



# **SLC<sup>®</sup> SERIES 5 CARRIER SYSTEM MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLE CLEARING LOOP TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS**

**Task Oriented Practice (TOP)**

## AT&T CONTACTS

### TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

Technical assistance for this system can be obtained by calling the Regional Technical Assistance Center at 1-800-225-RTAC. This telephone number is staffed 24 hours per day.

### DOCUMENTATION CONTENT

If you have questions regarding the content of this document, contact:

AT&T  
Documentation Development Organization  
Attention: Publishing Services Department  
2400 Reynolda Road  
Winston-Salem, N.C. 27106  
Telephone: 1-800-334-0404 or (919) 727-3167  
Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. — 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time

### ORDERING INFORMATION

To order additional copies of this document, **AT&T Entities** and **Commercial Customers** should send an order to:

AT&T  
Customer Information Center  
Attention: Order Entry Section  
2855 N. Franklin Road  
P.O. Box 19901  
Indianapolis, Indiana 46219

(AT&T Entities should use Form IND 1-80.80 FA, available through the Customer Information Center.)

To place your order by phone, call Monday through Friday:

Within the United States: 1-800-432-6600  
(between 7:30 a.m. and 6:30 p.m. EST)

From Canada: 1-800-255-1242

Worldwide: Toll 1-317-352-8557

FAX: 1-317-352-8628

For Commercial Customers a check, money order, purchase order number, or charge card number (VISA, American Express, or MasterCard) is required with all orders. Make checks payable to AT&T.

**RBOC/BOC** should process orders through their Company Documentation Coordinator.

**Federal Government** orders should be processed through:

AT&T  
P.O. Box 20046  
Greensboro, N.C. 27420  
(919) 279-7424

## TASK INDEX LIST

---

**FIND YOUR JOB IN THE LIST BELOW . . . THEN GO TO**

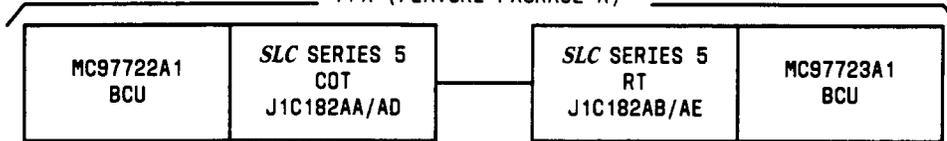
---

Abbreviated System Maintenance . . . . .	DLP-500
Channel Failure — Multiple Channels — Signaling Trouble — Clear . . . . .	TAP-121
Channel Failure — Multiple Channels — Single Party, Multiparty — Clear . . . . .	TAP-123
Channel Failure — Single Channel — Signaling Trouble — Clear . . . . .	TAP-120
Channel Failure — Single Channel — Single Party, Multiparty — Clear . . . . .	TAP-122
Fiber-To-The-Home Maintenance Philosophy . . . . .	TAD-127
Fiber-To-The-Home Channel Trouble — Clear . . . . .	TAP-128
Fiber-To-The-Home Circuit Arrangement — Check . . . . .	DLP-522
Fiber-To-The-Home COT to RT Channel Test — Perform . . . . .	DLP-523
Fiber-To-The-Home MLT Channel Test — Perform . . . . .	DLP-526
Isolate Side 2 Digital Line Trouble Using Fault-Locating Procedures from RT . . . . .	TAP-118
Maintenance Philosophy . . . . .	TAD-100
Major Alarms — Clear . . . . .	TAP-102
Minor Alarms — Clear . . . . .	TAP-103
Power Minor Alarm at RT — Clear . . . . .	TAP-110
System Alarm at COT or RT — Clear . . . . .	TAP-101
T1 Digital Line Extensions — Connect Fault Locate Test Set . . . . .	DLP-525
Test KS-21906, L4 RT Batteries Using 197A Battery Load Test Set . . . . .	DLP-520

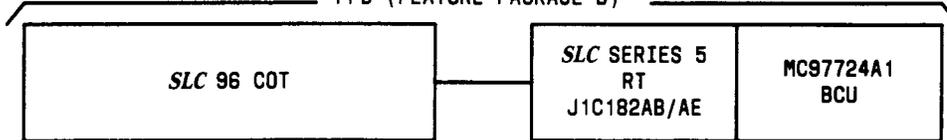
FIND YOUR JOB IN THE LIST BELOW . . . THEN GO TO

UNIVERSAL SYSTEMS

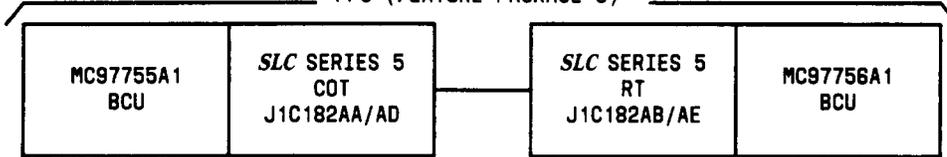
FPA (FEATURE PACKAGE A)



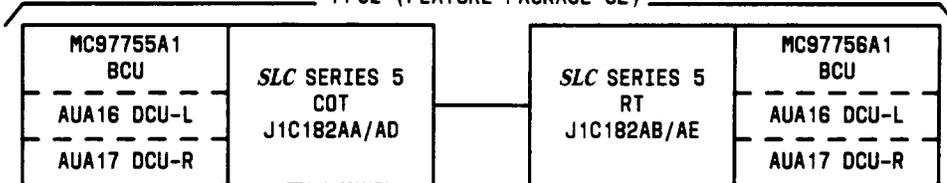
FPB (FEATURE PACKAGE B)



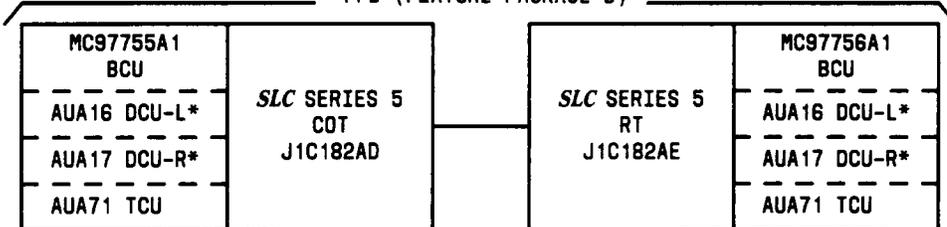
FPC (FEATURE PACKAGE C)



FPC2 (FEATURE PACKAGE C2)



FPD (FEATURE PACKAGE D)



\* DCU-L AND DCU-R CAN BE LOCATED AT EITHER COT OR RT BUT NOT AT BOTH.

FIBER-TO-THE-HOME (FPC)



INTEGRATED SYSTEM

FPB (FEATURE PACKAGE B)

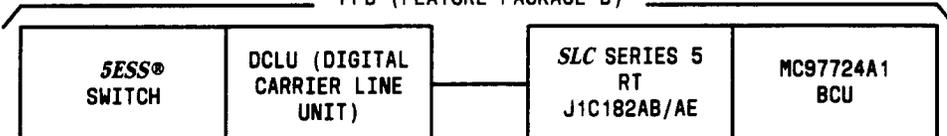


Fig. 1—Feature Package Arrangements

## MAINTENANCE PHILOSOPHY

### GENERAL

The SLC® Series 5 carrier system (Series 5) is composed of a Series 5 COT (central office terminal) with T1 carrier or optical fiber connection to a Series 5 RT (remote terminal). The basic building block for Series 5 is a 96-line system. Series 5 uses two independent 96-line systems that are physically packaged into one 5-shelf dual bank assembly. The COT is usually located in a telephone company office. A remote terminal may be located in the outside plant or inside a communication user's premises. A Series 5 RT equipped with FPB (Feature Package B) can interface with a SLC 96 carrier system COT, a SLIM (subscriber loop interface module), an LM12 Multiplex, or a 5ESS® switch DCLU (digital carrier line unit). This is designated as a Mode 96 System. The Series 5 System may be equipped for FPA (Feature Package A), FPB, FPC, or FPD operation. Refer to AT&T Practice 363-205-100 for a description of these feature packages.

If trouble isolation is being performed on a Mode 96 system, the craft located at the CO terminal opposite the RT should use the maintenance document applicable for that equipment. This document should be used when the trouble has been isolated to the RT or when trouble clearing begins at the RT.

### ALARMS

Together, the BCU (bank control unit) and ADU (alarm display unit) monitor failure modes within the system and monitor external conditions that may affect operation of the system. The ADU initiates alarm signals for office and remote alarms through the AIU (alarm interface unit). Office alarms guide repair technicians to the system in trouble. Some system troubles are not alarmed and are detected by customer trouble reports. When trouble has been determined to be with the Series 5 system, trouble analysis begins with an examination of alarm and status indicators on the system plug-ins or customer trouble reports. When depressed, the ACO switch on the AIU will turn off audible and visual office and remote (except ID) alarms and light the ACO LED on the ADU. The ACO LED will remain on until the trouble is cleared. Subsequent failures that cause new alarms automatically override the ACO.

### CAUTION

*Fan operation is essential to prevent system failures in those Series 5 RTs engineered and installed with fans. At the conclusion of all installation and maintenance activities, check that the FCUs (fan control units) for both systems in the dual channel bank are installed and that the fans operate properly. Press the FAN TEST pushbutton on each FCU to assure proper operation.*

### TROUBLE ANALYSIS PROCEDURES

A general knowledge of how the Series 5 system functions and what alarm LED indications mean will aid in performing TAPs (trouble analysis procedures). TAPs in this volume generally assume the following:

- The system is equipped with the plug-ins required to make an operating system
- There may be a single cause for multiple trouble indications
- Only a single trouble is assumed to exist.

In case of an alarmed system failure, the craft is first directed to the proper terminal (COT or RT) by an examination of NE (near end), CLF (carrier line failure), FE (far end), PMN (power minor), MISC1, and

**MISC2** bank indicators. At the appropriate terminal the craft determines if the system alarm is **MJ** (major) or **MN** (minor) by examining **MJ** and **MN** indicators on the **ADU**. A further analysis of bank indicators results in the craft accessing a particular **TAP** to begin trouble clearing.

When maintenance for the system is the responsibility of a remote maintenance center, the center will respond to the initial system alarm and dispatch personnel to the appropriate location to clear trouble.

If an alarm indicates a specific trouble location such as minor, far end (**MN** and **FE** LEDs lighted), or minor, near end (**MN** and **NE** LEDs lighted), the remote maintenance center will dispatch personnel accordingly. At the trouble location, an analysis will be made of the trouble indicator LEDs. The **IXL-100** will indicate the proper **TAP** for trouble clearing.

If an alarm at the **RT** indicates trouble on a digital line, personnel will be dispatched to the **COT** first to analyze alarm indicators and use trouble locating procedures to isolate the trouble.

If an alarm indication or trouble report at the remote center does not denote a specific trouble location, it is recommended that trouble analysis procedures begin at the **COT**.

Trouble clearing is based on replacement of plug-ins. Any options on replacement plug-ins must be set per the appropriate facility record. Whenever replacement of a plug-in does not cure the trouble, the original plug-in should be returned to operation.

Some codes of **SLC Series 5** carrier system circuit packs have been discontinued and superseded by newer codes of circuit packs. Whenever a discontinued circuit pack that is installed in an **RT** or **COT** assembly must be replaced and an identical replacement circuit pack is not available, then the new circuit pack code should be used. The following list will assist in identifying the discontinued **Series 5** circuit pack codes plus the circuit pack codes that supersede them:

- **AUA61**, **AUA62**, and **AUA64** **LIUs** (line interface units) have been superseded by **AUA61B** or **AUA61C**, **AUA62B** or **AUA62C**, and **AUA64B** or **AUA64C** **LIUs**, respectively.
- The **AUA13** **LSU** (line switch unit) has been superseded by the **AUA73** **LSU**.
- The **MC97725A1** **BCU** has been superseded by the **MC97755A1** **BCU**.
- The **MC97726A1** **BCU** has been superseded by the **MC97756A1** **BCU**.
- The **AUA11** **PCU** (power converter unit) has been superseded by the **AUA11B** **PCU**.
- The **AUB2** **CTU** (channel test unit) has been superseded by the **AUB2B** **CTU**.
- The **3A RINGING GENERATOR** has been superseded by the **3C RINGING GENERATOR**.

If a **COT** or **RT** bank assembly is equipped with the **DCU** (digital connectivity unit) feature, all channel unit circuit packs in a digroup are replaced with one **DCU-L** (**AUA16**) and one **DCU-R** (**AUA17**) circuit pack, providing a **DS1** port on the **Series 5** system. The **DCU** detects incoming loss of signal, loss of frame, and excess line errors (yellow alarm and blue signal) on its **DS1** input and provides the ability to transmit these yellow alarms and blue signals either upstream or downstream to notify other equipment on the **DS1** facility that an alarm condition exists. The **DCU-L** and **DCU-R** circuit packs also contain **LED** indicators (**FAIL**, **FAILED INPUT**, and **INC**) that indicate when an internal **DCU** failure exists or when an alarm condition exists due to a failure external to the bank assembly.

The time interval between when a trouble is cleared and when the alarm **LEDs** go off is usually less than 35 seconds. When any combination of the **BCU** and the **ADU** at the **COT** and the **BCU** at the **RT** is

removed, the time interval may increase to 10 minutes on Series 5 systems equipped with FPC (Feature Package C) or FPD.

**CAUTION:**

*Caution must be exercised in removal of plug-ins, initiation of loopbacks, and performance of other tests. Removal of a plug-in or activation of the wrong manual protection switch controls may cause service interruption.*

*With the introduction of additional features for the Series 5 system, it becomes imperative that maintenance personnel use care when making settings on replacement CPs (circuit packs) and ensure that the correct codes of replacement CPs are installed into the proper bay position at each end of the system. Failure to observe these cautions may result in immediate or future loss of service or may introduce errors into the digital bitstream. Accurate facility records should be used to determine correct CP code and bay position, and to make all CP option switch settings.*

*There are several indications that the craft may use to determine whether an error has been made during system maintenance:*

*When a new CP is installed at turnup or during maintenance, the CP's FAIL indicator (LED) should be observed to insure that it comes on momentarily, then goes off. The absence of this JPU (just powered up) indication should cause the craft to check for proper CP type, option settings, and location.*

*A misplaced or mis-set CP should always cause the associated digroup indicator (on the BCU) to light.*

*If the FAIL LED stays on following the replacement of a common unit (including DCU), the CP is probably failed, in the wrong position, or contains incorrectly set options. When the ADU LED TEST switch is depressed, if the FAIL LED on the unit goes off then the unit is installed in the wrong position or is failed. If the FAIL LED on the unit does not go off then the unit has been optioned incorrectly.*

*The following procedure may be used when a problem is indicated (as above) following replacement of a unit. A simple verification of craft error may be made as follows: While observing the FAIL LED on the unit just replaced, depress the ADU LED TEST switch. With the exception of a CTU and DTU, if the FAIL LED on the replaced CP does not light, a craft error of the type listed above is indicated. With the exception of a CTU, DTU, and mis-set ADU option switch, the FAIL LED on the CP that is mis-set will be off.*

*If, however, the ADU has just been replaced and a switch is mis-set so that the COT and RT ADU's are not in agreement, the FAIL LED on CPs other than the ADU may go off when the ADU LED TEST switch is depressed. This is because the ADU establishes the configuration for the local controller, so the local bank controller must take the ADU setting as correct. In any event, an extinguished FAIL LED tells the craft to recheck the last CP replaced for CP code, option switch settings, and for location.*

**WARNING**

*An electrostatic discharge wrist strap, with a minimum resistance of 250K Ohms, should be worn and connected to a suitable ground when handling Series 5 circuit packs to prevent possible damage to the circuit packs. Before using the wrist strap, check it for opens, shorts, and minimum resistance value. If the strap does not pass these checks it should not be used. To avoid possible personal injury while*

*using the wrist strap, do not connect it to the power shelf or adjacent portions of the RT frame. The RT fan unit has an ESD GRD jack for wrist strap connection.*

### **CUSTOMER TROUBLE REPORTS**

A customer trouble report is generally an unalarmed trouble and usually indicates a channel unit problem or distribution facility problem.

Single-party, multiparty, and coin service trouble reports are first received at the RSB (repair service bureau). The RSB uses MLT (mechanized loop testing) or a local test desk to test the circuit. The PGTC (pair gain test controller) can test channel unit pairs and report its results to the RSB while the MLT or local test desk provides access, via the dc test pair, to distribution cable for tests. If the PGTC reports a channel unit problem, a channel unit trouble report is initiated to the proper repair force and trouble analysis procedures begin at the COT. Unless further tests at the COT indicate otherwise, a replacement of the COT channel unit is performed first. Then if the trouble is still present, a replacement of the RT channel unit is made.

Special service trouble reports are received at the SSC (special services center). FPA and FPB provide 2-wire locally switched special services and coin service. In addition to FPA service features, FPC and FPD provide 4-wire special services and data service. A Series 5 bank may also be equipped for DCU (digital connectivity unit) capabilities and a Series 5 bank equipped with FPD provides LBRV (low bit rate voice) capabilities. The CIU (craft interface unit) is used to provision the special service channel units. The PGTC can be used for testing systems equipped with FPA, FPB, FPC, or FPD. In addition to the test features of the PGTC, the XTC (extended test controller) allows enhanced testing capabilities including remote testing of special service channels. Trouble reports on SPOTS® channel unit served circuits should be referred to the RSB for testing and dispatch. The SSC would retain responsibility for tracking and clearing the trouble.

When a SPOTS channel unit trouble is isolated by the PGTC to channel unit pairs, further testing is required from the COT. Further testing may indicate a dispatch to the RT is required. TAPs in this section detail tests required on SPOTS channel units.

The SLC Series 5 carrier system Channel Unit Installation AT&T TOP Practice 363-205-402 contains procedures to install and test channel units. These procedures can be used to clear in-service special service troubles by performing the tasks to add channel service for the type of channel unit that has trouble. These procedures will clear the trouble conditions if the SLC Series 5 carrier system is causing the problem. Customer equipment, drop pairs, or central office (or network) equipment can also cause the trouble condition.

### **CONCLUSION**

When procedures of this volume do not locate the trouble, an obscure trouble or multiple troubles are assumed to exist. The necessary SDs, CDs, etc. should be available to assist in locating an obscure wiring problem.

## CLEAR SYSTEM ALARM AT COT OR RT

1. Are you at the RT?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 5.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 2.

2. **Note:** A Mode 96 system has a Series 5 RT equipped with FPB (Feature Package B) at one end and a SLC 96 carrier system COT, SLIM, LM12, or 5ESS switch DCLU at the CO end.

Are you clearing trouble in a mode 96 system?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 3.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 4.

3. You have completed this procedure. Clear trouble using SLC 96 carrier system maintenance document.

4. At the COT, depress **ACO** pushbutton on COT **AIU**.

Response: At **ADU**, **ACO** LED is lighted and all audible and visual CO alarms and all remote alarms (except ID) are cleared.

5. Is **NE** LED on **ADU** lighted?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 21.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 6.

6. Are any **CLF** LEDs lighted on **LIUs**?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 8.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 7.

7. Are any **TRU ON PROT** indicators lighted?

If **YES**, then proceed to **TAP-103**.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 23.

8. Are you at the RT?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 9.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 21.

9. **Note:** A Mode 96 system has a Series 5 RT equipped with FPB at one end and a SLC 96 carrier system COT, SLIM, LM12, or 5ESS switch DCLU at the CO end.

Is RT a Mode 96 (FPB) RT?

If **YES**, then **Clear trouble using SLC 96 carrier system maintenance documentation**.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 10.

10. If you do not have a protection line, proceed to Step 12. At **LSU** faceplate, locate **f** switch that is associated with the same digroup as the **LIU** with the lighted **CLF** LED.

11. Operate the f switch to the ON position.
12. **Caution:** *Incorrectly set LIU option switches may result in immediate or future loss of service or may introduce errors into the digital bitstream.*

Replace LIU with the lighted CLF LED.

Reference: DLP-518

13. Does FAIL LED on LIU light and remain lighted?  
If YES, then continue with Step 14.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 18.
14. Depress ADU LED TEST pushbutton.
15. Does FAIL LED on LIU go off?  
If NO, then continue with Step 16.  
If YES, then proceed to Step 17.
16. Replace LIU and repeat from Step 13.  
Reference: DLP-518
17. Option switch (32/64) on LIU set incorrectly. Remove LIU, set option switch correctly, reinstall LIU and repeat from Step 13.
18. If you do not have a protection line, proceed to Step 19. Operate appropriate f switch on LSU to off.
19. Did the trouble clear?  
If YES, then STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.  
If NO, then continue with Step 20.
20. Go to COT and repeat from Step 4.
21. Is MJ LED on ADU lighted?  
If YES, then do TAP-102.  
If NO, then continue with Step 22.
22. Is MN LED on ADU lighted?  
If YES, then do TAP-103.  
If NO, then do TAP-110.
23. Is FE LED on ADU lighted?  
If YES, then continue with Step 24.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 25.
24. Go to other end of system and repeat from Step 1.

25. Are any **FAIL** LEDs lighted?  
  
If **YES**, then continue with Step 26.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 40.
26. Is **FAIL** LED lighted on any **LIU**?  
  
If **YES**, then continue with Step 27.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 38.
27. If you do not have a protection line, proceed to Step 29. At **LSU** faceplate, locate **f** switch that is associated with the same digroup as the **LIU** with **FAIL** indicator lighted.
28. Operate the **f** switch to the **ON** position.
29. **Caution: Incorrectly set LIU option switches may result in immediate or future loss of service or may introduce errors into the digital bitstream.**  
  
Replace **LIU** with **FAIL** indicator lighted.  
  
Reference: **DLP-518**
30. Does **FAIL** LED on **LIU** light and remain lighted?  
  
If **YES**, then continue with Step 31.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 35.
31. Depress **ADU LED TEST** pushbutton.
32. Does **FAIL** LED on **LIU** go off?  
  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 33.  
If **YES**, then proceed to Step 34.
33. Replace **LIU** and repeat from Step 30.  
  
Reference: **DLP-518**
34. Option switch (**32/64**) on **LIU** is set incorrectly. Remove **LIU**, set option switch correctly, reinstall **LIU**, and repeat from Step 30.
35. If you do not have a protection line, proceed to Step 36. Operate appropriate **f** switch on **LSU** to **OFF**.
36. Did system alarms clear?  
  
If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 37.
37. Are any other **FAIL** LEDs lighted?  
  
If **YES**, then continue with Step 38.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 40.

38. **Caution 1:** *Removal of the ADU or BCU at a Mode 96 (FPB) RT will result in loss of service on the A digroup if the far end is a SLC 96 carrier system COT.*

**Caution 2:** *On this TAP and on all subsequent TAPs, any time a circuit pack is replaced, insure that any option switches are set identical to the data on the facility record. Incorrectly set ADU, LIU, or LSU option switches may result in immediate or future loss of service or may introduce errors into the digital bitstream.*

**Note:** When the system is equipped with FPC, FPC2, or FPD and the BCU or ADU at the COT or the BCU at the RT is replaced, up to 10 minutes may be required for the fail and status indicators to return to normal if the memory of the BCU at the RT has to be updated. If any two plug-ins fail (BCU/ADU at the COT or BCU at the RT), it is recommended that all three plug-ins be replaced and the system reinitialized using the CIU (craft interface unit). However, when the system is reinitialized, all channel units in the COT and RT dual bank assemblies must be reprovisioned.

Replace circuit pack with lighted **FAIL** LED.

Reference: **DLP-515 (LSU)**

Reference: **DLP-516 (ADU)**

Reference: **DLP-517 (AIU)**

39. Did system alarms clear?

If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**

If **NO**, then continue with Step 40.

40. Are you clearing trouble in Mode 96 system?

If **YES**, then at **COT**, clear trouble using **SLC 96 carrier system maintenance documentation.**

If **NO**, then continue with Step 41.

41. At ADU depress **LED TEST** pushbutton.

42. Did **FAIL** indicator on all **LIUs** light?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 54.

If **NO**, then continue with Step 43.

43. If you do not have a protection line, proceed to Step 45. At **LSU** faceplate, locate f switch that is associated with the same digroup as the **LIU** with the **FAIL** indicator that did not light.

44. Operate the f switch to the **ON** position.

45. **Caution:** *Incorrectly set **LIU** option switches may result in immediate or future loss of service or may introduce errors into the digital bitstream.*

Replace **LIU** with **FAIL** indicator that did not light.

Reference: **DLP-518**

46. Does **FAIL** LED on **LIU** light and remain lighted?  
If **YES**, then continue with Step 47.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 51.
47. Depress **ADU LED TEST** pushbutton.
48. Does **FAIL** LED on **LIU** go off?  
If **YES**, then proceed to Step 50.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 49.
49. Replace **LIU** and repeat from Step 46.  
Reference: **DLP-518**
50. Option switch (32/64) on **LIU** is set incorrectly. Remove **LIU**, set option switch correctly, reinstall **LIU**, and repeat from Step 46.
51. If you do not have a protection line, proceed to Step 52. Operate appropriate f switch on **LSU** to **OFF**.
52. Did system alarms clear?  
If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 53.
53. At **ADU** depress **LED TEST** pushbutton.
54. Are **FAIL** indicators on **ADU, BCU, TRU, LSU**, and **TCUs** (if present) lighted?  
If **YES**, then proceed to Step 57.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 55.

