entered in the DCM export window. After you have the certificate and private key in PEM format, you can make them available to CIMOM by placing them in the paths that are defined by the sslCertificateFilePath and sslKeyFilePath properties.

Notes:

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- When CIMOM starts, the private key file is created automatically. It is important to keep the private key in a protected directory. By default, the CIMOM private key is put in a directory that is owned by QSYS, withPUBLIC *EXCLUDE and no private authorities. If the administrator changes the sslKeyFilePath property, the new key directory should be protected.
- After the SSL certificates are created, set the following configuration properties to enable the CIM server with SSL and disable the non-SSL port:
- enableHttpsConnection: set the value to true
- enableHttpConnection: set the value to false

Enable the CIM server to verify client certificates

- I To enable SSL client certificate verification on the main SSL port, you can use the
- sslClientVerificationMode property. This property can be set to disable the client certificate verification, to
- I require the client certificate verification, or to verify the client certificate if available and fall back to the
- I httpAuthType property if the certificate is not available. With this property, you can be authenticated
- I through certificate verification or basic authentication. The sslTrustStore property gives the location of the
- I truststore. The exportSSLTrustStore property should have the same value as sslTrustStore; otherwise, the
- server cannot be started

- To enable SSL client certificate verification on the export SSL port, you can use the
- enableSSLExportClientVerification property. When the value is set to true, CIMOM requires the exported
- l clients to send certificates. The exportSSLTrustStore property gives the location of the truststore. You need
- to restart the server to make the properties work after you change the value.
- You can use the cimconfig command to set the current configuration properties or the planned
- configuration properties of the CIM server. You can change the following configuration properties:
- I logdir
- logLevel
- shutdownTimeout
- traceComponents
- traceFilePath
- traceLevel
- When you change the values of these properties, the changes take place immediately without restarting
- the server. You can update the current configuration properties only when the CIM server is running.
- The properties that are not fixed can be changed in the planned configuration properties, whether the
- I CIM server is running or stopped. If the planned configuration properties are changed, those changes do
- I not take effect until the CIM server is restarted. When the CIM server is restarted, the planned
- configuration properties become the current configuration properties.

Related information

OpenSSL

Basic startup properties for CIMOM

You can change basic startup properties for CIMOM with the cimconfig command.

The following list describes the startup properties and default values of CIMOM. The CIM server must be restarted for these changes to take effect. The changes cannot be made dynamically.

enableAuthentication

If the value is set to true, enableAuthentication performs authentication before any request is allowed into the CIM server over the wbem-http and wbem-https ports. This does not affect the wbem-exp-https port. If the value is set to false, it allows unauthenticated requests access to the CIM server. If you need to set its value to false, ensure that the server environment is secure.

The default value is true.

enableHttpConnection

If the value is set to true, you can access through the HTTP port. If you are sure that the server environment is unsecure, set the value to false. To ensure the security for the enableHttpConnection property, set the httpBindAddress property to 127.0.0.1.

The default value is true.

enableHttpsConnection

This property enables the HTTPS port to listen for HTTPS requests.

The default value is true.

enableHttpExportConnection

This property enables the HttpExport port to listen for HTTP export requests.

The default value is true.

httpAuthType

This property determines the authentication to be performed over the HTTP port.

The default value is Basic.

Note: Only basic authentication is supported. The Kerperos authentication is no longer supported.

httpBindAddress

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This property determines which network interface to bind to for the HTTP port. Set the value to ALL to enable the server to bind to all available interfaces (IP address).

In this case, both IPv6 and IPv4 connections are accepted. If the value of httpBindAddress is a specific IP address, the enableHttpConnection property controls whether the CIM server listens for the specific address for an HTTP connection. If the IP address is set within the IPv6 family, the CIM server can only support an IPv6 connection. If the IP address is set within the IPv4 family, the CIM server can only support an IPv4 connection.

You need to restart the server to make the configuration property take effect. By default, dual stacks are supported on the i5/OS operating system, but you can use the following commands to disable the IPv6 stack: ENDTCP and STRTCP STRIP6(*NO).

Table 1. Values for the httpBindAddress property

Value	Description	
127.0.0.1	The default value	
ALL	A correct IPv4 or IPv6 address (for example, 127.0.0.1, ::1)	

httpExportPort

This property specifies the port number of HTTP export requests that the server listens on. You should set the value to a valid port number.

The default value is 6988.

httpPort

This property specifies the port number of HTTP requests that server listens on. The value should be set to a valid port number, and it overrides the port number of the wbem-http service in the TCP/IP services table. If the value is not set, the port from the wbem-http service is used. If neither this property nor the wbem-http service port is set, a default value 5988 is used.

This property only takes effect if enableHttpConnection is set to true.

The default value is "".

httpsBindAddress

This property determines which network interface (IP address) to bind to for the HTTPS port.

The default value is ALL.

httpsPort

This property specifies the port number of HTTPS requests that server listens on. The value should be set to a valid port number, and it overrides the port number of the wbem-https service in the TCP/IP services table. If the value is not set, the port from the wbem-https service is used. If neither this property nor the wbem-https service port is set, a default value of 5989 is used. This property only takes effect when enableHttpConnection is set to true.

The default value is "".

Related concepts

"Authentication" on page 15

When a user request comes through HTTP or HTTPS, CIMOM determines whether this is a legitimate user on the system. If the request does not pass the authentication, the request is rejected. If you set the enableAuthentication property to false, the CIMOM authentication function is disabled.

Advanced startup properties for CIMOM

You can change the advanced startup properties for the CIM server with the cimconfig command. These properties are intended for use only by advanced CIMOM users.

The following list describes the advanced startup properties for the cimconfig command, their default

values, and whether they can be changed dynamically (meaning that they take effect immediately

without restarting the server).

Note: The shutdownTimeout, logdir, logLevel, traceLevel, traceComponents and traceFilePath properties are dynamic. The other properties are not dynamic. For all the other properties, you must use the -p parameter to indicate your changes. You need to restart the CIM server to make the changes take effect.

crlStore

Dynamic: No

This property describes the path to the directory or file that contains the certificate revocation lists (CRLs).

If this property is not set, set to an empty directory or set to an empty file, so that no CRLs are loaded.

This property only takes effect if the sslClientVerificationMode property is set to required or optional, or if the enableSSLExportClientVerification property is set to true.

Default value: ssl/crlstore/

enableAssociationTraversal

Dynamic: No

This property can be set to true or false. If the value is true, the association traversal is enabled.

The association traversal is disabled when the property is set to false.

Default value: true

enableIndicationService

Dynamic: No

You can set the value to true of false. If the value is true, the indication service is enabled. The indication service is disabled when the property is set to false.

Default value: true

enableNormalization

Dynamic: No

If the value is true, it ensures that the objects that are delivered from providers are complete and accurate. If the value is false, objects are not normalized from trusted entities. A false value does not normalize the objects from the repository, control providers, IBM-shipped providers and certain vendor providers. A false value only normalizes the objects from the third-party providers that are added to a distribution. This property only works in InProcess mode. It means that you need to set enableNormalization=true and forceProviderProcesses=false to make it take effect. In OOP mode (forceProviderProcesses=true), the property doesn't work.

Default value: false

enableSSLExportClientVerification

Dynamic: No

You can set the value to true or false. If it is set to true, it allows exported clients to be connected using HTTPS on the port that is specified by the service name whem-exp-https. Only CIM export requests are allowed on this port.

Note: If the wbem-exp-https port is not defined in the system's TCP/IP services table, an error is ı I recorded and the serve does not start. The wbem-exp-https port is defined in the i5/OS I services table by default. If this property is set to false, no requests are allowed on the wbem-exp-https port. ı Default value: true enable Subscriptions For Nonprivile ged UsersDynamic: No You can set the value to true of false. If the value is false, only a user with *IOSYSCFG and *ALLOBJ special authorities is allowed to create indication subscriptions. Default value: false excludeModulesFromNormalization Dynamic: No The property disables normalization for objects from specific provider modules. If enableNormalization is set to true, all provider objects are normalized except for those on this exclusion list. Default value: "" exportSSLTrustStore ı Dynamic: No The property specifies the path to the directory or file that contains the trusted certificates for CIM export requests. The truststore includes CA certificates. This property must be set if the enableSSLExportClientVerificationMode property is set to true. If this property is set to an empty directory or an empty file, no export certificates are trusted. This property only takes effect if the enableSSLExportClientVerification property is set to true. Default value: ssl/truststore/ **Note:** The sslTrustStore and exportSSLTrustStore properties should be set to the same value. forceProviderProcesses Dynamic: No If you set the value to true, the providers run in separate processes rather than loading and calling provider libraries directly within the CIM server process. Default value: true Logdir Dynamic: Yes The property specifies the name of the directory that is used for the CIMOM specific log files. Default value: /QOpenSys/QIBM/UserData/UME/Pegasus/logs/ ı Note: Make sure that the server has the authority to write files in the directory if you want to I change this property. logLevel ı Dynamic: Yes The property sets the level of the data that is logged. The data is saved in the CIMOM log directory.

Possible values follow:

	INFORMATION (default)	WARNING
-	TRACE	SEVERE
Ţ	FATAL	

maxProviderProcesses

Dynamic: No

The property limits the number of provider processes that run concurrently. If you set the value to 0, the number of provider agent processes is not limited.

Default value: 0

messageDir

Dynamic: No

The property points to the default directory to search for the globalization message bundles. The default value points to the included message bundles.

Default value: /QOpenSys/QIBM/ProdData/UME/Pegasus/msg

providerDir

Dynamic: No

The property specifies the names of the directories that contain the providers that are running.

Default value: /QOpenSys/QIBM/ProdData/UME/Pegasus/provider

repositoryIsDefaultInstanceProvider

Dynamic: No

The property enables the repository component of the CIM server to provide CIM object instances by default. If the value is true, no providers service the client request for the CIM instance, and the CIM server repository is used. If the value of the repositoryIsDefaultInstanceProvider property is false, the i5/OS providers that implement CIM metric classes no longer function properly.

Default value: true

socketWriteTimeout,

Dynamic: No

The property defines the timeout (in second) for the socket on the server.

Default value: 20

sslCertificateFilePath

Dynamic: No

This property indicates the path to the CIM server's certificate file.

This property must be set to a valid certificate if the enableHttpsConnection or enableSSLExportClientVerification property is set to true. You can also set the

sslCertificateFilePath property to a valid path. If there are no certificates in the path, the server creates a certificate after the startup.

Note: Invalid certificates and expired certificates are considered valid when they are loaded by the CIM server. A warning message is logged if the certificate is expired or is invalid.

If the sslKeyFilePath property is not specified, the CIM server loads the private key from the certificate file.

Default value: ssl/keystore/servercert.pem

sslKeyFilePath

Dynamic: No

This property indicates the path to the CIM server's private key file. If the certificate that is specified in the sslCertificateFilePath property contains the private key, you do not need to set

this property.

You need to keep this file in a protected directory as the default value.

Default value: ssl/keystore/serverkey.pem

sslTrustStore

Dynamic: No

This property indicates the path to the directory or file that contains the trusted certificates for CIM operation requests. The truststore includes CA certificates.

This property must be set if the sslClientVerificationMode property is set to required.

If the sslClientVerificationMode property is set to optional, this property should be set to empty. In this case, no certificates are trusted.

If the sslClientVerificationMode is set to disabled, this property is not used.

Default value: ssl/truststore/

sslClientVerificationMode

Dynamic: No

The property sets the mode of SSL client certificate verification.

It can be set to required, optional, or disabled.

If it is set to required, the CIM server requires verification of a client certificate on the HTTPS port and rejects the request if the client certificate is not trusted. The httpAuthType property is not used.

If it is set to optional, the CIM server verifies a client certificate if available; otherwise, the CIM server uses the httpAuthType setting for client verification.

If it is set to disabled, the CIM server uses the httpAuthType setting for client verification.

This property is only effective if the enableHttpsConnection property is set to true.

Default value: optional

sslTrustStoreUserName

Dynamic: No

The property identifies the user name as user context for the CIM operation request when certificate authentication is used, and a user name cannot be associated with a specific certificate file. The user context is the i5/OS user profile under which the provider is called to perform the CIM request. This property must be set to a valid user profile on the i5/OS operating system.

If the sslClientVerificationMode property is set to disabled, this property is not effective.

If the sslTrustStore property is set to a directory, this property is not effective.

If the sslTrustStore property is set to a single file, this property must be set to a username; otherwise, an error is reported and the CIM server does not start. In this case, all the certificates in the file are assigned to the username that is specified by the sslTrustStoreUserName property.

Default value: ""

shutdownTimeout

Dynamic: Yes

This property specifies the maximum number of seconds allowed for the CIM server to complete requests before shutting down. When the ENDTCPSVR *CIMOM command is issued, the timeout is the maximum number of seconds that are allowed for the CIM server to complete outstanding CIM operation requests before shutting down. If the specified timeout period expires, the CIM server shuts down, regardless of whether CIM operations are in progress.

Default value: 10 Minimum value: 2

traceFilePath

Dynamic: Yes

This property indicates the path to the trace file.

Default value: /tmp/cimserver.trc

CIM server's trace is written in /tmp/cimserver.trc. Well OOP providers' trace is written in their own trace files with prefix "cimserver.trc" and postfix "provider module.user." For example, cimserver.trc.TestProviderModule.qycmcimom.

Note: Make sure that the server has the authority to write files in the directory if you want to change the property.

traceComponents

Dynamic: Yes

This property specifies the components that you want to trace in CIMOM. The valid settings are listed in "Settings for the traceComponents property."

Default value: ""

traceLevel

Dynamic: Yes

This property indicates the level of debug trace. If you set the value to 1, it only traces function exits, the minimum trace. A trace level of 4 is the maximum trace.

Note: If the traceLevel property is set to 4 and the traceComponents property is set to ALL, the size of trace file grows quickly and uses large disk spaces.

Default value: 1

Value range: 1 to 4

Related concepts

"Authentication" on page 15

When a user request comes through HTTP or HTTPS, CIMOM determines whether this is a legitimate user on the system. If the request does not pass the authentication, the request is rejected. If you set the enableAuthentication property to false, the CIMOM authentication function is disabled.

Related tasks

"User authorization" on page 16

User authorization is a type of security check that is used to verify that you have access to the objects you are trying to change.

Settings for the traceComponents property

You can use the traceComponents property to trace the components that you want to trace. The settings in this topic are valid for the traceComponents property.

- ALL
- AsyncOpNode

- Authentication
- Authorization
- BinaryMessageHandler
- Channel
- CimData
- CIMExportRequestDispatcher
- CIMOMHandle
- Config
- ConfigurationManager
- ControlProvider
- CQL
- DiscardedData
- Dispatcher
- ExportClient
- Http
- IndDelivery
- IndHandler
- IndicationHandlerService
- IndicationService
- IndicationServiceInternal
- IPC
- L10N
- Listener
- Memory
- MessageQueueService
- MetaDispatcher
- ObjectResolution
- OsAbstraction
- ProviderAgent
- ProviderManager
- ProvManager
- Registration
- Repository
- Server
- Shutdown
- SubscriptionService
- Thread
- UserManager
- WQL
- XmlIO
- XmlParser
- XmlReader
- XmlWriter

- Tracing is disabled by default and should be used for debugging purposes. You can enable the tracing mechanism by specifying the trace level and the component that you want to trace with the traceLevel property. Possible trace levels follow:
- | Level 1
- Function entry and exit
- Level 2
 - Basic flow, trace messages, and low-data detail
- Level 3
 - Interfunction logic flow, medium-data detail
- Level 4
 - All information, high-data detail
- The trace data is saved in the file that is specified by the traceFilePath property. By default, the
- traceFilePath property is set to: /QOpenSys/QIBM/UserData/UME/Pegasus/cimserver.trc.
- I You can also trace all the components by setting ALL in place of a specific component name. If the
- I traceComponents property is not set to any component, tracing is disabled regardless of the setting of the
- I traceLevel property.
- You can use the cimconfig command to modify the trace configuration parameters when the CIM server
- I is running. For example, to set the trace level to trace all information with high-data detail in the Thread
- and ProvManager components, open a Portable Application Solutions Environment (PASE) shell by
- I completing these steps:
- 1. Call qp2term
- 2. Type the following commands:
- a. cimconfig -s traceLevel=4
- b. cimconfig -s traceComponents=Thread, ProvManager
- Similarly, to disable all tracing, type the following command: cimconfig -s traceComponents=

Granting users the authorizations required to work with CIMOM

- I Operations that change the local CIM schema are controlled in application administration, whereas
- operations that change the i5/OS system objects are controlled using object authorities in i5/OS.
- Related tasks
- "Securing CIMOM" on page 15
- It is important to configure security on the i5/OS operating system. For CIMOM, there are two types
- of security checks: authentication and authorization.

Starting and stopping CIMOM

- After you install the required options and product, set the configuration properties, and grant users the authorizations, you can start CIMOM.
- To start the CIMOM job, perform the following steps:
- 1. Work with the CIMOM job in System i Navigator by selecting **Network** → **Servers** → **User-Defined**.
 - 2. Select **CIMOM**. You can use this window to start or stop the CIMOM, and to determine whether the CIMOM starts with TCP/IP by default.

Notes:

1. You can also use the STRTCPSVR *CIMOM command to start the CIMOM job from the command-line interface.

Securing CIMOM

It is important to configure security on the i5/OS operating system. For CIMOM, there are two types of security checks: authentication and authorization.

Related concepts

"cimconfig usage information" on page 25

Configure the startup properties for CIMOM with the cimconfig command.

Network authentication service

Host name resolutions considerations

Authentication

- When a user request comes through HTTP or HTTPS, CIMOM determines whether this is a legitimate
- I user on the system. If the request does not pass the authentication, the request is rejected. If you set the
- enableAuthentication property to false, the CIMOM authentication function is disabled.
- Local users are users on a system who are sending requests to CIMOM on the same system. Remote users
- I are users on a system who are sending requests to CIMOM on another system. By default, CIMOM uses
- I Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) for all remote communications, with client-side and server-side certificates
- I that are trusted by the management applications.

Local user authentication

- For local users, CIMOM uses a local authentication mechanism. CIMOM accepts the authentication that is
- already done by the system itself so that local requests include only the users' login names without their
- I passwords. HTTP authentication is still used, but because the user is already logged in, no password is
- needed.

Remote user authentication

- Remote users are authenticated by HTTP basic authentication or HTTPS SSL peer certificate
- authentication. Configuration settings for the following properties determine which mechanisms are used:
- enableAuthentication
- enableHttpConnection
- enableHttpsConnection
- enableSSLExportClientVerfication
- httpAuthType
- sslClientVerificationMode
- I For detailed information about the descriptions and default values of these properties, see the
- information about basic and advanced startup properties.

Related concepts

- "Basic startup properties for CIMOM" on page 6
- You can change basic startup properties for CIMOM with the cimconfig command.
- "Advanced startup properties for CIMOM" on page 8
- You can change the advanced startup properties for the CIM server with the cimconfig command.
- These properties are intended for use only by advanced CIMOM users.

- "Object authorities" on page 18
- IBM Universal Manageability Enablement products are installed in the UserData and ProdData
- directories in Integrated File System (IFS) and QUME library in Library File System. These directories
- and library need certain authorities to access.

Authorization

Authorization includes user authorization, command authorization, and object authorities.

User authorization

- User authorization is a type of security check that is used to verify that you have access to the objects you
- I are trying to change.
- Authorization is needed not only for changing operations but sometimes also for reading operations.
- I The CIM operations can be divided into two kinds: operations that access the repository files that are
- owned by the CIM server, and operations that call the provider exit programs to manage i5/OS
- l resources.

Authorization to CIM class and qualifier operations

- I CIM class and qualifier operations change the local copy of the CIM schema. You need to be authorized
- I to these operations before you can use the operations with systems management data that is provided by
- CIM. These operations do not change any i5/OS system objects, but they change the CIM schema. For
- System i, authorization to these operations is controlled by application administration in System i
- | Navigator.
- To work with the authorization for CIM operations in application administration, complete these steps:
- 1. Start System i Navigator.
- 2. From **My connections**, right-click the system you want to change.
- 3. Select Application Administration.
- 4. Select **Local Settings** (if available).
- 5. Select **Host Applications**.
- 6. Expand **CIMOM server**.
- 7. Add or remove a user or groups authorization to the following operations.
- CreateClass
- DeleteClass
- DeleteQualifier
- EnumerateClasses
- EnumerateClassNames
- EnumerateQualifiers
- GetClass
- GetQualifier
- ModifyClass
- SetQualifier
- Note: If a user want to write a pegasus private namespace (PG_InterOp, PG_Internal), you need to check
- the setting of application administration and check whether the user have *ALLOBJ *IOCFG
- authority. For more information about the namespaces that are installed with CIMOM, see the
- information about backup and recovery considerations.

| Provider user context

- Some CIM providers run as exit programs to the server. Providers dynamically load and call the CIM
- server to perform CIM operations on behalf of you. They are plug-ins and run in Portable Application
- | Solutions Environment (PASE).
- The CIM server needs to run under QSECOFR authority to switch the user profile under which the
- providers are running. The providers can be run under the following user profiles:
- The profile of the requesting client.
- The profile of the CIM server.
- A designated profile.
- The root authority that is the QUMECIMON object on the i5/OS operating system.
- For more information, refer to the forceProviderProcesses property in the Advanced startup properties for CIMOM topic.
- To set the user profile for the provider, the CIM server creates a new job for the provider, sets the user
- profile of that job, and runs the provider in that job.
- For security considerations, the CIM server writes an audit journal for security events, such as password
- check failure and special authority check failure. An audit journal entry is created by each failure.

