

# Generate Fingerprint for File

## OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

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Generate Fingerprint for File



# 1 Description

This instruction describes how to generate a fingerprint for a file.

Fingerprints, also known as digests, are calculated on the entire provided Certificate Management file.

# 2 Procedure

## 2.1 Generate Fingerprint for A File

### Prerequisites

- No documents are required.
- No tools are required.
- The following conditions must apply:
  - The user has the System Security Administrator role.
  - An Ericsson Command-Line Interface (ECLI) session in Exec mode is in progress.

### Steps

1. Navigate to the `CertMCapabilities` managed object:

```
>dn ManagedElement=NODE06ST,SystemFunctions=1,SecM=1,CertM=1,CertMCapabilities=1
```

2. Show attribute `fingerprintSupport`:

```
(CertMCapabilities=1)>show fingerprintSupport
```

The output shows the algorithm used for calculating the fingerprint, for example:

```
fingerprintSupport=SHA_224
```

Here, `SHA_224` denotes the algorithm in use.

**Note:** `SHA_224` corresponds to the `openssl` command-line option `-sha224` in the next step.



3. Using a command shell, manually generate the fingerprint for a file using the command `openssl` with the algorithm specified in attribute `fingerprintSupport` as an input option. For example:

```
shell$ openssl dgst -c -hex -sha224 node06stNodeCredential11.p12
```

In the example above, the algorithm used is `-sha224` and the file extension is `.p12` but any file extension can be used.

The output reflects the algorithm used, for example:

```
SHA224(node06stNodeCredential11.p12)= ba:41:ac:4f:b3:00:10:98:28:47:36:b1:eb:d9:66:33:69:05:7d:c2
```

**Note:** The extra space character between `=` and fingerprint `ba:41:ac:4f:b3:00:10:98:28:47:36:b1:eb:d9:66:33:69:05:7d:c2` does not belong to the fingerprint itself.