55. **Caution 1:** *Removal of the ADU or BCU at a Mode 96 (FPB) RT will result in loss of service on the A digroup if the far end is a SLC 96 COT.*

**Caution 2:** *On this TAP and on all subsequent TAPs, any time a circuit pack is replaced, insure that any option switches are set identical to the data on the facility record. Incorrectly set ADU, LIU, or LSU option switches may result in immediate or future loss of service or may introduce errors into the digital bitstream.*

**Note:** When the system is equipped with FPC, FPC2, or FPD and the BCU or ADU at the COT or the BCU at the RT is replaced, up to 10 minutes may be required for the fail and status indicators to return to normal if the memory of the BCU at the RT has to be updated. If any two plug-ins fail (BCU/ADU at the COT or BCU at the RT), it is recommended that all three plug-ins be replaced and the system reinitialized using the CIU (craft interface unit). However, when the system is reinitialized, all channel units in the COT and RT dual bank assemblies must be reprovisioned.

With the exception of a CTU and DTU circuit pack, replace circuit pack(s) that have FAIL indicators that do not light.

Reference: DLP-515 (LSU)

Reference: DLP-516 (ADU)

56. Did system alarms clear?

If YES, then STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.  
If NO, then continue with Step 57.

57. **Caution:** *On this TAP and on all subsequent TAPs, any time a circuit pack is replaced, insure that any option switches are set identical to the data on the facility record.*

Replace AIU at COT.

Reference: DLP-517

58. Did system alarms clear?

If YES, then STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.  
If NO, then continue with Step 59.

59. Use SD-7C115 and SD-7C116 at COT or SD-7C117 and SD-7C118 at RT to locate trouble.

## CLEAR MAJOR ALARMS

1. **Note:** A Mode 96 system has a Series 5 RT equipped with FPB (feature package B) at one end and a SLC 96 carrier system COT, SLIM, LM12, or 5ESS switch DCLU at the CO end.

Are you clearing trouble in a Mode 96 system?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 2.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 4.

2. Are you at the RT?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 4.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 3.

3. You have completed this procedure. Clear trouble using applicable SLC 96 carrier system maintenance document.

4. Is **FAIL LED** on both **BCU** and **ADU** lighted?

If **YES**, then do **TAP-104**.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 5.

5. Is **FAIL LED** on **ADU** lighted?

If **YES**, then do **TAP-105**.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 6.

6. Are you at the RT?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 7.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 9.

7. Are **NE** and all **DIGROUP** LEDs lighted?

If **YES**, then do **TAP-113**.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 8.

8. Are all **DIGROUP** and all **CLF** LEDs lighted?

If **YES**, then do **TAP-114**.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 9.

9. Is **DIGROUP A, B, C, or D** and **CLF** lighted?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 11.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 10.

10. Is DIGROUP A, B, C, or D lighted?

If YES, then do TAP-106.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 12.

11. Are you at a Mode 96 (FPB) RT?

If YES, then at COT, clear trouble using applicable SLC 96 carrier system documentation.  
If NO, then do TAP-107.

12. Is MISC 1 or MISC 2 LED lighted?

If YES, then do TAP-111.  
If NO, then continue with Step 13.

13. Is NE LED lighted?

If YES, then do TAP-124.  
If NO, then continue with Step 14.

14. Is any digroup in this bank equipped with DCU-L (AUA16) and DCU-R (AUA17) circuit packs?

If YES, then continue with Step 15.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 17.

15. Is FAIL indicator on DCU-L or DCU-R lighted?

If YES, then do TAP-125.  
If NO, then continue with Step 16.

16. Is INC indicator on DCU-R or FAILED INPUT indicator on DCU-L lighted?

If YES, then do TAP-126.  
If NO, then continue with Step 17.

17. **Note:** If LEDs at COT indicate PMN, FE alarm condition; suspect loss of AC power and dead batteries at RT.

Use local procedures to clear condition(s) that caused alarm to activate.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

## CLEAR MINOR ALARMS

1. Is **PMN** LED lighted on **BCU**?

If **YES**, then do **TAP-110**.

If **NO**, then continue with Step 2.

2. **Note:** A Mode 96 system has a Series 5 RT equipped with FPB (Feature Package B) at one end and a SLC 96 carrier system COT, SLIM, LM12, or 5ESS switch DCLU at the CO end.

Are you clearing trouble in a Mode 96 system?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 3.

If **NO**, then proceed to Step 5.

3. Are you at RT end of system?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 5.

If **NO**, then continue with Step 4.

4. You have completed this procedure. Clear trouble using SLC 96 carrier system maintenance document.

5. Is **FAIL** LED on both **BCU** and **ADU** lighted?

If **YES**, then do **TAP-104**.

If **NO**, then continue with Step 6.

6. Is **FAIL** LED on **ADU** lighted?

If **YES**, then do **TAP-105**.

If **NO**, then continue with Step 7.

7. Is **ON PROT** LED on any **TRU** lighted?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 8.

If **NO**, then proceed to Step 10.

8. Is **CLF** LED on any **LIU** lighted?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 9.

If **NO**, then proceed to Step 10.

9. Are you at a Mode 96 (FPB) RT?

If **YES**, then at **COT**, clear trouble using SLC 96 carrier system maintenance documentation.

If **NO**, then do **TAP-107**.

10. Are MISC 1 or MISC 2 LEDs lighted?

If YES, then do TAP-111.  
If NO, then continue with Step 11.

11. Are you at the COT?

If YES, then continue with Step 12.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 13.

12. Which COT indicators are lighted?

If MN AND NE (ON PROT LEDS NOT LIGHTED), then do TAP-124.  
If MN AND FE (ON PROT LEDS NOT LIGHTED), then do TAP-109.  
If MN, NE, AND ON PROT, then do TAP-108.  
If MN AND ON PROT, then do TAP-119.  
If NONE LIGHTED, then proceed to Step 14.

13. Which RT indicators are lighted?

If MN AND NE (ON PROT LEDS NOT LIGHTED), then do TAP-109.  
If MN, NE, AND ON PROT, then do TAP-108.  
If MN AND ON PROT, then do TAP-118.  
If NONE LIGHTED, then continue with Step 14.

14. Use local procedures to clear condition(s) that caused alarm to activate.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

## CLEAR MAJOR OR MINOR ALARM AT COT OR RT - MJ OR MN, BCU FAIL AND ADU FAIL LEDS LIGHTED

1. **Caution 1:** *Removal of the ADU or BCU at a Mode 96 (FPB) RT will result in loss of service on the A digroup if the far end is a SLC 96 carrier system COT.*

**Caution 2:** *On this TAP and on all subsequent TAPs, any time a circuit pack is replaced, insure that any option switches are set identical to the data on the facility record.*

**Note:** In systems equipped with FPC (Feature Package C), FPC2, or FPD; if the BCU or ADU at the COT or the BCU at the RT is replaced, up to 10 minutes may be required for fail and status indicators to return to normal. If any two plug-ins fail (BCU/ADU at the COT or BCU at the RT), it is recommended that all three plug-ins be replaced and the system reinitialized using the CIU (craft interface unit). However, when the system is reinitialized, all channel units in the COT and RT dual bank assemblies must be reprovisioned.

Remove BCU and install replacement BCU.

2. Did BCU FAIL LED extinguish?

If YES, then continue with Step 3.

If NO, then proceed to Step 4.

3. Did alarm clear?

If YES, then STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.

If NO, then continue with Step 4.

4. **Caution 1:** *Removal of the ADU or BCU at a Mode 96 (FPB) RT will result in loss of service on the A digroup if the far end is a SLC 96 carrier system COT.*

**Caution 2:** *On this TAP and on all subsequent TAPs, any time a circuit pack is replaced, insure that any option switches are set identical to the data on the facility record. Incorrectly set ADU option switches may result in immediate or future loss of service or may introduce errors into the digital bitstream.*

**Note:** In systems equipped with FPC, FPC2, or FPD; if the BCU or ADU at the COT or the BCU at the RT is replaced, up to 10 minutes may be required for fail and status indicators to return to normal. If any two plug-ins fail (BCU/ADU at the COT or BCU at the RT), it is recommended that all three plug-ins be replaced and the system reinitialized using the CIU. However, when the system is reinitialized, all channel units in the COT and RT dual bank assemblies must be reprovisioned.

Remove ADU and install a replacement ADU.

5. Did alarm clear?

If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 6.

6. **Note:** If alarms remain, multiple troubles exist and trouble analysis must be repeated.

Use SD-7C115 and SD-7C116 if at COT or SD-7C117 and 7C118 if at RT to locate trouble.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

## CLEAR MAJOR OR MINOR ALARM AT COT OR RT - MJ OR MN, AND ADU FAIL LEDS LIGHTED

1. Is fuse blown on CFU, LFU, or BFU (RT bulk power or FTTH)?  
  
If YES, then continue with Step 2.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 5.
2. **Caution:** *Removal of CFU or LFU can cause loss of service. When the blown fuse is removed, replace with a good fuse within 20 seconds or alarms will be indicated again.*  
  
Replace blown fuse.
3. Did trouble indicators extinguish within 35 seconds?  
  
If YES, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If NO, then continue with Step 4.
4. Did fuse blow again?  
  
If YES, then continue with Step 5.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 7.
5. Are you performing maintenance at a Mode 96 (FPB) RT?  
  
If YES, then proceed to Step 11.  
If NO, then continue with Step 6.
6. **Note:** Disregard option switches 7 and 8.  
  
Remove ADU and check position of option switches on S2 against ADU option switches at far end location (COT or RT).
7. Are ADU option settings at both locations the same?  
  
If YES, then proceed to Step 11.  
If NO, then continue with Step 8.
8. **Caution:** *Incorrectly set ADU option switches may result in immediate or future loss of service or may introduce errors into the digital bitstream.*  
  
Set option switches on both ADUs to the same position per office records.
9. Reinstall ADUs at each end of system.

10. **Note:** When the system is equipped with FPC (Feature Package C), FPC2, or FPD and the BCU or ADU at the COT or the BCU at the RT is replaced; up to 10 minutes may be required for the fail and status indicators to return to normal if the memory of the BCU at the RT has to be updated.

Did trouble indicators extinguish within 35 seconds?

If YES, then STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.

If NO, then continue with Step 11.

11. **Caution 1:** *Removal of the ADU or BCU at a Mode 96 (FPB) RT will result in loss of service on the A digroup if the far end is a SLC 96 carrier system COT.*

**Caution 2:** *On this TAP and on all subsequent TAPs, any time a circuit pack is replaced, insure that any option switches are set identical to those on circuit pack that was removed. Incorrectly set ADU option switches may result in immediate or future loss of service or may introduce errors into the digital bitstream.*

**Note:** In systems equipped with FPC, FPC2, or FPD; if the BCU or ADU at the COT or the BCU at the RT is replaced, up to 10 minutes may be required for fail and status indicators to return to normal.

Remove ADU and install a replacement ADU.

12. Replace blown fuse, if necessary.
13. **Note:** When the system is equipped with FPC, FPC2, or FPD and the BCU or ADU at the COT or the BCU at the RT is replaced; up to 10 minutes may be required for the fail and status indicators to return to normal if the memory of the BCU at the RT has to be updated.

Did trouble indicators extinguish within 20 seconds?

If YES, then STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.

If NO, then continue with Step 14.

14. **Note:** If alarms remain, multiple troubles exist and trouble analysis must be repeated.

Use SD-7C115 and SD-7C116 if at COT or SD-7C117 and SD-7C118 if at RT to locate trouble.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

## CLEAR MAJOR ALARM AT COT OR RT - MJ, NE, AND ANY DIGROUP LED LIGHTED

1. **Note:** If you have Mode 96 system (FPB), this procedure can only be done at the RT. Use applicable SLC 96 carrier documentation to clear COT trouble.

At CFU, LFU, or BFU (RT bulk power or FTTH) are any fuses blown?

If YES, then continue with Step 2.

If NO, then proceed to Step 4.

2. **Caution:** *Removal of CFU or LFU can cause loss of service. When the blown fuse is removed, replace with a good fuse within 20 seconds or alarms will be indicated again.*

Replace blown fuse.

3. Did alarm clear within 20 seconds?

If YES, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**

If NO, then continue with Step 4.

4. Is FAIL LED lighted on any LIU?

If YES, then continue with Step 5.

If NO, then proceed to Step 16.

5. If you do not have a protection line, proceed to Step 7. At LSU faceplate, locate f switch that is associated with the same digroup as the LIU with FAIL indicator lighted.

6. Operate the f switch to the ON position.

7. Replace LIU with FAIL indicator lighted.

Reference: **DLP-518**

8. Does FAIL LED on LIU light and remain lighted?

If YES, then continue with Step 9.

If NO, then proceed to Step 13.

9. Depress ADU LED TEST pushbutton.

10. Does FAIL LED on LIU go off?

If NO, then continue with Step 11.

If YES, then proceed to Step 12.

11. Replace LIU and repeat from Step 8.

Reference: DLP-518

12. Option switch (32/64) on LIU is set incorrectly. Remove LIU, set option switch correctly, reinstall LIU, and repeat from Step 8.
13. If you do not have a protection line, proceed to Step 14. Operate appropriate f switch on LSU to OFF.
14. Replace fuse if blown again.
15. Did alarm clear within 20 seconds?

If YES, then STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.  
If NO, then continue with Step 16.

16. Are any FAIL LEDs lighted on TRUs, PCUs, or TCUs (if present)?

If YES, then continue with Step 17.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 20.

17. **Caution 1: Before removing a PCU from an RT shelf, locate the CFU that is housed in the same bank as the PCU to be replaced and remove either the -20 HZ/AB (if PCU is in AB shelf) or the -20 HZ/CD (if PCU is in CD shelf) fuse. Replace the fuse after the PCU has been replaced.**

**Caution 2: On this TAP and all subsequent TAPs, insure that any option switches are set identical to the data on the facility record. Incorrectly set LIU option switches may result in immediate or future loss of service or may introduce errors into the digital bitstream.**

Replace circuit pack(s) that has FAIL LED lighted.

18. Replace fuse if blown again.
19. Did alarm clear within 20 seconds?

If YES, then STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.  
If NO, then continue with Step 20.

20. At ADU depress LED TEST pushbutton.

21. Are FAIL LEDs on all LIUs lighted?

If YES, then proceed to Step 34.  
If NO, then continue with Step 22.

22. If you do not have a protection line, proceed to Step 24. At LSU faceplate, locate f switch that is associated with the same digroup as the LIU with the FAIL indicator that did not light.
23. Operate the f switch to the ON position.

24. Replace **LIU** with **FAIL** indicator that did not light.

Reference: **DLP-518**

25. Does **FAIL** LED on **LIU** light and remain lighted?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 26.

If **NO**, then proceed to Step 30.

26. Depress **ADU LED TEST** pushbutton.

27. Does **FAIL** LED on **LIU** go off?

If **NO**, then continue with Step 28.

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 29.

28. Replace **LIU** and repeat from Step 25.

Reference: **DLP-518**

29. Option switch (**32/64**) on **LIU** is set incorrectly. Remove **LIU**, set option switch correctly, reinstall **LIU**, and repeat from Step 25.

30. If you do not have a protection line, proceed to Step 31. Operate appropriate **f** switch on **LSU** to **OFF**.

31. Replace fuse if blown again.

32. Did alarm clear?

If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**

If **NO**, then continue with Step 33.

33. At **ADU** depress **LED TEST** pushbutton.

34. Are all **FAIL** LEDs on **ADU**, **BCU**, **TRU**, **LSU**, and **TCUs** (if present) lighted?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 38.

If **NO**, then continue with Step 35.

35. **Caution 1:** *Removal of the ADU or BCU at a Mode 96 (FPB) RT will result in loss of service on the A digroup if the far end is a SLC 96 carrier system COT.*

**Caution 2:** *On this TAP and on all subsequent TAPs, any time a circuit pack is replaced, insure that any option switches are set identical to the data on the facility record. Incorrectly set ADU, LSU, or LIU option switches may result in immediate or future loss of service or may introduce errors into the digital bitstream.*

**Note:** When the system is equipped with FPC, FPC2, or FPD and the BCU or ADU at the COT or the BCU at the RT is replaced; up to 10 minutes may be required for the fail and status indicators to return to normal if the memory of the BCU at the RT has to be updated. If any two plug-ins fail (BCU/ADU at the COT or BCU at the RT), it is recommended that all three plug-ins be replaced and the system reinitialized using the CIU (craft interface unit). However, when the system is reinitialized, all channel units in the COT and RT dual bank assemblies must be reprovisioned.

Replace circuit pack(s) that have FAIL LEDs that do not light (excluding CTU and DTU circuit packs).

Reference: DLP-515 (LSU)

Reference: DLP-516 (ADU)

36. Replace fuse if blown again.  
37. Did alarm clear?

If YES, then STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.  
If NO, then continue with Step 38.

38. **Caution 1:** *Before removing a PCU from an RT shelf, locate the CFU that is housed in the same bank as the PCU to be replaced and remove either the -20 HZ/AB (if PCU is in AB shelf) or the -20 HZ/CD (if PCU is in CD shelf) fuse. Replace the fuse after the PCU has been replaced.*

**Caution 2:** *On this TAP and all subsequent TAPs, insure that any option switches are set identical to the data on the facility record.*

Replace PCU associated with failed digroup(s).

39. Replace fuse if blown again.  
40. Did alarm clear?

If YES, then STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.  
If NO, then continue with Step 41.

41. **Note:** If alarms remain, multiple troubles exist and trouble analysis must be repeated.

If replacement fuse blows, unseat all channel units and reseal them, one at a time, until channel unit that causes fuse to blow is found. If trouble was not with a channel unit, use SD-7C115 and SD-7C116 if at COT or SD-7C117 and SD-7C118 if at RT to locate trouble.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

## CLEAR CLF ALARM AT COT OR RT - MJ OR MN, DIGROUPS A, B, C, OR D, AND CLF LEDS LIGHTED

1. **Note:** If you have Mode 96 system (FPB), this procedure can only be done at the RT. Use applicable SLC 96 carrier documentation to clear COT trouble.

If you do not have a protection line, proceed to Step 3. At LSU faceplate, locate f switch that is associated with the same digroup as the LIU with the lighted CLF LED.

2. Operate the f switch to the ON position.
3. **Caution:** *On this TAP and all subsequent TAPs, any time a circuit pack is replaced, insure that any option switches are set identical to the data on the facility record. Incorrectly set LIU option switches may result in immediate or future loss of service or may introduce errors into the digital bitstream.*

Replace LIU with the lighted CLF LED.

Reference: DLP-518

4. Does FAIL LED on LIU light and remain lighted?

If YES, then continue with Step 5.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 9.

5. Depress ADU LED TEST pushbutton.

6. Does FAIL LED on LIU go off?

If NO, then continue with Step 7.  
If YES, then proceed to Step 8.

7. Replace LIU and repeat from Step 4.

Reference: DLP-518

8. Option switch (32/64) on LIU is set incorrectly. Remove LIU, set option switch correctly, reinstall LIU, and repeat from Step 4.

9. If you do not have a protection line, proceed to Step 10. Operate appropriate f switch on LSU to off.

10. Did CLF indicator on LIU go off?

If YES, then continue with Step 11.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 14.

11. Unplug and reinsert the ADU.

12. Is CLF indicator on LIU lighted?  
  
If **YES**, then continue with Step 14.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 13.
13. Did alarm clear?  
  
If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 14.
14. Is transmission facility T1 line or other carrier facility?  
  
If **T1 LINE**, then proceed to Step 16.  
If **OTHER CARRIER FACILITY**, then continue with Step 15.
15. Refer to trouble clearing documentation for that facility.  
  
**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**
16. **Note:** Alarm indicator pattern indicates a failed carrier line.  
  
Is fault locating to be performed on T1 lines at this time?  
  
If **YES**, then continue with Step 17.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 21.
17. Are single-ended fault-locating procedures to be performed from COT on lines with line-powering LIUs?  
  
If **YES**, then do **TAP-115**.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 18.
18. Are double-ended fault-locating procedures to be performed from COT on Side 1 with line-powering LIUs?  
  
If **YES**, then do **TAP-115**.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 19.
19. Are double-ended fault-locating procedures to be performed from RT on Side 2?  
  
If **YES**, then do **TAP-118**.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 20.
20. Are fault-locating procedures to be performed from a DSX Cross-Connect?  
  
If **YES**, then do **TAP-119**.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 21.
21. If you do not have a protection line, proceed to Step 23. At RT LSU faceplate, locate f switch that is associated with digroup in alarm.
22. Operate the f switch to the **ON** position.

23. **Caution:** *On this TAP and all subsequent TAPs, any time a circuit pack is replaced, insure that any option switches are set identical to the data on the facility record. Incorrectly set LIU option switches may result in immediate or future loss of service or may introduce errors into the digital bitstream.*

Replace LIU associated with digroup in alarm.

Reference: DLP-518

24. Does FAIL LED on LIU light and remain lighted?

If YES, then continue with Step 25.

If NO, then proceed to Step 29.

25. Depress ADU LED TEST pushbutton.

26. Does FAIL LED on LIU go off?

If YES, then proceed to Step 28.

If NO, then continue with Step 27.

27. Replace LIU and repeat from Step 24.

Reference: DLP-518

28. Option switch (32/64) on LIU is set incorrectly. Remove LIU, set option switch correctly, reinstall LIU, and repeat from Step 24.

29. If you do not have a protection line, proceed to Step 30. Operate appropriate f switch on LSU to off.

30. Did alarm clear?

If YES, then STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.

If NO, then continue with Step 31.

31. **Note:** If alarms remain, multiple troubles exist and trouble analysis must be repeated. Fault location procedures should be performed on T1 line unless performed previously.

Use SD-7C115 and SD-7C116 to locate trouble.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

## CLEAR MINOR ALARM AT COT OR RT - MN AND ANY DIGROUP ON PROT LED LIGHTED

1. Is FAIL LED lighted on any LIU?

If YES, then continue with Step 2.

If NO, then proceed to Step 12.

2. At LSU faceplate, locate f switch that is associated with the same digroup as the LIU with FAIL indicator lighted.
3. Operate the f switch to the ON position.
4. **Caution:** *On this TAP and all subsequent TAPs, any time a circuit pack is replaced, insure that any option switches are set identical to the data on the facility record. Incorrectly set ADU, LSU, or LIU option switches may result in immediate or future loss of service or may introduce errors into the digital bitstream.*

Replace LIU with FAIL indicator lighted.

Reference: DLP-518

5. Does FAIL LED on LIU light and remain lighted?

If YES, then continue with Step 6.

If NO, then proceed to Step 10.

6. Depress ADU LED TEST pushbutton.
7. Does FAIL LED on LIU go off?

If NO, then continue with Step 8.

If YES, then proceed to Step 9.

8. Replace LIU and repeat from Step 5.

Reference: DLP-518

9. Option switch (32/64) on LIU is set incorrectly. Remove LIU, set option switch correctly, reinstall LIU, and repeat from Step 5.
10. Operate appropriate f switch on LSU to OFF.
11. Did alarm clear?

If YES, then STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.

If NO, then continue with Step 12.

12. Is FAIL LED lighted on either TRU?

If YES, then continue with Step 13.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 15.

13. Replace TRU that has FAIL LED lighted.

14. Did alarm clear?

If YES, then STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.  
If NO, then continue with Step 15.

15. Are any force (f) or deny (d) switches on LSU set to ON (left) position?

If YES, then continue with Step 16.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 18.

16. **Caution: Changing position of force and deny switches can cause service interruption on a digroup. Make sure that force or deny is no longer needed before returning switch to the normal position.**

Return force and deny switches to their OFF (right) positions.

17. Did alarm clear?

If YES, then STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.  
If NO, then continue with Step 18.

18. **Caution: On this TAP and all subsequent TAPs, any time a circuit pack is replaced, insure that any option switches are set identical to the data on the facility record. Incorrectly set ADU, LSU, or LIU option switches may result in immediate or future loss of service or may introduce errors into the digital bitstream.**

Replace LSU.

Reference: DLP-515

19. Did alarm clear?

If YES, then STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.  
If NO, then continue with Step 20.

20. At ADU depress LED TEST pushbutton.

21. Are FAIL LEDs on all LIUs lighted?

If YES, then proceed to Step 33.  
If NO, then continue with Step 22.

22. At LSU faceplate, locate f switch that is associated with the same digroup as the LIU with the FAIL indicator that did not light.