How to work with authorization for CIM metrics classes in application administration:

- 1. Start System i Navigator.
- 2. From My connections, right-click the system you want to change.
- 3. Select Application Administration.
- 4. Select **Local Settings** (if available).
- 5. Select Host Applications.
- 6. Expand CIMOM server.
- 7. Expand System Management Operations.
- 8. Select Access to the CIM Performance Provider.
- 9. Set the default authorization or add or remove a user or groups authorization to the step 8 operation.

ı Related concepts

- "Backup and recovery considerations" on page 21
- It is important to schedule backups of the repository directories and files. If the repository is moved,
- is lost, or becomes corrupted, restore the files that you have backed up.
- "i5/OS metrics classes" on page 92
- The topic describes metric classes and the user authorization.
- "Advanced startup properties for CIMOM" on page 8
- You can change the advanced startup properties for the CIM server with the cimconfig command.
- These properties are intended for use only by advanced CIMOM users.

Command authorization

- You need to use the commands to modify the configuration of the CIM server. Command authorization is
- required.
- External command-line interfaces have PUBLIC *X (UNIX 701 permissions) and have a symbolic link in
- the /QOpenSys/usr/bin directory.
- Most command-line interfaces act as a CIM client and communicate with the server through a local
- connection. These clients authenticate to the server using the local authentication and then send the CIM
- operation to the CIM server. The server authorizes the client to do the CIM operation by checking

- I whether the authenticated user has special authorities (for example, *IOSYSCFG and *ALLOBJ). For the
- I command-line interfaces that are not CIM clients, the special authority check is done in the command-line
- I interface itself.
- I The cimmof command is an exception to this rule. This command uses the CIM client to modify the CIM
- server's repository files. Local authentication is used, but the server authorizes the cimmof command
- caller to modify the repository based on the application administration settings. You do not need to add
- I special authority checks for these repository requests in addition to the application administration checks.

Object authorities

- IBM Universal Manageability Enablement products are installed in the UserData and ProdData directories
- in Integrated File System (IFS) and QUME library in Library File System. These directories and library
- I need certain authorities to access.

Protection of the UserData directories

- Base directory: /QOpenSys/QIBM/UserData/UME/Pegasus/
- CIM repository:
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/UserData/UME/Pegasus/repository/
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/UserData/UME/Pegasus/repository/root
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/UserData/UME/Pegasus/repository/root#cimv2
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/UserData/UME/Pegasus/repository/root#ibmsd
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/UserData/UME/Pegasus/repository/root#PG_Internal
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/UserData/UME/Pegasus/repository/root#PG_InterOp
- SSL stores:
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/UserData/UME/Pegasus/ssl/
 - /QOpenSys/QIBM/UserData/UME/Pegasus/ssl/crlstore
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/UserData/UME/Pegasus/ssl/exporttruststore
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/UserData/UME/Pegasus/ssl/keystore
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/UserData/UME/Pegasus/ssl/truststore
- Director mappings:
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/UserData/UME/Pegasus/Mappings/
 - /QOpenSys/QIBM/UserData/UME/Pegasus/Mappings/Events
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/UserData/UME/Pegasus/Mappings/Events/data
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/UserData/UME/Pegasus/Mappings/Events/logs
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/UserData/UME/Pegasus/Mappings/Inventory
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/UserData/UME/Pegasus/Mappings/Inventory/mif
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/UserData/UME/Pegasus/Mappings/Inventory/mif/data
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/UserData/UME/Pegasus/Mappings/Inventory/sql
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/UserData/UME/Pegasus/Mappings/Inventory/sql/data
- The base directory, /QOpenSys/QIBM/UserData/UME/Pegasus, is owned by QSYS with PUBLIC *RX
- (755). It allows access to these directories and files through the CIMOM command-line interface and CIM
- I request interfaces. The authorities that are needed to the command-line interfaces are discussed in the
- I Command authorization topic. The authorities that are needed to do the CIM requests to the server are
- discussed in the Authentication and User authorization topics.

Protection of the ProdData directories

- Libraries: /QOpenSys/QIBM/ProdData/UME/Pegasus/lib/
- Programs: /QOpenSys/QIBM/ProdData/UME/Pegasus/bin/

- IBM supplied providers: /QOpenSys/QIBM/ProdData/UME/Pegasus/provider
- Messages:
 - /QOpenSys/QIBM/ProdData/UME/Pegasus/msg/pegasus
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/ProdData/UME/Pegasus/msg/provider
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/ProdData/UME/Pegasus/msg/ibm
- Schemas:
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/ProdData/UME/Pegasus/Schemas/CIM
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/ProdData/UME/Pegasus/Schemas/Pegasus/Internal
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/ProdData/UME/Pegasus/Schemas/Pegasus/InterOp
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/ProdData/UME/Pegasus/Schemas/Pegasus/ManagedSystem
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/ProdData/UME/Pegasus/Schemas/OS400
- Mappings directories:
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/ProdData/UME/Pegasus/Mappings/Events
 - /QOpenSys/QIBM/ProdData/UME/Pegasus/Mappings/Events/bin
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/ProdData/UME/Pegasus/Mappings/Events/data
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/ProdData/UME/Pegasus/Mappings/Events/lib
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/ProdData/UME/Pegasus/Mappings/Inventory
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/ProdData/UME/Pegasus/Mappings/Inventory/mib
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/ProdData/UME/Pegasus/Mappings/Inventory/mib/bin
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/ProdData/UME/Pegasus/Mappings/Inventory/mib/data
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/ProdData/UME/Pegasus/Mappings/Inventory/mif
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/ProdData/UME/Pegasus/Mappings/Inventory/mif/bin
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/ProdData/UME/Pegasus/Mappings/Inventory/mif/data
- ICU Libraries: /QOpenSys/QIBM/ProdData/UME/ICU/icu-3.4.0/lib/
- All of the directories and files in the directories are owned by the QSYS property with PUBLIC *RX (755).
- Here are the directories that have internal server files:
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/ProdData/UME/Pegasus/bin/
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/ProdData/UME/Pegasus/lib/
- /QOpenSys/QIBM/ProdData/UME/Pegasus/provider/
- The /lib/ directory is public *RX. Only the external files have public *x. No files set the setuid bit.
- I The provider/ directory is public *RX. This directory only contains the IBM-included providers.
- Note: You can modify the configuration of the providerDir property to make the CIM server load the
- providers from the directory that is created by the providers. The created directory should have
- permission public *RX so that the providers can be loaded and run by any user.
- The msg/directory is public *RX and all files are public *r. The files are public *r because providers are
- loading messages under the user authority.
- The Schemas / directory and all files are public *RX. These are source files.
- The Mappings/ directory and all files are public *RX.

□ Protection of objects in the QUME library

Table 2. Library objects

I	Library objects	Object type	Public authentication	Description
 	QUME	*LIB	*USE	Principle licensed program (LP) library
Τ	QUME/QCIMMSG	*MSGF	*USE	Message file
 	QUME/QUME0029	*PRDLOD	*USE	Machine readable information (MRI) product load
1	QUME/QUME0050	*PRDDFN	*USE	Product definition
 	QUME/QUME0050	*PRDLOD	*USE	Machine readable material (MRM) product load
1	QUME/QUME2MIB	*PGM	*EXCLUDE	SNMP subagent
Τ	QUME/QUMECIMOM	*PGM	*EXCLUDE	Wrapper to start CIMOM
I	QUME/QUMECIMV2	*FILE	*EXCLUDE	root/cimv2
 	QUME/QUMECTLCIM	*PGM	*EXCLUDE	CIMOM control program that is called by TOC component during STR/ENDTCPSVR *CIMOM
1	QUME/QUMEIBMSD	*FILE	*EXCLUDE	root/ibmsd
 	QUME/QUMEJOBD	*JOBD	*EXCLUDE	Job description for server and SNMP subagent
 	QUME/QUMEMRIPGM	*PGM	*EXCLUDE	MRI installation exit program
 	QUME/QUMEMRMPGM	*PGM	*EXCLUDE	MRM installation exit program
I	QUME/QUMEPGINOP	*FILE	*EXCLUDE	root/PG_InterOp
Ι	QUME/QUMEPGINTL	*FILE	*EXCLUDE	root/PG_Internal
Ι	QUME/QUMEPGROOT	*FILE	*EXCLUDE	root
I	QUME/QUMERECOVR	*PGM	*EXCLUDE	Recovery program
I	QUME/QUMESPSNDR	*SRVPGM	*USE	Check SNMP trap
 	QUME/QUMESTRSA	*PGM	*USE	Start or stop Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) subagent
I	QUME/QUMEUTIL	*SRVPGM	*USE	Audit log utility, *USE
 	QUME/QUMEUTILS	*SRVPGM	*EXCLUDE	Platform utilities (used by QUME2MIB and QUMESTRSA)

Adopted owner authority

- I The only objects that adopt owner authority are QUMECTLCIM *PGM and QUMESTRSA *PGM. The
- I owner of these programs is the QSYS object. The programs start and stop the CIM server or SNMP
- subagent.
- I QUMECTLCIM is the *PGM that starts and stops the CIM server. This program has PUBLIC *EXCLUDE
- authority. QUMECTLCIM starts the server by submitting the QUMECIMOM server job. QUMECTLCIM

- I is called by QTOCSRV and adopts the QSYS object owner authority to gain access to the job description
- of the CIM server (QUMEJOBD). The QUMEJOBD job description sets the user of the QUMECIMOM
- I server job to QSECOFR.
- I Similarly, the QUMESTRSA object is the *PGM that starts and stops the SNMP Subagent. This program
- I has PUBLIC *USE so that it can be called by any user. The QUMESTRSA object starts the subagent by
- I submitting the QUME2MIB job. It adopts the QSYS object owner authority to gain access to the job
- description of the subagent (QUMEJOBD). The QUMEJOBD job description sets the user of the
- | QUME2MIB server job to the QSECOFR object.

Related tasks

- "User authorization" on page 16
- User authorization is a type of security check that is used to verify that you have access to the objects
- l you are trying to change.

Related reference

- "Command authorization" on page 17
- You need to use the commands to modify the configuration of the CIM server. Command
- l authorization is required.

Backup and recovery considerations

- It is important to schedule backups of the repository directories and files. If the repository is moved, is
- lost, or becomes corrupted, restore the files that you have backed up.
- Here are the namespaces that are installed with CIMOM:
- root: The root namespace conforms to the Distributed Management Task Force (DMTF) specifications.
- root/cimv2: This is for standard CIM schemas for the shipped providers.
- root/PG_InterOp: This is for provider registration. This space is reserved exclusively for providers and all providers must be registered.
- root/PG_Internal: This space is reserved and used by CIMOM.
- root/ibmsd: The namespace is owned and used by IBM Director.

□ Backup

- It is recommended that you back up the CIM server UserData/ directory. There are IBM data and User
- data in the UserData/ directory. Applications or providers might change the files in the directory so that
- I a daily backup is needed. You can run the backup command to save the changed files since the last
- I backup.
- Here are more details about the specific files and directories:
- The repository as a whole can be backed up, including any temporary transaction files.
- The server configuration file (current and planned) can be backed up.
- The configuration files are located under the /QOpenSys/QIBM/UserData/UME/Pegasus/ directory.
- The SSL files in the UserData/ directory are not IBM files. These files can be backed up, including the server certificate, the private key, and trust stores. However, the backup location should be secure.
- The mappings files in the UserData/ directory are not IBM files. These files can be backed up.
- The migration marker file is a user file that can be backed up.
- The trace files and log files are user files that can be backed up.
- UME has product files in its Proddata directory and has QUME product library. These files are backed up weekly.
- | Notes:

- It is important that you back up the /QOpenSys/QIBM/UserData/UME/Pegasus/repository directory structure regularly. If these files are deleted, moved, or corrupted, you need to restore them from the backup.
- · To back up the SSL certificate files for CIMOM, use the OpenSSL command to create the certificates. For more detailed information about the commands, see OpenSSL
- · If you do not back up the repository, you need to delete the repository and restart the CIM server. This sets the repository to the shipped state.

Recovery

- In CIMOM, IBM data and user data is intermingled as files or as data in the same directory.
- The following list shows the files that contain both IBM and user data:
- · All instance index files and instance data files. The typical example is the provider registration that contains both IBM and user data instances. Any providers that are developed by you are registered in the same files as the IBM-shipped providers.
- Instance association and class association files. These files keep track of associated classes or instances. Any associations that are created by you are stored in the same file as the IBM-shipped associations.
- Server configuration files.
- If you need to recover the CIM server's ProdData/ directory, reinstall QUME. If you need to recover the IBM data in CIM server's UserData/ directory, reinstall QUME or recover these files from the backup media. If you need to recover the user data in CIM server's UserData/ directory, recover the destroyed files from the backup media.
 - Related tasks
 - "User authorization" on page 16
- User authorization is a type of security check that is used to verify that you have access to the objects you are trying to change.
- Related information
- Backing up your system

Restoring corrupted files

Use this information if the backup copy of your CIM repository files are corrupted.

To recover your files, use the information in the following list.

Repository classes and qualifiers (static data)

- 1. Undo whatever was done to create the class or qualifier. For example, uninstall a client application or take manual steps to undo what was done.
- 2. Put the class or qualifier back the same way it was before. For example, reinstall a client application. If the problem persists, contact your service provider.

Repository instances

- 1. Undo whatever was done to create the instance. For example, uninstall a client application or take manual steps to undo what was done.
- 2. Put the class or qualifier back the same way it was before. For example, reinstall a client application. If the problem still exists, contact your service provider.

Provider registration data (also instances)

- 1. Use the cimprovider command to remove the provider registration.
- 2. use the cimmof command to recompile and reregister the data. If the problem still exists, contact your service provider.

Troubleshooting the CIM server

Use this information if the CIM server does not start or if the CIM server starts, but does not run as expected.

- 1. Do the following steps if the CIM server does not start:
 - a. Ensure that the correct options and product are installed on your system.
 - b. Ensure that the CIM server is configured correctly. See Setting the configuration properties to configure your CIM server.
- 2. If you have trouble with the CIM server, do the following steps:
 - a. Check whether the certificate is expired.
 - To check whether the CIM server is running , type WRKACTJOB JOB(QUMECIMOM) at a command line. If there is no active job, type the STRTCPSVR *CIMOM command to start a server.
 - b. Check whether the CIMOM repository is corrupted.
 - Verify whether the repository directory and configuration files exist in the /QOpenSys/QIBM/ UserData/UME/Pegasus/ directory of the integrated file system. If any of these files are missing, restore all the repository directories and files from your backup. If a backup does not exist, follow the instructions in "Restoring corrupted files" on page 22.
 - c. Verify if you are attempting to process a request when the provider is not registered or enabled:
 - 1) Type cimprovider -l -s to list the name and status of the registered provider modules.
 - 2) Type cimprovider -l-m *module-name* to see the individual providers in that module.
 - d. Check the job log file.
 - 1) Type WRKACTJOB at a command line.
 - 2) Check the QSYSWRK subsystem to find the QUMECIMOM job.
 - 3) Select 5 (Work with), and then type 10 (Display job log, if active, on job queue, or pending).
 - 4) If the QUMECIMOM job is not running, type WRKJOB QUMECIMOM.
 - 5) Select the most recent job by typing 1 (Select) next to it.
 - 6) If the status is OUTQ, type 4 (Work with spooled files), and then type 5 (Display) next to the QPJOBLOG file.

CIMOM command-line utilities

You can use a set of command-line utilities to control or change the CIMOM environment.

These commands include:

- cimmof
- cimconfig
- cimprovider
- ssltrustmgr
- For the i5/OS implementation, the cimconfig and cimprovider commands require *IOSYSCFG and
- *ALLOBJ special authorities. The ssltrustmgr command requires *ALLOBJ and SECADM special
- authorities. No special authorities are required to run the cimmof command. The authority checks that
- I are based on the objects should be complied with and the namespaces should be complied with as well
- in CIMOM.
- Run all of the command-line utilities from a command-line or in Portable Application Solutions
- | Environment (PASE).

Related concepts

"Configuring CIMOM" on page 3

You need to install the required options and product, set the configuration properties, granting user the authorization, and then start the CIMOM.

cimmof usage information

You can use this command to compile Managed Object Format (MOF) files. A symbolic link in the /QOpenSys/usr/bin directory for this command is provided.

Name cimmof

This command compiles CIM class description (using the MOF language) files into a class schema that is stored in a repository through the CIM server. This command only works when the CIM server is running.

Synopsis

```
Usage:

| cimmof -h | --help

| cimmof --version

| cimmof [ -w ] [ -E ] [ -uc ] [ -aE | -aV | -aEV ] [ -I path ][ -n namespace ]

| [--namespace namespace] [--xml][--trace] [mof file ...]
```

Description

The cimmof command is the command line interface to the MOF compiler. The MOF compiler is a utility that compiles MOF files into CIM classes and instances that are stored in the CIM repository. You can use the cimmof command to compile MOF files at any time after installation. If no input file is specified, standard input is used. You need to provide the MOF file name in the message that is shown.

The MOF compiler requires that the input MOF files exist in the current directory or that a fully qualified path be given. To simplify the specification of multiple MOF files in the cimmof command line, the MOF compiler allows compiling from files that contain a list of MOF files using the following include pragmas:

- #pragma include (application.mof)
- #pragma include (server.mof)

MOF files that use the include pragma must be in the current directory or in a directory specified by the -I command line option. The -n option can be used to specify an R namespace in which the CIM classes and instances are compiled. If this option is not specified, the default R namespace is root/cimv2.

Options

-h, --help

This option displays command usage information.

--version

This option displays CIM server version.

- -E This option performs a syntax check on the input. This option does not update the repository.
- -w This option suppresses warning messages. If the CIM elements (such as classes, instances, properties, or methods) that are defined in the MOF files exist in the CIM repository, the cimmof command returns warning messages.
- **-uc** This option allows the update of an existing class definition. This option enables you to update a leaf class. It does not allow updates of superclasses or classes that have subclasses.

- -aE This option allows experimental schema changes.
- **-aV** This option updates a class that results in a version change. This option allows the major version of the class to be changed, allows the version to be degraded or allows the version to be removed. The version must be specified in a valid format. The format is *m.n.u* where *m* is a major version, *n* is a minor release, and *u* is an update. For example, 2.7.0 is a valid format for CIM schema 2.7.0. If the input class has the same version as the class in the repository, the class is not updated.
- **-aEV** This option allows both experimental and version schema changes.

-I <path>

This option specifies the path to include MOF files. This path might be relative or absolute.

-n This option overrides the default CIM repository namespace. The namespace that is specified must be a valid CIM namespace name. For provider registration schemas, the namespace that is specified must be root/PG_InterOp.

--namespace

This option overrides the default CIM repository namespace. The namespace that is specified must be a valid CIM namespace name. For provider registration schemas, the namespace that is specified must be root/PG_InterOp.

- **--xml** This option generates Extensible Markup Language (XML) to a standard output format. This option does not update the repository.
- **--trace** This option writes the trace information to a file. The output destination is a standard output format.

EXIT STATUS

ı

The cimmof command returns one of the following values:

- 0 Success
- 1 Error

Examples

cimmof processInfo.mof

Compiles an MOF file into the default namespace in the CIM repository and issues the cimmof command with no options.

cimmof -n root/application test1.mof test2.mof

Compiles the MOF files into the root/application namespace.

cimmof -w -I. /MOF MOF/CIMSchema25.mof

Compiles the MOF file that is defined in the . /MOF directory with the name CIM-Schema25.mof and that contains include pragmas for other MOF files also in the . /MOF directory.

cimmof -h

Displays usage information for the cimmof command.

cimconfig usage information

Configure the startup properties for CIMOM with the cimconfig command.

- You can use this command to update configuration setting. A symbolic link in the /QOpenSys/usr/bin
- I directory for this command is provided. If you change the configuration properties that are in the
- planned configuration settings, the changes do not take effect until the CIM server is restarted.

Name cimconfig

Get, set, unset, or list CIMOM configuration properties.

Synopsis

Usage

- cimconfig -g name [-c] [-d] [-p]
- cimconfig -h
- cimconfig -1 [-c | -p]
- cimconfig -s name=value [-c] [-p]
- cimconfig -u name [-c] [-p]
- cimconfig --help
- cimconfig --version

Remarks

The cimconfig command provides a command-line interface to manage CIMOM configuration properties:

- The first form of cimconfig provides the current, planned, and default value of the specified configuration property.
- The second form sets the current value and planned value of the specified configuration property to the specified value.
- The third form resets the current and planned values of the specified configuration property to its default value.
- The fourth form lists all the configuration properties.

Options

The cimconfig command recognizes the following options:

-h, --help

This option displays command help information.

--version

This option displays the CIMOM version.

-g name

This option gets the current value of the specified configuration property. It returns an error when CIMOM is not running.

-g name -c

This option gets the current value of the specified configuration property. It returns an error when CIMOM is not running.

-g name -p

This option gets the planned value of the specified configuration property.

-g name -d

This option gets the default value of the specified configuration property. It returns an error when CIMOM is not running.

-s name=value

This option indicates that a configuration property is added or updated by setting its current value to the specified value. It returns an error when CIMOM is not running or when the specified property cannot be updated dynamically.

-s name=value -c

This option indicates that a configuration property is added or updated by setting its current value to the specified value. It returns an error when CIMOM is not running or when the specified property cannot be updated dynamically.

