

IBM System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261



# Problem Determination and Service Guide



IBM System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261



# Problem Determination and Service Guide

**Note:** Before using this information and the product it supports, read the general information in Appendix B, "Notices," on page 219 and the *IBM Safety Information*, *IBM Environmental Notices and User's Guide* on the *IBM System x Documentation* CD, and the *Warranty Information* document that comes with the server.

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## Safety

Before installing this product, read the Safety Information.

قبل تركيب هذا المنتج، يجب قراءة الملاحظات الأمنية

Antes de instalar este produto, leia as Informações de Segurança.

在安裝本產品之前，請仔細閱讀 **Safety Information** (安全信息)。

安裝本產品之前，請先閱讀「安全資訊」。

Prije instalacije ovog produkta obavezno pročitajte Sigurnosne Upute.

Před instalací tohoto produktu si přečtěte příručku bezpečnostních instrukcí.

Læs sikkerhedsforskrifterne, før du installerer dette produkt.

Lees voordat u dit product installeert eerst de veiligheidsvoorschriften.

Ennen kuin asennat tämän tuotteen, lue turvaohjeet kohdasta Safety Information.

Avant d'installer ce produit, lisez les consignes de sécurité.

Vor der Installation dieses Produkts die Sicherheitshinweise lesen.

Πριν εγκαταστήσετε το προϊόν αυτό, διαβάστε τις πληροφορίες ασφάλειας (safety information).

לפני שתתקינו מוצר זה, קראו את הוראות הבטיחות.

A termék telepítése előtt olvassa el a Biztonsági előírásokat!

Prima di installare questo prodotto, leggere le Informazioni sulla Sicurezza.

製品の設置の前に、安全情報をお読みください。

본 제품을 설치하기 전에 안전 정보를 읽으십시오.

Пред да се инсталира овој продукт, прочитајте информацијата за безбедност.

Les sikkerhetsinformasjonen (Safety Information) før du installerer dette produktet.

Przed zainstalowaniem tego produktu, należy zapoznać się z książką "Informacje dotyczące bezpieczeństwa" (Safety Information).

Antes de instalar este produto, leia as Informações sobre Segurança.

Перед установкой продукта прочтите инструкции по технике безопасности.

Pred inštaláciou tohto zariadenia si pečítajte Bezpečnostné predpisy.

Pred namestitvijo tega proizvoda preberite Varnostne informacije.

Antes de instalar este producto, lea la información de seguridad.

Läs säkerhetsinformationen innan du installerar den här produkten.

---

## Guidelines for trained service technicians

This section contains information for trained service technicians.

### Inspecting for unsafe conditions

Use the information in this section to help you identify potential unsafe conditions in an IBM product that you are working on. Each IBM product, as it was designed and manufactured, has required safety items to protect users and service technicians from injury. The information in this section addresses only those items. Use good judgment to identify potential unsafe conditions that might be caused by non-IBM alterations or attachment of non-IBM features or options that are not addressed in this section. If you identify an unsafe condition, you must determine how serious the hazard is and whether you must correct the problem before you work on the product.

Consider the following conditions and the safety hazards that they present:

- Electrical hazards, especially primary power. Primary voltage on the frame can cause serious or fatal electrical shock.
- Explosive hazards, such as a damaged CRT face or a bulging capacitor.
- Mechanical hazards, such as loose or missing hardware.

To inspect the product for potential unsafe conditions, complete the following steps:

1. Make sure that the power is off and the power cord is disconnected.
2. Make sure that the exterior cover is not damaged, loose, or broken, and observe any sharp edges.
3. Check the power cord:
  - Make sure that the third-wire ground connector is in good condition. Use a meter to measure third-wire ground continuity for 0.1 ohm or less between the external ground pin and the frame ground.
  - Make sure that the power cord is the correct type, as specified in "Power cords" on page 121.
  - Make sure that the insulation is not frayed or worn.
4. Remove the cover.
5. Check for any obvious non-IBM alterations. Use good judgment as to the safety of any non-IBM alterations.
6. Check inside the server for any obvious unsafe conditions, such as metal filings, contamination, water or other liquid, or signs of fire or smoke damage.
7. Check for worn, frayed, or pinched cables.
8. Make sure that the power-supply cover fasteners (screws or rivets) have not been removed or tampered with.

### Guidelines for servicing electrical equipment

Observe the following guidelines when servicing electrical equipment:

- Check the area for electrical hazards such as moist floors, nongrounded power extension cords, power surges, and missing safety grounds.
- Use only approved tools and test equipment. Some hand tools have handles that are covered with a soft material that does not provide insulation from live electrical currents.
- Regularly inspect and maintain your electrical hand tools for safe operational condition. Do not use worn or broken tools or testers.

- Do not touch the reflective surface of a dental mirror to a live electrical circuit. The surface is conductive and can cause personal injury or equipment damage if it touches a live electrical circuit.
- Some rubber floor mats contain small conductive fibers to decrease electrostatic discharge. Do not use this type of mat to protect yourself from electrical shock.
- Do not work alone under hazardous conditions or near equipment that has hazardous voltages.
- Locate the emergency power-off (EPO) switch, disconnecting switch, or electrical outlet so that you can turn off the power quickly in the event of an electrical accident.
- Disconnect all power before you perform a mechanical inspection, work near power supplies, or remove or install main units.
- Before you work on the equipment, disconnect the power cord. If you cannot disconnect the power cord, have the customer power-off the wall box that supplies power to the equipment and lock the wall box in the off position.
- Never assume that power has been disconnected from a circuit. Check it to make sure that it has been disconnected.
- If you have to work on equipment that has exposed electrical circuits, observe the following precautions:
  - Make sure that another person who is familiar with the power-off controls is near you and is available to turn off the power if necessary.
  - When you are working with powered-on electrical equipment, use only one hand. Keep the other hand in your pocket or behind your back to avoid creating a complete circuit that could cause an electrical shock.
  - When you use a tester, set the controls correctly and use the approved probe leads and accessories for that tester.
  - Stand on a suitable rubber mat to insulate you from grounds such as metal floor strips and equipment frames.
- Use extreme care when you measure high voltages.
- To ensure proper grounding of components such as power supplies, pumps, blowers, fans, and motor generators, do not service these components outside of their normal operating locations.
- If an electrical accident occurs, use caution, turn off the power, and send another person to get medical aid.

---

## Safety statements

### **Important:**

Each caution and danger statement in this document is labeled with a number. This number is used to cross reference an English-language caution or danger statement with translated versions of the caution or danger statement in the *Safety Information* document.

For example, if a caution statement is labeled “Statement 1,” translations for that caution statement are in the *Safety Information* document under “Statement 1.”

Be sure to read all caution and danger statements in this document before you perform the procedures. Read any additional safety information that comes with the server or optional device before you install the device.

**Attention:** Use No. 26 AWG or larger UL-listed or CSA certified telecommunication line cord.



**Statement 1:**



**DANGER**

**Electrical current from power, telephone, and communication cables is hazardous.**

**To avoid a shock hazard:**

- **Do not connect or disconnect any cables or perform installation, maintenance, or reconfiguration of this product during an electrical storm.**
- **Connect all power cords to a properly wired and grounded electrical outlet.**
- **Connect to properly wired outlets any equipment that will be attached to this product.**
- **When possible, use one hand only to connect or disconnect signal cables.**
- **Never turn on any equipment when there is evidence of fire, water, or structural damage.**
- **Disconnect the attached power cords, telecommunications systems, networks, and modems before you open the device covers, unless instructed otherwise in the installation and configuration procedures.**
- **Connect and disconnect cables as described in the following table when installing, moving, or opening covers on this product or attached devices.**

**To Connect:**

1. Turn everything OFF.
2. First, attach all cables to devices.
3. Attach signal cables to connectors.
4. Attach power cords to outlet.
5. Turn device ON.

**To Disconnect:**

1. Turn everything OFF.
2. First, remove power cords from outlet.
3. Remove signal cables from connectors.
4. Remove all cables from devices.

**Statement 2:**



**CAUTION:**

When replacing the lithium battery, use only IBM Part Number 33F8354 or an equivalent type battery recommended by the manufacturer. If your system has a module containing a lithium battery, replace it only with the same module type made by the same manufacturer. The battery contains lithium and can explode if not properly used, handled, or disposed of.

*Do not:*

- **Throw or immerse into water**
- **Heat to more than 100°C (212°F)**
- **Repair or disassemble**

**Dispose of the battery as required by local ordinances or regulations.**

**Statement 3:**



**CAUTION:**

When laser products (such as CD-ROMs, DVD drives, fiber optic devices, or transmitters) are installed, note the following:

- Do not remove the covers. Removing the covers of the laser product could result in exposure to hazardous laser radiation. There are no serviceable parts inside the device.
- Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein might result in hazardous radiation exposure.



**DANGER**

Some laser products contain an embedded Class 3A or Class 3B laser diode. Note the following.

Laser radiation when open. Do not stare into the beam, do not view directly with optical instruments, and avoid direct exposure to the beam.



Class 1 Laser Product  
Laser Klasse 1  
Laser Klass 1  
Luokan 1 Laserlaite  
Appareil À Laser de Classe 1

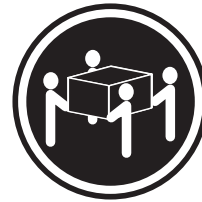
**Statement 4:**



≥ 18 kg (39.7 lb)



≥ 32 kg (70.5 lb)



≥ 55 kg (121.2 lb)

**CAUTION:**

Use safe practices when lifting.

**Statement 5:**



**CAUTION:**

The power control button on the device and the power switch on the power supply do not turn off the electrical current supplied to the device. The device also might have more than one power cord. To remove all electrical current from the device, ensure that all power cords are disconnected from the power source.



**Statement 8:**



**CAUTION:**

Never remove the cover on a power supply or any part that has the following label attached.



Hazardous voltage, current, and energy levels are present inside any component that has this label attached. There are no serviceable parts inside these components. If you suspect a problem with one of these parts, contact a service technician.

**Statement 26:**



**CAUTION:**

Do not place any object on top of rack-mounted devices.



**Attention:** This server is suitable for use on an IT power distribution system whose maximum phase-to-phase voltage is 240 V under any distribution fault condition.

**Statement 27:**



**CAUTION:**

Hazardous moving parts are nearby.





---

# Chapter 1. Start here

You can solve many problems without outside assistance by following the troubleshooting procedures in this *Problem Determination and Service Guide* and on the IBM website. This document describes the diagnostic tests that you can perform, troubleshooting procedures, and explanations of error messages and error codes. The documentation that comes with your operating system and software also contains troubleshooting information.

---

## Diagnosing a problem

Before you contact IBM or an approved warranty service provider, follow these procedures in the order in which they are presented to diagnose a problem with your server:

1. **Determine what has changed.**

Determine whether any of the following items were added, removed, replaced, or updated before the problem occurred:

- IBM System x Server Firmware (server firmware)
- Device drivers
- Firmware
- Hardware components
- Software

If possible, return the server to the condition it was in before the problem occurred.

2. **Collect data.**

Thorough data collection is necessary for diagnosing hardware and software problems.

a. **Document error codes and system-board LEDs.**

- **System error codes:** See “POST error codes” on page 24 for information about a specific error code.
- See “System-board LEDs” on page 18 for the location of the system-board LEDs.
- **Software or operating-system error codes:** See the documentation for the software or operating system for information about a specific error code. See the manufacturer's website for documentation.

b. **Collect system data.**

Run the Dynamic System Analysis (DSA) diagnostics program to collect information about the hardware, firmware, software, and operating system. Have this information available when you contact IBM or an approved warranty service provider. See “Diagnostic programs and messages” on page 75 for the instructions to run the DSA program.

If you need to download the latest version of DSA, go to <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&Indocid=SERV-DSA> or complete the following steps.

**Note:** Changes are made periodically to the IBM website. The actual procedure might vary slightly from what is described in this document.

- 1) Go to <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/>.
- 2) Under **Product support**, click **System x**.

- 3) Under **Popular links**, click **Software and device drivers**.
- 4) Under **Related downloads**, click **Dynamic System Analysis (DSA)**.

For information about DSA command-line options, go to [http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/toolsctr/v1r0/index.jsp?topic=/com.ibm.xseries.tools.doc/erep\\_tools\\_dsa.html](http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/toolsctr/v1r0/index.jsp?topic=/com.ibm.xseries.tools.doc/erep_tools_dsa.html) or complete the following steps:

- 1) Go to <http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/toolsctr/v1r0/index.jsp>.
  - 2) In the navigation pane, click **IBM System x and BladeCenter Tools Center**.
  - 3) Click **Tools reference > Error reporting and analysis tools > IBM Dynamic System Analysis**.
3. **Follow the problem-resolution procedures.**

The four problem-resolution procedures are presented in the order in which they are most likely to solve your problem. Follow these procedures in the order in which they are presented:

a. **Check for and apply code updates.**

Most problems that appear to be caused by faulty hardware are actually caused by the server firmware (formerly BIOS firmware), device firmware, or device drivers that are not at the latest levels.

1) **Determine the existing code levels.**

In DSA, click **Firmware/VPD** to view system firmware levels, or click **Software** to view operating-system levels.

2) **Download and install updates of code that is not at the latest level.**

**Important:** Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.

To display a list of available updates for your server, go to <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&Indocid=MIGR-4JTS2T> or complete the following steps.

**Note:** Changes are made periodically to the IBM website. The actual procedure might vary slightly from what is described in this document.

- a) Go to <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/>.
- b) Under **Product support**, click **System x**.
- c) Under **Popular links**, click **Software and device drivers**.
- d) Click **System x3250 M3** to display the list of downloadable files for the server.

You can install code updates that are packaged as an Update *Xpress* System Pack or Update *Xpress* CD image. An Update *Xpress* System Pack contains an integration-tested bundle of online firmware and device-driver updates for your server.

Be sure to separately install any listed critical updates that have release dates that are later than the release date of the Update*Xpress* System Pack or Update*Xpress* image.

When you click an update, an information page is displayed, including a list of the problems that the update fixes. Review this list for your specific problem; however, even if your problem is not listed, installing the update might solve the problem.



b. **Check for and correct an incorrect configuration.**

If the server is incorrectly configured, a system function can fail to work when you enable it; if you make an incorrect change to the server configuration, a system function that has been enabled can stop working.

1) **Make sure that all installed hardware and software are supported.**

See <http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/serverproven/compat/us/> to verify that the server supports the installed operating system, optional devices, and software levels. If any hardware or software component is not supported, uninstall it to determine whether it is causing the problem. You must remove nonsupported hardware before you contact IBM or an approved warranty service provider for support.

2) **Make sure that the server, operating system, and software are installed and configured correctly.**

Many configuration problems are caused by loose power or signal cables or incorrectly seated adapters. You might be able to solve the problem by turning off the server, reconnecting cables, reseating adapters, and turning the server back on. See “Checkout procedure” on page 52 for the instructions to perform the checkout procedures.

If the problem is associated with a specific function (for example, if a RAID hard disk drive is marked offline in the RAID array), see the documentation for the associated controller and management or controlling software to verify that the controller is correctly configured.

Problem determination information is available for many devices such as RAID and network adapters.

For problems with operating systems or IBM software or devices, complete the following steps.

**Note:** Changes are made periodically to the IBM website. The actual procedure might vary slightly from what is described in this document.

- a) Go to <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/>.
- b) Under **Product support**, click **System x**.
- c) From the **Product family** list, select **System x3250 M3**.
- d) Under **Support & downloads**, click **Documentation**, **Install**, and **Use** to search for related documentation.

c. **Check for service bulletins.**

IBM service bulletins document known problems and suggested solutions. To search for service bulletins, complete the following steps.

**Note:** Changes are made periodically to the IBM website. The actual procedure might vary slightly from what is described in this document.

- 1) Go to <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/>.
- 2) Under **Product support**, click **System x**.
- 3) From the **Product family** list, select **System x3250 M3**.
- 4) Under **Support & downloads**, click **Troubleshoot**.

d. **Check for and replace defective hardware.**

If a hardware component is not operating within specifications, it can cause unpredictable results. Most hardware failures are reported as error codes in a system or operating-system log. See “Troubleshooting tables” on page 55 and Chapter 5, “Removing and replacing server components,” on page 125 for more information. Hardware errors are also indicated by LEDs on the system board (see “System-board LEDs” on page 18 for more information).

Troubleshooting procedures are also provided on the IBM website. A single problem might cause multiple symptoms. Follow the diagnostic procedure for the most obvious symptom. If that procedure does not diagnose the problem, use the procedure for another symptom, if possible. To locate troubleshooting procedures for your server, complete the following steps.

**Note:** Changes are made periodically to the IBM website. The actual procedure might vary slightly from what is described in this document.

- 1) Go to <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/>.
- 2) Under **Product support**, click **System x**.
- 3) From the **Product family** list, select **System x3250 M3**.
- 4) Under **Support & downloads**, click **Troubleshoot**.
- 5) Under **Diagnostic**, select the troubleshooting procedure for the symptom that you are observing.

For more troubleshooting information, see Chapter 3, "Diagnostics," on page 21.

If the problem remains, contact IBM or an approved warranty service provider for assistance with additional problem determination and possible hardware replacement. To open an online service request, go to <http://www.ibm.com/support/electronic/>. Be prepared to provide information about any error codes and collected data.

---

## Undocumented problems

If you have completed the diagnostic procedure and the problem remains, the problem might not have been previously identified by IBM. After you have verified that all code is at the latest level, all hardware and software configurations are valid, and no LEDs or log entries indicate a hardware component failure, contact IBM or an approved warranty service provider for assistance. To open an online service request, go to <http://www.ibm.com/support/electronic/>. Be prepared to provide information about any error codes and collected data and the problem determination procedures that you have used.

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## Chapter 2. Introduction

This *Problem Determination and Service Guide* contains information to help you solve problems that might occur in your IBM® System x3250 M3 Type 4251, 4252, or 4261 server. It describes the diagnostic tools that come with the server, error codes and suggested actions, and instructions for replacing failing components.

The most recent version of this document is available at <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/>.

Replaceable components are of four types:

- **Consumable parts:** Purchase and replacement of consumable parts (components, such as printer cartridges, that have depletable life) is your responsibility. If IBM acquires or installs a consumable part at your request, you will be charged for the service.
- **Tier 1 customer replaceable unit (CRU):** Replacement of Tier 1 CRUs is your responsibility. If IBM installs a Tier 1 CRU at your request, you will be charged for the installation.
- **Tier 2 customer replaceable unit:** You may install a Tier 2 CRU yourself or request IBM to install it, at no additional charge, under the type of warranty service that is designated for your server.
- **Field replaceable unit (FRU):** FRUs must be installed only by Trained service technicians.

For a list of replaceable components for the server, see “Replaceable server components” on page 117.

For information about the terms of the warranty and getting service and assistance, see the *Warranty Information* document that comes with the server.

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## Related documentation

In addition to this document, the following documentation also comes with the server:

- *Installation and User's Guide*

This document is in Portable Document Format (PDF) on the IBM *System x Documentation* CD. It provides general information about setting up and cabling the server, including information about features, and how to configure the server. It also contains detailed instructions for installing, removing, and connecting some optional devices that the server supports.

- *Rack Installation Instructions*

This printed document contains instructions for installing the server in a rack.

- *Safety Information*

This document is in PDF on the IBM *System x Documentation* CD. It contains translated caution and danger statements. Each caution and danger statement that appears in the documentation has a number that you can use to locate the corresponding statement in your language in the *Safety Information* document.

- *Warranty Information*

This printed document contains information about the terms of the warranty.

- *IBM Environmental Notices and User Guide*

This document is in PDF format on the IBM *System x Documentation* CD. It contains translated environmental notices.

Depending on the server model, additional documentation might be included on the IBM *System x Documentation* CD.

The System x and BladeCenter Tools Center is an online information center that contains information about tools for updating, managing, and deploying firmware, device drivers, and operating systems. The System x and BladeCenter Tools Center is at <http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/toolctr/v1r0/index.jsp>.

The server might have features that are not described in the documentation that comes with the server. The documentation might be updated occasionally to include information about those features, or technical updates might be available to provide additional information that is not included in the server documentation. These updates are available from the IBM website. To check for updated documentation and technical updates, complete the following steps.

**Note:** Changes are made periodically to the IBM website. The actual procedure might vary slightly from what is described in this document.

1. Go to <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/>.
2. Under **Product support**, click **System x**.
3. Under **Popular links**, click **Publications lookup**.
4. From the **Product family** menu, select **System x3250 M3** and click **Go**.

---

## Notices and statements in this document

The caution and danger statements that appear in this document are also in the multilingual *Safety Information* document, which is on the IBM *System x Documentation* CD. Each statement is numbered for reference to the corresponding statement in the *Safety Information* document.

The following notices and statements are used in this document:

- **Note:** These notices provide important tips, guidance, or advice.
- **Important:** These notices provide information or advice that might help you avoid inconvenient or problem situations.
- **Attention:** These notices indicate potential damage to programs, devices, or data. An attention notice is placed just before the instruction or situation in which damage might occur.
- **Caution:** These statements indicate situations that can be potentially hazardous to you. A caution statement is placed just before the description of a potentially hazardous procedure step or situation.
- **Danger:** These statements indicate situations that can be potentially lethal or extremely hazardous to you. A danger statement is placed just before the description of a potentially lethal or extremely hazardous procedure step or situation.

## Features and specifications

The following information is a summary of the features and specifications of the server. Depending on the server model, some features might not be available, or some specifications might not apply.

Table 1. Features and specifications

|   |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| <p><b>Microprocessor:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Supports one Intel quad-core (Xeon 3400 series) or dual-core (Celeron G1101, Pentium G6950, or Core i3 series) processor the IbexPeak 3420 chip set and Multi-chip Package (MCP) processor architecture</li> <li>• Designed for LGA 1156 socket</li> <li>• Scalable up to four cores</li> <li>• 32 KB instruction cache, 32 KB data cache, and up to 8 MB L3 cache that is shared among the cores</li> <li>• Support for Intel Extended Memory 64 Technology (EM64T)</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use the Setup utility to determine the type and speed of the microprocessor.</li> <li>• For a list of supported microprocessors, see <a href="http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/serverproven/compat/us/">http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/serverproven/compat/us/</a>.</li> </ul> <p><b>Memory:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Minimum: 1 GB</li> <li>• Maximum: 32 GB <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– 16 GB using unbuffered DIMMs (UDIMMs)</li> <li>– 32 GB using registered DIMMs (RDIMMs)</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Types: PC3-8500 or PC3-10600R-999 (single-rank or double-rank), 1066, and 1333 MHz, ECC, DDR3 registered or unbuffered SDRAM DIMMs only</li> <li>• Connectors: Six dual inline memory module (DIMM) connectors, two-way interleaved</li> <li>• Supports (depending on the model): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– 1 GB, 2 GB, and 4 GB unbuffered DIMMs</li> <li>– 1 GB, 2 GB, 4 GB, and 8 GB registered DIMMs</li> </ul> </li> </ul> | <p><b>SATA optical drives:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UltraSlim DVD-ROM combo (optional)</li> <li>• Multi-burner (optional)</li> </ul> <p><b>Hard disk drive expansion bays (depending on the model):</b></p> <p>One of the following configurations:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Four 2.5-inch hot-swap SAS hard disk drive bays</li> <li>• Two 3.5-inch hot-swap SAS or hot-swap SATA hard disk drive bays</li> <li>• Two 3.5-inch simple-swap SAS or simple-swap SATA hard disk drive bays</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Simple-swap SATA hard disk drives support AHCI mode.</li> <li>– Simple-swap models only support ServeRAID-BR10iI adapter.</li> </ul> <p><b>PCI expansion slots:</b></p> <p>Supports two PCI riser slots on the riser card that connects to slots 1 and 2 on the system board:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Slot 1 supports low-profile cards (PCI Express Gen2 x8)</li> <li>• Slot 2 supports 3/4-length, full-height cards (PCI Express Gen2 x8 or PCI-X 1.0a 64-bit/133 MHz)</li> </ul> <p><b>Power supply:</b></p> <p>One 351-watt power supply or one 351-watt high efficiency power supply with Active Energy Manager (AEM) depending on your model.</p> <p><b>Fans:</b> The server comes standard with five speed-controlled fans.</p> | <p><b>Integrated functions:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Integrated management module (IMM), which provides service processor control and monitoring functions, video controller, and (when the optional virtual media key is installed) remote keyboard, video, mouse, and remote hard disk drive capabilities</li> <li>• Intel 82574L Gb Ethernet controller with TCP/IP Offload Engine (TOE) and Wake on LAN support</li> <li>• Seven Universal Serial Bus (USB) 2.0 ports (two front, four rear, and one internal for the optional USB Hypervisor key)</li> <li>• Two Ethernet ports</li> <li>• Four-port integrated SATA controller</li> <li>• Integrated Trusted Platform Module (TPM) support</li> <li>• One serial port</li> <li>• One VGA port</li> </ul> |
|---|---|--|

Table 1. Features and specifications (continued)

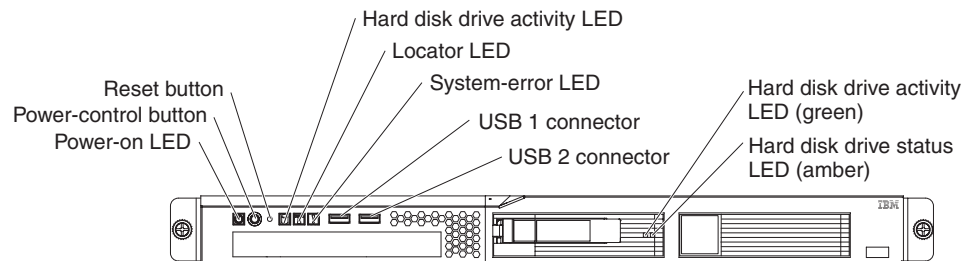
|   |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| <p><b>RAID controllers:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A ServeRAID-BR10i v2 SAS/SATA adapter that provides RAID levels 0, 1, and 1E (comes standard on some hot-swap SAS and hot-swap SATA models).</li> <li>• An optional ServeRAID-MR10i SAS/SATA adapter that provides RAID levels 0, 1, 5, 6, and 10 can be ordered.</li> <li>• An optional ServeRAID-MR10iS VAULT SAS/SATA adapter with an encryption 1078 DE chip set that provides RAID levels 0, 1, 5, 6, and 10 can be ordered.</li> </ul> <p><b>Acoustical noise emissions:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sound power, idling: 6.5 bels maximum</li> <li>• Sound power, operating: 6.5 bels maximum</li> </ul> <p><b>Environment:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Air temperature: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Server on: 10°C to 35°C (50.0°F to 95.0°F); altitude: 0 to 914.4 m (3000 ft)</li> <li>– Server on: 10°C to 32°C (50.0°F to 89.6°F); altitude: 914.4 m (3000 ft) to 2133.6 m (7000.0 ft)</li> <li>– Server off: 10°C to 43°C (50°F to 109.4°F); maximum altitude: 2133.6 m (7000.0 ft)</li> <li>– Shipping: -40°C to 60°C (-104°F to 140°F)</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Humidity: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Server on: 8% to 80%</li> <li>– Server off: 8% to 80%</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Particulate contamination: <p><b>Attention:</b> Airborne particulates and reactive gases acting alone or in combination with other environmental factors such as humidity or temperature might pose a risk to the server. For information about the limits for particulates and gases, see “Particulate contamination” on page 221.</p> </li> </ul> | <p><b>Video controller (integrated into IMM):</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Matrox G200</li> <li>• SVGA compatible video controller</li> <li>• Avocent Digital Video Compression</li> <li>• Video memory is not expandable</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> The maximum video resolution is 1280 x 1024</p> <p><b>Size:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Height: 43 mm (1.69 inches, 1 U)</li> <li>• Depth: 559 mm (22 inches)</li> <li>• Width: 440 mm (17.32 inches)</li> <li>• Maximum weight: 12.7 kg (28 lb)</li> </ul> <p><b>Heat output:</b></p> <p>Approximate heat output:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Minimum configuration: 171 BTU per hour (50 watts)</li> <li>• Maximum configuration: 1024 BTU per hour (300 watts)</li> </ul> <p><b>Electrical input:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sine-wave input (50 / 60 Hz) required</li> <li>• Input voltage low range: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Minimum: 100 V ac</li> <li>– Maximum: 127 V ac</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Input voltage high range: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Minimum: 200 V ac</li> <li>– Maximum: 240 V ac</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Input kilovolt-amperes (kVA), approximately: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Minimum: 0.102 kVA</li> <li>– Maximum: 0.55 kVA</li> </ul> </li> </ul> | <p><b>Notes:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Power consumption and heat output vary depending on the number and type of optional features installed and the power-management optional features in use.</li> <li>2. The sound levels were measured in controlled acoustical environments according to the procedures specified by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) S12.10 and ISO 7779 and are reported in accordance with ISO 9296. Actual sound-pressure levels in a given location might exceed the average values stated because of room reflections and other nearby noise sources. The noise emission level stated in the declared (upper limit) sound-power level, in bels, for a random sample of system.</li> <li>3. There is no keyboard connector or mouse connector on the server. You can connect a USB keyboard and USB mouse to the server by using the USB connectors.</li> </ol> |
|---|---|--|

## Server controls, LEDs, and power

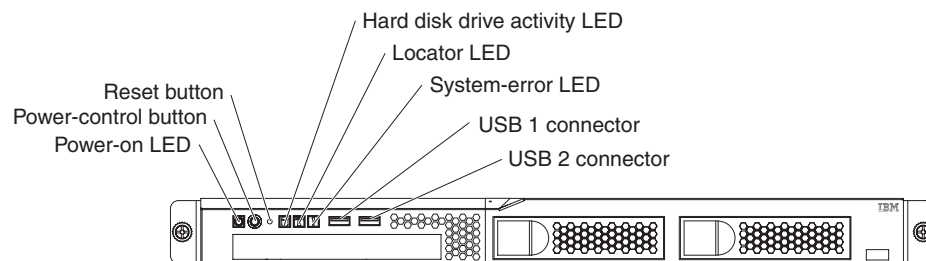
This section describes the controls and light-emitting diodes (LEDs) and how to turn the server on and off. For the location of the LEDs on the system board, see “System-board LEDs” on page 18.

### Front view

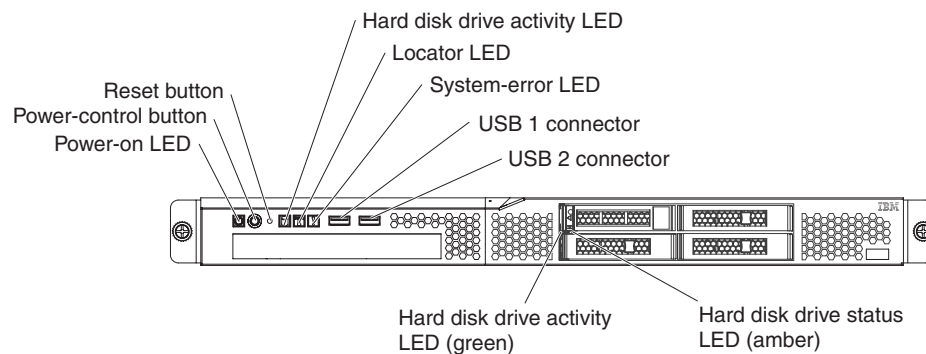
The following illustration shows the controls, LEDs, and connectors on the front of the hot-swap 3.5-inch hard disk drive model.



The following illustration shows the controls, LEDs, and connectors on the front of the simple-swap 3.5-inch hard disk drive model.



The following illustration shows the controls, LEDs, and connectors on the front of the hot-swap 2.5-inch hard disk drive model.



- **Power-on LED:** The states of the power-on LED are as follows:
  - Off:** AC power is not present, or the power supply or the LED itself has failed.
  - Flashing rapidly (4 times per second):** The server is turned off and is not ready to be turned on. The power-control button is disabled. This will last approximately 1 to 3 minutes.
  - Flashing slowly (once per second):** The server is turned off and is ready to be turned on. You can press the power-control button to turn on the server.
  - Lit:** The server is turned on.



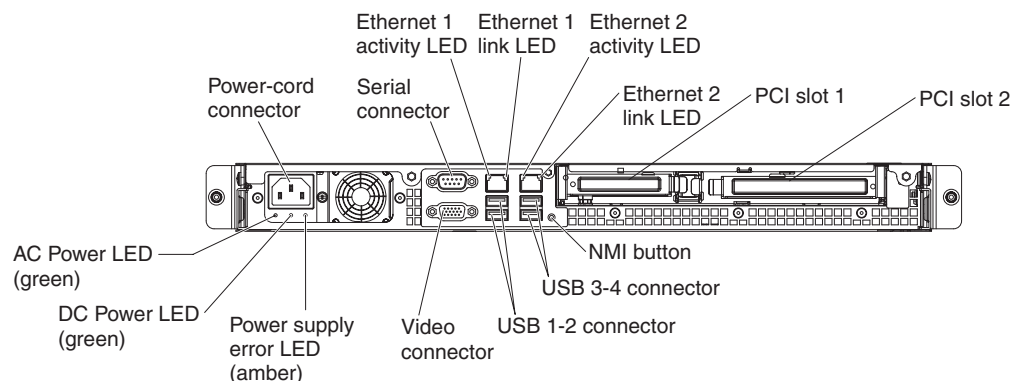
**Fading on and off:** The server is in a reduced-power state. To wake the server, press the power-control button or use the IMM Web interface. See “Logging on to the web interface” on page 204 for information on logging on to the IMM Web interface.

- **Power-control button:** Press this button to turn the server on and off manually or to wake the server from a reduced-power state.
- **Reset button:** Press this button to reset the server and run the power-on self-test (POST). You might have to use a pen or the end of a straightened paper clip to press the button.
- **Hard disk drive activity LEDs:** When this LED is flashing, it indicates that the associated hard disk drive is in use.
- **Locator LED:** Use this blue LED to visually locate the server among other servers. This LED is also used as a presence detection button. You can use IBM Systems Director to light this LED remotely. This LED is controlled by the IMM.
- **System-error LED:** When this amber LED is lit, it indicates that a system error has occurred.
- **USB connectors:** Connect a USB device, such as a USB mouse, keyboard, or other device to any of these connectors.
- **Optional DVD eject button:** Press this button to release a DVD or CD from the optional DVD drive.
- **Optional DVD drive activity LED:** When this LED is lit, it indicates that the optional DVD drive is in use.
- **Hot-swap hard disk drive activity LEDs (some models):** This LED is used on SAS or SATA hard disk drives. Each hot-swap hard disk drive has an activity LED, and when this LED is flashing, it indicates that the drive is in use.
- **Hot-swap hard disk drive status LEDs (some models):** This LED is used on SAS or SATA hard disk drives. When this LED is lit, it indicates that the drive has failed. If an optional IBM ServerRAID controller is installed in the server, when this LED is flashing slowly (one flash per second), it indicates that the drive is being rebuilt. When the LED is flashing rapidly (three flashes per second), it indicates that the controller is identifying the drive.

## Rear view

The following illustration shows the connectors and LEDs on the rear of the server.

**Note:** The illustrations in this document might differ slightly from your hardware.



- **Ethernet link LEDs:** When these LEDs are lit, they indicate that there is an active link connection on the 10BASE-T, 100BASE-TX, or 1000BASE-TX interface for the Ethernet port.



- **Ethernet activity LEDs:** When these LEDs are lit, they indicate that there is activity between the server and the network.
- **AC power LED (some models):** This LED is use on power supply with Active Energy Manager (AEM). This green LED provides status information about the power supply. During typical operation, both the ac and dc power LEDs are lit. For any other combination of LEDs, see “Power-supply LEDs” on page 73.
- **DC power LED (some models):** This LED is use on power supply with AEM. This green LED provides status information about the power supply. During typical operation, both the ac and dc power LEDs are lit. For any other combination of LEDs, see “Power-supply LEDs” on page 73.
- **Power-error (!) LED (some models):** This LED is use on power supply with AEM. When this amber LED is lit, it indicates that the power supply has failed.
- **Power cord connector:** Connect the power cord to this connector.
- **Video connector:** Connect a monitor to this connector.
- **Serial connector:** Connect a 9-pin serial device to this connector. The serial port is shared with the integrated management module (IMM). The IMM can take control of the shared serial port to redirect serial traffic, using Serial over LAN (SOL).
- **USB connectors:** Connect a USB device, such as a USB mouse, keyboard, or other device to any of these connectors.
- **Ethernet connectors:** Use either of these connectors to connect the server to a network. When you use the Ethernet 1 connector, the network can be shared with the IMM through a single network cable.
- **NMI button:** Press this button to force a nonmaskable interrupt to the microprocessor. You might have to use a pen or the end of a straightened paper clip to press the button. It allows you to blue screen the server and take a memory dump (use this button only when directed by the IBM service support).
- **PCI slot 1:** Insert a low-profile PCI Express or PCI-X adapter into this slot. Standard models of the server come with two PCI Express riser assemblies. You can purchase an optional PCI-X riser-card assembly with bracket if you want to install a PCI-X adapter in this slot.
- **PCI slot 2:** Insert a three-quarter length, full-height PCI Express or PCI-X adapter into this slot. Standard models of the server come with two PCI Express riser assemblies. You can purchase an optional PCI-X riser-card assembly with bracket if you want to install a PCI-X adapter in this slot.

## Server power features

When the server is connected to an ac power source but is not turned on, the operating system does not run, and all core logic except for the service processor (the integrated management module) is shutdown; however, the server can respond to requests from the service processor, such as a remote request to turn on the server. The power-on LED flashes to indicate that the server is connected to ac power but is not turned on.

### Turning on the server

Approximately 5 seconds after the server is connected to ac power, one or more fans might start running to provide cooling while the server is connected to power and the power-on button LED will blink quickly. Approximately 1 to 3 minutes after the server is connected to ac power, the power-control button becomes active (the power-on LED will blink slowly), and one or more fans might start running to provide cooling while the server is connected to power. You can turn on the server by pressing the power-control button.

The server can also be turned on in any of the following ways:

- If a power failure occurs while the server is turned on, the server will restart automatically when power is restored.
- If your operating system supports the Wake on LAN feature, the Wake on LAN feature can turn on the server.

**Note:** When 4 GB or more of memory (physical or logical) is installed, some memory is reserved for various system resources and is unavailable to the operating system. The amount of memory that is reserved for system resources depends on the operating system, the configuration of the server, and the configured PCI options.

### **Turning off the server**

When you turn off the server and leave it connected to ac power, the server can respond to requests from the service processor, such as a remote request to turn on the server. While the server remains connected to ac power, one or more fans might continue to run. To remove all power from the server, you must disconnect it from the power source.

Some operating systems require an orderly shutdown before you turn off the server. See your operating-system documentation for information about shutting down the operating system.

**Statement 5:**



**CAUTION:**

The power control button on the device and the power switch on the power supply do not turn off the electrical current supplied to the device. The device also might have more than one power cord. To remove all electrical current from the device, ensure that all power cords are disconnected from the power source.



The server can be turned off in any of the following ways:

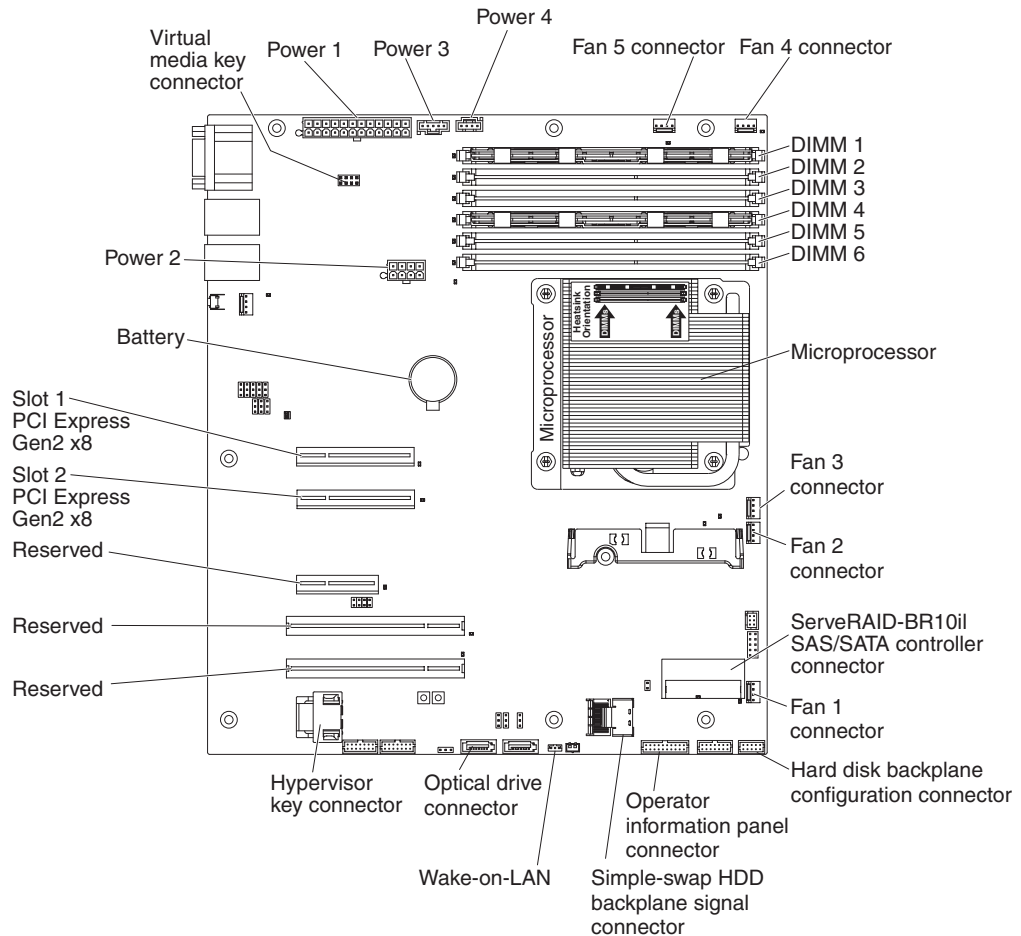
- You can turn off the server from the operating system, if your operating system supports this feature. After an orderly shutdown of the operating system, the server will turn off automatically.
- You can press the power-control button to start an orderly shutdown of the operating system and turn off the server, if your operating system supports this feature.
- If the operating system stops functioning, you can press and hold the power-control button for more than 4 seconds to turn off the server.
- The server can be turned off by Wake on LAN feature.
- The integrated management module (IMM) can turn off the server as an automatic response to a critical system failure.

## Internal LEDs, connectors, and jumpers

The illustrations in this section show the connectors, LEDs, and jumpers on the internal boards. The illustrations might differ slightly from your hardware.

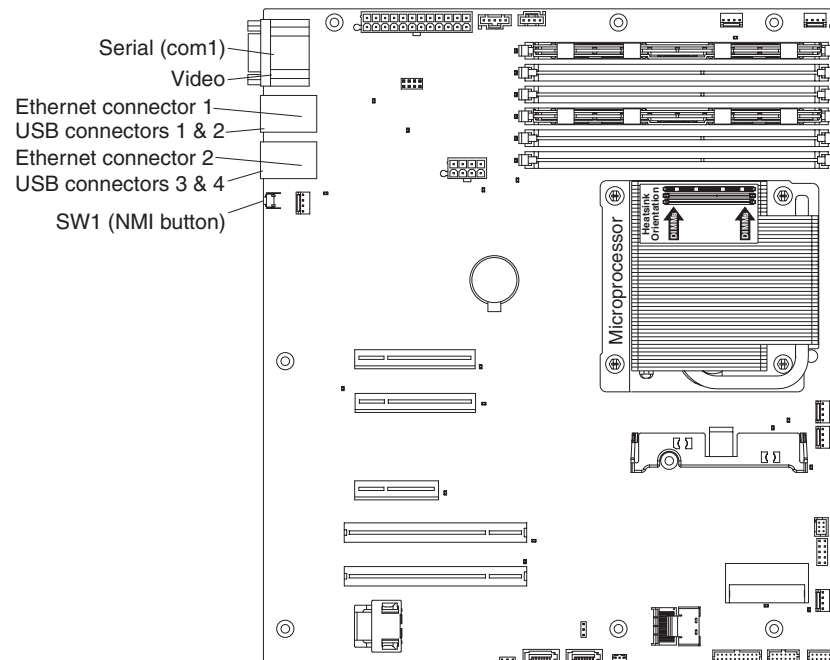
### System-board internal connectors

The following illustration shows the internal connectors on the system board.



## System-board external connectors

The following illustration shows the external connectors on the system board.



## System-board switches and jumpers

The following illustration shows the jumpers on the system board.

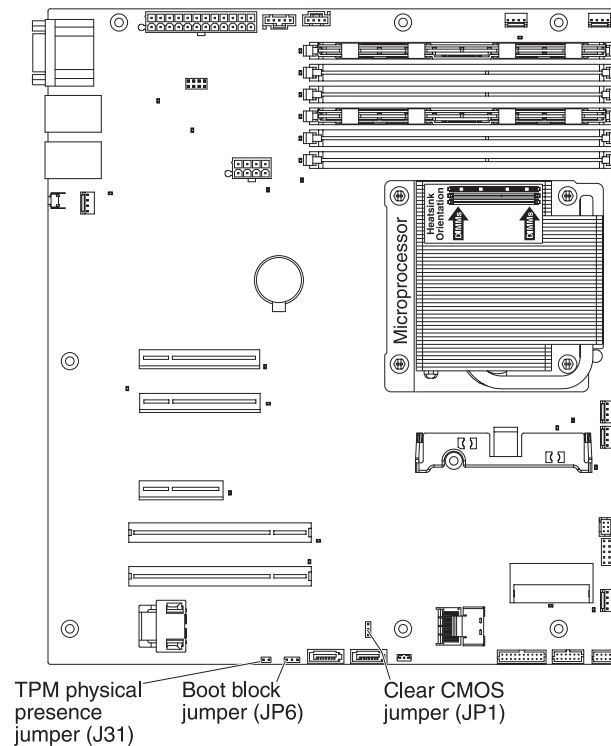


Table 2. System board jumpers

| Jumper number | Jumper name       | Jumper setting  |
|---------------|-------------------|---|
| JP1           | Clear CMOS jumper | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Pins 1 and 2: Keep CMOS data (default).</li><li>• Pins 2 and 3: Clear CMOS data (including power-on password)</li></ul> |
| JP6           | Boot block jumper | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Pins 1 and 2: Boot from primary BIOS page (default).</li><li>• Pins 2 and 3: Boot from backup BIOS page.</li></ul>      |

Table 2. System board jumpers (continued)

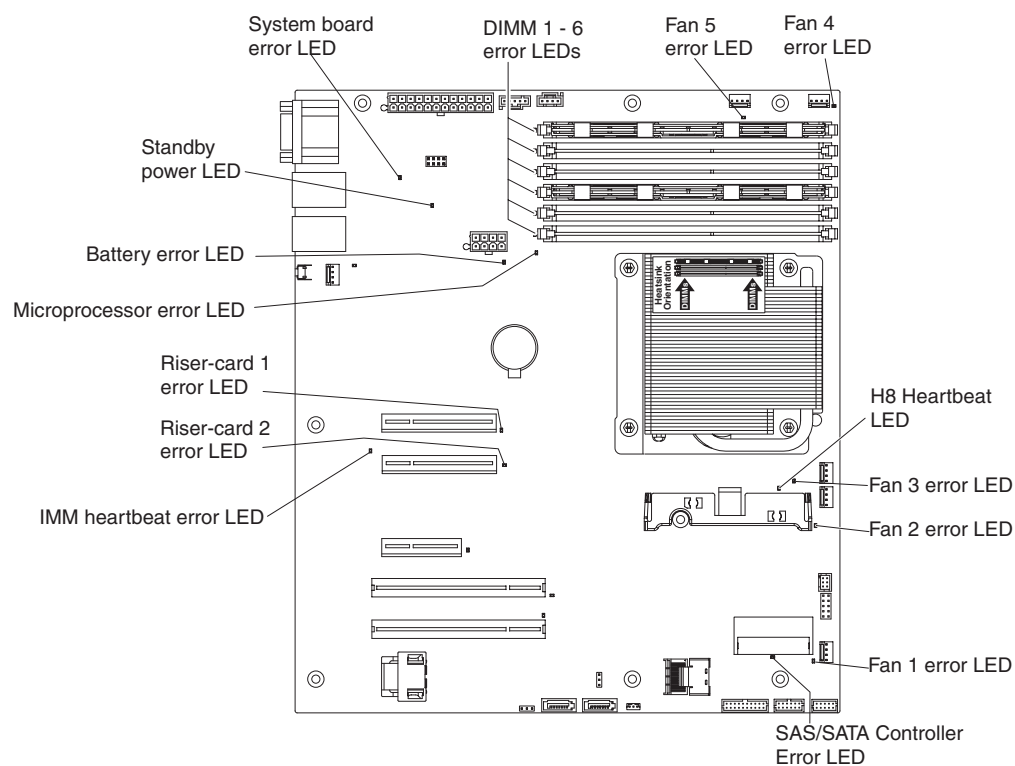
| Jumper number  | Jumper name  | Jumper setting  |
|--|--|---|
| J31  | Trusted Platform Module (TPM) physical presence jumper | <p>Pins 1 and 2: Enable TPM physical presence.</p> <p>To enable TPM physical presence, complete the following steps:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Turn off the server and remove all power cords and external cables.</li> <li>2. Remove the jumper from JP6 and install it on J31 pins 1 and 2. Take note which pins the jumper is originally installed on JP6.</li> <li>3. Turn on the server and access the Setup utility menu to verify that the TPM function has been activated (see "Setup utility menu choices" on page 195).</li> <li>4. Turn off the server and replace the jumper on JP6.</li> <li>5. Turn on the server.</li> </ol> |
| <p><b>Notes:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. If no jumper is present in JP1 or JP6, the server responds as if the pins are set to 1 and 2.</li> <li>2. Changing the position of the boot block jumper from pins 1 and 2 to pins 2 and 3 before the server is turned on alters which flash ROM page is loaded. Do not change the jumper pin position after the server is turned on. This can cause an unpredictable problem.</li> </ol> |  |   |

**Important:**

1. Before you change any switch settings or move any jumpers, turn off the server; then, disconnect all power cords and external cables. Review the information in vii, "Installation guidelines" on page 125, "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 127, and "Turning off the server" on page 12.
2. Any system-board switch or jumper blocks that are not shown in the illustrations in this document are reserved.

## System-board LEDs

The following illustration shows the light-emitting diodes (LEDs) on the system board.

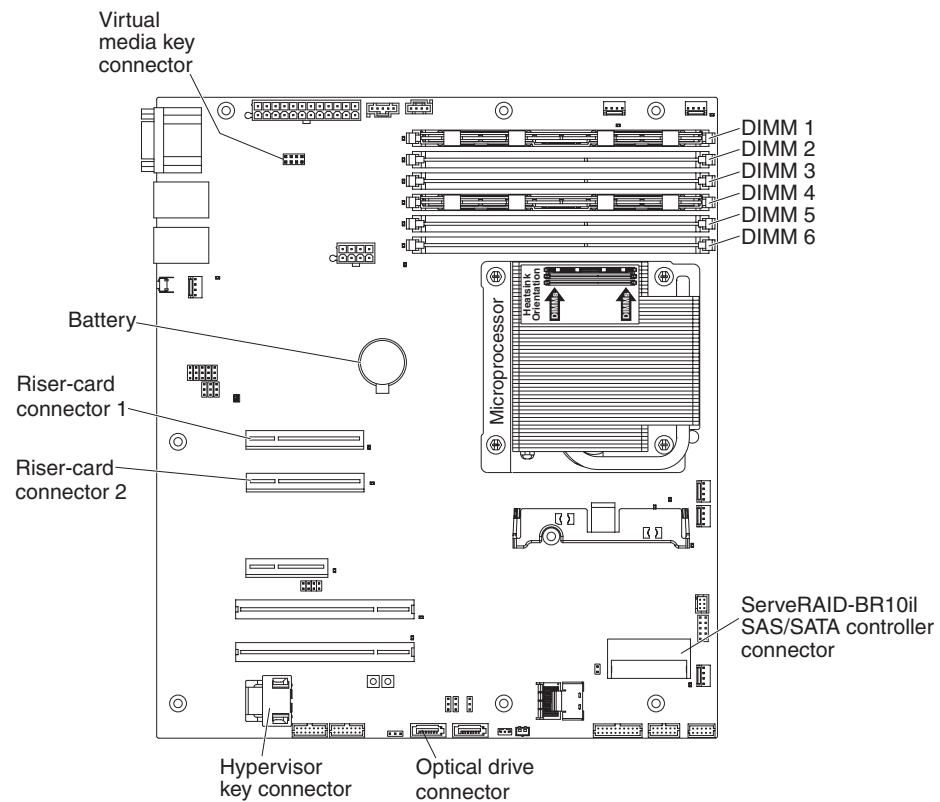


**Note:** When you disconnect the power source from the server, you lose the ability to view the LEDs because the LEDs are not lit when the power source is removed. Before you disconnect the power source, make a note of which LEDs are lit, including the LEDs that are lit on the operation information panel and LEDs inside the server on the system board.