23. Operate the f switch to the ON position.

24. **Caution:** *On this TAP and all subsequent TAPs, any time a circuit pack is replaced, insure that any option switches are set identical to the data on the facility record. Incorrectly set ADU, LSU, or LIU option switches may result in immediate or future loss of service or may introduce errors into the digital bitstream.*

Replace LIU with FAIL indicator that did not light.

Reference: DLP-518

25. Does FAIL LED on LIU light and remain lighted?

If YES, then continue with Step 26.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 30.

26. Depress ADU LED TEST pushbutton.

27. Does FAIL LED on LIU go off?

If NO, then continue with Step 28.  
If YES, then proceed to Step 29.

28. Replace LIU and repeat from Step 25.

Reference: DLP-518

29. Option switch (32/64) on LIU is set incorrectly. Remove LIU, set option switch correctly, reinstall LIU, and repeat from Step 25.

30. Operate appropriate f switch on LSU to OFF.

31. Did alarm clear?

If YES, then STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.  
If NO, then continue with Step 32.

32. At ADU depress LED TEST pushbutton.

33. Are all FAIL LEDs on ADU, BCU, TRU, and TCUs (if present) lighted?

If YES, then proceed to Step 36.  
If NO, then continue with Step 34.

34. **Caution:** *On this TAP and all subsequent TAPs, any time a circuit pack is replaced, insure that any option switches are set identical to the data on the facility record. Incorrectly set ADU, LSU, or LIU option switches may result in immediate or future loss of service or may introduce errors into the digital bitstream.*

**Note:** When the system is equipped with FPC, FPC2, or FPD and the BCU or ADU at the COT or the BCU at the RT is replaced; up to 10 minutes may be required for the fail and status indicators to return to normal if the memory of the BCU at the RT has to be updated. If any two plug-ins fail (BCU/ADU at the COT or BCU at the RT), it is recommended that all three plug-ins be replaced and the system reinitialized using the CIU (craft interface unit). However, when the system is reinitialized, all channel units in the COT and RT dual bank assemblies must be reprovisioned.

Replace circuit pack(s) that have **FAIL** LEDs that do not light (excluding CTU and DTU circuit packs).

Reference: **DLP-516**

35. Did alarm clear?

If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 36.

36. At **LSU** faceplate, locate **f** switch that is associated with digroup on protection.

37. Operate the **f** switch to the **ON** position.

38. **Caution:** *On this TAP and all subsequent TAPs, any time a circuit pack is replaced, insure that any option switches are set identical to the data on the facility record. Incorrectly set ADU, LSU, or LIU option switches may result in immediate or future loss of service or may introduce errors into the digital bitstream.*

Replace **LIU** that is associated with digroup on protection.

Reference: **DLP-518**

39. Does **FAIL** LED on **LIU** light and remain lighted?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 40.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 44.

40. Depress **ADU LED TEST** pushbutton.

41. Does **FAIL** LED on **LIU** go off?

If **NO**, then continue with Step 42.  
If **YES**, then proceed to Step 43.

42. Replace **LIU** and repeat from Step 39.

Reference: **DLP-518**

43. Option switch (32/64) on LIU is set incorrectly. Remove LIU, set option switch correctly, reinstall LIU, and repeat from Step 39.
44. Operate appropriate f switch on LSU to OFF.
45. Did alarm clear?

If YES, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**

If NO, then continue with Step 46.

46. **Note:** If alarms remain, multiple troubles exist and trouble analysis must be repeated.

Use SD-7C115 and SD-7C116 at the COT or SD-7C117 and SD-7C118 at the RT to locate trouble.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

## CLEAR MINOR ALARM AT RT - MN AND NE LEDS LIGHTED, ON PROT LEDS NOT LIGHTED

1. What type of RT configuration do you have?

If **DISTRIBUTED POWER SHELF (J1C182BA)**, then continue with Step 2.  
If **80E CABINET WITH BULK POWER PLANT**, then proceed to Step 3.  
If **FRAME TYPE BULK POWER SHELF (J1C182BB)**, then proceed to Step 4.

2. **Note:** **OPEN BATT**, main **RINGING GENERATOR FAIL**, **RECTIFIER** failure, and **FAN ALARM** are the only items from RT power plant that can cause a minor alarm.

Is **OPEN BATT** LED on the **337A BATTERY CHARGER**, **FAIL** LED on the main **3C** or **3A RINGING GENERATOR**, or **FAN ALARM** LED on the fan assembly lighted?

If **YES**, then do **TAP-112**.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 5.

3. Is **RMN** LED on the **AUG3 RINGING CONTROL UNIT**, **FAIL** LED on either **3C** or **3A RINGING GENERATOR**, or **FAN ALARM** LED on the fan unit lighted or is **NORMAL** LED on control and distribution panel off?

If **YES**, then do **TAP-130**.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 5.

4. Is **FAIL** LED on either **3C** or **3A RINGING GENERATORS** or **FAN ALARM** LED on the fan unit lighted?

If **YES**, then do **TAP-112**.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 5.

5. Are **FAIL** LEDs lighted on protection **LIU**, **LSU**, or the facility shelf **PCU**?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 6.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 8.

6. **Caution 1:** *On this TAP and all subsequent TAPs, any time a circuit pack is replaced, insure that any option switches are set identical to the data on the facility record. Incorrectly set ADU, LSU, or LIU option switches may result in immediate or future loss of service or may introduce errors into the digital bitstream.*

**Caution 2:** *If it is necessary to replace a PCU at an RT location, the PCU should not be removed from the shelf until the correct CFU fuse has been removed. Locate the CFU that is housed in the same bank as the PCU to be replaced and remove either the -20 HZ/AB (if PCU is in AB shelf) or the -20 HZ/CD (if PCU is in CD shelf) fuse. Replace the fuse after the PCU has been replaced.*

Replace circuit pack that has FAIL LED lighted.

Reference: DLP-515 (LSU)

Reference: DLP-518 (LIU)

7. **Note:** If protection LIU FAIL LED is lighted, and replacing LIU does not clear the alarm, reinstall original LIU and replace the LSU.

Did alarm clear?

If YES, then STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.

If NO, then continue with Step 8.

8. Is BCU FAIL LED lighted?

If YES, then continue with Step 9.

If NO, then proceed to Step 11.

9. **Note:** When the system is equipped with FPC or FPD and the BCU or ADU at the COT or the BCU at the RT is replaced; up to 10 minutes may be required for the fail and status indicators to return to normal if the memory of the BCU at the RT has to be updated. If any two plug-ins fail (BCU/ADU at the COT or BCU at the RT), it is recommended that all three plug-ins be replaced and the system reinitialized using the CIU (craft interface unit). However, when the system is reinitialized, all channel units in the COT and RT dual bank assemblies must be reprovisioned.

Replace BCU.

10. Did alarm clear?

If YES, then STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.

If NO, then continue with Step 13.

11. **Note:** When the system is equipped with FPC or FPD and the BCU or ADU at the COT or the BCU at the RT is replaced; up to 10 minutes may be required for the fail and status indicators to return to normal if the memory of the BCU at the RT has to be updated. If any two plug-ins fail (BCU/ADU at the COT or BCU at the RT), it is recommended that all three plug-ins be replaced and the system reinitialized using the CIU (craft interface unit). However, when the system is reinitialized, all channel units in the COT and RT dual bank assemblies must be reprovisioned.

Reinsert original BCU (if removed) and replace TRU-AB circuit pack.

12. Did alarm clear?

If YES, then STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.  
If NO, then continue with Step 13.

13. If you do not have a protection line, proceed to Step 16. Are any force (f) or deny (d) switches set to ON (left) position on LSU?

If YES, then continue with Step 14.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 16.

14. **Caution:** *Changing position of force and deny switches can cause service interruption on a digroup. Make sure that force or deny is no longer needed before returning switch to the normal position.*

Return option switches to their OFF (right) positions.

15. Did alarm clear?

If YES, then STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.  
If NO, then continue with Step 16.

16. At ADU, depress the LED TEST pushbutton.

17. Are FAIL LEDs on all LIUs lighted?

If YES, then proceed to Step 29.  
If NO, then continue with Step 18.

18. If you do not have a protection line or if protection LIU FAIL is lighted, proceed to Step 20. At LSU faceplate, locate f switch that is associated with the same digroup as the LIU with the FAIL indicator that did not light.

19. Operate the f switch to the ON position.

20. **Caution:** *On this TAP and all subsequent TAPs, any time a circuit pack is replaced, insure that any option switches are set identical to the data on the facility record. Incorrectly set ADU, LSU, or LIU option switches may result in immediate or future loss of service or may introduce errors into the digital bitstream.*

Replace LIU with FAIL indicator that did not light.

Reference: DLP-518

21. Does FAIL LED on LIU light and remain lighted?

If YES, then continue with Step 22.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 26.

22. Depress ADU LED TEST pushbutton.

23. Does FAIL LED on LIU go off?

If NO, then continue with Step 24.  
If YES, then proceed to Step 25.

24. Replace LIU and repeat from Step 21.

Reference: DLP-518

25. Option switch (32/64) on LIU is set incorrectly. Remove LIU, set option switch correctly, reinstall LIU, and repeat from Step 21.
26. If you do not have a protection line or if protection LIU was replaced, proceed to Step 27. Operate appropriate f switch on LSU to OFF.
27. Did alarm clear?

If YES, then STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.  
If NO, then continue with Step 28.

28. At ADU, depress the LED TEST pushbutton.
29. Are all FAIL LEDs on ADU, BCU, TRU, LSU, and TCUs (if present) lighted?

If YES, then proceed to Step 32.  
If NO, then continue with Step 30.

30. **Caution:** *On this TAP and all subsequent TAPs, any time a circuit pack is replaced, insure that any option switches are set identical to the data on the facility record. Incorrectly set ADU, LSU, or LIU option switches may result in immediate or future loss of service or may introduce errors into the digital bitstream.*

**Note:** When the system is equipped with FPC or FPD and the BCU or ADU at the COT or the BCU at the RT is replaced; up to 10 minutes may be required for the fail and status indicators to return to normal if the memory of the BCU at the RT has to be updated. If any two plug-ins fail (BCU/ADU at the COT or BCU at the RT), it is recommended that all three plug-ins be replaced and the system reinitialized using the CIU. However, when the system is reinitialized, all channel units in the COT and RT dual bank assemblies must be reprovisioned.

Replace circuit pack(s) that has FAIL LED that does not light (excluding CTU and DTU circuit packs).

Reference: DLP-515 (LSU)

Reference: DLP-516 (ADU)

31. Did alarm clear?

If YES, then STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.  
If NO, then continue with Step 32.

32. **Caution:** *On this TAP and all subsequent TAPs, any time a circuit pack is replaced, insure that any option switches are set identical to the data on the facility record. Incorrectly set ADU, LSU, or LIU option switches may result in immediate or future loss of service or may introduce errors into the digital bitstream.*

Replace LSU.

Reference: DLP-515

33. Did alarm clear?

If YES, then STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.  
If NO, then continue with Step 34.

34. **Caution 1:** *On this TAP and all subsequent TAPs, any time a circuit pack is replaced, insure that any option switches are set identical to the data on the facility record.*

**Caution 2:** *If it is necessary to replace a PCU at an RT location, the PCU should not be removed from the shelf until the correct CFU fuse has been removed. Locate the CFU that is housed in the same bank as the PCU to be replaced and remove either the -20 HZ/AB (if PCU is in AB shelf) or the -20 HZ/CD (if PCU is in CD shelf) fuse. Replace the fuse after the PCU has been replaced.*

Replace facility shelf PCU.

35. Did alarm clear?

If YES, then STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.  
If NO, then continue with Step 36.

36. Is RT located in an 80E cabinet with bulk power plant?

If YES, then do TAP-130.  
If NO, then continue with Step 37.

37. Perform CLEAR MINOR ALARM procedure using TAP-112.

## CLEAR POWER MINOR ALARM AT RT - PMN LED LIGHTED

1. What type of RT configuration do you have?  
  
If **80E CABINET WITH BULK POWER PLANT**, then do TAP-129.  
If **FTTH OR BULK POWER SHELF (J1C182BB)**, then continue with Step 2.  
If **DISTRIBUTED POWER SHELF (J1C182BA)**, then proceed to Step 3.
2. Use documentation for your bulk power to clear trouble. Check ac circuit breakers, and verify ac power is present at the RT enclosure.  
  
**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**
3. Using DMM (digital multimeter), measure incoming AC voltage by using **AC** and **GND** jacks on **LDU** faceplate.
4. Is measured AC voltage between 105 and 129 volts?  
  
If **YES**, then continue with Step 5.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 13.
5. Is **FAIL LED** lighted on any **336A RECTIFIERs** at RT?  
  
If **YES**, then continue with Step 6.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 8.
6. Replace **336A RECTIFIERs** that have **FAIL LED** lighted.
7. Did alarm clear within 20 seconds?  
  
If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 20.
8. Is **BAT DISCHG LED** lighted on any **337A BATTERY CHARGER(s)**?  
  
If **YES**, then continue with Step 9.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 20.
9. Replace one **336A RECTIFIER**.
10. Did alarm clear within 20 seconds?  
  
If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 11.
11. Replace another **336A RECTIFIER**.
12. Did alarm clear within 20 seconds?  
  
If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**

If **NO**, then proceed to Step 20.

13. Is fuse blown or circuit breaker tripped at RT main AC circuit breaker box?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 14.

If **NO**, then proceed to Step 17.

14. Replace blown fuse or reset circuit breaker.

15. Does fuse blow or circuit breaker trip again?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 20.

If **NO**, then continue with Step 16.

16. Did alarm clear within 20 seconds?

If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**

If **NO**, then proceed to Step 20.

17. Contact local power company if loss of AC power has occurred or if there is overvoltage or undervoltage condition.

18. Does local power company verify abnormal power condition?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 19.

If **NO**, then proceed to Step 20.

19. Estimate restoration time for AC power. If necessary, equip RT with fully charged batteries or other power source to maintain power until AC power is restored.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

20. **Note:** If alarms remain, multiple troubles exist and trouble analysis must be repeated.

Use SD-7C117 and SD-7C118 to locate trouble.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

**CLEAR MAJOR OR MINOR ALARM -  
MJ OR MN, MISC 1 OR MISC 2 LEDS LIGHTED AT RT**

1. From system records, determine type of alarm that is reported to **MISC 1** or **MISC 2** at COT.
2. Use local procedures to clear condition(s) that caused alarm to activate at RT.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

## CLEAR MINOR ALARM - MN AND NE LEDS LIGHTED AT RT - NO DIGROUP LEDS LIGHTED

1. Are there any blown fuses on battery shelf or **BFU** (for bulk powering or FTTH)?  
  
If **YES**, then continue with Step 2.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 4.
2. Replace blown fuse(s).
3. Does alarm clear?  
  
If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 4.
4. Is bulk power (J1C182BB bulk power shelf or FTTH) being used?  
  
If **YES**, then proceed to Step 25.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 5.
5. Is **OPEN BATT LED** on **337A BATTERY CHARGER** lighted at RT battery shelf?  
  
If **YES**, then continue with Step 6.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 25.
6. Condition DMM (digital multimeter) to measure voltage.
7. Measure voltage at **-48B** and **GND** and **-48L** and **GND** jacks on the **LDU** faceplate.
8. Does voltage measure between **-42** and **-58** volts?  
  
If **YES**, then continue with Step 9.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 18.
9. Use SD-7C119 to check wiring between **337A BATTERY CHARGER** and batteries.
10. Was a problem found in wiring?  
  
If **YES**, then continue with Step 11.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 12.
11. Correct wiring problem and proceed to Step 17.
12. Is fuse blown on **337A BATTERY CHARGER**?  
  
If **YES**, then continue with Step 13.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 14.
13. Replace **337A BATTERY CHARGER** and proceed to Step 17.

14. Is **BAT DISCHG LED** on **337A BATTERY CHARGER** lighted?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 15.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 13.

15. Depress and hold **HIGH RATE CHG ACTIVATE** pushbutton on **337A BATTERY CHARGER**. Is **BAT DISCHG LED** lighted?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 16.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 13.

16. **Note:** **HIGH RATE CHG ON LED** will remain lighted until batteries reach approximately -58 volts. If batteries are completely discharged, it may take approximately one day for **HIGH RATE CHG ON LED** to go out.

Release **HIGH RATE CHG ACTIVATE** pushbutton. Does **BAT DISCHG LED** go off and is **HIGH RATE CHG ON LED** lighted?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 17.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 13.

17. Did alarm clear?

If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 23.

18. Use DMM to measure voltage at battery shelf jacks **J5 (+BAT)** and **J6 (-BAT)**.

19. Does voltage measure between -42 and -58 volts?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 9.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 20.

20. Is **197A BATTERY LOAD TEST SET** available for use in testing batteries?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 21.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 23.

21. Test batteries using **197A** test set.

Reference: **DLP-520**

22. Replace any failed battery pack(s) and reconnect battery leads to battery shelf and proceed to Step 24.

23. Replace battery packs one at a time until -48 volts is present at output jacks on battery shelf.

24. Does alarm clear?

If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 25.

25. Is **FAN ALARM LED** lighted on a fan assembly?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 26.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 39.

26. Remove **FAN H** and **FAN L** fuses on corresponding **BFU** on power shelf. Are fuses blown?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 27.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 30.

27. Replace **FAN H** and **FAN L** fuses on corresponding **BFU**.

28. Does alarm clear?

If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 29.

29. Is **FAN ALARM LED** lighted on fan assembly?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 30.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 39.

30. **Caution:** *To avoid possible damage, do not over extend fan assembly power cable.*

Remove fan assembly from bay.

31. Examine fan assembly for anything that will prevent fan from operating properly.

32. Remove any blockages and reinstall fan assembly and fuses.

33. Operate corresponding **FAN TEST** pushbutton on **FCU (A/FCU for FTTH)**.

34. Are fans on and is fan assembly **FAN ALARM LED** off?

If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 35.

35. Remove **FAN H** and **FAN L** fuses on corresponding **BFU**.

36. Replace fan assembly with new fan assembly.

37. Reinstall fuses and depress **FAN TEST** pushbutton on **FCU**.

38. Are fans on and is fan assembly **FAN ALARM LED** off?

If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 39.

39. Is **FAIL LED** lighted on either **3A RINGING GENERATOR** on power shelf?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 40.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 43.

40. Replace failed **3A RINGING GENERATOR**.

41. Does alarm clear?

If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 42.

42. Reinstall original **3A RINGING GENERATOR**.

43. Replace one of the **336 RECTIFIERs**.

44. Does alarm clear?

If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 45.

45. Reinstall original **336A RECTIFIER**.

46. Replace second **336A RECTIFIER**.

47. Does alarm clear?

If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 48.

48. Reinstall original **336A RECTIFIER**.

49. Is bulk power being used?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 50.  
If **NO**, then do **TAP-124**.

50. Use SD-7C130 (J1C182BB bulk power shelf) or SD-7C150-01 (FTTH) to check wiring and repeat from Step 10.

## CLEAR MAJOR ALARM AT RT - MJ AND ALL DIGROUP INDICATORS LIGHTED

1. Do you have Fiber-To-The-Home RT configuration?  
  
    If **NO**, then continue with Step 2.  
    If **YES**, then proceed to Step 15.
2. Is RT located in an 80E cabinet with bulk power plant?  
  
    If **YES**, then continue with Step 3.  
    If **NO**, then proceed to Step 11.
3. At ring shelf, is **FAIL LED** lighted on both **3C** or **3A RINGING GENERATORs** on either **GROUP 1, GROUP 2**, or both?  
  
    If **YES**, then continue with Step 4.  
    If **NO**, then proceed to Step 7.
4. Replace both **RINGING GENERATORs**.
5. Does alarm clear within 5 minutes?  
  
    If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
    If **NO**, then continue with Step 6.
6. At ring shelf, is **FAIL LED** lighted on both **3C** or **3A RINGING GENERATORs** on either **GROUP 1, GROUP 2**, or both?  
  
    If **YES**, then proceed to Step 10.  
    If **NO**, then continue with Step 7.
7. Is **RMJ** indicator on **RING CONTROL UNIT(s)** lighted?  
  
    If **YES**, then continue with Step 8.  
    If **NO**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**
8. Replace **RING CONTROL UNIT(s)** with **RMJ** indicator lighted.
9. Does alarm clear within 5 minutes?  
  
    If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
    If **NO**, then continue with Step 10.
10. Use SD-7C155-01 to locate and clear trouble.
11. Is **FAIL** indicator lighted on both **3C** or **3A RINGING GENERATORs** at the RT power shelf?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 12.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 14.

12. **Note:** Failure of the protection 3C or 3A RINGING GENERATOR will not cause an alarm until after failure of the main 3C or 3A RINGING GENERATOR. The protection 3C or 3A RINGING GENERATOR can be tested by depressing the TEST PROT RG pushbutton on LDU. It is recommended that the protection 3C or 3A RINGING GENERATOR be tested on a per opportunity basis.

Replace both 3C or 3A RINGING GENERATORS.

13. Did the alarm clear?

If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 14.

14. Use SD-7C117 and SD-7C118 to locate trouble.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

15. **Note:** For FTTH configuration, failed optics equipment will cause ADU MJ and all BCU DIGROUP indicators to light. When this happens, all affected channel unit OOF indicators will light.

At optics power shelf, are any fuses blown?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 16.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 18.

16. Replace blown fuse.

17. Did alarm clear?

If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 18.

18. Replace PCU associated with failed optics shelf. Replace fuse if necessary.

Reference: DLP-522

19. Did alarm clear?

If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 20.

20. Use SD-7C150-01, SD-7C118-02, and SD-7C117-02 to locate trouble.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

## CLEAR MAJOR ALARM AT RT - MJ, ALL DIGROUP, AND ALL CLF LEDS LIGHTED

1. Are any fuses blown on **BFU** at RT power shelf?  
  
If **YES**, then continue with Step 2.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 7.
2. Replace any blown fuses.
3. Does alarm clear?  
  
If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 4.
4. Does fuse blow again?  
  
If **YES**, then continue with Step 5.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 7.
5. Is bulk powering (J1C182BB bulk power shelf or FTTH) being used?  
  
If **YES**, then continue with Step 6.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 7.
6. Use SD-7C130 (J1C182BB bulk power shelf) or SD-7C150-01 (FTTH) to check wiring and proceed to Step 13.
7. Is -48V present at **-48B** and **GND** pin jacks on the **LDU**?  
  
If **YES**, then continue with Step 8.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 11.
8. Is -48V present at **-48L** and **GND** pin jacks on the **LDU**?  
  
If **YES**, then proceed to Step 21.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 9.
9. Replace **LDU**.
10. Did alarm clear?  
  
If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 21.
11. Using DMM (digital multimeter), measure incoming AC voltage by using **AC** and **GND** jacks on **LDU** faceplate.

12. Is measured AC voltage between 105 and 129 volts?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 21.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 15.

13. Was problem found?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 14.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 15.

14. Correct problem.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

15. Is fuse blown or circuit breaker tripped at RT main AC circuit breaker box?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 16.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 19.

16. Replace blown fuse or reset circuit breaker.

17. Does fuse blow or circuit breaker trip again?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 20.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 18.

18. Does alarm clear?

If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 21.

19. Contact local power company if loss of power has occurred or if there is overvoltage or undervoltage condition.

20. Does local power company verify abnormal power condition?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 22.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 21.

21. Use SD-7C119 (RT power shelf) and SD-7C118 (RT enclosure) to examine AC wiring for shorts, opens, or incorrectly terminated wiring.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

22. Estimate restoration time for AC power. If necessary, equip RT with fully charged batteries or other power source to maintain power until AC power is restored.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

## ISOLATE DIGITAL LINE TROUBLE USING FAULT-LOCATING PROCEDURES FROM COT - SINGLE ENDED OR DOUBLE ENDED (SIDE 1)

1. Has fault-locating line and system been checked for proper operation?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 4.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 2.

2. Check fault-locating line and system for proper operation.

Reference: **DLP-501**

3. **Note:** Trouble on fault-locating line must be cleared before performing fault-locating procedures.

Was any trouble found?

If **YES**, then do TAP-117.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 4.

4. **Caution:** *If other test sets are used, do not send properly framed or unframed all 1s signal.*

Perform transmission test on digital line(s) using Sierra **315B (415A-2)** or **J98725AD (25AD)** test set.

Reference: **DLP-502**

5. Was any trouble found?

If **YES**, then do TAP-116.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 6.

6. Which test set will be used to perform obscure trouble tests?

If **315B OR 415A-2**, then continue with Step 7.  
If **J98725AD (25AD)**, then proceed to Step 8.

7. Perform obscure trouble test on digital line(s) using **315B** or **415A-2** test set and proceed to Step 9.

Reference: **DLP-505**

8. Perform obscure trouble test on digital line(s) using **J98725AD** test set and proceed to Step 10.

Reference: **DLP-506**

9. Analyze obscure trouble test results obtained and proceed to Step 11.

Reference: **DLP-510**

10. Analyze obscure trouble test results obtained and proceed to Step 11.

Reference: **DLP-511**

11. Was any trouble found?

If **YES**, then do **TAP-116**.