-s name=value -p

This option indicates that a configuration property is added or updated by setting its planned value to the specified value.

-u name

This option indicates that the current value of the specified configuration property is reset to the default value. It returns an error when CIMOM is not running or when the specified property cannot be updated dynamically.

-u name -c

This option indicates that the current value of the specified configuration property is reset to the default value. It returns an error when CIMOM is not running or when the specified property cannot be updated dynamically.

-u name -p

This option indicates that the planned value of the specified configuration property is reset to the default value.

- -1 This option displays the name of all the configuration properties. It returns an error when CIMOM is not running.
- **-1 -c** This option displays the name-and-value pair of all the current configuration properties. It returns an error when CIMOM is not running.
- -l -p This option displays the name-and-value pair of all the planned configuration properties.

Note: You can use the cimconfig command to set the current or planned configuration properties of CIMOM. You can update the current configuration properties only when CIMOM is running. All of the properties can be changed in the planned configuration properties whether CIMOM is running. If the planned configuration properties are changed, those changes do not take effect until CIMOM is restarted. When CIMOM is started, the planned configuration properties become the current configuration properties.

Related concepts

"Configuring CIMOM" on page 3

You need to install the required options and product, set the configuration properties, granting user the authorization, and then start the CIMOM.

Related tasks

"Securing CIMOM" on page 15

It is important to configure security on the i5/OS operating system. For CIMOM, there are two types of security checks: authentication and authorization.

cimprovider usage information

You can use this command to enable or disable a registered provider. A symbolic link in the /QOpenSys/usr/bin directory for this command is provided. You need to ensure that CIMOM is running when you use this command.

Name cimprovider

Disable, enable, remove, or list registered CIM providers or one CIM provider modules and module status.

Synopsis

ı

I

Usage:

- cimprovider -d -m module
- cimprovider -e -m module
- cimprovider -h
- cimprovider -l [-s | -m module]
- cimprovider -r -m module [-p provider]

• cimprovider --help

Limitations

This command disables, enables, or removes only one CIM provider module or CIM provider at a time.

Description

If a CIM provider is disabled, CIMOM rejects any requests to the provider. If a CIM provider is enabled, CIMOM forwards requests to the provider. If a CIM provider is unregistered, CIMOM no longer has any information about the provider:

- · The first form of the cimprovider command disables the specified provider module. When a specified provider module is in the disabled state, any new requests to the providers that are contained in the specified provider module are rejected.
- The second form enables the providers that are contained in the specified provider module. The providers are now ready to accept new request.
- · The third form removes the specified provider module and all of its providers or the specified provider in the specified provider module.
- The fourth form lists all the registered provider modules and module status or the providers in the specified provider module.

Options

-h, --help

Displays command help information.

--version

Displays CIMOM version.

- Disables the specified CIM provider module. If the module is already disabled, an error -d message is returned.
- Enables the specified CIM provider module. If the module is already enabled or is -e currently being disabled, an error message is returned.
- Removes the specified provider module and all of its contained providers. If a provider is -r specified, it removes the specified provider in the specified provider module without affecting any other providers in that module.
- -1 Displays all the registered provider modules.

-m Module

Specifies the provider module for the operation.

-p Provider

Specifies the provider for the operation.

Displays the status of provider modules. -s

Examples

cimprovider -d -m myProviderModule

Disables provider module myProviderModule and all of its contained providers (placing them in a stopped state).

cimprovider -e -m myProviderModule

Enables provider module myProviderModule and all of its contained providers (placing them in an OK state).

cimprovider -r -m myProviderModule

Removes (unregisters) the myProviderModule provider module and all of its contained providers.

cimprovider -r -m myProviderModule -p MyProvider

Removes the MyProvider provider that is contained in the myProviderModule provider module.

cimprovider -1

Lists the registered provider modules.

cimprovider -1 -s

Lists the registered provider modules and their status (such as OK, Stopping, Stopped).

cimprovider -1 -m myProvider

Lists the registered providers that are in the myProviderModule provider module.

ssltrustmgr usage information

The ssltrustmgr command provides a command-line interface to manage X509 certificates in a truststore or in a certificate revocation list (CRL).

You must install the Portable Application Solutions Environment (PASE) feature of i5/OS on the system before you can run the ssltrustmgr command from a PASE command line. Make sure that the CIM server is running when you run this command from the /QOpenSys/usr/bin directory.

Name ssltrustmgr

This command requires *ALLOBJ and *SECADM authorities to display or change the SSL truststores.

Synopsis

```
Usage:
```

```
| ssltrustmgr -a -c certuser -f certfile
| ssltrustmgr -a -f certfile
| ssltrustmgr -a -R -f crlfile
| ssltrustmgr -h | --help
| ssltrustmgr -l [-i issuername [-n serialnumber]]
| ssltrustmgr -l -R [-i issuername]
| ssltrustmgr -r -i issuername -n serialnumber
| ssltrustmgr -r -R -i issuername
| ssltrustmgr -v | --version
```

Description

If the truststore or the CRL store does not exist, or they are not in a directory format, the command exits with errors.

Options

I

- -a Adds the specified certificate to a target truststore, a trustpath, or a CRL store.
- -r Removes the certificate that matches the serial number that is issued by the issuer name from the target truststore or trustpath.
 - -l Displays the X509 certificates in the target truststore or trustpath.
 - **-R** Indicates that the requested add, remove, or list operation is performed on the CRL store.

-f certfile/crlfile

Specifies a Privacy Enhanced Mail (PEM) format file that contains an X509 certificate or a CRL.

-c certuser

Specifies a user name to be associated with the specified certificate. The user name that is specified should be a valid system user on the target system.

-i issuername

Specifies a certificate or a CRL issuer name.

-n serialnumber

Specifies a certificate serial number.

-h | --help

Displays the command help message.

-v | --version

Displays CIMOM number.

EXIT STATUS

When an error occurs, an error message is written to a standard error format, and an error value of 1 is returned.

- 0 Success
- 1 Error

Examples

ssltrustmgr -a -c john -f cert.pem

Adds the X509 certificate in the cert.pem file to the truststore on CIMOM, and associates the user tag with the certificate.

ssltrustmgr -a -R -f class1crl.pem or ssltrustmgr -aR -f class1crl.pem

Adds the CRL in class1crl.pem to the CRL on CIMOM.

ssltrustmgr -r -i "/C=US/ST=California/L=Cupertino/O=Smart & Secure/OU=Secure Software Division/CN=dev.admin.ss.com" -n 01

Removes the certificate that matches the specified issuer name and serial number from the cim_trust trust store.

ssltrustmar -1

Lists all the X509 certificates in the trust store.

ssltrustmgr -1R -i "/C=US/ST=California/L=Cupertino/0=Smart & Secure/OU=Secure Software Division/CN=dev.admin.ss.com"

Lists the CRL that is issued by the issuer name: "/C=US/ST=California/L=Cupertino/O=Smart & Secure/OU=Secure Software Division/CN=dev.admin.ss.com.".

Dependencies for SNMP and SLP

Here are the dependency considerations for Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) and Service

Location Protocol (SLP) supports.

SNMP support

- I UME provides an SNMP subagent as a bridge between CIMOM and the SNMP server. Use the call
- I qume/qumestrsa command to start the SNMP subagent, and use the call qume/qumestrsa stop
- I command to stop it.
- When the SNMP subagent starts up, it registers itself to the SNMP server. The SNMP server forwards the
- I request from the SNMP client to the subagent. After the subagent receives the SNMP request, the
- I subagent can translate it to the CIM operation. Then the SNMP subagent is connected to the CIM server
- through the CIM client and sends the CIM operation.

SLP support

- I The CIM server supports self-registration with the SLP service agent. Both the IPv4 and IPv6 wildcard
- I addresses are available on the CIM server. The server binds to more than one network interface, so the
- I registrations in the Service Agent contain multiple entries. The registration contains a URL that locates the
- CIM server.
- I IPv4 example:
- URL: service:wbem:https://9.186.110.61:5989 ATTR: (template-url-syntax=service:wbem:https:// 9.186.110.61:5989)
- I IPv6 example:
- URL: service:wbem:https://[3FFE:1::130]:5989 ATTR: (template-url-syntax=service:wbem:https://
 [3FFE:1::130]:5989)

Reference information for CIM

- The Common Information Model (CIM) standard provides the ability to develop management application
- I that work with the systems management data that is made available by the CIM providers and included
- I with i5/OS.
- The following Common Information Model Object Manager (CIMOM) functions are supported:
- Large address-space models
- IBM Universal Manageability Enablement can use a maximum of 8 segments or 2 GB memory.
- Secure Sockets Layer support
- Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) is supported both for external connections over SSL-secured ports for CIM
- client connections and for the connections with a CIM export client. The following ports are supported
- by CIMOM:
- wbem-https port (5989 by default)
- wbem-exp-https port (5990 by default)
- Note: The original wbem-http port (5988 by default) is also supported.
- In addition to the support for SSL-secured data transmission, Portable Application Solutions
- Environment (PASE) also supports SSL certificate-based client authentication on CIM requests from
- CIM clients and supports the CIM exports carrying indication data. You can configure SSL
- certificate-based client authentication as follows:
- When the exclusive type of authentication mechanism is used (basic authentication is not used), only SSL certificate-based authentication is allowed. SSL data encryption is used.
- An option where the client is requested to provide a certificate, if one is not provided, the httpAuthType setting is used for basic authentication. SSL data encryption is still used.
- SSL certificate-based client authentication can be disabled. It means that only the httpAuthType setting (basic authentication) is used.
- With these options, SSL can be used for both authentication and data encryption, or just data encryption.

• Common Manageability Programming Interface support

- Common Manageability Programming Interface (CMPI) defines a common C-based resource extension
- I interface. Resource extensions can be reused in any management server environment supporting this
- interface. CMPI is implemented such that the provider can run with any CIM server, not just with
- Pegasus. The providers use CMPI interface instead of Pegasus C/C++ interface. Currently, CMPI
- supports instance, method, association, and indication providers.

Out-of-process provider support

Out-of-process (OOP) isolates the providers from the main CIM server by running them in a separate

process. All providers are OOP providers for reliability, performance, and security reasons. With OOP,

the CIM server does not crash due to a provider crash. Also, the CIM server has granular security

control over providers. If one process crashes, it does not cause the crash of other processes, and can

recover when the next request for that given provider module comes in.

DMTF schema 2.14

Schema 2.14 contains both experimental and final builds of the schema. This provides you with early

access to experimental parts of the model that do not have sufficient implementation experience to be

included in the final schema. Experimental elements might change in a backward-incompatible way.

Related information

Common Information Model (CIM) Standards

The Open Group: OpenPegasus

CIM Schema: Version 2.14

Providers that are inherited from the operating system

- Providers are moved out of the operating system to be ported to Portable Application Solutions
- Environment (PASE). This topic describes the implemented CIM class, provider types, and categories for
- I these providers. It also introduces properties, property descriptions, and values of each provider.

Table 3. Providers that are inherited from the operating system

Provider name	Implements CIM class	Provider type	Category
QUME_BootOSFromFSProvider	IBM_BootOSFromFS	Instance and association	OSBase
QUME_ChassisProvider	IBMPSG_Chassis	Instance	Hardware
QUME_ColSrvMetricDefinitionProvider	IBMOS400_ColSrvMetricDefinition IBMOS400_ColSrvMetricDefForME	Instance and association	csMetric
QUME_ColSrvMetricValueProvider	IBMOS400_ColSrvMetricValue IBMOS400_ColSrvMetricInstance IBMOS400_ColSrvMetricForME CIM_InstModification	Instance, association, and Indication	csMetric
QUME_ComputerSystemDetailsProvider	IBMPSG_ComputerSystemDetails	Instance	Config
QUME_ComputerSystemProvider	IBMOS400_ComputerSystem IBMPSG_ComputerSystem	Instance	OSBase
QUME_CSBaseBoardProvider	IBM_CSBaseBoard	Instance and Association	OSBase
QUME_CSNetworkPortProvider	IBM_CSNetworkPort	Instance and association	Network
QUME_CSVirtualProcessorProvider	IBMOS400_CSVirtualProcessor	Instance and association	OSBase
QUME_DirectorAgentProvider	IBMPSG_DirectorAgent	Instance	Software
QUME_DirectorConsumer	/	Consumer	Consumer

Table 3. Providers that are inherited from the operating system (continued)

Provider name	Implements CIM class	Provider type	Category
QUME_DirectorGroupProvider	IBMPSG_Group	Instance and method	User
QUME_DirectorLeaseEventProvider	IBMPSG_LeaseExpirationEvent	Indication	Event
QUME_DirectorLeaseProvider	IBMPSG_Lease	Instance	Config
QUME_DirectorNetAdaptCfgProvider	IBMPSG_NetworkAdapterConfiguration	Instance and method	Network
QUME_DirectorNetworkIDProvider	IBMPSG_NetworkID	Instance and method	Network
QUME_DirectorUserProvider	IBMPSG_UserAccount	Instance and method	User
QUME_DirectorWarrantyEventProvider	IBMPSG_WarrantyExpirationEvent	Indication	Event
QUME_DirectorWarrantyProvider	IBMPSG_Warranty	Instance	Config
QUME_DiskDriveProvider	IBMPSG_PhysicalDisk	Instance	Hardware
QUME_EthernetPortProvider	IBM_EthernetPort	Instance	Network
QUME_HealthConsumer	IBMPSG_ComponentHealth	Consumer	Consume
QUME_HostedFileSystemProvider	IBM_HostedFileSystem	Instance and association	OSBase
QUME_IPProtocolEndpointProvider	IBM_IPProtocolEndpoint	Instance	Network
QUME_LocalFileSystemProvider	IBM_LocalFileSystem	Instance	OSBase
QUME_LogConsumer	/	Consumer	Consume
QUME_NetworkEventProvider	IBMPSG_NetworkAdapterFailedEvent IBMPSG_NetworkAdapterOfflineEvent IBMPSG_NetworkAdapterOnlineEvent	Indication	Event
QUME_NetworkFileSystemProvider	IBM_NFS	Instance	OSBase
QUME_NetworkPortProvider	IBMOS400_NetworkPort	Instance	Network
QUME_NWPortImplProtocolEpProvider	IBM_NWPortImplementsIPEndpoint	Instance and association	Network
QUME_OperatingSystemProvider	IBMOS400_OperatingSystem IBMPSG_OperatingSystem	Instance and method	OSBase
QUME_OSProcessProvider	IBMOS400_OSProcess	Instance and association	OSBase
QUME_PhysicalMemoryProvider	IBMPSG_PhysicalMemory	Instance	Hardware
QUME_PhysicalNetworkAdapterProvider	IBMPSG_PhysicalNetworkAdapter	Instance	Hardware
QUME_PhysicalPortProvider	IBMPSG_Port	Instance	Hardwar
QUME_ProcessorProvider	IBMPSG_Processor	Instance	Hardwar
QUME_ProcessProvider	IBMOS400_Process	Instance	OSBase
QUME_RemoteFileSystemProvider	IBM_RemoteFileSystem	Instance	OSBase

Table 3. Providers that are inherited from the operating system (continued)

 	Provider name	Implements CIM class	Provider type	Category
I	QUME_ReplacementFRUProvider	IBMPSG_FRU	Instance	Hardware
 	QUME_RunningOSProvider	IBMOS400_RunningOS	Instance and association	OSBase
I	QUME_SerialNumberProvider	IBMPSG_SerialNumberInformation	Instance	Hardware
I	QUME_SNMPConfigurationProvider	IBMPSG_SNMPConfiguration	Instance	Config
I	QUME_SnmpConsumer	/	Consumer	Consumer
I	QUME_StorageEventProvider	IBMPSG_StorageEvent	Indication	Event
I	QUME_SystemPackageProvider	IBM_BaseBoard IBMPSG_BaseBoard	Instance	OSBase
I	QUME_TecConsumer	/	Consumer	Consumer
I	QUME_TokenRingPortProvider	IBM_TokenRingPort	Instance	Network
I	QUME_VirtualProcessorProvider	IBMOS400_VirtualProcessor	Instance	OSBase

□ IBMPSG_ComputerSystem

This provider makes available basic information about the computer system, such as computer name and status information.

Table 4. IBMPSG_ComputerSystem

	Property	Property value and data source	
Τ	string OtherIdentifyingInfo[]	This property returns the following system information:	
1		• Type	
		Serial number	
		• Model	
1		Partition identifier	
1	Name	The system name based on the first entry in the TCP/IP host table.	

□ IBMPSG_BaseBoard

The provider looks up a resource based on the physical resource name that is provided as the key under the Tag property, and returns instances of all backplanes that are available on the system.

Table 5. IBMPSG_BaseBoard

	Property name	Property description	Value or value location
 	boolean HostingBoard	A property that indicates that this card is a system board, or more generically, a baseboard in a chassis.	TRUE
 	boolean PoweredOn	A property that indicates whether the physical element is powered on.	

Table 5. IBMPSG_BaseBoard (continued)

Property name	Property description	Value or value location
boolean Removable	A property that indicates whether a physical package is removable.	TRUE
	A physical package is removable if it can be taken in and out of the physical container without impairing the function of the overall packaging.	
boolean Replaceable	A property that indicates whether a physical package is replaceable.	TRUE
	A physical package is replaceable if the element can be replaced with a physically different one.	
string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	Base Board ElementName
string CreationClassName (key) (256)	The name of the class or the subclass that is used in the creation of an instance.	IBMPSG_BaseBoard
string Description	A class that is derived from the card to deliver the systems base board hardware information.	Base Board information for ElementName
string ElementName	A user-friendly name of the object.	Name
string Model (256)	The name by which the physical element is generally known.	
string Name (1024)	The label by which the object is known.	
string PartNumber (256)	The part number assigned by the organization that is responsible for producing or manufacturing the physical element.	
string Product	The baseboard part number.	Manufacturer IBM
string SerialNumber (256)	A manufacturer-allocated number that is used to identify the physical element.	
string StatusDescriptions[]	Various OperationalStatus array values.	
string Tag (key) (256)	An arbitrary string that uniquely identifies the physical element and serves as the element's key.	IBM:Model:SerialNumber
uint16 OperationalStatus[]	The current status of the element.	

IBMPSG_Chassis

The provider looks up a resource based on the physical resource name that is provided as the key under the Tag property, and returns instances of all frames that are available on the system.

Table 6. IBMPSG_Chassis

Property name	Property description	Value or value location
boolean AudibleAlarm	A property that indicates whether the frame is equipped with an audible alarm.	FALSE
boolean CanBeFRUed	A property that indicates whether this physical element is a field replaceable unit (TRUE) or not (FALSE).	
boolean IsLocked	A property that indicates whether the frame is currently locked.	FALSE
boolean LockPresent	A property that indicates whether the frame is protected with a lock.	FALSE
boolean PoweredOn	A property that indicates whether the physical element is powered on.	
boolean Removable	A property that indicates whether a physical package is removable.	TRUE
	A physical package is removable if it can be taken in and out of the physical container without impairing the function of the overall packaging.	
boolean Replaceable	A property that indicates whether a physical package is replaceable.	TRUE
	A physical package is replaceable if the element can be replaced with a physically different one.	
boolean VisibleAlarm	A property that indicates whether the equipment includes a visible alarm.	FALSE
string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	Chassis ElementName
string CreationClassName (key) (256)	The name of the class or the subclass that is used in the creation of an instance.	IBMPSG_Chassis
string Description	A textual description of the object.	Chassis information for ElementName
string ElementName	A user-friendly name of the object.	Name
string Model (256)	The name by which the physical element is generally known.	
string Name (1024)	The label by which the object is known.	
string PartNumber (256)	The part number assigned by the organization that is responsible for producing or manufacturing the physical element.	
string SerialNumber (256)	A manufacturer-allocated number that is used to identify the physical element.	
string StatusDescriptions[]	Various OperationalStatus array values.	

Table 6. IBMPSG_Chassis (continued)

l	Property name	Property description	Value or value location
 - 	string Tag (key) (256)	An arbitrary string that uniquely identifies the physical element and serves as the element's key.	Name
I	uint16 HealthState	The current health of the element.	
I	uint16 OperationalStatus[]	The current status of the element.	
I	uint16 PackageType	The type of the physical package.	9 Module/Card
 - - - -	uint16 SecurityBreach	An enumerated, integer-valued property that indicates that a physical breach of the frame was attempted but unsuccessful (value=4) or attempted and successful (value=5).	2 (Unknown)

IBMPSG_FRU

- The provider looks up a resource based on the physical resource name that is provided as the key under
- the Name property, and returns instances of physical resources with FRU numbers that are available on
- I the system.

Table 7. IBMPSG_FRU

Property name	Property description	Value or value location
string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	Filed replaceable unit <i>ElementName</i>
string Description	A textual description of the object.	Field replaceable unit information for <i>ElementName</i>
string ElementName	A user-friendly name for the object.	Name
string FRUNumber (key) (64)	FRU ordering information.	
string IdentifyingNumber (key) (64)	FRU identification, such as a serial number on software or a die number on a hardware chip.	
string Name (256)	FRU name.	
string Vendor (key) (256)	The name of the FRU's supplier.	IBM

IBMPSG_PhysicalDisk

The provider looks up a resource based on the logical resource name that is provided as the key under the DeviceID property, and returns instances of logical disk units that are available on the system.

Table 8. IBMPSG_PhysicalDisk

I	Property name	Property description	Value or value location
 	boolean MediaIsLocked	A property that indicates whether the media is locked in the device and cannot be ejected.	TRUE
 		For devices that cannot be removed, this value should be TRUE.	