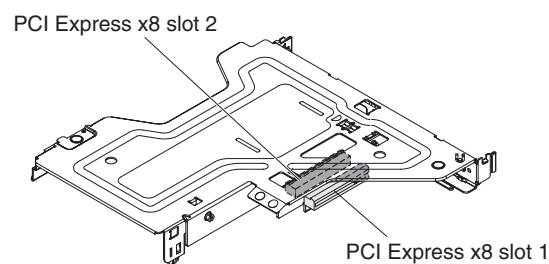


## System-board optional device connectors

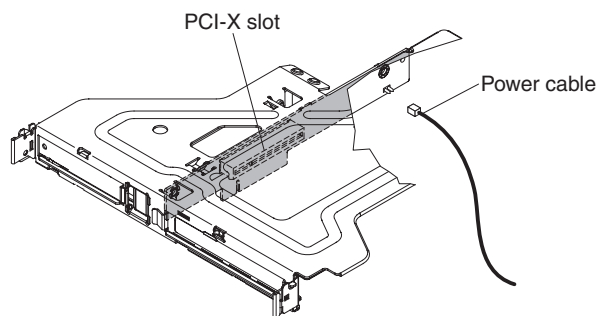
The following illustration shows the connectors on the system board for user-installable optional devices.



The following illustration shows the locations of the PCI Express slots on the riser-card assembly.



The following illustration shows the location of the PCI-X slot on the optional PCI-X riser-card assembly.



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## Chapter 3. Diagnostics

This chapter describes the diagnostic tools that are available to help you solve problems that might occur in the server.

If you cannot locate and correct a problem by using the information in this chapter, see Appendix A, “Getting help and technical assistance,” on page 217 for more information.

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### Diagnostic tools

The following tools are available to help you diagnose and solve hardware-related problems:

- **POST error messages and error logs**

The power-on self-test (POST) generates messages to indicate successful test completion or the detection of a problem. See “POST” on page 24, “Event logs” on page 22, and “POST error codes” on page 24 for more information.

- **Troubleshooting tables**

These tables list problem symptoms and actions to correct the problems. See “Troubleshooting tables” on page 55 for more information.

- **Dynamic System Analysis (DSA) Preboot diagnostic programs**

The DSA Preboot diagnostic programs provide problem isolation, configuration analysis, and error log collection. The diagnostic programs are the primary method of testing the major components of the server and are stored in integrated USB memory. The diagnostic programs collect the following information about the server:

- System configuration
- Network interfaces and settings
- Installed hardware
- Service processor status and configuration
- Vital product data, firmware, and UEFI configuration
- Hard disk drive health
- RAID controller configuration
- Controller and service processor event logs, including the following information:
  - System error logs
  - Temperature, voltage, and fan speed information
  - Self-monitoring Analysis, and Reporting Technology (SMART) data
  - Machine check registers
  - USB information
  - Monitor configuration information
  - PCI slot information

The diagnostic programs create a merged log that includes events from all collected logs. The information is collected into a file that you can send to IBM service and support. Additionally, you can view the server information locally through a generated text report file. You can also copy the log to removable media and view the log from a Web browser. See “Running the diagnostic programs” on page 76 for more information.

- **Server LEDs**

Use the LEDs on the server to diagnose system errors quickly. See “System-board LEDs” on page 18 for more information.

- **IBM Electronic Service Agent**

IBM Electronic Service Agent is a software tool that monitors the server for hardware error events and automatically submits electronic service requests to IBM service and support. In addition, it can collect and transmit system configuration information on a scheduled basis so that the information is available to you and your support representative. It uses minimal system resources, and is available free of charge. For more information and to download IBM Electronic Service Agent, go to <http://www.ibm.com/support/electronic/>

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## Event logs

Error codes and messages are displayed in the following types of event logs:

- **POST event log:** This log contains the three most recent error codes and messages that were generated during POST. You can view the POST event log through the Setup utility.
- **System-event log:** This log contains messages that were generated during POST and all system status messages from the service processor. You can view the contents of the system-event log from the Setup utility for more information.  
The system-event log is limited in size. When it is full, new entries will not overwrite existing entries; therefore, you must periodically clear the system-event log through the Setup utility. When you are troubleshooting, you might have to clear the system-event log to make the most recent events available for analysis.  
Each system-event log entry is displayed on its own page. Messages are listed on the left side of the screen, and details about the selected message is displayed on the right side of the screen. To move from one entry to the next, use the Up Arrow (↑) and Down Arrow (↓) keys.  
The system-event log indicates an assertion event when an event has occurred. It indicates a de-assertion event when the event is no longer occurring.
- **Integrated management module (IMM) event log:** This log contains a filtered subset of all IMM, POST, and system management interrupt (SMI) events. You can view the IMM event log through the IMM Web interface and through the Dynamic System Analysis (DSA) program (as the ASM event log).
- **DSA log:** This log is generated by the Dynamic System Analysis (DSA) program, and it is a chronologically ordered merge of the system-event log (as the IPMI event log), the IMM chassis-event log (as the ASM event log), and the operating-system event logs. You can view the DSA log through the DSA program.

## Viewing event logs through the Setup utility

To view the POST event log or system-event log, complete the following steps:

1. Turn on the server.
2. When the prompt <F1> Setup is displayed, press F1. If you have set both a power-on password and an administrator password, you must type the administrator password to view the event logs.
3. Select **System Event Logs** and use one of the following procedures:
  - To view the POST event log, select **POST Event Viewer**.
  - To view the IMM system-event log, select **System Event Log**.

## Viewing event logs without restarting the server

When the server is not hung and the IMM is connected to a network, methods are available for you to view one or more event logs without having to restart the server.

If you have installed Portable or Installable Dynamic System Analysis (DSA), you can use it to view the system-event log (as the IPMI event log), the IMM event log (as the ASM event log), the operating-system event logs, or the merged DSA log. You can also use DSA Preboot to view these logs, although you must restart the server to use DSA Preboot. To install Portable DSA, Installable DSA, or DSA Preboot or to download a DSA Preboot CD image, go to <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?Indocid=SERV-DSA&brandind=5000008> or complete the following steps.

**Note:** Changes are made periodically to the IBM website. The actual procedure might vary slightly from what is described in this document.

1. Go to <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/>.
2. Under **Product support**, click **System x**.
3. Under **Popular links**, click **Software and device drivers**.
4. Under **Related downloads**, click **Dynamic System Analysis (DSA)** to display the matrix of downloadable DSA files.

If IPMItool is installed in the server, you can use it to view the system-event log. Most recent versions of the Linux operating system come with a current version of IPMItool. For information about IPMItool, see <http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/toolsctr/v1r0/index.jsp?topic=/com.ibm.xseries.tools.doc/co...> or complete the following steps.

**Note:** Changes are made periodically to the IBM website. The actual procedure might vary slightly from what is described in this document.

1. Go to <http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/toolsctr/v1r0/index.jsp>.
2. In the navigation pane, click **IBM System x and BladeCenter Tools Center**.
3. Expand **Tools reference**, expand **Configuration tools**, expand **IPMI tools**, and click **IPMItool**.

For an overview of IPMI, go to <http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/systems/index.jsp?topic=/liaai/ipmi/liaaiipmi.htm> or complete the following steps:

1. Go to <http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/systems/index.jsp>.
2. In the navigation pane, click **IBM Systems Information Center**.
3. Expand **Operating systems**, expand **Linux information**, expand **Blueprints for Linux on IBM systems**, and click **Using Intelligent Platform Management Interface (IPMI) on IBM Linux platforms**.

You can view the IMM event log through the **Event Log** link in the IMM Web interface.

The following table describes the methods that you can use to view the event logs, depending on the condition of the server. The first two conditions generally do not require that you restart the server.

*Table 3. Methods for viewing event logs*

| Condition   | Action  |
|---|---|
| The server is not hung and is connected to a network. | <p>Use any of the following methods:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Run Portable or Installable DSA to view the event logs or create an output file that you can send to IBM service and support.</li> <li>• Alternatively, you can use IPMItool to view the system-event log.</li> </ul> |

Table 3. Methods for viewing event logs (continued)

| Condition   | Action   |
|---|--|
| The server is not hung and is not connected to a network. | Use IPMItool locally to view the system-event log.   |
| The server is hung.                                       | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If DSA Preboot is installed, restart the server and press F2 to start DSA Preboot and view the event logs.</li> <li>• If DSA Preboot is not installed, insert the DSA Preboot CD and restart the server to start DSA Preboot and view the event logs.</li> <li>• Alternatively, you can restart the server and press F1 to start the Setup utility and view the POST event log or system-event log. For more information, see “Viewing event logs without restarting the server” on page 22.</li> </ul> |

## Clearing the event logs

To clear the event logs, complete the following steps.

**Note:** The POST event log is automatically cleared each time the server is restarted.

1. Turn on the server.
2. When the prompt <F1> Setup is displayed, press F1. If you have set both a power-on password and an administrator password, you must type the administrator password to view the error logs.
3. Use one of the following procedures:
  - To clear the IMM system-event log, select **System Event Logs --> System Event Log**. Select **Clear System Event Log**; then, press **Enter** twice.

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## POST

When you turn on the server, it performs a series of tests to check the operation of the server components and some optional devices in the server. This series of tests is called the power-on self-test, or POST.

**Note:** This server does not use beep codes for server status.

If a power-on password is set, you must type the password and press Enter, when you are prompted, for POST to run.

If POST detects a problem, an error message is displayed. See “POST error codes” for more information.

## POST error codes

The following table describes the POST error codes and suggested actions to correct the detected problems. These errors can appear as severe, warning, or informational.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.
- Go to the IBM support website at <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

| Error code | Description                       | Action   |
|------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| 0010002    | Microprocessor not supported.     | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the microprocessor and restart the server.</li> <li>2. (Trained service technician only) Remove the microprocessor and install a new microprocessor. Restart the server. If the error is corrected, the old microprocessor is bad and must be replaced.</li> <li>3. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor</li> <li>b. (Trained service technician only) System board</li> </ol> </li> </ol> |
| 001100D    | Microprocessor microcode missing. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Update the server firmware to the latest level (see “Updating the firmware” on page 191).</li> <li>2. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor.</li> </ol>   |
| 0011000    | Invalid microprocessor type.      | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Update the server firmware to the latest level (see “Updating the firmware” on page 191).</li> <li>2. (Trained service technician only) Remove and replace the affected microprocessor (error LED is lit) with a supported type (see “Installing the microprocessor” on page 184).</li> </ol>  |
| 0011004    | Microprocessor failed BIST.       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Update the server firmware to the latest level (see “Updating the firmware” on page 191).</li> <li>2. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the microprocessor.</li> <li>3. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor</li> <li>b. (Trained service technician only) System board</li> </ol> </li> </ol>   |
| 001100A    | Microcode updated failed.         | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Update the server firmware to the latest level (see “Updating the firmware” on page 191).</li> <li>2. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor.</li> </ol>   |

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.
- Go to the IBM support website at <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

| Error code | Description                               | Action  |
|------------|---|---|
| 0050001    | DIMM disabled.                            | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. If the server fails the POST memory test, reseal the DIMMs.</li> <li>2. Remove and replace any DIMM for which the associated error LED is lit (see “Removing a memory module” on page 149 and “Installing a memory module” on page 150).</li> <li>3. Run the Setup utility to enable all the DIMMs.</li> <li>4. Run the DSA Preboot memory test (see “Running the diagnostic programs” on page 76).</li> </ol>  |
| 0051000    | Invalid DIMM type.                        | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Remove and replace the affected DIMM (error LED is lit) with a supported type (see “Installing a memory module” on page 150).</li> <li>2. Update the server firmware to the latest level (see “Updating the firmware” on page 191).</li> </ol>  |
| 0051003    | Uncorrectable DIMM error.                 | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. If the server failed the POST memory test, reseal the DIMMs.</li> <li>2. Remove and replace any DIMM for which the associated error LED is lit (see “Removing a memory module” on page 149 and “Installing a memory module” on page 150).</li> <li>3. Run the Setup utility to enable all the DIMMs.</li> <li>4. Run the DSA Preboot memory test (see “Running the diagnostic programs” on page 76).</li> </ol> |
| 0051004    | DIMM presence detected read/write failure | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Update the server firmware to the latest level (see “Updating the firmware” on page 191).</li> <li>2. Reseat the DIMMs.</li> <li>3. Install DIMMs in the correct sequence (see “Installing a memory module” on page 150).</li> <li>4. Replace the failing DIMM.</li> <li>5. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.</li> </ol>  |
| 0051006    | DIMM mismatch detected.                   | Make sure that the DIMMs match and are installed in the correct sequence (see “Installing a memory module” on page 150).  |
| 0051009    | No memory detected.                       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that the server contains DIMMs.</li> <li>2. Reseat the DIMMs.</li> <li>3. Install DIMMs in the correct sequence (see “Installing a memory module” on page 150).</li> </ol>  |



- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.
- Go to the IBM support website at <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

| Error code | Description                     | Action  |
|------------|---------------------------------|---|
| 005100A    | No usable memory detected.      | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that the server contains DIMMs.</li> <li>2. Reseat the DIMMs.</li> <li>3. Install DIMMs in the correct sequence (see “Installing a memory module” on page 150).</li> <li>4. Clear CMOS memory to re-enable all the memory connectors (see Table 2 on page 16).</li> </ol>   |
| 0058001    | PFA threshold exceeded          | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Update the server firmware to the latest level (see “Updating the firmware” on page 191).</li> <li>2. Reseat the DIMMs and run the memory test (see “Running the diagnostic programs” on page 76).</li> <li>3. Replace the failing DIMM, which is indicated by a lit LED on the system board.</li> </ol>  |
| 0058007    | DIMM population is unsupported. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure the installed DIMMs follow the population rules and sequence described in “Installing a memory module” on page 150.</li> <li>2. Reseat the DIMMs, and then restart the server.</li> <li>3. Remove the lowest-numbered DIMM pair of those that are identified and replace it with an identical pair of known good DIMMs, then restart the server.</li> <li>4. Return the removed DIMMs, one pair at a time, to their original connectors, restarting the server after each pair, until a pair fails. Replace the DIMMs in the failed pair with identical known good DIMMs, restarting the server after each DIMM is installed. Replace the failed DIMM. Repeat this step until you have tested all removed DIMMs.</li> <li>5. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.</li> </ol> |
| 0058008    | DIMM failed memory test.        | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Reseat the DIMMs, and then restart the server.</li> <li>2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, then restart the server after each: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. DIMM</li> <li>b. (Trained service technician only) System board</li> </ol> </li> </ol>   |
| 00580A4    | Memory population changed.      | Information only. Memory has been added, moved, or changed.   |

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.
- Go to the IBM support website at <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

| Error code | Description                                  | Action  |
|------------|--|---|
| 0068002    | CMOS battery cleared.                        | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Reseat the battery.</li> <li>2. Clear the CMOS memory (see Table 2 on page 16).</li> <li>3. Replace the following components one at a time, in the following order, restarting the server after each one: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Battery</li> <li>b. (Trained service technician only) System board</li> </ol> </li> </ol>   |
| 2011000    | PCI-X PERR                                   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the riser-card LEDs.</li> <li>2. Reseat all affected adapters and riser cards.</li> <li>3. Update the PCI adapter firmware.</li> <li>4. Remove the adapter from the riser card.</li> <li>5. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Riser card</li> <li>b. (Trained service technician only) System board</li> </ol> </li> </ol> |
| 2011001    | PCI-X PERR                                   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the riser-card LEDs.</li> <li>2. Reseat all affected adapters and riser cards.</li> <li>3. Update the PCI adapter firmware.</li> <li>4. Remove the adapter from the riser card.</li> <li>5. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Riser card</li> <li>b. (Trained service technician only) System board</li> </ol> </li> </ol> |
| 2018001    | PCI Express uncorrected or uncorrected error | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the riser-card LEDs.</li> <li>2. Reseat all affected adapters and riser cards.</li> <li>3. Update the PCI adapter firmware.</li> <li>4. Remove the adapter from the riser card.</li> <li>5. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Riser card</li> <li>b. (Trained service technician only) System board</li> </ol> </li> </ol> |

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.
- Go to the IBM support website at <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

| Error code                  | Description                            | Action  |
|-----------------------------|--|---|
| 2018002                     | Option ROM resource allocation failure | <p>Informational message that some devices might not be initialized.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. If possible, rearrange the order of the adapters in the PCI slots to change the load order of the optional-device ROM code.</li> <li>2. Run the Setup utility, select <b>Startup Options</b>, and change the boot priority to change the load order of the optional-device ROM code.</li> <li>3. Run the Setup utility and disable some other resources, if their functions are not being used, to make more space available. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Select <b>Startup Options → Planar Ethernet (PXE/DHCP)</b> to disable the integrated Ethernet controller ROM.</li> <li>b. Select <b>Advanced Functions → PCI Bus Control → PCI ROM Control Execution</b> to disable the ROM of the adapter in the PCI slots.</li> <li>c. Select <b>Devices and I/O Ports</b> to disable any of the integrated devices.</li> </ol> </li> <li>4. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Each adapter</li> <li>b. (Trained service technician only) System board</li> </ol> </li> </ol> |
| 3xx0007 (xx can be 00 - 19) | Firmware fault detected, system halted | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Recover the server firmware to the latest level.</li> <li>2. Undo any recent configuration changes, or clear CMOS memory to restore the settings to the default values (see Table 2 on page 16).</li> <li>3. Remove any recently installed hardware.</li> </ol>   |
| 3038003                     | Firmware corrupted                     | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Run the Setup utility, select <b>Load Default Settings</b>, and save the settings to recover the server firmware.</li> <li>2. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.</li> </ol>  |
| 3048005                     | Booted secondary (backup) UEFI image   | Information message that the backup UEFI settings are used.   |

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.
- Go to the IBM support website at <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

| Error code | Description   | Action   |
|------------|---|--|
| 3048006    | Booted secondary (backup) UEFI image because of ABR | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Run the Setup utility, select <b>Load Default Settings</b>, and save the settings to recover the primary UEFI settings.</li> <li>2. Turn off the server and remove it from the power source.</li> <li>3. Reconnect the server to the power source, then turn on the server.</li> </ol>   |
| 305000A    | RTC date/time is incorrect                          | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Adjust the date and time settings in the Setup utility, and then restart the server.</li> <li>2. Reseat the battery.</li> <li>3. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Battery</li> <li>b. (Trained service technician only) System board</li> </ol> </li> </ol>  |
| 3058001    | System configuration invalid                        | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Run the Setup utility, and select <b>Save Settings</b>.</li> <li>2. Run the Setup utility, select <b>Load Default Settings</b>, and save the settings.</li> <li>3. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Battery</li> <li>b. Failing device (if the device is a FRU, it must be replaced by a trained service technician only)</li> <li>c. (Trained service technician only) System board</li> </ol> </li> </ol>  |
| 3058004    | Three boot failure                                  | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Undo any recent system changes, such as new settings or newly installed devices.</li> <li>2. Make sure that the server is attached to a reliable power source.</li> <li>3. Remove all hardware that is not listed on the ServerProven website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/serverproven/compat/us/">http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/serverproven/compat/us/</a>.</li> <li>4. Make sure that the operating system is not corrupted.</li> <li>5. Run the Setup utility, save the configuration, and then restart the server.</li> <li>6. See “Problem determination tips” on page 115.</li> </ol> |
| 3108007    | System configuration restored to default settings   | Information only. This message is usually associated with the CMOS battery clear event.  |

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.</li> <li>• Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |  |  |
|---|--|--|
| Error code  | Description  | Action   |
| 3138002   | Boot configuration error   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Remove any recent configuration changes made to the Setup utility.</li> <li>2. Run the Setup utility, select <b>Load Default Settings</b>, and save the settings.</li> </ol>   |
| 3808000   | IMM communication failure  | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Remove power from the server for 30 seconds, and then reconnect the server to power and restart it.</li> <li>2. Update the IMM firmware to the latest level (see “Updating the firmware” on page 191).</li> <li>3. Make sure that the virtual media key is seated and not damaged.</li> <li>4. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.</li> </ol>    |
| 3808002   | Error updating system configuration to IMM                                   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Remove power from the server, and then reconnect the server to power and restart it.</li> <li>2. Run the Setup utility and select <b>Save Settings</b>.</li> <li>3. Update the IMM firmware to the latest level (see “Updating the firmware” on page 191).</li> </ol>  |
| 3808003   | Error retrieving system configuration from IMM                               | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Remove power from the server, and then reconnect the server to power and restart it.</li> <li>2. Run the Setup utility and select <b>Save Settings</b>.</li> <li>3. Update the IMM firmware to the latest level (see “Updating the firmware” on page 191).</li> </ol>  |
| 3808004   | IMM system event log full  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• When using out-of-band, use the IMM Web interface or IPMITool to clear the logs from the operating system.</li> <li>• When using the local console: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Run the Setup utility.</li> <li>2. Select <b>System Event Log</b>.</li> <li>3. Select <b>Clear System Event Log</b>.</li> <li>4. Restart the server.</li> </ol> </li> </ul> |
| 3818005   | Current Bank Core Root of Trust Measurement (CRTM) capsule signature invalid | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Run the Setup utility, select <b>Load Default Settings</b>, and save the settings.</li> <li>2. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.</li> </ol>  |

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.
- Go to the IBM support website at <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

| Error code | Description                                  | Action   |
|------------|--|--|
| 3818006    | Opposite bank CRTM capsule signature invalid | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Switch the server firmware bank to the backup bank (see “Starting the backup server firmware” on page 201).</li> <li>2. Run the Setup utility, select <b>Load Default Settings</b>, and save the settings.</li> <li>3. Switch the bank back to the primary bank.</li> <li>4. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.</li> </ol>  |
| 3818007    | CRTM update capsule signature invalid        | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Run the Setup utility, select <b>Load Default Settings</b>, and save the settings.</li> <li>2. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.</li> </ol>  |
| 3828004    | AEM power capping disabled                   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the settings and the event logs.</li> <li>2. Make sure that the Active Energy Manager (AEM) feature is enabled in the Setup utility. Click <b>System Settings → Power → Active Energy Manager → Capping Enabled</b>.</li> <li>3. Update the server firmware to the latest level (see “Updating the firmware” on page 191).</li> <li>4. Update the IMM firmware to the latest level (see “Updating the firmware” on page 191).</li> </ol> |

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## System-event log

The system-event log contains messages of three types:

### Information

Information messages do not require action; they record significant system-level events, such as when the server is started.

### Warning

Warning messages do not require immediate action; they indicate possible problems, such as when the recommended maximum ambient temperature is exceeded.

**Error** Error messages might require action; they indicate system errors, such as when a fan is not detected.

Each message contains date and time information, and it indicates the source of the message (POST or the IMM).

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## Integrated management module (IMM) error messages

The following table describes the IMM error messages and suggested actions to correct the detected problems. For more information about IMM, see the *Integrated Management Module User's Guide* at <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?Indocid=MIGR-5079770&brandind=5000008>

- **Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.**
- **See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).**
- **If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.**

| Message  | Severity | Description   | Action   |
|--|----------|---|--|
| Numeric sensor Ambient Temp going high (upper critical) has asserted.        | Error    | An upper critical sensor going high has asserted.       | Reduce the ambient temperature.                                |
| Numeric sensor Ambient Temp going high (upper non-recoverable) has asserted. | Error    | An upper nonrecoverable sensor going high has asserted. | Reduce the ambient temperature.                                |
| Numeric sensor Planar 3.3V going low (lower critical) has asserted.          | Error    | A lower critical sensor going low has asserted.         | (Trained service technician only)<br>Replace the system board. |
| Numeric sensor Planar 3.3V going high (upper critical) has asserted.         | Error    | An upper critical sensor going high has asserted.       | (Trained service technician only)<br>Replace the system board. |
| Numeric sensor Planar 5V going low (lower critical) has asserted.            | Error    | A lower critical sensor going low has asserted.         | (Trained service technician only)<br>Replace the system board. |
| Numeric sensor Planar 5V going high (upper critical) has asserted.           | Error    | An upper critical sensor going high has asserted.       | (Trained service technician only)<br>Replace the system board. |
| Numeric sensor Planar VBAT going low (lower critical) has asserted.          | Error    | A lower critical sensor going low has asserted.         | Replace the 3 V battery.                                       |

|   |       |  |  |
|---|-------|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.</li> </ul> |       |  |  |
| Numeric sensor Fan <i>n</i> Tach going low (lower critical) has asserted.<br>( <i>n</i> = fan number)   | Error | A lower critical sensor going low has asserted.  | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Reseat the failing fan <i>n</i>, which is indicated by a lit LED on the system board (see “System-board LEDs” on page 18).</li> <li>Replace the failing fan.<br/>(<i>n</i> = fan number)</li> </ol>   |
| The Processor CPU <i>n</i> Status has Failed with IERR.<br>( <i>n</i> = microprocessor number)  | Error | A processor failed - IERR condition has occurred.  | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Make sure that the latest levels of firmware and device drivers are installed for all adapters and standard devices, such as Ethernet, SCSI, and SAS.<br/><b>Important:</b> Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.</li> <li>Run the DSA program for the hard disk drives and other I/O devices.</li> <li>(Trained service technician only) Replace microprocessor <i>n</i>.<br/>(<i>n</i> = microprocessor number)</li> </ol> |
| An Over-Temperature Condition has been detected on the Processor CPU <i>n</i> Status.<br>( <i>n</i> = microprocessor number)  | Error | An overtemperature condition has occurred for microprocessor <i>n</i> .<br>( <i>n</i> = microprocessor number) | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Make sure that the fans are operating, that there are no obstructions to the airflow, that the air baffle is in place and correctly installed, and that the server cover is installed and completely closed.</li> <li>Make sure that the heat sink for microprocessor <i>n</i> is installed correctly.</li> <li>(Trained service technician only) Replace microprocessor <i>n</i>.<br/>(<i>n</i> = microprocessor number)</li> </ol>  |



|   |       |   |   |
|---|-------|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.</li> </ul> |       |   |   |
| The Processor CPU <i>n</i> Status has Failed with FRB1/BIST condition.<br>( <i>n</i> = microprocessor number)   | Error | A processor failed - FRB1/BIST condition has occurred.  | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check for a server firmware update.<br/><b>Important::</b> Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.</li> <li>2. (Trained service technician only) Reseat microprocessor <i>n</i>.</li> <li>3. (Trained service technician only) Replace microprocessor <i>n</i>.</li> </ol> ( <i>n</i> = microprocessor number) |
| The Processor CPU <i>n</i> Status has a Configuration Mismatch.<br>( <i>n</i> = microprocessor number)  | Error | A processor configuration mismatch has occurred.        | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor.</li> </ol>  |
| An SM BIOS Uncorrectable CPU complex error for Processor CPU <i>n</i> Status has asserted.<br>( <i>n</i> = microprocessor number)   | Error | An SMBIOS uncorrectable CPU complex error has asserted. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check for a server firmware update.<br/><b>Important:</b> Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.</li> <li>2. (Trained service technician only) Reseat microprocessor <i>n</i>.</li> <li>3. (Trained service technician only) Replace microprocessor <i>n</i>.</li> </ol> ( <i>n</i> = microprocessor number)  |

|   |       |  |  |
|---|-------|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.</li> </ul> |       |  |  |
| Sensor CPU <i>n</i> OverTemp has transitioned to critical from a less severe state.<br>( <i>n</i> = microprocessor number)  | Error | A sensor has changed to Critical state from a less severe state.       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that the fans are operating, that there are no obstructions to the airflow, that the air baffle is in place and correctly installed, and that the server cover is installed and completely closed.</li> <li>2. Make sure that the heat sink for microprocessor <i>n</i> is installed correctly.</li> <li>3. (Trained service technician only) Replace microprocessor <i>n</i>.</li> </ol><br>( <i>n</i> = microprocessor number) |
| Sensor CPU <i>n</i> OverTemp has transitioned to non-recoverable from a less severe state.<br>( <i>n</i> = microprocessor number)   | Error | A sensor has changed to Nonrecoverable state from a less severe state. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that the fans are operating, that there are no obstructions to the airflow, that the air baffle is in place and correctly installed, and that the server cover is installed and completely closed.</li> <li>2. Make sure that the heat sink for microprocessor <i>n</i> is installed correctly.</li> <li>3. (Trained service technician only) Replace microprocessor <i>n</i>.</li> </ol><br>( <i>n</i> = microprocessor number) |
| Sensor CPU <i>n</i> OverTemp has transitioned to critical from a non-recoverable state.<br>( <i>n</i> = microprocessor number)  | Error | A sensor has changed to Critical state from Nonrecoverable state.      | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that the fans are operating, that there are no obstructions to the airflow, that the air baffle is in place and correctly installed, and that the server cover is installed and completely closed.</li> <li>2. Make sure that the heat sink for microprocessor <i>n</i> is installed correctly.</li> <li>3. (Trained service technician only) Replace microprocessor <i>n</i>.</li> </ol><br>( <i>n</i> = microprocessor number) |

|   |       |   |   |
|---|-------|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.</li> </ul> |       |   |   |
| Sensor CPU <i>n</i> OverTemp has transitioned to non-recoverable.<br>( <i>n</i> = microprocessor number)  | Error | A sensor has changed to Nonrecoverable state. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that the fans are operating, that there are no obstructions to the airflow, that the air baffle is in place and correctly installed, and that the server cover is installed and completely closed.</li> <li>2. Make sure that the heat sink for microprocessor <i>n</i> is installed correctly.</li> <li>3. (Trained service technician only) Replace microprocessor <i>n</i>.</li> </ol> ( <i>n</i> = microprocessor number) |
| A bus timeout has occurred on system %1.<br>(%1 = CIM_ComputerSystem.ElementName)   | Error | A bus timeout has occurred.                   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Remove the adapter from the PCI slot that is indicated by a lit LED.</li> <li>2. Replace the extender card.</li> <li>3. Remove all PCI adapters.</li> <li>4. (Trained service technicians only) Replace the system board.</li> </ol>  |

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

|  |       |   |  |
|--|-------|---|--|
| The System %1 encountered a POST Error.<br>(%1 = CIM_ComputerSystem.ElementName) | Error | A POST error has occurred.<br>(Sensor = ABR Status)     | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure the server meets the minimum configuration to start (see “Power-supply LEDs” on page 73).</li> <li>2. Recover the server firmware from the backup page (see “Recovering the server firmware” on page 111).</li> <li>3. Update the server firmware to the latest level.<br/><b>Important:</b> Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.</li> <li>4. Remove components one at a time, restarting the server each time, to see if the problem goes away.</li> <li>5. If the problem remains, (trained service technician) replace the system board.</li> </ol> |
| The System %1 encountered a POST Error.<br>(%1 = CIM_ComputerSystem.ElementName) | Error | A POST error has occurred.<br>(Sensor = Firmware Error) | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Update the server firmware on the primary page.<br/><b>Important:</b> Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.</li> <li>2. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.</li> </ol>  |

|   |       |  |  |
|---|-------|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.</li> </ul> |       |  |  |
| A Uncorrectable Bus Error has occurred on system %1.<br>(%1 = CIM_ComputerSystem.ElementName)   | Error | A bus uncorrectable error has occurred.<br>(Sensor = Critical Int PCI) | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the system-event log.</li> <li>2. Check the PCI error LEDs.</li> <li>3. Remove the adapter from the indicated PCI slot.</li> <li>4. Check for a server firmware update.<br/><b>Important:</b> Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.</li> <li>5. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.</li> </ol>                      |
| A Uncorrectable Bus Error has occurred on system %1.<br>(%1 = CIM_ComputerSystem.ElementName)   | Error | A bus uncorrectable error has occurred.<br>(Sensor = Critical Int CPU) | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the system-event log.</li> <li>2. Check the microprocessor error LEDs.</li> <li>3. (Trained service technician only) Replace microprocessor.</li> <li>4. Check for a server firmware update.<br/><b>Important:</b> Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.</li> <li>5. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.</li> </ol> |

|   |       |  |  |
|---|-------|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.</li> </ul> |       |  |  |
| A Uncorrectable Bus Error has occurred on system %1.<br>(%1 = CIM_ComputerSystem.ElementName)   | Error | A bus uncorrectable error has occurred.<br>(Sensor = Critical Int DIM) | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the system-event log.</li> <li>2. Check the DIMM error LEDs.</li> <li>3. Remove the failing DIMM from the system board.</li> <li>4. Check for a server firmware update.<br/><b>Important:</b> Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.</li> <li>5. Make sure that the installed DIMMs are supported and configured correctly.</li> <li>6. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.</li> </ol> |
| Sensor Sys Board Fault has transitioned to critical from a less severe state.   | Error | A sensor has changed to Critical state from a less severe state.       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the system-event log.</li> <li>2. Check for an error LED on the system board.</li> <li>3. Replace any failing device.</li> <li>4. Check for a server firmware update.<br/><b>Important:</b> Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.</li> <li>5. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.</li> </ol>  |
| Sensor RAID Error has transitioned to critical from a less severe state.  | Error | A sensor has changed to Critical state from a less severe state.       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the hard disk drive LEDs.</li> <li>2. Reseat the hard disk drive for which the status LED is lit.</li> <li>3. Replace the defective hard disk drive.</li> </ol>  |

|   |       |  |  |
|---|-------|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.</li> </ul> |       |  |  |
| The Drive <i>n</i> Status has been removed from unit Drive 0 Status.<br>( <i>n</i> = hard disk drive number)  | Error | A drive has been removed.  | Reseat hard disk drive <i>n</i> .<br>( <i>n</i> = hard disk drive number)  |
| The Drive <i>n</i> Status has been disabled due to a detected fault.<br>( <i>n</i> = hard disk drive number)  | Error | A drive has been disabled because of a fault.  | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Run the hard disk drive diagnostic test on drive <i>n</i>.</li> <li>2. Reseat the following components: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Hard disk drive</li> <li>b. Cable from the system board to the backplane</li> </ol> </li> <li>3. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Hard disk drive</li> <li>b. Cable from the system board to the backplane</li> <li>c. Hard disk drive backplane</li> </ol> </li> </ol> ( <i>n</i> = hard disk drive number) |
| Array %1 is in critical condition.<br>(%1 = CIM_ComputerSystem.ElementName)   | Error | An array is in Critical state.<br>(Sensor = Drive <i>n</i> Status)<br>( <i>n</i> = hard disk drive number) | Replace the hard disk drive that is indicated by a lit status LED.   |
| Array %1 has failed.<br>(%1 = CIM_ComputerSystem.ElementName)   | Error | An array is in Failed state.<br>(Sensor = Drive <i>n</i> Status)<br>( <i>n</i> = hard disk drive number)   | Replace the hard disk drive that is indicated by a lit status LED.   |
| Memory uncorrectable error detected for DIMM All DIMMs on Memory Subsystem All DIMMs.   | Error | A memory uncorrectable error has occurred.   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. If the server failed the POST memory test, reseat the DIMMs.</li> <li>2. Replace any DIMM that is indicated by a lit error LED.<br/><b>Note:</b> You do not have to replace DIMMs by pairs.</li> <li>3. Run the Setup utility to enable all the DIMMs.</li> <li>4. Run the DSA memory test.</li> </ol>   |

|   |       |  |   |
|---|-------|--|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.</li> </ul> |       |  |   |
| Memory Logging Limit Reached for DIMM All DIMMs on Memory Subsystem All DIMMs.  | Error | The memory logging limit has been reached. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Update the server firmware to the latest level.<br/><b>Important:</b> Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.</li> <li>Reseat the DIMMs and run the DSA memory test.</li> <li>Replace any DIMM that is indicated by a lit error LED.</li> </ol> |
| Memory DIMM Configuration Error for All DIMMs on Memory Subsystem All DIMMs.  | Error | A DIMM configuration error has occurred.   | Make sure that DIMMs are installed in the correct sequence and have the same size, type, speed, and technology.   |
| Memory uncorrectable error detected for DIMM One of the DIMMs on Memory Subsystem One of the DIMMs.   | Error | A memory uncorrectable error has occurred. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If the server failed the POST memory test, reseat the DIMMs.</li> <li>Replace any DIMM that is indicated by a lit error LED.<br/><b>Note:</b> You do not have to replace DIMMs by pairs.</li> <li>Run the Setup utility to enable all the DIMMs.</li> <li>Run the DSA memory test.</li> </ol>  |
| Memory Logging Limit Reached for DIMM One of the DIMMs on Memory Subsystem One of the DIMMs.  | Error | The memory logging limit has been reached. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Update the server firmware to the latest level.<br/><b>Important:</b> Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.</li> <li>Reseat the DIMMs and run the DSA memory test.</li> <li>Replace any DIMM that is indicated by a lit error LED.</li> </ol> |



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| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.</li> </ul> |       |  |  |
| Memory DIMM Configuration Error for One of the DIMMs on Memory Subsystem One of the DIMMs.  | Error | A DIMM configuration error has occurred.                         | Make sure that DIMMs are installed in the correct sequence and have the same size, type, speed, and technology.  |
| Memory uncorrectable error detected for DIMM <i>n</i> Status on Memory Subsystem DIMM <i>n</i> Status.<br>( <i>n</i> = DIMM number)   | Error | A memory uncorrectable error has occurred.                       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. If the server failed the POST memory test, reseal the DIMMs.</li> <li>2. Replace any DIMM that is indicated by a lit error LED.<br/><b>Note:</b> You do not have to replace DIMMs by pairs.</li> <li>3. Run the Setup utility to enable all the DIMMs.</li> <li>4. Run the DSA memory test.</li> <li>5. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.</li> </ol>   |
| Memory Logging Limit Reached for DIMM <i>n</i> Status on Memory Subsystem DIMM <i>n</i> Status.<br>( <i>n</i> = DIMM number)  | Error | The memory logging limit has been reached.                       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Update the server firmware to the latest level.<br/><b>Important:</b> Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.</li> <li>2. Reseat the DIMMs and run the DSA memory test.</li> <li>3. Replace any DIMM that is indicated by a lit error LED.</li> </ol> |
| Memory DIMM Configuration Error for DIMM <i>n</i> Status on Memory Subsystem DIMM <i>n</i> Status.<br>( <i>n</i> = DIMM number)   | Error | A DIMM configuration error has occurred.                         | Make sure that DIMMs are installed in the correct sequence and have the same size, type, speed, and technology.  |
| Sensor DIMM <i>n</i> Temp has transitioned to critical from a less severe state.<br>( <i>n</i> = DIMM number)   | Error | A sensor has changed to Critical state from a less severe state. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that the fans are operating, that there are no obstructions to the airflow, that the air baffles are in place and correctly installed, and that the server cover is installed and completely closed.</li> <li>2. If a fan has failed, complete the action for a fan failure.</li> <li>3. Replace DIMM <i>n</i>.<br/>(<i>n</i> = DIMM number)</li> </ol>  |

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

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|--|-------|---|---|
| A PCI PERR has occurred on system %1.<br>(%1 = CIM_ComputerSystem.ElementName) | Error | A PCI PERR has occurred.<br>(Sensor = PCI Slot <i>n</i> ; <i>n</i> = PCI slot number) | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the extender-card LEDs.</li> <li>2. Reseat the affected adapters and extender card.</li> <li>3. Update the server and adapter firmware (UEFI and IMM).<br/><b>Important:</b> Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.</li> <li>4. Remove the adapter from slot <i>n</i>.</li> <li>5. Replace the PCIe adapter.</li> <li>6. Replace extender card <i>n</i>.</li> </ol> <p>(<i>n</i> = PCI slot number)</p> |
| A PCI SERR has occurred on system %1.<br>(%1 = CIM_ComputerSystem.ElementName) | Error | A PCI SERR has occurred.<br>(Sensor = PCI Slot <i>n</i> ; <i>n</i> = PCI slot number) | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the extender-card LEDs.</li> <li>2. Reseat the affected adapters and extender card.</li> <li>3. Update the server and adapter firmware (UEFI and IMM).<br/><b>Important:</b> Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.</li> <li>4. Remove the adapter from slot <i>n</i>.</li> <li>5. Replace the PCIe adapter.</li> <li>6. Replace extender card <i>n</i>.</li> </ol> <p>(<i>n</i> = PCI slot number)</p> |

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|---|-------|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.</li> </ul> |       |   |   |
| A PCI PERR has occurred on system %1.<br>(%1 = CIM_ComputerSystem.ElementName)  | Error | A PCI PERR has occurred.<br>(Sensor = One of PCI Err) | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the extender-card LEDs.</li> <li>2. Reseat the affected adapters and riser card.</li> <li>3. Update the server and adapter firmware (UEFI and IMM).<br/><b>Important:</b> Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.</li> <li>4. Remove both adapters.</li> <li>5. Replace the PCIe adapter.</li> <li>6. Replace the extender card.</li> <li>7. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.</li> </ol>    |
| A PCI SERR has occurred on system %1.<br>(%1 = CIM_ComputerSystem.ElementName)  | Error | A PCI SERR has occurred.<br>(Sensor = One of PCI Err) | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the extender-card LEDs.</li> <li>2. Reseat the affected adapters and extender card.</li> <li>3. Update the server and adapter firmware (UEFI and IMM).<br/><b>Important:</b> Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.</li> <li>4. Remove both adapters.</li> <li>5. Replace the PCIe adapter.</li> <li>6. Replace the extender card.</li> <li>7. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.</li> </ol> |

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|---|-------|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.</li> </ul> |       |   |   |
| Fault in slot System board on system %1.<br>(%1 = CIM_ComputerSystem.ElementName)   | Error |   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the extender-card LEDs.</li> <li>2. Reseat the affected adapters and extender card.</li> <li>3. Update the server and adapter firmware (UEFI and IMM).<br/><b>Important:</b> Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.</li> <li>4. Remove both adapters.</li> <li>5. Replace the PCIe adapter.</li> <li>6. Replace the extender card.</li> <li>7. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.</li> </ol> |
| Redundancy Bckup Mem Status has been reduced.   | Error | Redundancy has been lost and is insufficient to continue operation.   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the system-event log for DIMM failure events (uncorrectable or PFA) and correct the failures.</li> <li>2. Re-enable mirroring in the Setup utility.</li> </ol>  |
| IMM Network Initialization Complete.  | Info  | An IMM network has completed initialization.  | No action; information only.  |
| Certificate Authority %1 has detected a %2 Certificate Error.<br>(%1 = IBM_CertificateAuthority.CADistinguishedName;<br>%2 = CIM_PublicKeyCertificate.ElementName)  | Error | A problem has occurred with the SSL Server, SSL Client, or SSL Trusted CA certificate that has been imported into the IMM. The imported certificate must contain a public key that corresponds to the key pair that was previously generated by the <b>Generate a New Key and Certificate Signing Request</b> link. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that the certificate that you are importing is correct.</li> <li>2. Try importing the certificate again.</li> </ol>   |
| Ethernet Data Rate modified from %1 to %2 by user %3.<br>(%1 = CIM_EthernetPort.Speed;<br>%2 = CIM_EthernetPort.Speed;<br>%3 = user ID)   | Info  | A user has modified the Ethernet port data rate.  | No action; information only.  |

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|---|------|--|------------------------------|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.</li> </ul> |      |  |                              |
| Ethernet Duplex setting modified from %1 to %2 by user %3.<br>(%1 = CIM_EthernetPort.FullDuplex;<br>%2 = CIM_EthernetPort.FullDuplex;<br>%3 = user ID)  | Info | A user has modified the Ethernet port duplex setting.      | No action; information only. |
| Ethernet MTU setting modified from %1 to %2 by user %3.<br>(%1 = CIM_EthernetPort.ActiveMaximumTransmissionUnit;<br>%2 = CIM_EthernetPort.ActiveMaximumTransmissionUnit;<br>%3 = user ID)   | Info | A user has modified the Ethernet port MTU setting.         | No action; information only. |
| Ethernet Duplex setting modified from %1 to %2 by user %3.<br>(%1 = CIM_EthernetPort.NetworkAddresses;<br>%2 = CIM_EthernetPort.NetworkAddresses;<br>%3 = user ID)  | Info | A user has modified the Ethernet port MAC address setting. | No action; information only. |
| Ethernet interface %1 by user %2.<br>(%1 = CIM_EthernetPort.EnabledState;<br>%2 = user ID)  | Info | A user has enabled or disabled the Ethernet interface.     | No action; information only. |
| Hostname set to %1 by user %2.<br>(%1 = CIM_DNSProtocolEndpoint.Hostname;<br>%2 = user ID)  | Info | A user has modified the host name of the IMM.              | No action; information only. |
| IP address of network interface modified from %1 to %2 by user %3.<br>(%1 = CIM_IPProtocolEndpoint.IPv4Address;<br>%2 = CIM_StaticIPAssignmentSettingData.IPAddress;<br>%3 = user ID)   | Info | A user has modified the IP address of the IMM.             | No action; information only. |
| IP subnet mask of network interface modified from %1 to %2 by user %3s.<br>(%1 = CIM_IPProtocolEndpoint.SubnetMask;<br>%2 = CIM_StaticIPAssignmentSettingData.SubnetMask;<br>%3 = user ID)  | Info | A user has modified the IP subnet mask of the IMM.         | No action; information only. |

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| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.</li> </ul> |       |  |  |
| IP address of default gateway modified from %1 to %2 by user %3s.<br>(%1 = CIM_IPProtocolEndpoint.GatewayIPv4Address;<br>%2 = CIM_StaticIPAssignmentSettingData.DefaultGatewayAddress;<br>%3 = user ID)   | Info  | A user has modified the default gateway IP address of the IMM.   | No action; information only.   |
| OS Watchdog response %1 by %2.<br>(%1 = Enabled or Disabled; %2 = user ID)  | Info  | A user has enabled or disabled an OS Watchdog.   | No action; information only.   |
| DHCP[%1] failure, no IP address assigned.<br>(%1 = IP address, xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx)   | Info  | A DHCP server has failed to assign an IP address to the IMM.   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Make sure that the network cable is connected.</li> <li>Make sure that there is a DHCP server on the network that can assign an IP address to the IMM.</li> </ol> |
| Remote Login Successful. Login ID: %1 from %2 at IP address %3.<br>(%1 = user ID; %2 = ValueMap(CIM_ProtocolEndpoint.ProtocolIFType; %3 = IP address, xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx)  | Info  | A user has successfully logged in to the IMM.  | No action; information only.   |
| Attempting to %1 server %2 by user %3.<br>(%1 = Power Up, Power Down, Power Cycle, or Reset; %2 = IBM_ComputerSystem.ElementName; %3 = user ID)   | Info  | A user has used the IMM to perform a power function on the server.   | No action; information only.   |
| Security: Userid: '%1' had %2 login failures from WEB client at IP address %3.<br>(%1 = user ID; %2 = MaximumSuccessiveLoginFailures (currently set to 5 in the firmware); %3 = IP address, xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx)  | Error | A user has exceeded the maximum number of unsuccessful login attempts from a Web browser and has been prevented from logging in for the lockout period.              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Make sure that the correct login ID and password are being used.</li> <li>Have the system administrator reset the login ID or password.</li> </ol>                |
| Security: Login ID: '%1' had %2 login failures from CLI at %3.<br>(%1 = user ID; %2 = MaximumSuccessiveLoginFailures (currently set to 5 in the firmware); %3 = IP address, xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx)  | Error | A user has exceeded the maximum number of unsuccessful login attempts from the command-line interface and has been prevented from logging in for the lockout period. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Make sure that the correct login ID and password are being used.</li> <li>Have the system administrator reset the login ID or password.</li> </ol>                |

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| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.</li> </ul> |       |  |   |
| Remote access attempt failed.<br>Invalid userid or password received.<br>Userid is '%1' from WEB browser at IP address %2.<br>(%1 = user ID; %2 = IP address, xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx)  | Error | A user has attempted to log in from a Web browser by using an invalid login ID or password.    | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Make sure that the correct login ID and password are being used.</li> <li>Have the system administrator reset the login ID or password.</li> </ol> |
| Remote access attempt failed.<br>Invalid userid or password received.<br>Userid is '%1' from TELNET client at IP address %2.<br>(%1 = user ID; %2 = IP address, xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx)  | Error | A user has attempted to log in from a Telnet session by using an invalid login ID or password. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Make sure that the correct login ID and password are being used.</li> <li>Have the system administrator reset the login ID or password.</li> </ol> |
| The Chassis Event Log (CEL) on system %1 cleared by user %2.<br>(%1 = CIM_ComputerSystem.ElementName; %2 = user ID)   | Info  | A user has cleared the IMM event log.  | No action; information only.  |
| IMM reset was initiated by user %1.<br>(%1 = user ID)   | Info  | A user has initiated a reset of the IMM.   | No action; information only.  |
| ENET[0] DHCP-HSTN=%1, DN=%2, IP@=%3, SN=%4, GW@=%5, DNS1@=%6.<br>(%1 = CIM_DNSProtocolEndpoint.Hostname; %2 = CIM_DNSProtocolEndpoint.DomainName; %3 = CIM_IPProtocolEndpoint.IPv4Address; %4 = CIM_IPProtocolEndpoint.SubnetMask; %5 = IP address, xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx; %6 = IP address, xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx)  | Info  | The DHCP server has assigned an IMM IP address and configuration.                              | No action; information only.  |
| ENET[0] IP-Cfg:HstName=%1, IP@%2, NetMsk=%3, GW@=%4.<br>(%1 = CIM_DNSProtocolEndpoint.Hostname; %2 = CIM_StaticIPSettingData.IPv4Address; %3 = CIM_StaticIPSettingData.SubnetMask; %4 = CIM_StaticIPSettingData.DefaultGatewayAddress)  | Info  | An IMM IP address and configuration have been assigned using client data.                      | No action; information only.  |
| LAN: Ethernet[0] interface is no longer active.   | Info  | The IMM Ethernet interface has been disabled.  | No action; information only.  |
| LAN: Ethernet[0] interface is now active.   | Info  | The IMM Ethernet interface has been enabled.   | No action; information only.  |

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

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| DHCP setting changed to by user %1.<br>(%1 = user ID)  | Info  | A user has changed the DHCP mode.  | No action; information only.  |
| IMM: Configuration %1 restored from a configuration file by user %2.<br>(%1 = CIM_ConfigurationData.ConfigurationName; %2 = user ID) | Info  | A user has restored the IMM configuration by importing a configuration file.   | No action; information only.  |
| Watchdog %1 Screen Capture Occurred.<br>(%1 = OS Watchdog or Loader Watchdog)  | Error | An operating-system error has occurred, and the screen capture was successful. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Reconfigure the watchdog timer to a higher value.</li> <li>2. Make sure that the IMM Ethernet over USB interface is enabled.</li> <li>3. Reinstall the RNDIS or cdc_ether device driver for the operating system.</li> <li>4. Disable the watchdog.</li> <li>5. Check the integrity of the installed operating system.</li> </ol>   |
| Watchdog %1 Failed to Capture Screen.<br>(%1 = OS Watchdog or Loader Watchdog)   | Error | An operating-system error has occurred, and the screen capture failed.         | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Reconfigure the watchdog timer to a higher value.</li> <li>2. Make sure that the IMM Ethernet over USB interface is enabled.</li> <li>3. Reinstall the RNDIS or cdc_ether device driver for the operating system.</li> <li>4. Disable the watchdog.</li> <li>5. Check the integrity of the installed operating system.</li> <li>6. Update the IMM firmware.<br/><b>Important:</b> Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.</li> </ol> |



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|---|-------|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.</li> </ul> |       |  |  |
| Running the backup IMM main application.  | Error | The IMM has resorted to running the backup main application.   | Update the IMM firmware.<br><b>Important:</b> Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.                                       |
| Please ensure that the IMM is flashed with the correct firmware. The IMM is unable to match its firmware to the server.   | Error | The server does not support the installed IMM firmware version.  | Update the IMM firmware to a version that the server supports.<br><b>Important:</b> Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code. |
| IMM reset was caused by restoring default values.   | Info  | The IMM has been reset because a user has restored the configuration to its default settings.  | No action; information only.   |
| IMM clock has been set from NTP server %1.<br>(%1 = IBM_NTPTService.ElementName)  | Info  | The IMM clock has been set to the date and time that is provided by the Network Time Protocol server.  | No action; information only.   |
| SSL data in the IMM configuration data is invalid. Clearing configuration data region and disabling SSL+H25.  | Error | There is a problem with the certificate that has been imported into the IMM. The imported certificate must contain a public key that corresponds to the key pair that was previously generated through the <b>Generate a New Key and Certificate Signing Request</b> link. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that the certificate that you are importing is correct.</li> <li>2. Try to import the certificate again.</li> </ol>  |
| Flash of %1 from %2 succeeded for user %3.<br>(%1 = CIM_ManagedElement.ElementName;<br>%2 = Web or LegacyCLI;<br>%3 = user ID)  | Info  | A user has successfully updated one of the following firmware components: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IMM main application</li> <li>• IMM boot ROM</li> <li>• Server firmware</li> <li>• Diagnostics</li> <li>• Integrated service processor</li> </ul>       | No action; information only.   |

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|---|-------|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.</li> </ul> |       |   |   |
| Flash of %1 from %2 failed for user %3.<br>(%1 = CIM_ManagedElement.ElementName;<br>%2 = Web or LegacyCLI;<br>%3 = user ID)   | Info  | An attempt to update a firmware component from the interface and IP address has failed.   | Try to update the firmware again.   |
| The Chassis Event Log (CEL) on system %1 is 75% full.<br>(%1 = CIM_ComputerSystem.ElementName)  | Info  | The IMM event log is 75% full. When the log is full, older log entries are replaced by newer ones.  | To avoid losing older log entries, save the log as a text file and clear the log.   |
| The Chassis Event Log (CEL) on system %1 is 100% full.<br>(%1 = CIM_ComputerSystem.ElementName)   | Info  | The IMM event log is full. When the log is full, older log entries are replaced by newer ones.  | To avoid losing older log entries, save the log as a text file and clear the log.   |
| %1 Platform Watchdog Timer expired for %2.<br>(%1 = OS Watchdog or Loader Watchdog; %2 = OS Watchdog or Loader Watchdog)  | Error | A Platform Watchdog Timer Expired event has occurred.   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Reconfigure the watchdog timer to a higher value.</li> <li>2. Make sure that the IMM Ethernet over USB interface is enabled.</li> <li>3. Reinstall the RNDIS or cdc_ether device driver for the operating system.</li> <li>4. Disable the watchdog.</li> <li>5. Check the integrity of the installed operating system.</li> </ol> |
| IMM Test Alert Generated by %1.<br>(%1 = user ID)   | Info  | A user has generated a test alert from the IMM.   | No action; information only.  |
| Security: Userid: '%1' had %2 login failures from an SSH client at IP address %3.<br>(%1 = user ID; %2 = MaximumSuccessiveLoginFailures (currently set to 5 in the firmware); %3 = IP address, xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx)   | Error | A user has exceeded the maximum number of unsuccessful login attempts from SSH and has been prevented from logging in for the lockout period. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that the correct login ID and password are being used.</li> <li>2. Have the system administrator reset the login ID or password.</li> </ol>   |

## Checkout procedure

The checkout procedure is the sequence of tasks that you should follow to diagnose a problem in the server.