If **NO**, then continue with Step 12.

12. Could both Side 1 and Side 2 of digital line(s) be tested from COT?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 13.

If **NO**, then do **TAP-118**.

13. Report no trouble found on digital line(s).

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

## ISOLATE TROUBLE TO DIGITAL LINE SECTION OR REPEATER

1. See Table A. Determine test equipment to be used at apparatus case location and test location [COT (central office terminal), RT (remote terminal), or DSX Cross-Connect].

TABLE A	
EQUIPMENT REQUIRED AT TEST LOCATION	RECOMMENDED TYPE
FLTS (Fault Locate Test Set)	Sierra 315B, Sierra 415A-2, or J98725AD (25AD)
(2) P3-type Patch Cords	P3BH
<b>AT APPARATUS CASE</b>	<b>AT APPARATUS CASE</b>
Line and Repeater Test Set	Sierra 317B, 417A-2, or J98725AB Bipolar Violation Detector
Sierra Test Set Insert	C02979601
Test Set Probe	Sierra 240B-3 (317B), 244A-3 (417A-2), ED3C564-30,G1 or G4 (25AB)

2. Establish communication between test location and apparatus case location suspected of causing trouble.
3. **Note:** Single-ended fault-locating is performed from COT or DSX Cross-Connect.

Is fault locating to be performed from COT, RT, or a DSX Cross-Connect?

If **COT**, then continue with Step 4.  
If **RT**, then proceed to Step 5.  
If **DSX CROSS-CONNECT**, then proceed to Step 6.

4. Prepare COT for fault locating and proceed to Step 7.  
Reference: **DLP-509**
5. Prepare RT for fault locating and proceed to Step 7.  
Reference: **DLP-514**
6. Prepare DSX Cross-Connect for fault locating.  
Reference: **DLP-512**

7. Is **317B**, **417A-2** or **25AB** test set being used at apparatus case?  

If **317B OR 417A-2**, then proceed to Step 25.  
If **25AB**, then continue with Step 8.
8. At rear of **25AB** test set, set **RPTR TYPE** switch to **BI-DIRECTIONAL**.
9. **Note:** If **BAT CHK** lamp does not light, low test set battery voltage is indicated. Replacement batteries are (4) KS-14368 type or equivalent AA size batteries.  

Depress spring loaded **BAT CHK** switch.

Response: **BAT CHK** lamp lights.
10. **Caution: Removal of wrong repeater will cause service interruption.**  

Determine which repeater is associated with digital line being tested, then remove repeater.
11. Insert test set probe into apparatus case slot, then insert repeater into test set.
12. At apparatus case location, set both **25AB 100-ohm TERM/LINE** switches to **LINE**.
13. On **25AB**, position **TEST** switch to side (**SIDE 1** or **SIDE 2**) of digital line being tested.
14. On **25AB**, is **SIG LOSS** lamp lighted?  

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 20.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 15.
15. On **25AB**, is **BV** lamp lighted?  

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 17.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 16.
16. **Note:** If **Side 1** is being tested from COT or DSX Cross-Connect, trouble may be at another location toward RT. If **Side 2** is being tested from COT or DSX Cross-Connect, trouble may be at another location toward test location on **Side 2**. If **Side 2** is being tested from RT, trouble may be on **Side 1** or at another location toward COT or DSX Cross-Connect on **Side 2**.  

Tests indicate that digital line is good at this location. If further tests are to be performed, disconnect the test equipment, remove repeater from test set and reinsert into apparatus case, and move to next repeater location in direction of trouble indication and repeat from Step 10.
17. On **25AB** for side being tested, set **100-ohm TERM/LINE** switch to **100 ohms**.
18. On **25AB**, is **BV** lamp lighted?  

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 20.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 19.

19. A faulty output cable pair is incorrectly terminating repeater at this location. Locate and repair trouble using local procedures. Check cable for bridged taps, build-out capacitors, bad splices, opens, or shorts.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

20. Has repeater been replaced?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 22.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 21.

21. On replacement repeater, set options same as on the original and replace repeater and repeat from Step 12.

22. Did results of fault-locating tests (transmission and obscure trouble tests) indicate more than one trouble location?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 23.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 24.

23. Move to other repeater location that indicates trouble and repeat from Step 10.

24. **Note:** If **Side 1** is being tested from COT or DSX Cross-Connect, trouble is at a location toward COT or DSX Cross-Connect on **Side 1**. If **Side 2** is being tested from COT or DSX Cross-Connect, trouble may be between this location and RT on **Side 2** or anywhere on **Side 1** if not previously tested. If **Side 2** is being tested from RT, the trouble is at a location toward RT on **Side 2**.

Indications are that trouble is at another location. Move to next repeater location in direction of trouble or to a repeater location in direction of trouble halfway between this location and test location and repeat from Step 10.

25. **Note:** If meter does not read above green mark (417A-2) or in **BATT GOOD** area (317B), low battery voltage is indicated. Replacement batteries are eight D-size 1.5 Vdc carbon type.

Check the batteries of the 317B test set by setting **POWER** switch to **ON**, operate the **ERRORS/PULSES** switch to either position, and turn the **METER** switch to **BATT**. For the 417A-2 test set, set **POWER** switch to **BATT CHK**.

26. Return test set controls to **OFF**.

27. Equip 317B or 417A-2 test set with appropriate probe per Table A.

28. Equip test set with C02979601 insert.

29. **Caution:** *Removal of wrong repeater will cause service interruption.*

Determine which repeater is associated with digital line being tested, then remove repeater.

30. Insert test set probe into repeater slot.

31. Insert repeater into test set insert.

32. Is 317B or 417A-2 test set being used?

If 317B, then continue with Step 33.

If 417A-2, then proceed to Step 34.

33. **Note:** REPEATER switch is set to SIDE (SIDE 1 or SIDE 2) of digital line being tested.

Set controls per Table B and proceed to Step 35.

TABLE B 317B TEST SET	
CONTROL/SWITCH	POSITION
RPTR POWER LOOP control	60 mA
TERMINATION	NORMAL
METER	NORM
REPEATER	BI-DIR (A) SIDE 1 or SIDE 2
RPTR POWER LOOP (toggle)	OFF
POWER	ON

34. **Note:** REPEATER switch is set to SIDE (SIDE 1 or SIDE 2) of digital line being tested.

Set controls per Table C.

TABLE C 417A-2 TEST SET	
CONTROL/SWITCH	POSITION (NOTE 1)
SYSTEM Mb/s	1.544
RPTR POWER LOOP control	30 mA
TERMINATION	NORM
METER	NORM
REPEATER	BI-DIR (A) SIDE 1 or SIDE 2
RPTR POWER LOOP (toggle)	OFF
<b>NOTE:</b>	
1. After power is applied to the line, adjust line current to 60 mA $\pm$ 3 mA.	

35. Is PULSES lamp lighted?

If YES, then continue with Step 36.

If NO, then proceed to Step 43.

36. Are you using **317B** test set?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 37.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 38.

37. Set **ERRORS/PULSES** switch to **ERRORS**.

38. Is **ERRORS** lamp lighted or flashing?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 39.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 40.

39. **Note:** If **Side 1** is being tested from COT or DSX Cross-Connect, trouble may be at another location toward RT. If **Side 2** is being tested from COT or DSX Cross-Connect, trouble may be at another location toward test location on **Side 2**. If **Side 2** is being tested from RT, trouble may be on **Side 1** or at another location toward COT or DSX Cross-Connect on **Side 2**.

Tests indicate that digital line is good at this location. If further tests are to be performed, disconnect the test equipment and move to next repeater location in the direction of trouble indication and repeat from Step 25.

40. If using **317B** test set, position **TERMINATION** switch to **100-ohms SIDE ( )**. If using **417A-2** test set, position **TERMINATION** switch to **SIDE ( )**.

41. Is **ERRORS** lamp lighted or flashing?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 43.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 42.

42. Test indicates a faulty output cable pair incorrectly terminating repeater at this location. Locate and repair the fault using local procedures. Check cable pair for bridged taps, build-out capacitors, bad splices, opens, or shorts.

43. Has repeater been replaced?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 45.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 44.

44. On replacement repeater, set options same as on the original. Replace repeater and repeat from Step 32.

45. Did results of fault-locating tests (transmission and obscure trouble tests) indicate more than one trouble location?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 46.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 47.

46. Move to other repeater location that indicates trouble and repeat from Step 25.

47. **Note:** If **Side 1** is being tested from COT or DSX Cross-Connect, trouble may be at another location toward RT. If **Side 2** is being tested from COT or DSX Cross-Connect, trouble may be at another location toward test location on **Side 2**. If **Side 2** is being tested from RT, trouble may be on **Side 1** or at another location toward COT or DSX Cross-Connect on **Side 2**.

Indications are that trouble is at another location. Move to next repeater location in direction of trouble or to a repeater location in direction of trouble halfway between this location and test location.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

## CLEAR FAULT LOCATE LINE AND SYSTEM TROUBLE

1. Condition DMM (digital multimeter) to measure dc volts.
2. Is fault line or system trouble being cleared from COT or a DSX Cross-Connect?  
  
    If **COT**, then continue with Step 3.  
    If **DSX CROSS-CONNECT**, then proceed to Step 6.
3. Is trouble on fault-locate (FL) line, or does fault-locate line **READY** LED not light?  
  
    If **FL LINE**, then proceed to Step 35.  
    If **READY LAMP**, then continue with Step 4.
4. Is **BUSY** LED lighted on FL panel?  
  
    If **YES**, then continue with Step 5.  
    If **NO**, then proceed to Step 10.
5. On **TS2** at rear of FL panel (FIG. 1), connect DMM leads to **T** (tip) and **R** (ring) of **FL LINE** pins associated with FL line being tested and proceed to Step 9.
6. At rear of DSX Cross-Connect at maintenance panel, connect DMM leads to **T** (tip) and **R** (ring) pins associated with FL line being tested.
7. Does DMM indicate voltage greater than 12 Vdc?  
  
    If **YES**, then proceed to Step 26.  
    If **NO**, then continue with Step 8.
8. Use DSX-1, DSX-1C, and DSX-2 Patch and Cross-Connect General Description (AT&T Practice 365-301-101) to clear trouble.  
  
**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**
9. Does DMM indicate voltage greater than 12 Vdc, (reverse meter leads if necessary)?  
  
    If **YES**, then proceed to Step 26.  
    If **NO**, then proceed to Step 11.
10. Does **READY** LED light for other **FL LINE** switch positions?  
  
    If **YES**, then continue with Step 11.  
    If **NO**, then proceed to Step 14.
11. Replace **FLT LOC CONT** unit in FL panel. Insert P3-type patch cord into **FL LINE OUT** jack.

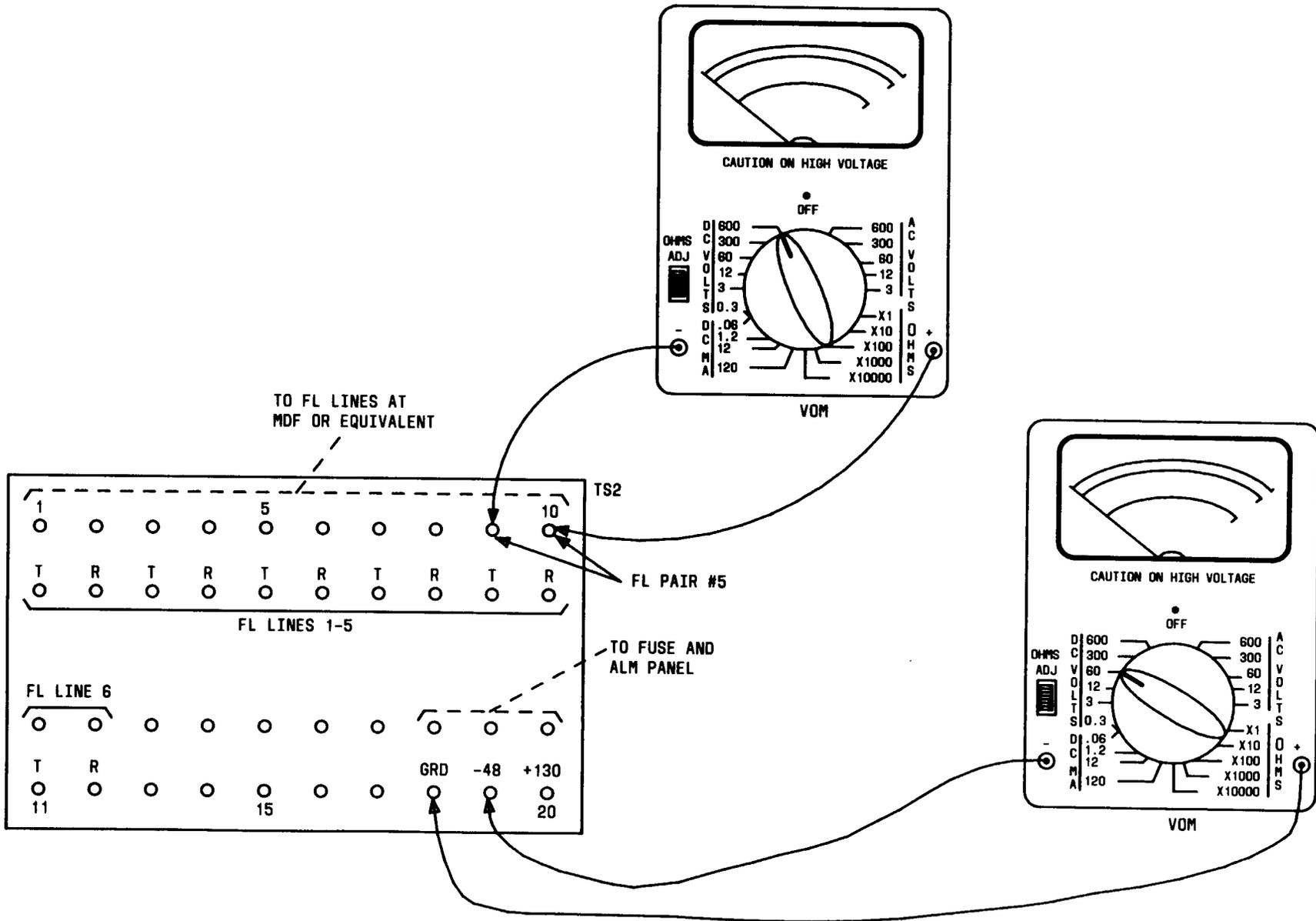


Fig. 1—Rear of Fault Locate Panel

12. Does **READY** LED light?

If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 13.

13. Use SD-3C423-01 (Fault Locate and Order Wire Panel), SD-7C115 and SD-7C116 (Series 5 COT and Bay), SD-7C117 and SD-7C118 (Series 5 RT and Bay) to check wiring and clear trouble.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

14. Condition DMM to measure dc volts.

15. On **TS2**, at rear of FL panel (FIG. 1), connect DMM negative (-) black lead to pin 19 (-48) and positive (+) red lead to pin 18 (**GRD**).

16. Does DMM indicate between 43 and 53 Vdc?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 17.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 19.

17. Replace **FLT LOC CONT** unit in FL panel. Reinsert P3 patch cord into **FL LINE OUT** jack.

18. Does **READY** LED light?

If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 24.

19. Is -48V fuse blown on Group 4 heat baffle?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 21.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 20.

20. Use SD-3C423-01 (Fault Locate and Order Wire Panel), SD-7C115 and SD-7C116 (Series 5 COT and Bay), SD-7C117 and SD-7C118 (Series 5 RT and Bay) to check wiring and clear trouble.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

21. Replace blown fuse.

22. Does fuse blow again?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 23.  
If **NO**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**

23. Replace **FLT LOC CONT** unit in FL Panel and replace fuse. Insert a P3 patch cord into **FL LINE OUT** jack.

24. Does fuse blow again?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 25.  
If **NO**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**

25. Use SD-3C423-01 (Fault Locate and Order Wire Panel), SD-7C115 and SD-7C116 (Series 5 COT and Bay), SD-7C117 and SD-7C118 (Series 5 RT and Bay) to check wiring and clear trouble.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

26. Is another FL panel installed at other end of FL line?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 27.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 34.

27. Is other end being used to perform fault-locating procedures?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 33.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 28.

28. At other end, remove any plug in FL panel **FL LINE OUT** jack.

29. Is trouble still present?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 30.  
If **NO**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**

30. Replace **FLT LOC CONT** unit in FL panel at other end.

31. Is trouble still present?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 32.  
If **NO**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**

32. Use SD-3C423-01 (Fault Locate and Order Wire Panel), SD-7C115 and SD-7C116 (Series 5 COT and Bay), SD-7C117 and SD-7C118 (Series 5 RT and Bay) to check wiring and clear trouble.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

33. Other end is in use causing **BUSY** lamp at this end. Wait for line to clear.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

34. Foreign voltage is present on FL pair. Locate source of foreign voltage and repair trouble using local procedures.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

35. Remove cord from FL Panel **FL LINE OUT** jack on **FLT LOC CONT** unit (FLCU).

36. At Main Distributing Frame (MDF), check protection units for FL line being tested. Also check MDF connections and jumpers.

37. Is any trouble found?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 38.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 40.

38. Replace protection units, repair connections, or replace jumpers as required.

39. Is FL line still bad?

If YES, then do Step 34.

If NO, then STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.

40. Open FL pair at MDF by installing a 262C-type (900-ohm terminating) plug across office side of FL pair (FIG. 2).

41. Insert P3 patch cord into FL Panel FL LINE OUT jack.

42. Is FL line still bad?

If YES, then continue with Step 43.

If NO, then proceed to Step 47.

43. Replace FLT LOC CONT unit in FL panel.

44. Is FL line still bad?

If YES, then proceed to Step 46.

If NO, then continue with Step 45.

45. Remove test termination (FIG. 2) , reconnect FL pair at MDF.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

46. Trouble is in office wiring, FL Panel, or bay wiring. Use SD-3C423-01 (Fault Locate and Order Wire Panel), SD-7C115 and SD-7C116 (Series 5 COT and Bay), SD-7C117 and SD-7C118 (Series 5 RT and Bay) to check wiring and clear trouble.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

47. Trouble is on outside FL pair. Refer trouble to maintenance of outside pair.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

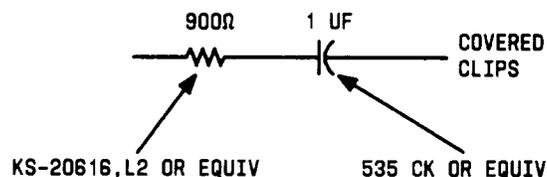


Fig. 2—900 Ohm Test Termination

## **ISOLATE SIDE 2 DIGITAL LINE TROUBLE USING FAULT-LOCATING PROCEDURES FROM RT**

1. **Note:** Fault-locating tests on Side 2 (RT to COT) of digital line(s) require cooperation with COT personnel.

Obtain original FLR (fault-locating record) forms for system and prepare fault-locating system and test equipment for fault-locating.

Reference: **DLP-514**

2. Perform transmission test on digital line(s) using Sierra **315B**, **415A-2**, or **J98725AD** (25AD) test set.

Reference: **DLP-503**

3. Was any trouble found?

If **YES**, then do **TAP-116**.

If **NO**, then continue with Step 4.

4. Which test set is being used?

If **315B OR 415A-2**, then continue with Step 5.

If **J98725AD**, then proceed to Step 6.

5. Perform obscure trouble test on digital line(s) using **315B** or **415A-2** test set and proceed to Step 7.

Reference: **DLP-508**

6. Perform obscure trouble test on digital line(s) using **J98725AD** test set and proceed to Step 8.

Reference: **DLP-507**

7. Analyze obscure trouble test results obtained. and proceed to Step 9.

Reference: **DLP-510**

8. Analyze obscure trouble test results obtained and proceed to Step 9.

Reference: **DLP-511**

9. Was any trouble found?

If **YES**, then do **TAP-116**.

If **NO**, then continue with Step 10.

10. Report no trouble found on Side 2 of digital line(s).

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

## PERFORM SINGLE-ENDED FAULT-LOCATING PROCEDURES ON T1 LINES FROM DSX CROSS-CONNECT

1. Has fault-locating line and system been checked for proper operation?  
  
If **YES**, then proceed to Step 4.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 2.
2. Check fault-locating line and system for proper operation.  
  
Reference: **DLP-501**
3. **Note:** Trouble on the fault-locate line must be cleared before performing fault-locating procedures.  
  
Was any trouble found?  
  
If **YES**, then do **TAP-117**.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 4.
4. Prepare the test equipment for fault locating.  
  
Reference: **DLP-512**
5. Perform transmission tests on digital line(s) using the Sierra **315B**, **415A-2**, or the **J98725AD** (25AD) test set.  
  
Reference: **DLP-504**
6. Was any trouble found?  
  
If **YES**, then do **TAP-116**.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 7.
7. Perform obscure trouble tests on line(s).  
  
Reference: **DLP-513**
8. Which test set is being used?  
  
If **315A OR 415A-2**, then continue with Step 9.  
If **J98725AD (25AD)**, then proceed to Step 10.
9. Analyze obscure trouble test results obtained and proceed to Step 11.  
  
Reference: **DLP-510**

10. Analyze obscure trouble test results obtained.

Reference: **DLP-511**

11. Was any trouble found?

If **YES**, then do **TAP-116**.

If **NO**, then continue with Step 12.

12. Report no trouble found on digital line(s).

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

## CLEAR CHANNEL FAILURE - SINGLE CHANNEL - SIGNALING TROUBLE

1. Are you at a Mode 96 (FPB) RT?  
  
If **YES**, then at COT clear trouble using applicable SLC 96 documentation.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 2.
2. At the COT, replace the failed CU (channel unit).
3. **Note:** If the Maintenance Center or Test Desk cannot access failed channel via PGTC (pair gain test controller) or the XTC (extended test controller), check to ensure that no fuses are blown in lower (blue) bank CFU (channel fuse unit).  
  
Request the Maintenance Center or Test Desk to perform tests on the CU with trouble.
4. Can Maintenance Center or Test Desk access failed channel for testing?  
  
If **YES**, then proceed to Step 28.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 5.
5. **Note:** Verify that Maintenance Center or Test Desk is not using PGTC or XTC to perform tests on any CU in bank assembly containing failed CU.  
  
Obtain a **SLC Series 5 Craft Interface Unit**.
6. Condition CIU (craft interface unit) for testing. Refer to CIU Users Guide if necessary.
7. Insert connector on end of CIU cable into **TEST ACC** jack on channel test unit (CTU).
8. The CIU will perform a 15-second self-test when first powered up and then will display the following OPERATIONS MENU: 1. **CKT ACTIVITIES** 2. **SYSTEM TURN-UP** 3. **TEST BUS ACCESS COMMAND [CKT ACTIVITIES] =**
9. At the CIU keyboard, enter **3** or **T**.
10. The CIU display will show: **SYSTEM ID =**
11. At the CIU keyboard, enter system identification (SYSTEM ID) number for system. The CIU display will show: **CLEAR TEST BUS ACCESS**
12. Get DMM (digital multimeter) and condition to measure dc volts.
13. Connect DMM test leads to **LINE T/R** jack on CIU.
14. Does meter indicate 0 Vdc?  
  
If **YES**, then proceed to Step 18.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 15.

15. At the CIU keyboard, press **BREAK** key.
16. Remove DMM test leads from CIU.
17. Replace CU associated with channel experiencing trouble and repeat from Step 9.
18. Condition DMM to measure ohms.
19. With DMM test leads connected to **LINE T/R** jack on CIU, does DMM indicate infinite resistance (open circuit)?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 23.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 20.

20. At the CIU keyboard, press **BREAK** key.
21. Remove DMM test leads from CIU.
22. Replace CU associated with channel experiencing trouble and repeat from Step 9.
23. Remove DMM test leads from CIU.
24. Repeat Steps 12 through 23 with DMM leads connected to **LINE T1/R1** jack on CIU.
25. At the CIU keyboard, enter **YES**.
26. Remove CIU cable from **TEST ACC** jack on (CTU).
27. Request the Maintenance Center or Test Desk to perform tests on the **CU** with trouble.
28. Did the trouble clear?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 29.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 30.

29. Restore the channel to service.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

30. At the COT, reinstall the original **CU**.
31. At the RT, replace the failed **CU**.
32. Request the Maintenance Center or Test Desk to perform tests on the **CU** with trouble.
33. Can Maintenance Center or Test Desk access failed channel for testing?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 35.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 34.

34. Perform Steps 5 through 27.

35. Did the trouble clear?

If YES, then do Step 29.  
If NO, then continue with Step 36.

36. At the RT reinstall the original CU.

37. Remove service from shelf containing the channel with trouble.

38. **Caution:** *On this TAP and all subsequent TAPs, any time a circuit pack is replaced, insure that any option switches are set identical to the data on the facility record.*

At the COT, replace the TRU associated with the shelf with trouble.

