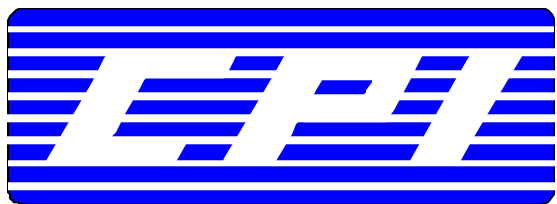

Instruction Manual

TTP(N) Series
Tone Termination Panel
01/2013
Board Assembly TTP2N Rev. B



TTP(N) Specifications

Specifications:	Subject to change without notice
Size:	5.5" wide 1.5" high 5.3" depth
Weight	.75 lbs (without case) 1.5 lbs (with enclosure -C option)
Connections:	modular to phone line (remote) screw terminal connector (radio)
Line impedance:	600 ohms
Input voltage:	+12 to +13.8 VDC @ 150 mA (18 mA idle)
Line output to phone line:	+10 dBm maximum. Preset to 0 dBm
Line output from phone line:	-40 dBm to +10 dBm (function tone referenced)
RX input from radio:	70 mVrms or greater
Notch filter:	2175 Hz down 50 dB from 1000 Hz reference
Control tones:	Guard tone = 2175 Hz for 40 mS Function tones F1 = 1950 Hz for 40 mS F2 = 1850 Hz for 40 mS Monitor = 2050 Hz for 40 mS Hold tone = 2175 Hz for duration of PTT
Control function outputs:	PTT and Monitor selection are form "C" relay contacts 1 amp @ 30 VDC F1/F2 are form "C" relay contact

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2.0 General Infomation

The CPI TTP(N) series termination panels provide a reliable means of interfacing a tone remote to a two way radio base station. The TTP series can be used with any tone remote that uses the industry standard EIA sequential tone format such as the CPI TR series remotes. The TTP(N) series panels are available in the following configurations.

MODEL	DESCRIPTION
TTP1(N)	Board only single frequency, PTT, and monitor
TTP2(N)	Board only two frequency, PTT, and monitor
-C(TTPN)	Case option for the TTP(N)

There are no other options available for the TTP(N) series panels. Jumper selectable -4W/FD is standard as well as automatic gain control and transmit and receive audio notch filters.

3.0 Installation

Connect the leased line, twisted pair 600 ohm line, or microwave link to the TTP(N) board via J2 (RJ-11 jack). Connect an external 12 to 16 volt semi-regulated DC power supply to J1 with the positive lead to J1-2 and the negative lead to J1-7.

Connect the receive audio from the radio to J1-6. Receive audio from the radio should be a source that is after the squelch circuit and not affected by the radio volume control adjustment. If such as point is not easily accessible you may use unsquelched audio and use the squelch circuit provided on the TTP(N).

Connect the radio microphone input to J1-1. If the microphone input is high impedance, shielded cable should be used and jumper JP3 on the TTP(N) board should be moved to the 2&3 position.

Connect the monitor circuit of the radio to the TTP(N) board using the form "C" relay contacts at J1-8, J1-9, and J1-10.

Connect the radio PTT line to the TTP using the contact provided at J1-4. Jumper JP7 allows you to select "key to ground" shorting pins 1&2 or "key to + voltage" shorting 2&3.

The TTP2(N) provides momentary or latched set of form "C" relay contacts for two frequency selection. Jumper JP14 in position 1&2 is for latching. Position 2&3 is momentary operation.

2 Wire/4 Wire Full Duplex operation

The TTP(N) termination panel is 2 wire/ 4 wire full duplex capable by selection of the JP1 jumper on the panel.

2 Wire - Jumper JP1 should be in the 1 & 2 position

4 Wire/ Full Duplex - Jumper JP1 should be in the 2 & 3 position

4.0 Tuning

The TTP(N) termination panels 2175 Hz notch and bandpass filters and line balance adjusters have been factory set. These adjustments have been “painted” and should not require readjustment in the field.