Table 8. IBMPSG_PhysicalDisk (continued)

Property name	Property description	Value or value location
int16 Security	An enumeration that indicates the operational security that is defined for the media access device.	2 (Unknown)
	For example, information that the device is Read-only (value=4) or information about Boot Bypass (value=6) can be described in this property.	
string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	Disk ElementName
string CreationClassName (key) (256)	The name of the class or the subclass that is used in the creation of an instance.	IBMPSG_PhysicalDisk
string Description	A textual description of the object.	Disk information for ElementName
string DeviceID (key) (64)	An address or other identifying information to uniquely name the logical device.	Name
string ElementName	A user-friendly name of the object	Name
string Name (1024)	The label by which the object is known.	
string OtherEnabledState	A string that describes the element's enabled or disabled state when the EnabledState property is set to 1 ("Other").	powered off or not connected
string StatusDescriptions[]	Various OperationalStatus array values.	
string SystemCreationClassName (key) (256)	The scoping system's CreationClassName.	IBMPSG_ComputerSystem
string SystemName (key) (256)	The scoping system's name.	
uint16 Availability	The primary availability and status of the device.	
uint16 EnabledDefault	An enumerated value that indicates an administrator's default configuration for an element's EnabledState.	7 (No Default)
uint16 EnabledState	An integer enumeration that indicates the enabled or disabled states of an element.	
uint16 HealthState	The current health of the element.	
uint16 OperationalStatus[]	The current status of the element.	
uint16 RequestedState	An integer enumeration that indicates the last requested or desired state for the element.	5 (No change)
uint64 DefaultBlockSize	The default block size (in bytes) for this device.	
uint64 MaxBlockSize	The maximum block size (in bytes) for media that are accessed by this device.	

Table 8. IBMPSG_PhysicalDisk (continued)

Property name	Property description	Value or value location
uint64 MaxMediaSize	The maximum size (in KB) of media that are supported by this device.	

IBMPSG_PhysicalMemory

The provider looks up a resource based on the physical resource name that is provided as the key under the Tag property, and returns instances of all physical memory resources that are available on the system.

Table 9. IBMPSG_PhysicalMemory

Property name	Property description	Value or value location
boolean CanBeFRUed	A property that indicates whether this physical element is a field replaceable unit (TRUE) or not (FALSE).	
boolean HasError	A property that indicates whether the memory currently has an error condition.	
boolean IsActive	A property that indicates whether the memory is currently active.	
boolean PoweredOn	A property that indicates whether the physical element is powered on.	
boolean Removable	A property that indicates whether a physical component is removable. A physical component is removable if	TRUE
	it can be taken in and out of the physical container without impairing the function of the overall packaging.	
boolean Replaceable	A property that indicates whether a physical component is replaceable. A physical component is replaceable if the element can be replaced with a physically different one.	TRUE
string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	Physical memory ElementName
string CreationClassName (key) (256)	The name of the class or the subclass that is used in the creation of an instance.	IBMPSG_PhysicalMemory
string Description	A textual description of the object.	Physical memory information for ElementName
string ElementName	A user-friendly name of the object.	Name
string Model (256)	The name by which the physical element is generally known.	
string Name (1024)	The label by which the object is known.	
string PartNumber (256)	The part number assigned by the organization that is responsible for producing or manufacturing the physical element.	

Table 9. IBMPSG_PhysicalMemory (continued)

I	Property name	Property description	Value or value location
 	string SerialNumber (256)	A manufacturer-allocated number that is used to identify the physical element.	
 	string StatusDescriptions[]	Various OperationalStatus array values.	
 	string Tag (key) (256)	An arbitrary string that uniquely identifies the physical element and serves as the element's key.	Name
I	uint16 HealthState	The current health of the element.	
I	uint16 MemoryType	The type of physical memory.	
I	uint16 OperationalStatus[]	The current status of the element.	
 	uint32 PositionInRow	The position of the physical memory in a row.	
I I	uint64 Capacity	The total capacity of this physical memory (in bytes).	

□ IBMPSG_PhysicalNetworkAdapter

The provider looks up a resource based on the physical resource name that is provided as the key under the Tag property, and returns instances of all physical network adapter resources that are available on the system.

Table 10. IBMPSG_PhysicalNetworkAdapter

1	Property name	Property description	Value or value location
 	boolean CanBeFRUed	A property that indicates whether this physical element is a field replaceable unit (TRUE) or not (FALSE).	
 	boolean HostingBoard	A property that indicates whether this card is a motherboard, or, more generically, a baseboard in a chassis.	FALSE
 	boolean PoweredOn	A property that indicates whether the physical element is powered on.	
 	boolean Removable	A property that indicates whether a physical package is removable.	TRUE
 		A physical package is removable if it can be taken in and out of the physical container without impairing the function of the overall	
ĺ		packaging.	

Table 10. IBMPSG_PhysicalNetworkAdapter (continued)

Property name	Property description	Value or value location
boolean Replaceable	A property that indicates whether a physical package is replaceable.	TRUE
	A physical package is replaceable if the element can be replaced with a physically different one.	
string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	Physical network adapter <i>ElementName</i>
string CreationClassName (key) (256)	The name of the class or the subclass that is used in the creation of an instance.	IBMPSG_PhysicalNetworkAdapter
string Description	A textual description of the object.	Physical network adapter information for <i>ElementName</i>
string ElementName	A user-friendly name of the objects	Name
string Model (256)	The name by which the physical element is generally known.	
string Name (1024)	The label by which the object is known.	
string PartNumber (256)	The part number assigned by the organization that is responsible for producing or manufacturing the physical element.	
string SerialNumber (256)	A manufacturer- allocated number that is used to identify the physical element.	
string StatusDescriptions[]	Various OperationalStatus array values.	
string Tag (key) (256)	An arbitrary string that uniquely identifies the physical element and serves as the element's key.	Name
uint16 HealthState	The current health of the element.	
uint16 OperationalStatus[]	The current status of the element.	

□ IBMPSG_Port

The provider looks up a resource based on the physical resource name that is provided as the key under the Tag property, and returns instances of all physical ports that are available on the system.

Table 11. IBMPSG_Port

Property name	Property description	Value or value location
boolean CanBeFRUed	A property that indicates whether this physical element is a field replaceable unit (TRUE) or not (FALSE).	
boolean HotSwappable	A physical component is HotSwappable if it can be replaced by another component within the same model. The component is inserted in a main board that is powered on.	FALSE
boolean PoweredOn	A property that indicates whether the physical element is powered on.	
boolean Removable	A property that indicates whether a physical component is removable. A physical component is removable if it can be taken in and out of the physical container without impairing the function of the overall packaging.	FALSE
boolean Replaceable	A property that indicates whether a physical package is replaceable. A physical component is replaceable if it can be replaced with a physically different one.	FALSE
string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object	Port connector ElementName
String CreationClassName (key) (256)	The name of the class or the subclass that is used in the creation of an instance.	IBMPSG_Port
string Description	A textual description of the object.	Port connector information for ElementName
string ElementName	A user-friendly name of the object.	Name
string Model (256)	The name by which the physical element is generally known.	
string Name (1024)	The Name property that defines the label by which the object is known.	
string PartNumber (256)	The part number assigned by the organization that is responsible for producing or manufacturing the physical element.	
string SerialNumber (256)	A manufacturer-allocated number that is used to identify the physical element.	
String StatusDescriptions[]	Various OperationalStatus array values.	

Table 11. IBMPSG_Port (continued)

Property name	Property description	Value or value location
string Tag (key) (256)	An arbitrary string that uniquely identifies the physical element and serves as the element's key.	Name
uint16 HealthState	The current health of the element.	
uint16 OperationalStatus[]	The current status of the element.	
uint16 PortType	The type of the port that is presented.	

IBMPSG_Processor

The provider looks up a resource based on the logical resource name that is provided as the key under the DeviceID property, and returns instances of all processors that are available on the system.

Table 12. IBMPSG_Processor

Property name	Property description	Value or value location
string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	Processor ElementName
string CreationClassName (key) (256)	The name of the class or the subclass that is used in the creation of an instance.	IBMPSG_Processor
string Description	A textual description of the object.	Processor information for ElementName
string DeviceID (key) (64)	An address or other identifying information to uniquely name the logical device.	Name
string ElementName	A user-friendly name of the object.	
string Identifying Descriptions[]	An array of freeform strings that provides explanations and details behind the entries in the OtherIdentifyingInfo array.	The resource name for the logical processor as identified by the Hardware Resource Manager. The processor part number. The processor type number. The processor model number. The processor serial number.
string Model	The model of the processor.	
string Name (1024)	The label by which the object is known.	
string OtherEnabledState	A string that describes the element's enabled or disabled state when the EnabledState property is set to 1 ("Other").	powered off or not connected
string OtherFamilyDescription	The processor family type.	PowerPC
string OtherIdentifyingInfo (256)	Additional data, beyond DeviceID information, that can be used to identify a logical device.	
string Role	The role of the processor.	Central Processor
string StatusDescriptions[]	Various OperationalStatus array values.	
string SystemCreationClassName (key) (256)	The scoping system's CreationClassName.	IBMPSG_ComputerSystem

Table 12. IBMPSG_Processor (continued)

1	Property name	Property description	Value or value location
1	string SystemName (key) (256)	The scoping system's Name.	
1	string Type	The type of the processor.	
I	string Version	The version of the processor.	
1	uint16 AddressWidth	The processor address width in bits.	64 bits
 	uint16 Availability	The primary availability and status of the device.	
1	uint16 CPUStatus	The current status of the processor.	
1	uint16 DataWidth	The processor data width in bits.	64 bits
 	uint16 EnabledDefault	An enumerated value that indicates an administrator's default configuration for an element's enabled state.	7 (No Default)
 	uint16 EnabledState	An integer enumeration that indicates the enabled or disabled states of an element.	
1	uint16 Family	The processor family type.	1 (Other)
1	uint16 HealthState	The current health of the element.	
1	uint16 OperationalStatus[]	The current status of the element.	
 	uint16 RequestedState	An integer enumeration that indicates the last requested or desired state for the element.	Default value of 5 (No change)
 - - -	uint16 UpgradeMethod	CPU socket information including data on how this processor can be upgraded (if upgrades are supported).	6 (None)

IBMPSG_SerialNumberInformation

This provider returns instances of physical resources of all implemented physical resource classes in this provider that have a serial number associated with them.

Table 13. IBMPSG_SerialNumberInformation

I	Property name	Property description	Value or value location
 	string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	Serial number for <i>ElementName</i>
 	string Description	A textual description of the object.	Serial number information for ElementName
I	string ElementName	A user-friendly name of the object.	System or Hardware ElementName
 	string Identifier (key)	The identifier by which the asset information object is known.	System or ResouceName
 	string Model	The name of the category by which this element is generally known.	
 	string Name	The name by which the element that has the given serial number is known.	System or Hardware ElementName

Table 13. IBMPSG_SerialNumberInformation (continued)

1	Property name	Property description	Value or value location
 	string OtherIdentifyingInformation	Additional data, beyond the identifier, that can be used to identify the element.	
 	string SerialNumber	A manufacturer-allocated number that is used to identify the physical element.	
 	string SettingId (256)	The identifier by which the setting object is known.	System or ResouceName

Hardware inventory and network management providers

- These providers provides information about hardware inventory and network management. It lists the
- detailed tables showing which properties are supported, and provides the information about the
- I descriptions and values of the properties.

Supported providers

I The following table lists the implemented CIM class, provider types, and categories for the providers.

Table 14. Supported providers

Provider name	Implements CIM class	Provider type	Category
QUME_AssociatedMemoryProvider	IBM_AssociatedMemory	Instance and association	Logical hardware
QUME_BindsToLANEndpointProvider	IBM_BindsToLANEndpoint	Instance and association	Network
QUME_BIOSElementProvider	IBM_BIOSElement	Instance	Firmware
QUME_CardOnCardProvider	IBM_CardOnCard	Instance and association	Physical hardware
QUME_CardProvider	IBM_Card	Instance	Physical hardware
QUME_CDROMDriveProvider	IBM_CDROMDrive	Instance	Logical hardware
QUME_ChassisProvider	IBM_Chassis	Instance	Physical hardware
QUME_ChipProvider	IBM_Chip	Instance	Physical hardware
QUME_ComputerSystemPackageProvider	IBM_ComputerSystemPackage	Instance and association	Physical hardware
QUME_ControlledByProvider	IBM_ControlledBy	Instance and association	Logical hardware
QUME_DeviceSAPImplementationProvider	IBM_DeviceSAPImplementation	Instance and association	Network
QUME_DiskDriveProvider	IBM_DiskDrive	Instance	Logical hardware
QUME_DNSGeneralSettingDataProvider	IBM_DNSGeneralSettingData	Instance	Network
QUME_DNSSettingDataProvider	IBM_DNSSettingData	Instance	Network
QUME_DVDDriveProvider	IBM_DVDDrive	Instance	Logical hardware

Table 14. Supported providers (continued)

I	Provider name	Implements CIM class	Provider type	Category
 	QUME_ElementFRUProvider	IBM_ElementFRU	Instance and association	Physical hardware
 	QUME_ElementSettingDataProvider	IBM_ElementSettingData	Instance and association	Network
I	QUME_EthernetPortProvider	IBM_EthernetPort	Instance	Network
 	QUME_HostedAccessPointProvider	IBM_HostedAccessPoint	Instance and association	Network
 	QUME_InstalledOSProvider	IBM_InstalledOS	Instance and association	System
I	QUME_LANEndpointProvider	IBM _LANEndpoint	Instance	Network
 	QUME_MemoryProvider	IBM_Memory	Instance	Logical hardware
i i	QUME_PackagedComponentProvider	IBM_PackagedComponent	Instance and association	Physical hardware
 	QUME_PackageInChassisProvider	IBM_PackageInChassis	Instance and association	Physical hardware
 	QUME_PCIControllerProvider	IBM_PCIController	Instance	Logical hardware
 	QUME_PCIDeviceProvider	IBM_PCIDevice	Instance	Logical hardware
 	QUME_PhysicalMediaProvider	IBM_PhysicalMedia	Instance	Physical hardware
 	QUME_PhysicalMemoryProvider	IBM_PhysicalMemory	Instance	Physical hardware
 	QUME_PortControllerProvider	IBM_PortController	Instance	Logical hardware
 	QUME_PortImplementsEndpointProvider	IBM_PortImplementsEndpoint	Instance and association	Network
 	QUME_ProcessorProvider	IBM_Processor	Instance	Logical hardware
 	QUME_ProductPhysicalComponentProvider	IBM_ProductPhysicalComponent	Instance and association	Physical hardware
 	QUME_ProductProvider	IBM_Product	Instance	Physical hardware
 	QUME_RealizesProvider	IBM_Realizes	Instance and association	Logical hardware
 	QUME_ReplacementFRUProvider	IBM_ReplacementFRU	Instance	Physical hardware
I	QUME_SNMPCommunityStringProvider	IBM_SNMPCommunityString	Instance	Network
I	QUME_SNMPTrapTargetProvider	IBM_SNMPTrapTarget	Instance	Network
I	QUME_StaticIPAssignmentSettingDataProvider	IBM_StaticIPAssignmentSettingData	Instance	Network
l I	QUME_SystemDeviceProvider	IBM_SystemDevice	Instance and association	Logical hardware
 	QUME_SystemPackagingProvider	IBM_SystemPackaging	Instance and association	Physical hardware

Table 14. Supported providers (continued)

I	Provider name	Implements CIM class	Provider type	Category
 	QUME_TapeDriveProvider	IBMOS400_TapeDrive	Instance	Logical hardware
I	QUME_TCPProtocolEndpointProvider	IBM_TCPProtocolEndpoint	Instance	Network
I	QUME_TimeZoneSettingDataProvider	IBM_TimeZoneSettingData	Instance	System
I	QUME_TokenRingPortProvider	IBM_TokenRingPort	Instance	Network
I	QUME_WirelessLANEndpointProvider	IBM_WirelessLANEndpoint	Instance	Network
I	QUME_WirelessPortProvider	IBM_WirelessPort	Instance	Network

IBM_AssociatedMemory

This provider returns the association between a logical element and the memory that is installed on the logical element.

Table 15. IBM_AssociatedMemory

Property name	Property value and data source	Instance mapping rule
IBM_Memory REF Dependent	Returns a reference to the IBM_Memory that is installed or associated with the logical device.	This should be a one-to- <i>n</i> association between logical device and memory. It associates each CPU to all main
IBM_Processor REF Antecedent	Returns a reference to the IBM_Processor, representing a logical processor.	storage. Because it is nonuniform memory access (NUMA) access model, the processor can access any main storage on system.

IBM_BindsToLANEndpoint

This provider returns association between a service access point (SAP) or ProtocolEndpoint and an underlying LANEndpoint on the same system.

Table 16. IBM_BindsToLANEndpoint

I	Property name	Property value and data source	Instance mapping rule
 	CIM_ServiceAccessPoint REF Dependent	Returns a reference to the CIM_ServiceAccessPoint representing the AccessPoint or ProtocolEndpoint that is dependent on the LANEndpoint property.	This should be a one-to-one association between CIM_IPProtocolEndpoint (which is a subclass of CIM_ServiceAccessPoint) and IBM_LANEndpoint.
 	IBM_LANEndpoint REF Antecedent	Returns a reference to the IBM_LANEndpoint representing the underlying the LANEndpoint property that is depended upon.	

IBM_BIOSElement

- BIOSElement represents the low-level software that is loaded into nonvolatile storage, and used to start
- and configure a ComputerSystem. There are three levels of firmware: memory, T-side and P-side. This
- I provider returns one instance of the active firmware in the memory when an enumerated list of instances
- I is asked for.

Table 17. IBM_BIOSElement

I	Property name	Property description	Value or value location
 	string Caption(64)	A short textual description of the object.	BIOS element ElementName
 	string Description	A textual description of the object.	BIOS element information for <i>ElementName</i>
I	string ElementName	A user-friendly name of the object.	Name
I	string Manufacturer	CIM_BIOSElement.	IBM
I	string Name(key)(256)	The name that identifies this software element.	
1	string SoftwareElementID(256)	An identifier for the software element.	
		The identifier is used with other keys to create a unique representation of the element.	
 - - -	string Version	Software version. It should be in the form <major>.<minor>.<revision> or <major>.<minor><letter><revision>.</revision></letter></minor></major></revision></minor></major>	
 	uint16 SoftwareElementState(key)(64)	A property that identifies various states of the life cycle of a software element.	running
 	uint16 TargetOperatingSystem(Key)	A property that specifies the element's operating system environment.	i5/OS

IBM_CardOnCard

This provider returns the association between a card and another card or motherboard on which the card is mounted.

Table 18. IBM_CardOnCard

T	Property name	Property value and data source	Instance mapping rule
 	IBM_Card REF GroupComponent	Returns a reference to the IBM_Card, representing a card that can hold another card.	This should be a one-to-one association between two cards.
 	IBM_Card REF PartComponent	Returns a reference to the IBM_Card, representing a card.	
Į.	string LocationWithinContainer	Location code.	

IBM_Card

I This provider returns instances of all cards that are available on the system when an enumerated list of instances is asked for, or looks up a resource based on the packaging resource name provided as the key under the ElementName property.

Table 19. IBM_Card

I	Property name	Property description	Property or value location
 		A property that indicates whether a FRU can be applied to this physical element. Its values are TRUE or FALSE.	

Table 19. IBM_Card (continued)

Property name	Property description	Property or value location
boolean HostingBoard	A property that indicates that this card is a motherboard, or more generically, a baseboard in a chassis.	
boolean PoweredOn	A property that indicates whether the physical element is powered on.	
boolean RequiresDaughterBoard	A property that indicates that at least one board or auxiliary card is required to function properly.	
string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	Card ElementName
string CreationClassName (key) (256)	The name of the class or the subclass that is used in the creation of an instance.	IBM_Card
string Description	A textual description of the object.	Card information for ElementName
string ElementName	A user-friendly name of the object.	Name
string Model (256)	The name by which the physical element is generally known.	
string Name (1024)	The label by which the object is known.	
string PartNumber (256)	The part number assigned by the organization that produces the physical element.	
string SerialNumber (256)	A manufacturer-allocated number that is used to identify the physical element.	
string SlotLayout	A free-form string that describes the slot positioning, typical usage, restrictions, individual slot spacings, or any other pertinent information for the slots on a card.	
string StatusDescriptions[]	The various OperationalStatus array values.	
string Tag (key) (256)	An arbitrary string that uniquely identifies the physical element and serves as the element's key.	Name
uint16 HealthState	The current health of the element.	
uint16 OperationalStatus[]	The current status of the element.	
uint16 PackageType	The type of the physical package.	9 Module/Card

IBM_CDROMDrive

- 1 This provider returns instances of all CD-ROM drives that are available on the system when an
- enumerated list of instances is asked for, or looks up a resource based on the logical resource name
- provided as the key under the DeviceID property.