39. Request the Maintenance Center or Test Desk to perform tests on the CU with trouble.

40. Did the trouble clear?

If YES, then continue with Step 41.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 42.

41. Restore service.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

42. At the COT, unplug all CUs except one on the shelf being tested. (The channel units do not need to be removed from the shelf.)

43. Request the Maintenance Center or Test Desk to perform tests on the equipped channel.

44. Did the trouble clear?

If YES, then continue with Step 45.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 48.

45. Reinsert the CUs one at a time and have the Maintenance Center or Test Desk repeat tests after each insertion.

46. Replace the CU that causes the test to fail.

47. Reinsert the remaining CUs and restore service.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

48. At the RT, replace the TRU associated with the shelf being tested.

49. Request the Maintenance Center or Test Desk to perform tests.

50. Did the trouble clear?

If YES, then proceed to Step 55.  
If NO, then continue with Step 51.

51. At the RT, unplug all CUs except one matching the equipped channel at the COT on shelf being tested. (The channel units do not need to be removed from the shelf.)
52. Request the Maintenance Center or Test Desk to perform tests.
53. Did the trouble clear?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 55.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 54.

54. Use the COT and RT schematic drawings to locate and clear trouble.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

55. Were CUs unplugged?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 57.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 56.

56. Restore service.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

57. Reinsert the CUs one at a time and have the Maintenance Center or Test Desk repeat tests after each insertion.
58. Replace the CU that causes the test to fail.
59. Reinsert the remaining CUs and restore service.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

## CLEAR CHANNEL FAILURE - MULTIPLE CHANNELS - SIGNALING TROUBLE

1. At COT, remove service from shelf containing CUs (channel units) with trouble.
2. **Caution:** *On this TAP and all subsequent TAPs, any time a circuit pack is replaced, insure that any option switches are set identical to the data on the facility record.*

Replace TRU associated with CUs with trouble.

3. **Note:** If Maintenance Center or Test Desk cannot access failed channel via PGTC (pair gain test controller) or XTC (extended test controller), check to ensure that no fuses are blown in lower (blue) bank CFU (channel fuse unit).

Request Maintenance Center or Test Desk to perform tests.

4. Did trouble clear?

If YES, then STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.  
If NO, then continue with Step 5.

5. Is bank equipped with FPD capability?

If YES, then continue with Step 6.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 9.

6. Replace Transcoder Unit (TCU).

7. **Note:** If Maintenance Center or Test Desk cannot access failed channel via PGTC or XTC, check to ensure that no fuses are blown in lower (blue) bank CFU.

Request Maintenance Center or Test Desk to perform tests.

8. Did trouble clear?

If YES, then STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.  
If NO, then continue with Step 9.

9. Is shelf equipped with DCU-L (AUA16) and DCU-R (AUA17) circuit packs?

If YES, then continue with Step 10.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 13.

10. Replace DCU-L and DCU-R circuit packs.

Reference: DLP-519

11. **Note:** If Maintenance Center or Test Desk cannot access failed channel via PGTC or XTC, check to ensure that no fuses are blown in lower (blue) bank CFU.

Request Maintenance Center or Test Desk to perform tests.

12. Did trouble clear?

If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**

If **NO**, then continue with Step 13.

13. At COT, unplug all CUs on shelf being tested. (The CUs do not need to be removed from shelf.)

14. Reinsert one CU and have Maintenance Center or Test Desk to perform tests.

15. Did trouble clear?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 16.

If **NO**, then proceed to Step 19.

16. Reinsert CUs one at a time and have Maintenance Center or Test Desk repeat tests after each insertion.

17. Replace CU that causes test to fail.

18. Reinsert remaining CUs and restore service.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

19. At RT, replace TRU associated with shelf being tested.

20. Request Maintenance Center or Test Desk to repeat tests.

21. Did trouble clear?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 34.

If **NO**, then continue with Step 22.

22. Is bank equipped with FPD capability?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 23.

If **NO**, then proceed to Step 26.

23. Replace Transcoder Unit (TCU).

24. **Note:** If Maintenance Center or Test Desk cannot access failed channel via PGTC or XTC, check to ensure that no fuses are blown in lower (blue) bank CFU.

Request Maintenance Center or Test Desk to perform tests.

25. Did trouble clear?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 34.

If **NO**, then continue with Step 26.

26. Is shelf equipped with DCU-L (AUA16) and DCU-R (AUA17) circuit packs?

If YES, then continue with Step 27.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 30.

27. Replace DCU-L and DCU-R circuit packs.

Reference: DLP-519

28. **Note:** If Maintenance Center or Test Desk cannot access failed channel via PGTC or XTC, check to ensure that no fuses are blown in lower (blue) bank CFU.

Request Maintenance Center or Test Desk to perform tests.

29. Did trouble clear?

If YES, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If NO, then continue with Step 30.

30. At RT, unplug all CUs on shelf being tested. (The CUs do not need to be removed from shelf.)

31. Reinsert one CU that matches the equipped channel at the COT and have Maintenance Center or Test Desk to perform tests on that channel.

32. Did trouble clear?

If YES, then proceed to Step 34.  
If NO, then continue with Step 33.

33. Use COT and RT schematic drawings to locate and clear trouble.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

34. Were channel units unplugged?

If YES, then proceed to Step 36.  
If NO, then continue with Step 35.

35. Restore service.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

36. Reinsert CUs one at a time and have Maintenance Center or Test Desk repeat tests after each insertion.

37. Replace CU that causes test to fail.

38. Reinsert remaining CUs and restore service.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

## CLEAR CHANNEL FAILURE - SINGLE CHANNEL - SINGLE PARTY, MULTIPARTY

1. **Note:** Most channel units serve two lines.  
  
Verify that **BUSY LED** is **not lighted** on failed channel unit (CU).
2. At COT, replace CU with reported trouble.
3. **Note:** If Maintenance Center or Test Desk cannot access failed channel via PGTC (pair gain test controller) or XTC (extended test controller), check to ensure that no fuses are blown in lower (blue) bank CFU (channel fuse unit).  
  
Request Maintenance Center or Test Desk to perform tests on new CU.
4. Can Maintenance Center or Test Desk access failed channel for testing?  
  
If **YES**, then proceed to Step 28.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 5.
5. **Note:** Verify that Maintenance Center or Test Desk is not using PGTC or XTC to perform tests on any CU in bank assembly containing failed CU.  
  
Obtain a **SLC Series 5 Craft Interface Unit**.
6. Condition CIU (craft interface unit) for testing. Refer to CIU Users Guide if necessary.
7. Insert connector on end of CIU cable into **TEST ACC** jack on CTU (channel test unit).
8. The CIU will perform a 15-second self-test when first powered up and then will display the following OPERATIONS MENU: **1. CKT ACTIVITIES 2. SYSTEM TURN-UP 3. TEST BUS ACCESS COMMAND [CKT ACTIVITIES] =**
9. At the CIU keyboard, enter **3** or **T**.
10. The CIU display will show: **SYSTEM ID =**
11. At the CIU keyboard, enter system identification (SYSTEM ID) number for system being turned up. The CIU display will show: **CLEAR TEST BUS ACCESS**
12. Get DMM (digital multimeter) and condition to measure dc volts.
13. Connect DMM test leads to **LINE T/R** jack on CIU.
14. Does meter indicate 0 Vdc?  
  
If **YES**, then proceed to Step 18.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 15.
15. At the CIU keyboard, press **BREAK** key.

16. Remove DMM test leads from CIU.
17. Replace CU associated with channel experiencing trouble and repeat from Step 9.
18. Condition DMM to measure ohms.
19. With DMM test leads connected to **LINE T/R** jack on CIU, does DMM indicate infinite resistance (open circuit)?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 23.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 20.

20. At the CIU keyboard, press **BREAK** key.
21. Remove DMM test leads from CIU.
22. Replace CU associated with channel experiencing trouble and repeat from Step 9.
23. Remove DMM test leads from CIU.
24. Repeat Steps 12 through 23 with DMM leads connected to **LINE T1/R1** jack on CIU.
25. At the CIU keyboard, enter **YES**.
26. Remove CIU cable from **TEST ACC** jack on CTU.
27. Request the Maintenance Center or Test Desk to perform tests on the CU with trouble.
28. Did trouble clear?

If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 29.

29. Replace CTU and repeat Steps 6 through 27.
30. Did trouble clear?

If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 31.

31. Replace CTU with CTU removed previously.
32. At RT, replace CU with reported trouble.
33. Request Maintenance Center or Test Desk to perform tests on new CU.
34. Can Maintenance Center or Test Desk access failed channel for testing?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 36.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 35.

35. Perform Steps 5 through 29.

36. Did trouble clear?

If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 37.

37. Check **COT** and **RT** wiring for tip and ring reversals or shorts. Use **COT** and **RT** schematic drawings to check wiring.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

## CLEAR CHANNEL FAILURE - MULTIPLE CHANNELS - SINGLE PARTY, MULTIPARTY

1. **Note:** If Maintenance Center or Test Desk cannot access failed channel via PGTC (pair gain test controller) or XTC (extended test controller), check to ensure that no fuses are blown in lower (blue) bank CFU (channel fuse unit).

Request Maintenance Center or Test Desk to perform tests on all channels on all shelves and determine extent of trouble.

2. Is trouble on a single digroup (A, B, C, or D) or on a shelf (AB or CD)?

If **SINGLE DIGROUP**, then continue with Step 3.  
If **SHELF**, then proceed to Step 63.

3. Remove service from digroup containing channels with trouble.

4. **Note:** Approximately 20 seconds must be allowed for alarm lamps to clear.

At COT, replace TRU on shelf with trouble.

5. Request Maintenance Center or Test Desk to repeat channel tests.

6. Did trouble clear?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 17.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 7.

7. If you do not have a protection line, proceed to Step 9. At LSU faceplate, locate f switch that is associated with digroup experiencing trouble.

8. Operate the f switch to the ON position.

9. **Caution:** *On this TAP and all subsequent TAPs, any time a circuit pack is replaced, insure that any option switches are set identical to the data on the facility record. Incorrectly set LIU option switches may result in immediate or future loss of service or may introduce errors into the digital bitstream.*

Replace LIU for digroup with trouble.

Reference: DLP-518

10. Does FAIL LED on LIU light and remain lighted?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 11.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 15.

11. Depress ADU LED TEST pushbutton.

12. Does FAIL LED on LIU go off?

If NO, then continue with Step 13.  
If YES, then proceed to Step 14.

13. Replace LIU and repeat from Step 10.

Reference: DLP-518

14. Option switch (32/64) on LIU is set incorrectly. Remove LIU, set option switch correctly, reinstall LIU, and repeat from Step 10.

15. If you do not have a protection line, proceed to Step 16. Operate appropriate f switch on LSU to OFF.

16. Did trouble clear?

If YES, then continue with Step 17.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 18.

17. Restore service to digroup.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

18. Is bank equipped with FPD capability?

If YES, then continue with Step 19.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 22.

19. Replace TCU (transcoder unit).

20. **Note:** If Maintenance Center or Test Desk cannot access failed channel via PGTC or XTC, check to ensure that no fuses are blown in lower (blue) bank CFU.

Request Maintenance Center or Test Desk to perform tests.

21. Did trouble clear?

If YES, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If NO, then continue with Step 22.

22. Is shelf equipped with DCU-L (AUA16) and DCU-R (AUA17) circuit packs?

If YES, then continue with Step 23.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 26.

23. Replace DCU-L and DCU-R circuit packs.

Reference: DLP-519

24. **Note:** If Maintenance Center or Test Desk cannot access failed channel via PGTC or XTC, check to ensure that no fuses are blown in lower (blue) bank CFU.

Request Maintenance Center or Test Desk to perform tests.

25. Did trouble clear?

If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 26.

26. Unseat all CUs (channel units) in digroup being tested. (The CUs do not need to be removed from shelf.)
27. Reinsert one CU and have Maintenance Center or Test Desk to perform test on that channel.
28. Did trouble clear?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 29.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 32.

29. Reinsert CUs one at a time and have Maintenance Center or Test Desk repeat tests after each insertion.
30. Replace CU that causes test to fail.
31. Reinsert remaining CUs and restore service.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

32. **Note:** Approximately 20 seconds must be allowed for alarm lamps to clear.

At RT, replace TRU on shelf with trouble.

33. Request Maintenance Center or Test Desk to repeat channel test.

34. Did trouble clear?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 46.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 35.

35. If you do not have a protection line, proceed to Step 37. At RT LSU faceplate, locate f switch that is associated with digroup(s) experiencing trouble.
36. Operate the f switch to the ON position.
37. **Caution:** *On this TAP and all subsequent TAPs, any time a circuit pack is replaced, insure that any option switches are set identical to the data on the facility record. Incorrectly set LIU option switches may result in immediate or future loss of service or may introduce errors into the digital bitstream.*

Replace RT LIU in digroup(s) with trouble.

Reference: DLP-518

38. Does FAIL LED on LIU light and remain lighted?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 39.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 43.

39. Depress **ADU LED TEST** pushbutton.
40. Does **FAIL LED** on **LIU** go off?
  - If **NO**, then continue with Step 41.
  - If **YES**, then proceed to Step 42.
41. Replace **LIU** and repeat from Step 38.
  - Reference: **DLP-518**
42. Option switch (**32/64**) on **LIU** is set incorrectly. Remove **LIU**, set option switch correctly, reinstall **LIU**, and repeat from Step 38.
43. If you do not have a protection line, proceed to Step 43. Operate appropriate f switch on **LSU** to **OFF**.
44. Request Maintenance Center or Test Desk to repeat channel test.
45. Did trouble clear?
  - If **YES**, then continue with Step 46.
  - If **NO**, then proceed to Step 47.
46. Reinstall all channel units and restore service to digroup.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**
47. Is bank equipped with **FPD** capability?
  - If **YES**, then continue with Step 48.
  - If **NO**, then proceed to Step 51.
48. Replace (**TCU**).
49. **Note:** If Maintenance Center or Test Desk cannot access failed channel via **PGTC** or **XTC**, check to ensure that no fuses are blown in lower (blue) bank **CFU**.

Request Maintenance Center or Test Desk to perform tests.
50. Did trouble clear?
  - If **YES**, then proceed to Step 59.
  - If **NO**, then continue with Step 51.
51. Is shelf equipped with **DCU-L (AUA16)** and **DCU-R (AUA17)** circuit packs?
  - If **YES**, then continue with Step 52.
  - If **NO**, then proceed to Step 55.
52. Replace **DCU-L** and **DCU-R** circuit packs.
  - Reference: **DLP-519**

53. **Note:** If Maintenance Center or Test Desk cannot access failed channel via PGTC or XTC, check to ensure that no fuses are blown in lower (blue) bank **CFU**.

Request Maintenance Center or Test Desk to perform tests.

54. Did trouble clear?

If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 55.

55. At RT, unseat all **CU**s in digroup being tested. (The **CU**s do not need to be removed from shelf.)

56. Reinsert one **CU** and have Maintenance Center or Test Desk to perform tests on that channel.

57. Did channel trouble clear?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 58.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 60.

58. Reinsert next **CU** and have Maintenance Center or Test Desk repeat test.

59. Did channel trouble clear?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 58.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 60.

60. Replace **CU** that causes test to fail.

61. Reinsert remaining **CU**s and restore service.

62. Did channel failure clear?

If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 63.

63. **Note:** Approximately 20 seconds must be allowed for alarm lamps to clear.

At COT, replace **TRU** on shelf with trouble.

64. Request Maintenance Center or Test Desk to repeat channel tests.

65. Did trouble clear?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 76.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 66.

66. If you do not have a protection line, proceed to Step 68. At **LSU** faceplate, locate **f** switch that is associated with first **LIU** for shelf with trouble.

67. Operate the **f** switch to the **ON** position.

68. **Caution:** *On this TAP and all subsequent TAPs, any time a circuit pack is replaced, insure that any option switches are set identical to the data on the facility record. Incorrectly set LIU option switches may result in immediate or future loss of service or may introduce errors into the digital bitstream.*

Replace first LIU for shelf with trouble.

Reference: DLP-518

69. Does FAIL LED on LIU light and remain lighted?

If YES, then continue with Step 70.

If NO, then proceed to Step 74.

70. Depress ADU LED TEST pushbutton.

71. Does FAIL LED on LIU go off?

If NO, then continue with Step 72.

If YES, then proceed to Step 73.

72. Replace LIU and repeat from Step 69.

Reference: DLP-518

73. Option switch (32/64) on LIU set incorrectly. Remove LIU, set option switch correctly, reinstall LIU and repeat from Step 69.

74. If you do not have a protection line, proceed to Step 75. Operate appropriate f switch on LSU to OFF.

75. Did trouble clear?

If YES, then continue with Step 76.

If NO, then proceed to Step 77.

76. Restore service to shelf.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

77. If you do not have a protection line, proceed to Step 79. At LSU faceplate, locate f switch that is associated with next LIU for shelf with trouble.

78. Operate the f switch to the ON position.

79. **Caution:** *On this TAP and all subsequent TAPs, any time a circuit pack is replaced, insure that any option switches are set identical to the data on the facility record. Incorrectly set LIU option switches may result in immediate or future loss of service or may introduce errors into the digital bitstream.*

Replace next LIU for shelf with trouble.

Reference: DLP-518

80. Does **FAIL** LED on **LIU** light and remain lighted?

If **YES**, then continue with Step **81**.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step **85**.

81. Depress **ADU LED TEST** pushbutton.

82. Does **FAIL** LED on **LIU** go off?

If **NO**, then continue with Step **83**.  
If **YES**, then proceed to Step **84**.

83. Replace **LIU** and repeat from Step **80**.

Reference: **DLP-518**

84. Option switch (**32/64**) on **LIU** is set incorrectly. Remove **LIU**, set option switch correctly, reinstall **LIU**, and repeat from Step **80**.

85. If you do not have a protection line, proceed to Step **86**. Operate appropriate f switch on **LSU** to **OFF**.

86. Did trouble clear?

If **YES**, then continue with Step **87**.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step **88**.

87. Restore service to shelf.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

88. Have all **LIUs** for shelf with trouble been replaced?

If **YES**, then continue with Step **89**.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step **77**.

89. Did trouble clear?

If **YES**, then continue with Step **90**.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step **91**.

90. Restore service to shelf.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

91. At **COT**, unseat all **CUs** on shelf being tested. (The **CUs** do not need to be removed from shelf.)

92. Reinsert one **CU** and have Maintenance Center or Test Desk to perform channel test on that channel.

93. Did channel trouble clear?

If YES, then continue with Step 94.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 96.

94. Reinsert next CU and have Maintenance Center or Test Desk repeat test.

95. Did channel trouble clear?

If YES, then proceed to Step 94.  
If NO, then continue with Step 96.

96. Replace CU that causes test to fail.

97. Reinsert remaining CUs and restore service.

98. Did channel failure clear?

If YES, then STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.  
If NO, then continue with Step 99.

99. **Note:** Approximately 20 seconds must be allowed for alarm lamps to clear.

At RT, replace TRU on shelf with trouble.

100. Request Maintenance Center or Test Desk to repeat channel test.

101. Did trouble clear?

If YES, then proceed to Step 112.  
If NO, then continue with Step 102.

102. If you do not have a protection line, proceed to Step 104. At RT LSU faceplate, locate f switch that is associated with first LIU for shelf with trouble.

103. Operate the f switch to the ON position.

104. **Caution:** *On this TAP and all subsequent TAPs, any time a circuit pack is replaced, insure that any option switches are set identical to the data on the facility record. Incorrectly set LIU option switches may result in immediate or future loss of service or may introduce errors into the digital bitstream.*

At RT, replace first LIU for shelf with trouble.

Reference: DLP-518

105. Does FAIL LED on LIU light and remain lighted?

If YES, then continue with Step 106.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 110.

106. Depress ADU LED TEST pushbutton.

107. Does FAIL LED on LIU go off?

If NO, then continue with Step 108.  
If YES, then proceed to Step 109.

108. Replace LIU and repeat from Step 105.

Reference: DLP-518

109. Option switch (32/64) on LIU is set incorrectly. Remove LIU, set option switch correctly, reinstall LIU, and repeat from Step 105.

110. If you do not have a protection line, proceed to Step 111. Operate appropriate f switch on LSU to OFF.

111. Did trouble clear?

If YES, then continue with Step 112.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 113.

112. Restore service to shelf.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

113. If you do not have a protection line, proceed to Step 115. At RT LSU faceplate, locate f switch that is associated with next LIU for shelf with trouble.

114. Operate the f switch to the ON position.

115. **Caution: On this TAP and all subsequent TAPs, any time a circuit pack is replaced, insure that any option switches are set identical to the data on the facility record. Incorrectly set LIU option switches may result in immediate or future loss of service or may introduce errors into the digital bitstream.**

At RT, replace next LIU for shelf with trouble.

Reference: DLP-518

116. Does FAIL LED on LIU light and remain lighted?

If YES, then continue with Step 117.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 121.

117. Depress ADU LED TEST pushbutton.

118. Does FAIL LED on LIU go off?

If NO, then continue with Step 119.  
If YES, then proceed to Step 120.

119. Replace LIU and repeat from Step 116.

Reference: DLP-518

120. Option switch (32/64) on LIU set incorrectly. Remove LIU, set option switch correctly, reinstall LIU and repeat from Step 116.
121. If you do not have a protection line, proceed to Step 122. Operate appropriate f switch on LSU to off.
122. Did trouble clear?

If YES, then continue with Step 123.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 124.

123. Restore service to shelf.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

124. Have all LIUs for shelf with trouble been replaced?

If YES, then continue with Step 125.  
If NO, then repeat from Step 113.

125. Did trouble clear?

If YES, then continue with Step 126.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 127.

126. Restore service to shelf.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

127. Unseat all CUs on shelf being tested. (The CUs do not need to be removed from shelf.)
128. Reinsert one CU and have Maintenance Center or Test Desk to perform tests.
129. Did trouble clear?

If YES, then continue with Step 130.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 133.

130. Reinsert CUs one at a time and have Maintenance Center or Test Desk repeat tests after each insertion.
131. Replace CU that causes test to fail.
132. Reinsert remaining CUs and restore service.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

133. Use COT and RT schematic drawings to locate and clear trouble.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

**CLEAR MAJOR OR MINOR ALARM AT COT OR RT -  
MJ OR MN AND NE LEDS LIGHTED  
(ON PROT. NOT LIGHTED)**

1. Is **FAIL** LED lighted on any **LIU**?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 2.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 12.

2. If you do not have a protection line, proceed to Step 4. At **LSU** faceplate, locate **f** switch that is associated with the same digroup as the **LIU** with **FAIL** indicator lighted.
3. Operate the **f** switch to the **ON** position.
4. **Caution 1: Removal of the ADU or BCU at a Mode 96 RT will result in loss of service on the A digroup.**

**Caution 2: On this TAP and all subsequent TAPs, any time a circuit pack is replaced, insure that any option switches are set identical to the data on the facility record. Incorrectly set ADU, LSU, or LIU option switches may result in immediate or future loss of service or may introduce errors into the digital bitstream.**

**Note:** When the system is equipped with **FPC**, **FPC2**, or **FPD** and the **BCU** or **ADU** at the **COT** or the **BCU** at the **RT** is replaced; up to 10 minutes may be required for the fail and status indicators to return to normal if the memory of the **BCU** at the **RT** has to be updated. If any two plug-ins fail (**BCU** and **ADU** at the **COT** or **BCU** at the **RT**), replace all three plug-ins and reinitialize the system.

Replace **LIU** with **FAIL** indicator lighted.

Reference: **DLP-518**

5. Does **FAIL** LED on **LIU** light and remain lighted?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 6.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 10.

6. Depress **ADU LED TEST** pushbutton.
7. Does **FAIL** LED on **LIU** go off?

If **NO**, then continue with Step 8.  
If **YES**, then proceed to Step 9.

8. Replace **LIU** and repeat from Step 5.

Reference: **DLP-518**

9. Option switch (32/64) on LIU is set incorrectly. Remove LIU, set option switch correctly, reinstall LIU, and repeat from Step 5.
10. If you do not have a protection line, proceed to Step 11. Operate appropriate f switch on LSU to OFF.
11. Did system alarms clear within 20 seconds?

If YES, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If NO, then continue with Step 12.

12. Are any other FAIL LEDs lighted?

If YES, then continue with Step 13.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 20.

13. **Caution 1: Removal of the ADU or BCU at a Mode 96 RT will result in loss of service on the A digroup.**

**Caution 2: On this TAP and all subsequent TAPs, any time a circuit pack is replaced, insure that any option switches are set identical to the data on the facility record. Incorrectly set ADU, LSU, or LIU option switches may result in immediate or future loss of service or may introduce errors into the digital bitstream.**

**Note:** When the system is equipped with FPC, FPC2, or FPD and the BCU or ADU at the COT or the BCU at the RT is replaced; up to 10 minutes may be required for the fail and status indicators to return to normal if the memory of the BCU at the RT has to be updated. If any two plug-ins fail (BCU and ADU at the COT or BCU at the RT), replace all three plug-ins and reinitialize the system.