If it does become necessary to “retune” the panel, the procedure is as follows:

TX Audio notch filter

- 1) Connect: Signal generator (600 ohm) set at 2175 Hz. 0 dBm to phone line J2
 +12 volt power to J1-2
 Ground to J1-7
 Scope probes to TP4 & TP5, set scope to X-Y mode
- 2) Adjust R21 until signal on scope is in phase (loop closes on scope).
- 3) Remove scope probe from test point 4 & 5. With scope in signal channel mode, connect 1 probe to TP6. Adjust R16 to obtain minimum signal on scope. Adjust R21 to further reduce signal level. Re-check R16 then R21. Notch will be approximately -58 dB.
- 4) Move scope probe to TP7. Adjust R46 to maximum signal on the scope. (This is the 2175 bandpass adjustment.)
- 5) To set the balance, remove signal generator from phone line. Re-connect between ground and J1-6. Set generator for 1500 Hz, at 2 Vpp. Terminate J2 with a tone remote or other suitable 600 ohm load. Move scope probe to TP4 and adjust R100 for minimum.

RX Audio notch filter

- 1) Connect: Signal generator (600 ohm) set at 2175 Hz. 0 dBm to J1-6 & J1-7
 +12 volt power to J1-2
 Ground to J1-7
 Scope probes to TP1 & TP2, set scope to X-Y mode
- 2) Adjust R8 until signal on scope is in phase. (loop closes on scope)
- 3) Remove scope probe from TP1 & TP2. With scope in signal channel mode, connect one probe to TP3. Adjust R13 to obtain minimum signal on scope. Adjust R8 to further reduce signal level. Re-check R13 then R8. Notch will be approximately -58 dB.

5.0 Level Adjustments

RX Audio Adjustment

R101 controls the RX audio level to the phone line. With the phone line connected at J2, connect a RMS volt meter to the leads of L1 and L2. Un-squelch the receiver so that continuous noise is present and adjust R101 for 0 dBm or 0.8 Vrms on the meter. If additional gain is needed to achieve 0 dBm, move jumper JP6 to short pins 2 & 3.

Line In Adjustment

Auto level adjustment:

The TTP(N) series has an AGC (automatic gain control circuit). This circuit eliminates the need to adjust the line input level from the tone remotes or consoles. Selection of automatic or manual gain control is selected by the JP2 jumper.

Automatic gain control - JP2 should be set in the 1&2 position.

Manual gain control - JP2 should be set in the 2&3 position.

The line input level is adjusted via R104. Adjustment should be made with the TTP(N) connected to the phone line and a tone remote connected at the far end.

Follow the procedure for your remote to generate a constant function tone. Ideally the function tone will measure 0 dBm on the phone line at the remote site. The function tone level measured across the phone line at the TTP(N) will usually be less than 0 dBm due to line loss.

With an RMS voltmeter measure the signal level from test point 4 (TP4) of the TTP(N) to ground. Adjust R104 for a reading of 460 mVrms (1.3Vpp)

Note: If you are using the hold tone (low level guard tone) to make the adjustment, set R104 so that 46 mVrms (130 mVpp) is measured at TP4. If you are using the high level guard tone to make the adjustment, set R104 so that 1.49 Vrms is measured at TP4.

TX Mod Adjustment

This section assumes that each remote in the system has been set to provide an average voice audio level of 0 dBm measured at the remote. Have someone at the remote console press and hold the PTT switch. With a voice coming from the remote, adjust R102 to provide proper transmitter deviation.