Table 20. IBM_CDROMDrive

Property name	Property description	Property or value location
boolean MediaIsLocked	A property that indicates whether the media are locked and cannot be ejected.	TRUE
string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	CDROM ElementName
string CreationClassName(Key) (256)	The name of the class or the subclass that is used in the creation of an instance.	IBM_CDROMDrive
string Description	A textual description of the object.	CDROM information for ElementName
string DeviceID(Key) (64)	An address or other identifying information to uniquely name the logical device.	Name
string ElementName	A user-friendly name of the object.	Name
string Name (1024)	The label by which the object is known.	
string OtherEnabledState	A string that describes the enabled or disabled state of the element when the EnabledState property is set to 1 ('Other').	powered off or not connected
string StatusDescriptions[]	The various OperationalStatus array values.	
string SystemCreationClassName(Key) (256)	The scoping system's CreationClassName.	IBMOS400_ComputerSystem
string SystemName(Key) (256)	The scoping System's name.	
uint16 Availability	The primary availability and status of the device.	
uint16 EnabledDefault = 2	An enumerated value that indicates an administrator's default or startup configuration for the EnabledState of an element.	7
uint16 EnabledState = 5	An integer enumeration that indicates the enabled and disabled states of an element.	
uint16 HealthState	The current health of the element.	
uint16 OperationalStatus[]	The current status of the element.	
uint16 RequestedState = 12	An integer enumeration that indicates the last requested or desired state for the element.	5
uint16 Security	An enumeration that indicates the operational security defined for the media access device.	2 (Unknown)

□ IBM_Chassis

I Refer to the IBMPSG_Chassis class in the "Providers that are inherited from the operating system" on page 32 topic.

IBM_Chip

This provider returns instances of all chips that are available on the system when an enumerated list of instances is asked for, or looks up a resource based on the packaging resource name provided as the key under the ElementName property.

Table 21. IBM_Chip

Property name	Property description	Property or value location
boolean CanBeFRUed	A property that indicates whether a FRU can be applied to this physical element. Its values are TRUE or FALSE.	
boolean PoweredOn	A property that indicates whether the physical element is powered on.	
string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	Chip ElementName
string CreationClassName (key) (256)	The name of the class or the subclass that is used in the creation of an instance.	IBM_Chip
string Description	A textual description of the object.	Chip information for ElementName
string ElementName	A user-friendly name of the object.	Name
string Model (256)	The name by which the physical element is generally known.	
string Name (1024)	The label by which the object is known.	
string PartNumber (256)	The part number assigned by the organization that produces the physical element.	
string SerialNumber (256)	A manufacturer-allocated number that is used to identify the Physical Element.	
string StatusDescriptions[]	The various OperationalStatus array values.	
string Tag (key) (256)	An arbitrary string that uniquely identifies the physical element and serves as the element's key.	Name
uint16 HealthState	The current health of the element.	
uint16 OperationalStatus[]	The current status of the element.	

IBM_ComputerSystemPackage

This provider returns the association between a computer system and the physical hardware package that is installed on the system.

Table 22. IBM_ComputerSystemPackage

1	Property name	Property value and data source	Instance mapping rule
 	CIM_PhysicalPackage REF Antecedent	Returns a reference to the IBM_PhysicalPackage, representing the physical package that is installed on the system.	This should be a one-to- <i>n</i> association between the computer system and the physical package. Enumerate all IBM_PhysicalPackage instances on
	IBM_ComputerSystem REF Dependent	Returns a reference to the IBM_ComputerSystem, representing a computer system.	the system.
1	string PlatformGUID	Physical package's serial number.	

IBM_ControlledBy

This provider returns the association between device and controller.

Table 23. IBM_ControlledBy

I	Property name	Property value and data source	Instance mapping rule
 	CIM_Controller REF Antecedent	Returns a reference to the CIM_Controller, representing a controller.	This should be a one-to-one association between a device and a controller.
 	CIM_LogicalDevice REF Dependent	Returns a reference to the CIM_LogicalDevice, representing a logical port.	
I	uint16 AccessState		

IBM_DeviceSAPImplementation

This provider returns the association between a service access point (SAP) and how it is implemented.

Table 24. IBM_DeviceSAPImplementation

I	Property name	Property value and data source	Instance mapping rule
 	CIM_LogicalDevice REF Antecedent	Returns a reference to the CIM_LogicalDevice, representing the LogicalDevice.	This should be a one-to- <i>n</i> association between CIM_NetworkPort (a subclass of CIM_LogicalDevice) and CIM_IPProtocolEndpoint (a subclass of CIM_C and a subclass of CIM_C and
	CIM_ServiceAccessPoint REF Dependent	Returns a reference to the CIM_ServiceAccessPoint, representing the ServiceAccessPoint implemented using the LogicalDevice.	of CIM_ServiceAccessPoint). API QtocLstNetIFc returns the line description (that maps to an instance of CIM_NetworkPort) for each network interface (that maps to an instance of CIM_IPProtocolEndpoint).

IBM_DiskDrive

- This provider returns instances of all logical disk units that are available on the system when an
- enumerated list of instances is asked for, or looks up a resource based on the logical resource name
- provided as the key under the DeviceID property.

Table 25. IBM_DiskDrive

Property name	Property description	Property or value location
boolean MediaIsLocked	A property that indicates whether the media are locked in the device and cannot be ejected.	TRUE
string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	Disk Drive ElementName
string CreationClassName (Key)(256)	The name of the class or the subclass used in the creation of an instance.	IBM_DiskDrive
string Description	A textual description of the object.	Disk Drive information for ElementName
string DeviceID (Key)(64)	An address that uniquely names the logical device.	Name
string ElementName	A user-friendly name of the object.	Name
string Name (1024)	The label by which the object is known.	
string OtherEnabledState	A string that describes the enabled or disabled state of the element when the EnabledState property is set to 1 ('Other').	powered off or not connected
string StatusDescriptions[]	The various OperationalStatus array values.	
string SystemCreationClassName (Key)(256)	The scoping system's CreationClassName.	IBMOS400_ComputerSystem
string SystemName (Key)(256)	The scoping system's name.	
uint16 Availability	The primary availability and status of the device.	
uint16 EnabledDefault = 2	An enumerated value that indicates an administrator's default or startup configuration for the Enabled State of an element.	7
uint16 EnabledState = 5	An integer enumeration that indicates the enabled and disabled states of an element.	
uint16 HealthState	The current health of the element.	
uint16 OperationalStatus[]	The current status of the element.	
uint16 RequestedState = 12	An integer enumeration that indicates the last requested or desired state for the element.	5
uint16 Security	An enumeration that indicates the operational security that is defined for the media access device.	2 (Unknown)
uint64 DefaultBlockSize	The default block size for this device (in bytes).	
uint64 MaxBlockSize	The maximum block size for media that are accessed by this device (in bytes).	
uint64 MaxMediaSize	The maximum size of media that are supported by this device (in KB).	

□ IBM_DNSGeneralSettingData

This provider returns one instance of this class, which represents the system-wide configuration options for the Domain Name System (DNS) client.

Table 26. IBM_DNSGeneralSettingData

I	Property name	Property description	Property or value location
 - 	string InstanceID(key)	Within the scope of the instantiating namespace, the property that identifies an instance of this class.	IBM_DNSGeneralSettingData
 	string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	DNSGeneralSettingData
I	string Description	A textual description of the object.	DNSGeneralSettingData information
 -	string DNSSuffixesToAppend []	A property that appends DNS suffixes to resolve a hostname.	
 	string ElementName	The user-friendly name for this instance of SettingData.	IBM_DNSGeneralSettingData
 	uint16 AddressOrigin = 2	A property that identifies the method by which the IP address, subnet mask, and gateway are assigned to the IP protocol endpoint.	2

IBM_DNSSettingData

This provider represents the DNS configuration setting for each TCP/IP interface.

Table 27. IBM_DNSSettingData

I	Property name	Property description	Property or value location
 	string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	DNSSettignData
I	string Description	A textual description of the object.	DNSSettingData information
I	string DNSServerAddresses []	The DNS servers to be contacted.	
 	string DomainName	The domain that is used for this client connection.	
 	string ElementName	The user-friendly name of this instance of SettingData.	IBM_DNSSettingData
 	string InstanceID(key)	Within the scope of the instantiating namespace, the property that identifies an instance of this class.	IBM_DNSSettingData
 	string RequestedHostname	The hostname that is requested for this client connection.	
 - - -	uint16 AddressOrigin = 2	A property that identifies the method by which the IP address, subnet mask, and gateway are assigned to the IP protocol endpoint.	2

IBM_DVDDrive

- I This provider returns instances of all DVD drives that are available on the system when an enumerated
- l list of instances is asked for, or looks up a resource based on the logical resource name provided as the
- I key under the DeviceID property.

Table 28. IBM_DVDDrive

Property name	Property description	Property or value location
ooolean MediaIsLocked	A property that indicates whether the media are locked in the device and cannot be ejected.	TRUE
string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	DVD Drive ElementName
string CreationClassName(Key) (256)	The name of the class or the subclass that is used in the creation of an instance.	IBM_DVDDrive
string Description	A textual description of the object.	DVD Drive information for <i>ElementName</i>
string DeviceID(Key) (64)	An address that names the logical device.	Name
string ElementName	A user-friendly name of the object.	Name
string Name (1024)	The label by which the object is known.	
string OtherEnabledState	A string that describes the enabled or disabled state of the element when the EnabledState property is set to 1 ('Other').	powered off or not connected
string StatusDescriptions[]	The various OperationalStatus array values.	
string SystemCreationClassName(Key) (256)	The scoping system's CreationClassName.	IBMOS400_ComputerSystem
string SystemName(Key) (256)	The scoping system's name.	
uint16 Availability	The primary availability and status of the device.	
uint16 EnabledDefault = 2	An enumerated value that indicates an administrator's default or startup configuration for the EnabledState of an element.	7
uint16 EnabledState = 5	An integer enumeration that indicates the enabled and disabled states of an element.	
uint16 HealthState	The current health of the element.	
uint16 OperationalStatus[]	The current status of the element.	
uint16 RequestedState = 12	An integer enumeration that indicates the last requested or desired state for the element.	5
uint16 Security	An enumeration that indicates the operational security that is defined for the media access device.	2 (Unknown)

□ IBM_ElementFRU

This provider returns the association between a physical element and its possible replacement parts.

Table 29. IBM_ElementFRU

I	Property name	Property value and data source	Instance mapping rule
 	CIM_PhysicalElement REF ReplaceableElement	Returns a reference to the IBM_PhysicalElement, representing a physical element.	This should be a one-to- <i>n</i> association between a physical element and a FRU.
 	IBM_ReplacementFRU REF ReplacementElement	Returns a reference to the IBM_ReplacementFRU, representing a FRU part.	

□ IBM_ElementSettingData

This provider returns the association between a LogicalPort and one or more ProtocolEndpoints that are implemented on it.

Table 30. IBM_ElementSettingData

Property name	Property value and data source	Instance mapping rule
CIM_ManagedElement REF ManagedElement	Returns a reference to the CIM_ManagedElement, representing the managed element.	This should be a one-to-one association between CIM_IPProtocolEndpoint (a subclass of CIM_ManagedElement) and IBM_StaticIPAssignmentSettingData (a subclass of CIM_SettingData). For each instance of
CIM_SettingData REF SettingData	Returns a reference to the CIM_SettingData, representing the SettingData object that is associated with the element.	CIM_IPProtocolEndpoint, enumerate IBM_StaticIPAssignmentSettingData, and if the InstanceID (IPv4 address) of an instance of IBM_StaticIPAssignmentSettingData equals the name of the instance of CIM_IPProtocolEndpoint, use this association to associate these two instances.

IBM_EthernetPort

This provider returns instances of all Ethernet line descriptions that are available on the system when an enumerated list of instances is asked for, or looks up a resource based on the line description name provided as the key under the DeviceID property.

Table 31. IBM_EthernetPort

I	Property name	Property description	Property or value location
 - - - -	boolean AutoSense	A property that indicates whether the network port is capable of automatically determining the speed or other communications characteristics of the attached network media.	
 	boolean FullDuplex	A property that indicates whether the port is operating in full-duplex mode.	

Table 31. IBM_EthernetPort (continued)

Property description	Property or value location
A short textual description of the object.	Ethernet port ElementName
The name of the class or the subclass that is used in the creation of an instance.	IBM_EthernetPort
A textual description of the object.	Ethernet port information for <i>ElementName</i>
An address that names the logical device.	Name
A user-friendly name of the object.	Name
The label by which the object is known.	
An array of strings that indicates the network addresses for the port.	
The network address that is hardcoded into a port.	
The various OperationalStatus array values.	
The scoping system's CreationClassName.	IBMOS400_ComputerSystem
The scoping system's name.	
The primary availability and status of the device.	
An enumerated value that indicates an administrator's default or startup configuration for the EnabledState of an element.	
An integer enumeration that indicates the enabled and disabled states of an element.	
An enumeration of the types of links.	2 ETHERNET
The current status of the element.	
The network port number. Network ports are often numbered relative to either a logical module or	
a network element. An integer enumeration that indicates the last requested or desired state for	
the element.	
The maximum size of the INFO (non-MAC) field that is received or transmitted.	
The active or negotiated maximum transmission unit (MTU) that can be supported.	
	A short textual description of the object. The name of the class or the subclass that is used in the creation of an instance. A textual description of the object. An address that names the logical device. A user-friendly name of the object is known. An array of strings that indicates the network addresses for the port. The network address that is hardcoded into a port. The various OperationalStatus array values. The scoping system's CreationClassName. The primary availability and status of the device. An enumerated value that indicates an administrator's default or startup configuration for the EnabledState of an element. An integer enumeration that indicates the enabled and disabled states of an element. An enumeration of the types of links. The current status of the element. The network port number. Network ports are often numbered relative to either a logical module or a network element. An integer enumeration that indicates the last requested or desired state for the element. The maximum size of the INFO (non-MAC) field that is received or transmitted. The active or negotiated maximum transmission unit (MTU) that can be

Table 31. IBM_EthernetPort (continued)

1	Property name	Property description	Property or value location
 	uint64 RequestedSpeed	The requested bandwidth of the port in bits per second.	Speed
 	uint64 Speed	The bandwidth of the port in bits per second.	
	uint64 SupportedMaximumTransmissionUnit	The maximum transmission unit (MTU) that can be supported.	

□ IBM_HostedAccessPoint

This provider returns the association between a service AccessPoint and the system on which it is provided.

Table 32. IBM_HostedAccessPoint

ı	Property name	Property value and data source	Instance mapping rule
	CIM_ServiceAccessPoint REF Dependent	Returns a reference to the CIM_ServiceAccessPoint, representing the SAPs that are hosted on this system.	This should be a one-to- <i>n</i> association between IBM_ComputerSystem and CIM_ServiceAccessPoint. Enumerate all CIM_ServiceAccessPoint
	IBM_ComputerSystem REF Antecedent	Returns a reference to the IBM_ComputerSystem, representing the hosting system.	properties on the system.

IBM_InstalledOS

This provider returns the association between the ComputerSystem and the OperatingSystem(s) installed or loaded on it.

Table 33. IBM_InstalledOS

I	Property name	Property value and data source	Instance mapping rule
	IBM_ComputerSystem REF GroupComponent	Returns a reference to the IBM_ComputerSystem, representing the ComputerSystem.	This should be a one-to- <i>n</i> association between IBM_ComputerSystem and IBM_OperatingSystem. Enumerate all
	IBM_OperatingSystem REF PartComponent	Returns a reference to the IBM_OperatingSystem, representing the OperatingSystem installed on the ComputerSystem.	IBM_OperatingSystem properties on the system

IBM_LANEndpoint

- This provider returns instances of all line descriptions on the system when an enumerated list of
- instances is asked for, or looks up a resource based on the line description name provided as the key
- under the Elementname property

Table 34. IBM_LANEndpoint

1	Property name	Property description	Property or value location
 -	string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	LANEndpoint ElementName

Table 34. IBM_LANEndpoint (continued)

Property name	Property description	Property or value location
string CreationClassName(Key)(256)	The name of the class or the subclass that is used in the creation of an instance.	IBM_LANEndpoint
string Description	A textual description of the object.	LANEndpoint information for ElementName
string ElementName	A user-friendly name of the object.	Name
string GroupAddresses []	The multicast addresses to which the LANEndpoint listens.	
string MACAddress(12)	The principal unicast address that is used in communication with the LANEndpoint.	
string Name(256)	A string that identifies this protocol endpoint with either a port or an interface on a device.	
string NameFormat (256)	The name that ensures that the value of the name property is unique.	LineName_MACAddress
string StatusDescriptions[]	The various OperationalStatus array values.	
string SystemCreationClassName(Key)(256)	The CreationClassName of the scoping system.	IBMOS400_ComputerSystem
string SystemName(Key)(256)	The name of the scoping System.	
uint16 EnabledDefault = 2	An enumerated value that indicates an administrator's default or startup configuration for the EnabledState of an element.	
uint16 EnabledState	An integer enumeration that indicates the enabled and disabled states of an element.	
uint16 OperationalStatus[]	The current status of the element.	
uint16 ProtocolIFType	Enumeration is limited to layer 2 values that are related and reserved for this subclass of protocol endpoint.	
uint16 RequestedState = 12	An integer enumeration that indicates the last requested or desired state for the element.	
uint32 MaxDataSize	The largest information field that can be sent or received by the LANEndpoint.	

□ IBM_Memory

This provider returns instances of all memory-related logical devices available on the system when an enumerated list of instances is asked for, or looks up a resource based on the logical resource name provided as the key under the DeviceID property.

Table 35. IBM_Memory

Property name	Property description	Property or value location
	A property that indicates whether this memory is volatile.	TRUE

Table 35. IBM_Memory (continued)

Property name	Property description	Property or value location
string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	Cache Memory ElementName
string CreationClassName (Key) (256)	The name of the class or the subclass that is used in the creation of an instance.	IBM_Memory
string Description	A textual description of the object.	Cache Memory information for ElementName
string DeviceID (Key) (64)	An address that names the logical device.	ElementName
string ElementName	A user-friendly name of the object.	Name
string Name (1024)	The label by which the object is known.	ElementName
string OtherEnabledState	A string that describes the enabled or disabled state of the element when the EnabledState property is set to 1 ('Other').	powered off or not connected
string StatusDescriptions[]	The various OperationalStatus array values.	
string SystemCreationClassName (Key) (256)	The scoping system's CreationClassName.	IBMOS400_ComputerSystem
string SystemName (Key) (256)	The scoping system's name.	
uint16 Access	A property that indicates whether the media are readable, writable, or both.	 Read Write Read and write
uint16 Availability	The primary availability and status of the device.	
uint16 EnabledDefault = 2	An enumerated value that indicates an administrator's default or startup configuration for the Enabled State of an element.	7 (No default)
uint16 EnabledState = 5	An integer enumeration that indicates the enabled and disabled states of an element.	
uint16 HealthState	The current health of the element.	
uint16 OperationalStatus[]	The current status of the element.	
uint16 RequestedState = 12	An integer enumeration that indicates the last requested or desired state for the element.	5 (No change)

□ IBM_PackagedComponent

This provider returns the association between a physical component and a physical package that the component belongs to.

Table 36. IBM_PackagedComponent

Ι	Property name	Property value and data source	Instance mapping rule
 	CIM_PhysicalPackage REF GroupComponent	Returns all instances of CIM_PhysicalPackage.	This should be a one-to-one association between a component and
	CIM_PhysicalComponent REF PartComponent	Returns all instances of CIM_PhysicalComponent.	a package.
1	string LocationWithinContainer	Location code.	

IBM_PackageInChassis

This provider returns the association between a physical package and a chassis that the package belongs to.

Table 37. IBM_PackageInChassis

I	Property name	Property value and data source	Instance mapping rule
I	IBM_Chassis REF GroupComponent	_	This should be a one-to-one
	= 1	Returns all instances of CIM_PhysicalPackage.	association between a package and a chassis.
I	string LocationWithinContainer	Location code.	

IBM_PCIController

- This provider returns instances of all PCI controllers that are available on the system when an
- enumerated list of instances is asked for, or looks up the resource based on the logical resource name
- provided as the key under the DeviceID property.

Table 38. IBM_PCIController

Property name	Property description	Property or value location
string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	PCI Controller ElementName
string CreationClassName (Key) (256)	The name of the class or the subclass that is used in the creation of an instance.	IBM_PCIController
string Description	A textual description of the object.	PCI Controller information for ElementName
string DeviceID (Key) (64)	An address that names the logical device.	Name
string ElementName	A user-friendly name of the object.	Name
string Name (1024)	The label by which the object is known.	
string OtherEnabledState	A string that describes the enabled or disabled state of the element when the EnabledState property is set to 1 ('Other').	powered off or not connected
string StatusDescriptions[]	The various OperationalStatus array values.	
string SystemCreationClassName (Key) (256)	The scoping system's CreationClassName.	IBMOS400_ComputerSystem
string SystemName (Key) (256)	The scoping system's name.	

Table 38. IBM_PCIController (continued)

	Property name	Property description	Property or value location
 	uint16 Availability	The primary availability and status of the device.	
 	uint16 EnabledDefault = 2	An enumerated value that indicates an administrator's default or startup configuration for the EnabledState of an element.	7
 	uint16 EnabledState = 5	An integer enumeration that indicates the enabled and disabled states of an element.	
l	uint16 HealthState	The current health of the element.	
I	uint16 OperationalStatus[]	The current status of the element.	
 	uint16 RequestedState = 12	An integer enumeration that indicates the last requested or desired state for the element.	5

□ IBM_PCIDevice

I This provider returns instances of all PCI Devices available on the system when an enumerated list of instances is asked for, or looks up a resource based on the Logical Resource Name provided as the key under the DeviceID property.