Replace circuit pack(s) that has FAIL LED lighted.

Reference: DLP-515 (LSU)

Reference: DLP-516 (ADU)

Reference: DLP-517 (AIU)

14. Did alarm clear within 20 seconds?

If YES, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If NO, then continue with Step 15.

15. At ADU depress LED TEST pushbutton.

16. Are all FAIL LEDs lighted?

If YES, then proceed to Step 20.  
If NO, then continue with Step 17.

17. At PCU -48V and GND pin jacks, is -48V present?

If YES, then continue with Step 18.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 21.

18. **Caution 1:** *Before removing a PCU from an RT shelf, locate the CFU that is housed in the same bank as the PCU to be replaced and remove either the -20 HZ/AB (if PCU is in AB shelf) or the -20 HZ/CD (if PCU is in CD shelf) fuse. Replace the fuse after the PCU has been replaced.*

**Caution 2:** *On this TAP and all subsequent TAPs, insure that any option switches are set identical to the data on the facility record.*

Replace the PCU.

19. Did alarm clear?

If YES, then STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 23.

20. Check option switch settings on ADU.

21. Are ADU option switch settings correct?

If YES, then proceed to Step 23.  
If NO, then continue with Step 22.

22. Correct ADU option switch settings and repeat from Step 19.

23. **Note:** Multiple troubles may exist.

At the COT, is (yellow) OFFICE CLOCK LED on the OTU lighted?

If YES, then Main office clock failed, use appropriate schematic for maintenance and repeat from Step 19.  
If NO, then continue with Step 24.

24. Use SD-7C115 and SD-7C116 at COT or SD-7C117, SD-7C118, and SD-7C119 at the RT to locate trouble.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

## **CLEAR MAJOR ALARM AT COT OR RT - MJ, NE, AND DCU FAIL LEDS LIGHTED**

1. Remove DCU with **FAIL** LED lighted and install replacement DCU.

Reference: **DLP-519**

2. Did **DCU FAIL** LED(s) extinguish?

If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 3.

3. Use SD-7C115-02 and SD-7C116-02 if at COT or SD-7C117-02 if at RT to locate trouble.

## CLEAR MAJOR ALARM AT COT OR RT - INC OR FAILED INPUT LED ON DCU LIGHTED

1. Replace DCU-L (AUA16) circuit pack.

Reference: DLP-519

2. Is INC indicator on DCU-R or FAILED INPUT indicator on DCU-L lighted?

If YES, then continue with Step 3.

If NO, then STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.

3. Replace DCU-L circuit pack with original DCU-L circuit pack.

4. Is INC indicator on DCU-R lighted?

If YES, then continue with Step 5.

If NO, then proceed to Step 6.

5. Failure in equipment or facility downstream from RT. Continue trouble isolation procedures contained in documents pertaining to equipment or facility in question.

6. Failure in equipment or facility connecting to DCU-L at RT. If DSX-1 is present at RT location, check for good DS1 signal at "OUT" jacks feeding DCU-L. If signal is good, check wiring between DSX-1 and DCU-L. If signal is faulty check DS1 facility feeding DSX-1. If DSX-1 is not present at RT, continue trouble isolation using procedures contained in documents pertaining to equipment or facility in question.

## FIBER-TO-THE-HOME MAINTENANCE PHILOSOPHY

### GENERAL

The FTTH (Fiber-To-The-Home) capability is provided by the SLC® Series 5 Carrier System (Series 5) configured with FPC (Feature Package C). The basic system is composed of a Series 5 COT (central office terminal) connected via a fiber multiplex system or T1 carrier to a Series 5 RT (remote terminal). Additional RT equipment and apparatus provide the optical interface to the DT (Distant Terminal) located at the customer premises.

### FTTH REMOTE TERMINAL DESCRIPTION

The FTTH equipment is mounted on 7-foot frames in an RT enclosure [e.g., CEV (controlled environmental vault)]. The frame can be equipped with 2 RT channel bank assemblies, 4 optical shelves, two 2A fan units, and an optics power shelf. This arrangement will support 4 SLC Series 5 carrier RT systems. Another 7-foot frame is used as an optical interconnect facility to make the interconnections from the optical shelf to the fiber distribution cable.

Three new channel units are used in a FTTH RT channel bank. The AUA400 and AUA401 CUs provide the electrical interface to the optical shelf AYB1(B) plug-in for 2 or 4 single-party channels, respectively. The AUA403 test CU is used only for system testing purposes.

### WARNING

*The use of any RT channel unit except the AUA400, AUA401, or AUA403 CUs will result in permanent damage to the AYB1(B) OU in the optical shelf.*

### DISTANT TERMINAL DESCRIPTION

A single fiber carries up to four VF channels from the AYB1(B) optical unit in the RT optical shelf to an AYB1(B) in the DT. The AYB1(B) splits the transmit and receive optical signals and performs the electrical to optical conversion. The electrical signal from the DT AYB1(B) is passed to the ASJ1 channel unit which provides up to four VF lines depending on which channel unit is used at the RT. The ASJ1 channel unit provides the BORSCH (battery feed; overvoltage protection; ringing; supervision; CODEC; hybrid) functions for the four POTS lines.

The DT is powered from customer premises ac power. The ASH1 power converter unit maintains backup battery power, provides DT circuit pack power, and ringing current.

### SYSTEM MAINTENANCE

Trouble clearing for FTTH is based on LED alarm indicators and circuit pack replacement. Basic SLC Series 5 carrier system trouble clearing activities, as described in TAD-100, is the same for a FTTH system with one main difference. The alarms that indicate failed RT ringing generators (non-FTTH) are used to report failed optical shelf or optics power shelf troubles (ADU and BCU indicators light for the digroups).

## **FTTH CUSTOMER TROUBLE REPORTS**

A FTTH customer trouble report is generally an unalarmed trouble (i.e., not a system trouble) that can be caused by failed COT or RT channel units, failed AYB1(B) optical unit, failed DT equipment, or bad fiber distribution cable.

When a customer reports a trouble to the RSA (repair service administrator), the RSA can perform MLT (generic 5 issues 6 or later) tests, via XTC, that will give a good/bad COT channel unit indication and a dc signature for the RT channel unit. If the COT channel unit is good and the RT channel unit dc signature is good, craftsperson should be dispatched to the DT.

A J99407TA-1,L1 analyzer (a self-contained portable DT) can be used at the RT or DT to sectionalize troubles to RT equipment, fiber distribution cable, or DT equipment (See Fig. 1). The RT channel units AUA400 and AUA401 have an OOS (out of service) indicator that lights when the signal from the DT is lost. The analyzer can be connected at the optical interconnect shelf to verify RT equipment. An AUA403 channel unit, included with the analyzer, can be used to isolate trouble between the COT and RT by replacing the AUA400 or AUA401 channel unit.

When trouble clearing at the DT, first verify ac power and ASH1 power converter voltages are present. Then observe ASJ1 channel unit alarm indicators to determine the cause of the trouble. The analyzer can be used to quickly identify if trouble is associated with the fiber distribution cable or DT equipment.

TAPs in this section provide detailed procedures required to clear Fiber-To-The-Home customer trouble reports.

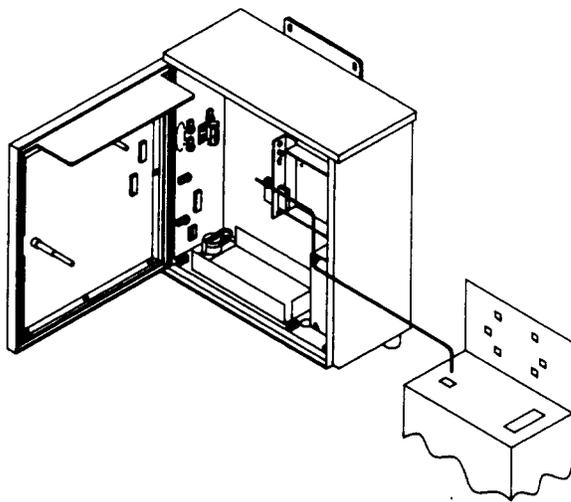
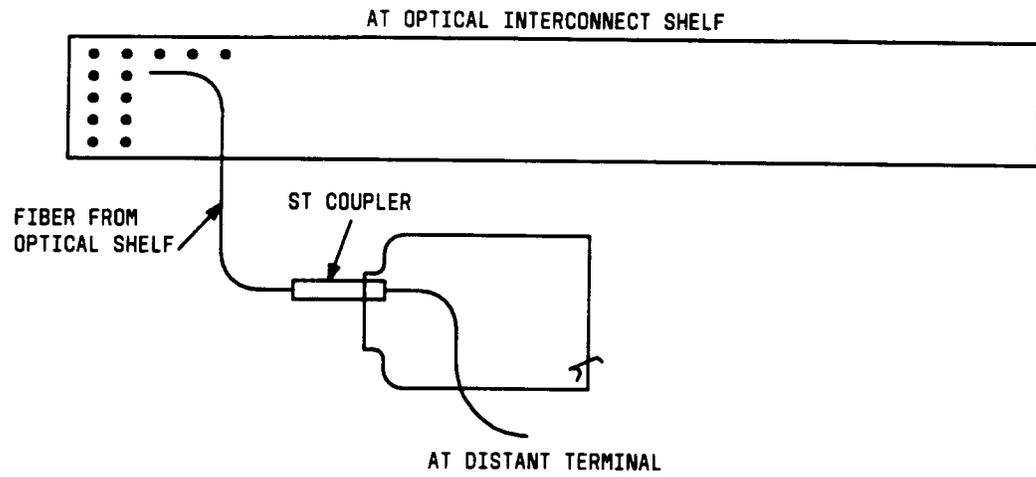


Fig. 1—Fiber Connections With J99407TA Analyzer

## CLEAR FIBER-TO-THE-HOME CHANNEL TROUBLE

**General** This procedure is used to clear customer trouble reports when the SLC Series 5 carrier system is unalarmed. Customer trouble conditions can be caused by system failures or RT optical power failures. These troubles will activate system alarms. If the SLC system is alarmed, refer to IXL-001 to clear trouble condition.

Multiple channel troubles can be caused by faulty common units (TRUs or LIUs), or a faulty channel unit (killer channel unit) at the COT or RT channel bank. These types of failures generally cause trouble on all channels associated with the digroup(s).

This procedure is intended to clear channel trouble reports for customers served by a single DT. Each DT can provide four POTS channels. If more than one channel is used and only one has trouble, customer premises wiring, MDF-to-COT wiring, COT, RT, or DT channel units is a likely cause or trouble. Channel tests via the MLT can give a GOOD/BAD dc signature that indicates if the RT channel unit is out of frame (OOF). MLT testing (generic 5 issue 6 or later) via the XTC can give a PASS/FAIL indication for COT channel units. The RT channel will always fail but the GOOD/BAD dc signature will indicate an OOF condition.

1. Is trouble on a single DT, or associated with a shelf (AB or CD) or single digroup?

If DT, then continue with Step 2.

If SHELF or DIGROUP, then do TAP-123.

2. **Note:** If Maintenance Center or Test Desk cannot access failed channel via PGTC (pair gain test controller) or XTC (extended test controller), check to ensure that no fuses are blown in lower (blue) bank CFU (channel fuse unit). The results will be a GOOD/BAD RT channel unit dc signature and possibly a PASS/FAIL COT channel unit result (if MLT with generic 5.1 or later and the XTC is used). If the channel is busy test access will be denied. See Maintenance and Testing section in AT&T Practice 363-205-002 for more details on channel testing.

Request Maintenance Center to perform tests on failed CUs.

Reference: DLP-526

3. What were the test results?

If GOOD dc signature for RT CU, proceed to DT and continue with Step 15.

If BAD dc signature for RT CU, proceed to RT and continue with Step 7.

If BAD COT CU or no test done, proceed to COT and continue with Step 4.

4. Replace COT AUA38 channel unit.
5. Request Maintenance Center to perform tests on new CUs.

Comment: If testing is not available, call customer and verify normal talk and dialing capabilities.

6. Did trouble clear?

If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**

If **NO**, then proceed to RT and continue with Step 7.

7. At RT, determine **AYB1(B)** and optical interconnect fiber associated with the trouble.

Reference: **DLP-522**

8. Connect **J990407TA** analyzer to fiber appearance at the optical interconnect bay and perform normal talk tests.

Reference: **DLP-523**

Comment: The analyzer must be replaced if **FAIL** or **BUSY** indicators remain on after fiber connection is made.

9. Was call completed with normal transmission quality in both directions?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 11.

If **NO**, then continue with Step 10.

10. Check COT and RT wiring for tip and ring reversals. Use COT and RT schematic drawings to check wiring.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**

11. Disconnect analyzer test connections. Clean and reconnect fiber distribution cable at optical interconnect bay.

12. Is **OOS** indicator light on **AUA400** or **AUA401** RT channel unit?

If **YES**, then proceed to DT and continue with Step 15.

If **NO**, then continue with Step 13.

13. Call customer and verify normal talk and dialing capabilities.

14. Did trouble clear?

If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**

If **NO**, then proceed to DT and continue with Step 15.

15. At DT site, disconnect customer line from NAU and connect a test set to the RJ11 jack. Perform normal talk tests.

16. Was call completed with normal transmission quality in both directions?

If **YES**, then **STOP. Trouble is with customer premises wiring. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**

If **NO**, then continue with Step 17.

17. **Note:** The **ASH1 PCU** has two **GND** jacks. One is used with **BAT** and **20HZ** on one side of the board, and **+5**, **-5**, and **-37 Vdc** on the other side of the board.

A quick DT power test is to turn off the ac power and verify the ON BAT indicator lights.

At DT site, open cabinet and measure **ASH1 PCU** faceplate test jack voltages.

Requirements: **BAT** and **GND** -10 to -15 Vdc  
**20HZ** and **GND** -18.4 to -21.6 Vdc  
**20HZ** and **GND** 69 to 81 Vac  
**+5** and **GND** +4.6 to +5.4 Vdc  
**-5** and **GND** -4.6 to -5.4 Vdc  
**-37** and **GND** -34 to -40 Vdc.

Comment: The **20HZ** and **GND** voltages will not be present if **OOF** indicator is lighted or the **ASJ1** is failed.

18. **Note:** The DT power will shut down if ac power is lost and the battery voltage drops below 10 Vdc. Ac power must be restored before the DT will be powered.

If **ASH1 PCU** voltage requirements were not present, replace **ASH1 PCU**. If voltage requirements are still not present, proceed to Step 29.

Reference: **DLP-524**

19. At DT observe any LED indicators on **ASJ1** channel unit.

- **FAIL:** Power down (turn off ac power and disconnect battery power cable J104-P104) and restore DT power. If **FAIL** is still on, replace **ASJ1** and repeat this procedure if necessary.

Reference: **DLP-524**

- **OOF:** Likely cause is in DT electronics, proceed to Step 30.
- **BUSY:** Likely cause is a short in **NIU** wiring, proceed to Step 20.
- **ON BAT:** Likely cause is a loss of ac power. Verify ac power is present at ac outlet and circuit breaker is on. If **ON BAT** is still on proceed to Step 27.
- **No LED Lighted and No Dial Tone:** Replace DT (See AT&T Practice 363-205-002).

20. For **BUSY** indicator, verify no channels are in use and remove connections at the **NIU**. At 108 connect block (Fig. 1) remove Tip-Ring pairs to **NIU** and observe **BUSY** indicator.

21. Did **BUSY** indicator go off?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 22.

If **NO**, then proceed to Step 23.

22. Trouble is in voice-frequency pairs. Use SD drawing to correct wiring trouble. Clear customer premises wiring trouble and reconnect VF pairs to 108 block. Check **NAU** protectors. If dial tone cannot be established at the **NAU**, replace DT.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**

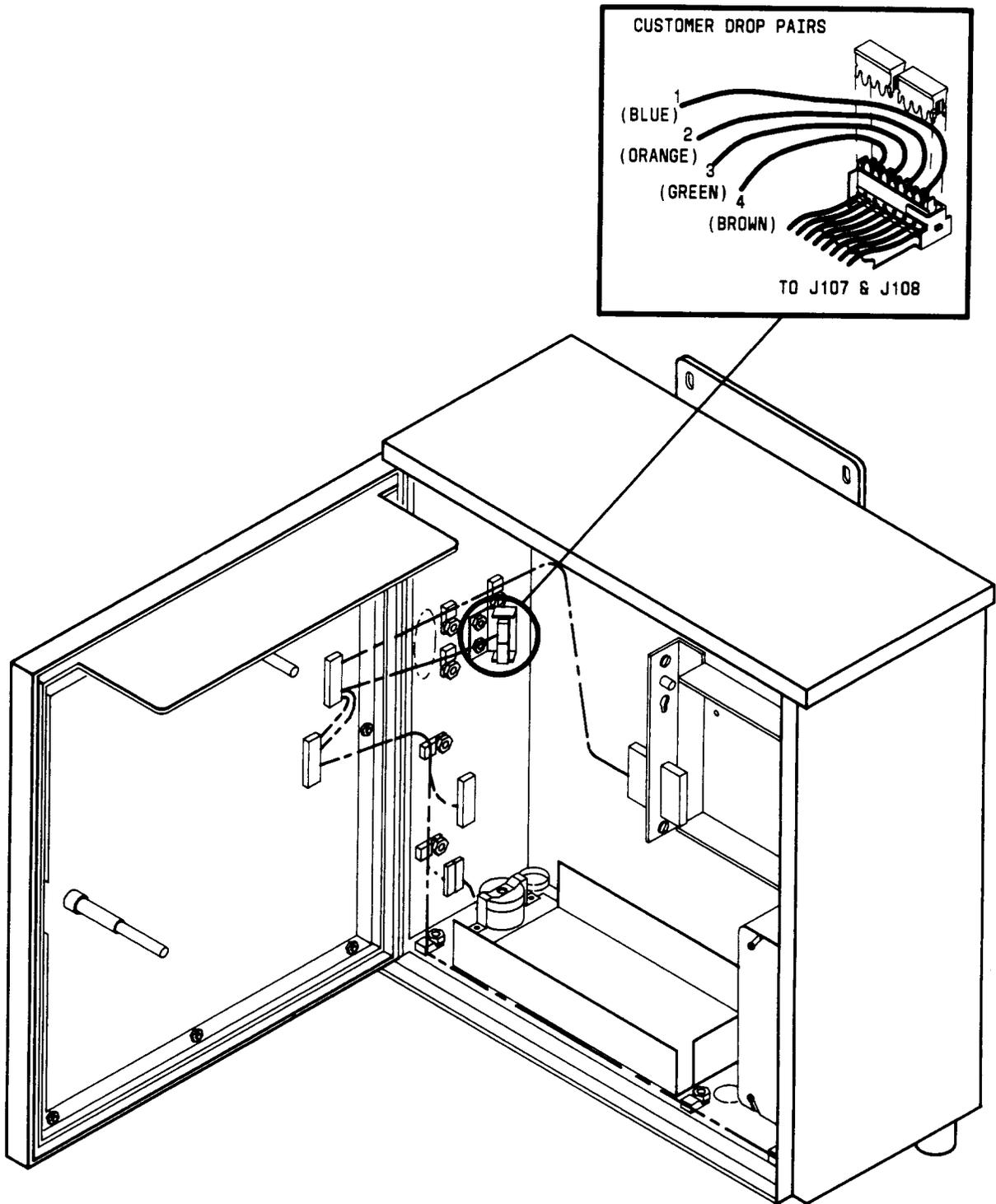


Fig. 1—Customer Drop Pairs Access in DT Cabinet

23. Replace ASJ1 channel unit.

Reference: DLP-524

24. On replacement ASJ1, is BUSY indicator off?

If NO, then continue with Step 25.

If YES, then proceed to Step 26.

25. Trouble is in DT wiring. Use SD drawing to correct wiring trouble. Replace DT if trouble is not found (See AT&T Practice 363-205-002).

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**

26. Connect NAU Tip-Ring pairs on 108 connector block. Perform normal transmission tests from NAU RJ11 jack and proceed to Step 28.

27. **Note:** If ON BAT indicator is lighted, verify ac power is present before continuing.

For power trouble, replace ASH1 PCU and perform normal transmission tests.

Reference: DLP-524

28. Is normal transmission quality good in both directions?

If YES, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**

If NO, then proceed to Step 29.

29. Trouble is in DT circuitry. Use SD drawing to correct wiring trouble. Check secondary ac power to ASH1 PCU at J101 (17 volts ac between brown and brown wires). Replace DT if power trouble is not cleared (See AT&T Practice 363-205-002).

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**

30. For OOF, unplug AYB1(B) optical unit and connect J99407TA test card into AYB1(B) slot. You must remove ST® lightguide cable connector cover and clean the ST connectors before inserting the test card. Perform normal transmission tests from J99407TA Analyzer channel jacks.

31. Is normal transmission quality good in both directions?

If YES, then proceed to Step 33.

If OOF is lighted on Analyzer, then continue with Step 32.

32. If RT equipment has not been checked out, proceed to RT site and continue with Step 7. If trouble is not found at RT, dispatch craftsman responsible for locating and repairing optical distribution cable troubles.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**

33. Replace **AYB1(B)** optical unit in DT and remove Analyzer connections.
34. Perform normal transmission tests from NIU.
35. Is normal transmission quality good in both directions?

**If YES, THEN STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 36.

36. Trouble is in wiring between **AYB1(B)** and **ASJ1**. Use SD drawing to correct wiring trouble. Replace DT if trouble is not cleared (See AT&T Practice 363-205-002).

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**

## CLEAR POWER MINOR ALARM AT 80E CABINET (BULK POWER PLANT) RT - PMN LED LIGHTED

1. At control and distribution panel, is **BAT2** or **VS** circuit breaker on **AYK2** circuit pack tripped or is **FRB** fuse blown?  
  
    If **YES**, then continue with Step 2.  
    If **NO**, then proceed to Step 8.
2. Reset tripped circuit breaker or replace blown fuse.
3. Does circuit breaker trip or fuse blow again?  
  
    If **YES**, then continue with Step 4.  
    If **NO**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**
4. If **FRB** fuse blown?  
  
    If **YES**, then continue with Step 5.  
    If **NO**, then proceed to Step 6.
5. Wiring problem present on control and distribution panel. Use SD-83109-01 to locate and clear trouble.
6. Replace **AYK2** circuit pack.
7. Does circuit breaker trip again?  
  
    If **YES**, then proceed to Step 5.  
    If **NO**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**
8. On OLS rectifier shelf, is **FAIL** indicator on either **CS787B540** power unit (rectifier) lighted?  
  
    If **YES**, then continue with Step 9.  
    If **NO**, then proceed to Step 14.
9. At ac power panel, locate circuit breaker (**CB6**, **CB7**, or **CB8**) providing ac power to rectifier with **FAIL** indicator lighted.
10. Operate circuit breaker **OFF** and then back **ON**.
11. Does **FAIL** indicator on rectifier remain lighted?  
  
    If **YES**, then continue with Step 12.  
    If **NO**, then proceed to Step 13.
12. Replace **CS787B540** rectifier.
13. After 5 minutes, is **PMN** or **P/M** indicator on **BCU** lighted?

If YES, then continue with Step 14.  
If NO, then STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.

14. Use a millivoltmeter to measure output current of each rectifier at test points on control and distribution panel (refer to Table A for test point locations).

TABLE A	
RECTIFIER	TEST POINTS
1	RR - RC1
2	RR - RC2
3	RR - RC3

15. Is output current absent from all rectifiers?

If YES, then continue with Step 16.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 23.

16. At control and distribution panel, operate UTILITY circuit breaker OFF then back ON again.

17. Is output current still absent from all rectifiers?

If YES, then continue with Step 18.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 22.

18. Contact local power company if loss of ac power has occurred.

19. Does power company verify loss of ac power?

If YES, then continue with Step 20.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 21.

20. Estimate restoration time for ac power. If necessary, provide auxiliary source of ac power until ac power is restored.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**

21. Check wiring at control and distribution panel using SD-83109-01.

22. Is output current present from all rectifiers?

If YES, then STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.  
If NO, then continue with Step 23.

23. Check wiring and appropriate circuit breakers on control and distribution panel using SD-83109-01.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

## CLEAR MINOR ALARM - MN AND NE LEDS LIGHTED AT 80E CABINET RT - NO DIGROUP LEDS LIGHTED

1. At ring shelf, is **RMN** indicator on **AUG3 RING CONTROL UNIT** and/or **FAIL** indicator on **3C** or **3A RINGING GENERATOR** lighted?  
  
    If **YES**, then continue with Step 2.  
    If **NO**, then proceed to Step 9.
2. Is **FAIL** indicator on **RINGING GENERATOR** lighted?  
  
    If **YES**, then continue with Step 3.  
    If **NO**, then proceed to Step 7.
3. Replace **RINGING GENERATOR**.
4. Is **FAIL** indicator on **RINGING GENERATOR** lighted?  
  