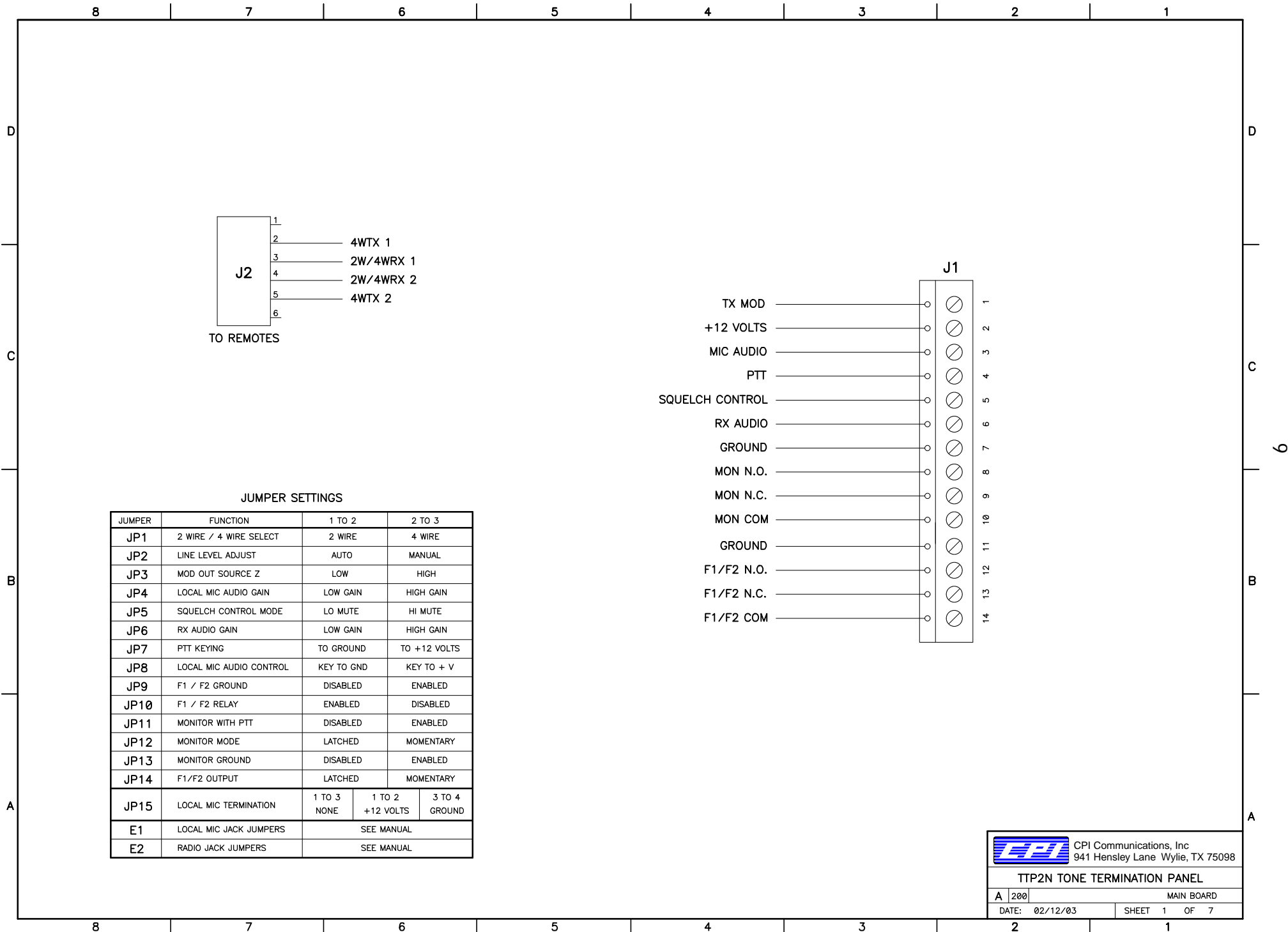
Monitor Adjustment

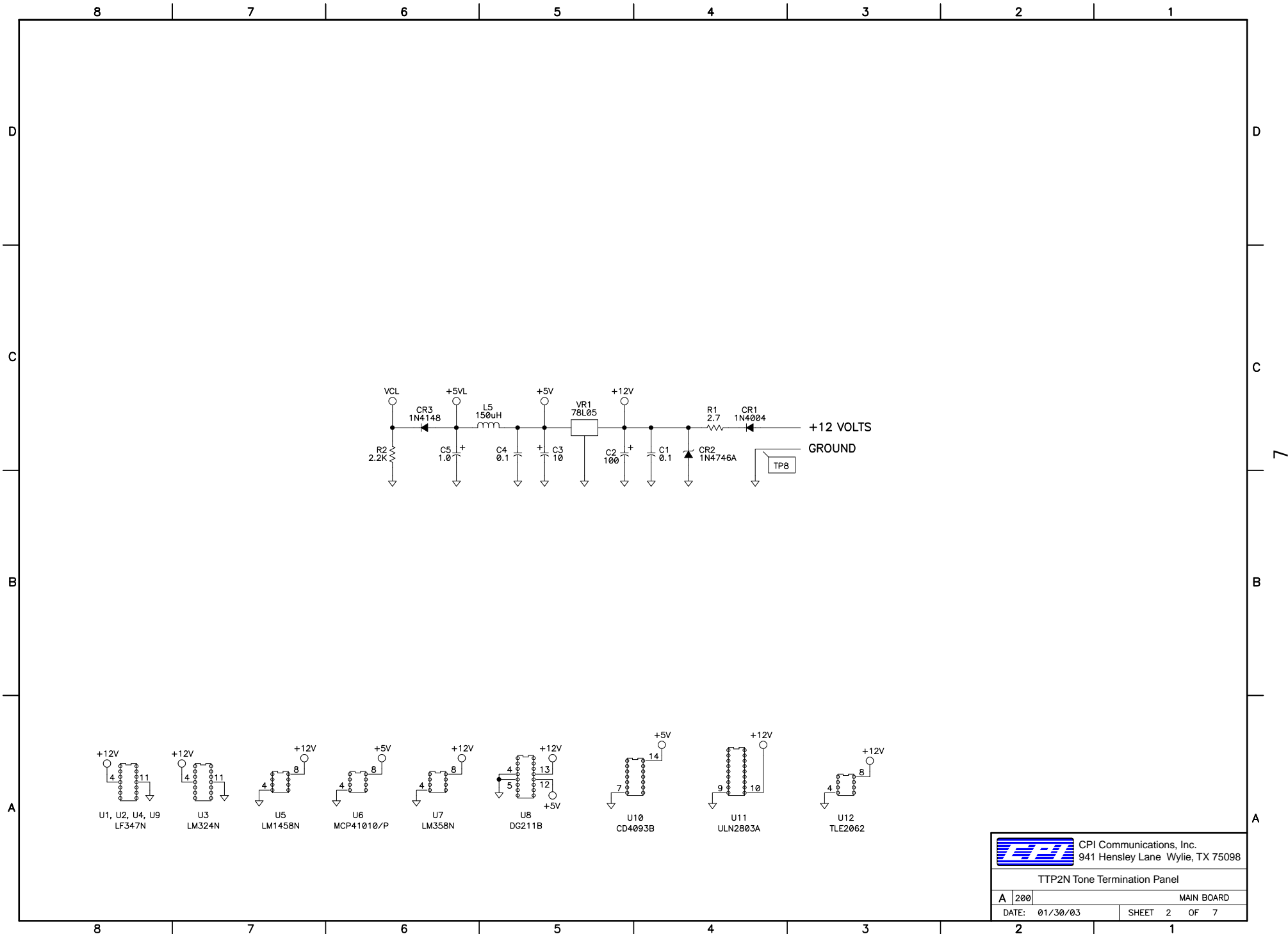
The monitor function can be used in one of two modes:

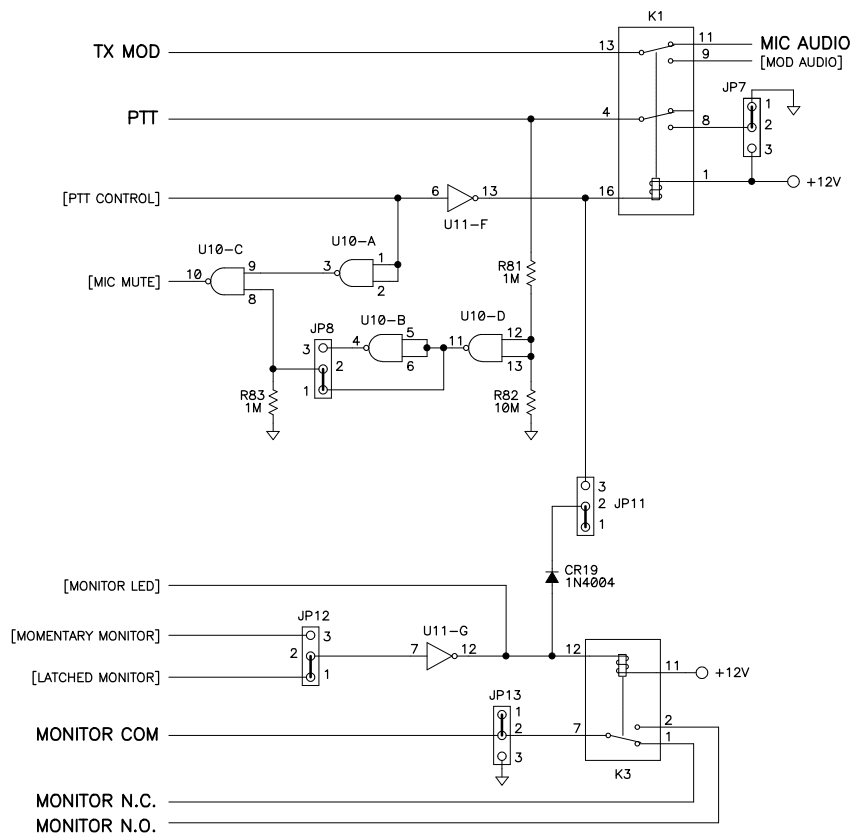
