



DefensePro X
Version 10.x

Training Lab Manual Configure BDoS

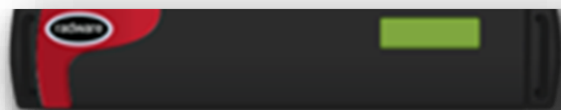


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Objectives

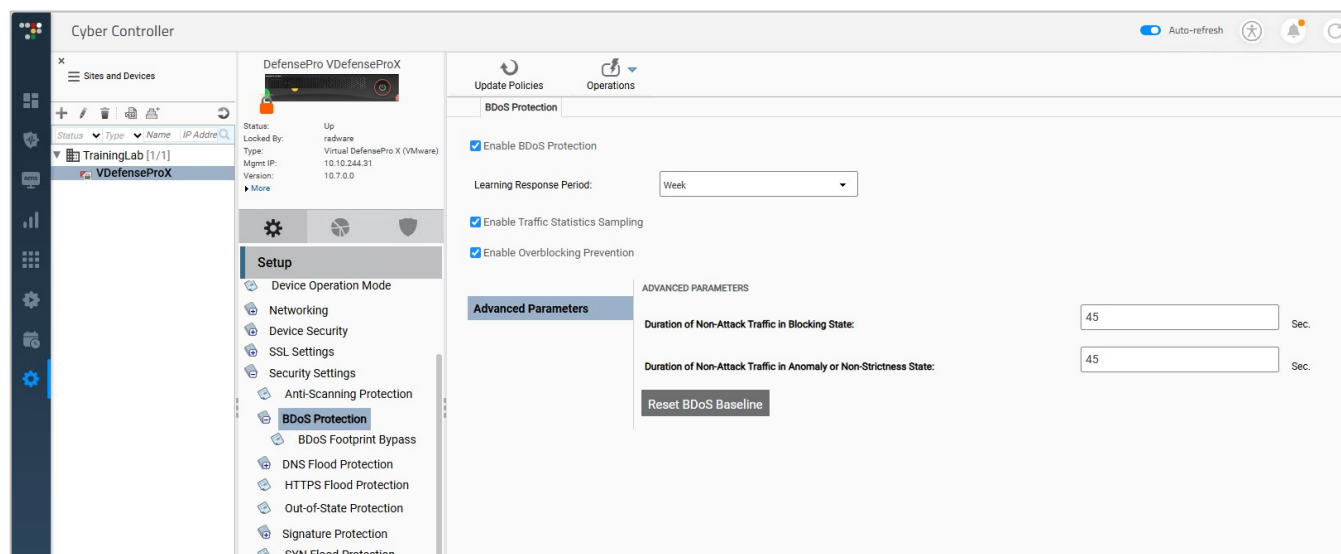
After reviewing the BDoS training module and completing this lab, you should be able to configure and monitor Behavioral DoS (BDoS) protection.

Overview

Radware DefensePro can be configured to protect against Behavioral DoS flood attacks that misuse network bandwidth resources including: TCP Floods, UDP floods, ICMP floods, IGMP floods and fragmented attacks. Radware's Network Behavioral Analysis (NBA) module employs patented behavioral-based, real-time signature technology. It creates baselines of normal network, application, and user behavior; then analyzes traffic in real-time to create signatures to mitigate attacks.

Global Setup Configuration

1. Access DefensePro via **Cyber Controller**.
2. Select the DefensePro **Configuration** perspective
3. In the **Setup** section, select **Security Settings**
4. In the **BDoS Protection** tab, verify that **Enable BDoS Protection** checkbox is checked
5. For **Learning Response Period** select: **Week**



6. Click **Submit** button to save changes.

Edit BDoS Protection

1. Select the **Security Operations** in Cyber Controller.
2. Highlight existing **TeamXX** policy and click **pencil** icon to edit.
3. Expand the **BDoS Protection** and edit the inbound and outbound traffic to **5000 Kbps**.