    If **YES**, then continue with Step 5.  
    If **NO**, then proceed to Step 6.
5. Use SD-7C155-01 to locate and clear trouble.
6. Does alarm clear within 5 minutes?  
  
    If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
    If **NO**, then proceed to Step 1.
7. Replace **RING CONTROL UNIT** with lighted **RMN** indicator.
8. Is **RMN** indicator on **RING CONTROL UNIT** lighted?  
  
    If **YES**, then proceed to Step 5.  
    If **NO**, then proceed to Step 6.
9. Is **FAN ALARM LED** lighted on any 2B fan unit?  
  
    If **YES**, then continue with Step 10.  
    If **NO**, then proceed to Step 16.
10. **Caution: To avoid possible damage, do not over extend fan assembly power cable.**  
  
    Disconnect **J114** from **P114** on fan assembly and remove fan assembly from bay.
11. Examine fan assembly for any mechanical blockage that will prevent fan from operating properly.

12. Is any mechanical blockage present?  
If **YES**, then continue with Step 13.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 15.
13. Remove any blockages, reconnect **J114** to **P114** on fan unit, and reinstall fan unit in bay.
14. Is **FAN ALARM** indicator on 2B fan unit off?  
If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 15.
15. Replace 2B fan unit with new fan unit.  
**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**
16. Remove cover from control and distribution panel. Is circuit breaker **RB1**, **RB2**, **RB3**, or **BAT1** on AYK1 circuit pack tripped or **FBAT** fuse blown?  
If **YES**, then continue with Step 17.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 32.
17. Reset tripped circuit breaker or replace blown fuse.
18. Does circuit breaker trip or fuse blow again?  
If **YES**, then continue with Step 19.  
If **NO**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**
19. Is **FBAT** fuse blown?  
If **YES**, then proceed to Step 23.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 20.
20. Is **BAT1** breaker tripped?  
If **YES**, then continue with Step 21.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 24.
21. Replace AYK1 circuit pack.
22. Does breaker trip again?  
If **YES**, then continue with Step 23.  
If **NO**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**
23. Wiring problem present on control and distribution panel. Use SD-83109-01 to locate and clear trouble.
24. At AYK1 circuit pack, disconnect plug **P1 (RB1)**, **P2 (RB2)**, or **P3 (RB3)** associated with tripped breaker (FIG. 1).
25. Reset tripped circuit breaker.

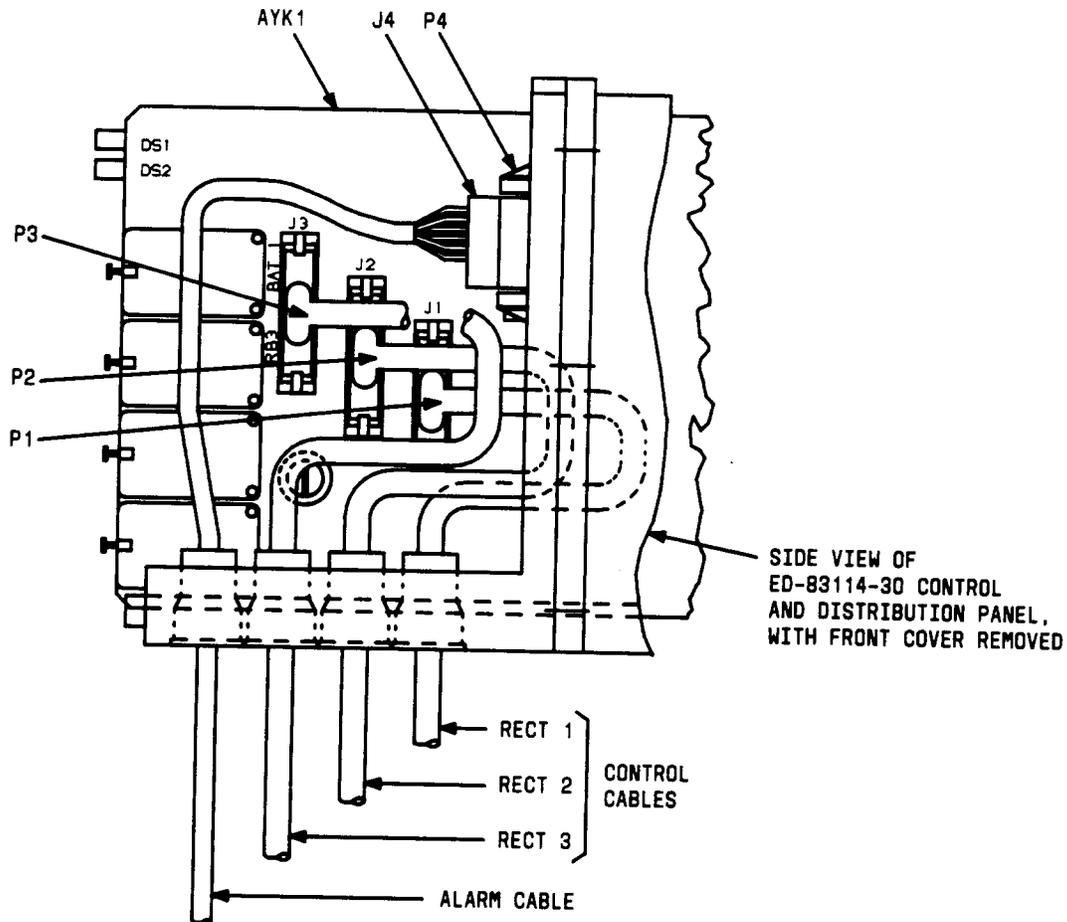


Fig. 1—Location of Rectifier Cable Plugs at AYK1 Circuit Pack

26. Does breaker trip again?  
If YES, then proceed to Step 21.  
If NO, then continue with Step 27.
27. At OLS rectifier shelf, locate and disconnect appropriate P906- connector that is attached to end of cable that was disconnected in Step 24.
28. Reconnect plug P1, P2, or P3 that was disconnected in Step 24 and reset tripped circuit breaker.
29. Does breaker trip again?  
If YES, then proceed to Step 31.  
If NO, then continue with Step 30.

30. Replace appropriate CS787B540 power unit (rectifier), reconnect 906-\_\_ connector, and proceed to Step 22.
31. Defective control cable between circuit breaker and rectifier. Replace control cable and proceed to Step 22.
32. At control and distribution panel, is **LOW VOLT DISCONNECT** indicator lighted?  
  
    If **YES**, then continue with Step 33.  
    If **NO**, then proceed to Step 44.
33. Use DMM (digital multimeter) to measure voltage between test points **PVR** and **PV** on control and distribution panel.
34. Is voltage reading greater than 42.5 Vdc?  
  
    If **YES**, then continue with Step 35.  
    If **NO**, then proceed to Step 39.
35. At control and distribution panel, remove AYK1 circuit pack and measure voltage between test points **BATC** and **RR**.
36. Is voltage reading greater than 0.2 Vdc?  
  
    If **YES**, then continue with Step 37.  
    If **NO**, then proceed to Step 38.
37. Replace control and distribution panel.  
  
    **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**
38. Replace AYK1 circuit pack.  
  
    **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**
39. Output of rectifiers is low, check wiring at OLS rectifier shelf and wiring between rectifier shelf and ac control panel.
40. Is wiring correct and connectors securely attached?  
  
    If **YES**, then proceed to Step 43.  
    If **NO**, then continue with Step 41.
41. Correct wiring problem.
42. Does alarm clear?  
  
    If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
    If **NO**, then continue with Step 43.
43. Trouble in wiring at control and distribution panel or rectifier shelf. Use SD-83109-01 and SD-7C118 to clear trouble.

44. Is **FBAT** fuse on control and distribution panel blown?

If **YES**, then continue with Step **45**.

If **NO**, then proceed to Step **43**.

45. Replace blown fuse and proceed to Step **42**.

## ABBREVIATED SYSTEM MAINTENANCE

### General

This procedure is intended for craft personnel familiar with SLC Series 5 carrier system maintenance. It is assumed that the craft personnel are familiar with the system architecture and understand the functions of the plug-in circuit packs. The basis of this procedure is that one failure condition can cause multiple alarm indications. Detailed steps are not provided. If a circuit pack is replaced, all options must be set correctly on the replacement pack.

The following list provides the order that should be followed when clearing system trouble. Alarm symptoms are given for a failure that can cause multiple alarm indicators to light. The NE/FE LED indicates the probable location of the trouble. It is best to start at the end with NE lighted (if indicator is lighted). When a list of circuit packs to replace is given, replace them at both ends before doing the next pack. Reinstall original packs if trouble does not clear.

#### I. **POWER**; symptoms MJ,MN,CLF,PMN,DIGROUPS

##### A.) Replace Fuse

##### 1.) If fuse blows,

##### a.) Replace PCU.

##### b.) Unseat all associated packs and replace fuse.

##### 1.) If fuse blows use SDs to correct wiring trouble.

##### 2.) Install, one at a time, until pack that blows fuse is found.

Start with PCU, Common Units, then Channel units.

##### B.) RT ac power.

#### II. **FAIL** on circuit pack; symptoms MJ,MN,CLF,DIGROUPS

##### A.) Replace circuit pack.

##### B.) If MJ and all DIGROUPS (no CLFs), Replace RT ringing generators or FTTH optics shelf failure.

#### III. **CLF on LIU**; MJ/MN,DIGROUPS

##### A.) on AB or CD LIUs, replace TRUs, TCUs, PCUs.

##### B.) Single digroup.

##### 1.) Replace LIUs.

##### a.) Measure line voltage and current, compare with office records.

##### b.) Fault locate.

#### IV. **MJ**; symptom only MJ is lighted

##### A.) Replace DCUs.

#### V. **MN**: symptom only MN is lighted

##### A.) RT fan.

##### B.) LSU f/d switch set.

#### VI. **Channel Trouble**; No alarms

##### A.) Single channel, replace COT and RT CUs. Check wiring, then do B.

For FTTH, check optics using analyzer, replace AYB1(B) and DT circuit packs.

##### B.) Multiple Channel, replace TRUs, LIUs, TCUs, DCU-L and DCU-R

If the guidelines above do not clear/find the trouble, refer to **IXL-001** or **TAP-101** for detailed procedures.

## CHECK FAULT-LOCATE LINE AND SYSTEM

1. Obtain test equipment per Table A.

TABLE A	
EQUIPMENT REQUIRED	RECOMMENDED TYPE
FLTS (Fault Locate Test Set)	Sierra 315B, 415A-2, or J98725AD
Two P3-type Patch Cords	P3BH

2. **Note:** Passive FL lines use 598- or 1068-type filters. Active FL lines use 1114- or 1115-type filters.

From office records, determine type of FL (fault-locating) filters that are used on fault-locating line.

3. **Note:** Location of authorized tip and ring reversal determines which **POLARITY** setting on FL panel will activate 1114-type filters. A tip and ring reversal will exist if more than twelve 1114-type filters are on same FL line.

From office records, determine location of authorized tip and ring reversal (if any) on FL line.

4. Is fault locating to be performed from COT or DSX Cross-Connect?

If **COT**, then continue with Step 5.

If **DSX CROSS-CONNECT**, then proceed to Step 6.

5. Prepare COT for fault locating and proceed to Step 7.

Reference: **DLP-509**

6. Prepare DSX Cross-Connect for fault locating.

Reference: **DLP-512**

7. Which test set is being used?

If **315B OR 415A-2**, then continue with Step 8.

If **25AD**, then proceed to Step 9.

8. If using **315B** test set, set controls per Table B; if using **415A-2** test set, set controls per Table C and proceed to Step 10.

TABLE B 315B TEST SET	
CONTROL/SWITCH	POSITION
POWER	POWER
FUNCTION	QRW GEN
NORM	NORM
PULSE PERIOD	REF 11
RCV LEVEL dBm	-90 with red center vernier knob rotated fully clockwise
LINE FILTER	Set to letter code of first filter out from COT

TABLE C 415A-2 TEST SET	
CONTROL/SWITCH	POSITION
POWER	ON
FUNCTION	QRSS
NORM	NORM
RECEIVE FAULT LINE LEVEL dBm	-90 with red center vernier knob rotated fully clockwise
SYSTEM Mb/s	1.544
LINE FILTER	Set to letter code of first filter out from COT

9. Set controls per Table D.
10. Is fault locating being performed from COT or DSX Cross-Connect?
  - If COT, then continue with Step 11.
  - If DSX CROSS-CONNECT, then proceed to Step 15.
11. At FL panel, set FL LINE switch to number of fault-locate line being used (FIG. 1).
12. Make test connections as shown in FIG. 1.

TABLE D 25AD TEST SET	
CONTROL/SWITCH	POSITION
CLOCK RATE	T1
FUNCTION	BI-POLAR SIGNAL
PULSE DENSITY	11 REF
RECEIVER SENSITIVITY	-80
FILTER	Set to letter code of first filter out from COT

13. **Note:** READY LED may be delayed for several seconds by BUSY lamp.  
Does READY LED light?  
  
If YES, then proceed to Step 16.  
If NO, then continue with Step 14.
14. Do troubles exist on FL panel?  
  
If YES, then do TAP-117.  
If NO, then continue with Step 16.
15. Make maintenance panel test connections as shown in FIG. 2.
16. Is FL line equipped with 1114-type or 1115-type filters?  
  
If 1114-TYPE, then continue with Step 17.  
If 1115-TYPE, then proceed to Step 18.
17. **Note:** When 1115-type filters are used, POLARITY 1 will activate filter group for Side 1 of digital line and POLARITY 2 will activate filter group for Side 2. When 1114-type filters are used, POLARITY 2 activates filter group closest to COT before authorized tip and ring reversal and POLARITY 1 activates filter group after authorized tip and ring reversal.  
  
At FL panel, set POLARITY switch to 2 for 1114-type filters and proceed to Step 19.
18. At FL panel, set POLARITY switch to 1 for 1115-type filters.
19. Verify that fault-locating pair is properly terminated with a 262C-type (900-ohm terminating) plug in the fault locate jack on each branch of FL pair at the last RT.
20. If using 315B test set, adjust RCV LEVEL dBm control for on-scale reading; if using 415A-2 test set, adjust RECEIVE FAULT LINE LEVEL dBm for on-scale reading; if using 25AD test set, adjust RECEIVER SENSITIVITY for on-scale reading.

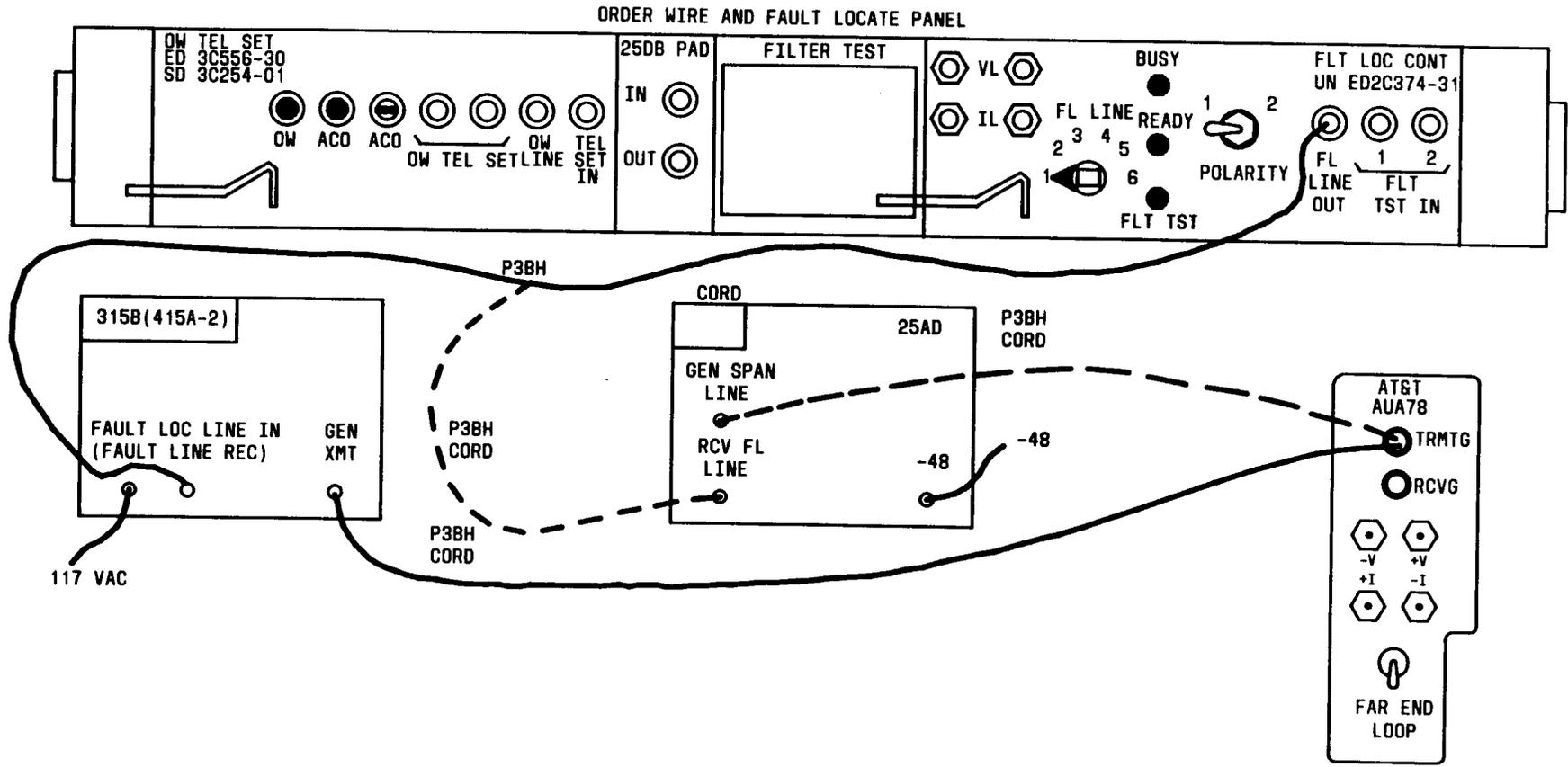


Fig. 1—COT Fault-Locating Configuration

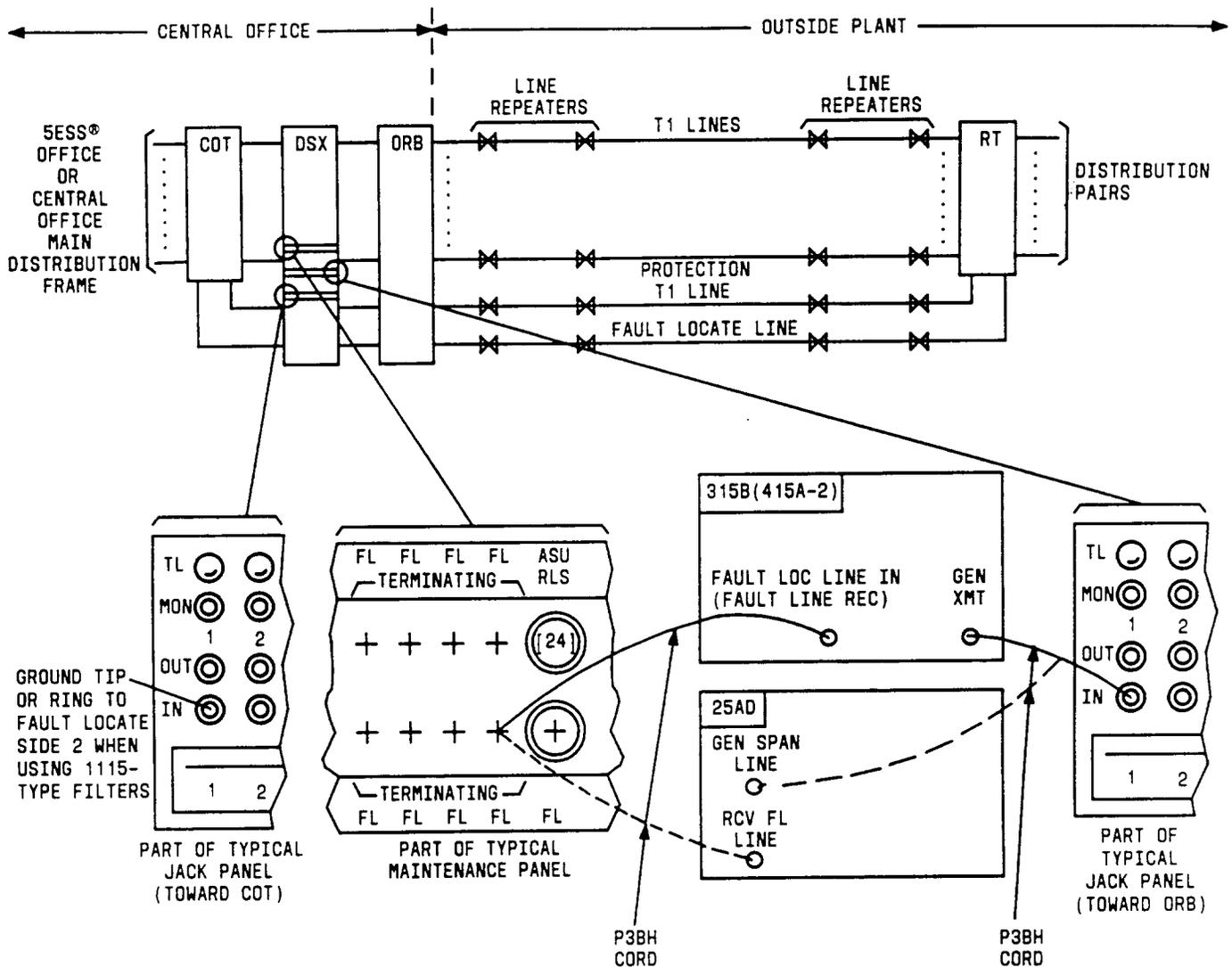


Fig. 2—Typical DSX Cross-Connect Fault-Locating Configuration

21. Does meter on test set indicate less than  $-90$  dBm (0dBm), ( $-92$  dBm is less than  $-90$  dBm)?

If YES, then continue with Step 22.

If NO, then proceed to Step 24.

22. Have all filter codes (A through M) in this group been tested?

If YES, then proceed to Step 25.

If NO, then continue with Step 23.

23. Set test set **FILTER** switch to next filter code to be tested and repeat from Step 20.

24. FL line is bad, note trouble indication and repair per local procedures.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

25. Is FL line equipped with 1114-type or 1115-type filters?

If 1114-TYPE, then continue with Step 26.  
If 1115-TYPE, then proceed to Step 30.

26. Are more than 12 filters on FL line?

If YES, then continue with Step 27.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 31.

27. After tip and ring reversal (POLARITY 1 switch setting), have all filters for Side 1 been tested?

If YES, then proceed to Step 31.  
If NO, then continue with Step 28.

28. Set FL panel POLARITY switch to 1.

29. Set test set FILTER switch to code letter of next filter on FL line and repeat from Step 20.

30. Have filters for Side 2 been tested (POLARITY 2 switch setting)?

If YES, then continue with Step 31.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 32.

31. Leave test connections set up if more fault locating tests are to be performed. Otherwise, proceed to Step 34.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

32. Set FL panel POLARITY switch to 2.

33. Set test set FILTER switch to code letter of first filter back from RT and repeat from Step 20.

34. Disconnect fault-locate and test connections (FIG. 1 and FIG. 2).

35. Is fault locating being performed from COT or DSX Cross-Connect?

If COT, then continue with Step 36.  
If DSX CROSS-CONNECT, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**

36. At AUA78 FLTA, remove far end loop by positioning toggle switch opposite FAR END LOOP position.

37. Remove AUA78 FLTA.

38. Replace AUA78 FLTA with LIU circuit pack.

39. **Caution: If option switches on LIU are not set correctly, service could be affected at the present time and also at some future time.**

Insure that option switches on LIU are set identical to those on FLTA circuit pack.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

## PERFORM TRANSMISSION TEST FROM THE COT USING FAULT-LOCATE TEST SET

1. **Note:** Active lines use 1114-type or 1115-type filters. If 1115-type filters are used, **POLARITY 1** position on FL panel activates filters on **Side 1** (COT to RT). If 1114-type filters are used, **POLARITY 2** position on FL panel activates filters closest to COT before authorized tip and ring reversal and **POLARITY 1** activates filters between tip and ring reversal and RT. If there is no tip and ring reversal, **POLARITY 2** is used to activate filters. Passive FL lines use 598- or 1068-type filters and require no **POLARITY** switch settings.

Are 1115-type, 1114-type, or passive filters installed on FL line?

If **1115-TYPE**, then proceed to Step 4.  
If **1114-TYPE OR PASSIVE**, then continue with Step 2.

2. Is direction of transmission trouble on **Side 1** (COT to RT), **Side 2** (RT to COT), or unknown?

If **SIDE 1 OR UNKNOWN**, then proceed to Step 4.  
If **SIDE 2**, then continue with Step 3.