## About the checkout procedure

Before you perform the checkout procedure for diagnosing hardware problems, review the following information:

- Read the safety information that begins on page vii.
- The diagnostic programs provide the primary methods of testing the major components of the server, such as the system board, Ethernet controller,

keyboard, mouse (pointing device), serial ports, and hard disk drives. You can also use them to test some external devices. If you are not sure whether a problem is caused by the hardware or by the software, you can use the diagnostic programs to confirm that the hardware is working correctly.

- When you run the diagnostic programs, a single problem might cause more than one error message. When this happens, correct the cause of the first error message. The other error messages usually will not occur the next time you run the diagnostic programs.

**Exception:** If multiple error codes or system-board LEDs indicate a microprocessor error, the error might be in the microprocessor or in the microprocessor socket. See “Microprocessor problems” on page 61 for information about diagnosing microprocessor problems.

- Before you run the diagnostic programs, you must determine whether the failing server is part of a shared hard disk drive cluster (two or more servers sharing external storage devices). If it is part of a cluster, you can run all diagnostic programs except the ones that test the storage unit (that is, a hard disk drive in the storage unit) or the storage adapter that is attached to the storage unit. The failing server might be part of a cluster if any of the following conditions is true:
  - You have identified the failing server as part of a cluster (two or more servers sharing external storage devices).
  - One or more external storage units are attached to the failing server and at least one of the attached storage units is also attached to another server or unidentifiable device.
  - One or more servers are located near the failing server.

**Important:** If the server is part of a shared hard disk drive cluster, run one test at a time. Do not run any suite of tests, such as “quick” or “normal” tests, because this might enable the hard disk drive diagnostic tests.

- If the server is halted and a POST error code is displayed, see “Event logs” on page 22. If the server is halted and no error message is displayed, see “Troubleshooting tables” on page 55 and “Solving undetermined problems” on page 114.
- For information about power-supply problems, see “Solving power problems” on page 113.
- For intermittent problems, check the error log; see “Event logs” on page 22 and “Diagnostic programs and messages” on page 75.

## Performing the checkout procedure

To perform the checkout procedure, complete the following steps:

1. Is the server part of a cluster?
  - **No:** Go to step 2.
  - **Yes:** Shut down all failing servers that are related to the cluster. Go to step 2.
2. Complete the following steps:
  - a. Check the power supply LEDs (see “Power-supply LEDs” on page 73).
  - b. Turn off the server and all external devices.
  - c. Check all internal and external devices for compatibility at <http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/serverproven/compat/us/>.
  - d. Check all cables and power cords.
  - e. Set all display controls to the middle positions.
  - f. Turn on all external devices.

- g. Turn on the server. If the server does not start, see “Troubleshooting tables” on page 55.
- h. Check the system-error LED on the operator information panel. If it is flashing, check the LEDs on the system board (see “System-board LEDs” on page 18).
- i. Check for the following results:
  - Successful completion of POST (see “POST” on page 24 for more information)
  - Successful completion of startup

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## Troubleshooting tables

Use the troubleshooting tables to find solutions to problems that have identifiable symptoms.

If you cannot find a problem in these tables, see “Running the diagnostic programs” on page 76 for information about testing the server.

If you have just added new software or a new optional device and the server is not working, complete the following steps before you use the troubleshooting tables:

1. Check the system-error LED on the operator information panel; if it is lit, check the system-board LEDs (see “System-board LEDs” on page 18).
2. Remove the software or device that you just added.
3. Run the diagnostic tests to determine whether the server is running correctly.
4. Reinstall the new software or new device.

## General problems

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li><li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li><li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li><li>• Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li></ul> |  |
|--|--|
| Symptom  | Action   |
| A cover latch is broken, an LED is not working, or a similar problem has occurred.   | If the part is a CRU, replace it. If the part is a FRU, the part must be replaced by a trained service technician. |

## Hard disk drive problems

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li><li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li><li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li><li>• Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li></ul> |   |
|--|---|
| Symptom  | Action  |
| A hard disk drive has failed, and the associated amber hard disk drive status LED is lit.  | Replace the failed hard disk drive (see “Removing a hot-swap hard disk drive” on page 144 and “Installing a hot-swap hard disk drive” on page 144). |

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.
- Go to the IBM support website at <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

| Symptom  | Action   |
|--|--|
| A newly installed hard disk drive is not recognized. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Observe the associated amber hard disk drive status LED. If the LED is lit, it indicates a drive fault.</li> <li>2. If the LED is lit, remove the drive from the bay, wait 45 seconds, and reinsert the drive, making sure that the drive assembly connects to the hard disk drive backplane.</li> <li>3. Observe the associated green hard disk drive activity LED and the amber status LED: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If the green activity LED is flashing and the amber status LED is not lit, the drive is recognized by the controller and is working correctly. Run the DSA hard disk drive test to determine whether the drive is detected.</li> <li>• If the green activity LED is flashing and the amber status LED is flashing slowly, the drive is recognized by the controller and is rebuilding.</li> <li>• If neither LED is lit or flashing, check the hard disk drive backplane (go to step 4).</li> <li>• If the green activity LED is flashing and the amber status LED is lit, replace the drive. If the activity of the LEDs remains the same, go to step 4. If the activity of the LEDs changes, return to step 1.</li> </ul> </li> <li>4. Make sure that the hard disk drive backplane is correctly seated. When it is correctly seated, the drive assemblies correctly connect to the backplane without bowing or causing movement of the backplane.</li> <li>5. Reseat the backplane power cable and repeat steps 1 through 3.</li> <li>6. Reseat the backplane signal cable and repeat steps 1 through 3.</li> <li>7. Reseat the backplane configuration cable and repeat steps 1 through 3.</li> <li>8. Suspect the backplane signal cable or the backplane: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Replace the affected backplane signal cable.</li> <li>• Replace the affected backplane.</li> </ul> </li> <li>9. See “Problem determination tips” on page 115.</li> </ol> |
| Multiple hard disk drives fail.                      | <p>Make sure that the hard disk drive, SAS/SATA RAID adapter, and server device drivers and firmware are at the latest level.</p> <p><b>Important:</b> Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.</p>  |
| Multiple hard disk drives are offline.               | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Review the storage subsystem logs for indications of problems within the storage subsystem, such as backplane or cable problems.</li> <li>2. See “Problem determination tips” on page 115.</li> </ol>  |
| A replacement hard disk drive does not rebuild.      | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that the hard disk drive is recognized by the adapter (the green hard disk drive activity LED is flashing).</li> <li>2. Review the SAS/SATA RAID adapter documentation to determine the correct configuration parameters and settings.</li> </ol>  |

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>• Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |  |
|---|--|
| Symptom   | Action   |
| A green hard disk drive activity LED does not accurately represent the actual state of the associated drive.  | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. If the green hard disk drive activity LED does not flash when the drive is in use, run the DSA disk drive test (see “Running the diagnostic programs” on page 76).</li> <li>2. Use one of the following procedures: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If the drive passes the test, replace the backplane.</li> <li>• If the drive fails the test, replace the drive.</li> </ul> </li> </ol>  |
| An amber hard disk drive status LED does not accurately represent the actual state of the associated drive.   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. If the amber hard disk drive LED and the RAID adapter software do not indicate the same status for the drive, complete the following steps: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Turn off the server.</li> <li>b. Reseat the SAS/SATA adapter.</li> <li>c. Reseat the backplane configuration cable, signal cable, and backplane power cable.</li> <li>d. Reseat the hard disk drive.</li> <li>e. Turn on the server and observe the activity of the hard disk drive LEDs.</li> </ol> </li> <li>2. See “Problem determination tips” on page 115.</li> </ol> |

## Hypervisor problems

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>• Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |  |
|---|--|
| Symptom   | Action   |
| If an optional embedded hypervisor flash device is not listed in the expected boot order, does not appear in the list of boot devices, or a similar problem has occurred.   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that the optional embedded hypervisor flash device is selected on the boot manager (&lt;F12&gt; Select Boot Device) at startup.</li> <li>2. Make sure that the embedded hypervisor flash device is seated in the connector correctly (see “Removing a USB embedded hypervisor flash device” on page 163 and “Installing a USB embedded hypervisor flash device” on page 163).</li> <li>3. See the documentation that comes with the optional embedded hypervisor flash device for setup and configuration information.</li> <li>4. Make sure that other software works on the server.</li> </ol> |

## Intermittent problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.
- Go to the IBM support website at <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

| Symptom  | Action  |
|--|---|
| A problem occurs only occasionally and is difficult to diagnose. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All cables and cords are connected securely to the rear of the server and attached devices.</li> <li>• When the server is turned on, air is flowing from the fan grille. If there is no airflow, the fan is not working. This can cause the server to overheat and shut down.</li> </ul> </li> <li>2. Check the system-error log or IMM system event log (see “Event logs” on page 22).</li> </ol>   |
| The server resets (restarts) occasionally.                       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. If the reset occurs during POST and the POST watchdog timer is enabled (click <b>System Settings</b> → <b>Integrated Management Module</b> → <b>POST Watchdog Timer</b> in the Setup utility to see the POST watchdog setting), make sure that sufficient time is allowed in the watchdog timeout value (<b>POST Watchdog Timer</b>). If the server continues to reset during POST, see “POST” on page 24 and “Diagnostic programs and messages” on page 75.</li> <li>2. If the reset occurs after the operating system starts, disable any automatic server restart (ASR) utilities, such as the IBM Automatic Server Restart IPMI Application for Windows, or any ASR devices that are be installed.<br/><b>Note:</b> ASR utilities operate as operating-system utilities and are related to the IPMI device driver. If the reset continues to occur after the operating system starts, the operating system might have a problem; see “Software problems” on page 69.</li> <li>3. If neither condition applies, check the system-event log or IMM system-event log (see “Event logs” on page 22).</li> </ol> |



## Keyboard, mouse, or pointing-device problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.
- Go to the IBM support website at <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

| Symptom                                       | Action  |
|---|---|
| All or some keys on the keyboard do not work. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Make sure that the keyboard cable is securely connected.</li><li>2. If you are using a USB keyboard and it is connected to a USB hub, disconnect the keyboard from the hub and connect it directly to the server.</li><li>3. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time:<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>a. Keyboard</li><li>b. (Trained service technician only) System board</li></ol></li></ol>   |
| The mouse or pointing device does not work.   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Make sure that:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The mouse or pointing-device cable is securely connected to the server.</li><li>• The mouse or pointing-device device drivers are installed correctly.</li><li>• The server and the monitor are turned on.</li><li>• The mouse option is enabled in the Setup utility.</li></ul></li><li>2. If you are using a USB mouse or pointing device and it is connected to a USB hub, disconnect the mouse or pointing device from the hub and connect it directly to the server.</li><li>3. Move the mouse or pointing device cable to another USB connector.</li><li>4. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time:<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>a. Mouse or pointing device</li><li>b. (Trained service technician only) System board</li></ol></li></ol> |

## Memory problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.
- Go to the IBM support website at <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

| Symptom   | Action  |
|---|---|
| The amount of system memory that is displayed is less than the amount of installed physical memory. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• No error LEDs are lit on the operator information panel.</li> <li>• The memory modules are seated correctly.</li> <li>• You have installed the correct type of memory.</li> <li>• All banks of memory are enabled. The server might have automatically disabled a memory bank when it detected a problem.</li> </ul> </li> <li>2. Check the POST error log: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If a DIMM was disabled by a systems-management interrupt (SMI), replace the DIMM.</li> </ul> </li> <li>3. Run memory diagnostics (see “Running the diagnostic programs” on page 76).</li> <li>4. Make sure that there is no memory mismatch when the server is at the minimum memory configuration.</li> <li>5. Add one pair of DIMMs at a time, making sure that the DIMMs in each pair match.</li> <li>6. Reseat the DIMM.</li> <li>7. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. DIMMs</li> <li>b. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board</li> </ol> </li> </ol> |
| Multiple rows of DIMMs in a branch are identified as failing.                                       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Reseat the DIMMs; then, restart the server.</li> <li>2. Replace the failing DIMM.</li> <li>3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.</li> </ol>  |

## Microprocessor problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.
- Go to the IBM support website at <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

| Symptom   | Action   |
|---|--|
| A microprocessor LED is lit during POST, indicating that the microprocessor is not working correctly. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Make sure that the server supports the microprocessor.</li><li>2. (Trained service technician only) Make sure that the microprocessor is seated correctly.</li><li>3. (Trained the service technician only) Reseat the microprocessor.</li><li>4. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time:<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>a. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor</li><li>b. (Trained service technician only) System board</li></ol></li></ol> |

## Monitor or video problems

Some IBM monitors have their own self-tests. If you suspect a problem with your monitor, see the documentation that comes with the monitor for instructions for testing and adjusting the monitor. If you cannot diagnose the problem, call for service.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.
- Go to the IBM support website at <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

| Symptom  | Action  |
|--|---|
| Testing the monitor.   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Make sure that the monitor cables are firmly connected.</li><li>2. Try using a different monitor on the server, or try using the monitor that is being tested on a different server.</li><li>3. Run the diagnostic programs. If the monitor passes the diagnostic programs, the problem might be a video device driver.</li><li>4. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.</li></ol>   |
| The screen is blank.   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. If the server is attached to a KVM switch, bypass the KVM switch to eliminate it as a possible cause of the problem: connect the monitor cable directly to the correct connector on the rear of the server.</li><li>2. Make sure that:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The server is turned on. If there is no power to the server, see “Power problems” on page 66.</li><li>• The monitor cables are connected correctly.</li><li>• The monitor is turned on and the brightness and contrast controls are adjusted correctly.</li></ul></li><li>3. Make sure that the correct server is controlling the monitor, if applicable.</li><li>4. Make sure that damaged server firmware is not affecting the video; see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li><li>5. Observe the checkpoint LEDs on the system board; if the codes are changing, go to step 6.</li><li>6. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time:<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>a. Monitor</li><li>b. Video adapter (if one is installed)</li><li>c. (Trained service technician only) System board</li></ol></li><li>7. See “Solving undetermined problems” on page 114.</li></ol> |
| The monitor works when you turn on the server, but the screen goes blank when you start some application programs. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Make sure that:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The application program is not setting a display mode that is higher than the capability of the monitor.</li><li>• You installed the necessary device drivers for the application.</li></ul></li><li>2. Run video diagnostics (see “Running the diagnostic programs” on page 76).<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• If the server passes the video diagnostics, the video is good; see “Solving undetermined problems” on page 114.</li><li>• (Trained service technician only) If the server fails the video diagnostics, replace the system board.</li></ul></li></ol>   |

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.
- Go to the IBM support website at <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

| Symptom  | Action  |
|--|---|
| The monitor has screen jitter, or the screen image is wavy, unreadable, rolling, or distorted. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. If the monitor self-tests show that the monitor is working correctly, consider the location of the monitor. Magnetic fields around other devices (such as transformers, appliances, fluorescents, and other monitors) can cause screen jitter or wavy, unreadable, rolling, or distorted screen images. If this happens, turn off the monitor.<br/><br/> <b>Attention:</b> Moving a color monitor while it is turned on might cause screen discoloration.<br/><br/> Move the device and the monitor at least 305 mm (12 in.) apart, and turn on the monitor.<br/><br/> <b>Notes:</b> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. To prevent diskette drive read/write errors, make sure that the distance between the monitor and any external diskette drive is at least 76 mm (3 in.).</li> <li>b. Non-IBM monitor cables might cause unpredictable problems.</li> </ol> </li> <li>2. Reseat the monitor cable.</li> <li>3. Replace the components listed in step 2 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Monitor cable</li> <li>b. Video adapter (if one is installed)</li> <li>c. Monitor</li> <li>d. (Trained service technician only) System board</li> </ol> </li> </ol> |
| Wrong characters appear on the screen.   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. If the wrong language is displayed, update the server firmware to the latest level (see “Updating the firmware” on page 191) with the correct language.</li> <li>2. Reseat the monitor cable.</li> <li>3. Replace the components listed in step 2 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Monitor</li> <li>b. (Trained service technician only) System board</li> </ol> </li> </ol>   |

## Optional-device problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.
- Go to the IBM support website at <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

| Symptom  | Action  |
|--|---|
| An IBM optional device that was just installed does not work.    | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Make sure that:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The device is designed for the server (see <a href="http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/serverproven/compat/us/">http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/serverproven/compat/us/</a>).</li><li>• You followed the installation instructions that came with the device and the device is installed correctly.</li><li>• You have not loosened any other installed devices or cables.</li><li>• You updated the configuration information in the Setup utility. Whenever memory or any other device is changed, you must update the configuration.</li></ul></li><li>2. Reseat the device that you just installed.</li><li>3. Replace the device that you just installed.</li></ol> |
| An IBM optional device that worked previously does not work now. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Make sure that all of the cable connections for the device are secure.</li><li>2. If the device comes with test instructions, use those instructions to test the device.</li><li>3. Reseat the failing device.</li><li>4. Replace the failing device.</li></ol>  |

## Optional DVD drive problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.
- Go to the IBM support website at <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

| Symptom                                       | Action  |
|---|---|
| The optional DVD-ROM drive is not recognized. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The SATA connector to which the DVD drive is attached (primary or secondary) is enabled in the Setup utility.</li> <li>• All cables and jumpers are installed correctly.</li> <li>• The correct device driver is installed for the DVD drive.</li> </ul> </li> <li>2. Run the DVD drive diagnostic programs.</li> <li>3. Reseat the following components: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. DVD drive</li> <li>b. DVD drive cable</li> </ol> </li> <li>4. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. DVD drive</li> <li>b. DVD drive interface board cable</li> <li>c. DVD interface board</li> <li>d. (Trained service technician only) System board</li> </ol> </li> </ol> |
| A CD or DVD is not working correctly.         | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Clean the CD or DVD.</li> <li>2. Run the DVD drive diagnostic programs.</li> <li>3. Check the connector and signal cable for bent pins or damage.</li> <li>4. Reseat the following components: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. DVD drive</li> <li>b. DVD drive cable</li> </ol> </li> <li>5. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. DVD drive</li> <li>b. DVD drive cable</li> </ol> </li> </ol>  |
| The DVD drive tray is not working.            | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that the server is turned on.</li> <li>2. Insert the end of a straightened paper clip into the manual tray-release opening.</li> <li>3. Reseat the DVD drive.</li> <li>4. Replace the DVD drive.</li> </ol>   |

## Power problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.
- Go to the IBM support website at <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

| Symptom   | Action   |
|---|--|
| <p>The power-control button does not work, and the reset button does work (the server does not start).</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The power-control button will not function until approximately 1 to 3 minutes after the server has been connected to ac power.</p> | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that the power-control button is working correctly: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Disconnect the server power cord.</li> <li>b. Reconnect the power cord.</li> <li>c. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the operator information panel cables, and then repeat steps 1a and 1b. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (Trained service technician only) If the server starts, reseat the operator information panel. If the problem remains, replace the operator information panel.</li> <li>• If the server does not start, bypass the power-control button by using the force power-on jumper (see “Internal LEDs, connectors, and jumpers” on page 14). If the server starts, reseat the operator information panel. If the problem remains, replace the operator information panel.</li> </ul> </li> </ol> </li> <li>2. Make sure that the reset button is working correctly: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Disconnect the server power cord.</li> <li>b. Reconnect the power cord.</li> </ol> </li> <li>3. Make sure that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The power cords are correctly connected to the server and to a working electrical outlet.</li> <li>• The type of memory that is installed is correct.</li> <li>• The DIMMs are fully seated.</li> <li>• The LEDs on the power supply with the Active Energy Manager (AEM) feature do not indicate a problem (see “Power-supply LEDs” on page 73).</li> <li>• (Trained service technician only) The microprocessor is correctly installed.</li> </ul> </li> <li>4. Reseat the following components: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. DIMMs</li> <li>b. (Trained service technician only) Power-supply cables to all internal components</li> <li>c. (Trained service technician only) Power switch connector</li> </ol> </li> <li>5. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. DIMMs</li> <li>b. Power supply</li> <li>c. (Trained service technician only) System board</li> </ol> </li> <li>6. If you just installed an optional device, remove it, and restart the server. If the server now starts, you might have installed more devices than the power supply supports.</li> <li>7. See “Power-supply LEDs” on page 73.</li> <li>8. See “Solving undetermined problems” on page 114.</li> </ol> |



| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>• Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |  |
|---|--|
| Symptom   | Action   |
| The server does not turn off.   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Determine whether you are using an Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) or a non-ACPI operating system. If you are using a non-ACPI operating system, complete the following steps:               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Press Ctrl+Alt+Delete.</li> <li>b. Turn off the server by pressing the power-control button and hold it down for 5 seconds.</li> <li>c. Restart the server.</li> <li>d. If the server fails POST and the power-control button does not work, disconnect the ac power cord for 20 seconds; then, reconnect the ac power cord and restart the server.</li> </ol> </li> <li>2. If the problem remains or if you are using an ACPI-aware operating system, suspect the system board.</li> </ol> |
| The server unexpectedly shuts down, and the LEDs on the operator information panel are not lit.   | See “Solving undetermined problems” on page 114.   |

## Serial-device problems

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>• Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |  |
|---|--|
| Symptom   | Action   |
| The number of serial ports that are identified by the operating system is less than the number of installed serial ports.   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Each port is assigned a unique address in the Setup utility and none of the serial ports is disabled.</li> <li>• The serial-port adapter (if one is present) is seated correctly.</li> </ul> </li> <li>2. Reseat the serial port adapter.</li> <li>3. Replace the serial port adapter.</li> </ol> |

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |   |
|---|---|
| Symptom   | Action  |
| A serial device does not work.  | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Make sure that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The device is compatible with the server.</li> <li>The serial port is enabled and is assigned a unique address.</li> <li>The device is connected to the correct connector (see “Internal LEDs, connectors, and jumpers” on page 14).</li> </ul> </li> <li>Reseat the following components: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Failing serial device</li> <li>Serial cable</li> </ol> </li> <li>Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Failing serial device</li> <li>Serial cable</li> <li>(Trained service technician only) System board</li> </ol> </li> </ol> |

## ServerGuide problems

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |   |
|---|---|
| Symptom   | Action  |
| The <i>ServerGuide Setup and Installation</i> CD will not start.  | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Make sure that the server supports the ServerGuide program and has a startable (bootable) CD or DVD drive.</li> <li>If the startup (boot) sequence settings have been changed, make sure that the CD or DVD drive is first in the startup sequence.</li> <li>If more than one CD or DVD drive is installed, make sure that only one drive is set as the primary drive. Start the CD from the primary drive.</li> </ol> |
| The MegaRAID Storage Manager program cannot view all installed drives, or the operating system cannot be installed.   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Make sure that the hard disk drive is connected correctly.</li> <li>Make sure that the SAS/SATA hard disk drive cables are securely connected.</li> </ol>  |
| The operating-system installation program continuously loops.   | Make more space available on the hard disk.   |

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |   |
|---|---|
| Symptom   | Action  |
| The ServerGuide program will not start the operating-system CD.   | Make sure that the operating-system CD is supported by the ServerGuide program. For a list of supported operating-system versions, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/management/serverguide/sub.html">http://www.ibm.com/systems/management/serverguide/sub.html</a> , click <b>IBM Service and Support Site</b> , click the link for your ServerGuide version, and scroll down to the list of supported Microsoft Windows operating systems. |
| The operating system cannot be installed; the option is not available.  | Make sure that the server supports the operating system. If it does, either no logical drive is defined (SCSI RAID servers), or the ServerGuide System Partition is not present. Run the ServerGuide program and make sure that setup is complete.  |

## Software problems

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |   |
|---|---|
| Symptom   | Action  |
| You suspect a software problem.   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To determine whether the problem is caused by the software, make sure that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The server has the minimum memory that is needed to use the software. For memory requirements, see the information that comes with the software. If you have just installed an adapter or memory, the server might have a memory-address conflict.</li> <li>The software is designed to operate on the server.</li> <li>Other software works on the server.</li> <li>The software works on another server.</li> </ul> </li> <li>If you received any error messages when using the software, see the information that comes with the software for a description of the messages and suggested solutions to the problem.</li> <li>Contact the software vendor.</li> </ol> |

## Universal Serial Bus (USB) port problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.
- Go to the IBM support website at <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

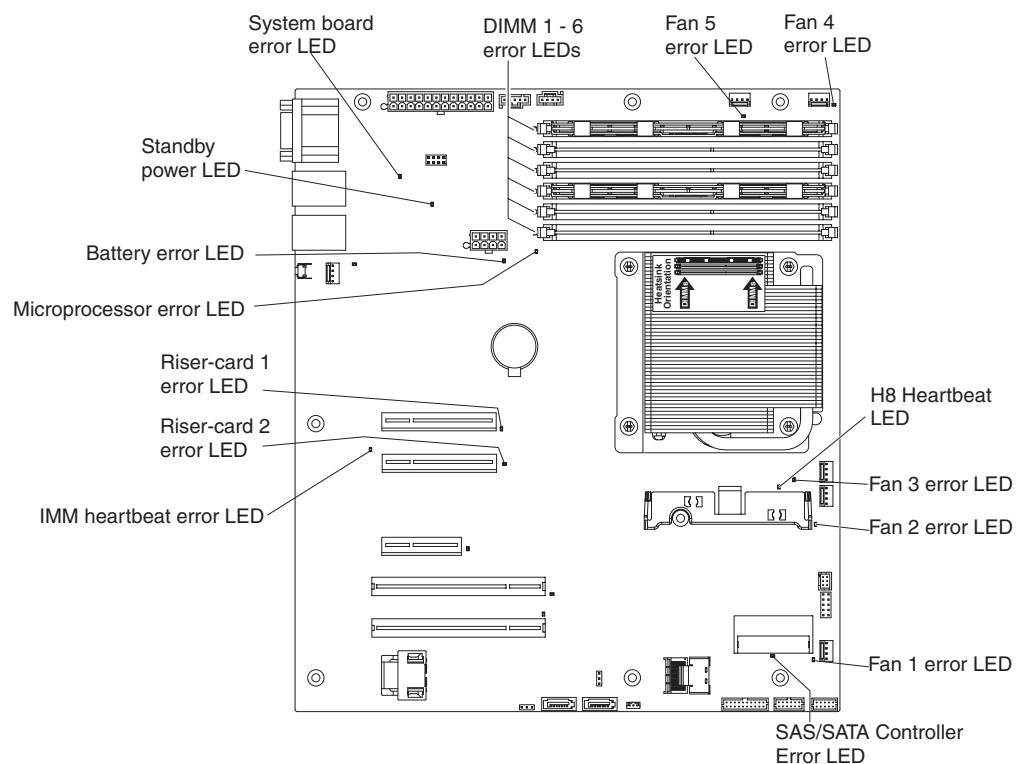
| Symptom                     | Action   |
|-----------------------------|--|
| A USB device does not work. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Make sure that:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The correct USB device driver is installed.</li><li>• The operating system supports USB devices.</li></ul></li><li>2. Make sure that the USB configuration options are set correctly in the Setup utility (see “Using the Setup utility” on page 195 for more information).</li><li>3. If you are using a USB hub, disconnect the USB device from the hub and connect it directly to the server.</li></ol> |

## Video problems

See “Monitor or video problems” on page 62.

## Error LEDs

The illustration shows the system-board LEDs. The system board has error LEDs that will help to locate the source of the error. Run the diagnostic programs to find out the cause of the error (see “Running the diagnostic programs” on page 76).



The server is designed so that LEDs remain lit when the server is connected to an ac power source but is not turned on, provided that the power supply is operating correctly. This feature helps you to isolate the problem when the operating system is shut down.

**Note:** When you disconnect the power source from the server, you lose the ability to view the LEDs because the LEDs are not lit when the power source is removed. Before you disconnect the power source, make a note of which LEDs are lit, including the LEDs that are lit on the operation information panel and LEDs inside the server on the system board.

Many errors are first indicated by a lit system-error LED on the control-panel assembly of the server. If this LED is lit, one or more LEDs elsewhere in the server might also be lit and can direct you to the source of the error.

Before you work inside the server to view the LEDs, read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Handling static-sensitive devices” on page 127.

If an error occurs, view the server LEDs in the following order:

1. Check the control-panel assembly on the front of the server. If the system-error LED is lit, it indicates that an error has occurred.
2. Check the front and rear of the server to determine whether any component LEDs are lit.
3. Remove the server cover and look inside the server for lit LEDs. Certain components inside the server have LEDs that will be lit to indicate the location of a problem. For example, a DIMM error will light the LED next to the failing DIMM on the system board.

Look at the system service label inside the side cover of the server, which gives an overview of internal components. This information can often provide enough information to correct the error.

The following table describes the LEDs on the system board and PCI extender cards and suggested actions to correct the detected problems.

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.</li> </ul> |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| Component LED   | Description   | Action   |
| DIMM error LEDs   | A memory DIMM has failed or is incorrectly installed.           | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Remove the DIMM that has the lit error LED.</li> <li>2. Reseat the DIMM.</li> <li>3. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time:               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. DIMM</li> <li>b. (Trained service technician only) System board</li> </ol> </li> </ol> |
| Fan error LEDs  | A fan has failed, is operating too slowly, or has been removed. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Reseat the failing fan, which is indicated by a lit LED near the fan connector on the system board.</li> <li>2. Replace the failing fan.</li> </ol>  |

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

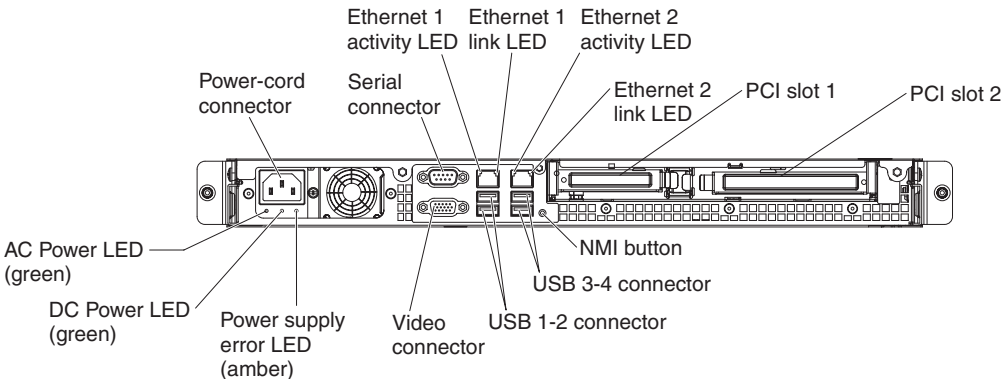
| Component LED            | Description   | Action   |
|--------------------------|---|--|
| Microprocessor error LED | Microprocessor has failed, is missing, or has been incorrectly installed.<br><b>Note:</b> (Trained service technician only) Make sure that the microprocessor is installed correctly; see “Installing the microprocessor” on page 184.  | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the system-event log to determine the reason for the lit LED.</li> <li>2. (Trained service technician) Reseat the failing microprocessor</li> <li>3. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. (Trained service technician only) Failing microprocessor</li> <li>b. (Trained service technician only) System board</li> </ol> </li> </ol>   |
| System-board error LED   | System-board CPU VRD and/or power voltage regulators have failed.   | (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.  |
| Battery failure LED      | Battery low.  | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Replace the CMOS lithium battery, if necessary.</li> <li>2. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.</li> </ol>   |
| IMM heartbeat LED        | Indicates the status of the boot process of the IMM.<br><br>When the server is connected to power this LED flashes quickly to indicate that the IMM code is loading. When the loading is complete, the LED stops flashing briefly and then flashes slowly to indicate that the IMM is fully operational and you can press the power-control button to start the server. | <p>If the LED does not begin flashing within 30 seconds of when the server is connected to power, complete the following steps:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. (Trained service technician only) Recover the firmware (see “Recovering the server firmware” on page 111).</li> <li>2. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.</li> </ol>  |
| PCI slots error LEDs     | An error has occurred on a PCI bus or on the system board. An additional LED is lit next to a failing PCI slot.   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the system-event log for information about the error.</li> <li>2. If you cannot isolate the failing adapter through the LEDs and the information in the system-event log, remove one adapter at a time, and restart the server after each adapter is removed.</li> <li>3. If the failure remains, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a> for additional troubleshooting information.</li> </ol> |
| H8 heartbeat LED         | power-on and power-off sequencing.  | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. If the LED flashes at 1Hz, it is functioning properly and no action is necessary.</li> <li>2. If the LED is not flashing, (trained service technician only) replace the system board.</li> </ol>   |

# Power-supply LEDs

The following minimum configuration is required for the server to start:

- One microprocessor
- One 1 GB DIMM
- Power supply
- Power cord
- ServeRAID SAS/SATA adapter
- Five cooling fans

The following illustration shows the locations of the power LEDs on power supply with Active Energy Manager (AEM).



The following table describes the problems that are indicated by various combinations of the power-supply LEDs and suggested actions to correct the detected problems.

Table 4. Power-supply LEDs

| Power-supply LEDs |                 |       | Description   | Action  | Notes   |
|-------------------|-----------------|-------|---|---|---|
| AC                | DC              | Error |   |   |   |
| Off               | Off             | Off   | No ac power to the server or a problem with the ac power source | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the ac power to the server.</li> <li>2. Make sure that the power cord is connected to a functioning power source.</li> <li>3. Turn the server off and then turn the server back on.</li> <li>4. If the problem remains, replace the power supply.</li> </ol>  | This is a normal condition when no ac power is present.   |
| On                | Off             | Off   | Faulty system board or faulty power supply                      | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Turn off the server and disconnect the power cord from the server; then, reconnect the power cord.</li> <li>2. If the system board error (fault) LED is not lit, replace the power supply.</li> <li>3. If the system board error (fault) LED is lit, (Trained service technician only) replace the system board.</li> </ol> | Typically indicates that a power supply is not fully seated. This is a normal condition before turning on the system. |
| On                | Off or Flashing | On    | Faulty power supply   | Replace the power supply.   |   |
| On                | On              | Off   | Normal operation  |   |   |
| On                | On              | On    | Power supply is faulty but still operational                    | Replace the power supply.   |   |

## System pulse LEDs

The following LEDs are on the system board and indicates the system power-on and power-off sequencing and boot progress (see “System-board LEDs” on page 18 for the location of these LEDs).

Table 5. System pulse LEDs

| LED          | Description                        | Action   |
|--------------|------------------------------------|--|
| H8 heartbeat | power-on and power-off sequencing. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. If the LED flashes at 1Hz, it is functioning properly and no action is necessary.</li> <li>2. If the LED is not flashing, (trained service technician only) replace the system board.</li> </ol> |



Table 5. System pulse LEDs (continued)

| LED           | Description                 | Action  |
|---------------|-----------------------------|---|
| IMM heartbeat | IMM heartbeat boot process. | <p>The following steps describe the different stages of the IMM heartbeat sequencing process.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. When this LED is flashing fast (approximately 4Hz), the IMM code is in the loading process.</li> <li>2. When this LED goes off momentarily, this indicates that the IMM code has loaded completely.</li> <li>3. When this LED goes off momentarily and then starts flashing slowing (approximately 1Hz), the IMM is fully operational. You can now press the power-control button to power-on the server.</li> <li>4. If this LED does not flash within 30 seconds of connecting a power source to the server, complete the following steps: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. (Trained service technician only) Use the IMM recovery jumper to recover the firmware (see Table 2 on page 16).</li> <li>b. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.</li> </ol> </li> </ol> |

## Diagnostic programs and messages

The diagnostic programs are the primary method of testing the major components of the server. As you run the diagnostic programs, text messages are displayed on the screen and are saved in the test log. A diagnostic text message indicates that a problem has been detected and provides the action you should take as a result of the text message.

Make sure that the server has the latest version of the diagnostic programs. To download the latest version, complete the following steps.

**Note:** Changes are made periodically to the IBM website. The actual procedure might vary slightly from what is described in this document.

1. Go to <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/>.
2. Under **Product support**, click **System x**.
3. Under **Popular links**, click **Software and device drivers**.
4. Click **IBM System x3250 M3** to display the matrix of downloadable files for the server.

Utilities are available to reset and update the diagnostics code on the integrated USB flash device, if the diagnostic partition becomes damaged and does not start

the diagnostic programs. For more information and to download the utilities, go to <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?Indocid=MIGR-5072294&brandind=5000008>.

## Running the diagnostic programs

To run the diagnostic programs, complete the following steps:

1. If the server is running, turn off the server and all attached devices.
2. Turn on all attached devices; then, turn on the server.
3. When the prompt <F2> Dynamic System Analysis is displayed, press F2.

**Note:** The DSA Preboot might appear to be unresponsive when you start the program. This is normal operation while the program loads. The loading process may take up to 10 minutes.

4. Optionally, select **Quit to DSA** to exit from the stand-alone memory diagnostic program.

**Note:** After you exit from the stand-alone memory diagnostic environment, you must restart the server to access the stand-alone memory diagnostic environment again.

5. Type **gui** to display the graphical user interface, or select **cmd** to display the DSA interactive menu.
6. Follow the instructions on the screen to select the diagnostic test to run.

If the diagnostic programs do not detect any hardware errors but the problem remains during normal server operation, a software error might be the cause. If you suspect a software problem, see the information that comes with your software.

A single problem might cause more than one error message. When this happens, correct the cause of the first error message. The other error messages usually will not occur the next time you run the diagnostic programs.

**Exception:** If multiple error codes or system-board LEDs indicate a microprocessor error, the error might be in a microprocessor or in a microprocessor socket. See “Microprocessor problems” on page 61 for information about diagnosing microprocessor problems.

If the server stops during testing and you cannot continue, restart the server and try running the diagnostic programs again. If the problem remains, replace the component that was being tested when the server stopped.

## Diagnostic text messages

Diagnostic text messages are displayed while the tests are running. A diagnostic text message contains one of the following results:

**Passed:** The test was completed without any errors.

**Failed:** The test detected an error.

**Aborted:** The test could not proceed because of the server configuration

Additional information concerning test failures is available in the extended diagnostic results for each test.

## Viewing the test log

To view the test log when the tests are completed, type the **view** command in the DSA interactive menu, or select **Diagnostic Event Log** in the graphical user interface. To transfer DSA Preboot collections to an external USB device, type the **copy** command in the DSA interactive menu.

## Diagnostic messages

The following table describes the messages that the diagnostic programs might generate and suggested actions to correct the detected problems. Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the column.

Table 6. DSA Preboot messages

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li><li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li><li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li><li>• Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li></ul> |           |                 |         |                         |  |
|--|-----------|-----------------|---------|-------------------------|--|
| Message number   | Component | Test            | State   | Description             | Action   |
| 089-801-xxx  | CPU       | CPU Stress Test | Aborted | Internal program error. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Turn off and restart the system.</li><li>2. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li><li>3. Run the test again.</li><li>4. Make sure that the system firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li><li>5. Run the test again.</li><li>6. Turn off and restart the system if necessary to recover from a hung state.</li><li>7. Run the test again.</li><li>8. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, and run this test again to determine whether the problem has been solved:<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>a. (Trained service technician only)<br/>Microprocessor board</li><li>b. (Trained service technician only)<br/>Microprocessor</li></ol></li><li>9. If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li></ol> |

Table 6. DSA Preboot messages (continued)

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |           |                 |         |                                     |   |
|---|-----------|-----------------|---------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Message number  | Component | Test            | State   | Description                         | Action  |
| 089-802-xxx   | CPU       | CPU Stress Test | Aborted | System resource availability error. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Turn off and restart the system.</li> <li>Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>Make sure that the system firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For the latest level of firmware, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1MIGR-4JTS2T">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1MIGR-4JTS2T</a> and select your system to display a matrix of available firmware.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>Turn off and restart the system if necessary to recover from a hung state.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>Make sure that the system firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> </ol> |
| 089-802-xxx   | CPU       | CPU Stress Test | Aborted | System resource availability error. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, and run this test again to determine whether the problem has been solved: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(Trained service technician only)<br/>Microprocessor board</li> <li>(Trained service technician only)<br/>Microprocessor</li> </ol> </li> <li>If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol>   |

Table 6. DSA Preboot messages (continued)

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>• Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |           |                 |        |               |   |
|---|-----------|-----------------|--------|---------------|---|
| Message number  | Component | Test            | State  | Description   | Action  |
| 089-901-xxx   | CPU       | CPU Stress Test | Failed | Test failure. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Turn off and restart the system if necessary to recover from a hung state.</li> <li>2. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>3. Run the test again.</li> <li>4. Make sure that the system firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>5. Run the test again.</li> <li>6. Turn off and restart the system if necessary to recover from a hung state.</li> <li>7. Run the test again.</li> <li>8. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, and run this test again to determine whether the problem has been solved:               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. (Trained service technician only)<br/>Microprocessor board</li> <li>b. (Trained service technician only)<br/>Microprocessor</li> </ol> </li> <li>9. If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |

Table 6. DSA Preboot messages (continued)

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |           |              |         |   |  |
|---|-----------|--------------|---------|---|--|
| Message number  | Component | Test         | State   | Description   | Action   |
| 166-801-xxx   | IMM       | IMM I2C Test | Aborted | IMM I2C test stopped: the IMM returned an incorrect response length.      | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.</li> <li>After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |
| 166-802-xxx   | IMM       | IMM I2C Test | Aborted | IMM I2C test stopped: the test cannot be completed for an unknown reason. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.</li> <li>After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |

Table 6. DSA Preboot messages (continued)

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>• Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |           |              |         |  |   |
|---|-----------|--------------|---------|--|---|
| Message number  | Component | Test         | State   | Description  | Action  |
| 166-803-xxx   | IMM       | IMM I2C Test | Aborted | IMM I2C test stopped: the node is busy; try later. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.</li> <li>2. After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.</li> <li>3. Run the test again.</li> <li>4. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>5. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>6. Run the test again.</li> <li>7. If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |
| 166-804-xxx   | IMM       | IMM I2C Test | Aborted | IMM I2C test stopped: invalid command.             | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.</li> <li>2. After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.</li> <li>3. Run the test again.</li> <li>4. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>5. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>6. Run the test again.</li> <li>7. If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |

Table 6. DSA Preboot messages (continued)

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |           |              |         |   |  |
|---|-----------|--------------|---------|---|--|
| Message number  | Component | Test         | State   | Description   | Action   |
| 166-805-xxx   | IMM       | IMM I2C Test | Aborted | IMM I2C test stopped: invalid command for the given LUN.    | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.</li> <li>After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |
| 166-806-xxx   | IMM       | IMM I2C Test | Aborted | IMM I2C test stopped: timeout while processing the command. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.</li> <li>After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |



Table 6. DSA Preboot messages (continued)

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>• Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |           |              |         |   |   |
|---|-----------|--------------|---------|---|---|
| Message number  | Component | Test         | State   | Description   | Action  |
| 166-807-xxx   | IMM       | IMM I2C Test | Aborted | IMM I2C test stopped: out of space.                                   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.</li> <li>2. After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.</li> <li>3. Run the test again.</li> <li>4. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>5. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>6. Run the test again.</li> <li>7. If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |
| 166-808-xxx   | IMM       | IMM I2C Test | Aborted | IMM I2C test stopped: reservation canceled or invalid reservation ID. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.</li> <li>2. After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.</li> <li>3. Run the test again.</li> <li>4. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>5. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>6. Run the test again.</li> <li>7. If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |

Table 6. DSA Preboot messages (continued)

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |           |              |         |   |  |
|---|-----------|--------------|---------|---|--|
| Message number  | Component | Test         | State   | Description   | Action   |
| 166-809-xxx   | IMM       | IMM I2C Test | Aborted | IMM I2C test stopped: request data was truncated.     | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.</li> <li>After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |
| 166-810-xxx   | IMM       | IMM I2C Test | Aborted | IMM I2C test stopped: request data length is invalid. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.</li> <li>After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |

Table 6. DSA Preboot messages (continued)

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>• Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |           |              |         |  |   |
|---|-----------|--------------|---------|--|---|
| Message number  | Component | Test         | State   | Description  | Action  |
| 166-811-xxx   | IMM       | IMM I2C Test | Aborted | IMM I2C test stopped: request data field length limit is exceeded. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.</li> <li>2. After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.</li> <li>3. Run the test again.</li> <li>4. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>5. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>6. Run the test again.</li> <li>7. If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |
| 166-812-xxx   | IMM       | IMM I2C Test | Aborted | IMM I2C Test stopped: a parameter is out of range.                 | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.</li> <li>2. After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.</li> <li>3. Run the test again.</li> <li>4. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>5. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>6. Run the test again.</li> <li>7. If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |

Table 6. DSA Preboot messages (continued)

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |           |              |         |   |  |
|---|-----------|--------------|---------|---|--|
| Message number  | Component | Test         | State   | Description   | Action   |
| 166-813-xxx   | IMM       | IMM I2C Test | Aborted | IMM I2C test stopped: cannot return the number of requested data bytes. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.</li> <li>After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |
| 166-814-xxx   | IMM       | IMM I2C Test | Aborted | IMM I2C test stopped: requested sensor, data, or record is not present. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.</li> <li>After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |

Table 6. DSA Preboot messages (continued)

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>• Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |           |              |         |   |   |
|---|-----------|--------------|---------|---|---|
| Message number  | Component | Test         | State   | Description   | Action  |
| 166-815-xxx   | IMM       | IMM I2C Test | Aborted | IMM I2C test stopped: invalid data field in the request.                              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.</li> <li>2. After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.</li> <li>3. Run the test again.</li> <li>4. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>5. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>6. Run the test again.</li> <li>7. If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |
| 166-816-xxx   | IMM       | IMM I2C Test | Aborted | IMM I2C test stopped: the command is illegal for the specified sensor or record type. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.</li> <li>2. After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.</li> <li>3. Run the test again.</li> <li>4. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>5. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>6. Run the test again.</li> <li>7. If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |

Table 6. DSA Preboot messages (continued)

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |           |              |         |   |  |
|---|-----------|--------------|---------|---|--|
| Message number  | Component | Test         | State   | Description   | Action   |
| 166-817-xxx   | IMM       | IMM I2C Test | Aborted | IMM I2C test stopped: a command response could not be provided. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.</li> <li>After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |
| 166-818-xxx   | IMM       | IMM I2C Test | Aborted | IMM I2C test stopped: cannot execute a duplicated request.      | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.</li> <li>After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |

Table 6. DSA Preboot messages (continued)

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>• Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |           |              |         |  |   |
|---|-----------|--------------|---------|--|---|
| Message number  | Component | Test         | State   | Description  | Action  |
| 166-819-xxx   | IMM       | IMM I2C Test | Aborted | IMM I2C test stopped: a command response could not be provided; the SDR repository is in update mode.  | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.</li> <li>2. After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.</li> <li>3. Run the test again.</li> <li>4. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>5. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>6. Run the test again.</li> <li>7. If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |
| 166-820-xxx   | IMM       | IMM I2C Test | Aborted | IMM I2C test stopped: a command response could not be provided; the device is in firmware update mode. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.</li> <li>2. After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.</li> <li>3. Run the test again.</li> <li>4. Make sure that the DSA code and IMM firmware are at the latest level.</li> <li>5. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>6. Run the test again.</li> <li>7. If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol>  |

Table 6. DSA Preboot messages (continued)

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |           |              |         |  |  |
|---|-----------|--------------|---------|--|--|
| Message number  | Component | Test         | State   | Description  | Action   |
| 166-821-xxx   | IMM       | IMM I2C Test | Aborted | IMM I2C test stopped: a command response could not be provided; IMM initialization is in progress. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.</li> <li>After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |
| 166-822-xxx   | IMM       | IMM I2C Test | Aborted | IMM I2C test stopped: the destination is unavailable.  | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.</li> <li>After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |



Table 6. DSA Preboot messages (continued)

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>• Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |           |              |         |   |   |
|---|-----------|--------------|---------|---|---|
| Message number  | Component | Test         | State   | Description   | Action  |
| 166-823-xxx   | IMM       | IMM I2C Test | Aborted | IMM I2C test stopped: cannot execute the command; insufficient privilege level. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.</li> <li>2. After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.</li> <li>3. Run the test again.</li> <li>4. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>5. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>6. Run the test again.</li> <li>7. If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |
| 166-824-xxx   | IMM       | IMM I2C Test | Aborted | IMM I2C test stopped: cannot execute the command.                               | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.</li> <li>2. After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.</li> <li>3. Run the test again.</li> <li>4. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>5. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>6. Run the test again.</li> <li>7. If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |

Table 6. DSA Preboot messages (continued)

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |           |              |        |   |  |
|---|-----------|--------------|--------|---|--|
| Message number  | Component | Test         | State  | Description                                       | Action   |
| 166-901-xxx   | IMM       | IMM I2C Test | Failed | The IMM indicates a failure in the H8 bus (Bus 0) | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.</li> <li>After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>Remove power from the system.</li> <li>(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.</li> <li>Reconnect the system to power and turn on the system.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |
| 166-902-xxx   | IMM       | IMM I2C Test | Failed | The IMM indicates a failure in the memory bus.    | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol>   |

Table 6. DSA Preboot messages (continued)

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>• Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |           |              |        |  |   |
|---|-----------|--------------|--------|--|---|
| Message number  | Component | Test         | State  | Description  | Action  |
| 166-903-xxx   | IMM       | IMM I2C Test | Failed | The IMM indicates a failure in the DIMM bus (Bus 2). | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.</li> <li>2. After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.</li> <li>3. Run the test again.</li> <li>4. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>5. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>6. Run the test again.</li> <li>7. Disconnect the system from the power source.</li> <li>8. Replace the DIMMs one at a time, and run the test again after replacing each DIMM.</li> <li>9. Reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.</li> <li>10. Run the test again.</li> <li>11. Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source.</li> <li>12. Reseat all of the DIMMs.</li> <li>13. Reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.</li> <li>14. Run the test again.</li> <li>15. Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source.</li> <li>16. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.</li> <li>17. Reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.</li> <li>18. Run the test again.</li> <li>19. If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |

Table 6. DSA Preboot messages (continued)

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |           |              |        |  |  |
|---|-----------|--------------|--------|--|--|
| Message number  | Component | Test         | State  | Description  | Action   |
| 166-904-xxx   | IMM       | IMM I2C Test | Failed | The IMM indicates a failure in the power supply bus (Bus 3). | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.</li> <li>After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>Turn off the server and disconnect the power cord from the server; then , reconnect power cord.</li> <li>Reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system, then, run the test again.</li> <li>Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source.</li> <li>Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.</li> <li>Reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |

Table 6. DSA Preboot messages (continued)

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>• Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |           |              |        |   |   |
|---|-----------|--------------|--------|---|---|
| Message number  | Component | Test         | State  | Description   | Action  |
| 166-905-xxx   | IMM       | IMM I2C Test | Failed | The IMM indicates a failure in the HDD bus (Bus 4). | <p><b>Note:</b> Ignore the error if the hard disk drive backplane is not installed.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.</li> <li>2. After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.</li> <li>3. Run the test again.</li> <li>4. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>5. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>6. Run the test again.</li> <li>7. Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source.</li> <li>8. Reseat the hard disk drive backplane.</li> <li>9. Reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.</li> <li>10. Run the test again.</li> <li>11. Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source.</li> <li>12. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.</li> <li>13. Reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.</li> <li>14. Run the test again.</li> <li>15. If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |

Table 6. DSA Preboot messages (continued)

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |           |              |         |  |   |
|---|-----------|--------------|---------|--|---|
| Message number  | Component | Test         | State   | Description  | Action  |
| 166-906-xxx   | IMM       | IMM I2C Test | Failed  | The IMM indicates a failure in the memory configuration bus (Bus 5).                         | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.</li> <li>After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source.</li> <li>Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.</li> <li>Reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |
| 201-801-xxx   | Memory    | Memory Test  | Aborted | Test canceled: the system UEFI programmed the memory controller with an invalid CBAR address | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Turn off and restart the system.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>Make sure that the server firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol>  |

