

## GFELLER LINE CONCENTRATOR 49-11+1-2

### SCHEMATICS

#### 1. GENERAL

**1.01** This is one of a group of sections pertaining to the Gfeller line concentrator. This section contains the schematics S11888 and S11889 for model 49-11+1-2, submitted by the Gfeller Company and an explanation of the symbols and drawing methods used.

**1.02** The Gfeller concentrator schematics are of the detached contact type similar to those now in use in the Bell System.

**1.03** Arrowheads, bearing no designation, are used to indicate a tie-in between two points of the circuit which are separated on the same

sheet. The connection of the two points may be found by following the direction of the arrowhead, in a straight line to its associated arrowhead (Fig. 2).

**1.04** Resistor strapping with an X on the strap, as indicated on R2, R5, R11, R13, R18 of S11888 and R1 of S11889 is used to indicate strap removal when 60-volt operation is used (Fig. 2). 60-volt operation is no longer used in the Bell System; it has been replaced with 72-volts to extend the dc range of the line concentrator. When 72-volt operation is used, strap removal on resistors R11 of S11888 and R1 of S11889 is required.

**1.05** Fuses are represented by an oval-shaped symbol (Fig. 2). The contacts shown above

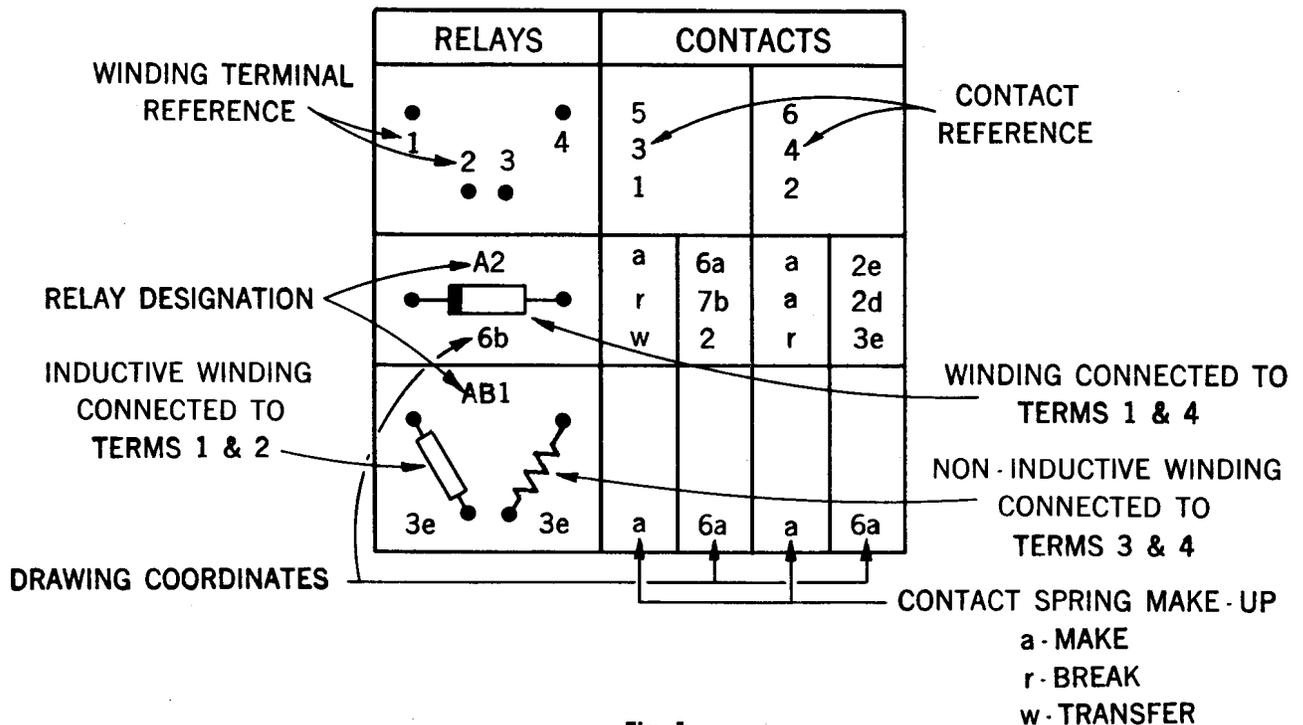


Fig. 1

each symbol are the fuse alarm contacts. Each fuse is designated by the equipment to which it supplies power as well as by a number; this number is also associated with arrowheads at the various components of the central office unit to indicate the source of the battery supply.