Protection Sections Expand All Collapse All

General Parameters

☐ Anti-Scan

☒ BDoS Protection

Action: Block and Report

Footprint Strictness: Medium

Bandwidth Settings

Inbound Traffic (Kbps): 5000

Outbound Traffic (Kbps): 5000

[Advanced Settings](#)

☐ Connection Limit

4. Click on **Advance Settings**. Review the settings. There is no need to change the defaults in this lab.

Advanced Settings - BDoS Protection

General

Transparent Optimization: Disabled

☒ Packet Reporting

Flood Protection Settings

☒ SYN Flood ☒ TCP ACK + FIN Flood ☒ TCP RST Flood ☒ TCP SYN + ACK Flood ☒ TCP Fragmentation Flood

☒ UDP Flood ☒ UDP Fragmentation Flood ☒ ICMP Flood ☒ IGMP Flood

Baseline Related

Inbound (%)

TCP	UDP	Fragmented UDP	ICMP	IGMP
75	50	25	2	2

Outbound (%)

TCP	UDP	Fragmented UDP	ICMP	IGMP
75	50	25	2	2

UDP Settings

UDP Packet Rate Detection Sensitivity: Low

UDP Excluded Ports: None

Advanced UDP Detection: Disabled

Learning Period: One Day

Attack Edges Overrides - High Edge (%): 0

Attack Edges Overrides - Low Edge (%): 0

Burst-Attack Protection

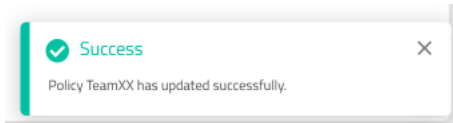
Enable Burst-Attack Protection: ☒

Maximum Interval Between Bursts: 0

Cancel [Submit](#)

5. Click **Submit** in **Advanced Settings** and **Submit** again in the **Edit Policy**.

- You should see a Success message in the bottom right.



- Open **Alerts Table** and watch changes.

Test and Monitor the Configuration

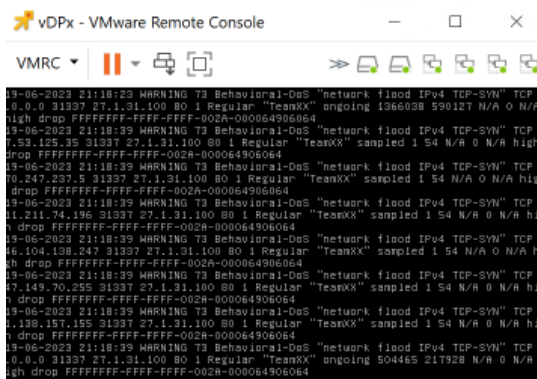
Open the Attacker machine and send a TCP Flood Attack.

- Access **Attacker-PC** select and use the **Raptor Attacker** to launch attacks. Once window is selected you can use your mouse or cursor arrow to navigate. Confirm by pressing **↵** or click on **<Select>** or **<OK>** buttons
- Select **Network Attacks** → **Floods** → **Multiple Sources** → **TCP** → **SYN Attack**.
- Verify Destination IP address: **27.1.31.100** then **<OK>**
- Window **eth0** at **Attack-PC** display now outgoing traffic (TX) from the vDP.

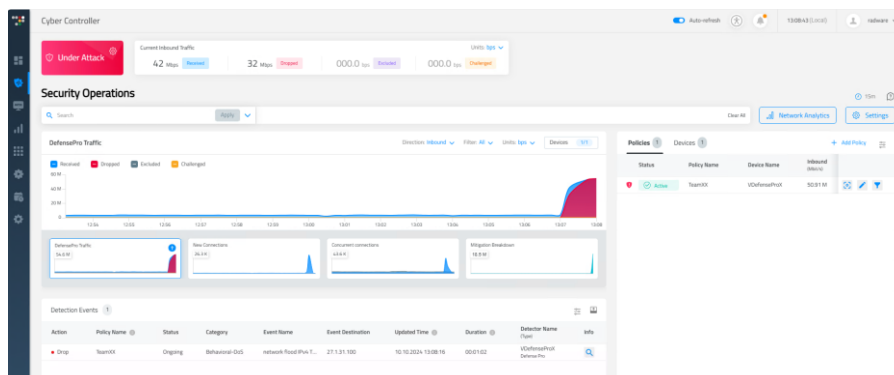
After the attack is initiated from the Attack-PC, you should see traps in the CLI/Syslog.