Table 6. DSA Preboot messages (continued)

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>• Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |           |             |         |   |  |
|---|-----------|-------------|---------|---|--|
| Message number  | Component | Test        | State   | Description   | Action   |
| 201-802-xxx   | Memory    | Memory Test | Aborted | Test canceled: the end address in the E820 function is less than 16 MB. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Turn off and restart the system.</li> <li>2. Run the test again.</li> <li>3. Make sure that all DIMMs are enabled in the Setup utility.</li> <li>4. Make sure that the server firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>5. Run the test again.</li> <li>6. If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |
| 201-803-xxx   | Memory    | Memory Test | Aborted | Test canceled: could not enable the processor cache.                    | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Turn off and restart the system.</li> <li>2. Run the test again.</li> <li>3. Make sure that the server firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>4. Run the test again.</li> <li>5. If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol>  |
| 201-804-xxx   | Memory    | Memory Test | Aborted | Test canceled: the memory controller buffer request failed.             | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Turn off and restart the system.</li> <li>2. Run the test again.</li> <li>3. Make sure that the server firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>4. Run the test again.</li> <li>5. If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol>  |

Table 6. DSA Preboot messages (continued)

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>• Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |           |             |         |   |   |
|---|-----------|-------------|---------|---|---|
| Message number  | Component | Test        | State   | Description   | Action  |
| 201-805-xxx   | Memory    | Memory Test | Aborted | Test canceled: the memory controller display/alter write operation was not completed. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Turn off and restart the system.</li> <li>2. Run the test again.</li> <li>3. Make sure that the server firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>4. Run the test again.</li> <li>5. If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |
| 201-806-xxx   | Memory    | Memory Test | Aborted | Test canceled: the memory controller fast scrub operation was not completed.          | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Turn off and restart the system.</li> <li>2. Run the test again.</li> <li>3. Make sure that the server firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>4. Run the test again.</li> <li>5. If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |
| 201-807-xxx   | Memory    | Memory Test | Aborted | Test canceled: the memory controller buffer free request failed.                      | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Turn off and restart the system.</li> <li>2. Run the test again.</li> <li>3. Make sure that the server firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>4. Run the test again.</li> <li>5. If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |



Table 6. DSA Preboot messages (continued)

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>• Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |           |             |         |  |  |
|---|-----------|-------------|---------|--|--|
| Message number  | Component | Test        | State   | Description  | Action   |
| 201-808-xxx   | Memory    | Memory Test | Aborted | Test canceled: memory controller display/alter buffer execute error. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Turn off and restart the system.</li> <li>2. Run the test again.</li> <li>3. Make sure that the server firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>4. Run the test again.</li> <li>5. If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol>  |
| 201-809-xxx   | Memory    | Memory Test | Aborted | Test canceled program error: operation running fast scrub.           | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Turn off and restart the system.</li> <li>2. Run the test again.</li> <li>3. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>4. Make sure that the server firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>5. Run the test again.</li> <li>6. If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |

Table 6. DSA Preboot messages (continued)

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |           |             |         |  |  |
|---|-----------|-------------|---------|--|--|
| Message number  | Component | Test        | State   | Description  | Action   |
| 201-810-xxx   | Memory    | Memory Test | Aborted | Test stopped: unknown error code xxx received in COMMONEXIT procedure. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Turn off and restart the system.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>Make sure that the server firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol>   |
| 201-901-xxx   | Memory    | Memory Test | Failed  | Test failure: single-bit error, failing DIMM z.                        | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source.</li> <li>Reseat DIMM z.</li> <li>Reconnect the system to power and turn on the system.</li> <li>Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>Make sure that the server firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>Replace the failing DIMMs.</li> <li>Re-enable all memory in the Setup utility (see “Using the Setup utility” on page 195).</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>Replace the failing DIMM.</li> <li>If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |

Table 6. DSA Preboot messages (continued)

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>• Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |           |                    |         |  |   |
|---|-----------|--------------------|---------|--|---|
| Message number  | Component | Test               | State   | Description  | Action  |
| 201-902-xxx   | Memory    | Memory Test        | Failed  | Test failure: single-bit and multi-bit error, failing DIMM z | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source.</li> <li>2. Reseat DIMM z.</li> <li>3. Reconnect the system to power and turn on the system.</li> <li>4. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>5. Make sure that the server firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>6. Run the test again.</li> <li>7. Replace the failing DIMMs.</li> <li>8. Re-enable all memory in the Setup utility see “Using the Setup utility” on page 195).</li> <li>9. Run the test again.</li> <li>10. If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |
| 202-801-xxx   | Memory    | Memory Stress Test | Aborted | Internal program error.                                      | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Turn off and restart the system.</li> <li>2. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>3. Make sure that the server firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>4. Run the test again.</li> <li>5. Turn off and restart the system if necessary to recover from a hung state.</li> <li>6. Run the memory diagnostics to identify the specific failing DIMM.</li> <li>7. If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol>   |

Table 6. DSA Preboot messages (continued)

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>• Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |           |                    |        |   |  |
|---|-----------|--------------------|--------|---|--|
| Message number  | Component | Test               | State  | Description   | Action   |
| 202-802-xxx   | Memory    | Memory Stress Test | Failed | General error: memory size is insufficient to run the test. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that all memory is enabled by checking the Available System Memory in the Resource Utilization section of the DSA event log. If necessary, enable all memory in the Setup utility (see “Using the Setup utility” on page 195).</li> <li>2. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>3. Run the test again.</li> <li>4. Run the standard memory test to validate all memory.</li> <li>5. If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |
| 202-901-xxx   | Memory    | Memory Stress Test | Failed | Test failure.   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Run the standard memory test to validate all memory.</li> <li>2. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>3. Turn off the system and disconnect it from power.</li> <li>4. Reseat the DIMMs.</li> <li>5. Reconnect the system to power and turn on the system.</li> <li>6. Run the test again.</li> <li>7. If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol>  |

Table 6. DSA Preboot messages (continued)

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>• Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |               |  |         |   |  |
|---|---------------|--|---------|---|--|
| Message number  | Component     | Test   | State   | Description                                   | Action   |
| 215-801-xxx   | Optical Drive | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Verify Media Installed</li> <li>• Read/Write Test</li> <li>• Self-Test</li> </ul> <p>Messages and actions apply to all three tests.</p> | Aborted | Unable to communicate with the device driver. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>2. Run the test again.</li> <li>3. Check the drive cabling at both ends for loose or broken connections or damage to the cable. Replace the cable if it is damaged.</li> <li>4. Run the test again.</li> <li>5. For additional troubleshooting information, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1MIGR-41559">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1MIGR-41559</a>.</li> <li>6. Run the test again.</li> <li>7. Make sure that the system firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>8. Run the test again.</li> <li>9. Replace the CD/DVD drive.</li> <li>10. If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |

Table 6. DSA Preboot messages (continued)

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |               |  |         |   |   |
|---|---------------|--|---------|---|---|
| Message number  | Component     | Test   | State   | Description                             | Action  |
| 215-802-xxx   | Optical Drive | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Verify Media Installed</li> <li>Read/Write Test</li> <li>Self-Test</li> </ul> <p>Messages and actions apply to all three tests.</p> | Aborted | The media tray is open.                 | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Close the media tray and wait 15 seconds.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>Insert a new CD/DVD into the drive and wait for 15 seconds for the media to be recognized.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>Check the drive cabling at both ends for loose or broken connections or damage to the cable. Replace the cable if it is damaged.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>For additional troubleshooting information, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1MIGR-41559">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1MIGR-41559</a>.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>Replace the CD/DVD drive.</li> <li>If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |
| 215-803-xxx   | Optical Drive | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Verify Media Installed</li> <li>Read/Write Test</li> <li>Self-Test</li> </ul> <p>Messages and actions apply to all three tests.</p> | Failed  | The disc might be in use by the system. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Wait for the system activity to stop.</li> <li>Run the test again</li> <li>Turn off and restart the system.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>Replace the CD/DVD drive.</li> <li>If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol>   |

Table 6. DSA Preboot messages (continued)

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>• Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |               |  |         |                              |   |
|---|---------------|--|---------|------------------------------|---|
| Message number  | Component     | Test   | State   | Description                  | Action  |
| 215-901-xxx   | Optical Drive | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Verify Media Installed</li> <li>• Read/Write Test</li> <li>• Self-Test</li> </ul> <p>Messages and actions apply to all three tests.</p> | Aborted | Drive media is not detected. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Insert a CD/DVD into the drive or try a new media, and wait for 15 seconds.</li> <li>2. Run the test again.</li> <li>3. Check the drive cabling at both ends for loose or broken connections or damage to the cable. Replace the cable if it is damaged.</li> <li>4. Run the test again.</li> <li>5. For additional troubleshooting information, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1MIGR-41559">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1MIGR-41559</a>.</li> <li>6. Run the test again.</li> <li>7. Replace the CD/DVD drive.</li> <li>8. If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |
| 215-902-xxx   | Optical Drive | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Verify Media Installed</li> <li>• Read/Write Test</li> <li>• Self-Test</li> </ul> <p>Messages and actions apply to all three tests.</p> | Failed  | Read miscompare.             | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Insert a CD/DVD into the drive or try a new media, and wait for 15 seconds.</li> <li>2. Run the test again.</li> <li>3. Check the drive cabling at both ends for loose or broken connections or damage to the cable. Replace the cable if it is damaged.</li> <li>4. Run the test again.</li> <li>5. For additional troubleshooting information, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1MIGR-41559">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1MIGR-41559</a>.</li> <li>6. Run the test again.</li> <li>7. Replace the CD/DVD drive.</li> <li>8. If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |

Table 6. DSA Preboot messages (continued)

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |               |  |         |                             |  |
|---|---------------|--|---------|-----------------------------|--|
| Message number  | Component     | Test   | State   | Description                 | Action   |
| 215-903-xxx   | Optical Drive | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Verify Media Installed</li> <li>Read/Write Test</li> <li>Self-Test</li> </ul> <p>Messages and actions apply to all three tests.</p> | Aborted | Could not access the drive. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Insert a CD/DVD into the drive or try a new media, and wait for 15 seconds.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>Check the drive cabling at both ends for loose or broken connections or damage to the cable. Replace the cable if it is damaged.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA</a>.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>For additional troubleshooting information, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1MIGR-41559">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1MIGR-41559</a>.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>Replace the CD/DVD drive.</li> <li>If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |
| 215-904-xxx   | Optical Drive | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Verify Media Installed</li> <li>Read/Write Test</li> <li>Self-Test</li> </ul> <p>Messages and actions apply to all three tests.</p> | Failed  | A read error occurred.      | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Insert a CD/DVD into the drive or try a new media, and wait for 15 seconds.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>Check the drive cabling at both ends for loose or broken connections or damage to the cable. Replace the cable if it is damaged.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>For additional troubleshooting information, go to <a href="http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1MIGR-41559">http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1MIGR-41559</a>.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>Replace the CD/DVD drive.</li> <li>If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol>  |



Table 6. DSA Preboot messages (continued)

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>• Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |                       |                   |        |             |  |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------|--------|-------------|--|
| Message number  | Component             | Test              | State  | Description | Action   |
| 217-901-xxx   | SAS/SATA Hard Drive   | Disk Drive Test   | Failed |             | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Reseat all hard disk drive backplane connections at both ends.</li> <li>2. Reseat all drives.</li> <li>3. Run the test again.</li> <li>4. Make sure that the firmware is at the latest level.</li> <li>5. Run the test again.</li> <li>6. If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol>  |
| 405-901-xxx   | Intel Ethernet Device | Adapter Registers | Failed |             | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that the component firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>2. Run the test again.</li> <li>3. Replace the component that is causing the error. If the error is caused by an adapter, replace the adapter. Check the PCI Information and Network Settings information in the DSA event log to determine the physical location of the failing component.</li> <li>4. If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |
| 405-902-xxx   | Intel Ethernet Device | Test EEPROM       | Failed |             | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that the component firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>2. Run the test again.</li> <li>3. Replace the component that is causing the error. If the error is caused by an adapter, replace the adapter. Check the PCI Information and Network Settings information in the DSA event log to determine the physical location of the failing component.</li> <li>4. If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |

Table 6. DSA Preboot messages (continued)

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |                       |                      |        |             |   |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------|--------|-------------|---|
| Message number  | Component             | Test                 | State  | Description | Action  |
| 405-903-xxx   | Intel Ethernet Device | Test Internal Memory | Failed |             | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Make sure that the component firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>Check the interrupt assignments in the PCI Hardware section of the DSA event log. If the Ethernet device is sharing interrupts, if possible, use the Setup utility see “Using the Setup utility” on page 195) to assign a unique interrupt to the device.</li> <li>Replace the component that is causing the error. If the error is caused by an adapter, replace the adapter. Check the PCI Information and Network Settings information in the DSA event log to determine the physical location of the failing component.</li> <li>If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |
| 405-904-xxx   | Intel Ethernet Device | Test Interrupt       | Failed |             | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Make sure that the component firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>Run the test again.</li> <li>Check the interrupt assignments in the PCI Hardware section of the DSA event log. If the Ethernet device is sharing interrupts, if possible, use the Setup utility see “Using the Setup utility” on page 195) to assign a unique interrupt to the device.</li> <li>Replace the component that is causing the error. If the error is caused by an adapter, replace the adapter. Check the PCI Information and Network Settings information in the DSA event log to determine the physical location of the failing component.</li> <li>If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |

Table 6. DSA Preboot messages (continued)

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>• Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |                       |                                  |        |             |  |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------------------|--------|-------------|--|
| Message number  | Component             | Test                             | State  | Description | Action   |
| 405-906-xxx   | Intel Ethernet Device | Test Loop back at Physical Layer | Failed |             | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the Ethernet cable for damage and make sure that the cable type and connection are correct.</li> <li>2. Make sure that the component firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>3. Run the test again.</li> <li>4. Replace the component that is causing the error. If the error is caused by an adapter, replace the adapter. Check the PCI Information and Network Settings information in the DSA event log to determine the physical location of the failing component.</li> <li>5. If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |
| 405-907-xxx   | Intel Ethernet Device | Test Loop back at MAC-Layer      | Failed |             | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that the component firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>2. Run the test again.</li> <li>3. Replace the component that is causing the error. If the error is caused by an adapter, replace the adapter. Check the PCI Information and Network Settings information in the DSA event log to determine the physical location of the failing component.</li> <li>4. If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol>   |

Table 6. DSA Preboot messages (continued)

| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.</li> <li>• See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).</li> <li>• If an action step is preceded by “(Trained service technician only),” that step must be performed only by a Trained service technician.</li> <li>• Go to the IBM support website at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/</a> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.</li> </ul> |                       |           |        |             |  |
|---|-----------------------|-----------|--------|-------------|--|
| Message number  | Component             | Test      | State  | Description | Action   |
| 405-908-xxx   | Intel Ethernet Device | Test LEDs | Failed |             | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that the component firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see “Updating the firmware” on page 191.</li> <li>2. Run the test again.</li> <li>3. Replace the component that is causing the error. If the error is caused by an adapter, replace the adapter. Check the PCI Information and Network Settings information in the DSA event log to determine the physical location of the failing component.</li> <li>4. If the failure remains, go to the IBM website for more troubleshooting information at <a href="http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL">http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&amp;Indocid=SERV-CALL</a>.</li> </ol> |

---

## Recovering the server firmware

**Important:** Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.

If the server firmware has become corrupted, such as from a power failure during an update, you can recover the server firmware in one of two ways:

- **In-band method:** Recover server firmware, using either the boot block jumper (Automated Boot Recovery) and a server Firmware Update Package Service Pack.
- **Out-of-band method:** Use the IMM Web Interface to update the firmware, using the latest server firmware update package.

**Note:** You can obtain a server update package from one of the following sources:

- Download the server firmware update from the World Wide Web.
- Contact your IBM service representative.

To download the server firmware update package from the World Wide Web, complete the following steps.

**Note:** Changes are made periodically to the IBM website. The actual procedure might vary slightly from what is described in this document.

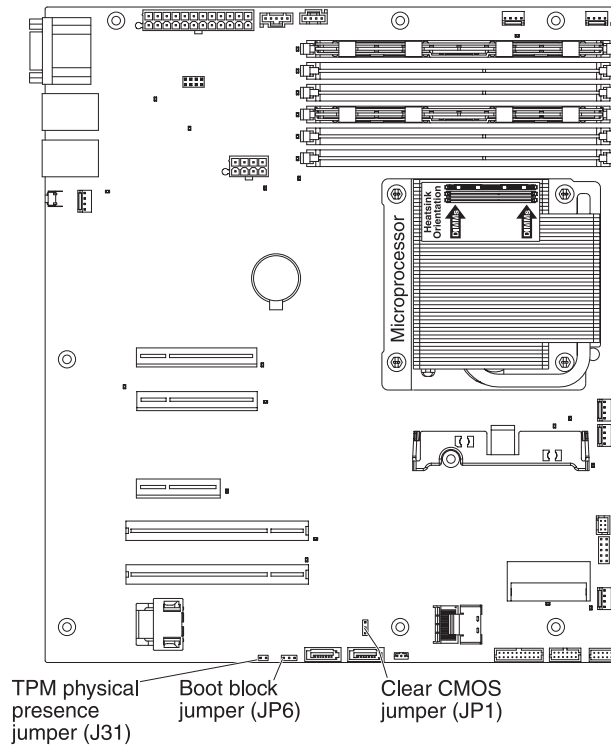
1. Go to <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/>.
2. Under **Product support**, click **System x**.
3. Under **Popular links**, click **Software and device drivers**.
4. Click **System x3250 M3** to display the matrix of downloadable files for the server.
5. Download the latest server firmware update.

The flash memory of the server consists of a primary bank and a backup bank. It is essential that you maintain the backup bank with a bootable firmware image. If the primary bank becomes corrupted, you can either manually boot the backup bank with the boot block jumper, or in the case of image corruption, this will occur automatically with the Automated Boot Recovery function.

### In-band manual recovery method

To recover the server firmware and restore the server operation to the primary bank, complete the following steps:

1. Turn off the server, and disconnect all power cords and external cables.
2. Remove the server cover. See “Removing the cover” on page 128 for more information.
3. Locate the boot block jumper (JP6) on the system board.



4. Move the jumper from pins 1 and 2 to pins 2 and 3 to enable the UEFI recovery mode.
5. Reinstall the server cover; then, reconnect all power cords.
6. Restart the server. The power-on self-test (POST) starts.
7. Boot the server to an operating system that is supported by the firmware update package that you downloaded.
8. Perform the firmware update by following the instructions that are in the firmware update package readme file.
9. Copy the downloaded firmware update package into a directory.
10. From a command line, type *filename-s*, where *filename* is the name of the executable file that you downloaded with the firmware update package.
11. Turn off the server and disconnect all power cords and external cables, and then remove the server cover.
12. Move the boot block recovery jumper back to the primary position (pins 1 and 2).
13. Reinstall the server cover, and then reconnect all the power cables.
14. Restart the server.

#### In-band automated boot recovery method

**Note:** Use this method if the system board error LED is lit and there is a log entry or Booting Backup Image is displayed on the firmware splash screen; otherwise, use the in-band manual recovery method.

1. Boot the server to an operating system that is supported by the firmware update package that you downloaded.
2. Perform the firmware update by following the instructions that are in the firmware update package readme file.
3. Restart the server.

4. At the firmware splash screen, press F3 when you are prompted to restore to the primary bank. The server boots from the primary bank.

**Out-of-band method:** See the IMM documentation.

---

## Automated boot recovery (ABR)

If the server is booting up and the IMM detect problems with the server firmware in the primary bank, it will automatically switch to the backup firmware bank and give you the opportunity to recover the primary bank. To recover to the server firmware primary bank, complete the following steps.

1. Restart the server.
2. When the prompt press F3 to restore to primary is displayed, press F3 to recover the primary bank. Pressing F3 will restart the server.

---

## Three boot failure

Configuration changes, such as added devices or adapter firmware updates can cause the server to fail POST (power-on self-test). If this occurs on three consecutive boot attempts, the server will temporarily use the default configuration values and automatically goes to F1 Setup. To solve the problem, complete the following steps:

1. Undo any configuration changes that you made recently and restart the server.
2. Remove any devices that you added recently and restart the server.
3. If the problem remains, go to Setup and select **Load Default Settings**, and then click **Save** to restore the server factory settings.

---

## Solving power problems

Power problems can be difficult to solve. For example, a short circuit can exist anywhere on any of the power distribution buses. Usually, a short circuit will cause the power subsystem to shut down because of an overcurrent condition. To diagnose a power problem, use the following general procedure:

1. If your model comes with a power supply that has the AEM feature, check the LEDs on the power supply at the rear of the server (see “Power-supply LEDs” on page 73).
2. Turn off the server and disconnect all ac power cords.
3. Check the power-fault LEDs on the system board (see “Power problems” on page 66).
4. Check for loose cables in the power subsystem. Also check for short circuits, for example, if a loose screw is causing a short circuit on a circuit board.
5. Remove the adapters and disconnect the cables and power cords to all internal and external devices until the server is at the minimum configuration that is required for the server to start (see “Solving undetermined problems” on page 114 for the minimum configuration).
6. Reconnect all ac power cords and turn on the server. If the server starts successfully, reseat the adapters and devices one at a time until the problem is isolated.

If the server does not start from the minimum configuration, replace the components in the minimum configuration one at a time until the problem is isolated.

---

## Solving Ethernet controller problems

The method that you use to test the Ethernet controller depends on which operating system you are using. See the operating-system documentation for information about Ethernet controllers, and see the Ethernet controller device-driver readme file.

Try the following procedures:

- Make sure that the correct device drivers, which come with the server are installed and that they are at the latest level.
- Make sure that the Ethernet cable is installed correctly.
  - The cable must be securely attached at all connections. If the cable is attached but the problem remains, try a different cable.
  - If you set the Ethernet controller to operate at 100 Mbps, you must use Category 5 cabling.
  - If you directly connect two servers (without a hub), or if you are not using a hub with X ports, use a crossover cable. To determine whether a hub has an X port, check the port label. If the label contains an X, the hub has an X port.
- Determine whether the hub supports auto-negotiation. If it does not, try configuring the integrated Ethernet controller manually to match the speed and duplex mode of the hub.
- Check the Ethernet controller LEDs on the rear panel of the server. These LEDs indicate whether there is a problem with the connector, cable, or hub.
  - The Ethernet link status LED is lit when the Ethernet controller receives a link pulse from the hub. If the LED is off, there might be a defective connector or cable or a problem with the hub.
  - The Ethernet transmit/receive activity LED is lit when the Ethernet controller sends or receives data over the Ethernet network. If the Ethernet transmit/receive activity is off, make sure that the hub and network are operating and that the correct device drivers are installed.
- Check the LAN activity LED on the rear of the server. The LAN activity LED is lit when data is active on the Ethernet network. If the LAN activity LED is off, make sure that the hub and network are operating and that the correct device drivers are installed.
- Check for operating-system-specific causes of the problem.
- Make sure that the device drivers on the client and server are using the same protocol.

If the Ethernet controller still cannot connect to the network but the hardware appears to be working, the network administrator must investigate other possible causes of the error.

---

## Solving undetermined problems

If the diagnostic tests did not diagnose the failure or if the server is inoperative, use the information in this section.

If you suspect that a software problem is causing failures (continuous or intermittent), see “Software problems” on page 69.

Damaged data in CMOS memory or damaged server firmware can cause undetermined problems. To reset the CMOS data, use the CMOS jumper to clear the CMOS memory and override the power-on password; see “System-board switches and jumpers” on page 16. If you suspect that the server firmware is damaged, see “Recovering the server firmware” on page 111.

If the power supplies are working correctly, complete the following steps:



1. Turn off the server.
2. Make sure that the server is cabled correctly.
3. Remove or disconnect the following devices, one at a time, until you find the failure. Turn on the server and reconfigure it each time.
  - Any external devices.
  - Surge-suppressor device (on the server).
  - Printer, mouse, and non-IBM devices.
  - Each adapter.
  - Hard disk drives.
  - Memory modules. The minimum configuration requirement is 1 GB DIMM in slots 3.
4. Turn on the server. If the problem remains, suspect the following components in the following order:
  - Memory module
  - Microprocessor
  - System board

If the problem is solved when you remove an adapter from the server but the problem recurs when you reinstall the same adapter, suspect the adapter; if the problem recurs when you replace the adapter with a different one, suspect the riser card.

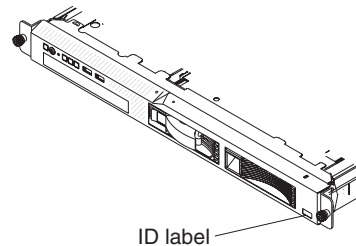
If you suspect a networking problem and the server passes all the system tests, suspect a network cabling problem that is external to the server.

---

## Problem determination tips

Because of the variety of hardware and software combinations that can encounter, use the following information to assist you in problem determination. If possible, have this information available when requesting assistance from IBM.

The model number and serial number of the server are located on the front bezel.



**Note:** The illustrations in this document might differ slightly from your hardware.

- Machine type and model
- Microprocessor or hard disk drive upgrades
- Failure symptom
  - Does the server fail the diagnostic tests?
  - What occurs? When? Where?
  - Does the failure occur on a single server or on multiple servers?
  - Is the failure repeatable?
  - Has this configuration ever worked?
  - What changes, if any, were made before the configuration failed?
  - Is this the original reported failure?

- Diagnostic program type and version level
- Hardware configuration (print screen of the system summary)
- IMM firmware level
- Operating system software

You can solve some problems by comparing the configuration and software setups between working and nonworking servers. When you compare servers to each other for diagnostic purposes, consider them identical only if all the following factors are exactly the same in all the servers:

- Machine type and model
- IMM firmware level
- Adapters and attachments, in the same locations
- Address jumpers, terminators, and cabling
- Software versions and levels
- Diagnostic program type and version level
- Configuration option settings
- Operating-system control-file setup

See Appendix A, “Getting help and technical assistance,” on page 217 for information about calling IBM for service.

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## Chapter 4. Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261

The following replaceable components are available for the System x3250 M3 Type 4251, 4252, or 4261 server, except as specified otherwise in “Replaceable server components.” For an updated parts listing on the Web, complete the following steps.

**Note:** Changes are made periodically to the IBM website. The actual procedure might vary slightly from what is described in this document.

1. Go to <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/>.
2. Under **Product support**, click **System x**.
3. Under **Popular links**, select **Parts documents lookup**.
4. From the **Product family** menu, select **System x3250 M3** and click **Go**.

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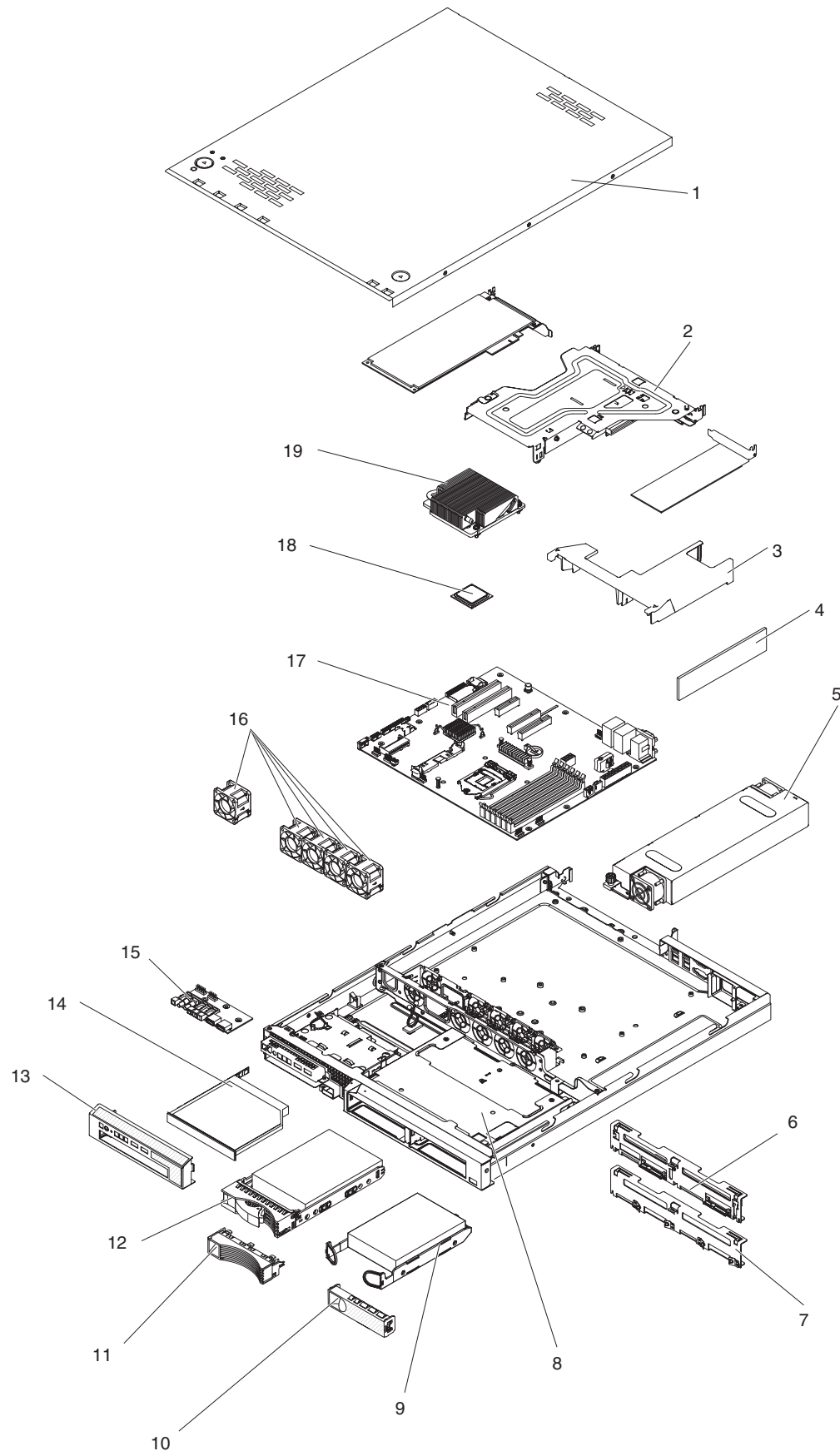
### Replaceable server components

Replaceable components are of four types:

- **Consumable part:** Purchase and replacement of consumable parts (components, such as printer cartridges, that have depleting life) is your responsibility. If IBM acquires or installs a consumable part at your request, you will be charged for the service.
- **Tier 1 customer replaceable unit (CRU):** Replacement of Tier 1 CRUs is your responsibility. If IBM installs a Tier 1 CRU at your request, you will be charged for the installation.
- **Tier 2 customer replaceable unit:** You may install a Tier 2 CRU yourself or request IBM to install it, at no additional charge, under the type of warranty service that is designated for your server.
- **Field replaceable unit (FRU):** FRUs must be installed only by Trained service technicians.

For information about the terms of the warranty and getting service and assistance, see the *Warranty Information* document that comes with the server.

The following illustration shows the major components in the server. The illustrations in this document might differ slightly from your hardware.



The following table lists the part numbers for the server components.

Table 7. Parts listing, Types 4251, 4252, and 4261

| Index | Description   | CRU part number (Tier 1) | CRU part number (Tier 2) | FRU part number |
|-------|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| 1     | Top cover (All models)  | 59Y3223                  |                          |                 |
| 2     | PCI-E riser-card assembly   | 49Y4673                  |                          |                 |
| 3     | DIMM air baffle   | 46C6798                  |                          |                 |
| 4     | Memory, 1 GB single-rank PC3-10600R-999 DDR3 ECC RDIMM (models 42x, 52x, 62x and C2x) | 44T1490                  |                          |                 |
| 4     | Memory, 2 GB single-rank PC3-10600R-999 LP RDIMM                                      | 44T1582                  |                          |                 |
| 4     | Memory, 2 GB single-rank PC3-10600 DDR3-1333 LP UDIMM                                 | 44T1574                  |                          |                 |
| 4     | Memory, 2 GB dual-rank PC3-10600R-999 DDR3 ECC RDIMM                                  | 44T1491                  |                          |                 |
| 4     | Memory, 4 GB dual-rank PC3-10600R-999 DDR3 ECC RDIMM                                  | 44T1598                  |                          |                 |
| 4     | Memory, 8 GB quad-rank PC3-8500 DDR3-1066 LP RDIMM                                    | 46C7488                  |                          |                 |
| 4     | Memory, 1 GB single-rank PC3-10600R-999 DDR3 ECC UDIMM (models 22x and 32x)           | 44T1572                  |                          |                 |
| 4     | Memory, 2 GB dual-rank PC3-10600R-999 DDR3 ECC UDIMM                                  | 44T1573                  |                          |                 |
| 4     | Memory, 4 GB dual-rank PC3-10600R-999 DDR3 ECC LP UDIMM                               | 44T1575                  |                          |                 |
| 5     | Power supply, 351 Watt, non-redundant   |                          | 49Y4663                  |                 |
| 5     | Power supply, 351 Watt, non-redundant, high-efficient, AEM                            |                          | 49Y4664                  |                 |
| 6     | Backplane, 2.5-inch hot-swap SAS (model 62x)  |                          | 46C6757                  |                 |
| 7     | Backplane, 3.5-inch hot-swap SAS (models 42x and 52x)                                 |                          | 46C6756                  |                 |
| 8     | Hard disk drive cage, 2.5-inch (model 62x)  |                          | 59Y3227                  |                 |
| 8     | Hard disk drive cage, 3.5-inch  |                          | 59Y3226                  |                 |
| 9     | Hard disk drive, 250 GB 7.2 K 3.5-inch simple-swap SATA                               | 39M4511                  |                          |                 |
| 9     | Hard disk drive, 500 GB 7.2 K 3.5-inch simple-swap SATA                               | 39M4517                  |                          |                 |
| 10    | Filler panel, 3.5-inch SATA hard disk drive (models 42x and 52x)                      | 39M4375                  |                          |                 |
| 11    | Filler panel, 3.5-inch SAS hard disk drive (model 22x, 32x, and C2x)                  | 39M4343                  |                          |                 |
| 12    | Hard disk drive, 146 GB 15 K 3.5-inch hot-swap SAS                                    | 39R7350                  |                          |                 |
| 12    | Hard disk drive, 250 GB 7.2 K 3.5-inch hot-swap SATA                                  | 39M4529                  |                          |                 |
| 12    | Hard disk drive, 500 GB 7.2 K 3.5-inch hot-swap SATA                                  | 39M4533                  |                          |                 |
| 13    | Front bezel   | 59Y3220                  |                          |                 |
| 14    | Filler, DVD drive bay (models 22x, 32x, 42x, 52x, 62x, and C2x)                       | 49Y4868                  |                          |                 |
| 14    | CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive   | 44W3255                  |                          |                 |
| 14    | CD-RW/DVD-RW drive  | 44W3256                  |                          |                 |
| 14    | DVD-ROM drive   | 44W3254                  |                          |                 |

Table 7. Parts listing, Types 4251, 4252, and 4261 (continued)

| Index | Description  | CRU part number (Tier 1) | CRU part number (Tier 2) | FRU part number |
|-------|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| 15    | Operator information panel assembly                                    |                          | 46C6797                  |                 |
| 16    | System fan   | 59Y3212                  |                          |                 |
| 17    | System board   |                          |                          | 81Y6747         |
| 18    | Microprocessor, Xeon 2.4 GHz, 1333MHz-8MB, 4C (model C2x)              |                          |                          | 49Y4647         |
| 18    | Microprocessor, Xeon 2.53 GHz, 1333MHz-8MB, 4C (model 42x)             |                          |                          | 49Y4648         |
| 18    | Microprocessor, Xeon 2.67 GHz, 1333MHz-8MB, 4C (model 52x)             |                          |                          | 49Y4649         |
| 18    | Microprocessor, Xeon 2.8 GHz, 1333MHz-8MB, 4C (model 62x)              |                          |                          | 49Y4668         |
| 18    | Microprocessor, Xeon 2.26GHz, 1066MHz-4MB, 2C (Clarkdale 30W)          |                          |                          | 69Y5220         |
| 18    | Microprocessor, Xeon 3.06GHz, 1333MHz-8MB, 4C (Lynnfield 95W)          |                          |                          | 69Y5222         |
| 18    | Microprocessor, Celeron G1101 2.26 GHz, 1066MHz-2MB, 2C (model 22x)    |                          |                          | 49Y4645         |
| 18    | Microprocessor, Core i3-530 2.93GHz, 1333MHz-4MB, 2C (model 32x)       |                          |                          | 59Y3176         |
| 18    | Microprocessor, Core i3 550 3.2GHz 1066MHz-4MB, 2C (Clarkdale 73W)     |                          |                          | 69Y5221         |
| 18    | Microprocessor, Xeon 2.8GHz, 1333MHz-8 MB, 4C (model 62x)              |                          |                          | 49Y4668         |
| 18    | Microprocessor, Xeon 3.06GHz, 1333MHz-8 MB, 4C, 95W                    |                          |                          | 69Y5222         |
| 18    | Microprocessor, Pentium G6950 2.8GHz, 1066MHz-3 MB, 2C                 |                          |                          | 49Y4646         |
| 18    | Microprocessor, Core i3-540 3.06GHz, 1333MHz-4 MB, 2C                  |                          |                          | 59Y3175         |
| 19    | Heat sink  |                          |                          | 59Y3221         |
|       | PCI-E low-profile riser-card   | 46C6796                  |                          |                 |
|       | PCI-X riser-card   | 49Y4675                  |                          |                 |
|       | Rack ear bracket   | 39M4351                  |                          |                 |
|       | ServeRAID-BR10il v2 adapter with 3U bracket (models 42x, 52x, and 62x) |                          |                          | 49Y4737         |
|       | ServeRAID-MR10i adapter  | 43W4296                  |                          |                 |
|       | ServeRAID-MR10is VAULT adapter   | 44E8695                  |                          |                 |
|       | Battery, 3.0 volt  | 33F8354                  |                          |                 |
|       | Cable, SAS signal, 500 mm (models 42x and 52x)                         |                          | 59Y3214                  |                 |
|       | Cable, Mini SAS signal (model 62x)                                     |                          | 41Y3884                  |                 |
|       | Cable, SATA optical drive  |                          | 59Y3229                  |                 |
|       | Cable, front operator panel  |                          | 59Y3228                  |                 |
|       | Cable, 3.5-inch simple-swap SATA (models 22x, 32x, and C2x)            |                          | 59Y3230                  |                 |

Table 7. Parts listing, Types 4251, 4252, and 4261 (continued)

| Index | Description  | CRU part number (Tier 1) | CRU part number (Tier 2) | FRU part number |
|-------|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
|       | Cable, backplane (models 42x, 52x and 62x)           |                          | 59Y3210                  |                 |
|       | Chassis  |                          |                          | 59Y3225         |
|       | Hard disk drive, 73 GB 15K 2.5-inch hot-swap SAS     | 42D0673                  |                          |                 |
|       | Hard disk drive, 146 GB 15K 2.5-inch hot-swap SAS    | 42D0678                  |                          |                 |
|       | Hard disk drive, 146 GB 10K 2.5-inch hot-swap SAS    | 42D0633                  |                          |                 |
|       | Hard disk drive, 300 GB 10K 2.5-inch hot-swap SAS    | 42D0638                  |                          |                 |
|       | Labels, system service                               | 59Y3215                  |                          |                 |
|       | EMC filler (model 62x)                               | 44T2248                  |                          |                 |
|       | NetXtreme II 1000 Express Ethernet Adapter           | 39Y6070                  |                          |                 |
|       | NetXtreme II 1000 Express Dual Port Ethernet Adapter | 49Y4205                  |                          |                 |
|       | NetXtreme II 1000 Express Quad Port Ethernet         | 49Y4222                  |                          |                 |
|       | PRO/1000 PT Dual Port Server Adapter                 | 39Y6128                  |                          |                 |
|       | Virtual media key                                    | 46C7532                  |                          |                 |
|       | 1U tool-less kit                                     |                          | 24P1121                  |                 |

If you need help with your order, call the toll-free number that is listed on the retail parts page, or contact your local IBM representative for assistance.

## Power cords

For your safety, IBM provides a power cord with a grounded attachment plug to use with this IBM product. To avoid electrical shock, always use the power cord and plug with a properly grounded outlet.

IBM power cords used in the United States and Canada are listed by Underwriter's Laboratories (UL) and certified by the Canadian Standards Association (CSA).

For units intended to be operated at 115 volts: Use a UL-listed and CSA-certified cord set consisting of a minimum 18 AWG, Type SVT or SJT, three-conductor cord, a maximum of 15 feet in length and a parallel blade, grounding-type attachment plug rated 15 amperes, 125 volts.

For units intended to be operated at 230 volts (U.S.): Use a UL-listed and CSA-certified cord set consisting of a minimum 18 AWG, Type SVT or SJT, three-conductor cord, a maximum of 15 feet in length and a tandem blade, grounding-type attachment plug rated 15 amperes, 250 volts.

For units intended to be operated at 230 volts (outside the U.S.): Use a cord set with a grounding-type attachment plug. The cord set should have the appropriate safety approvals for the country in which the equipment will be installed.

IBM power cords for a specific country or region are usually available only in that country or region.

| IBM power cord part number | Used in these countries and regions   |
|----------------------------|---|
| 39M5206                    | China   |
| 39M5102                    | Australia, Fiji, Kiribati, Nauru, New Zealand, Papua New Guinea   |
| 39M5123                    | Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Armenia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Belgium, Benin, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Comoros, Congo (Democratic Republic of), Congo (Republic of), Cote D'Ivoire (Ivory Coast), Croatia (Republic of), Czech Republic, Dahomey, Djibouti, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Estonia, Ethiopia, Finland, France, French Guyana, French Polynesia, Germany, Greece, Guadeloupe, Guinea, Guinea Bissau, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Laos (People's Democratic Republic of), Latvia, Lebanon, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Macedonia (former Yugoslav Republic of), Madagascar, Mali, Martinique, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mayotte, Moldova (Republic of), Monaco, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Netherlands, New Caledonia, Niger, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Reunion, Romania, Russian Federation, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia (Republic of), Somalia, Spain, Suriname, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Tahiti, Togo, Tunisia, Turkey, Turkmenistan, Ukraine, Upper Volta, Uzbekistan, Vanuatu, Vietnam, Wallis and Futuna, Yugoslavia (Federal Republic of), Zaire |
| 39M5130                    | Denmark   |
| 39M5144                    | Bangladesh, Lesotho, Macao, Maldives, Namibia, Nepal, Pakistan, Samoa, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Swaziland, Uganda   |
| 39M5151                    | Abu Dhabi, Bahrain, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Channel Islands, China (Hong Kong S.A.R.), Cyprus, Dominica, Gambia, Ghana, Grenada, Iraq, Ireland, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Liberia, Malawi, Malaysia, Malta, Myanmar (Burma), Nigeria, Oman, Polynesia, Qatar, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Sudan, Tanzania (United Republic of), Trinidad and Tobago, United Arab Emirates (Dubai), United Kingdom, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe   |
| 39M5158                    | Liechtenstein, Switzerland  |
| 39M5165                    | Chile, Italy, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya  |
| 39M5172                    | Israel  |
| 39M5095                    | 220 - 240 V<br><br>Antigua and Barbuda, Aruba, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Bermuda, Bolivia, Caicos Islands, Canada, Cayman Islands, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guam, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico, Micronesia (Federal States of), Netherlands Antilles, Nicaragua, Panama, Peru, Philippines, Saudi Arabia, Thailand, Taiwan, United States of America, Venezuela  |



| IBM power cord part number | Used in these countries and regions  |
|----------------------------|--|
| 39M5081                    | 110 - 120 V<br><br>Antigua and Barbuda, Aruba, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Bermuda, Bolivia, Caicos Islands, Canada, Cayman Islands, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guam, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico, Micronesia (Federal States of), Netherlands Antilles, Nicaragua, Panama, Peru, Philippines, Saudi Arabia, Thailand, Taiwan, United States of America, Venezuela |
| 39M5219                    | Korea (Democratic People's Republic of), Korea (Republic of)   |
| 39M5199                    | Japan  |
| 39M5068                    | Argentina, Paraguay, Uruguay   |
| 39M5226                    | India  |
| 39M5233                    | Brazil   |



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## Chapter 5. Removing and replacing server components

Replaceable components are of four types:

- **Consumable part:** Purchase and replacement of consumable parts (components, such as printer cartridges, that have depleting life) is your responsibility. If IBM acquires or installs a consumable part at your request, you will be charged for the service.
- **Tier 1 customer replaceable unit (CRU):** Replacement of Tier 1 CRUs is your responsibility. If IBM installs a Tier 1 CRU at your request, you will be charged for the installation.
- **Tier 2 customer replaceable unit:** You may install a Tier 2 CRU yourself or request IBM to install it, at no additional charge, under the type of warranty service that is designated for your server.
- **Field replaceable unit (FRU):** FRUs must be installed only by Trained service technicians.

See Chapter 4, “Parts listing, System x3250 M3 Types 4251, 4252, and 4261,” on page 117 to determine whether a component is a Tier 1 CRU, Tier 2 CRU, or FRU.

For information about the terms of the warranty and getting service and assistance, see the *Warranty Information* document that comes with the server.

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### Installation guidelines

Before you remove or replace a component, read the following information:

- Read the safety information that begins on page vii and the guidelines in “Working inside the server with the power on” on page 127 and “Handling static-sensitive devices” on page 127. This information will help you work safely.
- When you install your new server, take the opportunity to download and apply the most recent firmware updates. This step will help to ensure that any known issues are addressed and that your server is ready to function at maximum levels of performance. To download firmware updates for your server, complete the following steps:
  1. Go to <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/>.
  2. Under **Product support**, click **System x**.
  3. Under **Popular links**, click **Software and device drivers**.
  4. Click **System x3250 M3** to display the matrix of downloadable files for the server.

For additional information about tools for updating, managing, and deploying firmware, see the System x and BladeCenter Tools Center at <http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/toolsctr/v1r0/index.jsp>.

- Blue on a component indicates touch points, where you can grip the component to remove it from or install it in the server, open or close a latch, and so on.
- Orange on a component or an orange label on or near a component indicates that the component can be hot-swapped, which means that if the server and operating system support hot-swap capability, you can remove or install the component while the server is running. (Orange can also indicate touch points on hot-swap components.) See the instructions for removing or installing a specific hot-swap component for any additional procedures that you might have to perform before you remove or install the component.

- Before you install optional devices, make sure that the server is working correctly. Start the server, and make sure that the operating system starts, if an operating system is installed, or that a 19990305 error code is displayed, indicating that an operating system was not found but the server is otherwise working correctly. If the server is not working correctly, see Chapter 1, “Start here,” on page 1 and Chapter 3, “Diagnostics,” on page 21 for diagnostic information.
- Observe good housekeeping in the area where you are working. Place removed covers and other parts in a safe place.
- If you must start the server while the cover is removed, make sure that no one is near the server and that no other objects have been left inside the server.
- Do not attempt to lift an object that you think is too heavy for you. If you have to lift a heavy object, observe the following precautions:
  - Make sure that you stand safely without slipping.
  - Distribute the weight of the object equally between your feet.
  - Use a slow lifting force. Never move suddenly or twist when you lift a heavy object.
  - To avoid straining the muscles in your back, lift by standing or by pushing up with your leg muscles
- Make sure that you have an adequate number of properly grounded electrical outlets for the server, monitor, and other devices.
- Back up all important data before you make changes to disk drives.
- Have a small flat-blade screwdriver, a small Phillips screwdriver, and a T8 torx screwdriver available.
- You do not have to turn off the server to install or replace hot-swap drives or hot-plug Universal Serial Bus (USB) devices. However, you must turn off the server before you perform any steps that involve removing or installing adapter cables, and you must disconnect the power source before you perform any steps that involve removing or installing riser cards.
- When you are finished working on the server, reinstall all safety shields, guards, labels, and ground wires.
- For a list of supported optional devices for the server, see <http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/serverproven/compat/us/>.

## System reliability guidelines

To help ensure proper cooling and system reliability, make sure that the following requirements are met:

- Each of the drive bays has a drive or a filler panel and electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) shield installed in it.
- There is adequate space around the server to allow the server cooling system to work properly. Leave approximately 50 mm (2 in.) of open space around the front and rear of the server. Do not place objects in front of the fans. For proper cooling and airflow, replace the server cover before you turn on the server. Operating the server for extended periods of time (more than 30 minutes) with the server cover removed might damage server components.
- You have followed the cabling instructions that come with optional adapters.
- You have replaced a failed fan as soon as possible.
- You have replaced a hot-swap fan within 30 seconds of removal.
- You have kept the preinstalled air baffle in place unless you are directed to remove it in this publication or by IBM service.

## Working inside the server with the power on

**Attention:** Static electricity that is released to internal server components when the server is powered on might cause the server to halt, which might result in the loss of data. To avoid this potential problem, always use an electrostatic-discharge wrist strap or other grounding system when you work inside the server with the power on.

You might have to have the server turned on while the cover is off, to look at system-board LEDs or replace hot-swap components. Follow these guidelines when you work inside a server that is turned on:

- Avoid wearing loose-fitting clothing on your forearms. Button long-sleeved shirts before working inside the server; do not wear cuff links while you are working inside the server.
- Do not allow your necktie or scarf to hang inside the server.
- Remove jewelry, such as bracelets, necklaces, rings, and loose-fitting wrist watches.
- Remove items from your shirt pocket, such as pens and pencils, that could fall into the server as you lean over it.
- Avoid dropping any metallic objects, such as paper clips, hairpins, and screws, into the server.

## Handling static-sensitive devices

**Attention:** Static electricity can damage the server and other electronic devices. To avoid damage, keep static-sensitive devices in their static-protective packages until you are ready to install them.

To reduce the possibility of damage from electrostatic discharge, observe the following precautions:

- Limit your movement. Movement can cause static electricity to build up around you.
- The use of a grounding system is recommended. For example, wear an electrostatic-discharge wrist strap, if one is available. Always use an electrostatic-discharge wrist strap or other grounding system when working inside the server with the power on.
- Handle the device carefully, holding it by its edges or its frame.
- Do not touch solder joints, pins, or exposed circuitry.
- Do not leave the device where others can handle and damage it.
- While the device is still in its static-protective package, touch it to an unpainted metal part on the outside of the server for at least 2 seconds. This drains static electricity from the package and from your body.
- Remove the device from its package and install it directly into the server without setting down the device. If it is necessary to set down the device, put it back into its static-protective package. Do not place the device on the server cover or on a metal surface.
- Take additional care when handling devices during cold weather. Heating reduces indoor humidity and increases static electricity.

## Returning a device or component

If you are instructed to return a device or component, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

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## Removing and replacing Tier 1 CRUs

Replacement of Tier 1 CRUs is your responsibility. If IBM installs a Tier 1 CRU at your request, you will be charged for the installation.

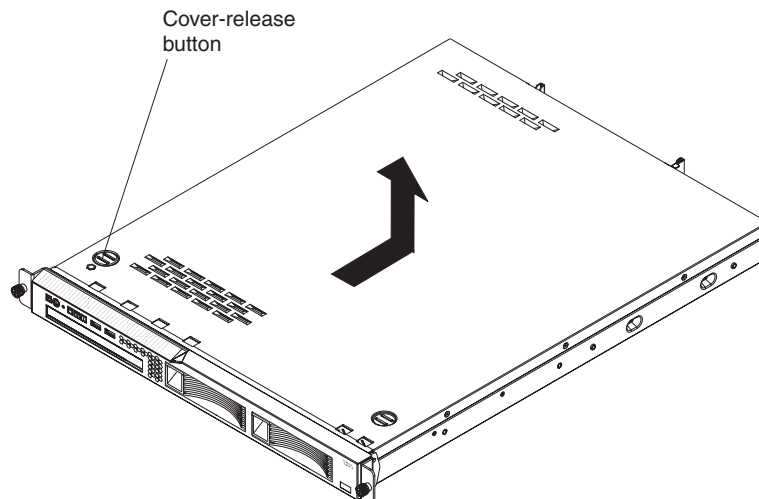
The illustrations in this document might differ slightly from your hardware.

### Removing the cover

To remove the server cover, complete the following steps:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 125.
2. Turn off the server and all peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cords and all external cables.

**Note:** When you disconnect the power source from the server, you lose the ability to view the LEDs because the LEDs are not lit when the power source is removed. Before you disconnect the power source, make a note of which LEDs are lit, including the LEDs that are lit on the operation information panel and LEDs inside the server on the system board.