Table 39. IBM_PCIDevice

Property name	Property description	Property or value location
string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	PCI Device ElementName
string CreationClassName (Key) (256)	The name of the class or the subclass that is used in the creation of an instance.	IBM_PCIDevice
string Description	A textual description of the object.	PCI Device information for ElementName
string DeviceID (Key) (64)	An address or other identifying information to uniquely name the logical device.	Name
string ElementName	A user-friendly name of the object.	Name
string Name (1024)	The label by which the object is known.	
string OtherEnabledState	A string that describes the enabled or disabled state of the element when the EnabledState property is set to 1 ('Other').	powered off or not connected
string StatusDescriptions[]	The various OperationalStatus array values.	
string SystemCreationClassName (Key) (256)	The scoping system's CreationClassName.	IBMOS400_ComputerSystem
string SystemName (Key) (256)	The scoping system's name.	
uint16 Availability	The primary availability and status of the device.	

Table 39. IBM_PCIDevice (continued)

Property name	Property description	Property or value location
uint16 EnabledDefault = 2	An enumerated value that indicates an administrator's default or startup configuration for the EnabledState of an element.	7
uint16 EnabledState = 5	An integer enumeration that indicates the enabled and disabled states of an element.	
uint16 HealthState	The current health of the element.	
uint16 OperationalStatus[]	The current status of the element.	
uint16 RequestedState = 12	An integer enumeration that indicates the last requested or desired state for the element.	5

IBM_PhysicalMedia

- This provider returns instances of all physical media that is available on the system when an enumerated
- l list of instances is asked for, or looks up a resource based on the packaging resource name provided as
- I the key under the ElementName property.

Table 40. IBM_PhysicalMedia

Property name	Property description	Property or value location
boolean CanBeFRUed	A property that indicates whether a FRU can be applied to this physical element. Its values are TRUE and FALSE.	
boolean PoweredOn	A property that indicates whether the physical element is powered on.	
real32 MediaSize	The size of the media in inches.	
string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	Physical Media ElementName
string CreationClassName (key) (256)	The name of the class or the subclass that is used in the creation of an instance.	IBM_PhysicalMedia
string Description	A textual description of the object.	Physical Media information for ElementName
string ElementName	A user-friendly name of the object.	Name
string Model (256)	The name by which the physical element is generally known.	
string Name (1024)	The label by which the object is known.	
string PartNumber (256)	The part number assigned by the organization that produces the physical element.	
string SerialNumber (256)	A manufacturer-allocated number that identifies the physical element.	
string StatusDescriptions[]	The various OperationalStatus array values.	

Table 40. IBM_PhysicalMedia (continued)

I	Property name	Property description	Property or value location
 	string Tag (key) (256)	An arbitrary string that uniquely identifies the physical element and serves as the element's key.	Name
I	uint16 HealthState	The current health of the element.	
 	uint16 MediaType	The type of the physical media as an enumerated integer.	
I	uint16 OperationalStatus[]	The current status of the element.	
 	uint64 Capacity	The number of bytes that can be read from or written to the medium.	

IBM_PhysicalMemory

- This provider returns instances of all physical memory that is available on the system when an
- enumerated list of instances is asked for, or looks up a resource based on the packaging resource name
- provided as the key under the ElementName property.
- Refer to the IBMPSG_PhysicalMemory class in the "Providers that are inherited from the operating
- system" on page 32 topic.

□ IBM_PortController

- This provider returns instances of all port controllers that are available on the system when an
- enumerated list of instances is asked for, or looks up a resource based on the logical resource name
- provided as the key under the DeviceID property.

Table 41. IBM_PortController

Property name	Property description	Property or value location
string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	Port Controller ElementName
string CreationClassName (Key) (256)	The name of the class or the subclass that is used in the creation of an instance.	IBM_PortController
string Description	A textual description of the object.	Port Controller information for <i>ElementName</i>
string DeviceID (Key) (64)	An address that names the logical device.	Name
string ElementName	A user-friendly name of the object.	Name
string Name (1024)	The label by which the object is known.	
string OtherEnabledState	A string that describes the enabled or disabled state of the element when the EnabledState property is set to 1 ('Other').	powered off or not connected
string SystemCreationClassName (Key) (256)	The scoping system's CreationClassName.	IBMOS400_ComputerSystem
string SystemName (Key) (256)	The scoping system's name.	
uint16 Availability	The primary availability and status of the device.	

Table 41. IBM_PortController (continued)

Property name	Property description	Property or value location
uint16 ControllerType	The type or model of the port controller.	
uint16 EnabledDefault = 2	An enumerated value that indicates an administrator's default or startup configuration for the Enabled State of an element.	7
uint16 EnabledState = 5	An integer enumeration that indicates the enabled and disabled states of an element.	
uint16 HealthState	The current health of the element.	
uint16 OperationalStatus[]	The current status of the element.	
uint16 RequestedState = 12	An integer enumeration that indicates the last requested or desired state for the element.	5

IBM_PortImplementsEndpoint

This provider returns the association between a LogicalPort and one or more ProtocolEndpoints that are implemented on it

Table 42. IBM_PortImplementsEndpoint

Property name	Property value and data source	Instance mapping rule
CIM_LogicalPort REF Antecedent	Returns a reference to the CIM_LogicalPort, representing the device behind the ProtocolEndpoint.	This should be a one-to- <i>n</i> association between CIM_NetworkPort (a subclass of CIM_LogicalPort) and
CIM_ProtocolEndpoint REF Dependent	Returns a reference to the CIM_ProtocolEndpoint, representing the ProtocolEndpoint that is implemented on the LogicalPort.	CIM_IPProtocolEndpoint (a subclass of CIM_ProtocolEndpoint).

IBM_Processor

Refer to the IBMPSG_Processor class in the Providers that are inherited from the base operating system topic.

IBM_ProductPhysicalComponent

This provider returns the association between a physical element and the product that it belongs to.

Table 43. IBM_ProductPhysicalComponent

Property name	Property value and data source	Instance mapping rule
CIM_PhysicalElement REF PartComponent	Returns a reference to the IBM_PhysicalElement, representing a physical element.	This should be a one-to-one association between physical element and a product. Enumerate all
IBM_Product REF GroupComponent	Returns a reference to the IBM_Product, representing a product that contains the physical element.	CIM_PhysicalElement instances and map to IBM_Product.

IBM_Product

- This provider returns instances of all products available on the system when an enumerated list of
- instances is asked for, or looks up a resource based on the packaging resource name provided as the key
- under the ElementName property.

Table 44. IBM_Product

I	Property name	Property description	Property or value location
 	string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	Product Name
I	string Description	A textual description of the object.	Product information for Name
1	string ElementName	A user-friendly name of the object.	
 	string IdentifyingNumber (key)(64)	Product identification, such as the serial number on software, the die number on a hardware chip, or a project number.	
I	string Name (Key)(256)	Commonly used product name.	
1	string Vendor (Key)(256)	The name of the product's supplier.	""
1	string Version (Key)(64)	Product version information.	

IBM_Realizes

This provider returns the association between logical devices and physical elements that implement them.

Table 45. IBM_Realizes

I	Property name	Property value and data source	Instance mapping rule
 	= 0		This should be a one-to- <i>n</i> association between CIM_LogicalDevice and
l I	CIM_PhysicalElement REF Antecedent	Returns all instances of CIM_PhysicalElement.	CIM_PhysicalElement.

IBM_ReplacementFRU

This provider returns instances of all replacement FRUs available on the system when an enumerated list of instances is asked for, or looks up a resource based on the packaging resource name provided as the

key under the InstanceID property.

Table 46. IBM_ReplacementFRU

I	Property name	Property description	Property or value location
 	boolean CustomerReplaceable	Indicates whether this replacement part is considered customer replaceable (TRUE) or not (FALSE).	
 	string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	Field replaceable unit ElementName
 	string Description	A textual description of the object.	Field replaceable unit information for <i>ElementName</i>
I	string ElementName	A user-friendly name of the object.	Name
 	string InstanceID (Key)	Within the scope of the instantiating Namespace, the property that identifies an instance of this class.	ElementName

IBM_SNMPCommunityString

This provider contains the controlling information of accessing SNMP Service.

Table 47. IBM_SNMPCommunityString

Property name	Property description	Property or value location
string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	SNMP Conmmunity String
string CommunityString;	The SNMP community string or password that is used for read access or read-and-write access to the agent's data.	
string CreationClassName	The name of the class or the subclass that is used in the creation of an instance.	IBM_SNMPCommunityString
string Description	A textual description of the object.	SNMP Conmmunity string information for <i>SystemName</i>
string ElementName	A user-friendly name of the object.	TrapTargetIP
string SystemCreationClassName	The CreationClassName of the scoping system.	IBMOS400_ComputerSystem
string SystemName	The name of the scoping system.	
uint16 TypeOfAccess	An enumerated integer that describes whether read access or read-and-write access is granted, or whether this information is unknown.	

IBM_SNMPTrapTarget

This provider contains information that describes a remote system to which Informs and Traps are sent.

Table 48. IBM_SNMPTrapTarget

Property name	Property description	Property or value location
String AccessInfo	The host address.	
string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	SNMP Trap Target
string CommunityString;	The SNMP community string or password that is used for read access, or read-and-write access to the agent's data.	
string CreationClassName	The name of the class or the subclass that is used in the creation of an instance.	IBM_SNMPTrapTarget
string Description	A textual description of the object.	SNMP Trap Target information for SystemName
string ElementName	A user-friendly name of the object.	AccessInfo
string Name	A property that identifies the service access point.	AccessInfo
string SystemCreationClassName	The CreationClassName of the scoping system.	IBMOS400_ComputerSystem
string SystemName	The name of the scoping system.	

Table 48. IBM_SNMPTrapTarget (continued)

l	Property name	Property description	Property or value location
		A property that indicates whether read access or read-and-write access is granted, or whether this information is unknown.	

IBM_StaticIPAssignmentSettingData

This provider returns instances of all static IP AssignmentSettingData available on the system when an enumerated list of instances is asked for, or looks up a resource based on the IPv4 address provided as the key under the InstanceID property.

Table 49. IBM_StaticIPAssignmentSettingData

Property name	Property description	Property or value location
string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	StaticIPAssignmentSettingData ElementName
string Description	A textual description of the object.	StaticIPAssignmentSettingData information for <i>ElementName</i>
string ElementName	The user-friendly name of this instance of SettingData.	IPv4Address
string GatewayIPv4Address[]	The IPv4 addresses of the default gateway.	
string InstanceID(key)	Within the scope of the instantiating namespace, the property that identifies an instance of this class.	IPv4Address
string IPv4Address	The IPv4 address that is assigned to the protocol endpoint.	
string SubnetMask	The subnet mask for the IPv4 address of this protocol endpoint.	
uint16 AddressOrigin = 3	The method by which the IP address, subnet mask, and gateway are assigned to the IP protocol endpoint.	3

IBM_SystemDevice

This provider returns association between a computer system and all logical devices on it.

Table 50. IBM_SystemDevice

Property name	Property value and data source	Instance mapping rule
CIM_LogicalDevice REF PartComponent	Returns all instances of CIM_LogicalDevice.	This should be a one-to- <i>n</i> association between IBM_ComputerSystem and
IBM_ComputerSystem REF GroupComponent	Returns an instance of IBM_ComputerSystem.	CIM_LogicalDevice. Enumerate all CIM_LogicalDevice properties on the computer system.

□ IBM_SystemPackaging

This provider returns the association between a computer system and all physical packages on it.

Table 51. IBM_SystemPackaging

I	Property name	Property value and data source	Instance mapping rule
		CIM_PhysicalElement	This should be a one-to- <i>n</i> association between IBM_ComputerSystem and
	IBM_ComputerSystem REF Dependent		CIM_LogicalDevice. Enumerate all CIM_PhysicalElement properties on the computer system.

IBM_TCPProtocolEndpoint

- This provider returns instances of all TCP connections on the system when an enumerated list of
- I instances is asked for, or looks up a resource based on the local address and port number provided as the
- key under the name property.

Table 52. IBM_TCPProtocolEndpoint

Property name	Property description	Property or value location
string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	TCP Protocol Endpoint ElementName
string CreationClassName(Key) (256)	The name of the class or the subclass that is used in the creation of an instance.	IBM_TCPProtocolEndpoint
string Description	A textual description of the object.	TCP Protocol Endpoint information for <i>ElementName</i>
string ElementName	A user-friendly name of the object.	Name
string Name(256)	A string that identifies this protocol endpoint with either a port or an interface on a device.	
string NameFormat (256)	The name that ensures that the value of the name property is unique.	Local Address_Local Port
string SystemCreationClassName (Key)(256)	The CreationClassName of the scoping system.	IBMOS400_ComputerSystem
string SystemName(Key)(256)	The name of the scoping system.	
uint16 ProtocolIFType	Enumeration is limited to TCP and reserved values for this subclass of ProtocolEndpoint.	4111
uint32 PortNumber	The TCP port number.	

IBM_TimeZoneSettingData

- I This provider returns instances of all time zone settings when an enumerated list of instances is asked
- I for, or looks up a resource based on the time zone description name provided as the key under the
- InstanceID property.

Table 53. IBM_TimeZoneSettingData

1	Property name	Property description	Property or value location
	sint32 DaylightOffset	The number of minutes by which this daylight saving time differs from UTC.	
 	sint32 StandardOffset	The number of minutes by which this standard time differs from UTC.	
 	string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	TimeZoneSettingData for ElementName
 	string DaylightName	The full name of the daylight time zone.	
 	string Description	A textual description of the object.	TimeZoneSettingData information for ElementName
Ι	string ElementName	A user-friendly name of the object.	
 	string InstanceID(key)	Within the scope of the instantiating Namespace, this property identifies an instance of this class.	ElementName
 	string StandardName	The full name of the standard time zone.	

□ IBM_TokenRingPort

This provider returns instances of all TokenRing line descriptions that are available on the system when an enumerated list of instances is asked for, or looks up a resource based on the line description name provided as the key under the DeviceID property.

Table 54. IBM_TokenRingPort

Property name	Property description	Property or value location
boolean AutoSense	A property that indicates whether the network port is capable of automatically determining the speed or other communications characteristics of the attached network media.	
boolean FullDuplex	A property that indicates whether the port is operating in full-duplex mode.	
string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	TokenRing port ElementName
string CreationClassName (Key) (256)	The name of the class or the subclass that is used in the creation of an instance.	IBM_TokenRingPort
string Description	A textual description of the object.	TokenRing port information for ElementName
string DeviceID (Key) (64)	An address that names the logical device.	Name
string ElementName	A user-friendly name of the object.	Name
string Name (1024)	The label by which the object is known.	
string NetworkAddresses [] (64)	An array of strings that indicates the network addresses for the port.	

Table 54. IBM_TokenRingPort (continued)

Property name	Property description	Property or value location
string PermanentAddress (64)	The network address that is hardcoded into a port.	
string StatusDescriptions[]	The various OperationalStatus array values.	
string SystemCreationClassName (Key) (256)	The scoping system's CreationClassName.	IBMOS400_ComputerSystem
string SystemName (Key) (256)	The scoping system's name.	
uint16 Availability	The primary availability and status of the device.	
uint16 EnabledDefault = 2	An enumerated value that indicates an administrator's default or startup configuration for the EnabledState of an element.	
uint16 EnabledState = 5	An integer enumeration that indicates the enabled and disabled states of an element.	
uint16 LinkTechnology	An enumeration of the types of links.	7 Token Ring
uint16 OperationalStatus[]	The current status of the element.	
uint16 PortNumber	The network port number.	
	Network ports are often numbered relative to either a logical module or a network element.	
uint16 RequestedState = 12	An integer enumeration that indicates the last requested or desired state for the element.	
uint16 RingSpeed	The bandwidth of the ring.	
uint32 MaxDataSize	The maximum size of the INFO (non-MAC) field that is received or transmitted.	
uint64 ActiveMaximumTransmissionUnit	The active or negotiated MTU that can be supported.	
uint64 MaxSpeed	The maximum bandwidth of the port in bits per second.	
uint64 RequestedSpeed	The requested bandwidth of the port in bits per second.	Speed
uint64 Speed	The bandwidth of the port in bits per second.	
uint64 SupportedMaximumTransmissionUnit	The MTU that can be supported.	

IBM_WirelessLANEndpoint

- This provider returns instances of all wireless line descriptions on the system when an enumerated list of
- instances is asked for, or looks up a resource based on the line description name provided as the key
- under the Elementname property

Table 55. IBM_WirelessLANEndpoint

Property name	Property description	Property or value location
string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	Wireless LANEndpoint ElementName
string CreationClassName(Key)(256)	The name of the class or the subclass used in the creation of an instance.	IBM_WirelessLANEndpoint
string Description	A textual description of the object.	Wireless LANEndpoint information for <i>ElementName</i>
string ElementName	A user-friendly name of the object.	Name
string Name	The MAC address of the wireless endpoint.	
string NameFormat (256)	The name that ensures that the value of the name property is unique.	LineName_MACAddress
string StatusDescriptions[]	The various OperationalStatus array values.	
string SystemCreationClassName(Key)(256)	The CreationClassName of the scoping system.	IBMOS400_ComputerSystem
string SystemName(Key)(256)	The name of the scoping system.	
uint16 EnabledDefault = 2	An enumerated value that indicates an administrator's default or startup configuration for the EnabledState of an element.	
uint16 EnabledState	An integer enumeration that indicates the enabled and disabled states of an element.	
uint16 OperationalStatus[]	The current status of the element.	
uint16 ProtocolIFType	Enumeration is limited to layer 2 values that are related and reserved for this subclass of ProtocolEndpoint.	71
uint16 RequestedState = 12	An integer enumeration that indicates the last requested or desired state for the element.	

IBM_WirelessPort

This provider returns instances of all wireless ports available on the system when an enumerated list of instances is asked for, or looks up a resource based on the logical resource name provided as the key under the DeviceID property.

Table 56. IBM_WirelessPort

	Property name	Property description	Property or value location
 	string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	Wireless port ElementName
 	string CreationClassName (Key) (256)	The name of the class or the subclass that is used in the creation of an instance.	IBM_WirelessPort
 	string Description	A textual description of the object.	Wireless port information for ElementName
 	string DeviceID (Key) (64)	An address that names the logical device.	Name

Table 56. IBM_WirelessPort (continued)

Property name	Property description	Property or value location
string ElementName	A user-friendly name of the object.	Name
string Name (1024)	The label by which the object is known.	
string NetworkAddresses [] (64)	An array of strings that indicates the network addresses for the port.	
string OtherEnabledState	A string that describes the enabled or disabled state of the element when the EnabledState property is set to 1 ('Other').	powered off or not connected
string PermanentAddress (64)	The network address that is hardcoded into a port.	
string StatusDescriptions[]	The various OperationalStatus array values.	
string SystemCreationClassName (Key) (256)	The scoping system's CreationClassName.	IBMOS400_ComputerSystem
string SystemName (Key)(256)	The scoping system's name.	
uint16 Availability	The primary availability and status of the device.	
uint16 EnabledDefault = 2	An enumerated value that indicates an administrator's default or startup configuration for the EnabledState of an element.	7
uint16 EnabledState = 5	An integer enumeration that indicates the enabled and disabled states of an element.	
uint16 LinkTechnology	An enumeration of the types of links.	Wireless LAN 11
uint16 OperationalStatus[]	The current status of the element.	
uint16 PortNumber	Network port number	
	Network ports are often numbered relative to either a logical module or a network element.	
uint16 RequestedState = 12	An integer enumeration that indicates the last requested or desired state for the element.	5

IBMOS400_TapeDrive

This provider returns instances of all tape drives available on the system when an enumerated list of instances is asked for, or looks up a resource based on the Logical Resource Name provided as the key under the DeviceID property.

Table 57. IBMOS400_TapeDrive

I	Property name	Property description	Property or value location
I	real32 MediaSize	The size of media in inches.	
 	string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	Tape ElementName

Table 57. IBMOS400_TapeDrive (continued)

Property name	Property description	Property or value location
string CreationClassName (Key) (256)	The name of the class or the subclass that is used in the creation of an instance.	IBMOS400_TapeDrive
string Description	A textual description of the object.	Tape information for ElementName
string DeviceID (Key) (64)	An address that names the logical device.	Name
string ElementName	A user-friendly name of the object.	Name
string Name (1024)	The label by which the object is known.	
string OtherEnabledState	The enabled or disabled state of the element when the EnabledState property is set to 1 ('Other').	powered off or not connected
string StatusDescriptions[]	The various OperationalStatus array values.	
string SystemCreationClassName (Key) (256)	The scoping system's CreationClassName.	IBMOS400_ComputerSystem
string SystemName (Key) (256)	The scoping system's name.	
uint16 Availability	The primary availability and status of the device.	
uint16 EnabledDefault = 2	An enumerated value that indicates an administrator's default or startup configuration for the EnabledState of an element.	7
uint16 EnabledState = 5	An integer enumeration that indicates the enabled and disabled states of an element.	
uint16 HealthState	The current health of the element.	
uint16 MediaType	An enumerated integer that specifies the type of physical media.	
uint16 OperationalStatus[]	The current status of the element.	
uint16 RequestedState = 12	An integer enumeration that indicates the last requested or desired state for the element.	5
uint16 Security	An enumeration that indicates the operational security defined for the media access device.	2 (unknown)

Supported CIM SMI-S HBA and HDR providers

- In IBM Universal Manageability Enablement, Common Information Model Object Manager (CIMOM)
- uses profiles host bus adapter (HBA) and host discovered resources (HDR). This topic describes the
- IBM-supplied Storage Management Initiative Specification (SMI-S) HBA and HDR providers.
- SMI-S is a standard management interface that allows interoperability of different storage area network
- (SAN) resources that are provided by different vendors. SMI-S is based on the Common Information
- I Model (CIM) and Web-Based Enterprise Management (WBEM) standards that are originated from the
- Distributed Management Task Force (DMTF). The SMI-S Server Profile is mandatory for all compliant
- SMI-S servers. This profile is supported since CIMOM V6R1.

