

Performance Management

DESCRIPTION

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1 Introduction

This document provides an overview of the management model and concepts associated with the Performance Management (PM) managed area.

A managed area is represented by a group of Managed Object Classes (MOCs) within the Managed Object Model (MOM).





2 Functions and Concepts

PM provides a management interface for performance measurement data handling in the Managed Element (ME) including the following:

- Collection and aggregation of performance measurement data
- Creation of performance measurement reports

An overview of PM is shown in Figure 1.

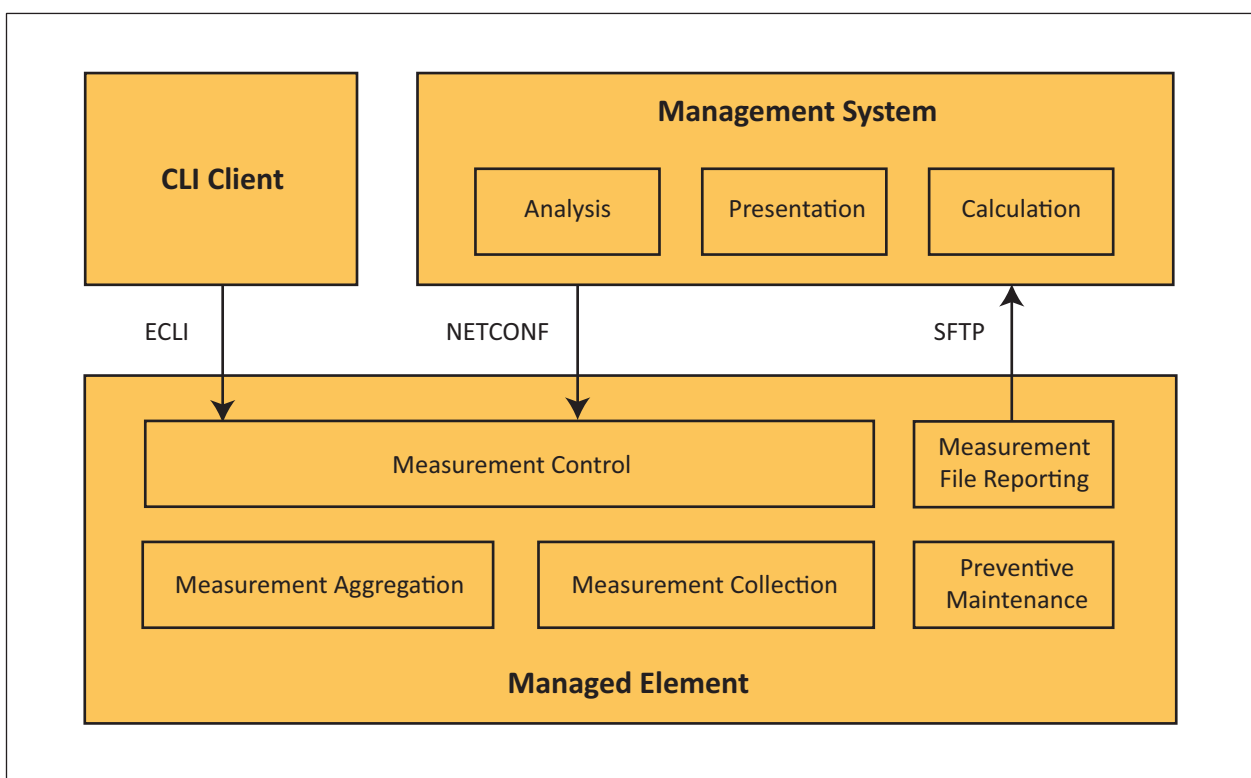


Figure 1 Performance Management Overview

Performance measurement data is collected and recorded by the ME regularly. This activity is performed to verify the physical and logical configuration of the network and its functions, to understand how they are used, and to locate potential problems as early as possible. The performance measurement reports can be used by management systems to understand performance trends, to balance traffic load, and to identify problem areas.

Measurement Types

The measurement types define what measurement data the ME can collect as well as what collection method and aggregation method are used. A measurement type supports one collection method and one aggregation method. Details are provided in Table 1 and Table 2, respectively.

*Table 1 Measurement Type Collection Methods*

Collection Method	Description
Cumulative counter	An ME uses a cumulative counter for counting events. Each time the event occurs a value is added to the counter. The counter is reset to a well-defined value (usually 0) at the beginning of each Granularity Period (GP). The GP is the time between the initiation of two successive collections of measurement data.
Gauge	A gauge is used for representing a dynamic value that can change in either direction. It can be used for continuous measurements over many GPs, for example, representing a temperature. It can also be used to get a maximum or minimum value during a GP. In this case, the gauge is reset at the beginning of each GP.
Discrete Event Registration (DER)	Using DER, data related to a particular event is captured (same as a gauge). Every nth event is registered, where n can be 1 or larger. The value of n depends on the frequency of occurrence of the event being measured. DER measurements are reset at the beginning of each GP and only have a valid result at the end of the GP.
Status Inspection (SI)	An SI is supported in the same way as a gauge but cannot be used for continuous measurements over several GPs. Status inspection measurements are reset at the beginning of the GP and only have a valid result at the end of the GP.

Table 2 Measurement Type Aggregation Methods

Aggregation Method	Description
Sum	All measured values are added during a GP.
Average	An average value is calculated using all values collected during a GP. For a gauge, an average value can be calculated over several GPs.
Minimum	The minimum value during a GP is collected.
Maximum	The maximum value during a GP is collected.
Last update	The last value during a GP is collected.

Measurement types are categorized and logically grouped into PM groups.