3. If the server has been installed in a rack, slide the server out from the rack enclosure.
4. Press the cover-release button.
5. Slide the cover back approximately 1.27 cm (0.5 inches); then, lift it off the server.
6. Lift the server cover off the server and set it aside.
7. If you are instructed to return the cover, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

**Attention:** For proper cooling and airflow, replace the server cover before you turn on the server.

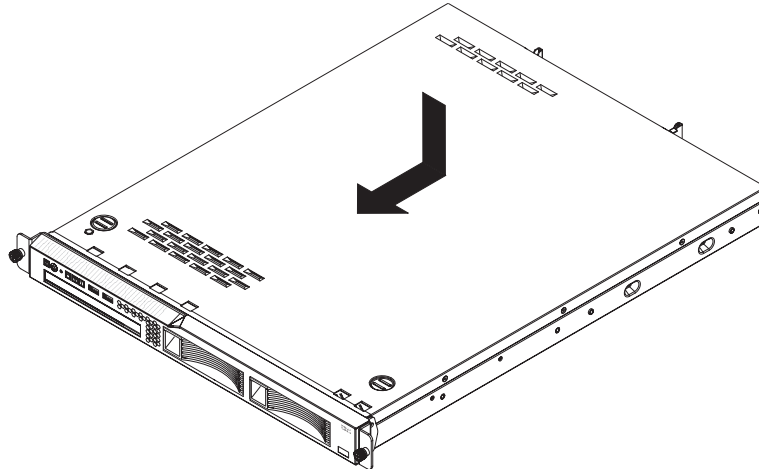
### Installing the cover

To install the server cover, complete the following steps:

1. Make sure that all cables, adapters, and other components are installed and seated correctly and that you have not left loose tools or parts inside the server. Also, make sure that all internal cables are correctly routed.

**Important:** Before you slide the cover forward, make sure that all the tabs on both the front, rear, and side of the cover engage the chassis correctly. If all the tabs do not engage the chassis correctly, it will be very difficult to remove the cover later.

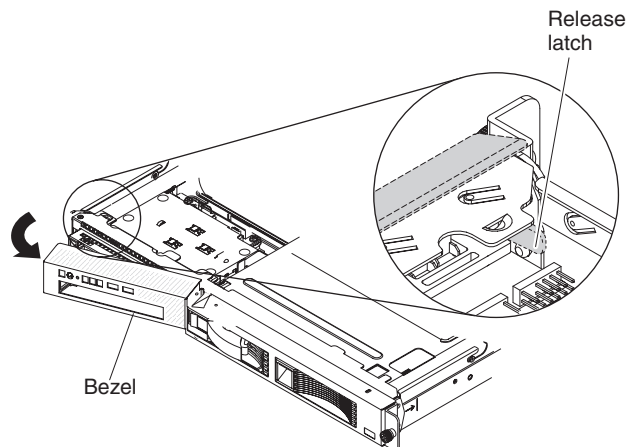
2. Position the cover on top of the server so that approximately 13 mm (0.5 inch) extends from the rear.
3. Slide the cover toward the front of the server.
4. Make sure that the cover correctly engages all the inset tabs on the server.
5. Slide the server all the way into the rack until it latches.
6. Reconnect the external cables and power cords.



## Removing the bezel

To remove the bezel, complete the following steps:

1. Remove the server from the rack and remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 128).
2. From inside the server, press the bezel release latch toward the left side of the server.
3. Pivot the bezel forward and pull it away from the server.

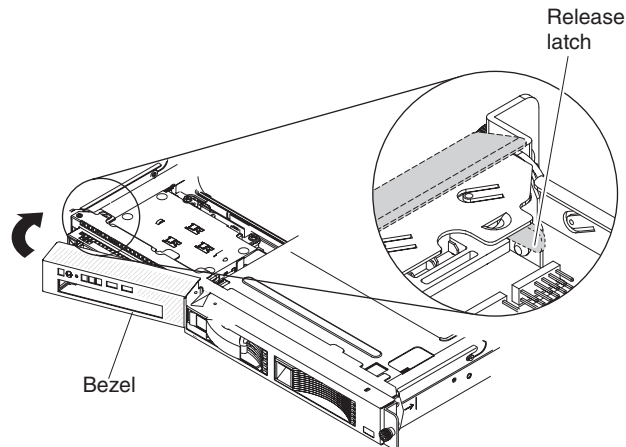


4. If you are instructed to return the cover, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

**Attention:** For proper cooling and airflow, replace the bezel and server cover before you turn on the server.

## Installing the bezel

To install the bezel, insert the tab at the right end of the bezel into the front of the chassis and pivot the bezel until it snaps into place.

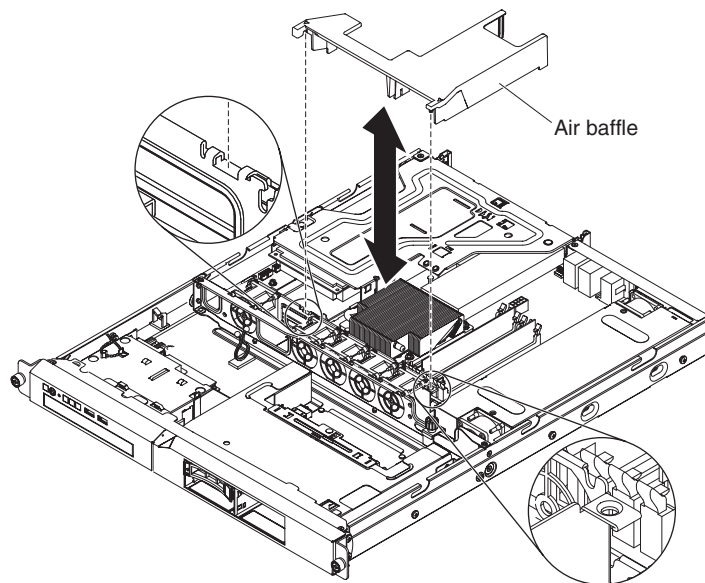


**Attention:** For proper cooling and airflow, replace the server cover before you turn on the server.

## Removing the DIMM air baffle

To remove the DIMM air baffle, complete the following steps:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 125.
2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices and disconnect all power cords and external cables.
3. Remove the server from the rack and remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 128).



4. Grasp the air baffle and lift it up out of the server.
5. Remove it from the server and set it aside.

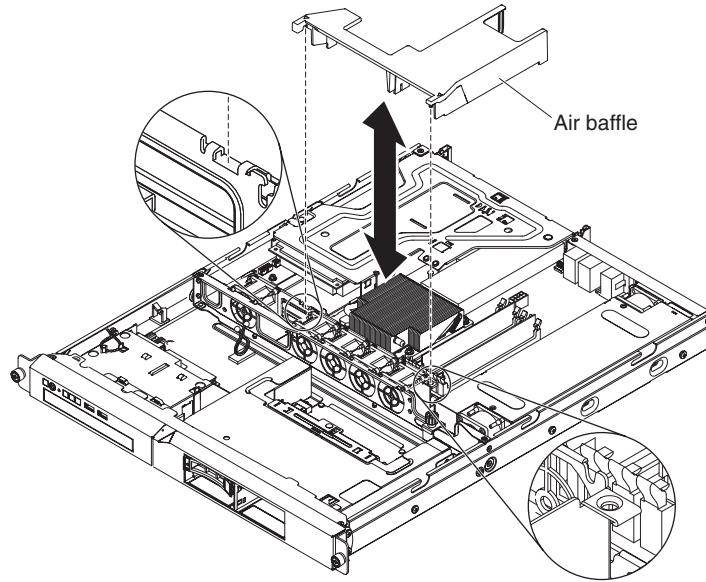


**Attention:** For proper cooling and airflow, replace the air baffle before you turn on the server. Operating the server with an air baffle removed might damage server components.

## Installing the DIMM air baffle

To install the DIMM air baffle, complete the following steps:

1. Align the air baffle as shown in the illustration.
2. Press the air baffle into position until it clicks into place.



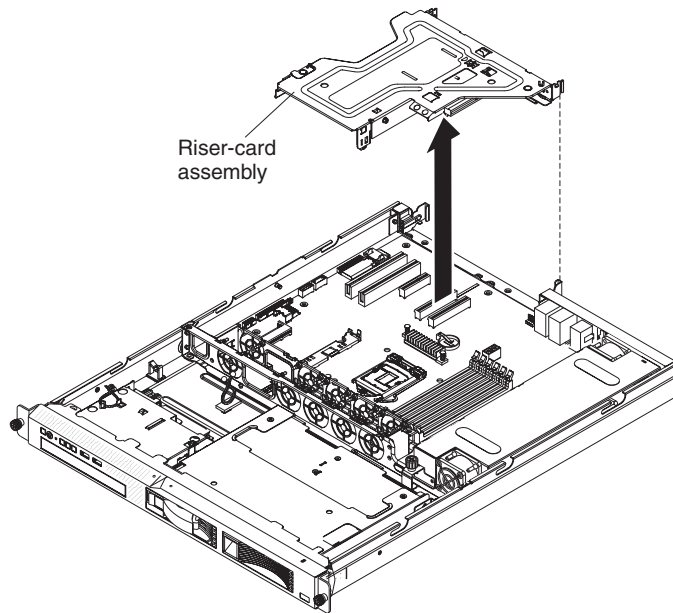
3. Install the cover (see “Installing the cover” on page 128).
4. Slide the server into the rack.
5. Reconnect the power cord and any cables that you removed.
6. Turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

**Attention:** For proper cooling and airflow, replace the air baffle before turning on the server. Operating the server with an air baffle removed might damage server components.

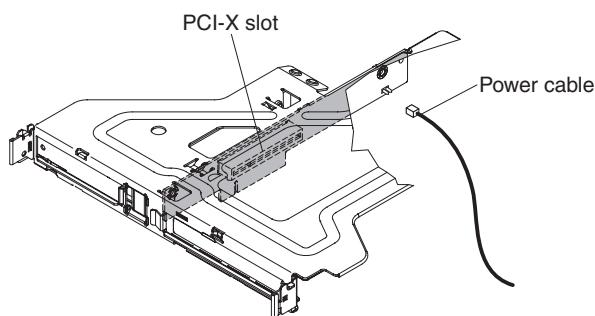
## Removing the riser-card assembly

To remove the riser-card assembly, complete the following steps:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 125.
2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cord and all external cables.
3. Remove the server from the rack and place it on a flat, static-protective surface.
4. Remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 128).



5. Grasp the riser-card assembly at the front and rear edges and lift to remove it from the server.
6. Disconnect any cables from the adapters in the riser-card assembly.



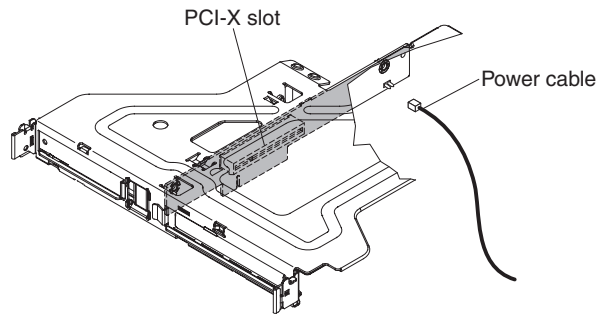
7. If the riser-card assembly is an optional PCI-X riser-card assembly, disconnect the riser-card power cable from the riser-card assembly.
8. Place the riser-card assembly on a flat, static-protective surface. If you are instructed to return the riser-card assembly, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

## Installing the riser-card assembly

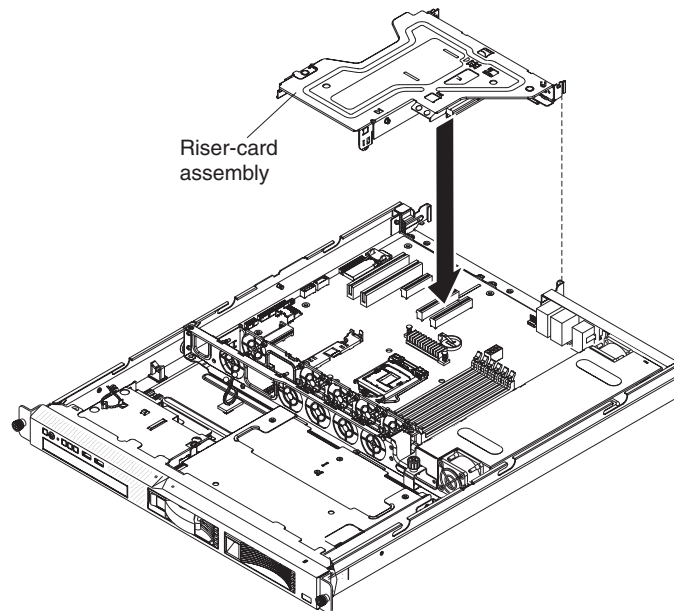
The server comes with one riser-card assembly that contains two PCI Express connectors.

To install the riser-card assembly, complete the following steps:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 125.
2. Install the adapters in the riser-card assembly (see “Installing an adapter” on page 139).
3. Reconnect any adapter cables that you disconnected when you removed the riser-card assembly.
4. If the riser-card assembly is an optional PCI-X riser-card assembly, reconnect the riser-card power cable to the riser-card assembly.



5. Carefully align the riser-card assembly with the guides on the rear of the server and with the riser-card connectors on the system board; then, place your thumbs on locations marked by the blue dots and press down on the assembly. Make sure that the riser-card assembly is fully seated in the connector on the system board.



6. Install the cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 128).
7. Slide the server into the rack.
8. Connect the cables and power cords.
9. Turn on all attached devices and the server.

The illustrations in this document might differ slightly from your hardware.

## Removing the system battery

The following notes describe information that you must consider when you replace the battery:

- IBM has designed this product with your safety in mind. The lithium battery must be handled correctly to avoid possible danger. If you replace the battery, you must adhere to the following instructions.

**Note:** In the U.S., call 1-800-IBM-4333 for information about battery disposal.

- If you replace the original lithium battery with a heavy-metal battery or a battery with heavy-metal components, be aware of the following environmental consideration. Batteries and accumulators that contain heavy metals must not be

disposed of with normal domestic waste. They will be taken back free of charge by the manufacturer, distributor, or representative, to be recycled or disposed of in a proper manner.

- To order replacement batteries, call 1-800-IBM-SERV within the United States, and 1-800-465-7999 or 1-800-465-6666 within Canada. Outside the U.S. and Canada, call your support center or business partner.

**Note:** After you replace the battery, you must reconfigure the server and reset the system date and time.

**Statement 2:**



**CAUTION:**

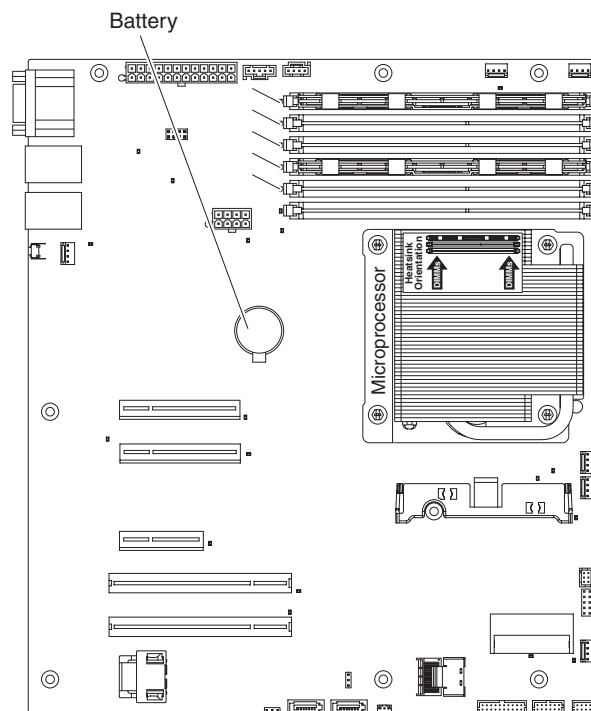
When replacing the lithium battery, use only IBM Part Number 33F8354 or an equivalent type battery recommended by the manufacturer. If your system has a module containing a lithium battery, replace it only with the same module type made by the same manufacturer. The battery contains lithium and can explode if not properly used, handled, or disposed of.

*Do not:*

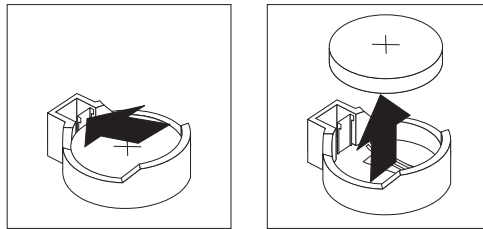
- Throw or immerse into water
- Heat to more than 100°C (212°F)
- Repair or disassemble

**Dispose of the battery as required by local ordinances or regulations.**

To remove the battery, complete the following steps.



1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and the “Installation guidelines” on page 125.
2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cords and all external cables.
3. Remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 128).
4. If necessary, lift the riser-card assembly out of the way (see “Removing the riser-card assembly” on page 131).
5. Remove the battery:
  - a. Use a fingernail to press the top of the battery clip away from the battery. The battery pops up when released.
  - b. Use your thumb and index finger to lift the battery from the socket.



6. Dispose of the battery as required by local ordinances or regulations. See the *IBM Environmental Notices and User's Guide* on the *IBM System x Documentation CD* for more information.

## Installing the battery

The following notes describe information that you must consider when you replace the battery in the server.

- You must replace the battery with a lithium battery of the same type from the same manufacturer.
- To order replacement batteries, call 1-800-426-7378 within the United States, and 1-800-465-7999 or 1-800-465-6666 within Canada. Outside the U.S. and Canada, call your IBM marketing representative or authorized reseller.
- After you replace the battery, you must reconfigure the server and reset the system date and time.
- To avoid possible danger, read and follow the following safety statement.

### Statement 2:



**CAUTION:**

When replacing the lithium battery, use only IBM Part Number 33F8354 or an equivalent type battery recommended by the manufacturer. If your system has a module containing a lithium battery, replace it only with the same module type made by the same manufacturer. The battery contains lithium and can explode if not properly used, handled, or disposed of.

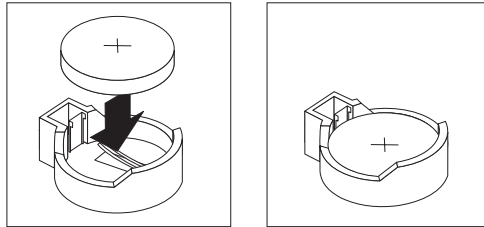
*Do not:*

- **Throw or immerse into water**
- **Heat to more than 100°C (212°F)**
- **Repair or disassemble**

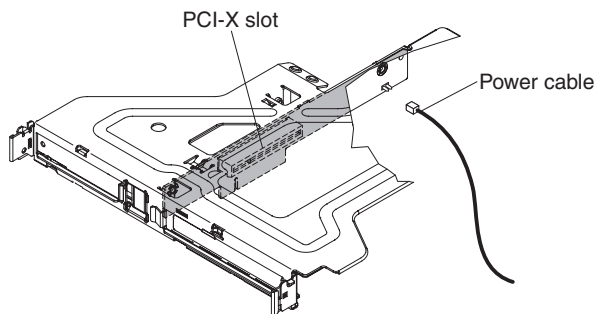
**Dispose of the battery as required by local ordinances or regulations.**

To install the replacement battery, complete the following steps:

1. Follow any special handling and installation instructions that come with the replacement battery.
2. Insert the new battery:
  - a. Orient the battery so that the positive side faces up.
  - b. Tilt the battery so that you can insert it into the socket on the side opposite the battery clip.
  - c. Press the battery down into the socket until it clicks into place. Make sure that the battery clip holds the battery securely.



3. Make sure that the riser-card assembly is fully seated in the connectors on the system board.



4. If the riser-card assembly is an optional PCI-X riser-card assembly, make sure that the riser-card power cable is connected to the riser-card assembly.
5. Install the riser-card assembly if you removed it (see "Installing the riser-card assembly" on page 132).
6. Install the cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 128).
7. Slide the server into the rack.
8. Reconnect the external cables; then, reconnect the power cords and turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

**Note:** You must wait approximately 1 to 3 minutes after you connect the power cord of the server to an electrical outlet before the power-control button becomes active.

9. Start the Setup utility and reset the configuration.
  - Set the system date and time.
  - Set the power-on password.
  - Reconfigure the server.

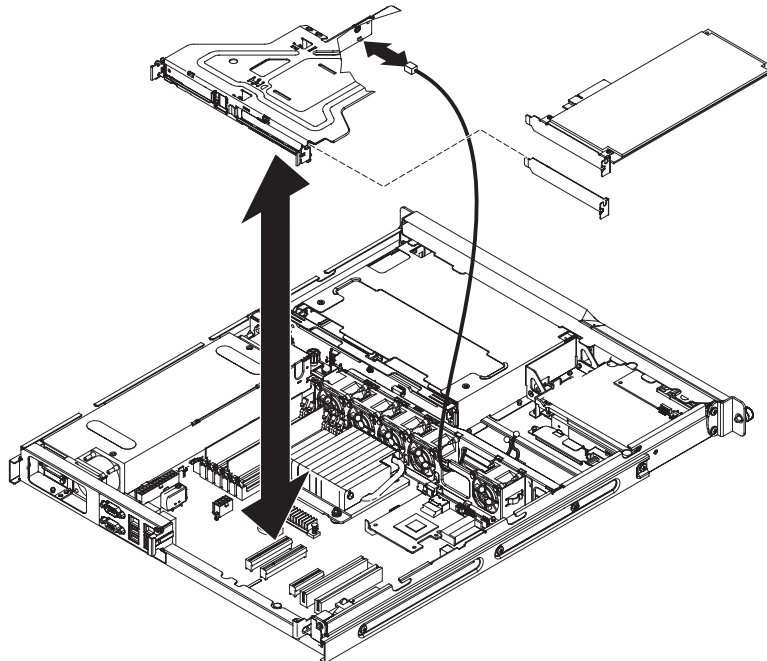
See “Using the Setup utility” on page 195 for details.

## Removing the PCI-X riser-card power cable

If an optional PCI-X riser-card assembly is installed in the server, an internal power cable for the assembly is also installed.

To remove the PCI-X riser-card power cable, complete the following steps:

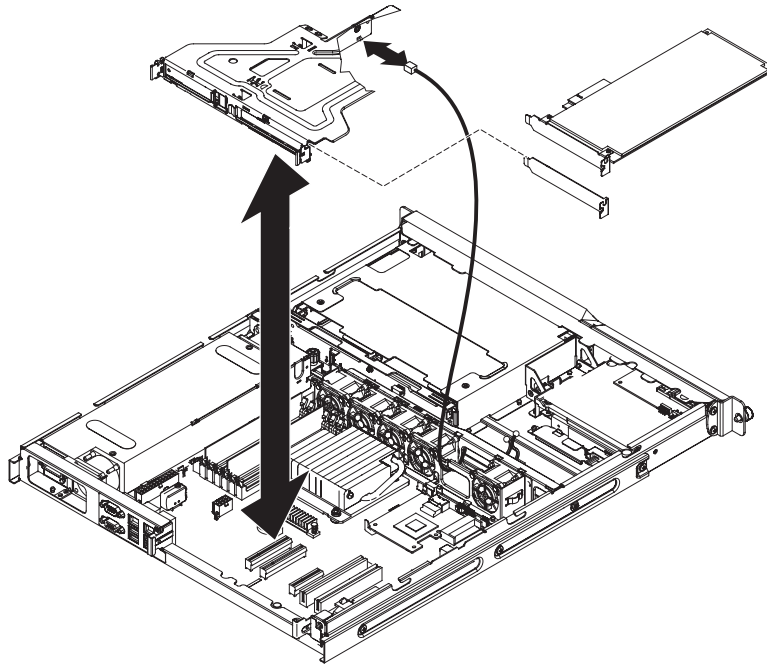
1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 125.
2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cord and all external cables.
3. Remove the server from the rack and place it on a flat, static-protective surface.
4. Remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 128).
5. Remove the riser-card assembly (see “Removing the riser-card assembly” on page 131).
6. Remove the adapter from the riser-card assembly if one is installed (see “Removing an adapter” on page 138).



7. Disconnect the riser-card power cable from the PCI-X riser card.
8. If you are instructed to return the PCI-X riser-card power cable, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

## Installing the PCI-X riser-card power cable

To install the replacement PCI-X riser-card power cable, complete the following steps.



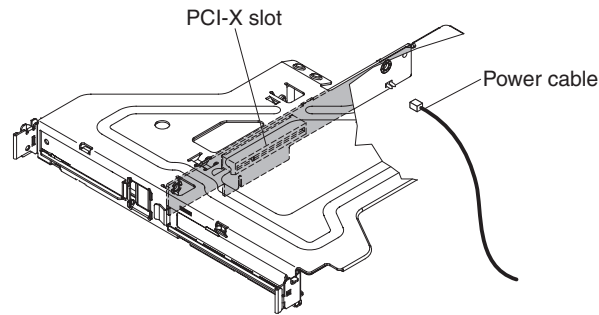
1. Connect the riser-card power cable to the PCI-X riser-card assembly.
2. Remove the expansion-slot cover on the slot that you intend to use and save for future use.
3. Install the adapter in the riser-card assembly (see “Installing an adapter” on page 139).
4. Install the riser-card assembly (see “Installing the riser-card assembly” on page 132).
5. Install the cover (see “Installing the cover” on page 128).
6. Slide the server into the rack.
7. Connect the cables and power cords.
8. Turn on all attached devices and the server.

## Removing an adapter

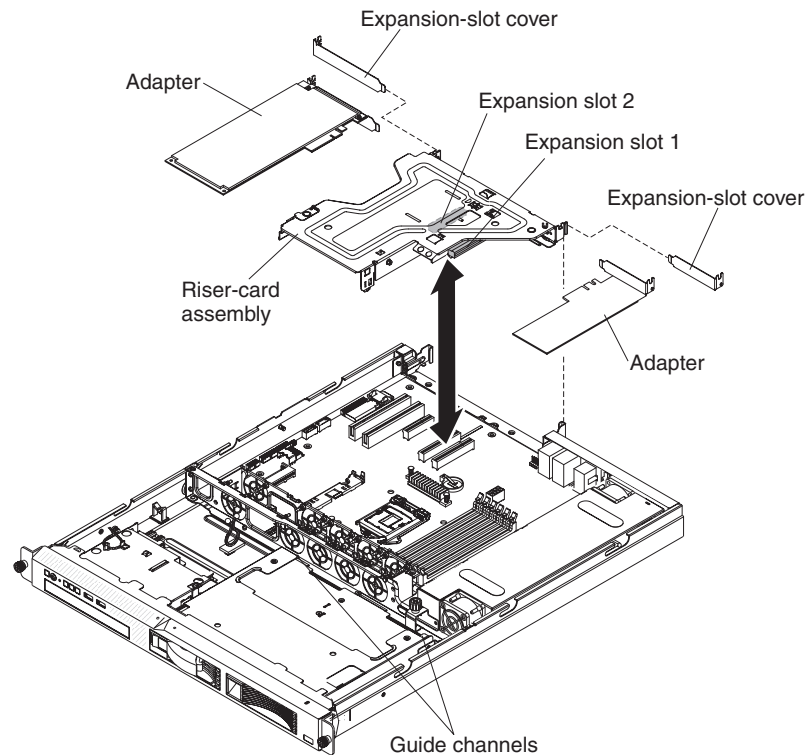
To remove an adapter, complete the following steps:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 125.
2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices and disconnect all power cords.
3. Remove the server from the rack and remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 128).
4. Disconnect any cables from the adapter.
5. If the riser-card assembly is an optional PCI-X riser-card assembly, disconnect the riser-card power cable from the riser-card assembly.





6. Grasp the riser-card assembly at the front grip point and rear edges and lift to remove it from the server.
7. Place the riser-card assembly on a flat, static-protective surface.
8. Carefully grasp the adapter by its top edge or upper corners, and pull the adapter from the riser-card assembly.



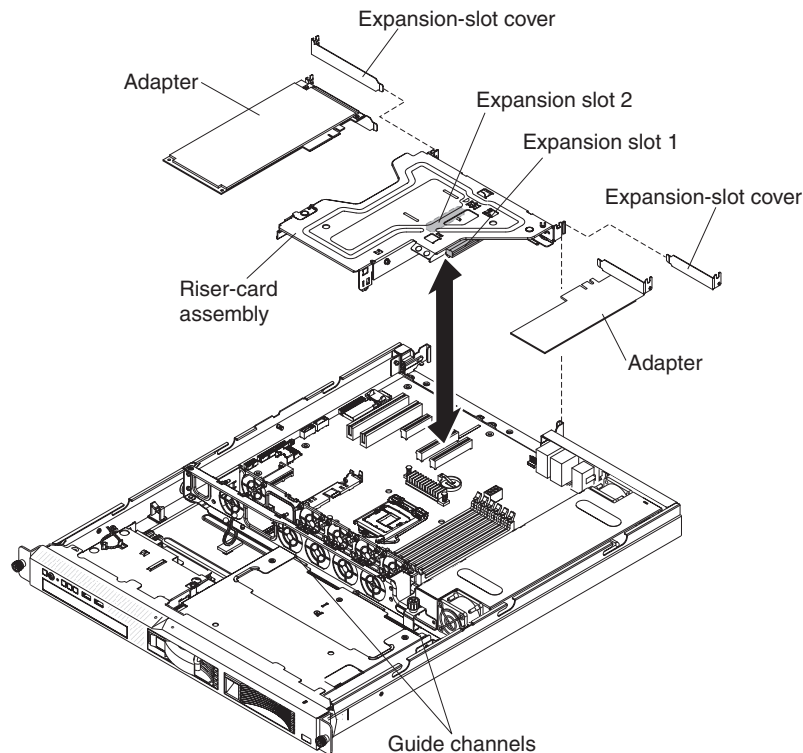
9. Install the expansion-slot cover on the riser-card assembly.
10. If you are instructed to return the adapter, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

## Installing an adapter

The following notes describe the types of adapters that the server supports and other information that you must consider when you install an adapter:

- Locate the documentation that comes with the adapter and follow those instructions in addition to the instructions in this section. If you have to change switch settings or jumper settings on the adapter, follow the instructions that come with the adapter.
- The adapter slots are on the riser-card assembly. You must first remove the riser-card assembly to access the adapter slots.

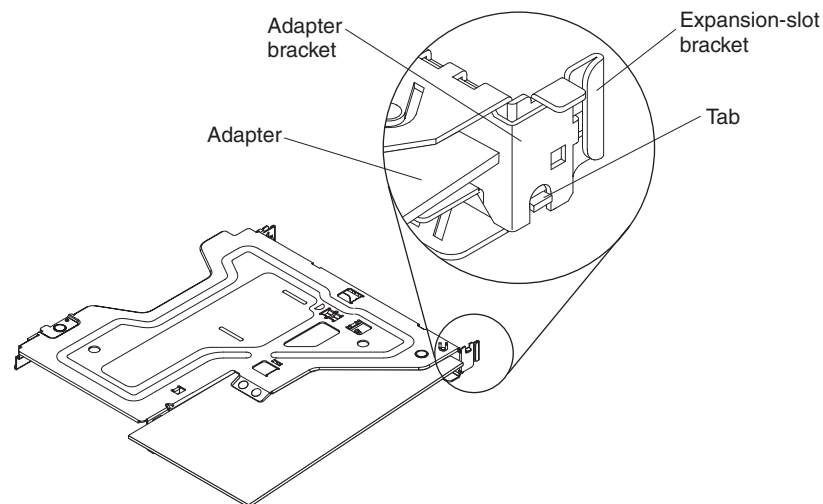
- The two PCI Express slots on the riser-card assembly support PCI Express x8 1.0a adapters.
  - You can install one low-profile half-length adapter in expansion slot 1 and one full-height, three-quarter length adapter in expansion slot 2.
  - If you have installed an optional PCI-X riser-card assembly in the server, you can install a full-height, three-quarter length PCI-X 64/133 MHz adapter in the PCI-X slot on the riser-card assembly. The server does not support full-length adapters.
  - The server uses a rotational interrupt technique to configure PCI Express adapters so that you can install PCI Express adapters that do not support sharing of interrupts.
  - The optional ServeRAID-MR10i adapter can be purchased and supports RAID levels 0, 1, 5, 6, and 10. The optional ServeRAID-MR10is VAULT adapter with an encryption 1078 DE chip set can be purchased and supports RAID levels 0, 1, 5, 6, and 10. For configuration information, see the ServeRAID documentation at <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/>.
- Attention:** To ensure proper cooling and airflow, install a ServeRAID adapter that has a battery attached in slot 2 on the riser-card assembly.
- To ensure that any of your ServeRAID adapters function properly on UEFI-based servers, make sure that the adapter firmware level is updated to at least 11.x.x-XXX , and the supporting drivers.
  - The server scans the PCI slots to assign system resources. The scan sequence is related to the startup sequence. If you have not changed the default startup sequence, the server scans the PCI slots in the following order: the integrated Ethernet controllers 1 and 2; then, the drives that are connected to the SAS/SATA controller; then, PCI Express slots 1 and 2.
  - A PCI Express riser-card assembly has a black connector and supports PCI Express adapters, and a PCI-X riser-card assembly has a white (light in color) connector and supports PCI-X adapters.



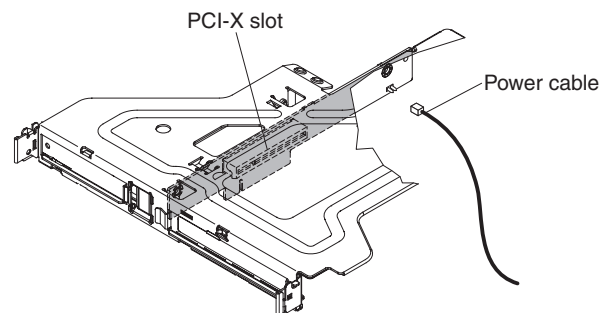
To install an adapter, complete the following steps:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and the “Installation guidelines” on page 125.
2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices and disconnect the power cords and all external cables; then, remove the server cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 128).
3. Touch the static-protective package that contains the adapter to any unpainted metal surface on the server. Then, remove the adapter from the static-protective package. Avoid touching the components and gold-edge connectors on the adapter.
4. Place the adapter, component side up, on a flat, static-protective surface and set any jumpers or switches as described by the adapter manufacturer, if necessary.
5. Follow the cabling instructions, if any come with the adapter. Route the adapter cables before you install the adapter.
6. Remove the expansion-slot cover from the riser-card assembly and save for future use.
7. Insert the adapter into the riser-card assembly, aligning the edge connector on the adapter with the connector on the riser-card assembly. Press the edge of the connector *firmly* into the riser-card assembly. Make sure that the adapter snaps into the riser-card assembly securely.

**Important:** Make sure that the U-shaped opening in the metal adapter bracket engages the tab on the expansion-slot bracket.



8. If the riser-card assembly is an optional PCI-X riser-card assembly, reconnect the riser-card power cable to the riser-card assembly.



9. Install the riser-card assembly in the server (see “Installing the riser-card assembly” on page 132).

**Attention:** When you install an adapter, make sure that the adapter is correctly seated in the riser-card assembly and that the riser-card assembly is securely seated in the riser-card connectors on the system board before you turn on the server. An incorrectly seated adapter might cause damage to the system board, the riser-card assembly, or the adapter.

10. Install the cover (see “Installing the cover” on page 128).
11. Slide the server into the rack.
12. Reconnect the power cord and any cables that you removed.
13. Turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

## Hard disk drive

Locate the documentation that comes with the hard disk drive and follow those instructions in addition to the instructions in this section.

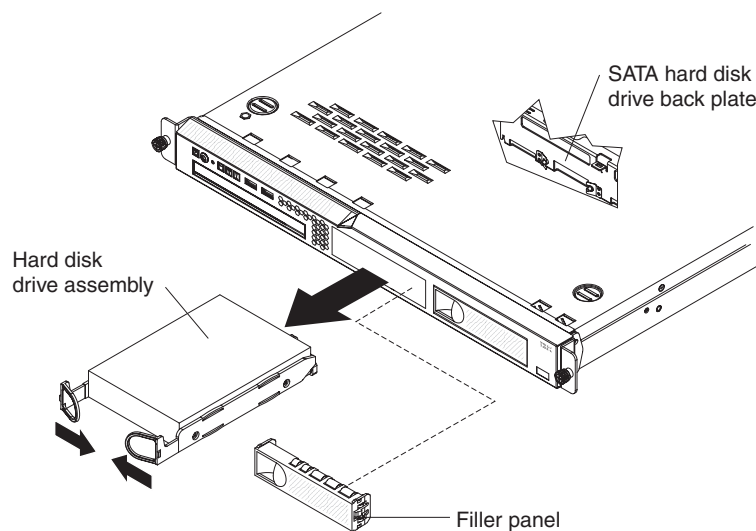
**Attention:** To avoid damage to the hard disk drive connectors, make sure that the server cover is in place and fully closed whenever you install or remove a hard disk drive.

**Note:** If a RAID controller or adapter is installed, you might have to reconfigure the disk arrays after you install or remove hard disk drives. See the documentation that comes with the adapter for more information.

### Removing a simple-swap Serial ATA (SATA) hard disk drive

**Attention:** Simple-swap hard disk drives are not hot-swappable. Disconnect all power from the server before you remove or install a simple-swap hard disk drive.

To remove a simple-swap SATA drive from the bay, complete the following steps.



1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and the “Installation guidelines” on page 125.
2. Make sure that the server cover is in place and fully closed.
3. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cord and all external cables.
4. Remove the filler panel from the bay.
5. Pull the loops of the drive tray toward each other and pull the tray out of the bay.

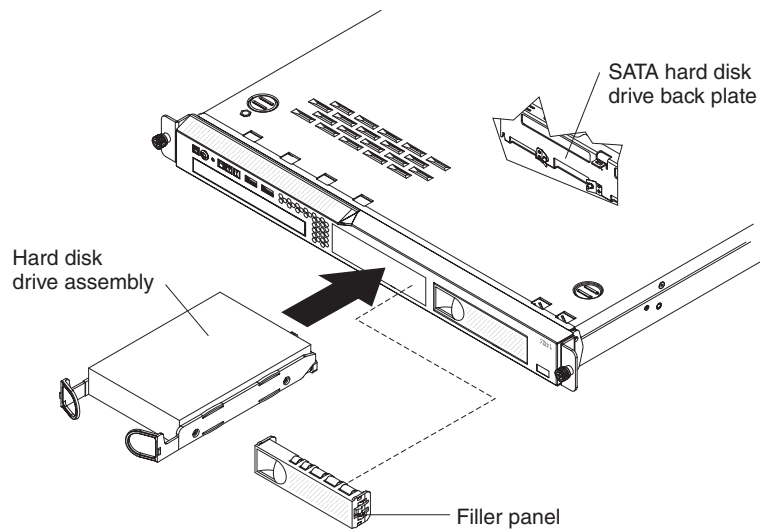
## Installing a simple-swap Serial ATA (SATA) hard disk drive

**Attention:** Simple-swap hard disk drives are not hot-swappable. Disconnect all power from the server before you remove or install a simple-swap hard disk drive.

To install a simple-swap SATA hard disk drive, complete the following steps.

**Note:**

- If you have only one hard disk drive, install it in the left drive bay.
- Simple-swap SATA hard disk drives support AHCI mode.
- Simple-swap models only support ServeRAID-BR10il adapter.
- If the server is configured for RAID operation using a ServeRAID adapter, you might have to reconfigure your disk arrays after you install hard disk drives. See the ServeRAID adapter documentation for additional information about RAID operation and complete instructions for using the ServeRAID adapter.

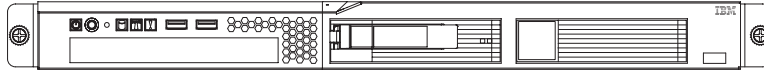


**Attention:** To avoid damage to the hard disk drive connectors, make sure that the server cover is in place and fully closed whenever you install or remove a hard disk drive.

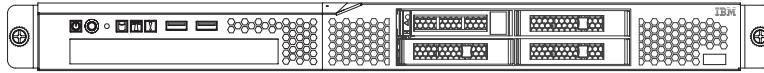
1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and the "Installation guidelines" on page 125.
2. Make sure that the server cover is in place and fully closed.
3. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cord and all external cables.
4. Remove the filler panel from the bay.
5. Pull the loops of the drive tray toward each other, and slide the drive into the server until the drive connects to the back plate.
6. Release the loops of the drive tray.
7. Insert the filler panel into the bay to cover the drive.
8. Slide the server into the rack.
9. Connect the cables and power cords.
10. Turn on all attached devices and the server.

## Removing a hot-swap hard disk drive

The 3.5-inch drive hot-swap server models support either two SAS 3.5-inch hard disk drives or two SATA 3.5-inch hard disk drives.

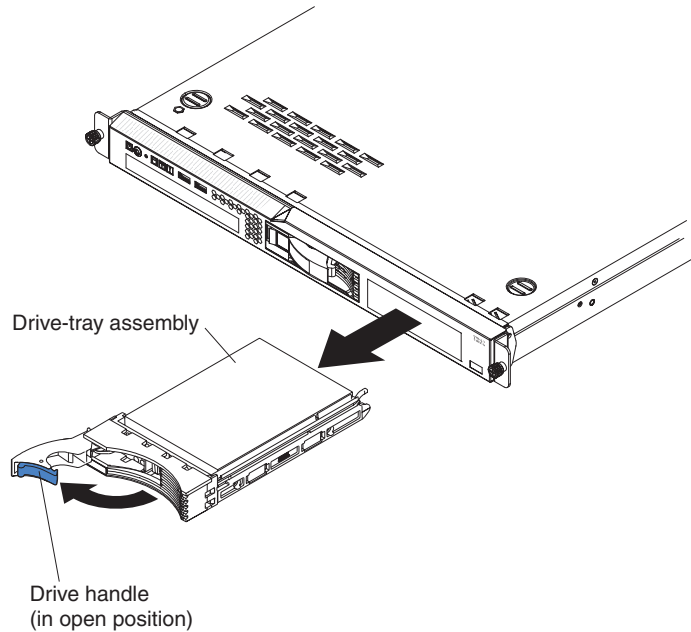


The 2.5-inch drive hot-swap server models support four SAS 2.5-inch hard disk drives.



The removal and installation procedures are the same for any of these drives. The illustrations in this procedure show 3.5-inch SAS drives.

To remove a hot-swap hard disk drive, complete the following steps.



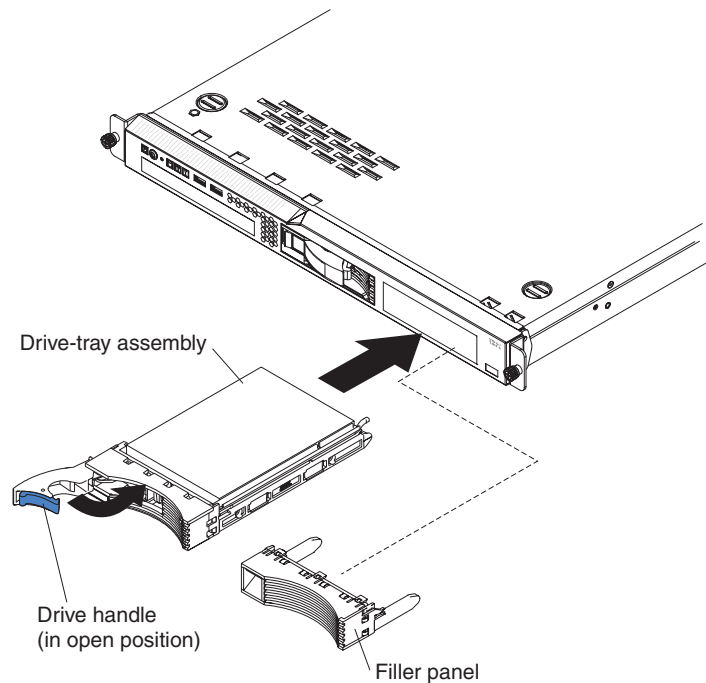
**Attention:** To avoid damage to the hard disk drive connectors, make sure that the server cover is in place and fully closed whenever you install or remove a hard disk drive.

1. Move the handle on the drive to the open position (perpendicular to the drive).
2. Slide the release latch (blue on 3.5-inch hard drives and orange on 2.5-inch hard drives) gently to the left to unlock the drive handle.
3. Grasp the handle and pull the hot-swap drive assembly out of the drive bay.

## Installing a hot-swap hard disk drive

To install a hot-swap hard disk drive, complete the following steps.

**Note:** If you have only one hard disk drive, install it in the left or upper-left drive bay.



**Attention:** To avoid damage to the hard disk drive connectors, make sure that the server cover is in place and fully closed whenever you install or remove a hard disk drive.

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and the “Installation guidelines” on page 125.
2. Make sure that the server cover is in place and fully closed.  
**Attention:** To maintain proper system cooling, do not operate the server for more than 10 minutes without either a drive or filler panel installed in each bay.
3. Install the hard disk drive in the hot-swap bay:
  - a. Make sure that the tray handle is open (that is, perpendicular to the front of the drive).
  - b. Remove the filler panel from the bay.
  - c. Align the drive assembly with the guide rails in the bay.
  - d. Gently push the drive assembly into the bay until the drive stops.
  - e. Push the tray handle to the closed (locked) position.
  - f. Check the hard disk drive status LED to make sure that the hard disk drive is operating correctly. If the amber hard disk drive status LED for a drive is lit continuously, that drive is faulty and must be replaced. If the green hard disk drive activity LED is flashing, the drive is being accessed.

**Note:** If the server is configured for RAID operation using a ServeRAID adapter, you might have to reconfigure your disk arrays after you install hard disk drives. See the ServeRAID adapter documentation for additional information about RAID operation and complete instructions for using the ServeRAID adapter.

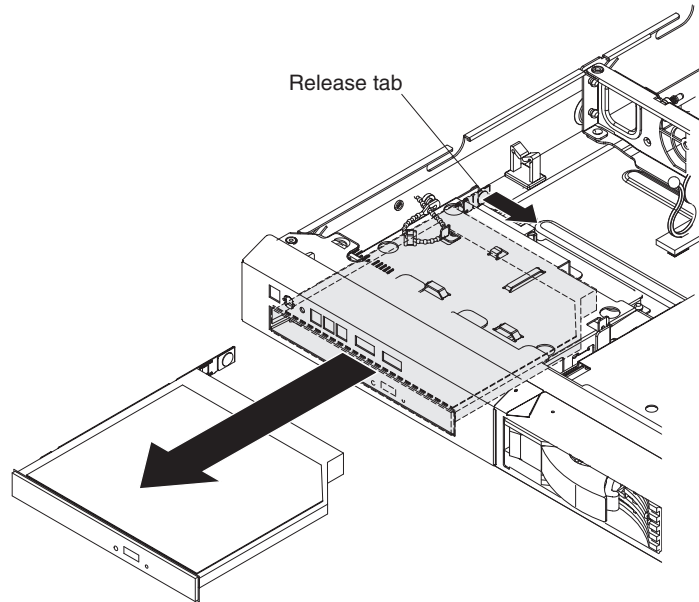
## Removing an optional DVD drive

To remove a DVD drive, complete the following steps:

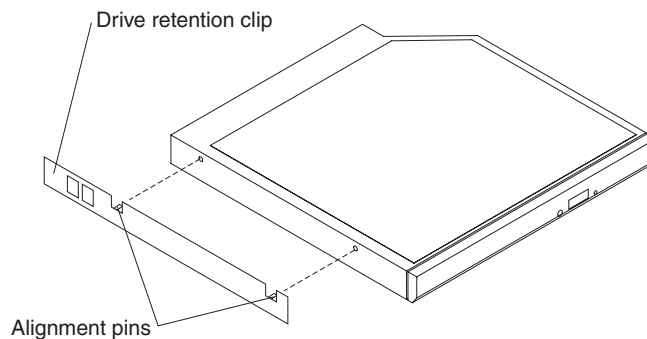
1. Read the safety information that begins on page “Safety” on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 125.

2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices and disconnect all power cords.
3. Remove the cover (see "Removing the cover" on page 128).
4. Pull the release tab (the rear of the drive-retention clip) toward the right side of the server to release the clip; then, while you pull the tab, push the drive out of the bay.

**Note:** You might have to push the right-rear corner of the drive toward the front of the server to move the drive initially.

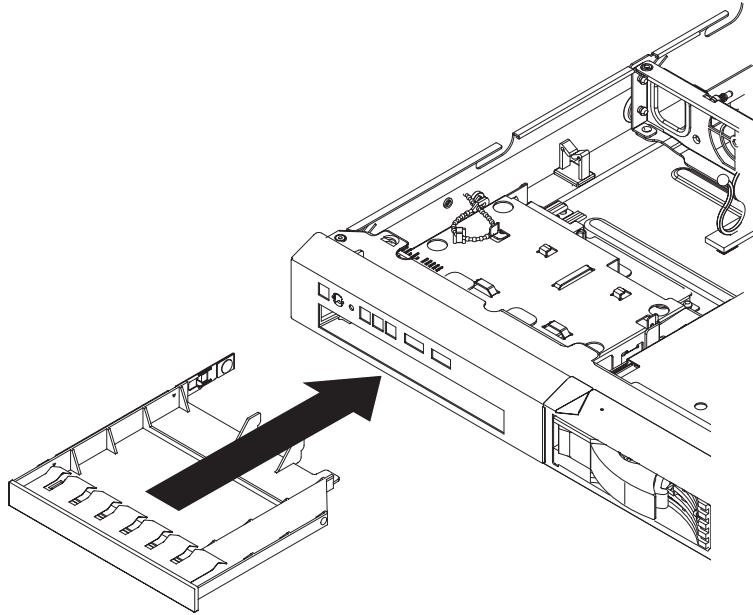


5. Remove the retention clip from the drive.



6. Attach the drive-retention clip to the side of the DVD drive filler that you removed in 6 on page 147.
7. Slide the DVD drive filler into the DVD drive bay until the drive filler clicks into place.





**Attention:** To maintain proper system cooling, do not operate the server for more than 10 minutes without either a drive or filler panel installed in each bay.

8. If you are instructed to return the DVD drive, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

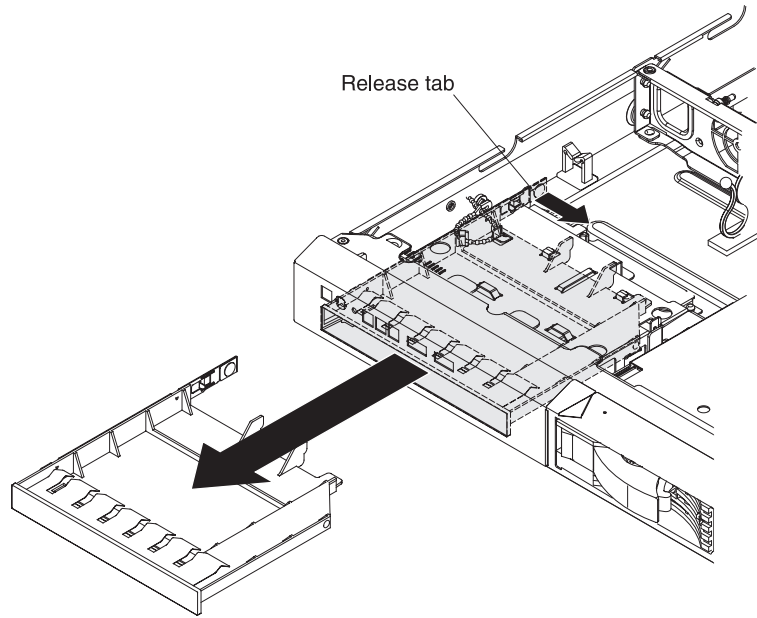
## Installing an optional DVD drive

The following notes describe the type of drives that the server supports and other information that you must consider when you install an optional DVD drive. For a list of supported drives, see <http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/serverproven/compat/us/>.

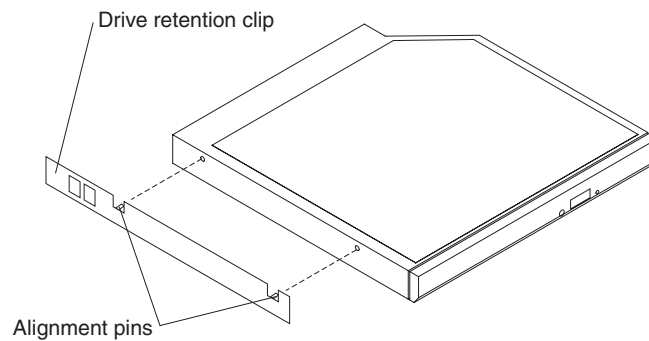
- Locate the documentation that comes with the drive and follow those instructions in addition to the instructions in this chapter.
- Make sure that you have all the cables and other equipment that are specified in the documentation that comes with the drive.
- The server supports one ultra-slim SATA optical drive.

If you need to install an optional DVD drive, complete the following steps:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 125.
2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices and disconnect the power cords and all external cables.
3. Remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 128).
4. Touch the static-protective package that contains the new optical drive to any unpainted metal surface on the server; then, remove the drive from the package and place it on a static-protective surface.
5. Follow the instructions that come with the drive to set any jumpers or switches.
6. Remove the DVD drive filler if it is installed. Pull the release tab (the rear of the drive-retention clip) toward the right side of the server to release the clip; then, while you pull the tab, push the DVD drive filler out of the bay. Save the DVD drive filler for future use.



7. Remove the retention clip from the DVD drive filler.
8. Attach the drive-retention clip that you removed in 7 to the side of the new DVD drive.