SAN is a dedicated network that is separated from a local area network (LAN) and a wide area network
 (WAN). SAN generally refers to interconnected storage-related resources that are connected to one or
 more servers. It is characterized by high-data transmission rates between the computer system and
 member storage elements.

Figure 1 through 5 outline elements and their association for HBA, HDR and registered profiles.

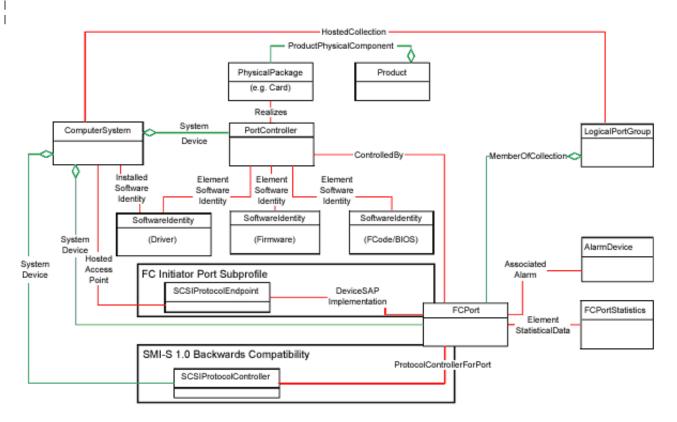


Figure 1. HBA profile

The HBA profile describes behavior of Fibre Channel (FC) host adapters supporting the SCSI (FCP) command set. A FC adapter that is used in a host system is called a Host Bus Adapter (HBA). An HBA is a physical device that contains one or more FC ports. A single system contains one or more HBAs.

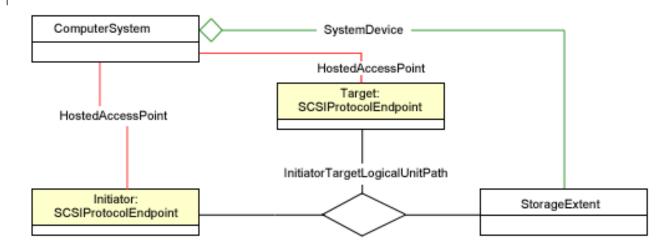


Figure 2. HDR profile

The HDR profile provides information about the discovered hardware resources that include the connectivity and corresponding IDs.

HDR profiles are extended to model i5/OS auxiliary storage pools (ASPs), mirroring, and multiple paths. Figure 3 and figure 4 show the modelling of i5/OS ASPs, mirroring, and multiple paths.

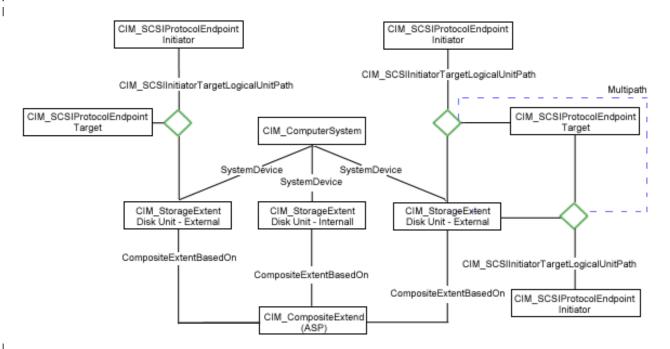


Figure 3. CIM representation of a nonmirrored ASP

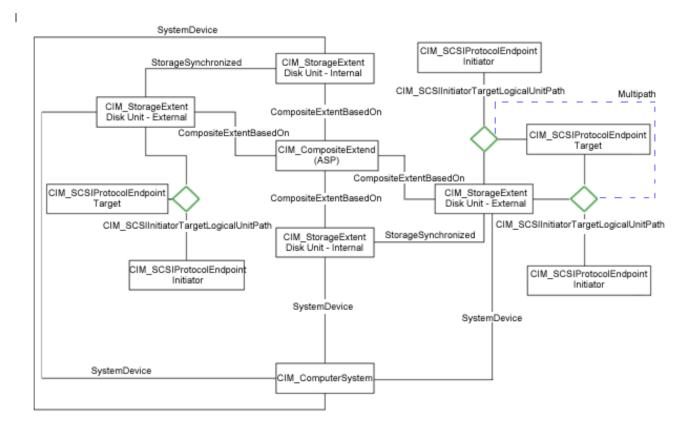


Figure 4. CIM representation of a mirrored ASP

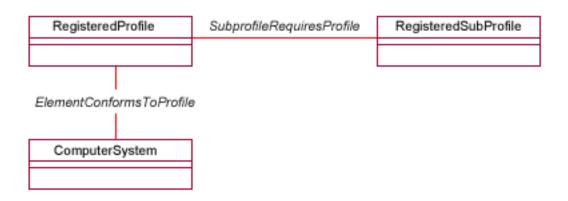


Figure 5. Registered profile

Registered profile models the profiles that are registered in the object manager and the associations between registration classes and the domain classes implementing the profile.

Note: The green lines and the red lines in the proceeded figures represent two types of associations:

- The green lines represent the aggregation association.
- The red lines represent the non-aggregation association.

CIM instance providers

- The following CIM classes have been implemented as IBM supplied providers to discover HBA card and storage resources on the host.
 - IBM_Card: subclass of CIM_Card
 - IBM_CompositeExtent: subclass of CIM_CompositeExtent
 - IBM_ComputerSystem: subclass of CIM_Computer_System
 - IBM_FCPort: subclass of CIM_FCPort
 - IBM_FCPortStatistics: subclass of CIM_ FCPortStatistics
 - IBM_PortController: subclass of CIM_PortController
 - IBM_Product: subclass of CIM_Product
 - IBM_RegisteredProfile: subclass of CIM_ RegisteredProfile
 - IBM_RegisteredSubProfile: subclass of CIM_RegisteredSubProfile
 - IBM_SoftwareIdentity: subclass of CIM_SoftwareIdentity
 - IBM_SCSIProtocolEndPoint: subclass of CIM_SCSIProtocolEndPoint
 - IBM_StorageExtent: subclass of CIM_StorageExtent

CIM association providers

The following CIM classes have been implemented as IBM supplied providers to provide association information for discovered HBA card and storage resources on the host.

- IBM_ASPSystemDevice: subclass of CIM_SystemDevice
- IBM_CompositeExtentBasedOn: subclass of CIM_CompositeExtentBasedOn
- IBM ElementConformsToProfile: subclass of CIM ElementConformsToProfile
- IBM_FCControlledBy: subclass of CIM_ControlledBy
- IBM_FCDeviceSAPImplementation (Optional): subclass of CIM_DeviceSAPImplementation
- IBM_FCElementSoftwareIdentity: subclass of CIM_ElementSoftwareIdentity
- IBM_FCElementStatisticalData: subclass of CIM_ElementStatisticalData
- IBM_FCHostedAccessPoint : subclass of CIM_HostedAccessPoint
- IBM_FCProductPhysicalComponent: subclass of CIM_ProductPhysicalComponent
- IBM_FCRealizes: subclass of CIM_Realizes
- IBM_FCSystemDevice: subclass of CIM_SystemDevice
- IBM_SCSIInitiatorTargetLogicalUnitPath: subclass of CIM_SCSIInitiatorTargetLogicalUnitPath
- IBM_StorageSynchronized: subclass of CIM_StorageSynchronized
- IBM_SubProfileRequiresProfile: subclass of CIM_SubProfileRequiresProfile

SMI-S HBA CIM providers

IBM_Card

The IBM_Card provider returns the HBA physical card instance on the system.

Table 58. IBM_Card

I	Property name	Property description	Value or value location
 	boolean PoweredOn	This property indicates whether the physical element is powered on (TRUE) or is powered off (FALSE).	
 	boolean RequiresDaughterBoard	This property indicates that at least one daughter board or auxiliary card is required to function properly.	
 	string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	FC Card + ElementName

Table 58. IBM_Card (continued)

Pro	perty name	Property description	Value or value location
l strii	ng CreationClassName (key) (256)	The name of the class or the subclass used in the creation of an instance.	IBM_Card
l strii	ng Description	A textual description of the object.	FC Card Information: + ElementName
l strii	ng ElementName	A user-friendly name of the object.	Resource name
l strii	ng Manufacturer (256)	The name of the organization that produces the physical element.	IBM
l strii	ng Model (256)	The name by which the physical element is generally known.	Type-Model
l strii	ng Name (1024)	The label by which the object is known.	Resource name
l strii	ng SerialNumber (256)	A manufacturer-allocated number that identifies the physical element.	
Stri	ng SlotLayout	A freeform string that describes slot positioning, typical usage, restrictions, individual slot spacings, or any other pertinent information for the slots on a card.	
l Stri	ng StatusDescriptions	The various OperationalStatus array values.	
l strii	ng Tag (key) (256)	An arbitrary string that identifies the physical element and serves as the key of the element.	Manufaturer_Type-Model- SerialNumber
l uint	t16 OperationalStatus	The current status of the element.	
l uint	t16 PackageType	An enumeration that defines the type of the physical package.	9 Module/Card

IBM_ComputerSystem

- Refer to the IBM_ComputerSystem provider in the "Providers that are inherited from the operating system" on page 32 topic for more information.
- IBM_FCPort
- IBM_FCPort provider returns instances of all the FC ports on the system.
- Note: The HBA profile does not cover the internal storage controller and virtual HBA.
- Table 59. IBM_FCPort

I	Property name	Property description	Value or value location
İ	string Description	A textual description of the object.	FC Port information: + DeviceID
 	string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	IBM FCPort
 	string CreationClassName (key) (256)	The name of the class or the subclass that is used in the creation of an instance.	IBM_FCPort
 	string DeviceID (key) (64)	An address that names the logical device.	

Table 59. IBM_FCPort (continued)

I	Property name	Property description	Value or value location
 	string Name (1024)	The label by which the object is known.	
 	string PermanentAddress (64)	The network address that is hardcoded into a port.	
 	string SystemCreationClassName (key) (256)	The CreationClassName of the scoping system.	IBM_ComputerSystem
 	string SystemName (key) (256)	The system name of the scoping system.	
1	uint16 LinkTechnology	An enumeration of the types of links.	4 FC
I	uint16 OperationalStatus	The current status of the element.	
 	uint16 PortType	The specific mode that is currently enabled for the port.	10 N
 	uint16 SupportedFC4Types	An array of integers that indicates the Fibre Channel (FC)-4 protocols supported.	8 SCSI-FCP
 	uint16 UsageRestriction	A logical port is identifiable as a front-end or back-end port.	3 Back-end only
1	uint16[] ActiveFC4Types	A textual description of the object.	8 SCSI - FCP
 	uint64 MaxSpeed	The maximum bandwidth of the port in bits per second.	0
 	uint64 Speed	The current bandwidth of the port in bits per second.	0

IBM_FCControlledBy

- The IBM_ControlledBy provider returns the association between a device and a controller.
- Table 60. IBM_FCControlledBy

I	Property name	Property value and data source	Instance mapping rule
 	IBM_FCPort REF Dependent	The provider returns a reference to the CIM_LogicalDevice. This reference represents a logical port.	This should be a one-to- <i>n</i> association between the controller and FCPort.
 	IBM_PortController REF Antecedent	The provider returns a reference to the CIM_Controller. This reference represents a controller.	

IBM_FCDeviceSAPImplementation

- This provider is an association between a service access point (SAP) and how it is implemented.
- Table 61. IBM_FCDeviceSAPImplementation

 	Property name	Property value and data source	Instance mapping rule
I	IBM_FCPort REF Antecedent	U	This should be a one-to-one association
	IBM_SCSIProtocolEndpoint REF Dependent	The SAP that is implemented using the logical device.	between IBM_FCPort and "initiator" IBM_SCSIProtocolEndpoint.

IBM_FCElementSoftwareIdentity

- This provider allows a managed element to report its software-related asset information (firmware,
- I drivers, configuration software, and so forth).

Table 62. IBM_FCElementSoftwareIdentity

Property name	Property value and data source	Instance mapping rule
IBM_PortController REF Dependent	or uses the software.	This should be a one-to- <i>n</i> association between the controller and
IBM_SoftwareIdentity REF Antecedent	The software asset of a logical element.	SoftwareIdentity.

IBM_FCElementStatisticalData

- I This provider is an association that relates a managed element to its statistical data.
- Table 63. IBM_FCElementStatisticalData

Property name	Property value and data source	Instance mapping rule
IBM_FCPortREF ManagedElement	statistical or metric data is defined.	This should be a one-to-one association between FCPort and
IBM_FCPortStatistics REF Stats	The statistic information (object).	FCPortStatistics.

IBM_FCPortStatistics

This provider returns statistical data of all Fibre Channel (FC) ports on the system.

Table 64. IBM_FCPortStatistics

Property name	Property description	Value or value location
string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	IBM HBA Port Statistics
string Description	A textual description of the object.	This class represents instances of the statistics for HBA Ports
string ElementName	A user-friendly name of the object.	
string InstanceID (key)	Within the scope of the instantiating namespace, InstanceID identifies an instance of this class.	
uint64 BytesReceived	The total number of bytes that are received, including framing characters.	0
uint64 BytesTransmitted	The total number of bytes that are transmitted, including framing characters.	0
uint64 CRCErrors	The number of times that the cyclic redundancy check (CRC) in a frame does not match the CRC that is computed by the receiver.	0
uint64 InvalidTransmissionWords	The number of transmission words with characters that are not valid.	0
uint64 LinkFailures	The number of times that a link error has occurred.	0

Table 64. IBM_FCPortStatistics (continued)

T	Property name	Property description	Value or value location
 	uint64 LossOfSignalCounter	The number of times that the signal is lost on the port since the last reset of the device.	0
 	uint64 LossOfSyncCounter	The number of times that synchronization is lost on the port since the last reset of the device.	0
 	uint64 PacketsReceived	The total number of packets that are received.	0
 	uint64 PacketsTransmitted	The total number of packets that are transmitted.	0
 	uint64 PrimitiveSeqProtocolErrCount	The count of primitive sequence protocol errors that are detected at this port.	0

IBM_FCProductPhysicalComponent

This provider returns an association between a physical element and the product that it belongs to.

Table 65. IBM_FCProductPhysicalComponent

I	Property name	Property value and data source	Instance mapping rule
 	IBM_Card REF PartComponent	The provider returns a reference to the IBM_PhysicalElement. The reference represents a physical element.	This should be a one-to-one association between physical elemen and the product. Enumerate all CIM_PhysicalElement instances and
 	IBM_Product REF GroupComponent	The provider returns a reference to the IBM_Product. The reference represents a product that contains the physical element.	map to IBM_Product.

IBM_FCRealizes

This provider returns an association between logical devices and physical elements that implement them.

Table 66. IBM_FCRealizes

Property name	Property value and data source	Instance mapping rule
IBM_Card REF Antecedent	CIM_PhysicalElement.	This should be a one-to- <i>n</i> association between CIM_LogicalDevice and
IBM_PortController REF Dependent	The provider returns all instances of CIM_LogicalDevice.	CIM_PhysicalElement.

□ IBM_FCSystemDevice

- This provider returns an association between a computer system and all logical devices on it.
- Table 67. IBM_FCSystemDevice

	Property name	Property value and data source	Instance mapping rule
	IBM_ComputerSystem REF GroupComponent	The provider returns an instance of CIM_System.	This should be a one-to- <i>n</i> association between IBM_ComputerSystem and
	IBM_FCPort REF PartComponent	The provider returns all instances of CIM_LogicalDevice.	IBM_FCPort.

IBM_FCHostedAccessPoint

- This provider is an association between an SAP and the system on which it is provided.
- Table 68. IBM_FCHostedAccessPoint

1	Property name	Property value and data source	Instance mapping rule
 	IBM_ComputerSystem REF Antecedent	0)	This should be a one-to- <i>n</i> association between IBM_ComputerSystem and
	IBM_SCSIProtocolEndpoint REF Dependent	The SAPs that are hosted on this system.	initiator SCSIProtocolEndpoint.

□ IBM_PortController

- This provider returns instances of all port controllers available on the system when an enumerated list of instances is asked for, or it looks up a resource based on the logical resource name that is provided as the key under the DeviceID property.
- Table 69. IBM_PortController

Property name	Header	Header
string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	Port Controller + ElementName
string CreationClassName (key) (256)	The name of the class or the subclass that is used in the creation of an instance.	IBM_PortController
String Description	A textual description of the object.	Port Controller information for + ElementName
string DeviceID (key) (64)	An address that names the logical device.	
string ElementName	A user-friendly name of the object.	Resource name
string Name (1024)	The label by which the object is known.	
string OtherEnabledState	This property describes the enabled or disabled state of the element when the EnabledState property is set to 1 ("Other").	not connected if EnabledState is 1; "" if EnabledState is not 1.
string StatusDescriptions	The various OperationalStatus array values.	
string SystemCreationClassName (key) (256)	The CreationClassName of the scoping system.	IBM_ComputerSystem

Table 69. IBM_PortController (continued)

l	Property name	Header	Header
 	string SystemName (key) (256)	The system name of the scoping system.	HostName of the System
 	uint16 ControllerType	The type or model of the port controller.	4 FC
 	uint16 EnabledDefault	An enumerated value that indicates an administrator's default or startup configuration for the Enabled State of an element.	7 (No Default)
 	uint16 EnabledState	An integer enumeration that indicates the enabled and disabled states of an element.	
	uint16 OperationalStatus	The current status of the element.	
 	uint16 RequestedState	An integer enumeration that indicates the last requested or desired state for the element.	5 (no change)

IBM_Product

This provider returns instances of all products available on the system when an enumerated list of instances is asked for, or it looks up the resource based on the packaging resource name that is provided as the key under the ElementName property.

Table 70. IBM_Product

I	Property name	Property description	Value or value location
 	string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	Product + ElementName
 	string Description	A textual description of the object.	Product information for + ElementName
I	string ElementName	A user-friendly name of the object.	Vendor_Type-Model
 	string IdentifyingNumber (key) (64)	Product identification, such as a serial number on software, a die number on a hardware chip, or a project number.	Serial Number
I	string Name (key) (256)	Commonly used product name.	Storage IOA
I	string Vendor (key) (256)	The name of the product supplier.	IBM
1	string Version (key) (64)	Product version information.	Type-Model

IBM_SCSIProtocolEndPoint

This provider returns the Small Computer System Interface (SCSI) protocol supported by the HBA card on the system.

Table 71. IBM_SCSIProtocolEndPoint

I	Property name	Property description	Value or value location
 -	string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	IBM FC SCSI Protocol EndPoint

Table 71. IBM_SCSIProtocolEndPoint (continued)

Property name	Property description	Value or value location
string CreationClassName (key) (256)	The name of the class or the subclass that is used in the creation of an instance.	IBM_SCSIProtocolEndpoint
string Description	A textual description of the object.	This class represents instances of available SCSI protocol over FC port
string Name (256)	The label by which the object is known.	
string OtherTypeDescription (64)	The type of ProtocolEndpoint when the Type property of this class (or any of its subclasses) is set to 1 (Other).	
string SystemCreationClassName (key) (256)	The CreationClassName of the scoping system.	IBM_ComputerSystem
string SystemName (key) (256)	The system name of the scoping system.	HostName of the System
uint16 ConnectionType	The supported connection type for this endpoint.	2 Fibre Channel
uint16 ProtocolIFType	An enumeration that is synchronized with the IANA if Type MIB.	56 Fibre Channel
uint16 Role	For iSCSI, each SCSI protocol endpoint must act as either a target or an initiator endpoint.	2 Initiator

IBM_SoftwareIdentity

This provider returns the device driver and device firmware instance on the system.

Table 72. IBM_SoftwareIdentity firmware

Property name	Property description	Value or value location
string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	IBM FC Adapter Software Identity
string Description	A textual description of the object.	This class represents instances of available fibre channel adapter software entities.
string InstanceID (key)	Within the scope of the instantiating namespace, InstanceID identifies an instance of this class.	SLIC_5722999
string Manufacturer	The manufacturer of this software.	IBM
string VersionString	A string that represents the complete software version information.	SLIC VRM
uint16 []Classifications	An array of enumerated integers that classifies this software.	2 Driver

Table 73. IBM_SoftwareIdentity driver

Property name	Property description	Value or value location
string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	IBM FC Adapter Software Identity

Table 73. IBM_SoftwareIdentity driver (continued)

1	Property name	Property description	Value or value location
 	string Description	A textual description of the object.	This class represents instances of available fibre channel adapter software entities.
 	string InstanceID (key)	Within the scope of the instantiating namespace, InstanceID opaquely and uniquely identifies an instance of this class.	
I	string Manufacturer	The manufacturer of this software.	IBM
 	string VersionString	A string that represents the complete software version information.	LID
 	uint16 []Classifications	An array of enumerated integers that classifies this software.	10 Firmware

SMI-S HDR CIM classes

□ IBM_ASPSystemDevice

This provider represents the association between computer system and auxiliary storage pool (ASP).