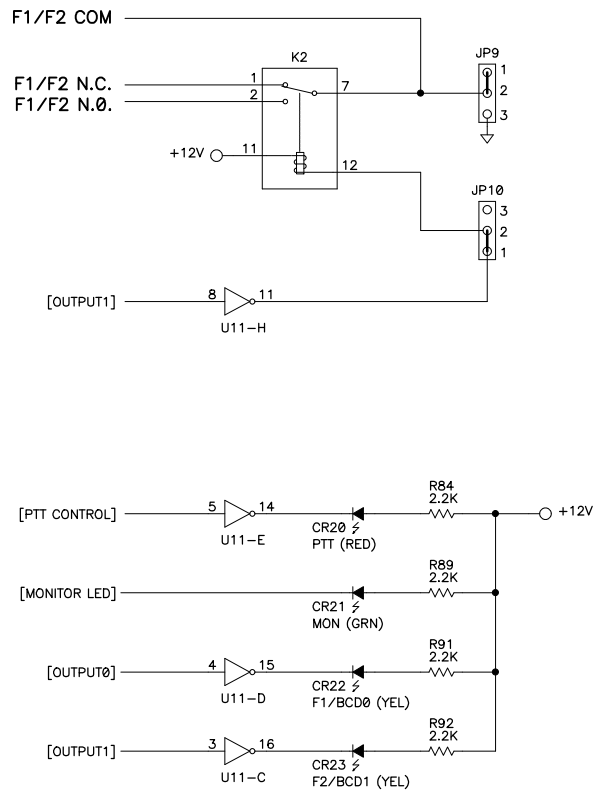
Momentary mode: (JP12 in position 2 &3) - The monitor relay energizes for approximately 6 seconds or until a PTT command is received.