**Note:** If you are installing a drive that contains a laser, observe the following safety precaution.

**Statement 3:**



**CAUTION:**

When laser products (such as CD-ROMs, DVD drives, fiber optic devices, or transmitters) are installed, note the following:

- Do not remove the covers. Removing the covers of the laser product could result in exposure to hazardous laser radiation. There are no serviceable parts inside the device.
- Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein might result in hazardous radiation exposure.

**DANGER**

Some laser products contain an embedded Class 3A or Class 3B laser diode. Note the following.

Laser radiation when open. Do not stare into the beam, do not view directly with optical instruments, and avoid direct exposure to the beam.



Class 1 Laser Product  
Laser Klasse 1  
Laser Klass 1  
Luokan 1 Laserlaite  
Appareil À Laser de Classe 1

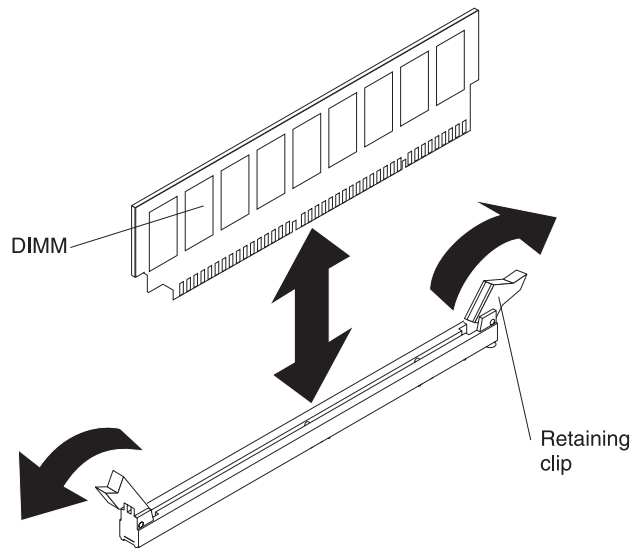
9. Slide the drive into the DVD drive bay until the drive clicks into place.
10. Replace the cover (see “Installing the cover” on page 128).
11. Slide the server into the rack.
12. Reconnect the power cord and any cables that you removed.
13. Turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

## Removing a memory module

To remove a dual inline memory module (DIMM), complete the following steps:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 125.
  2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices and disconnect all power cords.
  3. Remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 128).
- Attention:** To ensure proper cooling and airflow, do not operate the server for more than 30 minutes with the cover removed.
4. Remove the DIMM air baffle (see “Removing the DIMM air baffle” on page 130).
  5. Carefully open the retaining clips on each end of the DIMM connector and remove the DIMM.

**Attention:** To avoid breaking the retaining clips or damaging the DIMM connectors, open and close the clips gently.



6. If you are instructed to return the DIMM, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

## Installing a memory module

The following notes describe the types of DIMMs that the server supports and other information that you must consider when you install DIMMs (see “System-board optional device connectors” on page 19 for the location of the DIMM connectors):

- The server supports only industry-standard double-data-rate 3 (DDR3), 1066 or 1333 MHz, PC3-8500 or PC3-10600 (single-rank, dual-rank, or quad-rank), registered or unbuffered, synchronous dynamic random-access memory (SDRAM) dual inline memory modules (DIMMs) with error correcting code (ECC). See <http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/serverproven/compat/us/> for a list of supported memory modules for the server.
- The maximum amount of memory that the server supports is dependent on the type of memory that you install in the server. See “Unbuffered DIMMs (UDIMMs)” on page 151 and “Registered DIMMs (RDIMMs)” on page 152 for more information. The server supports a maximum of six single-rank or dual-rank DIMMs, depending on the type of DIMM you install in the server.
- The maximum operating speed of the server is determined by the slowest DIMM in the server.
- If you install a pair of DIMMs in DIMM connectors 2 and 5, the size and speed of the DIMMs that you install in DIMM connectors 2 and 5 must match each other. However, they do not have to be the same size and speed as the DIMMs that are installed in DIMM connectors 1 and 4.
- You can use compatible DIMMs from various manufacturers in the same pair.
- When you install or remove DIMMs, the server configuration information changes. When you restart the server, the system displays a message that indicates that the memory configuration has changed.
- The specifications of a DDR3 DIMM are on a label on the DIMM, in the following format.

*ggg eRxff-PC3-wwwwwm-aa-bb-cc*

where:

*ggg* is the total capacity of the DIMM (for example, 1GB, 2GB, or 4GB)

*e* is the number of ranks

1 = single-rank  
 2 = dual-rank  
 4 = quad-rank  
*ff* is the device organization (bit width)  
 4 = x4 organization (4 DQ lines per SDRAM)  
 8 = x8 organization  
 16 = x16 organization  
*www* is the DIMM bandwidth, in MBps  
 8500 = 8.53 GBps (PC3-1066 SDRAMs, 8-byte primary data bus)  
 10600 = 10.66 GBps (PC3-1333 SDRAMs, 8-byte primary data bus)  
*m* is the DIMM type  
 E = Unbuffered DIMM (UDIMM) with ECC (x72-bit module data bus)  
 R = Registered DIMM (RDIMM)  
 U = Unbuffered DIMM with no ECC (x64-bit primary data bus)  
*aa* is the CAS latency, in clocks at maximum operating frequency  
*bb* is the JEDEC SPD Revision Encoding and Additions level  
*cc* is the reference design file for the design of the DIMM

#### Notes:

1. To determine the type of a DIMM, see the label on the DIMM. The information on the label is in the format *xxxxx nRxxx PC3-xxxxx-xx-xx-xxx*. The numeral in the sixth numerical position indicates whether the DIMM is single-rank (*n*=1) or dual-rank (*n*=2).
2. The amount of usable memory is reduced, depending on the system configuration. A certain amount of memory must be reserved for system resources. To view the total amount of installed memory and the amount of configured memory, run the Setup utility. For additional information, see “Configuring the server” on page 191.

The following sections provide additional information specific to unbuffered and registered DIMMs that you must consider.

### Unbuffered DIMMs (UDIMMs)

The following notes provide information that you must consider when you install UDIMMs:

- The memory channels run at the fastest common frequency of the DIMMs installed.
- Do not mix UDIMMs and RDIMMs in the same server.
- Using ECC and non-ECC UDIMMs in the server will cause the server to run in non-ECC mode.
- The UDIMM options that are available for the server are 1 GB, 2 GB, and 4 GB DIMMs.
- You can install a maximum of 16 GB of memory in some server models when you use UDIMMs.
- The server supports up to two single-rank or dual-rank UDIMMs per channel.
- DIMM slots 3 and 6 are not supported when you install UDIMMs in the server. Do not install DIMMs in these connectors.
- The following table lists the DIMM support compatibility.

Table 8. Supported DIMM compatibility

| DIMM configuration         | Intel quad-core (Xeon 3400 series) | Intel dual-core (Core i3) | Intel dual-core (Xeon L3406) |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| UDIMM non-ECC only         | Not supported                      | Not supported             | Not supported                |
| UDIMM ECC only             | Supported                          | Supported                 | Supported                    |
| UDIMM mix ECC with non-ECC | Not supported                      | Not supported             | Not supported                |
| RDIMM ECC only             | Supported                          | Not supported             | Not supported                |

- The following table lists the supported UDIMM population.

Table 9. Supported UDIMM population per channel

| DIMM connectors per channel | DIMMs installed in each channel | DIMM type           | DIMM speed | Ranks per DIMM (any combination) |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|------------|----------------------------------|
| 2                           | 1                               | Unbuffered DDR3 ECC | 1066, 1333 | Single-rank, dual-rank           |
| 2                           | 2                               | Unbuffered DDR3 ECC | 1066, 1333 | Single-rank, dual-rank           |

- The following table lists the maximum DIMM population using ranked UDIMMs.

Table 10. Maximum memory population using ranked UDIMMs (depending on your model)

| Number of UDIMMs | DIMM type          | Size | Total memory |
|------------------|--------------------|------|--------------|
| 4                | Single-rank UDIMMs | 1 GB | 4 GB         |
| 4                | Dual-rank UDIMMs   | 2 GB | 8 GB         |
| 4                | Dual-rank UDIMMs   | 4 GB | 16 GB        |

- The following table shows the UDIMM memory population rule to optimize the system performance.

Table 11. UDIMM population rule for dual-channel symmetric mode

| DIMM connector 1 | DIMM connector 2 | DIMM connector 3 | DIMM connector 4 | DIMM connector 5 | DIMM connector 6 |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Populated        | Empty            | Empty            | Empty            | Empty            | Empty            |
| Populated        | Empty            | Empty            | Populated        | Empty            | Empty            |
| Populated        | Populated        | Empty            | Populated        | Populated        | Empty            |

## Registered DIMMs (RDIMMs)

The following notes provide information that you must consider when you install RDIMMs:

- The memory channels run at the fastest common frequency of the installed DIMMs.
- RDIMMs are supported in models with an Intel Xeon 3400 series processor.
- Do not use both RDIMMs and UDIMMs in the same server.
- The server supports up to three single-rank, dual-rank, or quad-rank RDIMMs per channel.
- The RDIMM options that are available for the server are 1 GB, 2 GB, 4 GB, and 8 GB DIMMs.

- You can install a maximum of 32 GB of memory in the server when you use RDIMMs.
- The following table lists the supported RDIMM population.

*Table 12. Supported RDIMM population per channel*

| DIMM connectors per channel | DIMMs installed in each channel | DIMM type           | DIMM speed | Ranks per DIMM (any combination) |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|------------|----------------------------------|
| 3                           | 1                               | Registered DDR3 ECC | 1066, 1333 | Single-rank, dual-rank           |
| 3                           | 2                               | Registered DDR3 ECC | 1066, 1333 | Single-rank, dual-rank           |
| 3                           | 3                               | Registered DDR3 ECC | 800        | Single-rank, dual-rank           |
| 3                           | 1                               | Registered DDR3 ECC | 1066       | Quad-rank                        |
| 3                           | 2                               | Registered DDR3 ECC | 800        | Quad-rank                        |

- The following table lists the maximum DIMM population using ranked RDIMMs.

*Table 13. Maximum memory population using ranked RDIMMs (depending on your model)*

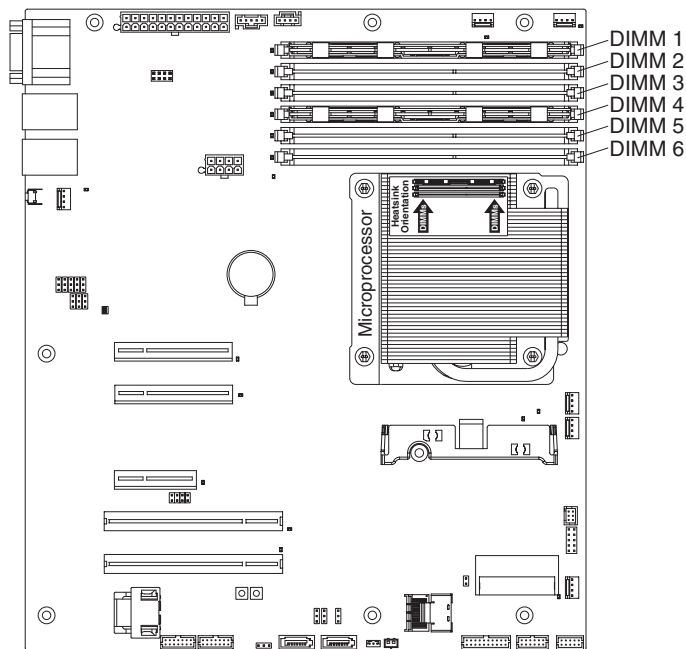
| Number of RDIMMs | DIMM type          | Size | Total memory |
|------------------|--------------------|------|--------------|
| 6                | Single-rank RDIMMs | 1 GB | 6 GB         |
| 6                | Dual-rank RDIMMs   | 2 GB | 12 GB        |
| 4                | Dual-rank RDIMMs   | 4 GB | 16 GB        |
| 4                | Quad-rank RDIMMs   | 4 GB | 16 GB        |
| 6                | Dual-rank RDIMMs   | 4 GB | 24 GB        |
| 4                | Quad-rank RDIMMs   | 8 GB | 32 GB        |

- The following table shows the RDIMM memory population rule to optimize the system performance.

*Table 14. RDIMM population rule for dual-channel symmetric mode*

| DIMM connector 1 | DIMM connector 2 | DIMM connector 3 | DIMM connector 4 | DIMM connector 5 | DIMM connector 6 |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Populated        | Empty            | Empty            | Empty            | Empty            | Empty            |
| Populated        | Empty            | Empty            | Populated        | Empty            | Empty            |
| Populated        | Populated        | Empty            | Populated        | Populated        | Empty            |
| Populated        | Populated        | Populated        | Populated        | Populated        | Populated        |

The following illustration shows the location of the DIMMs connectors on the system board.



**Attention:** Static electricity that is released to internal server components when the server is powered on might cause the server to halt, which might result in the loss of data. To avoid this potential problem, always use an electrostatic-discharge wrist strap or other grounding system when you work inside the server with the power on.

To install a DIMM, complete the following steps:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 125.
2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices and disconnect the power cords and all external cables, if necessary.
3. Remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 128).
4. Remove the DIMM air baffle (see “Removing the DIMM air baffle” on page 130).
5. Locate the DIMM connectors on the system board. Determine the connectors into which you will install the DIMMs. Install the DIMMs in the sequence shown in the following table.

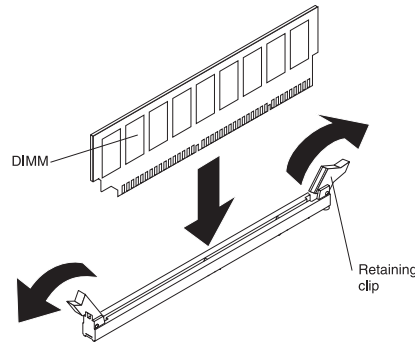
Table 15. DIMM installation sequence

| Number of DIMMs      | Installation sequence (connectors) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|
| First pair of DIMMs  | 1, 4                               |
| Second pair of DIMMs | 2, 5                               |
| Third pair of DIMMs  | 3, 6                               |

6. Open the retaining clip on each end of the DIMM connector.

**Attention:** To avoid breaking the retaining clips or damaging the DIMM connectors, open and close the clips gently.





7. Touch the static-protective package that contains the DIMM to any unpainted metal surface on the outside of the server. Then, remove the DIMM from the package.
8. Turn the DIMM so that the DIMM keys align correctly with the connector.
9. Insert the DIMM into the connector by aligning the edges of the DIMM with the slots at the ends of the DIMM connector (see “System-board optional device connectors” on page 19 for the locations of the DIMM connectors).
10. Firmly press the DIMM straight down into the connector by applying pressure on both ends of the DIMM simultaneously. The retaining clips snap into the locked position when the DIMM is firmly seated in the connector.

**Note:** If there is a gap between the DIMM and the retaining clips, the DIMM has not been correctly inserted; open the retaining clips, remove the DIMM, and then reinsert it.

11. Replace the DIMM air baffle (see “Installing the DIMM air baffle” on page 131).
12. Reconnect any cables that you removed.
13. Replace the cover (see “Installing the cover” on page 128).
14. Reconnect the power cord and any external cables that you removed.
15. Turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

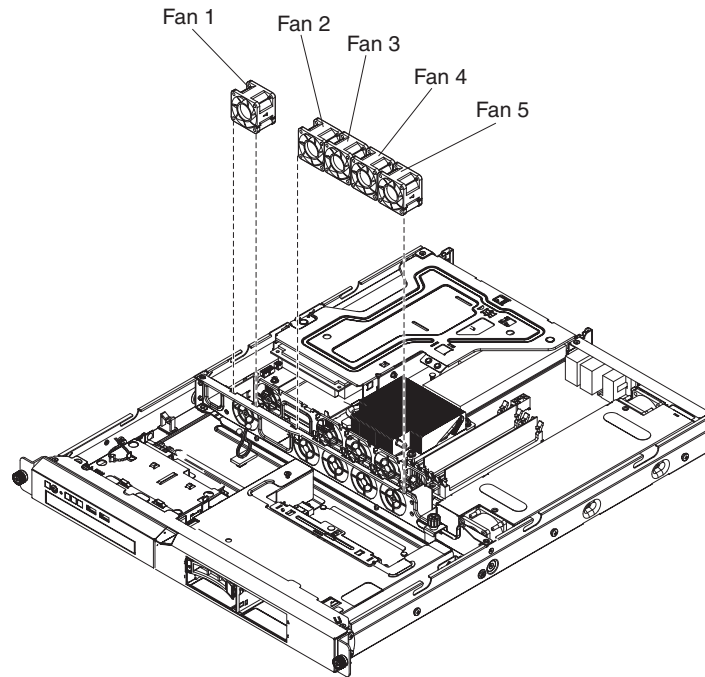
## Removing a fan

The server comes with five replaceable fans.

To remove any of the five replaceable fans, complete the following steps:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 125.
2. Turn off the server and all peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cords and all external cables.
3. Remove the server from the rack and remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 128).
4. Reconnect the power cord; then, turn on the server.  
**Attention:** Operating the server for extended periods of time (more than 30 minutes) with the cover removed might damage server components.
5. Determine which fan to replace by checking the LEDs on the system board (see “System-board LEDs” on page 18); a lit LED indicates the fan to replace.
6. Turn off the server; then, disconnect the power cord again.
7. Remove the DIMM air baffle (see “Installing the DIMM air baffle” on page 131).
8. Remove the failed fan from the server:

- a. Disconnect the fan cable from the system board (see “System-board internal connectors” on page 14 for the location of the fan cable connectors on the system board). You may need to disengage the cables from cable retention clips. Note the routing of the fan cable to the connector; you will have to route the fan cable the same way when you install the fan.
- b. Grasp the top of the fan with your index finger and thumb and lift the fan out of the server.



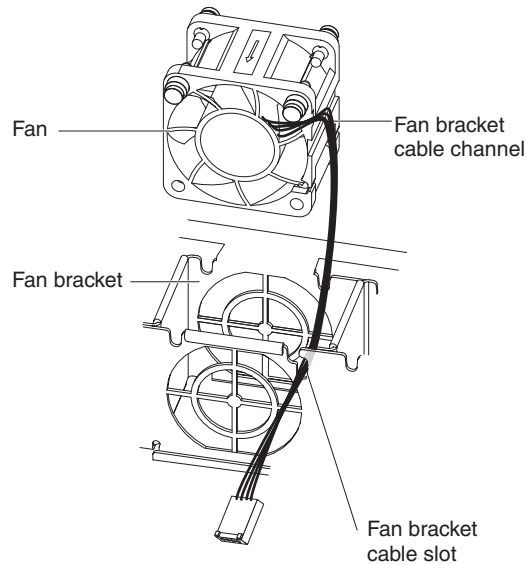
9. If you are instructed to return the fan, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

## Installing a fan

To install the replacement fan, complete the following steps:

1. Position the replacement fan so that the airflow arrow on the fan points toward the rear of the server.

**Note:** Correct airflow is from the front to the rear of the server.



2. Install the replacement fan in the bracket:
  - a. Make sure that the fan cable sits in the channel on the side of the fan.
  - b. In the location from which you removed the failed fan, route the fan cable into its slot in the fan bracket top.
  - c. Insert the fan into the bracket.
  - d. Make sure that each of the grey soft tabs on the fan is fully seated in its slot in the fan bracket.
3. Connect the replacement fan cable to the system board (see “System-board internal connectors” on page 14 for the locations of the fan cable connectors on the system board).
4. Install the DIMM air baffle (see “Installing the DIMM air baffle” on page 131).
5. Install the cover (see “Installing the cover” on page 128).
6. Slide the server into the rack.
7. Reconnect all external cables and the power cord.
8. Turn on all attached devices and the server.

## Removing an optional IBM ServeRAID-MR10i SAS/SATA Controller

To remove an IBM ServeRAID-MR10i SAS/SATA adapter, complete the following steps:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 125.
2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices and disconnect the power cords.

**Note:** When you disconnect the power source from the server, you lose the ability to view the LEDs because the LEDs are not lit when the power source is removed. Before you disconnect the power source, make a note of which LEDs are lit, including the LEDs inside the server on the system board.

3. Remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 128).
4. Remove the riser-card assembly (see “Removing the riser-card assembly” on page 131).
5. Disconnect the signal cable from the ServeRAID-MR10i SAS/SATA adapter.

6. Carefully grasp the end of the ServeRAID adapter and pull it out of the connector on the riser-card assembly.
7. If you are instructed to return the ServeRAID adapter, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

## Installing an optional IBM ServeRAID-MR10i SAS/SATA Controller

You can purchase an optional IBM ServeRAID-MR10i SAS/SATA controller. It can be installed only in the dedicated slot on the riser-card assembly. The ServeRAID-MR10i adapter supports RAID levels 0, 1, 5, 6, and 10. For configuration information, see the ServeRAID documentation at <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/>.

**Important:** To ensure that any of your ServeRAID adapters function properly on UEFI-based servers, make sure that the adapter firmware and supporting device drivers are updated to at least 11.x.x-XXX.

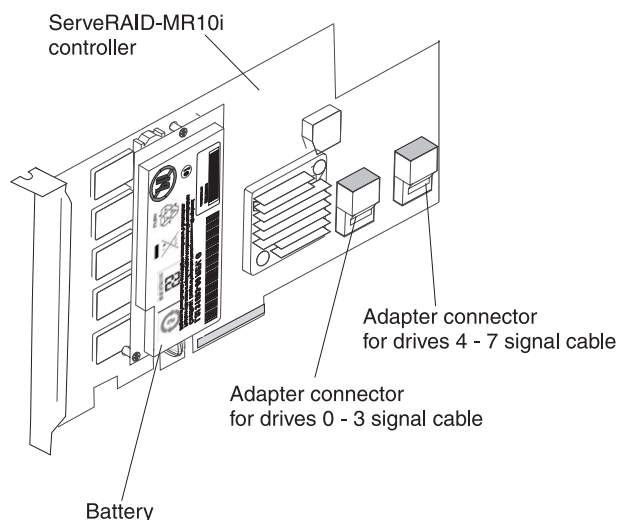
**Attention:** Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.

To install an IBM ServeRAID-MR10i SAS/SATA adapter, complete the following steps:

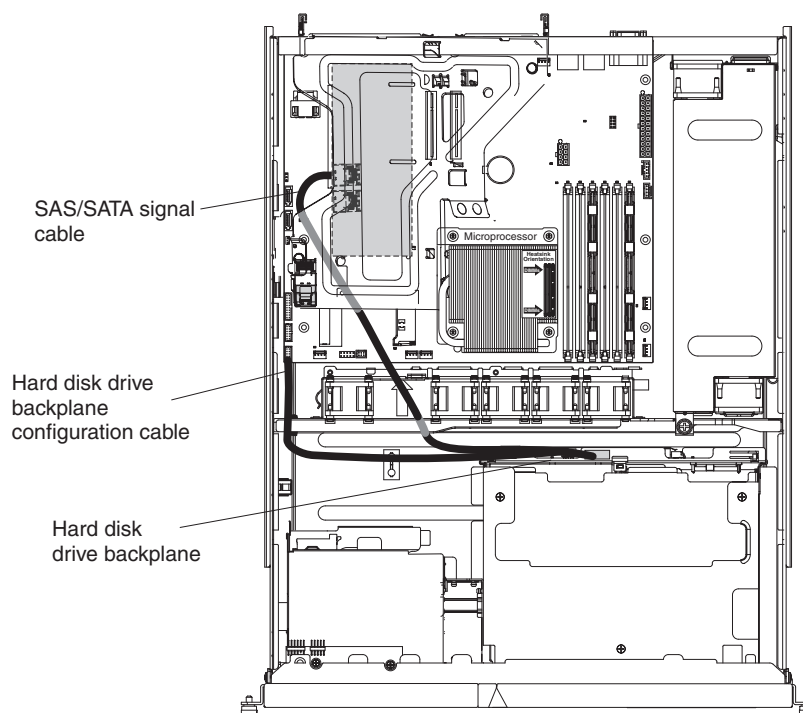
1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 125.
2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices and disconnect the power cords.
3. Remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 128).
4. Remove the riser-card assembly (see “Removing the riser-card assembly” on page 131).
5. Remove the expansion-slot cover on the slot that you intend to use and save for future use.

**Attention:** PCI expansion-slot covers must be installed on all vacant slots. This maintains the electronic emissions standards of the server and ensures proper ventilation of server components.

6. Touch the static-protective package that contains the new ServeRAID-MR10i SAS/SATA adapter to any unpainted surface on the outside of the server; then, grasp the adapter by the top edge or upper corners of the adapter and remove it from the package.
7. Take the signal cable that is attached to the drive backplane and connect it to the ServeRAID adapter. The following illustration shows the connectors on the controller to which you connect the signal cable from the drive backplane.



8. Route the signal cable from the drive backplane through the fan cage hole on the left of fan 1 as shown in the following illustration.



9. Align the ServeRAID adapter so that the keys align correctly with the connector on the riser-card assembly.
10. Insert the ServeRAID adapter into the connector on the riser-card until it is firmly seated.
 

**Attention:**

  - To ensure proper cooling and airflow, install a ServeRAID adapter that has a battery attached in slot 2 on the riser-card assembly.
  - Incomplete insertion might cause damage to the server or the adapter.
11. Install the riser-card assembly (see “Installing the riser-card assembly” on page 132).
12. Replace the cover (see “Installing the cover” on page 128).

13. Slide the server in the rack.
14. Reconnect the power cord and any cables that you removed.
15. Turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

**Note:** When you restart the server, you are prompted to import the existing RAID configuration to the new ServeRAID adapter.

## Removing an optional IBM ServeRAID-MR10is VAULT SAS/SATA Controller

To remove an IBM ServeRAID-MR10is VAULT SAS/SATA adapter, complete the following steps:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 125.
2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices and disconnect the power cords.

**Note:** When you disconnect the power source from the server, you lose the ability to view the LEDs because the LEDs are not lit when the power source is removed. Before you disconnect the power source, make a note of which LEDs are lit, including the LEDs inside the server on the system board.

3. Remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 128).
4. Remove the riser-card assembly (see “Removing the riser-card assembly” on page 131).
5. Disconnect the signal cable from the ServeRAID-MR10is VAULT SAS/SATA adapter.
6. Carefully grasp the end of the ServeRAID adapter and pull it out of the connector on the riser-card assembly.
7. If you are instructed to return the ServeRAID adapter, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

## Installing the optional IBM ServeRAID-MR10is VAULT SAS/SATA controller

The optional IBM ServeRAID-MR10is VAULT SAS/SATA controller can be installed only in its dedicated connector on the riser-card assembly. The ServeRAID-MR10is VAULT SAS/SATA adapter is supported on hot-swap server models only. The IBM ServeRAID-MR10is VAULT SAS/SATA adapter with an encryption 1078 DE chip set enables integrated RAID levels 0, 1, 5, 6, and 10 support capability on hot-swap hard disk drives. For configuration information, see the documentation on the ServeRAID CD that comes with the adapter.

**Important:** To ensure that any of your ServeRAID adapters function properly on UEFI-based servers, make sure that the adapter firmware level is updated to at least 11.xx-XXX, and the supporting drivers.

**Attention:** Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.

To install the ServeRAID-MR10is VAULT SAS/SATA controller and route the cables, complete the following steps:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 125.

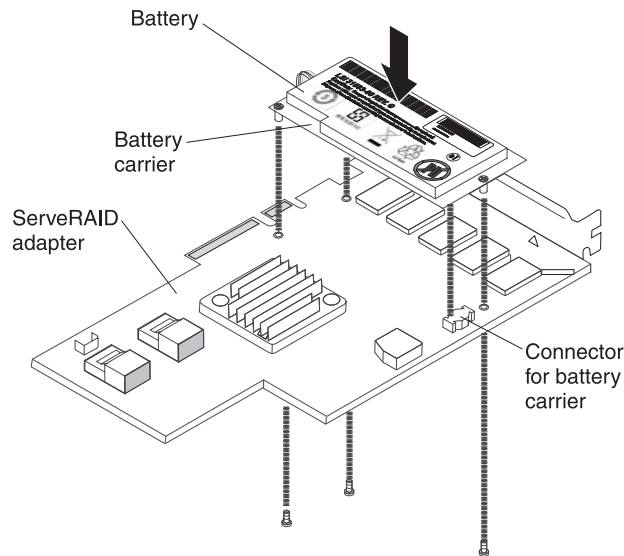
2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cords and all external cables.

**Attention:** To avoid breaking the retaining clips or damaging the ServeRAID-MR10is VAULT SAS/SATA adapter connector, open and close the clips gently.

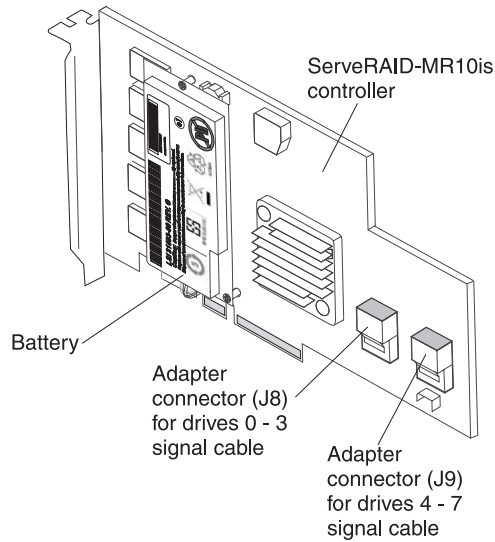
3. Remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 128).
4. Remove the riser-card assembly (see “Removing the riser-card assembly” on page 131).
5. Remove the expansion-slot cover on the slot that you intend to use and save for future use.

**Attention:**

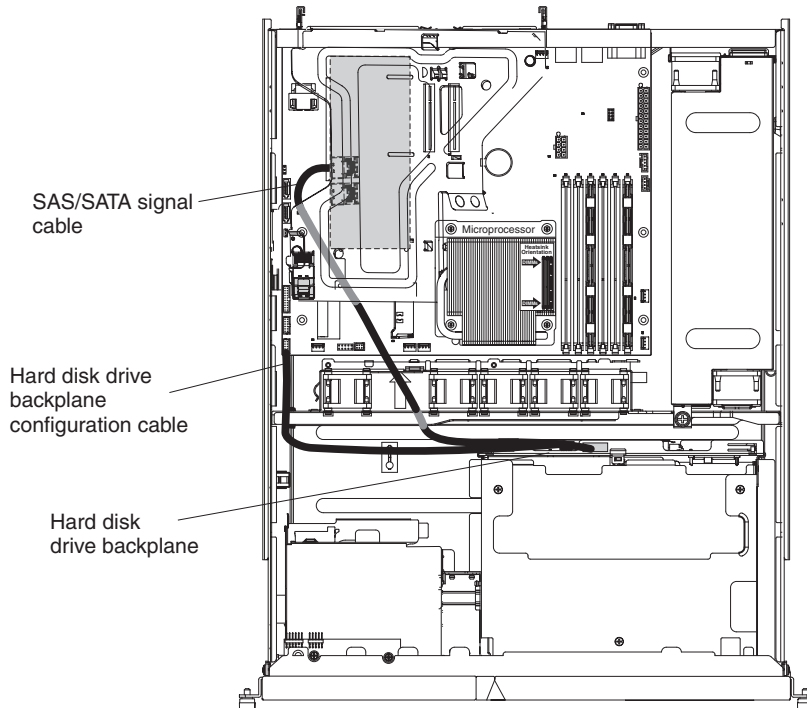
- To ensure proper cooling and airflow, install a ServeRAID adapter that has a battery attached in slot 2 on the riser-card assembly.
  - PCI expansion-slot covers must be installed on all vacant slots. This maintains the electronic emissions standards of the server and ensures proper ventilation of server components.
6. Touch the static-protective package that contains the new ServeRAID-MR10is VAULT SAS/SATA adapter to any unpainted surface on the outside of the server; then, grasp the adapter by the top edge or upper corners of the adapter and remove it from the package.
  7. If the battery pack (battery carrier and battery) did not come installed on the ServeRAID adapter, install the battery pack:
    - a. Align the battery carrier pins and the connector for the battery carrier with the pin holes and connector on the ServeRAID adapter; then, lower the battery carrier onto the ServeRAID adapter.



- b. Press the battery carrier into the connector on the ServeRAID adapter until it is firmly connected.
  - c. Secure the battery carrier to the ServeRAID adapter with the screws that came with the battery pack.
8. Take the signal cable that is attached to the drive backplane and connect it to the ServeRAID adapter. The following illustration shows the connectors on the controller to which you connect the signal cable from the drive backplane.



9. Route the signal cable from the drive backplane through the fan cage hole on the left of fan 1 as shown in the following illustration.



10. Insert the ServeRAID adapter into the connector on the riser-card assembly until it is firmly seated.
11. Install the riser-card assembly (see "Installing the riser-card assembly" on page 132).
12. Replace the cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 128).
13. Slide the server in the rack.
14. Reconnect the power cord and any cables that you removed.
15. Turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

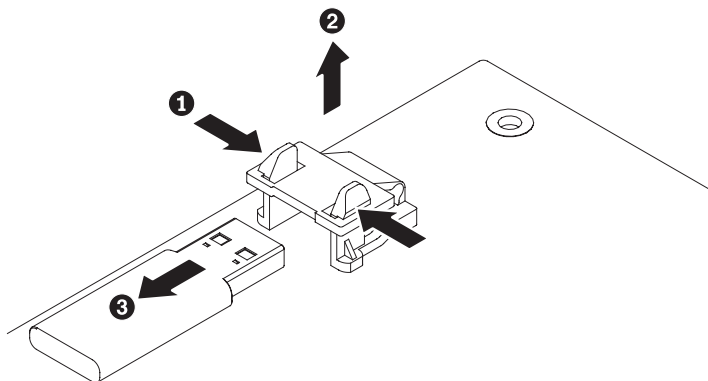
**Note:** When you restart the server, you are prompted to import the existing RAID configuration to the new ServeRAID adapter.



## Removing a USB embedded hypervisor flash device

To remove a hypervisor flash device, complete the following steps:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 125.
2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices and disconnect the power cords.
3. Remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 128).
4. Remove the riser-card assembly (see “Removing the riser-card assembly” on page 131).
5. Remove the flash device:

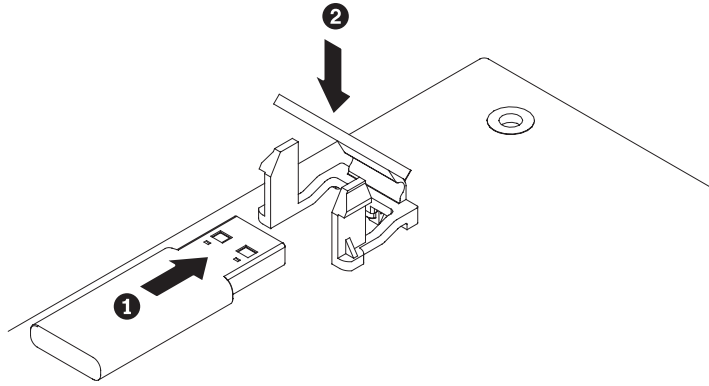


- a. Unlock the retention latch on the USB connector by squeezing the two retention clips toward each other.
  - b. Open the retention latch.
  - c. Grasp the flash device and pull to remove it from the connector.
6. If you are instructed to return the flash device, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

## Installing a USB embedded hypervisor flash device

To install a hypervisor flash device, complete the following steps:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 125.
2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices and disconnect the power cords.
3. Remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 128).
4. Remove the riser-card assembly (see “Removing the riser-card assembly” on page 131).
5. Align the flash device with the USB connector on the system board and push it into the USB connector until it is firmly seated.
6. Press down on the retention latch to lock the flash device into the USB connector.

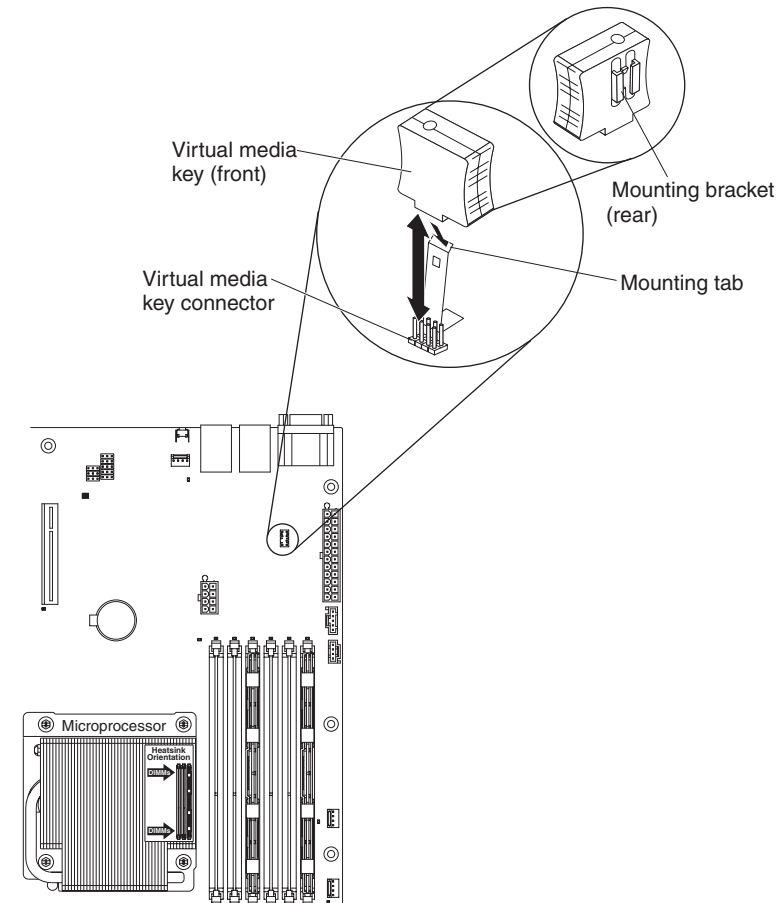


7. Reconnect the power cord and any cables that you removed.
8. Install the riser-card assembly (see “Installing the riser-card assembly” on page 132).
9. Install the cover (see “Installing the cover” on page 128).
10. Slide the server into the rack.
11. Turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

## Removing the virtual media key

To remove the virtual media key, complete the following steps:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 125.
2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices and disconnect all power cords; then, remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 128).
3. Grasp the virtual media key and gently slide it up and off of the mounting tab.

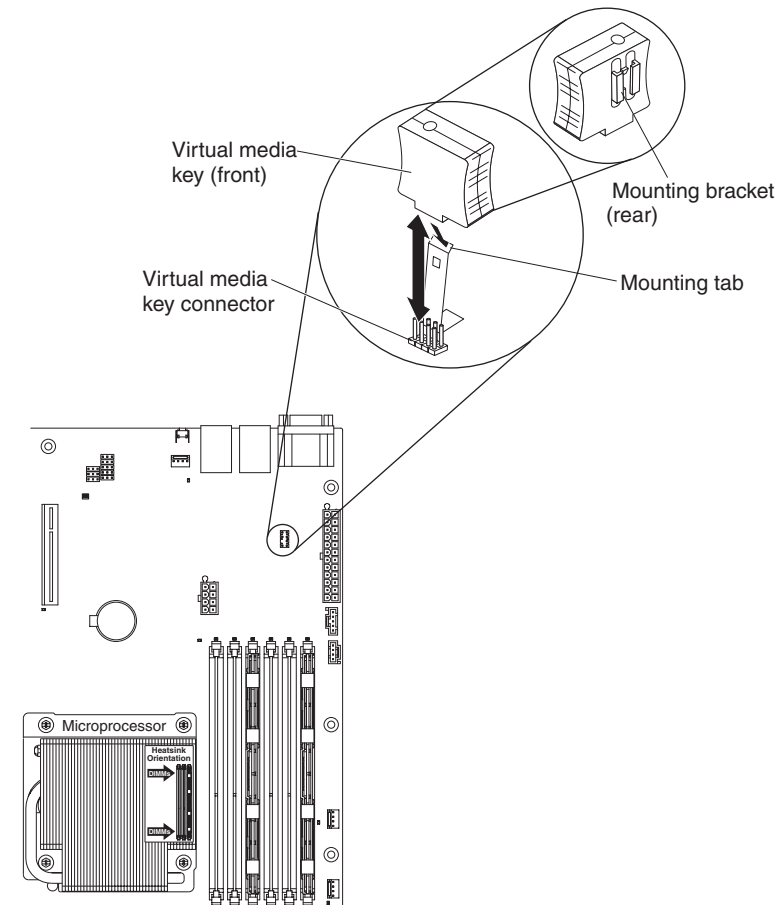


4. If you are instructed to return the virtual media key, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

## Installing the virtual media key

To install the virtual media key, complete the following steps:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 125.
2. Remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 128).
3. Align the virtual media key with the mounting tab and slide it down the tab onto the connector on the system board. Press the virtual media key down into the connector until it is firmly seated on the system board.



4. Replace the cover (see “Installing the cover” on page 128).
5. Slide the server into the rack.
6. Reconnect the power cord and any cables that you removed.
7. Turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

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## Removing and replacing Tier 2 CRUs

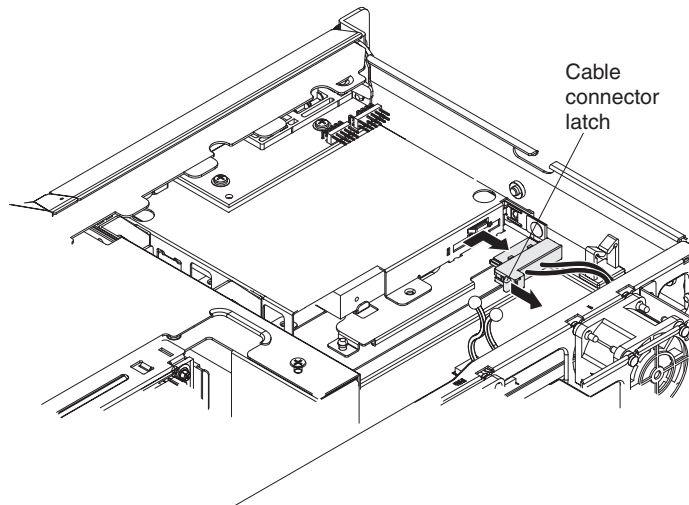
You may install a Tier 2 CRU yourself or request IBM to install it, at no additional charge, under the type of warranty service that is designated for your server.

The illustrations in this document might differ slightly from your hardware.

## Removing the DVD cable

To remove the DVD cable, complete the following steps:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 125.
2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices and disconnect all power cords.
3. Remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 128).
4. Remove the riser-card assembly (see “Removing the riser-card assembly” on page 131).
5. Remove the DVD drive (see “Removing an optional DVD drive” on page 145).
6. From the front of the server, press the cable connector latch and slide the DVD cable to the unlock position; then, pull out the cable from the optical drive cage connector and set it aside.

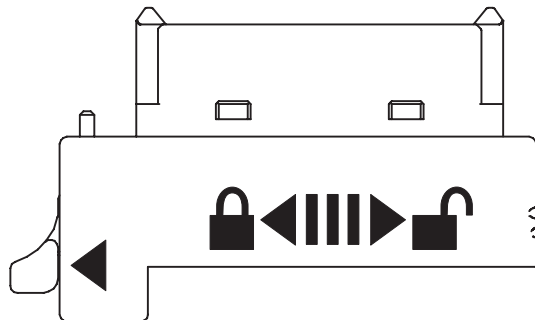


7. If you are instructed to return the DVD drive cable, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

## Installing the DVD cable

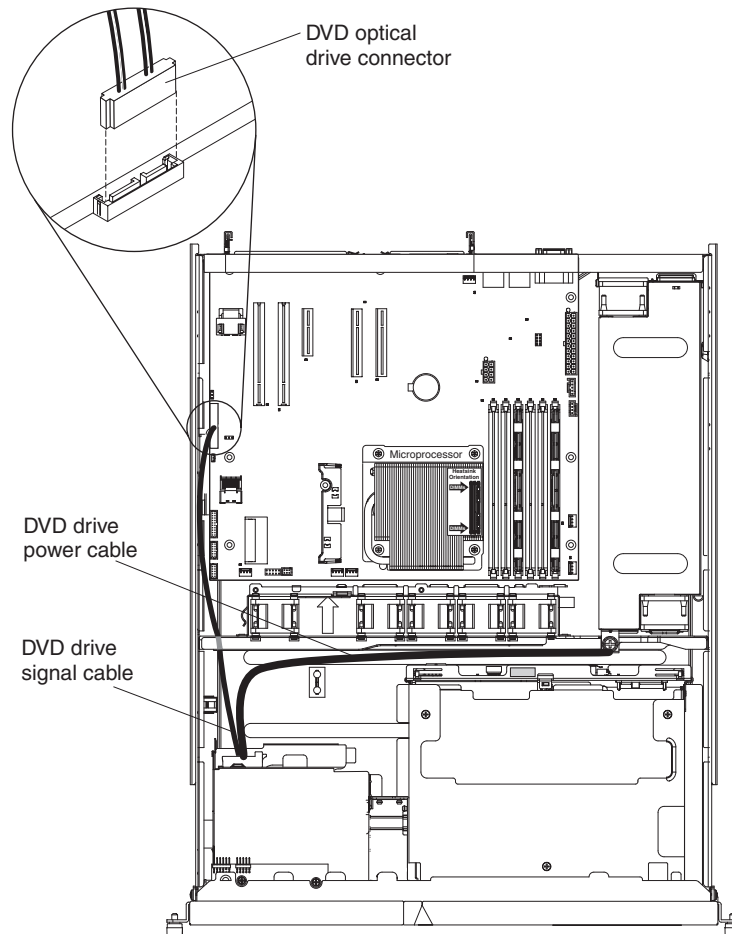
To install the DVD cable, complete the following cable:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 125.
2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices and disconnect the power cords and all external cables.
3. Align the cable connector with the connector on the rear of the optical drive cage.
4. Pull the cable connector latch up and hold it there while you slide the cable connector to the locked position to lock the cable in place.



The following illustration shows the cable routing for the DVD signal cable.

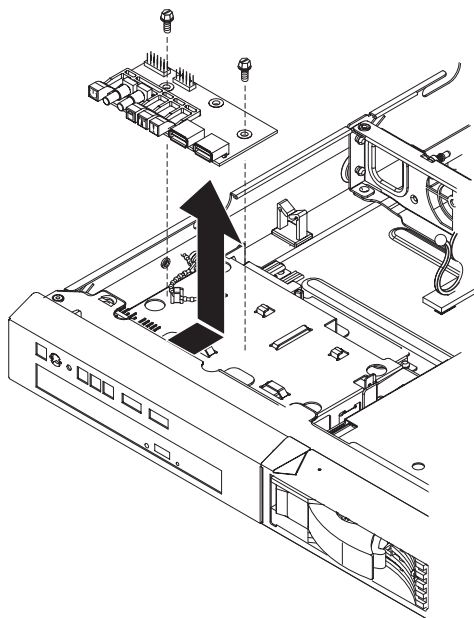
**Note:** Route the DVD signal cable through the fan cage hole on the left of fan 1.



5. Reinstall the DVD drive (see “Installing an optional DVD drive” on page 147).
6. Reinstall the riser-card assembly (see “Installing the riser-card assembly” on page 132).
7. Replace the cover (see “Installing the cover” on page 128).
8. Slide the server into the rack.
9. Reconnect the power cord and any cables that you removed.
10. Turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

## Removing the operator information panel assembly

To remove the operator information panel assembly, complete the following steps.

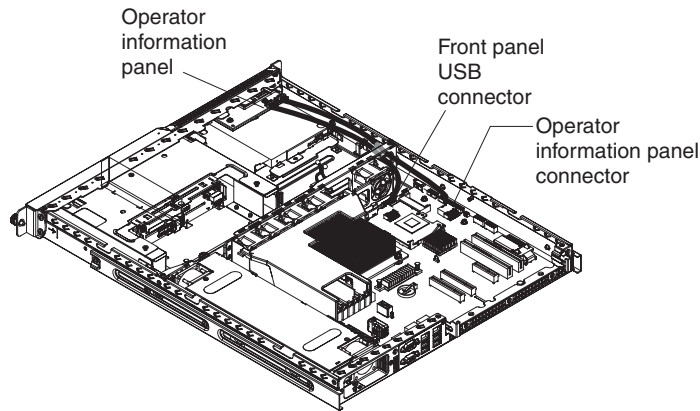


1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and the “Installation guidelines” on page 125.
2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cords and all external cables.
3. Remove the server from the rack and remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 128).
4. Disconnect both cables from the operator information panel board.
5. Remove the screws that secure the operator information panel assembly to the DVD bay housing.
6. Lift the operator information panel assembly out of the server.
7. If you are instructed to return the operator information panel assembly, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

## Installing the operator information panel assembly

To install the replacement operator information panel assembly, complete the following steps:

1. Guide the operator information panel assembly into position on top of the DVD bay housing. Make sure that the LEDs and the USB connectors are aligned with the openings in the bezel and that the holes in the board align with the screw holes in the top of the bay housing.
2. Use the screws that you removed in step 5 of “Removing the operator information panel assembly” to secure the operator information panel assembly onto the top of the DVD bay housing.
3. Connect the light panel cable and front USB cable to the operator information panel board.

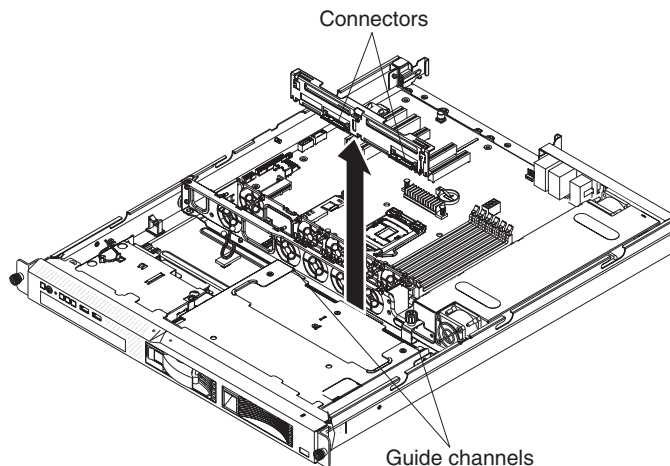


4. Install the cover (see “Installing the cover” on page 128).
5. Slide the server into the rack.
6. Connect the cables and power cords.
7. Turn on all attached devices and the server.

## Removing the backplane or back plate (3.5-inch drives)

To remove the Serial Attached SCSI (SAS) backplane, which is also referred to as the hot-swap SAS/SATA backplane, or to remove the simple-swap SATA back plate, complete the following steps.

**Note:** The following illustration shows removing the hot-swap SAS/SATA backplane.



1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 125.
2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cords and all external cables.
3. Remove the server from the rack and place it on a flat, static-protective surface.
4. Pull the hard disk drives out of the server slightly to disengage them from the backplane or back plate.
5. Remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 128).
6. Lift the backplane or back plate out of the server.
7. Disconnect the backplane or back plate cables:
  - If the server is a hot-swap model, disconnect the SAS/SATA controller signal cable, the power cable, and the configuration cable from the backplane.



- If the server is a simple-swap model, disconnect the SATA signal cable and the power cable from the back plate.

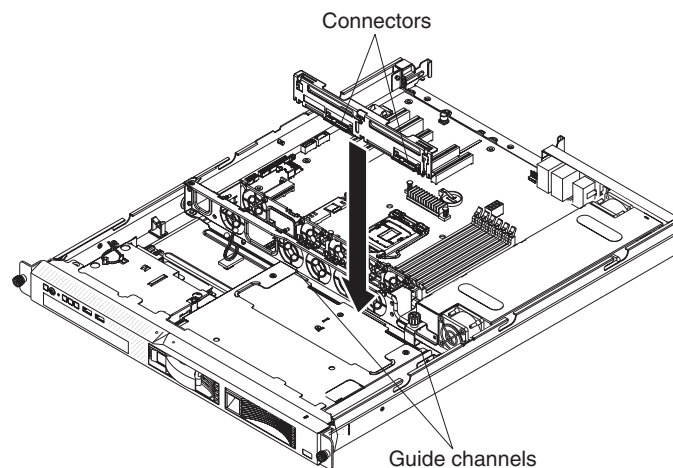
**Note:**

- You might want to disconnect the cable from the SAS/SATA controller first, or remove the SAS/SATA controller from its connector, to make it easier to disconnect the cable from the backplane or back plate.
  - Simple-swap SATA hard disk drives support AHCI mode.
  - Simple-swap models only support ServeRAID-BR10il adapter.
8. If you are instructed to return the backplane or back plate, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

## Installing the backplane or back plate (3.5-inch drives)

To install the replacement 3.5-inch hot-swap drives backplane or simple-swap SATA drives back plate, complete the following steps.