Measurement Jobs

The execution of measurement data collection, aggregation, and reporting is performed by measurement jobs. A measurement job applies to one or more measurement types or to an entire PM group. A measurement job executes the measurement types respective collection method and aggregation method at regular time intervals as defined by its GP.

The supported GP values are 1 minute, 5 minutes, 15 minutes, 30 minutes, 1 h, 12 h, and 24 h. The default value for GP is 15 minutes.



The Measurement reader defines the measurement being counted in a particular measurement job and ties it to the specific measurement types or a PM group.

A measurement job collects measurement data and generates reports as performance measurement XML files.

A measurement job can have three different priorities; low, medium, or high. The measurement jobs with the highest priority have their reports output first.

Reported Data / Performance Measurement XML Files

Performance measurement XML files are compliant with 3GPP® TS 32.435. The files are of type “A”, which means that the file contains results of measurements collected from a single ME during a single GP, according to the 3GPP TS 32.432 V10.0.0 standard. The performance measurement XML files also handle multi-value counters, which are an addition to the 3GPP standard. For more information, refer to *Performance Management Report File Format*.

The performance XML file can optionally be compressed using GZIP to reduce the amount of disk space used.

A new performance measurement XML file is created after regular aggregation intervals at the end of each GP.

An example of generation of performance measurement files is shown in Table 3. The collection of performance measurement data is started when the time is 0:00. Four jobs are set up. Two (job 1 and 2) have a GP of 5 minutes and the other two (job 3 and 4) have a GP of 15 minutes.

Table 3 Example of Generation of Files

Time	Number of Generated Files	Content
Between 0:00 and 0:05 (a)	0	No file is generated, measurement time collection has started at 0:00, and the GP has not finished
Between 0:05 and 0:10 (b)	1	Measurement results for jobs 1 and 2 during period (a)
Between 0:10 and 0:15 (c)	1	Measurement results for jobs 1 and 2 during period (b)
Between 0:15 and 0:20 (d)	2	Measurement results for jobs 1 and 2 during period (c)
		Measurement results for jobs 3 and 4 during period (a) + (b) + (c)
Between 0:20 and 0:25 (e)	1	Measurement results for jobs 1 and 2 during period (d)



The creation of a performance measurement XML file after the end of a GP can take up to 5 minutes. After this time, the absence of an expected performance measurement XML file or the absence of measurement data for an active performance job is to be considered as a potential fault situation.

This default performance file generation can be modified using the concept of job groups. A job group is defined using a simple text string associated with each PM job. The PM jobs with a common string name are all to be written into a performance management XML file prefixed by that string name, creating a group of PM jobs.

The created performance measurement XML files are exposed in the logical file system under MO *FileGroup=PerformanceManagementReportFiles* and can be transferred to external systems as any files in the logical file system. For more information, refer to *File Management*.

File Management preventive maintenance policies must not be applied to performance measurement XML files. PM provides instead its own internal preventive maintenance policy. Up to 1000 files can coexist in the ME. When this limit is reached, the ME always deletes the oldest file before creating a new one.

Used Interfaces

PM uses the following:

- NETCONF or the Ericsson Command-Line Interface (ECLI) for configuration
- A file interface for performance measurements

2.1 Types of Operation

PM supports the following operations:

- List measurement types, PM groups, and PM jobs

The list of measurement types and PM groups informs the user about what measurement data it is possible to collect on the ME. The list of PM jobs informs the user about what PM jobs can be started or are already running on the ME. The procedures in *List Performance Management Groups and Measurement Types* and *List Performance Management Jobs* provide further details on how to perform these operations.

- Create, start, stop, and delete measurement collection jobs

A new performance measurement collection job can be created by the user to collect performance data according to supported measurement types that are currently not collected on the ME. As part of maintenance situations, the user can suspend a measurement collection job to lower the resource use in the ME and start it again. The procedures in *Create*



Measurement Collection Job, *Start Measurement Collection Job*, *Stop Measurement Collection Job*, and *Delete Measurement Collection Job* provide further details on how to perform these operations.

Note: The automated suspension of jobs in, for example, overload situations, is not supported.

A performance measurement collection job that is no longer of interest because of, for example, a new network performance monitoring strategy can be deleted by the user.



3 Managed Object Model

The PM managed area is represented in the *Managed Object Model (MOM)* as follows:

```
ManagedElement
+-SystemFunctions
+-Pm
+-PmGroup
+-MeasurementType
+-PmJob
+-MeasurementReader
+-PmMeasurementCapabilities
```

For application-specific performance measurement groups and counters see the *Instances* part of the MOM. For general information about the MOM, MOCs, MOs, cardinality, and related concepts, refer to *Managed Object Model User Guide*.

The PM MOCs are described in Table 4.

Table 4 Performance Management Managed Object Class Descriptions

Managed Object Class	Description
<i>Pm</i>	The root of the PM model, manages the PM jobs and PM measurements.
<i>PmGroup</i>	Logical grouping of measurement types.
<i>MeasurementType</i>	Describes the measurement types supported by the ME.
<i>PmJob</i>	Contains the configured measurement jobs in the ME and their current state.
<i>MeasurementReader</i>	Defines the measurement being counted in a particular PM job and ties it to specific measurement types or a PM group.
<i>PmMeasurementCapabilities</i>	Is used to display the PM capabilities supported by this ME. For example, the maximum number of supported performance measurement XML files.





4 Configuration Management

PM is accessed using NETCONF or the ECLI to manipulate the Management Information Base (MIB).

The following operations can be performed by the user and are described in Operating Instructions using the ECLI:

List PM Information

- *List Performance Management Groups and Measurement Types*
- *List Performance Management Jobs*

Manage Measurement Collection Jobs

- *Create Measurement Collection Job*
- *Start Measurement Collection Job*
- *Stop Measurement Collection Job*
- *Delete Measurement Collection Job*