1.06 The Gfeller switch vertical bars are drawn in a vertical plane and numbered BES, and 1 through 11. Vertical BES is in the central office unit only. The horizontal bars are drawn in a horizontal plane and numbered 1 through 49. The horizontal bar designated 50 is a test bar associated only with the central office unit switch. The a, b, and c, designations are the European equivalent of the Bell System T, R, and S, respectively. (Fig. 3.)

1.07 The tables at the bottom of the schematics give the location of each relay winding terminal and its associated contacts by drawing coordinates. The contact spring make-up is also shown. Part of a table is shown in Fig. 1 with a labeled description.

1.08 Fig. 2 contains a list of designated symbols as used in the schematics.

1.09 Fig. 3 shows the schematic for the Gfeller switch for the central office and remote unit.

SYMBOL CHART

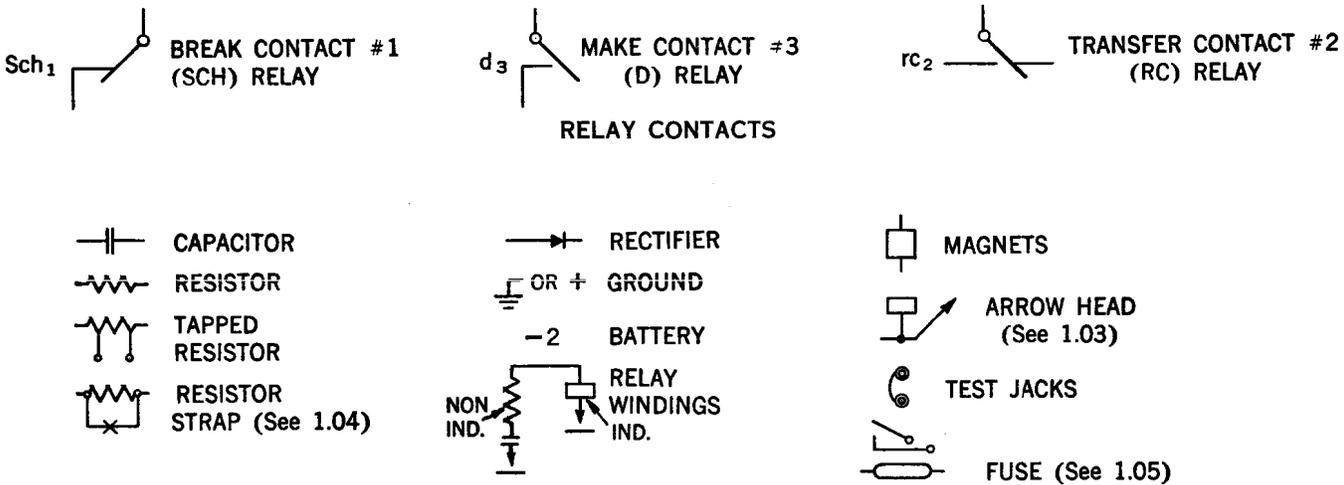


Fig. 2

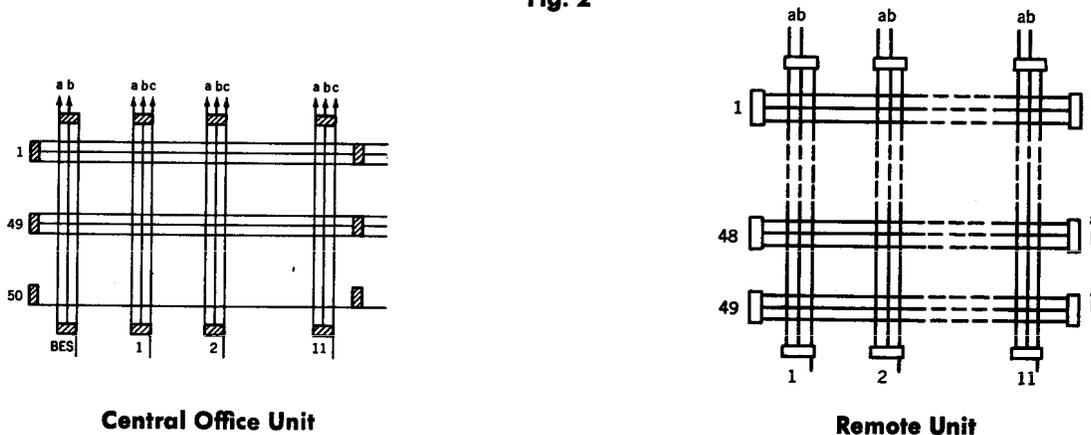
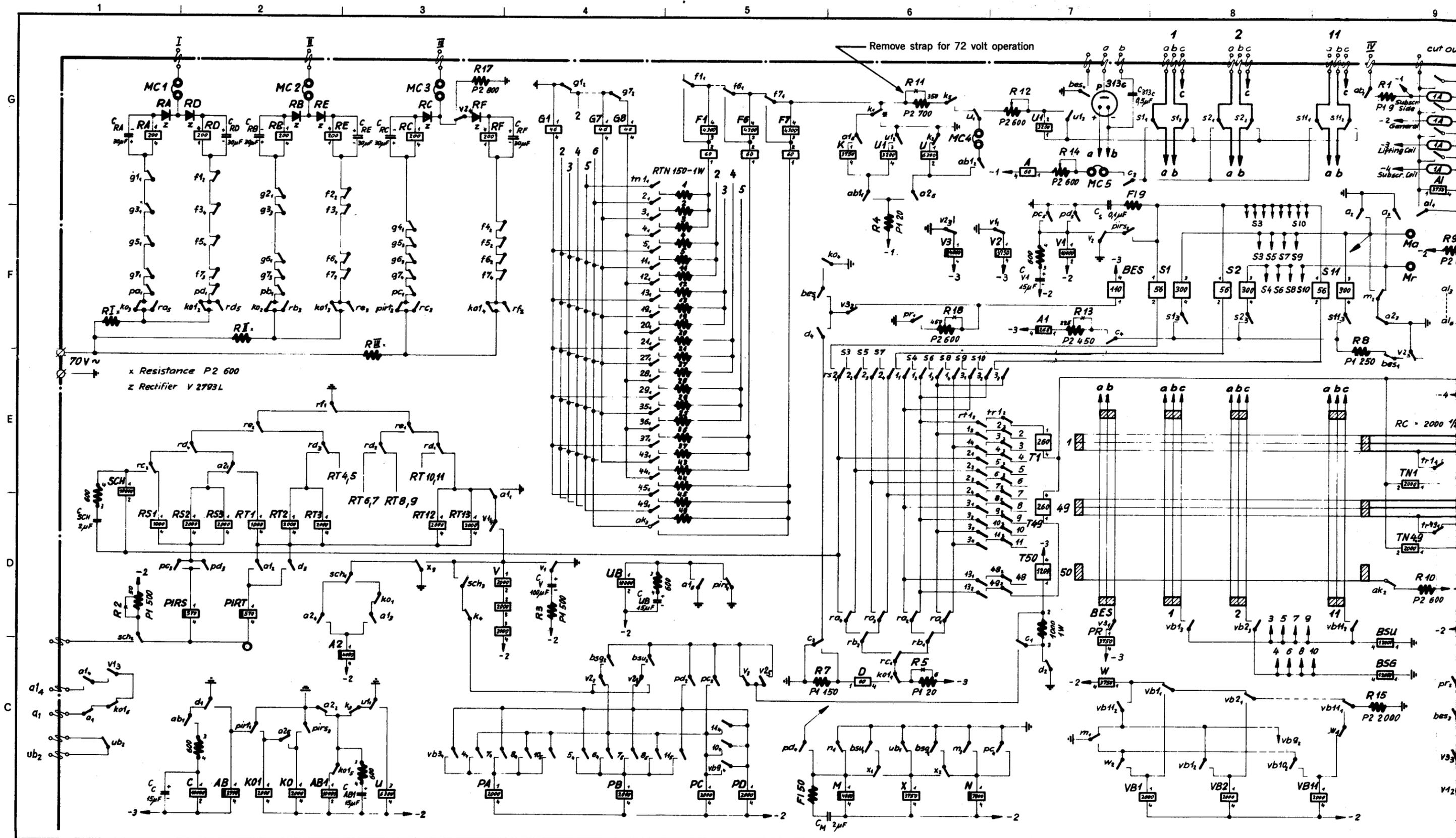
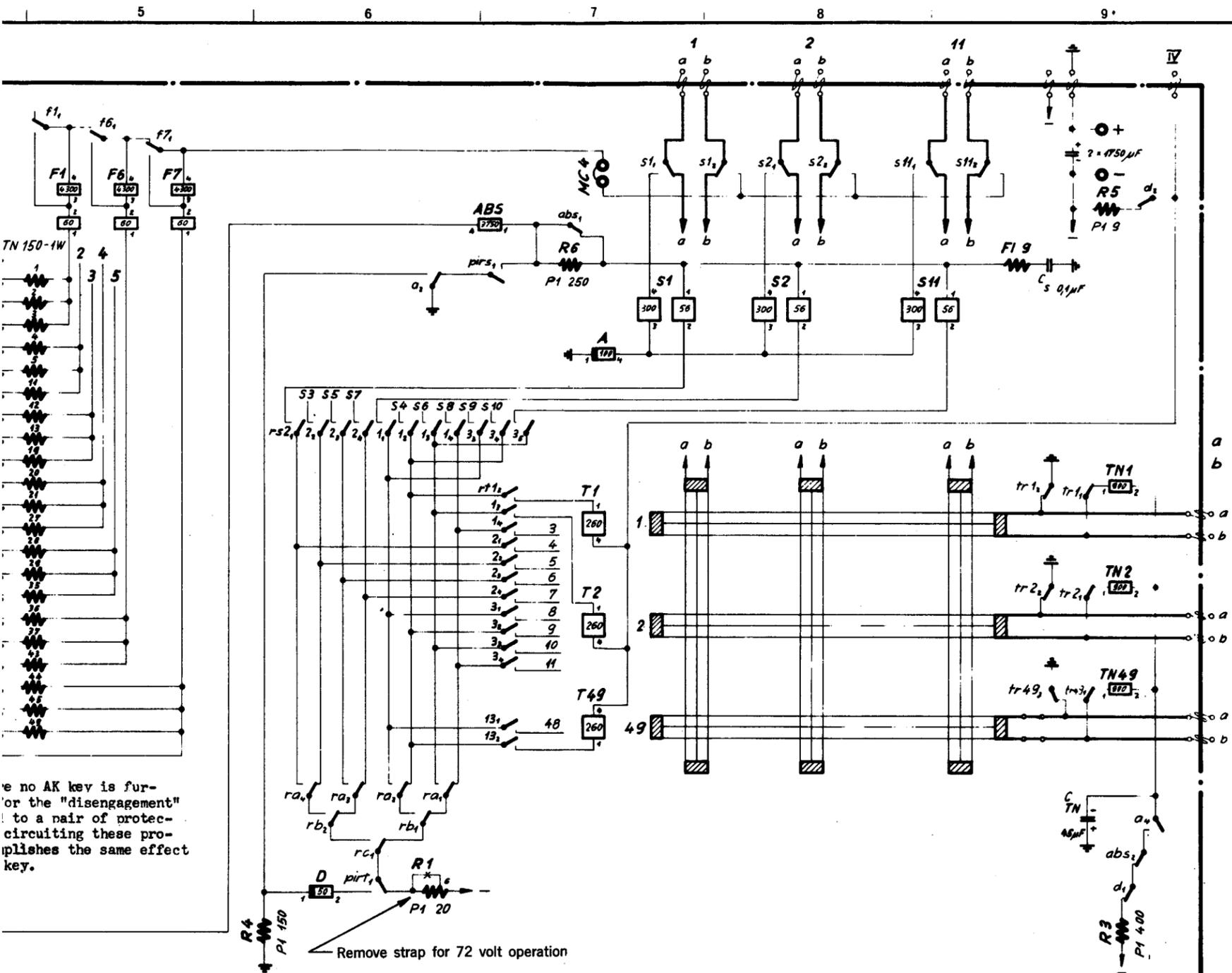


Fig. 3







no AK key is fur-  
or the "disengagement"  
to a pair of protec-  
circuiting these pro-  
plishes the same effect  
key.

Relays	Contacts	F5	G5	RB	RS3	SCH
A	7F	F6	G6	RC	RT1	ABS
D	6C	F7	G7	RD	RT2	
F1	5B	G1	G8	RE	RT3	
F2		G2	PIRS	RF	RT4-H	
F3		G3	PIRT	RS1	RT12	
F4		G4	RA	RS2	RT13	

G  
-  
F

Lifting Coil	Contacts	Subscr. Coil	Subscr. Relay	Cont.
S1	7F	T1	TN1	0 4G
S2	8F	T2	TN2	0 4F
S11	8F	T49	TN49	0 4D
Discon. rod		tr1		
		tr2		
		tr49		

Relays and coils seen from wiring side

E  
-  
D  
-  
C

**S 11889**  
GFELLER LINE CONCENTRATOR REMOTE UNIT 49-11+1-2