**Note:** The following illustration shows installing the hot-swap SAS/SATA backplane.



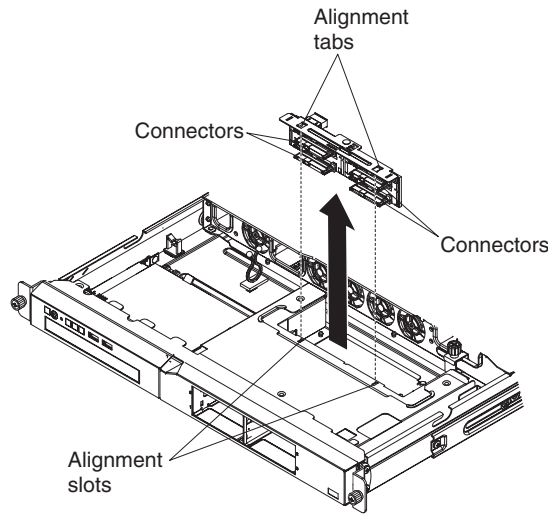
1. Reconnect the cables to the replacement backplane or back plate:
  - If the server is a hot-swap model, reconnect the SAS/SATA controller signal cable, the power cable, and the configuration cable to the backplane.
  - If the server is a simple-swap model, reconnect the SATA signal cable and the power cable to the back plate.

**Note:**

- Simple-swap SATA hard disk drives support AHCI mode.
  - Simple-swap models only support ServeRAID-BR10il adapter.
2. Slide the backplane or back plate into the card guides, making sure that any nearby wires or cables are not trapped or pinched.
  3. Press on the two blue touch points firmly until the backplane or back plate is fully seated.
  4. Install the cover (see “Installing the cover” on page 128).
  5. Replace the hard disk drives.
  6. Slide the server into the rack.
  7. Connect the cables and power cords.

8. Turn on all attached devices and the server.

## Removing the SAS backplane (2.5-inch drives)

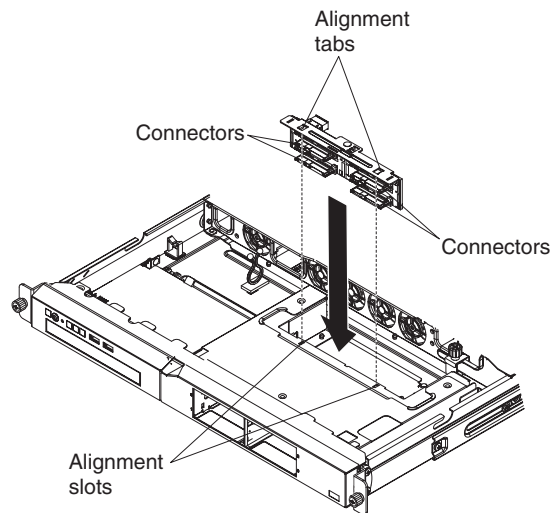


To remove the 2.5-inch hot-swap drives backplane, complete the following steps:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 125.
2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cords and all external cables.
3. Remove the server from the rack and place it on a flat, static-protective surface.
4. Pull the hard disk drives out of the server slightly to disengage them from the backplane.
5. Remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 128).
6. Lift the backplane out of the server.
7. Disconnect the backplane cables:
  - Disconnect the SAS/SATA controller signal cable from the backplane.
  - Disconnect the power cable from the backplane.
  - Disconnect the configuration cable from the backplane.
8. If you are instructed to return the backplane, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

## Installing the SAS backplane (2.5-inch drives)

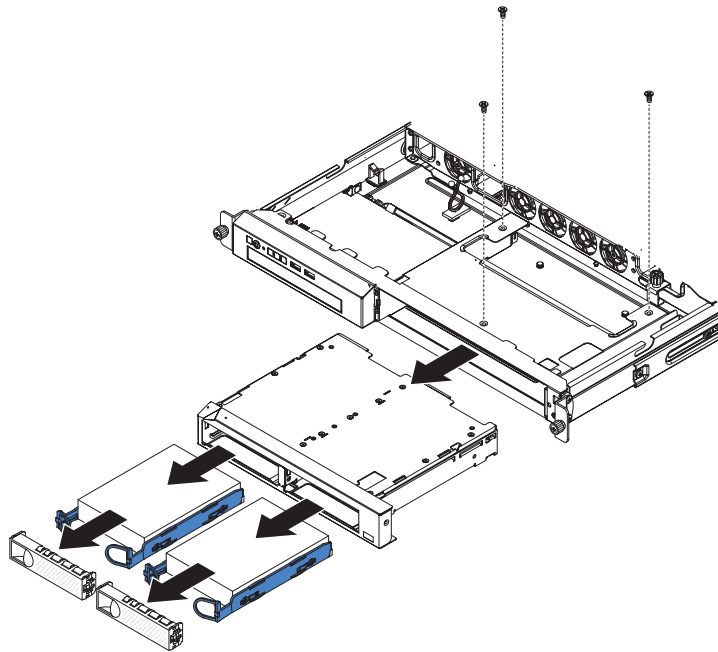
To install the replacement 2.5-inch hot-swap drives backplane, complete the following steps.



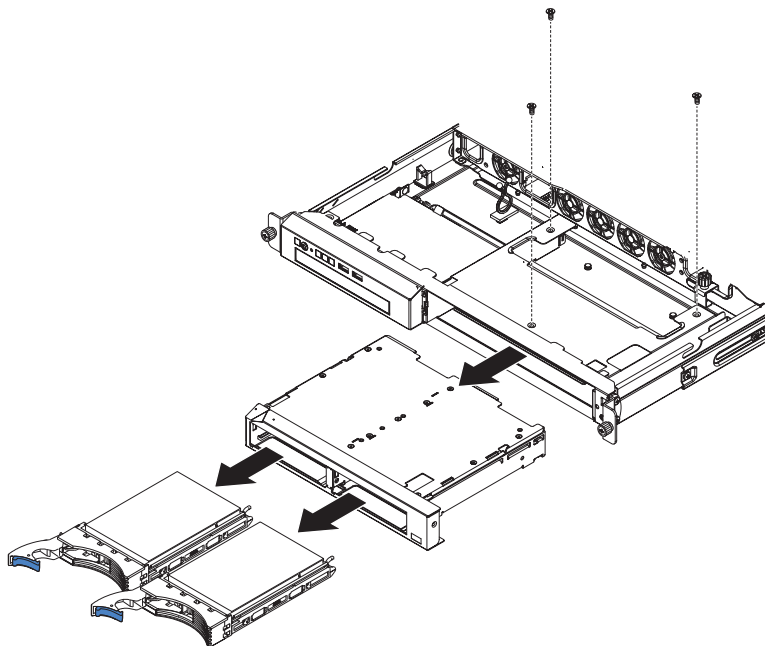
1. Connect the cables to the replacement backplane:
  - Connect the SAS/SATA controller signal cable to the backplane.
  - Connect the power cable to the backplane.
  - Connect the configuration cable to the backplane.
2. Slide the backplane into the card guides, making sure that any nearby wires or cables are not trapped or pinched.
3. Press on the blue touch point firmly until the backplane is fully seated and clicks into place.
4. Install the cover (see “Installing the cover” on page 128).
5. Replace the hard disk drives.
6. Slide the server into the rack.
7. Connect the cables and power cords.
8. Turn on all attached devices and the server.

## Removing a drive cage

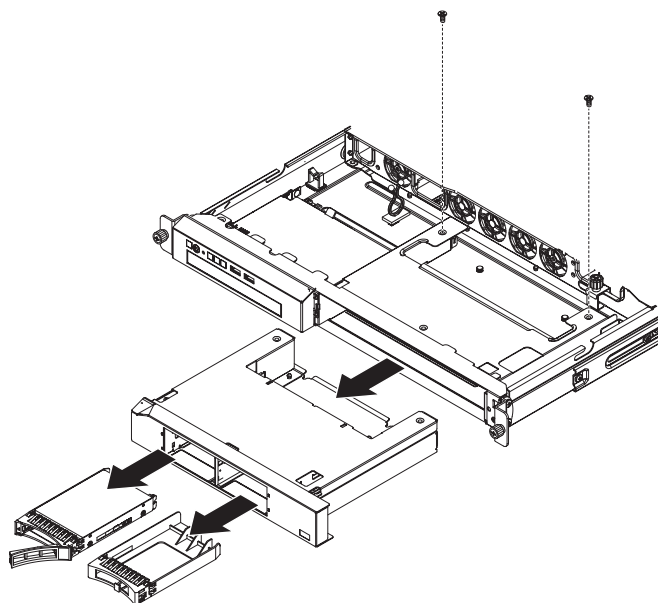
The following illustration shows installing a simple-swap 3.5-inch drive cage.



The following illustration shows installing a hot-swap 3.5-inch drive cage.



The following illustration shows installing a hot-swap 2.5-inch drive cage.

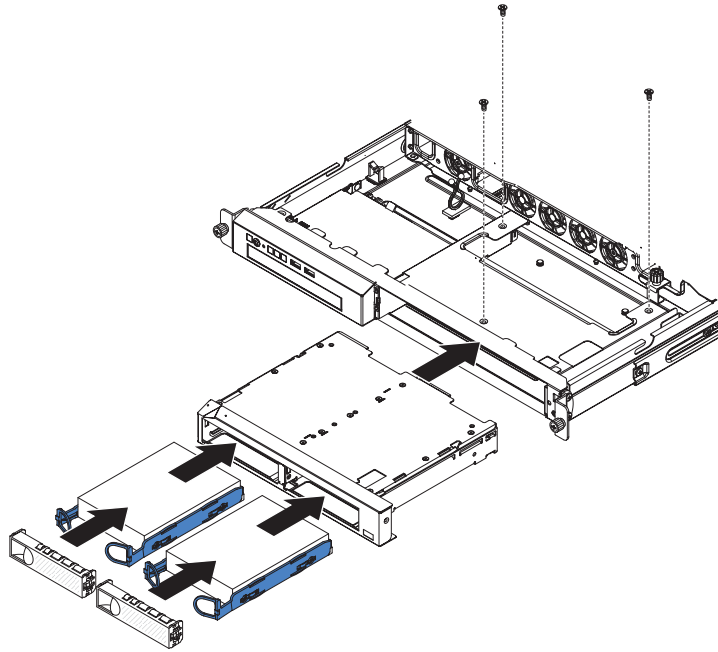


To remove a drive cage, complete the following steps:

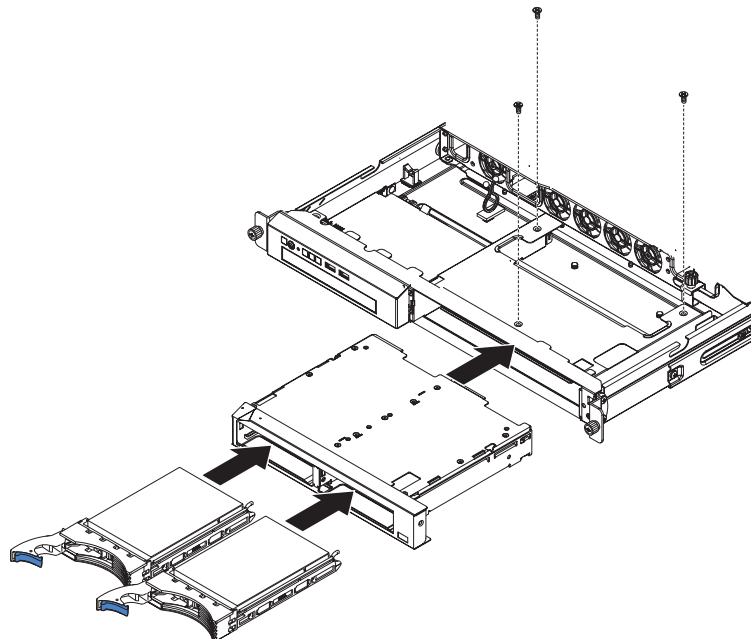
1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 125.
  2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cord and all external cables.
  3. Remove the hard disk drives from the cage.
  4. Remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 128).
- Attention:** To ensure proper cooling and airflow, do not operate the server for more than 30 minutes with the cover removed.
5. Remove the hard disk drive backplane or back plate:
    - **2.5-inch drive models:** Remove the hard disk drive backplane from the cage. See “Removing the SAS backplane (2.5-inch drives)” on page 172 for instructions.
    - **3.5-inch drive models:** Remove the hard disk drive backplane or back plate from the cage. See “Removing the backplane or back plate (3.5-inch drives)” on page 170 for instructions.
  6. Remove the screws that hold the drive cage in place.
  7. Slide the drive cage forward and remove it from the server.
  8. If you are instructed to return the drive cage, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

## Installing a drive cage

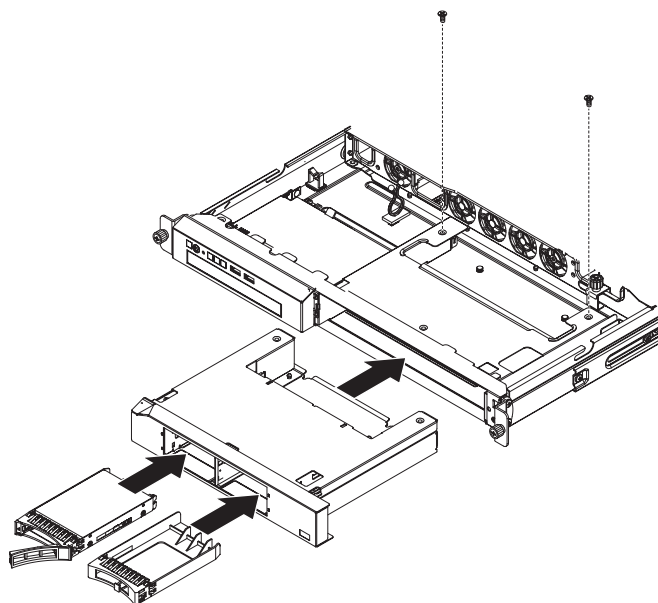
The following illustration shows installing a simple-swap 3.5-inch drive cage.



The following illustration shows installing a hot-swap 3.5-inch drive cage.



The following illustration shows installing a hot-swap 2.5-inch drive cage.



To install a drive cage, complete the following steps:

1. Make sure that the backplane or back plate is removed from the drive cage. (See “Removing the backplane or back plate (3.5-inch drives)” on page 170 or “Removing the SAS backplane (2.5-inch drives)” on page 172 for instructions, as applicable.)
2. Line up the drive cage with the drive bays on the front of the server.
3. Push the drive cage into the server until it stops.
4. Align the holes in the top of the drive cage with the holes in the top of the chassis; then, insert the screws that secure the drive cage to the chassis.
5. Install the backplane or back plate. (See “Installing the backplane or back plate (3.5-inch drives)” on page 171 or “Installing the SAS backplane (2.5-inch drives)” on page 172 for instructions, as applicable.)
6. Install the cover (see “Installing the cover” on page 128).
7. Install the hard disk drives.
8. Install the server in the rack.
9. Connect the cables and power cords.
10. Turn on all attached devices and the server.

## Removing the power supply

When you remove or install the power supply, observe the following precautions.

**Statement 8:**



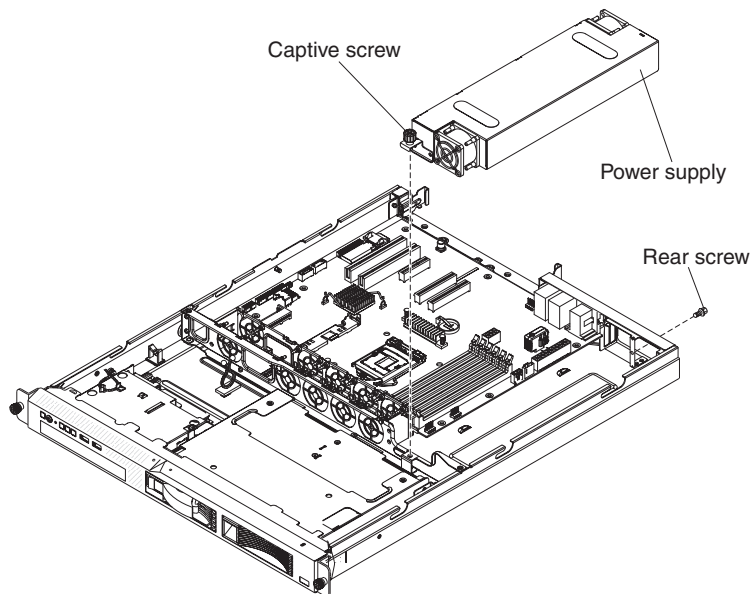
**CAUTION:**

Never remove the cover on a power supply or any part that has the following label attached.



Hazardous voltage, current, and energy levels are present inside any component that has this label attached. There are no serviceable parts inside these components. If you suspect a problem with one of these parts, contact a service technician.

To remove the power supply, complete the following steps.



1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 125.
2. Disconnect the ac power cord from the connector on the power supply. Disconnect all external cables from the server.
3. Remove the server from the rack and remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 128).

**Attention:** To ensure proper cooling and airflow, do not operate the server for more than 30 minutes with the cover removed.

4. Remove the air baffle (see “Removing the DIMM air baffle” on page 130).
5. Disconnect the power-supply cables from the connectors on the system board and internal devices; then, disengage the cables from any retention-clips.

**Note:** Note the routing of all power-supply cables; you will route the power-supply cables the same way when you install the power supply.

6. Remove the screw that holds the power supply to the rear of the chassis.
7. Loosen the captive thumbscrew that secures the rear of the power supply to the chassis bottom.



8. Lift the power supply out of the bay.
9. If you are instructed to return the power supply, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

## Installing the power supply

To install the replacement power supply, complete the following steps:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 125.
2. Place the new power supply into the bay.
3. Tighten the captive thumbscrew that secures the rear of the power supply to the chassis bottom.
4. Replace the screw that holds the power supply to the rear of the chassis (see the illustration on page 179).
5. Connect the internal power-supply cable from the power supply to the power connectors on the system board. See “System-board internal connectors” on page 14 for the locations of the power connectors on the system board.
  - For power supply without Active Energy Manager (AEM), connect the power cables to power connectors 1 and 2 on the system board.
  - For high-efficient power supply with AEM, connect the power cables to power connectors 1, 2, 3, and 4 on the system board.
6. Route the internal power-supply cables, securing them with the retention-clips.
7. Test the power supply:
  - a. Connect one end of the ac power cord for the new power supply into the connector on the back of the power supply, and connect the other end of the power cord into a properly grounded electrical outlet.
  - b. Make sure that the standby power LED on the system board is lit (see “System-board LEDs” on page 18); if the standby power LED is not lit, discontinue this procedure and obtain a new power supply.
  - c. Press the power-control button. Make sure that the power-on LED on the front of the server is lit.

If the server starts, proceed to step 8. If the server does not start, disconnect the ac power cord and call for service.
8. Turn off the server and disconnect the ac power cord.
9. Connect the cables from the power supply to the internal devices.
10. Install the air baffle (see “Installing the DIMM air baffle” on page 131).
11. Install the cover (see “Installing the cover” on page 128).
12. Slide the server into the rack.
13. Reconnect the ac power cord into the connector on the back of the power supply.
14. Connect all external cables that you disconnected in step 2 on page 178.
15. Connect the other end of the ac power cord into a properly grounded electrical outlet.
16. Press the power-control button.
17. Make sure that the power-on LED on the front of the server is lit.

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## Removing and replacing FRUs

FRUs must be replaced or installed only by trained service technicians.

The illustrations in this document might differ slightly from the hardware.

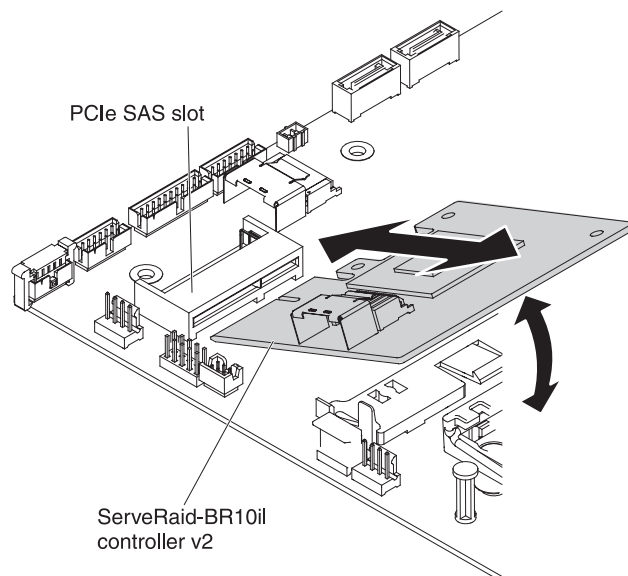
### Removing an IBM ServeRAID-BR10il SAS/SATA Controller v2

To remove an IBM ServeRAID-BR10il SAS/SATA Controller v2 from the system board, complete the following steps:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 125.
2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices and disconnect the power cords.

**Note:** When you disconnect the power source from the server, you lose the ability to view the LEDs because the LEDs are not lit when the power source is removed. Before you disconnect the power source, make a note of which LEDs are lit, including the LEDs that are lit on the operation information panel and LEDs inside the server on the system board.

3. Remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 128).
4. Remove the riser-card assembly (see “Removing the riser-card assembly” on page 131).
5. Squeeze the tabs on both sides of the connector on the signal cable and remove the cable from the SAS/SATA adapter.
6. Carefully disengage the tabs on each side of the SAS/SATA adapter connector and the front of the SAS/SATA adapter from the retention bracket. Grasp the SAS/SATA adapter near the end next to the heat sink while you press the plastic tab (next to the heat sink) toward the heat sink.
7. Grasp the edges of the SAS/SATA adapter and pull it out of the connector.



8. If you are instructed to return the SAS/SATA adapter, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

## Installing an IBM ServeRAID-BR10iL SAS/SATA Controller v2

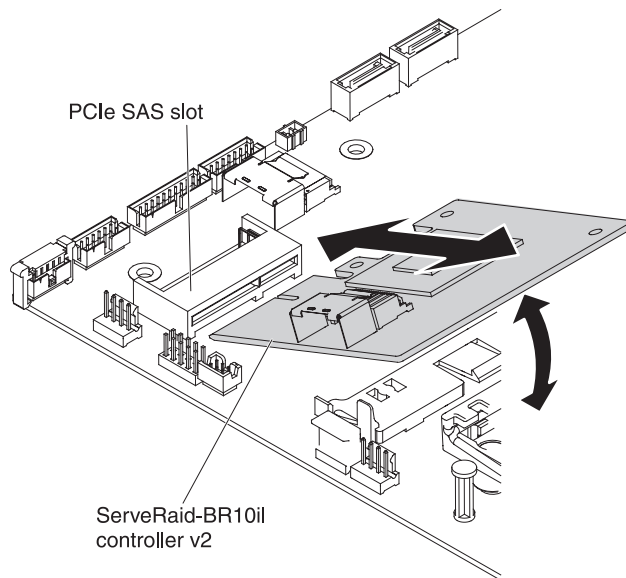
Some server models come with an IBM ServeRAID-BR10iL SAS/SATA Controller v2 installed. The adapter can be installed only in the dedicated slot on the system board (see “System-board optional device connectors” on page 19 for the location of the connector). The IBM ServeRAID-BR10iL v2 SAS/SATA adapter enables integrated RAID levels 0, 1, and 1E capability on hot-swap hard disk drives. For configuration information, see the ServeRAID documentation at <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/>. To install the adapter if your server model did not come with this adapter, complete the following steps to install an IBM ServeRAID-BR10iL v2 SAS/SATA Controller.

**Important:** To ensure that any of your ServeRAID adapters function properly on UEFI-based servers, make sure that the adapter firmware and supporting device drivers are updated to at least 11.x.x-XXX.

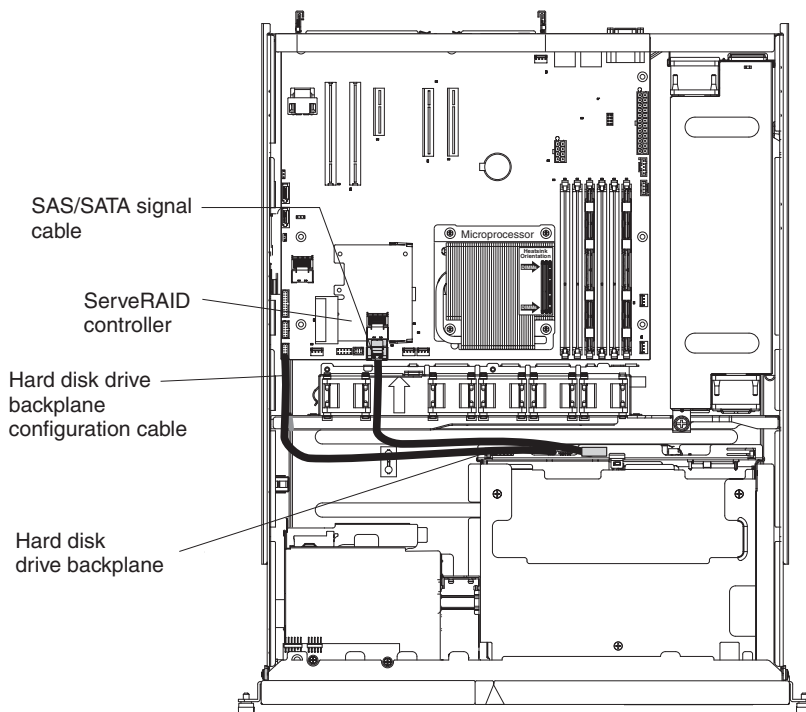
**Attention:** Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 125.
2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices and disconnect the power cords.
3. Remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 128).
4. Remove the riser-card assembly (see “Removing the riser-card assembly” on page 131).
5. Touch the static-protective package that contains the new ServeRAID-BR10iL v2 SAS/SATA adapter to any unpainted surface on the outside of the server; then, grasp the adapter by the top edge or upper corners of the adapter and remove it from the package.
6. Align the ServeRAID adapter so that the keys align correctly with the connector on the system board.
7. Insert the ServeRAID adapter into the connector on the system board until it is firmly seated. The retention bracket secures the ServeRAID adapter in place when the adapter is firmly seated into the connector on the system board.

**Attention:** Incomplete insertion might cause damage to the server or the adapter.



8. Take the signal cable that is attached to the drive backplane and connect it to the ServeRAID adapter connector.
9. Route the signal cable from the drive backplane through the fan cage hole (between fans 1 and 2) as shown in the following illustration.



10. Replace the riser-card assembly (see "Installing the riser-card assembly" on page 132).
11. Replace the cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 128).
12. Reconnect the power cord and any cables that you removed.
13. Turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

**Note:** When you restart the server, you are prompted to import the existing RAID configuration to the new ServeRAID adapter.

## Microprocessor

The following notes describe the type of microprocessor that the server supports and other information that you must consider when you install a microprocessor:

- The server supports one Intel land grid array (LGA) 1156 dual-core or quad-core microprocessor. The type, speed, and L3 cache of the microprocessor depends on the server model.
- Read the documentation that comes with the microprocessor to determine whether you have to update the server firmware. To download the most current level of server firmware, go to <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/>.
- The microprocessor uses an integrated voltage regulator on the system board.

### Removing the microprocessor

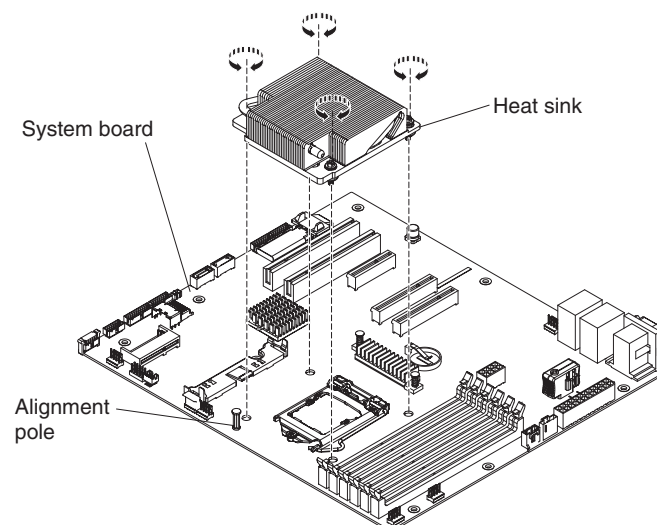
To remove the microprocessor, complete the following steps.

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 125.
2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cords and all external cables.
3. Remove the server from the rack; then, remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 128).
4. Remove the air baffle (see “Removing the DIMM air baffle” on page 130).
5. Remove the heat sink.

#### CAUTION:

**The heat sink may become very hot during normal operation. Allow time for the heat sink to cool down before you touch it.**

- a. Loosen the screw on one side of the heat sink to break the seal with the microprocessor.
- b. Press firmly on the captive screws and loosen them with a screwdriver.
- c. Use your fingers to gently pull the heat sink from the microprocessor.

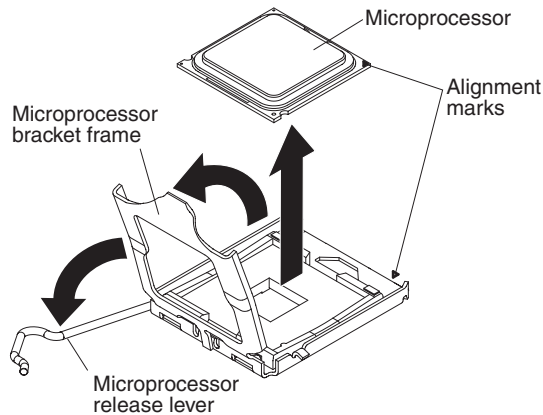


6. Lift the heat sink out of the server. After removal, place the heat sink on its side on a clean, flat surface.

**Attention:** Do not touch the thermal material on the bottom of the heat sink. Touching the thermal material will contaminate it. If the thermal material on the microprocessor or heat sink becomes contaminated, contact your service technician.

7. Release the microprocessor retention latch by pressing down on the end, moving it to the side, and releasing it to the open (up) position.
8. Open the microprocessor bracket frame by lifting up the tab on the top edge. Keep the bracket frame in the open position.

**Attention:** Handle the microprocessor carefully. Dropping the microprocessor during removal can damage the contacts. Also, contaminants on the microprocessor contacts, such as oil from your skin, can cause connection failures between the contacts and the socket.



9. Remove the microprocessor:
  - a. Carefully lift the microprocessor straight up and out of the socket, without touching the microprocessor contacts.
  - b. Place the microprocessor on a static-protective surface
10. If you are instructed to return the microprocessor, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

## Installing the microprocessor

The following notes describe information that you must consider when you install a microprocessor and heat sink:

- If you have to replace a microprocessor, call for service.
- Read the documentation that comes with the microprocessor, so that you can determine whether you have to update the server firmware. To download the latest level of server firmware and other code updates for your server, complete the following steps:
  1. Go to <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/>.
  2. Under **Product support**, click **System x**.
  3. Under **Popular links**, click **Software and device drivers**.
  4. Click **IBM System x3250 M3** to display the matrix of downloadable files for the server.
- The microprocessor speeds are automatically set for this server; therefore, you do not have to set any microprocessor frequency-selection jumpers or switches.
- If the thermal-grease protective cover (for example, a plastic cap or tape liner) is removed from the heat sink, do not touch the thermal grease on the bottom of the heat sink or set down the heat sink. For more information about applying or working with thermal grease, see "Thermal grease" on page 186.

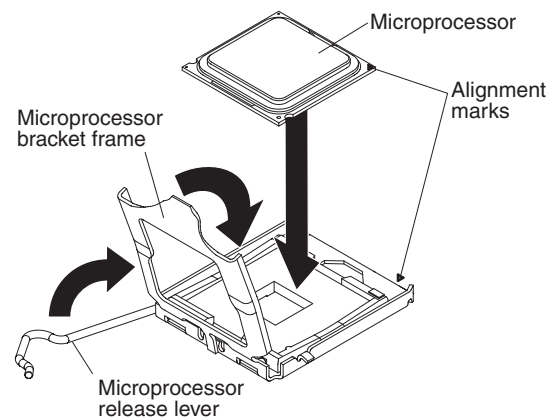
**Note:** Removing the heat sink from the microprocessor destroys the even distribution of the thermal grease and requires replacing the thermal grease.

To install the replacement microprocessor, complete the following steps:

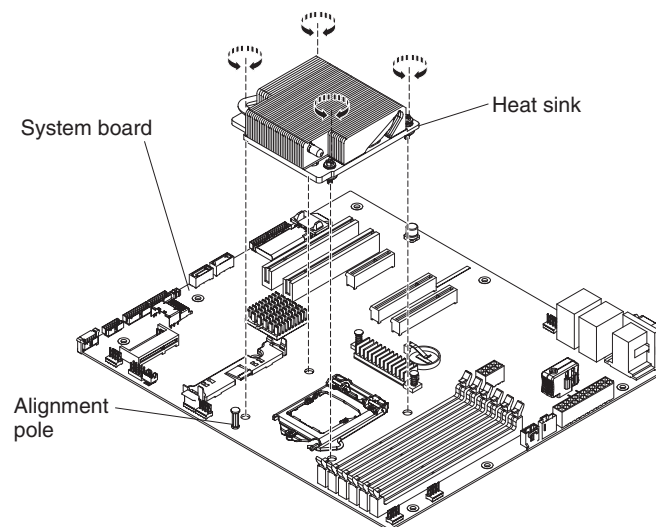
1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 125
2. Make sure that the microprocessor bracket frame and release latch are both fully open.

**Attention:**

- When you handle static-sensitive devices, take precautions to avoid damage from static electricity. For details about handling these devices, see “Handling static-sensitive devices” on page 127
  - The microprocessor contacts are fragile; handle the microprocessor very carefully. Do not touch the microprocessor contacts with your skin.
  - The microprocessor fits only one way on the socket.
3. Align the microprocessor with the socket (note the alignment mark and the position of the notches); then, carefully place the microprocessor on the socket, close the microprocessor bracket frame, and close the microprocessor release latch.



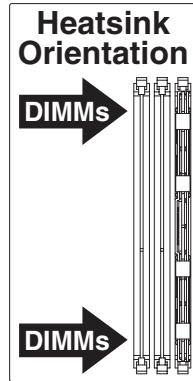
4. Gently lower the heat sink on the microprocessor.
5. Align the screw holes on the heat sink with the holes on the system board.



6. Install the heat sink on the microprocessor.

**Attention:** Do not touch the thermal material on the bottom of the heat sink. Touching the thermal material will contaminate it. If the thermal material on the microprocessor or heat sink becomes contaminated, contact your service technician.

- a. Make sure that the thermal material is still on the bottom of the heat sink; then, align the heat sink so that the arrows on the label point toward the DIMMs and place the heat sink on top of the microprocessor, thermal material side down.



- b. Align the screws on the heat sink with the screw holes on the system board.
- c. Tighten the screws with a screwdriver, alternating among the screws until they are tight. If possible, each screw should be rotated two full rotations at a time. Repeat until the screws are tight. Do not overtighten the screws by using excessive force.

**Attention:** When the two screws that are closer to the rear of the server are tightened, the screw heads are not level with the surface of the heat sink. Do not overtighten the screws by using excessive force.

7. Replace the air baffle (see "Installing the DIMM air baffle" on page 131).
8. Install the cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 128).
9. Slide the server into the rack.
10. Connect the cables and power cords.
11. Turn on all attached devices and the server.

### Thermal grease

The thermal grease must be replaced whenever the heat sink has been removed from the top of the microprocessor and is going to be reused or when debris is found in the grease.

When you are installing the heat sink on the same microprocessor that it was removed from, make sure that the following requirements are met:

- The thermal grease on the heat sink and microprocessor is not contaminated.
- Additional thermal grease is not added to the existing thermal grease on the heat sink and microprocessor.

### Note:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii.
2. Read "Installation guidelines" on page 125.
3. Read "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 127.

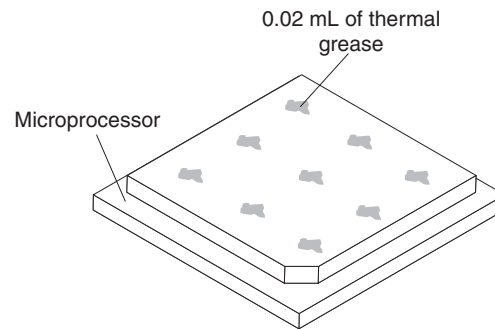


To replace damaged or contaminated thermal grease on the microprocessor and heat sink, complete the following steps:

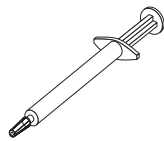
1. Place the heat sink on a clean work surface.
2. Remove the cleaning pad from its package and unfold it completely.
3. Use the cleaning pad to wipe the thermal grease from the bottom of the heat sink.

**Note:** Make sure that all of the thermal grease is removed.

4. Use a clean area of the cleaning pad to wipe the thermal grease from the microprocessor; then, dispose of the cleaning pad after all of the thermal grease is removed.



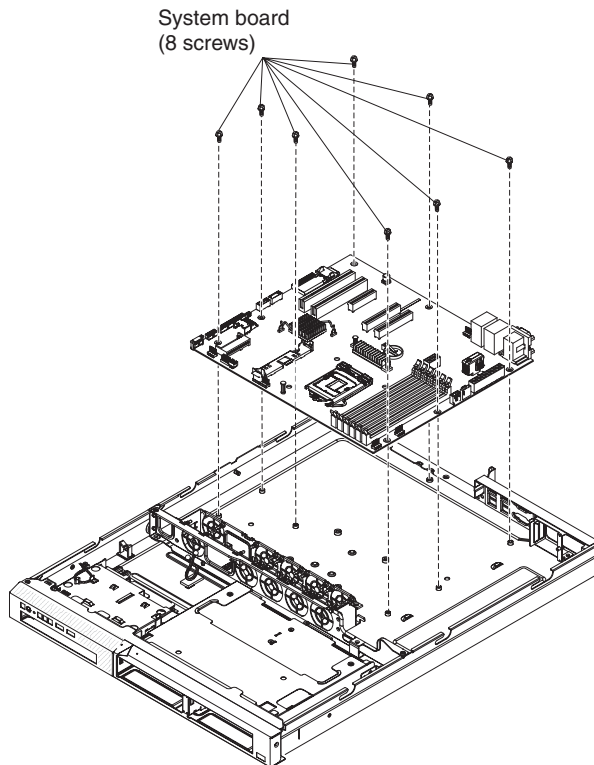
5. Use the thermal-grease syringe to place 9 uniformly spaced dots of 0.02 mL each on the top of the microprocessor. Make sure that the outermost dots are within 5 mm of the edge, to ensure even distribution.



**Note:** 0.01mL is one tick mark on the syringe. If the grease is properly applied, approximately half (0.22 mL) of the grease will remain in the syringe.

6. Install the heat sink onto the microprocessor as described in “Installing the microprocessor” on page 184.

## Removing the system board



### Notes:

1. When you replace the system board, make sure that you remove the virtual media key and place it on the new system board. For information about the location of the key, see “Removing the virtual media key” on page 165.
2. When you replace the system board, you must either update the server with the latest firmware or restore the pre-existing firmware that the customer provides on a diskette or CD image. Make sure that you have the latest firmware or a copy of the pre-existing firmware before you proceed.

To remove the system board, complete the following steps:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 125.
2. Turn off the server and any attached devices.
3. Turn off the peripheral devices and disconnect all power cords; then, remove the cover (see “Removing the cover” on page 128).

**Note:** When you replace the system board, you must either update the server with the latest firmware or restore the pre-existing firmware that the customer provides on a diskette or CD image. Make sure that you have the latest firmware or a copy of the pre-existing firmware before you proceed.

4. Remove the riser-card assembly (see “Removing the riser-card assembly” on page 131).
5. Remove the IBM ServeRAID-BR10iL v2 SAS/SATA controller if one is installed (see “Removing an IBM ServeRAID-BR10iL SAS/SATA Controller v2” on page 180).

**Attention:** You must remove the ServeRAID-BR10il v2 SAS/SATA controller to remove the screw below the SAS/SATA controller that secures the system board to the chassis.

6. Remove the air baffle (see “Removing the DIMM air baffle” on page 130).
7. Remove the heat sink and microprocessor, and set them aside on a static-protective surface for reinstallation (see “Removing the microprocessor” on page 183).
8. Remove the memory modules and set them aside on a static-protective surface for reinstallation (see “Removing a memory module” on page 149).

**Note:** Make a note of the location of each DIMM as you remove it, so that you can later reinstall it in the same connector.

9. Remove the virtual media key from the system board and set it aside (see “Removing the virtual media key” on page 165). You will have to install the virtual media key on the new system board.
10. Remove the hypervisor flash device from the USB connector on the system board and set it aside (see “Removing a USB embedded hypervisor flash device” on page 163). You will have to install the hypervisor flash device on the new system board.
11. Disconnect all cables from the system board. Make a list of each cable as you disconnect it; you can then use this as a checklist when you install the new system board (see “System-board internal connectors” on page 14 for the locations of the cable connectors on the system board).
12. Remove the remaining eight screws that secure the system board to the chassis, and put the screws in a safe place.
13. Lift up the system board and carefully remove it from the server, being careful not to damage any surrounding components.
14. If you are instructed to return the system board, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

## Installing the system board

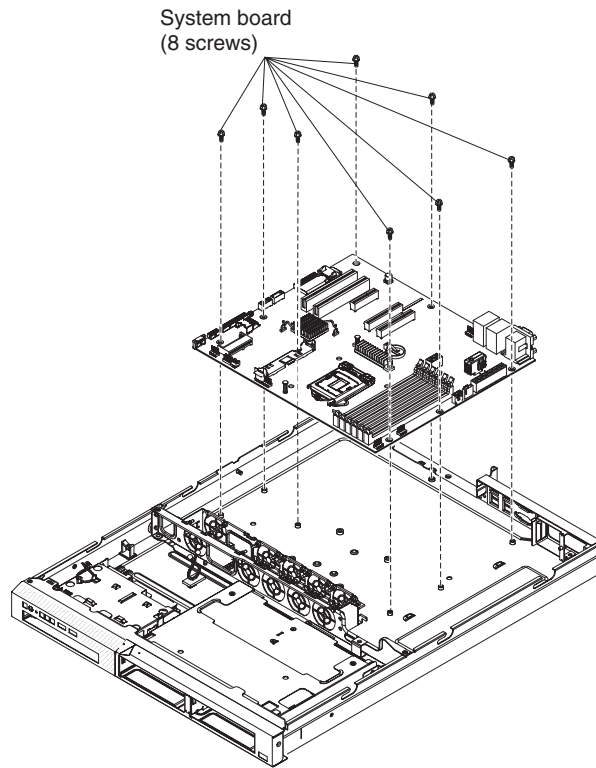
### Notes:

1. When you reassemble the components in the server, be sure to route all cables carefully so that they are not exposed to excessive pressure.
2. When you replace the system board, you must either update the server with the latest firmware or restore the pre-existing firmware that the customer provides on a diskette or CD image. Make sure that you have the latest firmware or a copy of the pre-existing firmware before you proceed. See “Updating the firmware” on page 191, “Updating the Universal Unique Identifier (UUID)” on page 209, and “Updating the DMI/SMBIOS data” on page 212 for more information.

**Important:** Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code

To install the system board, complete the following steps:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and “Installation guidelines” on page 125.
2. Align the system board with the chassis, and replace the eight screws that you removed in step 12 of “Removing the system board” on page 188.



3. Reinstall the microprocessor and heat sink (see “Installing the microprocessor” on page 184).
4. Reinstall the DIMMs (see “Installing a memory module” on page 150).
5. Reinstall the DIMM air baffle (see “Installing the DIMM air baffle” on page 131).
6. Reinstall ServeRAID-BR10il v2 SAS/SATA adapter (see “Installing an IBM ServeRAID-BR10il SAS/SATA Controller v2” on page 181).
7. Reinstall the riser-card assembly (see “Installing the riser-card assembly” on page 132).
8. Reinstall the virtual media key (see “Installing the virtual media key” on page 165).
9. Reinstall the hypervisor flash device (see “Installing a USB embedded hypervisor flash device” on page 163).
10. Reconnect to the system board the cables that you disconnected in step 11 of “Removing the system board” on page 188.
11. Install the cover (see “Installing the cover” on page 128).
12. Slide the server into the rack.
13. Reconnect the power cords and any cables that you removed.
14. Turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

**Important:** Perform the following updates:

- Either update the server with the latest RAID firmware or restore the pre-existing firmware from a diskette or CD image.
- Update the UUID (see “Updating the Universal Unique Identifier (UUID)” on page 209).
- Update the DMI/SMBIOS (see “Updating the DMI/SMBIOS data” on page 212).

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## Chapter 6. Configuration information and instructions

This chapter provides information about updating the firmware and using the configuration utilities.

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### Updating the firmware

**Important:** Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.

The firmware for the server is periodically updated and is available for download on the IBM website. To check for the latest level of firmware, such as the server firmware, vital product data (VPD) code, device drivers, and service processor firmware complete the following steps.

**Note:** Changes are made periodically to the IBM website. The actual procedure might vary slightly from what is described in this document.

1. Go to <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/>.
2. Under **Product support**, click **System x**.
3. Under **Popular links**, click **Software and device drivers**.
4. Click **System x3250 M3** to display the matrix of downloadable files for the server.

Download the latest firmware for the server; then, install the firmware, using the instructions that are included with the downloaded files.

When you replace a device in the server, you might have to either update the firmware that is stored in memory on the device or restore the pre-existing firmware from a diskette or CD image.

The following items are downloadable at <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/>:

- Server firmware is stored in ROM on the system board.
- IMM firmware is stored in ROM on the system board.
- Ethernet firmware is stored in ROM on the Ethernet controller.
- ServeRAID firmware is stored in ROM on the ServeRAID adapter.
- SAS/SATA firmware is stored in ROM on the SAS/SATA controller on the system board.

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### Configuring the server

The *ServerGuide* program provides software-setup tools and installation tools that are designed for the server. Use this CD during the installation of the server to configure basic hardware features, such as an integrated SAS/SATA controller with RAID capabilities, and to simplify the installation of your operating system. For information about using this CD, see “Using the ServerGuide Setup and Installation CD” on page 193.

In addition to the *ServerGuide Setup and Installation* CD, you can use the following configuration programs to customize the server hardware:

- **Setup utility**

The UEFI (formerly BIOS) Setup Utility program is part of the basic input/output system firmware. Use it to change interrupt request (IRQ) settings, change the startup-device sequence, set the date and time, and set passwords. For information about using this program, see “Using the Setup utility” on page 195.

- **Boot Manager program**

The Boot Manager program is part of the server firmware. Use it to override the startup sequence that is set in the Setup utility and temporarily assign a device to be first in the startup sequence. For more information about using this program, see “Using the Boot Manager program” on page 200.

- **Integrated management module**

Use the integrated management module (IMM) for configuration, to update the firmware and sensor data record/field replaceable unit (SDR/FRU) data, and to remotely manage a network. For information about using these programs, see “Using the integrated management module” on page 201.

- **VMware ESXi embedded hypervisor**

The VMware ESXi embedded hypervisor is available on the server models that come with an installed USB embedded hypervisor flash device. The USB flash device is installed in the USB connector on the system board. Hypervisor is virtualization software that enables multiple operating systems to run on a host system at the same time. For more information about using the embedded hypervisor, see “Using the embedded hypervisor” on page 202.

- **Remote presence capability and blue-screen capture**

The remote presence and blue-screen capture feature are integrated into the integrated management module (IMM). The virtual media key is required to enable the remote presence functions. When the optional virtual media key is installed in the server, it activates the remote presence functions. Without the virtual media key, you will not be able to access the network remotely to mount or unmount drives or images on the client system. However, you will still be able to access the host graphical user interface through the web interface without the Virtual Media Key. You can order the optional IBM Virtual Media Key, if one did not come with your server. For more information about how to enable the remote presence function, see “Using the remote presence capability and blue-screen capture” on page 203.

- **Ethernet controller configuration**

For information about configuring the Ethernet controller, see “Configuring the Gigabit Ethernet controller” on page 205.

- **IBM Advanced Settings Utility (ASU) program**

Use this program as an alternative to the Setup utility for modifying UEFI settings. Use the ASU program online or out-of-band to modify UEFI settings from the command line without the need to restart the server to access the Setup utility. For more information about using this program, see “IBM Advanced Settings Utility program” on page 208.

- **LSI Configuration Utility program**

Use the LSI Configuration Utility program to configure the integrated SAS/SATA controller with RAID capabilities and the devices that are attached to it. For information about using this program, see “Using the LSI Configuration Utility program” on page 206.

The following table lists the different server configurations and the applications that are available for configuring and managing RAID arrays.

Table 16. Server configuration and applications for configuring and managing RAID arrays

| Server configuration                     | RAID array configuration<br>(before operating system is installed)                                   | RAID array management<br>(after operating system is installed) |
|--|--|--|
| ServeRAID-BR10il v2 adapter installed    | LSI Utility (Setup utility, press Ctrl+C), ServerGuide   | MegaRAID Storage Manager (for monitoring storage only)         |
| ServeRAID-MR10i adapter installed        | MegaRAID Storage Manager (MSM),, MegaRAID BIOS Configuration Utility (press C to start), ServerGuide | MegaRAID Storage Manager (MSM)                                 |
| ServeRAID-MR10is VAULT adapter installed | MegaRAID Storage Manager (MSM),, MegaRAID BIOS Configuration Utility (press C to start), ServerGuide | MegaRAID Storage Manager (MSM)                                 |

## Using the ServerGuide Setup and Installation CD

The *ServerGuide Setup and Installation* CD provides software setup tools and installation tools that are designed for your server. The ServerGuide program detects the server model and hardware options that are installed and uses that information during setup to configure the hardware. The ServerGuide program simplifies operating-system installations by providing updated device drivers and, in some cases, installing them automatically. To download the CD, go to <http://www.ibm.com/systems/management/serverguide/sub.html> and click **IBM Service and Support Site**.

The ServerGuide program has the following features:

- An easy-to-use interface
- Diskette-free setup, and configuration programs that are based on detected hardware
- ServeRAID Manager program, which configures your ServeRAID adapter
- Device drivers that are provided for your server model and detected hardware
- Operating-system partition size and file-system type that are selectable during setup

### ServerGuide features

Features and functions can vary slightly with different versions of the ServerGuide program. To learn more about the version that you have, start the *ServerGuide Setup and Installation* CD and view the online overview. Not all features are supported on all server models.

The ServerGuide program requires a supported IBM server with an enabled startable (bootable) CD drive. In addition to the *ServerGuide Setup and Installation* CD, you must have your operating-system CD to install the operating system.

The ServerGuide program performs the following tasks:

- Sets system date and time
- Detects the RAID adapter or controller and runs the SAS/SATA RAID configuration program
- Checks the microcode (firmware) levels of a ServeRAID adapter and determines whether a later level is available from the CD
- Detects installed hardware options and provides updated device drivers for most adapters and devices
- Provides diskette-free installation for supported Windows operating systems



- Includes an online readme file with links to tips for your hardware and operating-system installation

## Setup and configuration overview

When you use the *ServerGuide Setup and Installation* CD, you do not need setup diskettes. You can use the CD to configure any supported IBM server model. The setup program provides a list of tasks that are required to set up your server model. On a server with a ServeRAID adapter or SAS/SATA controller with RAID capabilities, you can run the SAS RAID configuration program to create logical drives.

**Note:** Features and functions can vary slightly with different versions of the ServerGuide program.

When you start the *ServerGuide Setup and Installation* CD, the program prompts you to complete the following tasks:

- Select your language.
- Select your keyboard layout and country.
- View the overview to learn about ServerGuide features.
- View the readme file to review installation tips for your operating system and adapter.
- Start the operating-system installation. You will need your operating-system CD.

**Important:** Before you install a legacy operating system (such as VMware) on a server with an LSI SAS controller, you must first complete the following steps:

1. Update the device driver for the LSI SAS controller to the latest level.
2. In the Setup utility, set **Legacy Only** as the first option in the boot sequence in the **Boot Manager** menu.
3. Using the LSI Configuration Utility program, select a boot drive.

For detailed information and instructions, go to <https://www-947.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?Indocid=MIGR-5083225>.

## Typical operating-system installation

The ServerGuide program can reduce the time it takes to install an operating system. It provides the device drivers that are required for your hardware and for the operating system that you are installing. This section describes a typical ServerGuide operating-system installation.

**Note:** Features and functions can vary slightly with different versions of the ServerGuide program.

1. After you have completed the setup process, the operating-system installation program starts. (You will need your operating-system CD to complete the installation.)
2. The ServerGuide program stores information about the server model, service processor, hard disk drive controllers, and network adapters. Then, the program checks the CD for newer device drivers. This information is stored and then passed to the operating-system installation program.
3. The ServerGuide program presents operating-system partition options that are based on your operating-system selection and the installed hard disk drives.
4. The ServerGuide program prompts you to insert your operating-system CD and restart the server. At this point, the installation program for the operating system takes control to complete the installation.



## Installing your operating system without using ServerGuide

If you have already configured the server hardware and you are not using the ServerGuide program to install your operating system, complete the following steps to download the latest operating-system installation instructions from the IBM website.

**Note:** Changes are made periodically to the IBM website. The actual procedure might vary slightly from what is described in this document.