To view traps,

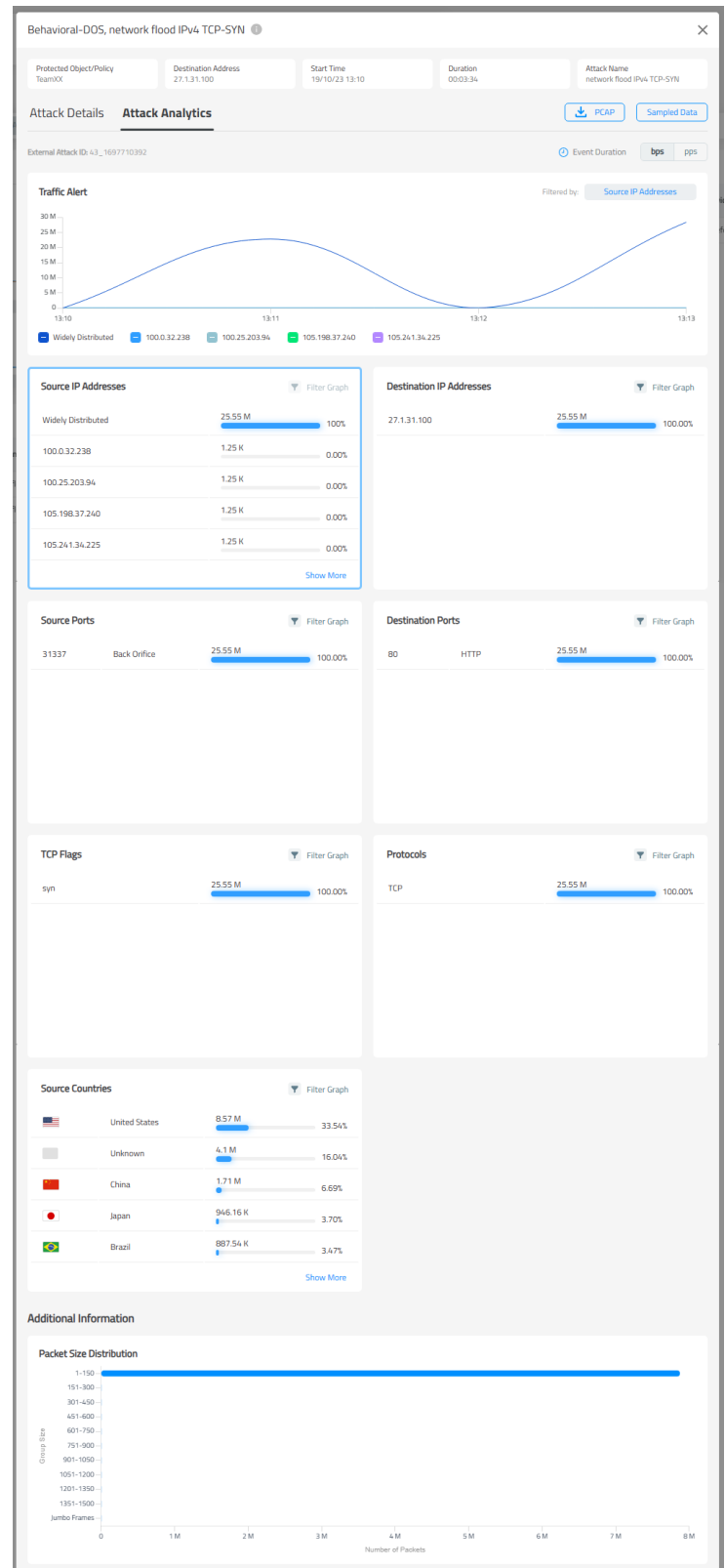
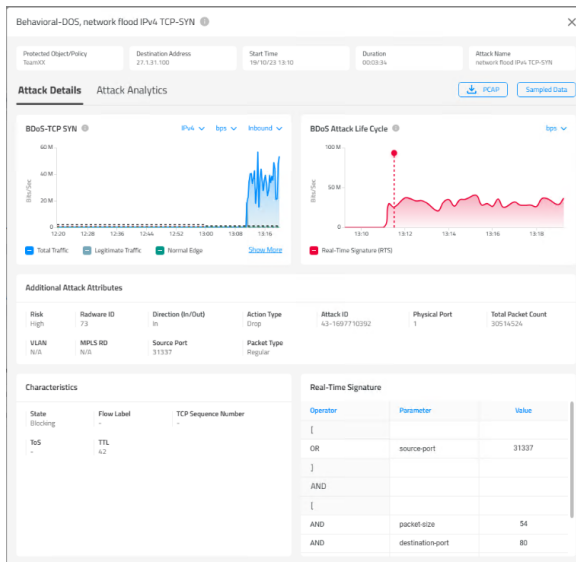
- Open **vDP Console** tab in mRemoteNG.



