

ELECTRICAL PROTECTION  
TESTING 125 VOLT AC OUTLETS

| Contents                                 | Page |
|--|------|
| 1. GENERAL .....                         | 1    |
| 2. KS-14510, L1 VOLT-OHM-MILLIAMMETER .. | 1    |
| 3. BRYANT, 5266-PT OUTLET TESTER .....   | 2    |
| 4. AMP* CIRCUIT ANALYZER PN-350659 ..... | 3    |

1. GENERAL

1.01 This appendix provides descriptive information for testing 125 volt ac outlets.

1.02 (Reserved for future use)

1.03 The three methods used requires one of the following equipment items:

- KS-14510, L1 Volt-ohm-milliammeter (VOM)
- Bryant, 5266-PT Outlet Tester
- AMP Circuit Analyzer PN-350659

2. KS-14510, L1 VOLT-OHM-MILLIAMMETER

2.01 Set VOM Selector switch to a range greater than 150 volts ac.

1. Connect the negative (-) test lead to the receptacle cover plate retaining screw.

*Note:* If screw is nonmetallic, replace it with a metal screw.

2. Connect the positive (+) test lead to the short (hot) slot in the receptacle. (See Fig. 1 and 2.)

a. If the meter reads 110-125 volts, *polarity is correct.*

b. If the meter reads zero (0) volts, *polarity is reversed.*

c. If the meter reads in excess of 130 volts, **DISCONTINUE TESTING.** Refer trouble to the appropriate Maintenance forces for correction.

2.02 Retain VOM Selector switch to a range greater than 150 volts ac. Connect the positive (+) test lead to the long (neutral) slot in the receptacle. (See Fig. 1 and 3.) If the meter reads zero (0), the polarity is correct.

*Note:* A voltage reading indicates reversed polarity.

2.03 *Ground Test.*

1. Remove the positive (+) test lead from the neutral slot of the receptacle and touch it to the negative (-) test lead.

2. Set VOM Selector switch to OHMS X1 the "zero" the meter.

3. Reconnect the positive (+) test lead to the long (neutral) slot in the receptacle. (See Fig. 1 and 3.)

*Note:* Meter should read *no more than 3 ohms.*

4. Reconnect the positive (+) test lead to the ground slot (Fig. 4), continuity should be read.

5. Set VOM Selector switch to a range above 150V ac, then connect the positive (+) test lead to the ground slot in the receptacle.

*Note:* Meter should read zero (0) volts.