Table 74. IBM_ASPSystemDevice

I	Property name	Property value and data source	Instance mapping rule
		CIM_LogicalDevice.	This should be a one-to- <i>n</i> association between CIM_System and
	IBM_ComputerSystem REF GroupComponent		CIM_LogicalDevice. Enumerate all CIM_LogicalDevice on the system

IBM_CompositeExtent

- This provider is used to model the distribution of user data across one or more underlying
- StorageExtents, which might be protected by some redundancy mechanism.

Table 75. IBM_CompositeExtent

I	Property name	Property description	Value or value location
 	boolean IsBasedOnUnderlyingRedundancy	This property indicates that the underlying StorageExtents participate in a StorageRedundancy group.	Geographical mirroring
 	boolean NoSinglePointOfFailure	This property indicates whether any single point of failure exists.	Mirrored level of protection
 	string Caption	A short textual description of the object.	ASP + ElementName
 	string CreationClassName	The name of the class or the subclass that is used in the creation of an instance.	IBM_CompositeExtent
 	string Description	A textual description of the object.	ASP information for + ElementName

Table 75. IBM_CompositeExtent (continued)

Property name	Property description	Value or value location
string DeviceID	An address that names the logical device.	ASP + ASP number
string ElementName	A user-friendly name for the object.	ASP name
string Name(Experimental)	A unique identifier for the extent.	ASP + ASP number
string SystemCreationClassName	The CreationClassName of the scoping system.	IBM_ComputerSystem
string SystemName	The system name of the scoping system.	HostName of the System
string[] IdentifyingDescriptions	An array of freeform strings that provides explanations and details behind the entries in the OtherIdentifyingInfo array.	Auxiliary Storage Pool
string[] OtherIdentifyingInfo	This property captures data.	ASP
uint8 DeltaReservation	The current value for delta reservation.	Tracking Space/StorageCapacity × 100
uint16 DataRedundancy	The number of complete copies of data that is currently maintained.	Geographical Mirroring (either 1 or 2)
uint16 NameFormat(Experimental)	This property requires that logical disk names must use the operating system device name format.	12
uint16 NameNamespace(Experimental)	This property requires that logical disk names must use the operating system device namespace.	8
uint16 PackageRedundancy	This property indicates how many physical packages can currently fail without data loss.	0
uint16[] OperationalStatus	The current status of the element.	ASP - OK, IASP - OK (Varied On), Stopped (Varied Off)
uint64 BlockSize	The size (in bytes) of the blocks that form this StorageExtent.	Block Size of a StorageExtent in the ASP
uint64 ConsumableBlocks	The maximum number of blocks that are available for consumption when layering StorageExtents using the BasedOn association.	Capacity - Must be converted from Number of Pages
uint64 NumberOfBlocks	The total number of logically contiguous blocks that form this extent.	Capacity - Must be converted from Number of Pages

□ IBM_CompositeExtentBasedOn

- This class indicates that two storage objects are replicated at the specified point in time.
- Table 76. IBM_CompositeExtentBasedOn

Ι	Property name	Property value and data source	Instance mapping rule
 	CIM_CompositeExtent REF Dependent	The CompositeExtent that is built on the StorageExtent.	
I	CIM_StorageExtent REF Antecedent	The underlying StorageExtent.	

IBM_SCSIInitiatorTargetLogicalUnitPath

- This provider is an association that models a host driver path to an SCSI logical unit. Each permutation
- I of initiator, target protocol endpoints, and logical units is considered a separate path. This provider
- I describes end-to-end path behavior, such as properties and operations that are commonly used in
- I multipath management.
 - Table 77. IBM_SCSIInitiatorTargetLogicalUnitPath

I	Property name	Property value and data source	Instance mapping rule
 	CIM_LogicalDevice REF LogicalUnit	A subclass of logical device that represents an SCSI logical unit.	
 	IBM_SCSIProtocolEndpoint REF Initiator	An initiator endpoint.	
 	IBM_SCSIProtocolEndpoint REF Target	A target endpoint.	

IBM_SCSIProtocolEndPoint

- I This provider returns the SCSI protocol endpoint for the disk unit on the system.
- Table 78. IBM_SCSIProtocolEndPoint

Property name	Property description	Value or value location
string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	IBM FC SCSI Protocol EndPoint
string CreationClassName (key) (256)	The name of the class or the subclass that is used in the creation of an instance.	IBM_SCSIProtocolEndpoint
string Description	A textual description of the object.	This class represents instances of available SCSI protocol over FC port
string Name (256)	The label by which the object is known.	World wide unique logical unit identifier
string OtherTypeDescription (64)	The type of protocol endpoint when the Type property of this class (or any of its subclasses) is set to 1 (Other).	
string SystemCreationClassName (key) (256)	The CreationClassName of the scoping system.	IBM_ComputerSystem
string SystemName (key) (256)	The system name of the scoping system.	HostName of the System
uint16 ConnectionType	The supported connection type for this endpoint.	2 Fibre Channel

Table 78. IBM_SCSIProtocolEndPoint (continued)

Property name	Property description	Value or value location
uint16 ProtocolIFType	An enumeration that is synchronized with the IANA ifType MIB.	56 Fibre Channel
uint16 Role	For iSCSI, each SCSIProtocolEndpoint must act as either a target or an initiator endpoint.	3 Target

IBM_StorageExtent

This provider describes the capabilities and management of the various media that exist to store data and allow data retrieval.

Table 79. IBM_StorageExtent

Property name	Property description	Value or value location
Boolean IsBasedOnUnderlyingRedundancy	If the value is set to true, the property indicates that the underlying StorageExtents participate in a StorageRedundancy group.	Mirroring and raid are true; otherwise, this is false.
boolean NoSinglePointOfFailure	This property indicates whether any single point of failure exists.	Mirrored level of protection is TRUE if the level of protection is bus.
string Description	A textual description of the object.	
string Caption (64)	A short textual description of the object.	IBM Storage Extent
string CreationClassName (key) (256)	The name of the class or the subclass used in the creation of an instance.	IBM_StorageExtent
string DeviceID (key) (64)	An address that names the logical device.	Serial Number
string ElementName	A user-friendly name of the object.	Resource name, or concatenating the all resource names of multipathed disk units, separated by comma
string Name(Experimental)	A unique identifier of the extent.	Resource Name
string SystemCreationClassName (key) (256)	The CreationClassName of the scoping system.	IBM_ComputerSystem
string SystemName (key) (256)	The system name of the scoping system.	HostName of the System
string[] IdentifyingDescriptions	An array of freeform strings that provides explanations and details behind the entries in the OtherIdentifyingInfo array.	Disk Unit
string[] OtherIdentifyingInfo (256)	This property captures data besides the device ID information that can be used to identify a logical device.	Disk Unit
uint8 DeltaReservation	The current value for delta reservation.	0
uint16 DataRedundancy	The number of complete copies of data that is currently maintained.	Mirroring-2, otherwise 1

Table 79. IBM_StorageExtent (continued)

Property name	Property description	Value or value location
uint16 ExtentStatus	This property indicates that StorageExtents have additional status information beyond what is captured in the OperationalStatus and other properties that are inherited from ManagedSystemElement.	
uint16 NameFormat(Experimental)	This property requires that logical disk names must use the operating system device name format.	12 (OS Device Name)
uint16 NameNamespace(Experimental)	This property requires that logical disk names must use the operating system device namespace.	8 (OS Device Namespace)
uint16 PackageRedundancy	This property indicates how many physical packages can currently fail without data loss.	Mirroring = 1 Raid 5 = 1 Raid 6 = 2
uint16[] OperationalStatus	The current statuses of the element.	
uint64 BlockSize	The size (in bytes) of the blocks which form this StorageExtent.	Block Size
uint64 ConsumableBlocks	The maximum number of blocks that are available for consumption when layering StorageExtents using the BasedOn association.	Size in Sectors
uint64 NumberOfBlocks	The total number of logically contiguous blocks that form this Extent.	Size in Sectors

□ IBM_StorageSynchronized

- I This provider indicates that two storage objects were replicated at the specified point in time.
- Table 80. IBM_StorageSynchronized

I	Property name	Property value and data source	Instance mapping rule
 	IBM_StorageExtent REF SystemElement	The source of the replication.	Mirrored disk unit has the same unit number in i5/OS.
 	IBM_StorageExtent REF SystemElement	The target of the replication.	

SMI-S Registered Profile CIM classes

IBM_ElementConformsToProfile

This association defines the RegisteredProfiles to which the referenced ManagedElement conforms.

Table 81. IBM_ElementConformsToProfile

1	Property name	Property value and data source	Instance mapping rule
	IBM_ComputerSystem REF ManagedElement	The ManagedElement that conforms to the RegisteredProfile.	RegisteredProfile FC HBA associates to ComputerSystem; RegisteredProfile
	CIM_RegisteredProfile REF ConformantStandard	The RegisteredProfile to which the ManagedElement conforms.	Host Discovered Resources associates to ComputerSystem.

IBM_RegisteredProfile

- This provider returns instances of all RegisteredProfiles of HBA and HDR.
- Table 82. IBM_RegisteredProfile

Property name	Property description	Value or value location	
string Caption	A short textual description (one-line string) of the object.	RegisteredName	
string Description	Provides a textual description of the object.	Registered Profile information: + RegisteredName	
string ElementName	A user-friendly name for the object.	RegisteredName	
string InstanceID	Within the scope of the instantiating Namespace, the InstanceID that identifies an instance of this class.		
string RegisteredName	The name of this registered profile.	FC HBA or Host Discovered Resources	
string RegisteredVersion	The version of this profile.	1.1.0	
uint16 AdvertiseTypes []	This property signifies the advertisement for the profile information. 3 SLP		
uint16 RegisteredOrganization	The organization that defines this profile.	11 SNIA	

IBM_RegisteredSubProfile

I This provider returns instances of all SubProfiles that are supported by HBA and HDR profiles.

Table 83. IBM_RegisteredSubProfile

Property name	Property description	Value or value location
string Caption	A short textual description (one-line string) of the object.	RegisteredName
string Description	A textual description of the object.	Registered Sub Profile information: + RegisteredName
string ElementName	A user-friendly name of the object.	RegisteredName
string InstanceID	Within the scope of the instantiating Namespace, the InstanceID that identifies an instance of this class.	
string RegisteredName	The name of this registered profile.	FC Initiator Ports Subprofile
string RegisteredVersion	The version of this profile.	1.1.0
uint16 AdvertiseTypes []	This property signifies the advertisement for the profile information. 3 SLP	
uint16 RegisteredOrganization	The organization that defines this profile.	11 SNIA

IBM_SubProfileRequiresProfile

- This provider is an association between the RegisteredProfile and its subprofiles.
- Table 84. IBM_SubProfileRequiresProfile

1	Property name	Property value and data source	Instance mapping rule
 	IBM_RegisteredProfile REF Antecedent	The RegisteredProfile that is referenced or required by the subprofile.	RegisteredProfile FC HBA support FC Initiator Ports Subprofile
1	IBM_RegisteredSubProfile REF Dependent	A RegisteredSubProfile that requires a scoping profile for context.	

i5/OS metrics classes

- The topic describes metric classes and the user authorization.
- The following CIM classes have been implemented as IBM supplied providers to provide performance information:
- IBMOS400_ColSrvMetricDefinition: a subclass of CIM_BaseMetricDefinition
- IBMOS400_ColSrvMetricValue: a subclass of CIM_BaseMetricValue
- IBMOS400_ColSrvMetricInstance: a subclass of CIM_MetricInstance that associates between metric definition and metric value.
- IBMOS400_ColSrvMetricDefForME: a subclass of CIM_MetricDefForME that associates between a managed element (resource) and metric definition.
- IBMOS400_ColSrvMetricForME: a subclass of CIM_MetricForME that associates between a managed element (resource) and metric value.
- Note: All instances of IBMOS400_ColSrvMetricValue return volatile data, and only current data is supported. Historical data is not supported.
- The following figure illustrates CIM standard schemas classes, metric providers association resources classes, and i5/OS extended metric classes.

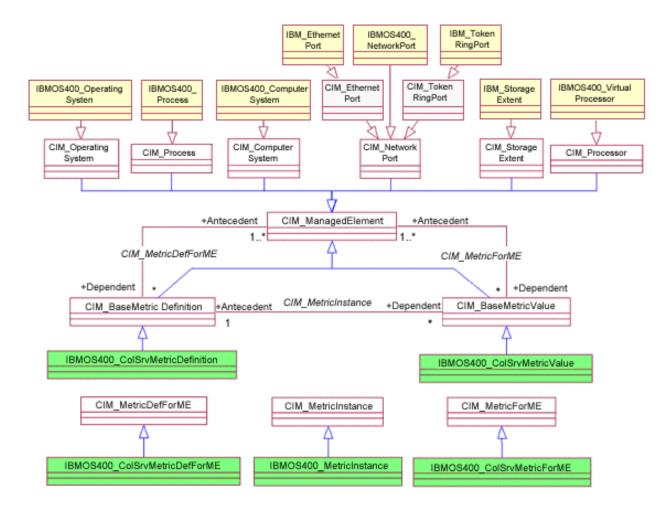


Figure 6. CIM metrics classes

Notes:

- The white class diagrams are CIM standard schemas classes.
- The yellow class diagrams are metric providers association resources class.
- The green class diagrams are i5/OS extended metric classes.

I The CIM metrics that i5/OS supports are listed in the following table.

Table 85. CIM metrics

Resource/Base CIM class	Metric
IBM_StorageExtent	ActiveTimePercentage Percentage the disk unit was active processing some request, id:MDDS0E
	AvailableSpace Free capacity on the disk unit, id:MDDS05
	AverageDeviceUtilization Average device utilization (not normalized to 100% for parallel I/O activity), id:MDDS0D
	Capacity Capacity of the disk unit, id:MDDS04
	FastWriteOperations Number of fast write operations (stored first in nonvolatile memory), id:MDDS08
	FastWritePercentage Percentage of write operations processed as fast write operations, id:MDDS09
	IOIntensity I/O utilization indicator, id:MDDS10
	QueueDepth Average number of I/O requests currently in queue (OS view), id: MDDS11
	ReadCacheHitPercentage Percentage of read requests that did not need access to disk units, id:MDDS03
	ReadOperations Number of read operations against the disk unit, id:MDDS06
	ReadThroughput Bytes per second read, id:MDDS0A
	RequestRate Number of I/O requests per second for the associated device, id:MDDS0F
	ResponseTime ResponseTime associated with a disk unit, id:MDDS01
	TransferredThroughput Bytes per second transferred, id:MDDS0C
	WaitTime WaitTime associated to with disk unit, id:MDDS02
	WriteOperations Number of write operations, id:MDDS07
I I	WriteThroughput Bytes per second written, id:MDDS0B

Table 85. CIM metrics (continued)

I	Resource/Base CIM class	Metric
	IBMOS400_ComputerSystem	ActiveVirtualProcessors Average number of virtual processors active, id: MDCS21
 		PctPartitionDefinedCapacityUsed System CPU time used as a percentage of configured capacity (the amount of CPU the logical partition is configured to use), id: MDCS01
 		UnusedGlobalCPUCapacity CPU time in milliseconds not used on global server level, id: MDCS23
 		UnusedPartitionCPUCapacity Reserved but unused capacity for this OS container, id: MDCS22
	IBMOS400_NetworkPort , IBM_EthernetPort, IBM_TokenRingPort	BytesReceived The total number of bytes received, including framing characters, id: MDNP02
 		BytesTransmitted The total number of bytes transmitted, including framing characters, id: MDNP01
 		ErrorRate Number of network errors per second, id: MDNP03
		Percentage of capacity actually used Id: MDNP04

Table 85. CIM metrics (continued)

Resource/Base CIM class	Metric
IBMOS400_OperatingSystem	CPUConsumptionIndex CPU time used divided by CPU time that might have been used by this operating system, id: MDOS25
	ExternalViewKernelModePercentage i5/OS always returns 0, id: MDOS2C
	External View Total CPU Percentage External view CPU percentage, id: MDOS2A
	External View User Mode Percentage External view user mode percentage, id: MDOS2B
	FreePhysicalMemory i5/OS always returns 0, id: MDOS04
	FreeSpaceInPagingFiles Free space in system ASP, id: MDOS05
	Free Virtual Memory Free space in system auxiliary storage pool (ASP), id: MDOS03
	InternalViewIdlePercentage Idle percentage as seen from within the operating system, id: MDOS24
	InternalViewKernelModePercentage i5/OS always returns 0, id: MDOS21
	InternalViewTotalCPUPercentage User mode percentage as seen from within the operating system, id: MDOS23
	InternalViewUserModePercentage i5/OS always returns 0, id: MDOS22
	KernelModeTime i5/OS always returns 0, id: MDOS09
	NumberOfProcesses Number of jobs active during the sample interval, id: MDOS02
	NumberOfUsers Number of interactive jobs active during the sample interval, id: MDOS01
	OperationalStatus i5/OS always returns 0K, id: MDOS08
	PageInRate Number of pages that are paged in per second in all pools, id: MDOS06
	TotalCPUTime Same as UserModeTime, id: MDOS0B
 	UserModeTime Total system CPU time used, id: MDOS0A

Table 85. CIM metrics (continued)

Resource/Base CIM class	Metric
IBMOS400_Process	AccumulatedKernelModeTime i5/OS always returns 0, id: MDPR29
	AccumulatedTotalCPUTime CPU time spent for this process since process creation, id: MDPR
	AccumulatedUserModeTime CPU time in user mode spent for this process since process creation, id: MDPR2A
	External View Total CPU Percentage External view total CPU percentage, id: MDPR26
	ExternalViewKernelModePercentage i5/OS always returns 0, id: MDPR28
	External View User Mode Percentage External view user mode percentage, id: MDPR27
	InternalViewKernelModePercentage i5/OS always returns 0, id: MDPR23
	Internal View Total CPUPercentage Percentage value related to Total CPUTime, id: MDPR25
	InternalViewUserModePercentage Percentage value related to UserModeTime, the percentage the system CPUs were used for this process in user mode during the measurement interval, id: MDPR24
	KernelModeTime i5/OS always returns 0, id: MDPR01
	TotalCPUTime Same as UserModeTime, id: MDPR03
	UserModeTime The CPU time used by the JOB (including all secondary threads) id: MDPR02
IBMOS400_VirtualProcessor	TotalCPUTimePercentage The time a virtual processor was used as a percentage of the elapsed interval time, id: MDPC01

Metrics definition instance provider

- The Metrics definition data is no longer stored in the CIM repository, but an explicit instance provider capability is added to the metrics definition provider.
- This property of a metric definition class must be generated and be unique for every instance of metric definition.
- Note: The id value is added in the preceding table.

Metrics Authorization

- I Metrics providers need to run with QSECOFR authority so that collection services and performance
- I database work properly. For the nonrequestor providers, Application Administration is used instead of
- I authorizing users to each object that they access. The advantage of application administration is that
- I authorization failures are automatically audited by the system.

- The user function registration APIs manage the registration and usage information for functions. To help
- I manage systems, the user function registration APIs provide a mechanism for registering functions and I controlling which users are allowed to use those functions. The control of user functions, however, is not
- I a replacement for securing resources. Users who are not allowed to use a particular function are not
- prevented from accessing a resource through another interface. See User Function Registration APIs for
- more information.
- A metrics value provider (including its instance and association capabilities) uses application
- administration to authorize users to every CIM operation using single registration entry. When operations
- I are routed to the metric value providers, application administration determinates whether the user is
- authorized to that operation. If not authorized, an access denied exception is thrown out and a message
- is returned to tell the user why access is denied. If authorized, the user is permitted to access the metric values.
- Note: If a user disables the authentication of the CIM server (set enableAuthentication as false), the metrics authorization is disabled automatically at the same time. It means that all users can use the capabilities of metrics value providers.
- The metrics definition provider has lower security expectations for user, so all its instances and
- associations can be accessed by any user without checking authorization.
- See the information about how to work with authorization for CIM metrics in application administration for details.
- Related concepts
- "Configuring CIMOM" on page 3
- You need to install the required options and product, set the configuration properties, granting user
- the authorization, and then start the CIMOM.
- Related tasks
- "User authorization" on page 16
- User authorization is a type of security check that is used to verify that you have access to the objects
- you are trying to change.
- Related information
- User Function Registration APIs

i5/OS support for the CIM indication provider

- You can use the CIM metric indication provider to notify applications when a specific metric event
- occurs.
- The CIM indication provider notifies user applications when specified metric data occurs on the server
- which the provider supervises. Each application must subscribe to the provider by providing, in query I form, information about an event about which it wants data. Examples of events are occurrences such as
- I authentication failures, disk-write errors, or even mouse clicks. The provider then notifies the application
- when the event occurs. Such an occurrence is called an indication. When metrics match client-submitted
- queries, the indication provider creates the indication and returns it to the client.
- Important: The metric indication provider only accepts queries that filter on either the InstanceId or the MetricDefinitionId property. The provider rejects empty filters or a filter that provides only properties other than these two.
 - Related information
- The Open Group: CIMIndicationProvider documentation

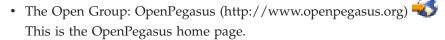
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- Web-Based Enterprise Management (WBEM) (http://www.dmtf.org/standards/wbem) The site is the official home of the Web-Based Enterprise Management (WBEM) initiative.
- Common Information Model: Introduction to CIM (http://www.wbemsolutions.com/tutorials/CIM/cim.html)

This site provides a tutorial of CIM.



Other information

- · Network authentication service
- Host name resolution considerations
- Managing keytab files
- Backing up your system
- Digital Certificate Manager (DCM)

Related reference

"PDF file for Common Information Model" on page 3 You can view and print a PDF file of this information.

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