- In Cyber Controller, select the **Security Operations** → **Real-Time Monitoring** perspective.
- Explore the **Real-Time Monitoring** page.



- Select the attack in **Detection Events** section and click on the magnifying glass/info icon.



- Click on the red dot in BDoS Attack Life Cycle graph to show Real-Time Signature (RTS)

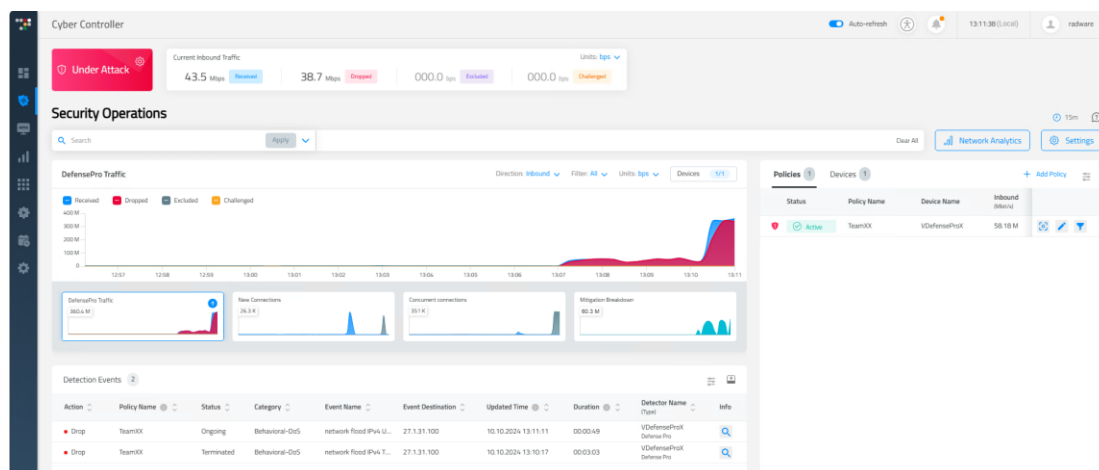
Real-Time Signature

×

Operator	Parameter	Value/s
[
OR	source-port	31337
]		
AND		
[
AND	packet-size	54
AND	destination-port	80
AND	destination-ip	27.1.31.100
AND	ttl	42
]		