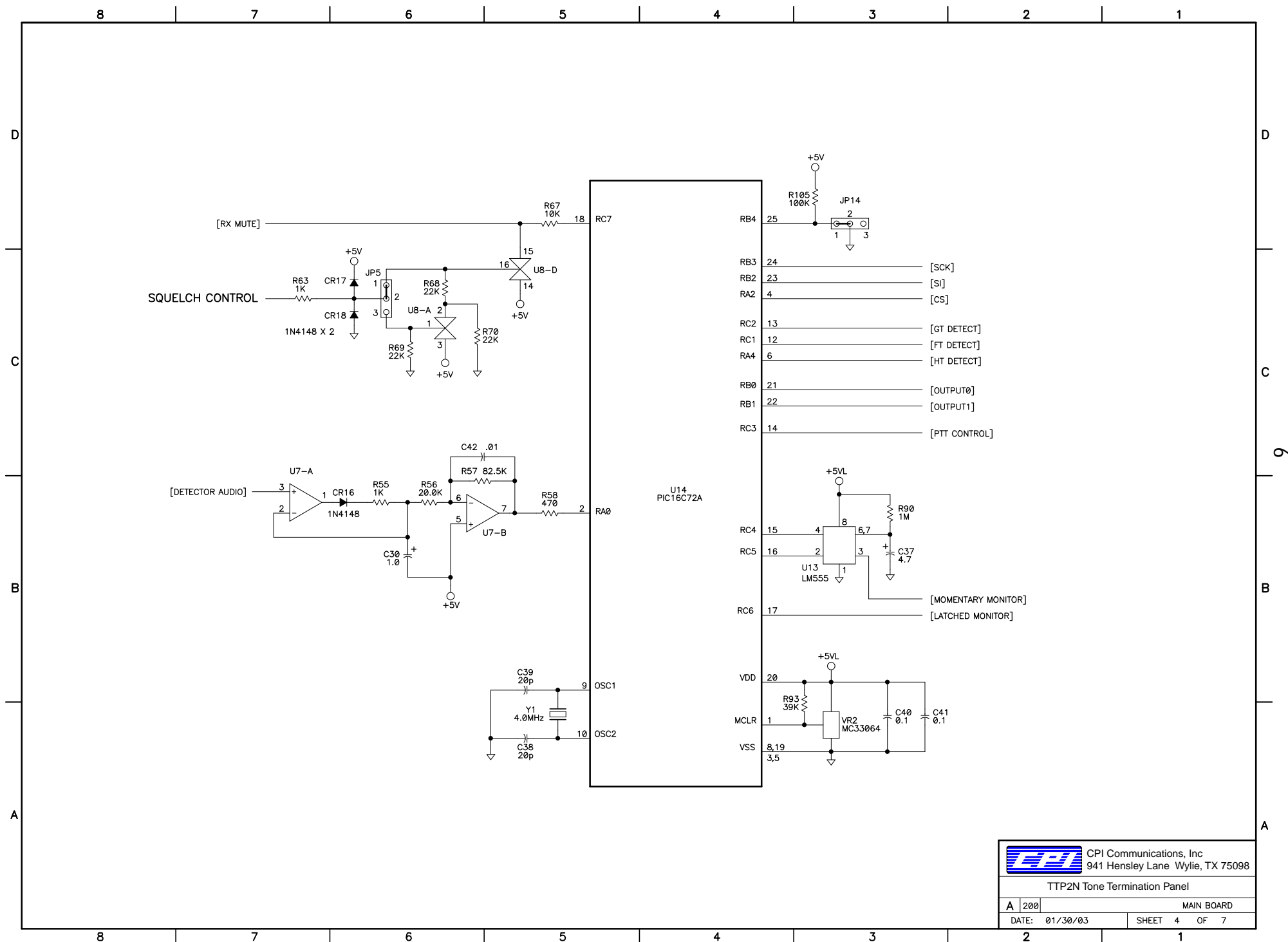
Latched mode: (JP12 in position 1 & 2) - The monitor relay stays energized until a valid PTT command is decoded.