\*Trademark of AMP Incorporated

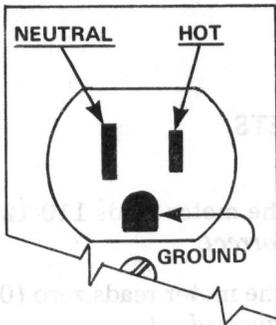


Fig. 1

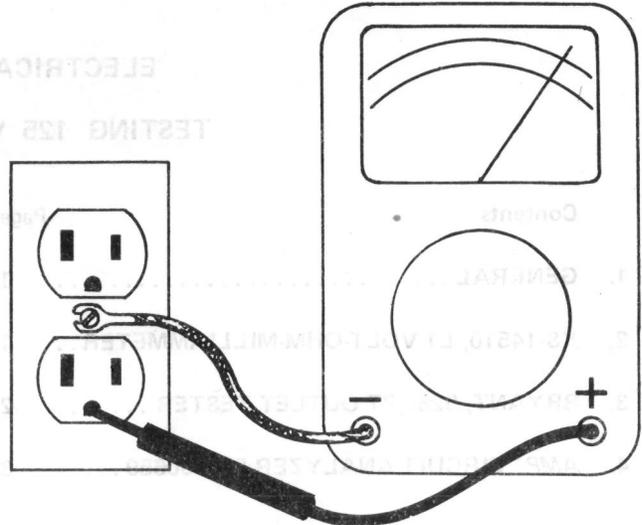


Fig. 4

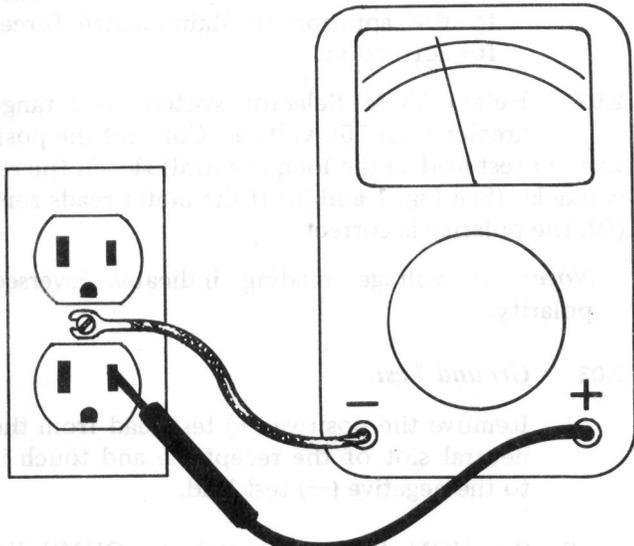


Fig. 2

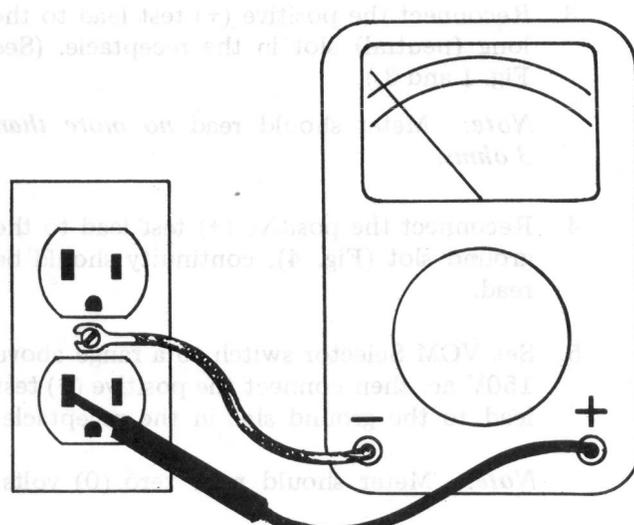


Fig. 3

3. BRYANT, 5266-PT OUTLET TESTER

3.01 The Bryant Tester (Fig. 5) plugs into only 3-wire receptacles. A combination of lights informs the user of the following ac receptacle conditions:

| Lamp(s) On       | Condition                   |
|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Yellow and White | Correct Wiring              |
| Yellow and Red   | Reversed Polarity           |
| Yellow           | Open Ground                 |
| White            | Open Neutral                |
| None             | Open Hot                    |
| White and Red    | Hot and Ground Reversed     |
| Red              | Hot On Neutral, Hot Unwired |

3.02 This tester will not check, ground and neutral reversed, two hot wires in outlet, quality of ground, and combinations of defects. If defect is found, correct and retest.

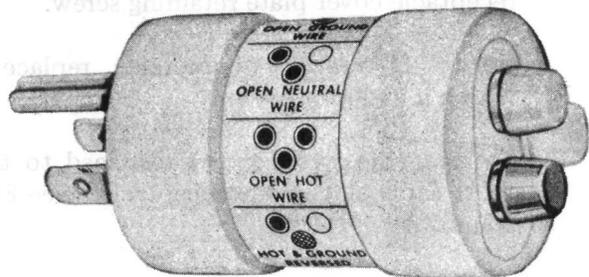


Fig. 5

#### 4. AMP CIRCUIT ANALYZER PN-350659

4.01 The *AMP* Analyzer (Fig. 6) has indicator lights and a chart on both sides to describe the condition for each ac receptacle wiring arrangement. When plugged into any single phase 125 Vac 3-wire outlet, the following tests can be made:

- Open Ground
- Open Hot
- Open Neutral
- Hot/Ground — Reversed
- Hot/Neutral — Reversed
- Correct

4.02 This analyzer can be used to check 2-wire outlets with a polarized adaptor and ground wire (not supplied with analyzer.)

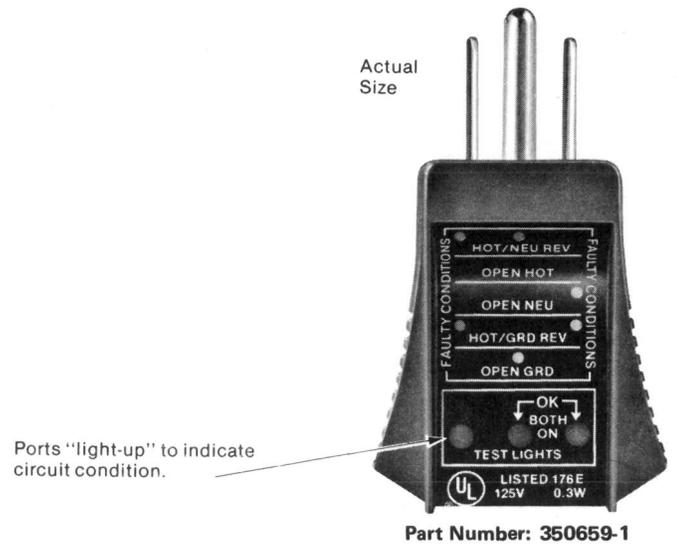


Fig. 6