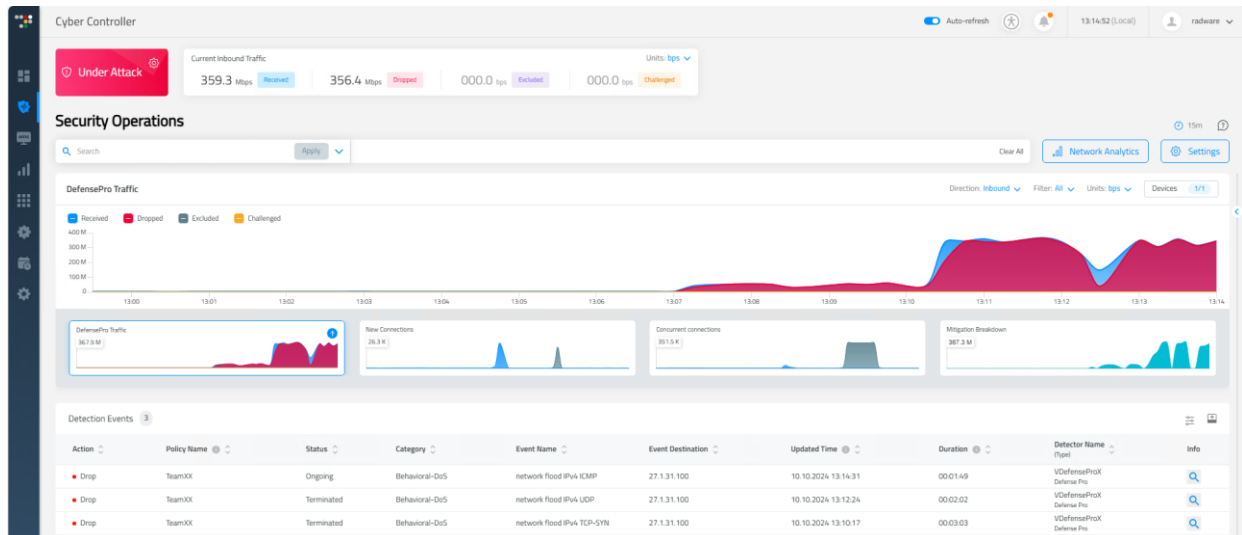
Use Raptor to send an UDP Flood Attack

- Access Attacker-PC Raptor main menu.
- Stop the current TCP SYN Attack.
- Select **Network Attacks** → **Floods** → **Multiple Sources** → **UDP** → **Data Flood**.
- Verify Destination IP address: **27.1.31.100**
Soon after the attack is initiated from the Attack-PC, you'll see traps in the CLI/Syslog.
- Wait a few minutes. Click **Stop** button.
- Use Cyber Controller to View UDP Flood Attack.
 - Select the **Security Operations** → **Real-Time Monitoring** and explore the new attack.

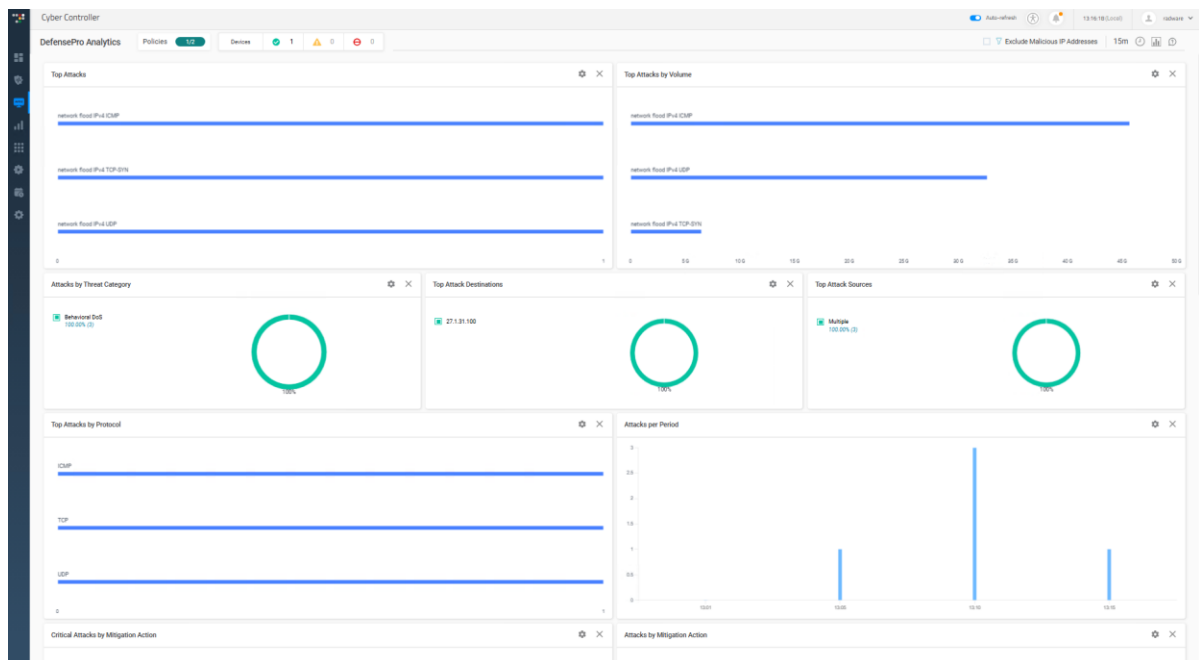


Use Raptor to Send ICMP Flood Attack.

1. Access Attacker-PC Raptor main menu and select **Network Attacks → Floods → Multiple Sources → ICMP → Echo Request Flood**.
2. Verify Destination IP address: **27.1.31.100**
Soon after the attack is initiated from the Attack-PC, you'll see traps in the CLI/Syslog.
3. Wait a few minutes. Click **Stop** button.
4. In Cyber Controller monitor the attack details as already done for the TCP and UDP floods.
 - a. To see more details click on the event with the and you can drill down to see all the attack information



5. Explore the **Analytics AMS → DefensePro Analytics** dashboard.



6. **Do not forget to stop the attack after completing this lab.**
7. Save the configuration as **dpX-BDOSLab-config**.



For questions, contact training@Radware.com

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