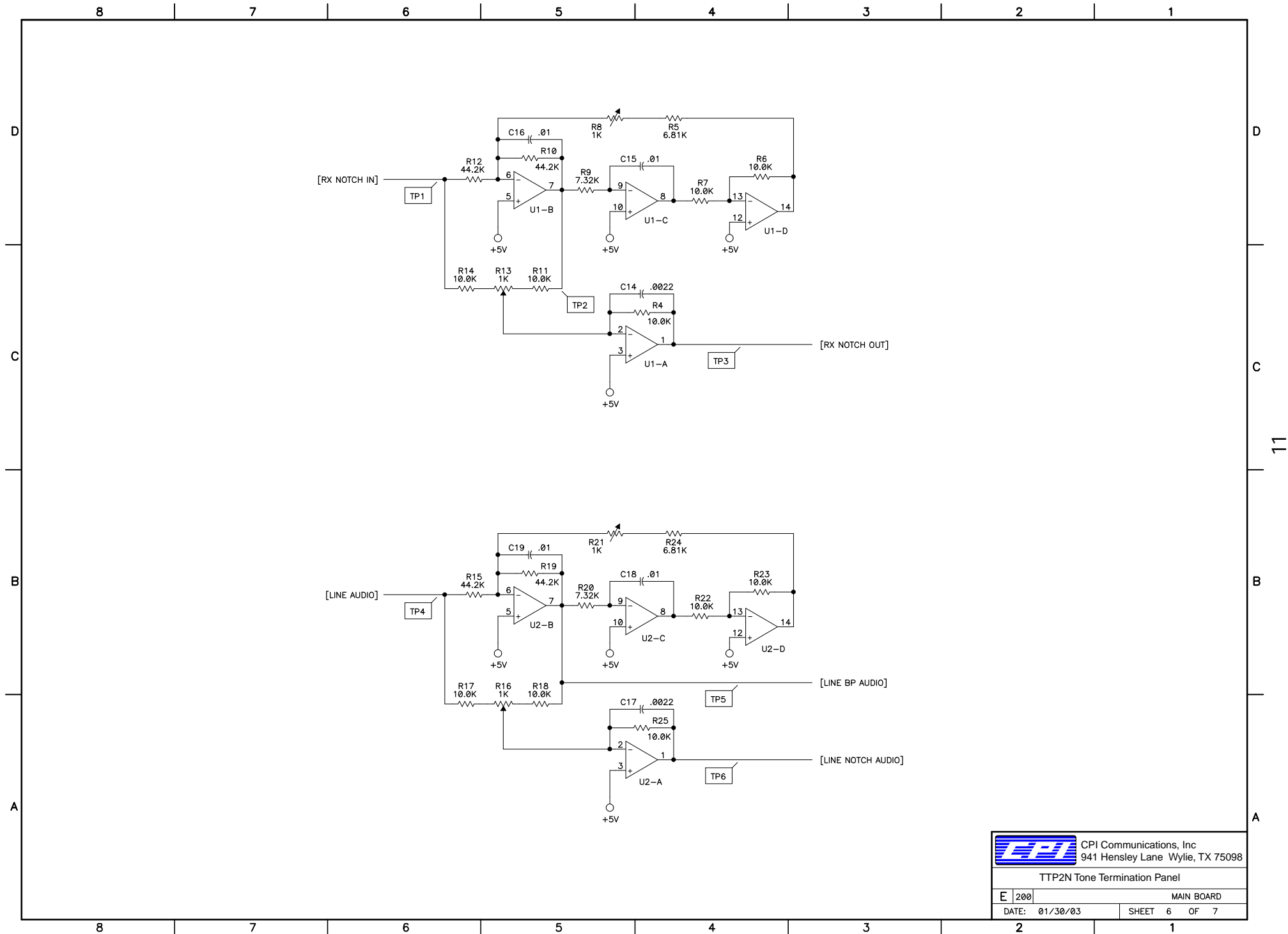
Note: Some radios require that the monitor circuit be activated while keying. This can be accomplished by shorting pins 2 &3 of JP11.