1. Go to <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/>.
2. Under **Product support**, click **System x**.
3. From the menu on the left side of the page, click **System x support search**.
4. From the **Task** menu, select **Install**.
5. From the **Product family** menu, select **System x3250 M3**.
6. From the **Operating system** menu, select your operating system, and then click **Search** to display the available installation documents.

## Using the Setup utility

Use the Setup utility to perform the following tasks:

- View configuration information
- View and change assignments for devices and I/O ports
- Set the date and time
- Set the startup characteristics of the server and the order of startup devices
- Set and change settings for advanced hardware features
- View, set, and change settings for power-management features
- View and clear error logs
- Resolve configuration conflicts

### Starting the Setup utility

To start the Setup utility, complete the following steps:

1. Turn on the server.

**Note:** Approximately 1 to 3 minutes after the server is connected to ac power, the power-control button becomes active.

2. When the prompt <F1> Setup is displayed, press F1. If you have set an administrator password, you must type the administrator password to access the full Setup utility menu. If you do not type the administrator password, a limited Setup utility menu is available.
3. Select settings to view or change.

### Setup utility menu choices

The following choices are on the Setup utility main menu. Depending on the version of the firmware, some menu choices might differ slightly from these descriptions.

#### • System Information

Select this choice to view information about the server. When you make changes through other choices in the Setup utility, some of those changes are reflected in the system information; you cannot change settings directly in the system information. This choice is on the full Setup utility menu only.

#### – System Summary

Select this choice to view configuration information, including the ID, speed, and cache size of the microprocessors, machine type and model of the server,

the serial number, the system UUID, and the amount of installed memory. When you make configuration changes through other options in the Setup utility, the changes are reflected in the system summary; you cannot change settings directly in the system summary.

- **Product Data**

Select this choice to view the system-board identifier, the revision level or issue date of the firmware, the integrated management module and diagnostics code, and the version and date.

This choice is on the full Setup utility menu only.

- **System Settings**

Select this choice to view or change the server component settings.

- **Processors**

Select this choice to view or change the processor settings.

- **Memory**

Select this choice to view or change the memory settings.

- **Devices and I/O Ports**

Select this choice to view or change assignments for devices and input/output (I/O) ports. You can configure the serial ports, configure remote console redirection, enable or disable integrated Ethernet controllers. If you disable a device, it cannot be configured, and the operating system will not be able to detect it (this is equivalent to disconnecting the device).

- **Power**

Select this choice to set the operating mode if a power loss occurs.

- **Operating Modes**

Select this choice to view or change the operating profile (performance and power utilization).

- **Legacy Support**

Select this choice to view or set legacy support.

- **Force Legacy Video on Boot**

Select this choice to force INT video support, if the operating system does not support UEFI video output standards.

- **Rehook INT 19h**

Select this choice to enable or disable devices from taking control of the boot process. The default is **Disable**.

- **Legacy Thunk Support**

Select this choice to enable or disable UEFI to interact with PCI mass storage devices that are non-UEFI compliant.

- **Integrated Management Module**

Select this choice to view or change the settings for the integrated management module.

- **POST Watchdog Timer**

Select this choice to view or enable the POST watchdog timer.

- **POST Watchdog Timer Value**

Select this choice to view or set the POST loader watchdog timer value.

- **Reboot System on NMI**

Enable or disable restarting the system whenever a nonmaskable interrupt (NMI) occurs. **Disabled** is the default.

- **Commands on USB Interface Preference**

Select this choice to enable or disable the Ethernet over USB interface on IMM.

- **Network Configuration**

Select this choice to view the system management network interface port, the IMM MAC address, the current IMM IP address, and host name; define the static IMM IP address, subnet mask, and gateway address, specify whether to use the static IP address or have DHCP assign the IMM IP address, save the network changes, and reset the IMM.

- **Reset IMM to Defaults**

Select this choice to view or reset IMM to the default settings.

- **Reset IMM**

Select this choice to reset IMM.

- **System Security**

Select this choice to view or configure Trusted Platform Module (TPM) support.

- **Adapters and UEFI Drivers**

Select this choice to view information about the UEFI 1.10 and UEFI 2.0 compliant adapters and drivers installed in the server.

- **Network**

Select this choice to view or configure the network device options, such as PXE and network devices.

- **Date and Time**

Select this choice to set the date and time in the server, in 24-hour format (*hour:minute:second*).

This choice is on the full Setup utility menu only.

- **Start Options**

Select this choice to view or boot to devices, including the startup sequence. The server starts from the first boot record it finds.

This choice is on the full Setup utility menu only.

- **Boot Manager**

Select this choice to view, add, delete, or change the device boot priority, boot from a file, select a one-time boot, or reset the boot order to the default setting.

If the server has Wake on LAN hardware and software and the operating system supports Wake on LAN functions, you can specify a startup sequence for the Wake on LAN functions. For example, you can define a startup sequence that checks for a disc in the CD-RW/DVD drive, then checks the hard disk drive, and then checks a network adapter.

- **System Event Logs**

Select this choice to enter the System Event Manager, where you can view the POST event log and system-event log.

The POST event log contains the three most recent error codes and messages that were generated during POST.

The system-event logs contain POST and system management interrupt (SMI) events and all events that are generated by the baseboard management controller that is embedded in the integrated management module.

**Important:** If the system-error LED on the front of the server is lit but there are no other error indications, clear the system-event log. Also, after you complete a repair or correct an error, clear the system-event log to turn off the system-error LED on the front of the server.

- **POST Event Viewer**  
Select this choice to enter the POST event viewer to view the POST event log.
- **System Event Log**  
Select this choice to view the system-event log.
- **Clear System Event Log**  
Select this choice to clear the system-event log.
- **User Security**  
Select this choice to set or clear passwords. See “Passwords” on page 199 for more information.  
This choice is on the full and limited Setup utility menu.
  - **Power-on Password**  
Select this choice to set a power-on password. See “Power-on password” on page 199 for more information.
  - **Administrator Password**  
Select this choice to set an administrator password. An administrator password is intended to be used by a system administrator; it limits access to the full Setup utility menu. If an administrator password is set, the full Setup utility menu is available only if you type the administrator password at the password prompt. For more information, see “Administrator password” on page 200.  
**Attention:** If you forget the administrator password, you cannot reset the password. You must replace the system board.
- **Save Settings**  
Select this choice to save the changes that you have made in the settings.
- **Restore Settings**  
Select this choice to cancel the changes that you have made in the settings and restore the previous settings.
- **Load Default Settings**  
Select this choice to cancel the changes that you have made in the settings and restore the factory settings.
- **Exit Setup**  
Select this choice to exit from the Setup utility. If you have not saved the changes that you have made in the settings, you are asked whether you want to save the changes or exit without saving them.

## Passwords

From the **User Security** menu choice, you can set, change, and delete a power-on password and an administrator password. The **User Security** choice is on the full Setup utility menu only.

If you set only a power-on password, you must type the power-on password to complete the system startup and to have access to the full Setup utility menu.

An administrator password is intended to be used by a system administrator; it limits access to the full Setup utility menu. If you set only an administrator password, you do not have to type a password to complete the system startup, but you must type the administrator password to access the Setup utility menu.

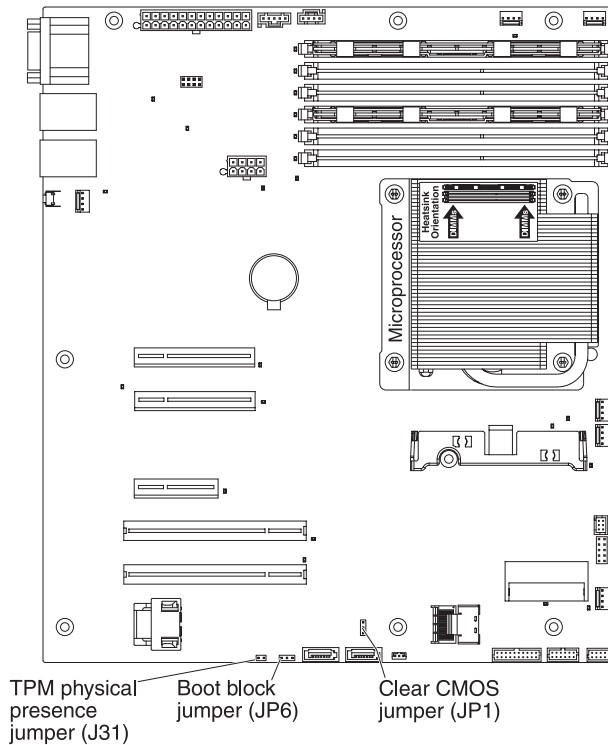
If you set a power-on password for a user and an administrator password for a system administrator, you must type the power-on password to complete the system startup. A system administrator who types the administrator password has access to the full Setup utility menu; the system administrator can give the user authority to set, change, and delete the power-on password. A user who types the power-on password has access to only the limited Setup utility menu; the user can set, change, and delete the power-on password, if the system administrator has given the user that authority.

**Power-on password:** If a power-on password is set, when you turn on the server, the system startup will not be completed until you type the power-on password. You can use any combination of 6-20 printable ASCII characters for the password.

When a power-on password is set, you can enable the Unattended Start mode, in which the keyboard and mouse remain locked but the operating system can start. You can unlock the keyboard and mouse by typing the power-on password.

If you forget the power-on password, you can regain access to the server in any of the following ways:

- If an administrator password is set, type the administrator password at the password prompt. Start the Setup utility and reset the power-on password.
- Remove the battery from the server and then reinstall it. See “Removing the system battery” on page 133 for instructions for removing the battery.
- Change the position of the clear CMOS jumper on the system board to pins 2 and 3 to bypass the power-on password check. The jumper location is shown in the following illustration.



**Attention:** Before you change any switch settings or move any jumpers, turn off the server; then, disconnect all power cords and external cables. See the safety information that begins on page vii. Do not change settings or move jumpers on any system-board switch or jumper blocks that are not shown in this document.

The power-on password override jumper does not affect the administrator password.

**Administrator password:** If an administrator password is set, you must type the administrator password for access to the full Setup utility menu. You can use any combination of 6-20 printable ASCII characters for the password.

**Attention:** If you forget the administrator password, you cannot reset the password. You must replace the system board.

## Using the Boot Manager program

The Boot Manager program is a built-in, menu-driven configuration utility program that you can use to temporarily redefine the first startup device without changing settings in the Setup utility.

To use the Boot Manager program, complete the following steps:

1. Turn off the server.
2. Restart the server.
3. When the prompt <F12> Select Boot Device is displayed, press F12. If a bootable USB mass storage device is installed, a submenu item (**USB Key/Disk**) is displayed.
4. Use the Up Arrow and Down Arrow keys to select an item from the **Boot Selection Menu** and press Enter.

The next time the server starts, it returns to the startup sequence that is set in the Setup utility.

## Starting the backup server firmware

The system board contains a backup copy area for the server firmware (formerly BIOS firmware). This is a secondary copy of the server firmware that you update only during the process of updating the server firmware. If the primary copy of the server firmware becomes damaged, use this backup copy.

To force the server to start from the backup copy, turn off the server; then, place the JP6 jumper in the backup position (pins 2 and 3).

Use the backup copy of the server firmware until the primary copy is restored. After the primary copy is restored, turn off the server; then, move the JP6 jumper back to the primary position (pins 1 and 2).

## Using the integrated management module

The integrated management module (IMM) is a second generation of the functions that were formerly provided by the baseboard management controller hardware. It combines service processor functions, video controller, and (when an optional virtual media key is installed) remote presence function in a single chip.

The IMM supports the following basic system management features:

- Environmental monitor with fan speed control for temperature, voltages, fan failure, and power supply failure.
- Light path diagnostics LEDs indicators to report errors that occur with fans, power supplies, microprocessor, hard disk drives, and system errors.
- DIMM error assistance. The Unified Extensible Firmware Interface (UEFI) disables a failing DIMM that is detected during POST, and the IMM lights the associated system error LED and the failing DIMM error LED.
- System-event log (SEL).
- ROM-based IMM firmware flash updates.
- Auto Boot Failure Recovery (ABR).
- A virtual media key, which enables remote presence support (remote video, remote keyboard/mouse, and remote storage).
- Automatic microprocessor disable on failure and restart in a two-microprocessor configuration when one microprocessor signals an internal error.
- Nonmaskable interrupt (NMI) detection and reporting.
- Automatic Server Restart (ASR) when POST is not complete or the operating system hangs and the operating system watchdog timer times-out. The IMM might be configured to watch for the operating system watchdog timer and reboot the system after a timeout, if the ASR feature is enabled. Otherwise, the IMM allows the administrator to generate a nonmaskable interrupt (NMI) by pressing an NMI button on the system board for an operating-system memory dump. ASR is supported by IPMI.
- Intelligent Platform Management Interface (IPMI) Specification V2.0 and Intelligent Platform Management Bus (IPMB) support.
- Invalid system configuration (CNFG) LED support.
- Serial port redirection over Telnet or SSH.
- Serial over LAN (SOL).
- Active Energy Manager (AEM).

- Query power-supply input power.
- PECI 2 support.
- Power/reset control (power-on, hard and soft shutdown, hard and soft reset, schedule power control).
- Alerts (in-band and out-of-band alerting, PET traps - IPMI style, SNMP, email).
- Operating-system failure blue screen capture.
- Command-line interface.
- Configuration save and restore.
- PCI configuration data.
- Boot sequence manipulation.

The IMM also provides the following remote server management capabilities through the OSA SMBridge management utility program:

- **Command-line interface (IPMI Shell)**

The command-line interface provides direct access to server management functions through the IPMI 2.0 protocol. Use the command-line interface to issue commands to control the server power, view system information, and identify the server. You can also save one or more commands as a text file and run the file as a script.

- **Serial over LAN**

Establish a Serial over LAN (SOL) connection to manage servers from a remote location. You can remotely view and change the UEFI settings, restart the server, identify the server, and perform other management functions. Any standard Telnet client application can access the SOL connection.

## Using the embedded hypervisor

The VMware ESXi embedded hypervisor is available on server models that come with an installed USB embedded hypervisor flash device. The USB flash device comes installed in the USB connector on the system board. Hypervisor is virtualization software that enables multiple operating systems to run on a host system at the same time. The USB flash device is required to activate the hypervisor functions.

To start using the embedded hypervisor functions, you must add the USB flash device to the boot order in the Setup utility.

To add the USB flash device to the boot order, complete the following steps:

1. Turn on the server.

**Note:** Approximately 1 to 3 minutes after the server is connected to ac power, the power-control button becomes active.

2. When the prompt <F1> Setup is displayed, press F1.
3. From the Setup utility main menu, select **Boot Manager**.
4. Select **Add Boot Option**; then, select **Embedded Hypervisor**. Press Enter, and then select Esc.
5. Select **Change Boot Order** and then select **Commit Changes**; then, press Enter.
6. Select **Save Settings** and then select **Exit Setup**.



If the embedded hypervisor flash device image becomes corrupt, you can use the *VMware Recovery* CD that comes with the system to recover the flash device image. To recover the flash device image, complete the following steps:

1. Turn on the server.

**Note:** Approximately 1 to 3 minutes after the server is connected to ac power, the power-control button becomes active.

2. Insert the VMware Recovery CD into the DVD drive.
3. Follow the instructions on the screen.

For additional information and instructions, see the *VMware ESXi Server 3i Embedded Setup Guide* at [http://www.vmware.com/pdf/vi3\\_35/esx\\_3i\\_e/r35/vi3\\_35\\_25\\_3i\\_setup.pdf](http://www.vmware.com/pdf/vi3_35/esx_3i_e/r35/vi3_35_25_3i_setup.pdf)

## Using the remote presence capability and blue-screen capture

The remote presence and blue-screen capture features are integrated functions of the integrated management module (IMM). When the optional IBM Virtual Media Key is installed in the server, it activates the remote presence functions. The virtual media key is required to enable the integrated remote presence and blue-screen capture features. Without the virtual media key, you will not be able to access the network remotely to mount or unmount drives or images on the client system. However, you can still access the web interface without the key.

After the virtual media key is installed in the server, it is authenticated to determine whether it is valid. If the key is not valid, you receive a message from the web interface (when you attempt to start the remote presence feature) indicating that the hardware key is required to use the remote presence feature.

The virtual media key has an LED. When this LED is lit and green, it indicates that the key is installed and functioning correctly. When the LED is not lit, it indicates that the key might not be installed correctly.

The remote presence feature provides the following functions:

- Remotely viewing video with graphics resolutions up to 1280 x 1024 at 75 Hz, regardless of the system state
- Remotely accessing the server, using the keyboard and mouse from a remote client
- Mapping the DVD drive, diskette drive, and USB flash drive on a remote client, and mapping ISO and diskette image files as virtual drives that are available for use by the server
- Uploading a diskette image to the IMM memory and mapping it to the server as a virtual drive

The blue-screen capture feature captures the video display contents before the IMM restarts the server when the IMM detects an operating-system hang condition. A system administrator can use the blue-screen capture to assist in determining the cause of the hang condition.

### Enabling the remote presence feature

To enable the remote presence feature, complete the following steps:

1. Install the virtual media key into the dedicated slot on the system board (see “System-board optional device connectors” on page 19).
2. Turn on the server.

**Note:** Approximately 1 to 3 minutes after the server is connected to ac power, the power-control button becomes active.

### Obtaining the IP address for the IMM

To access the web interface, you need the IP address for IMM. You can obtain the IMM IP address through the Setup utility. The server comes with a default IP address for the IMM of 192.168.70.125. To locate the IP address, complete the following steps:

1. Turn on the server.

**Note:** Approximately 1 to 3 minutes after the server is connected to ac power, the power-control button becomes active.

2. When the prompt <F1> Setup is displayed, press F1. (This prompt is displayed on the screen for only a few seconds. You must press F1 quickly.) If you have set both a power-on password and an administrator password, you must type the administrator password to access the full Setup utility menu.
3. From the Setup utility main menu, select **System Settings**.
4. On the next screen, select **Integrated Management Module**.
5. On the next screen, select **Network Configuration**.
6. Find the IP address and write it down.
7. Exit from the Setup utility.

### Logging on to the web interface

To log onto the web interface to use the remote presence functions, complete the following steps:

1. Open a web browser on a computer that connects to the server and in the **address** or **URL** field, type the IP address or host name of the IMM to which you want to connect.

**Note:** The IMM defaults to DHCP. If a DHCP host is not available, the IMM assigns a static IP address of 192.168.70.125.

2. On the Login page, type the user name and password. If you are using the IMM for the first time, you can obtain the user name and password from your system administrator. All login attempts are documented in the event log.

**Note:** The IMM is set initially with a user name of USERID and password of PASSWORD (passw0rd with a zero, not the letter O). You have read/write access. You must change the default password the first time you log on.

3. On the Welcome page, type a timeout value (in minutes) in the field that is provided. The IMM will log you off of the web interface if your browser is inactive for the number of minutes that you entered for the timeout value.
4. Click **Continue** to start the session. The System Health page provides a quick view of the system status.

## Enabling the Intel Gigabit Ethernet Utility program

The Intel Gigabit Ethernet Utility program is part of the server firmware. You can use it to configure the network as a startable device, and you can customize where the network startup option appears in the startup sequence. Enable and disable the Intel Gigabit Ethernet Utility program from the Setup utility.

## Configuring the Gigabit Ethernet controller

The Ethernet controllers are integrated on the system board. They provide an interface for connecting to a 10 Mbps, 100 Mbps, or 1 Gbps network and provide full-duplex (FDX) capability, which enables simultaneous transmission and reception of data on the network. If the Ethernet ports in the server support auto-negotiation, the controllers detect the data-transfer rate (10BASE-T, 100BASE-TX, or 1000BASE-T) and duplex mode (full-duplex or half-duplex) of the network and automatically operate at that rate and mode.

You do not have to set any jumpers or configure the controllers. However, you must install a device driver to enable the operating system to address the controllers. To find updated information about configuring the controllers, complete the following steps.

**Note:** Changes are made periodically to the IBM website. The actual procedure might vary slightly from what is described in this document.

1. Go to <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/>.
2. Under **Product support**, click **System x**.
3. Under **Popular links**, click **Software and device drivers**.
4. From the **Product family** menu, select **System x3250 M3** and click **Go**.

## Enabling and configuring Serial over LAN (SOL)

Establish a Serial over LAN (SOL) connection to manage servers from a remote location. You can remotely view and change the BIOS settings, restart the server, identify the server, and perform other management functions. Any standard Telnet client application can access the SOL connection.

To enable and configure the server for SOL, you must update and configure the UEFI code; update and configure the integrated management module (IMM) firmware; update and configure the Ethernet controller firmware; and enable the operating system for an SOL connection.

### UEFI update and configuration

To update and configure the UEFI code to enable SOL, complete the following steps:

1. Update the UEFI code:
  - a. Download the latest version of the UEFI code from <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/>.
  - b. Update the UEFI code, following the instructions that come with the update file that you downloaded.
2. Update the IMM firmware:
  - a. Download the latest version of the IMM firmware from <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/>.
  - b. Update the IMM firmware, following the instructions that come with the update file that you downloaded.
3. Configure the UEFI settings:
  - a. When you are prompted to start the Configuration/Setup Utility program, restart the server and press F1.
  - b. Select **System Settings** → **Devices and I/O Ports**.
  - c. Select **Console Redirection Settings**; then, make sure that the values are set as follows:

- **COM Port 1:** Enable
  - **Remote Console:** Enable
  - **Serial Port Sharing:** Enable
  - **Serial Port Access Mode:** Dedicated COM1 Settings
  - **Baud Rate:** 115200
  - **Data Bits:** 8
  - **Parity:** None Stop
  - **Bits:** 1
  - **Thermal Emulation:** ANSI
  - **Active After Boot:** Enable
  - **Flow Control:** Hardware
- d. Press Esc twice to exit the **Devices and I/O Ports** section of the Configuration/Setup Utility program.
  - e. Select **Save Settings**; then, press Enter.
  - f. Press Enter to confirm.
  - g. Select **Exit Setup**; then, press Enter.
  - h. Make sure that Yes, exit the Setup Utility is selected; then, press Enter.

## Using the LSI Configuration Utility program

### Note:

- Simple-swap SATA hard disk drives support AHCI mode.
- Simple-swap models only support ServeRAID-BR10i adapter.

Use the LSI Configuration Utility program to configure and manage redundant array of independent disks (RAID) arrays. Be sure to use this program as described in this document.

- Use the LSI Configuration Utility program to perform the following tasks:
  - Perform a low-level format on a hard disk drive
  - Create an array of hard disk drives with or without a hot-spare drive
  - Set protocol parameters on hard disk drives

The integrated SAS/SATA controller with RAID capabilities supports RAID arrays. You can use the LSI Configuration Utility program to configure RAID 1 (IM), RAID 1E (IME), and RAID 0 (IS) for a single pair of attached devices. If you install the optional ServeRAID-MR10i or ServeRAID-MRiS SAS/SATA controller, it provides RAID levels 0, 1, 5, 6, and 10 support. If you install a different type of RAID adapter, follow the instructions in the documentation that comes with the adapter to view or change settings for attached devices.

In addition, you can download an LSI command-line configuration program from <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/>.

When you are using the LSI Configuration Utility program to configure and manage arrays, consider the following information:

- The integrated SAS/SATA controller with RAID capabilities supports the following features:
  - Integrated Mirroring (IM) with hot-spare support (also known as RAID 1)  
Use this option to create an integrated array of two disks plus up to two optional hot spares. All data on the primary disk can be migrated.

- Integrated Mirroring Enhanced (IME) with hot-spare support (also known as RAID 1E)  
Use this option to create an integrated mirror enhanced array of three to eight disks, including up to two optional hot spares. All data on the array disks will be deleted.
- Integrated Striping (IS) (also known as RAID 0)  
Use this option to create an integrated striping array of two to eight disks. All data on the array disks will be deleted.
- Hard disk drive capacities affect how you create arrays. The drives in an array can have different capacities, but the RAID controller treats them as if they all have the capacity of the smallest hard disk drive.
- If you use an integrated SAS/SATA controller with RAID capabilities to configure a RAID 1 (mirrored) array after you have installed the operating system, you will lose access to any data or applications that were previously stored on the secondary drive of the mirrored pair.
- If you install a different type of RAID controller, see the documentation that comes with the controller for information about viewing and changing settings for attached devices.

## Starting the LSI Configuration Utility program

To start the LSI Configuration Utility program, complete the following steps:

1. Turn on the server.

**Note:** Approximately 1 to 3 minutes after the server is connected to ac power, the power-control button becomes active.

2. When the prompt <F1 Setup> is displayed, press F1. If you have set an administrator password, you are prompted to type the password.
3. Select **System Settings → Adapters and UEFI drivers**.
4. Select **Please refresh this page on the first visit** and press Enter.
5. Select **LSI controller\_driver\_name Driver** and press Enter, where *controller\_driver\_name* is the name of the SAS/SATA controller driver. For the SAS/SATA controller driver name, see the documentation that comes with your controller.
6. To perform storage-management tasks, follow the procedures in the documentation that comes with the SAS/SATA controller.

When you have finished changing settings, press Esc to exit from the program; select **Save** to save the settings that you have changed.

## Formatting a hard disk drive

Low-level formatting removes all data from the hard disk. If there is data on the disk that you want to save, back up the hard disk before you perform this procedure.

**Note:** Before you format a hard disk, make sure that the disk is not part of a mirrored pair.

To format a drive, complete the following steps:

1. From the list of adapters, select the controller (channel) for the drive that you want to format and press Enter.
2. Select **SAS Topology** and press Enter.
3. Select **Direct Attach Devices** and press Enter.

4. To highlight the drive that you want to format, use the Up Arrow and Down Arrow keys. To scroll left and right, use the Left Arrow and Right Arrow keys or the End key. Press Alt+D.
5. To start the low-level formatting operation, select **Format** and press Enter.

### Creating a RAID array of hard disk drives

To create a RAID array of hard disk drives, complete the following steps:

1. From the list of adapters, select the controller (channel) for the drives that you want to mirror.
2. Select **RAID Properties**.
3. Select the type of array that you want to create.
4. Use the arrow keys to highlight the first drive in the pair; then, press the Minus (-) or Plus (+) key to change the mirror value to **Primary**.
5. Continue to select the next drive using the Minus (-) or Plus (+) key until you have selected all the drives for your array.
6. Press C to create the disk array.
7. Select **Apply changes and exit menu** to create the array.

---

## IBM Advanced Settings Utility program

The IBM Advanced Settings Utility (ASU) program is an alternative to the Setup utility for modifying UEFI settings. Use the ASU program online or out of band to modify UEFI settings from the command line without the need to restart the system to access the Setup utility.

You can also use the ASU program to configure the optional remote presence features or other IMM settings. The remote presence features provide enhanced systems-management capabilities.

In addition, the ASU program provides limited settings for configuring the IPMI function in the IMM through the command-line interface.

Use the command-line interface to issue setup commands. You can save any of the settings as a file and run the file as a script. The ASU program supports scripting environments through a batch-processing mode.

For more information and to download the ASU program, go to <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/>.

---

## Updating IBM Systems Director

If you plan to use IBM Systems Director to manage the server, you must check for the latest applicable IBM Systems Director updates and interim fixes.

**Note:** Changes are made periodically to the IBM website. The actual procedure might vary slightly from what is described in this document.

To locate and install a newer version of IBM Systems Director, complete the following steps:

1. Check for the latest version of IBM Systems Director:
  - a. Go to <http://www.ibm.com/systems/management/director/downloads.html>.

- b. If a newer version of IBM Systems Director than what comes with the server is shown in the drop-down list, follow the instructions on the web page to download the latest version.
2. Install the IBM Systems Director program.

If your management server is connected to the Internet, to locate and install updates and interim fixes, complete the following steps:

1. Make sure that you have run the Discovery and Inventory collection tasks.
2. On the Welcome page of the IBM Systems Director web interface, click **View updates**.
3. Click **Check for updates**. The available updates are displayed in a table.
4. Select the updates that you want to install, and click **Install** to start the installation wizard.

If your management server is not connected to the Internet, to locate and install updates and interim fixes, complete the following steps:

1. Make sure that you have run the Discovery and Inventory collection tasks.
2. On a system that is connected to the Internet, go to <http://www.ibm.com/eserver/support/fixes/fixcentral/>.
3. From the **Product family** list, select **IBM Systems Director**.
4. From the **Product** list, select **IBM Systems Director**.
5. From the **Installed version** list, select the latest version, and click **Continue**.
6. Download the available updates.
7. Copy the downloaded files to the management server.
8. On the management server, on the Welcome page of the IBM Systems Director web interface, click the **Manage** tab, and click **Update Manager**.
9. Click **Import updates** and specify the location of the downloaded files that you copied to the management server.
10. Return to the Welcome page of the web interface, and click **View updates**.
11. Select the updates that you want to install, and click **Install** to start the installation wizard.

---

## Updating the Universal Unique Identifier (UUID)

The Universal Unique Identifier (UUID) must be updated when the system board is replaced. Use the Advanced Settings Utility to update the UUID in the UEFI-based server. The ASU is an online tool that supports several operating systems. Make sure that you download the version for your operating system. You can download the ASU from the IBM website. To download the ASU and update the UUID, complete the following steps.

**Note:** Changes are made periodically to the IBM website. The actual procedure might vary slightly from what is described in this document.

1. Download the Advanced Settings Utility (ASU):
  - a. Go to <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/>.
  - b. Under Product support, select **System x**.
  - c. Under Popular links, select **Tools and utilities**.
  - d. In the left pane, click **System x and BladeCenter Tools Center**.
  - e. Scroll down and click **Tools reference**.



- f. Scroll down and click the plus-sign (+) for Configuration tools to expand the list; then, select **Advanced Settings Utility (ASU)**.
  - g. In the next window under Related Information, click the **Advanced Settings Utility** link and download the ASU version for your operating system.
2. ASU sets the UUID in the Integrated Management Module (IMM). Select one of the following methods to access the Integrated Management Module (IMM) to set the UUID:
    - Online from the target system (LAN or keyboard console style (KCS) access)
    - Remote access to the target system (LAN based)
    - Bootable media containing ASU (LAN or KCS, depending upon the bootable media)

**Note:** IBM provides a method for building a bootable media. You can create a bootable media using the Bootable Media Creator (BoMC) application from the Tools Center website. In addition, the Windows and Linux based tool kits are also available to build a bootable media. These tool kits provide an alternate method to creating a Windows Professional Edition or Master Control Program (MCP) based bootable media, which will include the ASU application.

3. Copy and unpack the ASU package, which also includes other required files, to the server. Make sure that you unpack the ASU and the required files to the same directory. In addition to the application executable (asu or asu64), the following files are required:
  - For Windows based operating systems:
    - ibm\_rndis\_server\_os.inf
    - device.cat
  - For Linux based operating systems:
    - cdc\_interface.sh

4. After you install ASU, use the following command syntax to set the UUID:

```
asu set SYSTEM_PROD_DATA.SysInfoUUID <uuid_value> [access_method]
```

Where:

*<uuid\_value>*

Up to 16-byte hexadecimal value assigned by you.

*[access\_method]*

The access method that you selected to use from the following methods:

- Online authenticated LAN access, type the command:  
[host <imm\_internal\_ip>] [user <imm\_user\_id>] [password <imm\_password>]

Where:

*imm\_internal\_ip*

The IMM internal LAN/USB IP address. The default value is 169.254.95.118.

*imm\_user\_id*

The IMM account (1 of 12 accounts). The default value is USERID.

*imm\_password*

The IMM account password (1 of 12 accounts). The default value is PASSWORD (with a zero 0 not an O).



**Note:** If you do not specify any of these parameters, ASU will use the default values. When the default values are used and ASU is unable to access the IMM using the online authenticated LAN access method, ASU will automatically use the unauthenticated KCS access method.

The following commands are examples of using the userid and password default values and not using the default values:

Example that does not use the userid and password default values:  
asu set SYSTEM\_PROD\_DATA.SysInfoUUID <uuid\_value> user <user\_id>  
password <password>

Example that does use the userid and password default values:  
asu set SYSTEM\_PROD\_DATA.SysInfoUUID <uuid\_value>

- Online KCS access (unauthenticated and user restricted):

You do not need to specify a value for *access\_method* when you use this access method.

Example:

```
asu set SYSTEM_PROD_DATA.SysInfoUUID <uuid_value>
```

The KCS access method uses the IPMI/KCS interface. This method requires that the IPMI driver be installed. Some operating systems have the IPMI driver installed by default. ASU provides the corresponding mapping layer. See the *Advanced Settings Utility Users Guide* for more details. You can access the ASU Users Guide from the IBM website.

**Note:** Changes are made periodically to the IBM website. The actual procedure might vary slightly from what is described in this document.

- a. Go to <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/>.
  - b. Under Product support, select **System x**.
  - c. Under Popular links, select **Tools and utilities**.
  - d. In the left pane, click **System x and BladeCenter Tools Center**.
  - e. Scroll down and click **Tools reference**.
  - f. Scroll down and click the plus-sign (+) for Configuration tools to expand the list; then, select **Advanced Settings Utility (ASU)**.
  - g. In the next window under Related Information, click the **Advanced Settings Utility** link.
- Remote LAN access, type the command:

**Note:** When using the remote LAN access method to access IMM using the LAN from a client, the *host* and the *imm\_external\_ip* address are required parameters.

```
host <imm_external_ip> [user <imm_user_id>[[password <imm_password>]]
```

Where:

*imm\_external\_ip*

The external IMM LAN IP address. There is no default value. This parameter is required.

*imm\_user\_id*

The IMM account (1 of 12 accounts). The default value is USERID.

*imm\_password*

The IMM account password (1 of 12 accounts). The default value is PASSWORD (with a zero 0 not an O).

The following commands are examples of using the user ID and password default values and not using the default values:

Example that does not use the user ID and password default values:  
asu set SYSTEM\_PROD\_DATA.SysInfoUUID <uuid\_value> host <imm\_ip>  
user <user\_id> password <password>

Example that does use the userid and password default values:  
asu set SYSTEM\_PROD\_DATA.SysInfoUUID <uuid\_value> host <imm\_ip>

- Bootable media:

You can also build a bootable media using the applications available through the Tools Center website at <http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/toolsctr/v1r0/index.jsp>. From the left pane, click **IBM System x and BladeCenter Tools Center**, then click **Tool reference** for the available tools.

5. Restart the server.

---

## Updating the DMI/SMBIOS data

The Desktop Management Interface (DMI) must be updated when the system board is replaced. Use the Advanced Settings Utility to update the DMI in the UEFI-based server. The ASU is an online tool that supports several operating systems. Make sure that you download the version for your operating system. You can download the ASU from the IBM website. To download the ASU and update the DMI, complete the following steps.

**Note:** Changes are made periodically to the IBM website. The actual procedure might vary slightly from what is described in this document.

1. Download the Advanced Settings Utility (ASU):
  - a. Go to <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/>.
  - b. Under Product support, select **System x**.
  - c. Under Popular links, select **Tools and utilities**.
  - d. In the left pane, click **System x and BladeCenter Tools Center**.
  - e. Scroll down and click **Tools reference**.
  - f. Scroll down and click the plus-sign (+) for Configuration tools to expand the list; then, select **Advanced Settings Utility (ASU)**.
  - g. In the next window under Related Information, click the **Advanced Settings Utility** link and download the ASU version for your operating system.
2. ASU sets the DMI in the Integrated Management Module (IMM). Select one of the following methods to access the Integrated Management Module (IMM) to set the DMI:
  - Online from the target system (LAN or keyboard console style (KCS) access)
  - Remote access to the target system (LAN based)
  - Bootable media containing ASU (LAN or KCS, depending upon the bootable media)

**Note:** IBM provides a method for building a bootable media. You can create a bootable media using the Bootable Media Creator (BoMC) application from the Tools Center website. In addition, the Windows and Linux based tool kits are also available to build a bootable media. These tool kits provide an alternate method to creating a Windows Professional Edition or Master Control Program (MCP) based bootable media, which will include the ASU application.

3. Copy and unpack the ASU package, which also includes other required files, to the server. Make sure that you unpack the ASU and the required files to the same directory. In addition to the application executable (asu or asu64), the following files are required:
  - For Windows based operating systems:
    - ibm\_rndis\_server\_os.inf
    - device.cat
  - For Linux based operating systems:
    - cdc\_interface.sh
4. After you install ASU, Type the following commands to set the DMI:

```
asu set SYSTEM_PROD_DATA.SysInfoProdName <m/t_model> [access_method]
asu set SYSTEM_PROD_DATA.SysInfoSerialNum <s/n> [access_method]
asu set SYSTEM_PROD_DATA.SysEncloseAssetTag <asset_tag> [access_method]
```

Where:

*<m/t\_model>*

The server machine type and model number. Type mtm xxxxyy, where xxxx is the machine type and yyy is the server model number.

*<s/n>*

The serial number on the server. Type sn zzzzzzz, where zzzzzzz is the serial number.

*<asset\_method>*

The server asset tag number. Type asset  
aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa, where  
aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa is the asset tag number.

*[access\_method]*

The access method that you select to use from the following methods:

- Online authenticated LAN access, type the command:

```
[host <imm_internal_ip>] [user <imm_user_id>] [password  
<imm_password>]
```

Where:

*imm\_internal\_ip*

The IMM internal LAN/USB IP address. The default value is 169.254.95.118.

*imm\_user\_id*

The IMM account (1 of 12 accounts). The default value is USERID.

*imm\_password*

The IMM account password (1 of 12 accounts). The default value is PASSWORD (with a zero 0 not an O).

**Note:** If you do not specify any of these parameters, ASU will use the default values. When the default values are used and ASU is unable to access the IMM using the online authenticated LAN access method, ASU will automatically use the following unauthenticated KCS access method.

The following commands are examples of using the userid and password default values and not using the default values:

Examples that do not use the userid and password default values:

```
asu set SYSTEM_PROD_DATA.SysInfoProdName <m/t_model>
user <imm_user_id> password <imm_password>
asu set SYSTEM_PROD_DATA.SysInfoSerialNum <s/n> user <imm_user_id>
```

```
password <imm_password>
asu set SYSTEM_PROD_DATA.SysEncloseAssetTag <asset_tag>
user <imm_user_id> password <imm_password>
```

Examples that do use the userid and password default values:

```
asu set SYSTEM_PROD_DATA.SysInfoProdName <m/t_model>
asu set SYSTEM_PROD_DATA.SysInfoSerialNum <s/n>
asu set SYSTEM_PROD_DATA.SysEncloseAssetTag <asset_tag>
```

- Online KCS access (unauthenticated and user restricted):

You do not need to specify a value for *access\_method* when you use this access method.

The KCS access method uses the IPMI/KCS interface. This method requires that the IPMI driver be installed. Some operating systems have the IPMI driver installed by default. ASU provides the corresponding mapping layer. See the *Advanced Settings Utility Users Guide* at <http://www-947.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&Indocid=MIGR-55021> for more details.

The following commands are examples of using the userid and password default values and not using the default values:

Examples that do not use the userid and password default values:

```
asu set SYSTEM_PROD_DATA.SysInfoProdName <m/t_model>
asu set SYSTEM_PROD_DATA.SysInfoSerialNum <s/n>
asu set SYSTEM_PROD_DATA.SysEncloseAssetTag <asset_tag>
```

- Remote LAN access, type the command:

**Note:** When using the remote LAN access method to access IMM using the LAN from a client, the *host* and the *imm\_external\_ip* address are required parameters.

```
host <imm_external_ip> [user <imm_user_id>[[password <imm_password>]]
```

Where:

*imm\_external\_ip*

The external IMM LAN IP address. There is no default value. This parameter is required.

*imm\_user\_id*

The IMM account (1 of 12 accounts). The default value is USERID.

*imm\_password*

The IMM account password (1 of 12 accounts). The default value is PASSWORD (with a zero 0 not an O).

The following commands are examples of using the userid and password default values and not using the default values:

Examples that do not use the userid and password default values:

```
asu set SYSTEM_PROD_DATA.SysInfoProdName <m/t_model> host <imm_ip>
user <imm_user_id> password <imm_password>
asu set SYSTEM_PROD_DATA.SysInfoSerialNum <s/n> host <imm_ip>
user <imm_user_id> password <imm_password>
asu set SYSTEM_PROD_DATA.SysEncloseAssetTag <asset_tag> host <imm_ip>
user <imm_user_id> password <imm_password>
```

Examples that do use the userid and password default values:

```
asu set SYSTEM_PROD_DATA.SysInfoProdName <m/t_model> host <imm_ip>
```

```
asu set SYSTEM_PROD_DATA.SysInfoSerialNum <s/n> host <imm_ip>  
asu set SYSTEM_PROD_DATA.SysEncloseAssetTag <asset_tag> host <imm_ip>
```

- Bootable media:

You can also build a bootable media using the applications available through the Tools Center website at <http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/toolscctr/v1r0/index.jsp>. From the left pane, click **IBM System x and BladeCenter Tools Center**, then click **Tool reference** for the available tools.

5. Restart the server.



---

## Appendix A. Getting help and technical assistance

If you need help, service, or technical assistance or just want more information about IBM products, you will find a wide variety of sources available from IBM to assist you. This section contains information about where to go for additional information about IBM and IBM products, what to do if you experience a problem with your system, and whom to call for service, if it is necessary.

---

### Before you call

Before you call, make sure that you have taken these steps to try to solve the problem yourself:

- Check all cables to make sure that they are connected.
- Check the power switches to make sure that the system and any optional devices are turned on.
- Use the troubleshooting information in your system documentation, and use the diagnostic tools that come with your system. Information about diagnostic tools is in the *Problem Determination and Service Guide* on the IBM Documentation CD that comes with your system.
- Go to the IBM support website at <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/> to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

You can solve many problems without outside assistance by following the troubleshooting procedures that IBM provides in the online help or in the documentation that is provided with your IBM product. The documentation that comes with IBM systems also describes the diagnostic tests that you can perform. Most systems, operating systems, and programs come with documentation that contains troubleshooting procedures and explanations of error messages and error codes. If you suspect a software problem, see the documentation for the operating system or program.

---

### Using the documentation

Information about your IBM system and preinstalled software, if any, or optional device is available in the documentation that comes with the product. That documentation can include printed documents, online documents, readme files, and help files. See the troubleshooting information in your system documentation for instructions for using the diagnostic programs. The troubleshooting information or the diagnostic programs might tell you that you need additional or updated device drivers or other software. IBM maintains pages on the World Wide Web where you can get the latest technical information and download device drivers and updates. To access these pages, go to <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/> and follow the instructions. Also, some documents are available through the IBM Publications Center at <http://www.ibm.com/shop/publications/order/>.

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### Getting help and information from the World Wide Web

On the World Wide Web, the IBM website has up-to-date information about IBM systems, optional devices, services, and support. The address for IBM System x® and xSeries® information is <http://www.ibm.com/systems/x/>. The address for IBM BladeCenter® information is <http://www.ibm.com/systems/bladecenter/>. The address for IBM IntelliStation® information is <http://www.ibm.com/intellistation/>.

You can find service information for IBM systems and optional devices at <http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/>.

---

## Software service and support

Through IBM Support Line, you can get telephone assistance, for a fee, with usage, configuration, and software problems with System x and xSeries servers, BladeCenter products, IntelliStation workstations, and appliances. For information about which products are supported by Support Line in your country or region, see <http://www.ibm.com/services/sl/products/>.

For more information about Support Line and other IBM services, see <http://www.ibm.com/services/>, or see <http://www.ibm.com/planetwide/> for support telephone numbers. In the U.S. and Canada, call 1-800-IBM-SERV (1-800-426-7378).

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## Hardware service and support

You can receive hardware service through your IBM reseller or IBM Services. To locate a reseller authorized by IBM to provide warranty service, go to <http://www.ibm.com/partnerworld/> and click **Find a Business Partner** on the right side of the page. For IBM support telephone numbers, see <http://www.ibm.com/planetwide/>. In the U.S. and Canada, call 1-800-IBM-SERV (1-800-426-7378).

In the U.S. and Canada, hardware service and support is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. In the U.K., these services are available Monday through Friday, from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

---

## IBM Taiwan product service

台灣 IBM 產品服務聯絡方式：  
台灣國際商業機器股份有限公司  
台北市松仁路 7 號 3 樓  
電話：0800-016-888

IBM Taiwan product service contact information:

IBM Taiwan Corporation  
3F, No 7, Song Ren Rd.  
Taipei, Taiwan  
Telephone: 0800-016-888



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## Appendix B. Notices

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## Important notes

This product is not intended to be connected directly or indirectly by any means whatsoever to interfaces of public telecommunications networks nor is it intended to be used in a public services network.

Processor speed indicates the internal clock speed of the microprocessor; other factors also affect application performance.

CD or DVD drive speed is the variable read rate. Actual speeds vary and are often less than the possible maximum.

When referring to processor storage, real and virtual storage, or channel volume, KB stands for 1024 bytes, MB stands for 1,048,576 bytes, and GB stands for 1,073,741,824 bytes.

When referring to hard disk drive capacity or communications volume, MB stands for 1,000,000 bytes, and GB stands for 1,000,000,000 bytes. Total user-accessible capacity can vary depending on operating environments.

Maximum internal hard disk drive capacities assume the replacement of any standard hard disk drives and population of all hard disk drive bays with the largest currently supported drives that are available from IBM.

Maximum memory might require replacement of the standard memory with an optional memory module.

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Some software might differ from its retail version (if available) and might not include user manuals or all program functionality.

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## Particulate contamination

**Attention:** Airborne particulates (including metal flakes or particles) and reactive gases acting alone or in combination with other environmental factors such as humidity or temperature might pose a risk to the server that is described in this document. Risks that are posed by the presence of excessive particulate levels or concentrations of harmful gases include damage that might cause the server to malfunction or cease functioning altogether. This specification sets forth limits for particulates and gases that are intended to avoid such damage. The limits must not be viewed or used as definitive limits, because numerous other factors, such as temperature or moisture content of the air, can influence the impact of particulates or environmental corrosives and gaseous contaminant transfer. In the absence of specific limits that are set forth in this document, you must implement practices that maintain particulate and gas levels that are consistent with the protection of human health and safety. If IBM determines that the levels of particulates or gases in your environment have caused damage to the server, IBM may condition provision of repair or replacement of servers or parts on implementation of appropriate remedial measures to mitigate such environmental contamination. Implementation of such remedial measures is a customer responsibility.

Table 17. Limits for particulates and gases

| Contaminant | Limits   |
|-------------|--|
| Particulate | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The room air must be continuously filtered with 40% atmospheric dust spot efficiency (MERV 9) according to ASHRAE Standard 52.2<sup>1</sup>.</li><li>• Air that enters a data center must be filtered to 99.97% efficiency or greater, using high-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filters that meet MIL-STD-282.</li><li>• The deliquescent relative humidity of the particulate contamination must be more than 60%<sup>2</sup>.</li><li>• The room must be free of conductive contamination such as zinc whiskers.</li></ul> |
| Gaseous     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Copper: Class G1 as per ANSI/ISA 71.04-1985<sup>3</sup></li><li>• Silver: Corrosion rate of less than 300 Å in 30 days</li></ul>   |

<sup>1</sup> ASHRAE 52.2-2008 - *Method of Testing General Ventilation Air-Cleaning Devices for Removal Efficiency by Particle Size*. Atlanta: American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers, Inc.

<sup>2</sup> The deliquescent relative humidity of particulate contamination is the relative humidity at which the dust absorbs enough water to become wet and promote ionic conduction.

<sup>3</sup> ANSI/ISA-71.04-1985. *Environmental conditions for process measurement and control systems: Airborne contaminants*. Instrument Society of America, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina, U.S.A.

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## Documentation format

The publications for this product are in Adobe Portable Document Format (PDF) and should be compliant with accessibility standards. If you experience difficulties when you use the PDF files and want to request a Web-based format or accessible PDF document for a publication, direct your mail to the following address:

*Information Development  
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U.S.A.*

In the request, be sure to include the publication part number and title.

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## Electronic emission notices

**Note:** When attaching a monitor to the equipment, you must use the designated monitor cable and any interference suppression devices supplied with the monitor.

## Federal Communications Commission (FCC) statement

**Note:** This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference, in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

Properly shielded and grounded cables and connectors must be used in order to meet FCC emission limits. IBM is not responsible for any radio or television interference caused by using other than recommended cables and connectors or by unauthorized changes or modifications to this equipment. Unauthorized changes or modifications could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

## Industry Canada Class A emission compliance statement

This Class A digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

## Avis de conformité à la réglementation d'Industrie Canada

Cet appareil numérique de la classe A est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

## Australia and New Zealand Class A statement

**Attention:** This is a Class A product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

## European Union EMC Directive conformance statement

This product is in conformity with the protection requirements of EU Council Directive 2004/108/EC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to electromagnetic compatibility. IBM cannot accept responsibility for any failure to satisfy the protection requirements resulting from a nonrecommended modification of the product, including the fitting of non-IBM option cards.

**Attention:** This is an EN 55022 Class A product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

Responsible manufacturer:

International Business Machines Corp.  
New Orchard Road  
Armonk, New York 10504  
914-499-1900

European Community contact:

IBM Technical Regulations, Department M456  
IBM-Allee 1, 71137 Ehningen, Germany  
Telephone: +49 7032 15-2937  
Email: tjahn@de.ibm.com

## Germany Class A statement

**Deutschsprachiger EU Hinweis:**

### **Hinweis für Geräte der Klasse A EU-Richtlinie zur Elektromagnetischen Verträglichkeit**

Dieses Produkt entspricht den Schutzanforderungen der EU-Richtlinie 2004/108/EG zur Angleichung der Rechtsvorschriften über die elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit in den EU-Mitgliedsstaaten und hält die Grenzwerte der EN 55022 Klasse A ein.

Um dieses sicherzustellen, sind die Geräte wie in den Handbüchern beschrieben zu installieren und zu betreiben. Des Weiteren dürfen auch nur von der IBM empfohlene Kabel angeschlossen werden. IBM übernimmt keine Verantwortung für die Einhaltung der Schutzanforderungen, wenn das Produkt ohne Zustimmung der IBM verändert bzw. wenn Erweiterungskomponenten von Fremdherstellern ohne Empfehlung der IBM gesteckt/eingebaut werden.

EN 55022 Klasse A Geräte müssen mit folgendem Warnhinweis versehen werden: "Warnung: Dieses ist eine Einrichtung der Klasse A. Diese Einrichtung kann im Wohnbereich Funk-Störungen verursachen; in diesem Fall kann vom Betreiber verlangt werden, angemessene Maßnahmen zu ergreifen und dafür aufzukommen."

### **Deutschland: Einhaltung des Gesetzes über die elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit von Geräten**

Dieses Produkt entspricht dem "Gesetz über die elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit von Geräten (EMVG)". Dies ist die Umsetzung der EU-Richtlinie 2004/108/EG in der Bundesrepublik Deutschland.

**Zulassungsbescheinigung laut dem Deutschen Gesetz über die elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit von Geräten (EMVG) (bzw. der EMC EG Richtlinie 2004/108/EG) für Geräte der Klasse A**

Dieses Gerät ist berechtigt, in Übereinstimmung mit dem Deutschen EMVG das EG-Konformitätszeichen - CE - zu führen.

Verantwortlich für die Einhaltung der EMV Vorschriften ist der Hersteller:

International Business Machines Corp.  
New Orchard Road  
Armonk, New York 10504  
914-499-1900

Der verantwortliche Ansprechpartner des Herstellers in der EU ist:

IBM Deutschland  
Technical Regulations, Department M456  
IBM-Allee 1, 71137 Ehningen, Germany  
Telephone: +49 7032 15-2937  
Email: tjahn@de.ibm.com

**Generelle Informationen:**

**Das Gerät erfüllt die Schutzanforderungen nach EN 55024 und EN 55022 Klasse A.**

## VCCI Class A statement

この装置は、クラス A 情報技術装置です。この装置を家庭環境で使用する  
と電波妨害を引き起こすことがあります。この場合には使用者が適切な対策  
を講ずるよう要求されることがあります。 VCCI-A

This is a Class A product based on the standard of the Voluntary Control Council for Interference (VCCI). If this equipment is used in a domestic environment, radio interference may occur, in which case the user may be required to take corrective actions.

## Japan Electronics and Information Technology Industries Association (JEITA) statement

高調波ガイドライン適合品

Japanese Electronics and Information Technology Industries Association (JEITA)  
Confirmed Harmonics Guideline (products less than or equal to 20 A per phase)

## Korean Class A warning statement

이 기기는 업무용(A급)으로 전자파적합기기로서  
판매자 또는 사용자는 이 점을 주의하시기  
바라며, 가정외의 지역에서 사용하는 것을 목  
적으로 합니다.

## **Russia Electromagnetic Interference (EMI) Class A statement**

ВНИМАНИЕ! Настоящее изделие относится к классу А.  
В жилых помещениях оно может создавать радиопомехи, для  
снижения которых необходимы дополнительные меры

## **People's Republic of China Class A electronic emission statement**

声 明  
此为 A 级产品。在生活环境中，  
该产品可能会造成无线电干扰。  
在这种情况下，可能需要用户对其  
干扰采取切实可行的措施。

## **Taiwan Class A compliance statement**

警告使用者：  
這是甲類的資訊產品，在  
居住的環境中使用時，可  
能會造成射頻干擾，在這  
種情況下，使用者會被要  
求採取某些適當的對策。





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