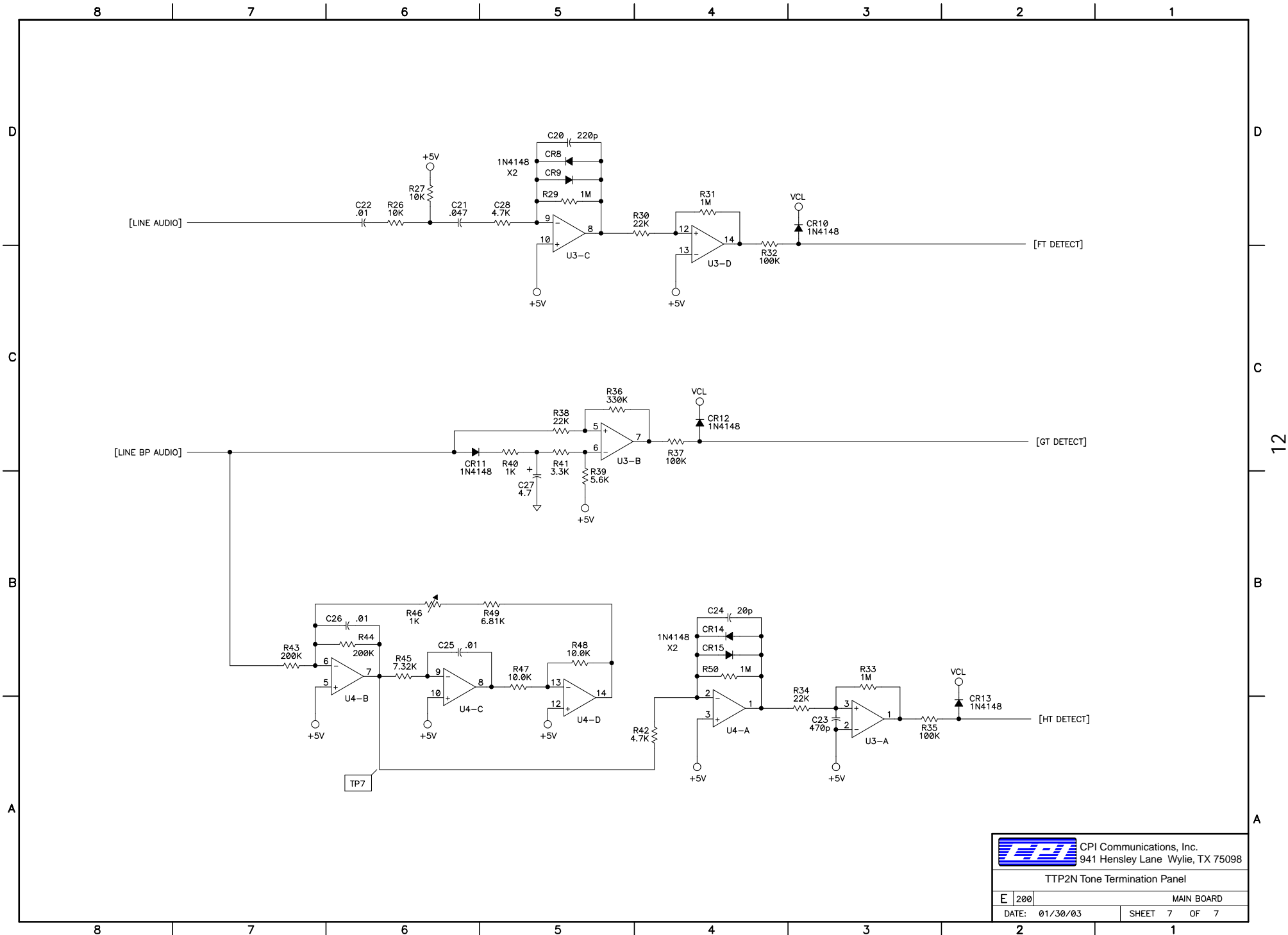


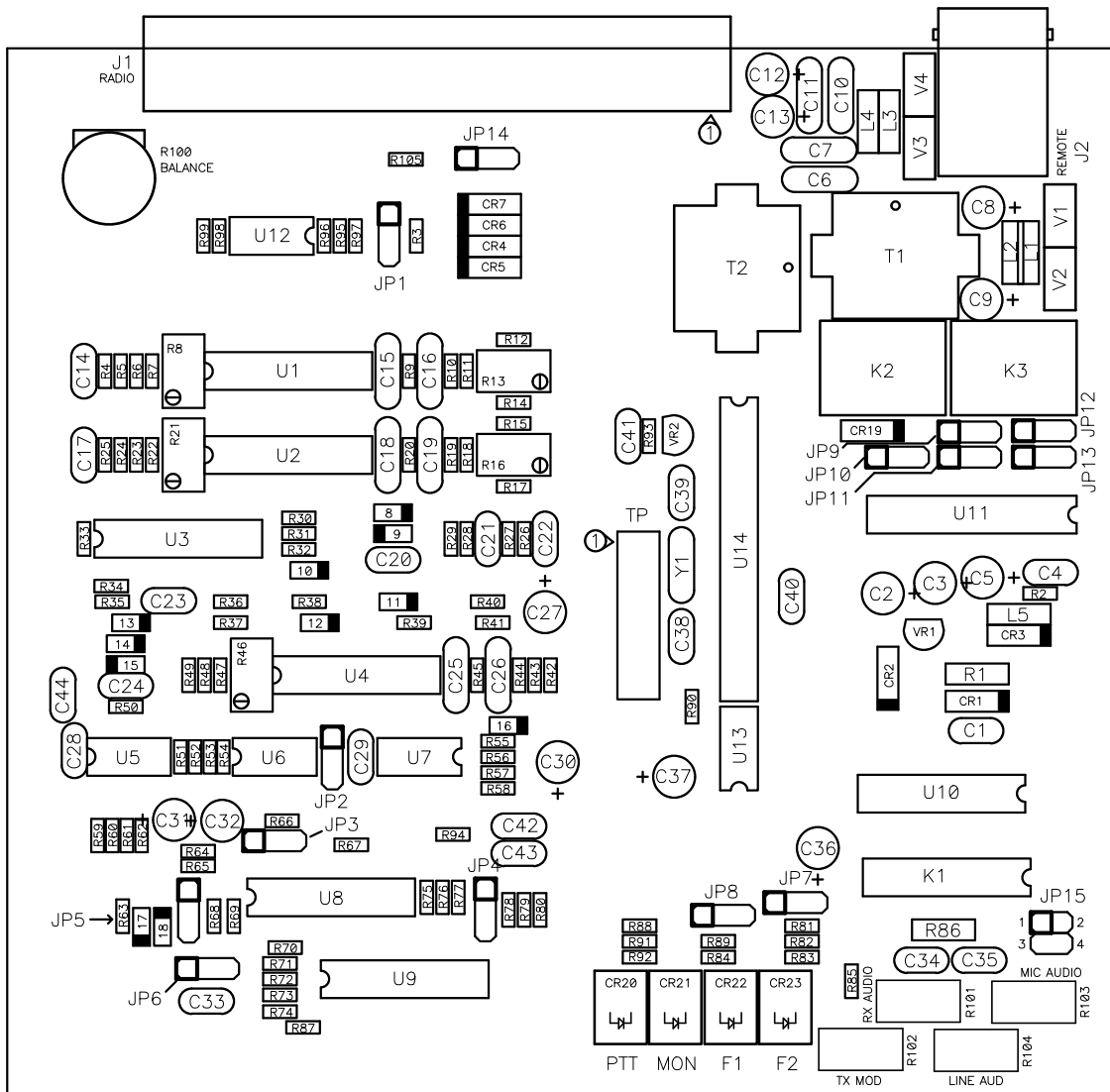












TTP2N TERMINATION PANEL
TTP2N.PCB
REV B
04-29-03
COMPONENT LOCATIONS