3. Transmission tests on **Side 2** of digital line cannot be performed from COT. Move to RT to test.

Reference: **DLP-503**

### STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE

4. Prepare COT for fault locating (FIG. 1).

Reference: **DLP-509**

5. Which test set is being used?

If **315B**, then continue with Step 6.  
If **415A-2**, then proceed to Step 7.  
If **25AD**, then proceed to Step 8.

6. Set controls per Table A and proceed to Step 9.

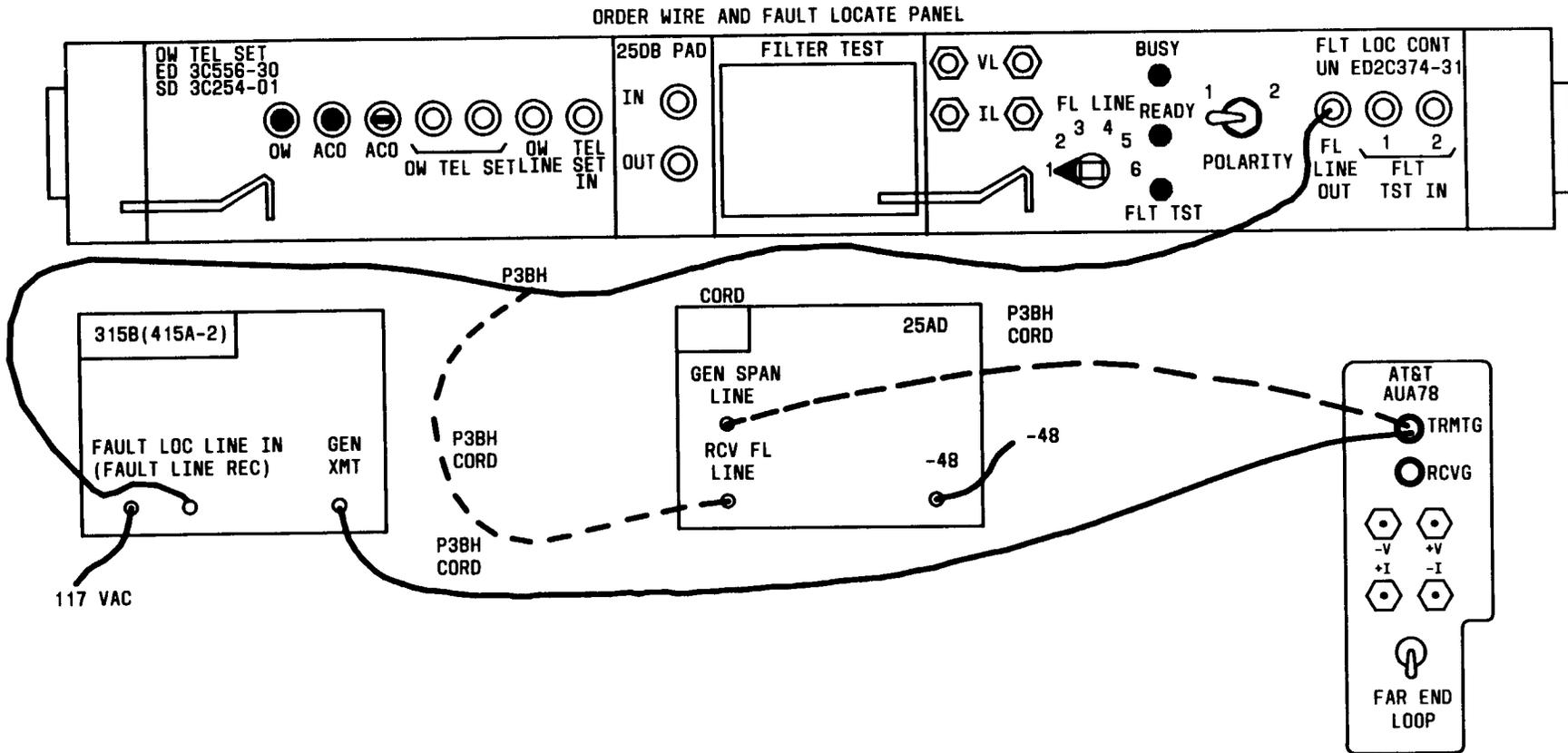


Fig. 1—COT Fault-Locating Configuration

TABLE A 315B TEST SET	
CONTROL/SWITCH	POSITION
POWER	POWER
RCV LEVEL dBm	Set for an on-scale reading
LINE FILTER	Set to letter code of first filter out from COT

7. Set controls per Table B and proceed to Step 9.

TABLE B 415A-2 TEST SET	
CONTROL/SWITCH	POSITION
POWER	ON
RECEIVE FAULT LINE LEVEL dBm	Set for an on-scale reading
LINE FILTER	Set to letter code of first filter out from COT

8. Set controls per Table C.

TABLE C .25AD TEST SET	
CONTROL/SWITCH	POSITION
CLOCK RATE	T1
RECEIVER SENSITIVITY	Set for an on-scale reading
FILTER	Set to letter code of first filter out from COT

9. **Note:** Active lines use 1114-type or 1115-type filters. If 1115-type filters are used, **POLARITY 1** position on FL panel activates filters on **Side 1** (COT to RT). If 1114-type filters are used, **POLARITY 2** position on FL panel activates filters closest to COT before authorized tip and ring reversal and **POLARITY 1** activates filters between tip and ring reversal and RT. If there is no tip and ring reversal, **POLARITY 2** is used to activate filters. Passive FL lines use 598- or 1068-type filters and require no **POLARITY** switch settings.

On FL panel, set **POLARITY** switch to activate first filter out from COT.

10. Record reading on FLR (fault-locating record) form (FIG. 2).



11. Does meter indicate greater than  $-74$  dBm ( $-72$  dBm is greater than  $-74$  dBm) and within  $\pm 6$  dBm of that recorded on original FLR form?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 29.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 12.

12. Is this last filter on digital line to be tested?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 18.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 13.

13. If using **315B** or **415A-2** test set, set **LINE FILTER** switch to code letter of next filter on line; if using 25AD test set, set **FILTER** switch to code letter of next filter on line.

14. Record meter indication on FLR form.

15. Does meter indicate greater than  $-74$  dBm and within  $\pm 6$  dBm of that recorded on original FLR form?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 16.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 17.

16. Previously tested filter is faulty; note location of filter and clear fault using local procedures and proceed to Step 29.

17. Digital line section or repeater at previously tested location has been identified as faulty. Note location of trouble and clear fault using local procedures.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

18. Are you performing tests on **Side 1** or **Side 2**?

If **SIDE 1**, then proceed to Step 20.  
If **SIDE 2**, then continue with Step 19.

19. Faulty filter is at this location, or digital line section is faulty. Note location of trouble and clear fault using local procedures.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

20. Are 1115-type, 1114-type, or passive filters installed?

If **1114-TYPE OR PASSIVE**, then continue with Step 21.  
If **1115-TYPE**, then proceed to Step 22.

21. Faulty filter is at this location, or digital line section or repeater is faulty. Note location of trouble and clear fault using local procedures.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

22. **Note:** Active lines use 1114-type or 1115-type filters. If 1115-type filters are used, **POLARITY 1** position on FL panel activates filters on **Side 1** (COT to RT). If 1114-type filters are used, **POLARITY 2** position on FL panel activates filters closest to COT before authorized tip and ring reversal and **POLARITY 1** activates filters between tip and ring reversal and RT. If there is no tip and ring reversal, **POLARITY 2** is used to activate filters. Passive FL lines use 598- or 1068-type filters and require no **POLARITY** switch settings.

On FL panel, set **POLARITY** switch to 2.

23. **Note:** Fault-locating tests on **Side 2** (RT to COT) start with filter closest to RT and work toward COT.

Set FLTS **FILTER** switch to code letter of first filter back from RT.

24. If using **315B** test set, set **FUNCTION** switch to **MEAS 1**; if using **415A-2** test set, set **FUNCTION** switch to **MEASURE 1**; if using 25AD test set, set **FUNCTION** switch to **MEAS 1 SIGNAL**.

25. Record meter indication on FLR form.

26. Does meter indicate greater than -74 dBm and within  $\pm 6$  dBm of that recorded on original FLR form?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 28.

If **NO**, then continue with Step 27.

27. Digital line section or repeater at previously tested filter location (last filter on **Side 1**) has been identified as faulty. Note location of trouble and clear fault using local procedures.

#### **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

28. Previously tested filter (last filter on **Side 1**) is faulty. Note location of faulty filter for future replacement.

29. If using **315B** test set, set **FUNCTION** switch to **MEAS 2**; if using **415A-2** test set, set **FUNCTION** switch to **MEASURE 2**; if using 25AD test set, set **FUNCTION** switch to **MEAS 2 SIGNAL**.

30. Record meter indication on FLR form.

31. If using **315B** or **415A-2** test set, does meter indicate 4 dB to 8 dB lower than **MEAS 1** value; or, if using 25AD test set, does meter indicate within  $\pm 2$  dB of **MEAS 1** value?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 32.

If **NO**, then proceed to Step 35.

32. If using **315B** test set, set **FUNCTION** switch to **MEAS 3**; if using **415A-2** test set, set **FUNCTION** switch to **MEASURE 3**; if using 25AD test set, set **FUNCTION** switch to **MEAS 3 SIGNAL**.

33. Record meter indication on FLR form.
34. Does meter indicate within  $\pm 1$  dB of **MEAS 2** value?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 36.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 35.

35. Digital line section or repeater at previously tested location has been identified as faulty. Note location of trouble and clear fault using local procedures.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

36. Is this last filter on digital line side being tested?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 38.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 37.

37. Set **FLTS FILTER** switch to code letter of next filter on line. Ensure that FL panel **POLARITY** switch is set correctly (if required) and repeat from Step 5.

38. Are 1115-type, 1114-type, or passive filters installed?

If **1115-TYPE**, then proceed to Step 40.  
If **1114-TYPE OR PASSIVE**, then continue with Step 39.

39. Note no trouble found on **Side 1** of this digital line. Fault locating procedures on **Side 2** must be performed from RT.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

40. Has **Side 2** of digital line been tested (if necessary)?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 41.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 42.

41. Report no trouble found on digital line.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

42. **Note:** Active lines use 1114-type or 1115-type filters. If 1115-type filters are used, **POLARITY 1** position on FL panel activates filters on **Side 1** (COT to RT). If 1114-type filters are used, **POLARITY 2** position on FL panel activates filters closest to COT before authorized tip and ring reversal and **POLARITY 1** activates filters between tip and ring reversal and RT. If there is no tip and ring reversal, **POLARITY 2** is used to activate filters. Passive FL lines use 598- or 1068-type filters and require no **POLARITY** switch settings.

On FL panel, set **POLARITY** switch to 2.

43. On test adapter (**AUA78**), insure that Far End Loop switch is set to **FAR END LOOP** position.

44. **Note:** Fault-locating tests on **Side 2** (RT to COT) start with filter closest to RT and work toward COT.

Set **FLTS FILTER** switch to code letter of first filter back from RT and repeat from Step 5.

## PERFORM TRANSMISSION TEST FROM RT USING FAULT-LOCATE TEST SET

1. **Note:** Active FL (fault locate) lines use 1114-type filters. Passive FL lines use 598- or 1068-type filters and require no **POLARITY** switch settings.

Is FL line active or passive?

If **ACTIVE**, then continue with Step 2.

If **PASSIVE**, then proceed to Step 5.

2. **Note:** If 1114-type filters are used, **POLARITY 1** activates filters closest to RT between authorized tip and ring reversal and RT. **POLARITY 2** activates filters between tip and ring reversal and COT. If there is no tip and ring reversal, **POLARITY 2** is used to activate filters.

Request COT personnel to set **POLARITY** switch on FL panel to activate first filter out from RT.

3. Ensure that COT FL panel **FL LINE** switch is set to correct number (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6) to access FL line being used.
4. Prepare for transmission test from RT and proceed to Step 5.

Reference: **DLP-514**

5. If using **315B** or **415A-2** test set, set **LINE FILTER** switch to code letter of first filter out from RT, if using **25AD** test set, set **FILTER** switch to code letter of first filter out from RT.
6. If using **315B** test set, set **FUNCTION** switch to **MEAS 1**; if using **415A-2** test set, set **FUNCTION** switch to **MEASURE 1**; if using **25AD** test set, set **FUNCTION** switch to **MEAS 1 SIGNAL**.
7. If using **315B** test set, set **REC LEVEL dBm** switch for on-scale reading; if using **415A-2** test set, set **RECEIVE FAULT LINE LEVEL dBm** switch for on-scale reading; if using **25AD** test set, set **SENSITIVITY** switch to obtain on-scale reading.
8. Record reading on FLR (fault-locating record) form.
9. Does meter indicate greater than  $-74$  dBm ( $-72$  dBm is greater than  $-74$  dBm) and within  $\pm 6$  dBm of that recorded on original FLR form?  
  
If **YES**, then proceed to Step 17.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 10.
10. Is this last filter on digital line side being tested?  
  
If **YES**, then continue with Step 11.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 12.

11. A faulty filter is at this location, or digital line section or repeater is faulty. Note location of trouble and clear fault using local procedures.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

12. If using **315B** or **415A-2** test set, set **LINE FILTER** switch to code letter of next filter on line; if using **25AD** test set, set **FILTER** switch to code letter of next filter on line.
13. Record meter indication. (Ensure that FL panel **POLARITY** switch is positioned to proper setting.)
14. Does meter indicate greater than  $-74$  dBm and within  $\pm 6$  dBm of that recorded on original FLR form?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 15.

If **NO**, then proceed to Step 16.

15. Previously tested filter is faulty. Note location of filter for future replacement and proceed to Step 17.
16. Digital line section or repeater at previously tested location has been identified as faulty. Note location of trouble and use local procedures to clear fault.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

17. If using **315B** test set, set **FUNCTION** switch to **MEAS 2**; if using **415A-2** test set, set **FUNCTION** switch to **MEASURE 2**; if using **25AD** test set, set **FUNCTION** switch to **MEAS 2 SIGNAL**.
18. Record meter indication on FLR form.
19. If using **315B** or **415A-2** test set, does meter indicate 4 dB to 8 dB lower than **MEAS 1** value; or, if using **25AD** test set, does meter indicate within  $\pm 2$  dB of **MEAS 1** value?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 20.

If **NO**, then proceed to Step 23.

20. If using **315B** test set, set **FUNCTION** switch to **MEAS 3**; if using **415A-2** test set, set **FUNCTION** switch to **MEASURE 3**; if using **25AD** test set, set **FUNCTION** switch to **MEAS 3 SIGNAL**.
21. Record meter indication on FLR form.
22. Does meter indicate within  $\pm 1$  dB of **MEAS 2** value?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 24.

If **NO**, then continue with Step 23.

23. Digital line section or repeater at this location has been identified as faulty. Note location of trouble and clear fault using local procedures.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

24. Is this last filter on digital line side being tested?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step **26**.

If **NO**, then continue with Step **25**.

25. Set **FLTS FILTER** switch to code letter of next filter on line. (Ensure that FL panel **POLARITY** switch is set correctly if required) and repeat from Step **6**.

26. Report no trouble found on digital line.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

## PERFORM TRANSMISSION TEST FROM DSX CROSS-CONNECT USING FAULT-LOCATE TEST SET

1. Prepare for transmission test from DSX cross-connect and proceed to Step 2.

Reference: DLP-512

2. **Note:** Active lines use 1114-type or 1115-type filters. If 1115-type filters are used, **POLARITY 1** activates filters on **Side 1** (COT to RT). If 1114-type filters are used, **POLARITY 2** activates filters closest to COT before authorized tip and ring reversal and **POLARITY 1** activates filters between tip and ring reversal and RT. If there is no tip and ring reversal, **POLARITY 2** is used to activate filters. Passive FL lines use 598- or 1068-type filters and require no **POLARITY** switch settings.

Are 1115-type, 1114-type, or passive filters installed on FL line?

If **1115-TYPE**, then proceed to Step 5.

If **1114-TYPE OR PASSIVE**, then continue with Step 3.

3. Is direction of transmission trouble on **Side 1** (COT to RT), **Side 2** (RT to COT), or unknown?

If **SIDE 1 OR UNKNOWN**, then proceed to Step 5.

If **SIDE 2**, then continue with Step 4.

4. Transmission tests on **Side 2** of digital line cannot be performed from COT; move to RT to test.

Reference: DLP-503

### STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE

5. Which test set is being used?

If **315B**, then continue with Step 6.

If **415A-2**, then proceed to Step 7.

If **25AD**, then proceed to Step 8.

6. Set controls per Table A and proceed to Step 9.
7. Set controls per Table B and proceed to Step 9.

TABLE A 315B TEST SET	
CONTROL/SWITCH	POSITION
POWER	POWER
RCV LEVEL dBm	Set for an on-scale reading
LINE FILTER	Set to letter code of first filter out from COT

TABLE B 415A-2 TEST SET	
CONTROL/SWITCH	POSITION
POWER	ON
RECEIVE FAULT LINE LEVEL dBm	Set for an on-scale reading
LINE FILTER	Set to letter code of first filter out from COT

8. Set controls per Table C.

TABLE C 25AD TEST SET	
CONTROL/SWITCH	POSITION
CLOCK RATE	T1
RECEIVER SENSITIVITY	Set for an on-scale reading
FILTER	Set to letter code of first filter out from COT

9. **Note:** Active lines use 1114-type or 1115-type filters. If 1115-type filters are used, **POLARITY 1** activates filters on **Side 1** (COT to RT). If 1114-type filters are used, **POLARITY 2** activates filters closest to COT before authorized tip and ring reversal and **POLARITY 1** activates filters between tip and ring reversal and RT. If there is no tip and ring reversal, **POLARITY 2** is used to activate filters. Passive FL lines use 598- or 1068-type filters and require no **POLARITY** switch settings.

On FL panel, set **POLARITY** switch to activate first filter out from COT.

10. Record reading on FLR (fault-locating record) form (FIG. 1).



11. Does meter indicate greater than  $-74$  dBm ( $-72$  dBm is greater than  $-74$  dBm) and within  $\pm 6$  dBm of that recorded on original FLR form?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 31.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 12.

12. Is this last filter on digital line side being tested?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 18.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 13.

13. If using **315B** or **415A-2** test set, set **LINE FILTER** switch to code letter of next filter on line; if using **25AD** test set, set **FILTER** switch to code letter of next filter on line.

14. Record meter indication on FLR form.

15. Does meter indicate greater than  $-74$  dBm and within  $\pm 6$  dBm of that recorded on original FLR form?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 16.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 17.

16. Previously tested filter is faulty; note location of filter and clear fault using local procedures and proceed to Step 31.

17. Digital line section or repeater at previously tested location has been identified as faulty. Note location of trouble and clear fault using local procedures.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

18. Are you performing tests on **Side 1** or **Side 2**?

If **SIDE 1**, then proceed to Step 20.  
If **SIDE 2**, then continue with Step 19.

19. Faulty filter is at this location, or digital line section or repeater is faulty. Note location of trouble and clear fault using local procedures.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

20. Are 1115-type, 1114-type, or passive filters installed?

If **1114-TYPE OR PASSIVE**, then continue with Step 21.  
If **1115-TYPE**, then proceed to Step 22.

21. Faulty filter is at this location, or digital line section or repeater is faulty. Note location of trouble and clear fault using local procedures.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

22. **Note:** If ADU MJ and BCU A DIGROUP LEDs are lighted and TRU ON PROT for digroup A is off, a far end loop cannot be done for line being tested.

Are ADU MJ and BCU A DIGROUP LEDs lighted and TRU ON PROT LED for A digroup off?

If YES, then do Step 21.

If NO, then continue with Step 23.

23. On FL panel, set POLARITY switch to 2.
24. At DSX Cross-Connect IN jack toward COT, ground tip or ring lead of digital line being tested.
25. **Note:** Fault-locating tests on Side 2 (RT to COT) start with filter closest to RT and work toward COT.

Set FLTS FILTER switch to code letter of first filter back from RT.

26. If using 315B test set, set FUNCTION switch to MEAS 1; if using 415A-2 test set, set FUNCTION switch to MEASURE 1; if using 25AD test set, set FUNCTION switch to MEAS 1 SIGNAL.
27. Record meter indication on FLR form.
28. Does meter indicate greater than -74 dBm and within  $\pm 6$  dBm of that recorded on original FLR form?

If YES, then proceed to Step 30.

If NO, then continue with Step 29.

29. Digital line section or repeater at previously tested filter location (last filter on Side 1) has been identified as faulty. Note location of trouble and clear fault using local procedures.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

30. Previously tested filter (last filter on Side 1) is faulty. Note location of faulty filter for future replacement.
31. If using 315B test set, set FUNCTION switch to MEAS 2; if using 415A-2 test set, set FUNCTION switch to MEASURE 2; if using 25AD test set, set FUNCTION switch to MEAS 2 SIGNAL.
32. Record meter indication on FLR form.
33. If using 315B or 415A-2 test set, does meter indicate 4 dB to 8 dB lower than MEAS 1 value; or, if using 25AD test set, does meter indicate within  $\pm 2$  dB of MEAS 1 value?

If YES, then continue with Step 34.

If NO, then proceed to Step 37.

34. If using 315B test set, set FUNCTION switch to MEAS 3; if using 415A-2 test set, set FUNCTION switch to MEASURE 3; if using 25AD test set, set FUNCTION switch to MEAS 3 SIGNAL.

35. Record meter indication on FLR form.
36. Does meter indicate within  $\pm 1$ dB of MEAS 2 value?

If YES, then proceed to Step 38.  
If NO, then continue with Step 37.

37. Digital line section or repeater at previously tested location has been identified as faulty. Note location of trouble and clear fault using local procedures.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

38. Is this last filter on digital line side being tested?

If YES, then proceed to Step 41.  
If NO, then continue with Step 39.

39. If using 315B test set, set FUNCTION switch to MEAS 1; if using 415A-2 test set, set FUNCTION switch to MEASURE 1; if using 25AD test set, set FUNCTION switch to MEAS 1 SIGNAL.

40. Set FLTS FILTER switch to code letter of next filter on line, ensuring that FL panel POLARITY switch is set correctly, if required, and repeat from Step 10.

41. Are 1115-type, 1114-type, or passive filters installed?

If 1115-TYPE, then proceed to Step 43.  
If 1114-TYPE OR PASSIVE, then continue with Step 42.

42. Note no trouble found on Side 1 of this digital line. Fault locating procedures on Side 2 must be performed from RT.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

43. Has Side 2 of digital line been tested (if necessary)?

If YES, then continue with Step 44.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 45.

44. Report no trouble found on digital line.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

45. **Note:** If ADU MJ and BCU A DIGROUP LEDs are lighted and TRU ON PROT for digroup A is off, a far end loop cannot be done for line being tested.

Are ADU MJ and BCU A DIGROUP LEDs lighted and TRU ON PROT LED for A digroup off?

If YES, then continue with Step 46.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 47.

46. Fault-locating procedures on **Side 2** cannot be performed from COT until A digroup failure has been cleared.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

47. **Note:** **POLARITY 1** activates 1115-type filters on **Side 1** (COT to RT) and **POLARITY 2** activates filters on **Side 2** (RT to COT) with loop at RT.

On FL panel, set **POLARITY** switch to 2.

48. If using **315B** test set, set **FUNCTION** switch to **MEAS 1**; if using **415A-2** test set, set **FUNCTION** switch to **MEASURE 1**; if using **25AD** test set, set **FUNCTION** switch to **MEAS 1 SIGNAL**.
49. At DSX Cross-Connect **IN** jack toward COT, ground tip or ring lead of digital line being tested.
50. **Note:** Fault-locating tests on **Side 2** (RT to COT) start with filter closest to RT and work toward COT.

Set **FLTS FILTER** switch to code letter of first filter back from RT and repeat from Step 10.

## PERFORM OBSCURE TROUBLE TEST FROM COT USING 315B OR 415A-2 FAULT-LOCATE TEST SET

1. Ensure that COT FL (fault locate) panel **FL LINE** switch is set to correct number (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6) to access FL line being tested (FIG. 1).
2. **Note:** If 1115-type filters are used, **POLARITY 1** activates filters on **Side 1** (COT to RT). If 1114-type filters are used, **POLARITY 2** activates filters closest to COT before authorized tip and ring reversal and **POLARITY 1** activates filters between tip and ring reversal and RT. If there is no tip and ring reversal, **POLARITY 2** is used to activate filters.

On FL panel, set **POLARITY** switch to activate first filter out from COT on **Side 1** (if required).

3. Prepare COT for fault locating.

Reference: **DLP-509**

4. Which test set is being used?

If **315B**, then continue with Step 5.

If **415A-2**, then proceed to Step 6.

5. Set test set controls per Table A and proceed to Step 7.

TABLE A 315B TEST SET	
CONTROL/SWITCH	POSITION
FUNCTION	MEAS 1
PULSE PERIOD	11 REF
RCV LEVEL dBm	Adjust for meter indication of -2.0 dB
LINE FILTER	Set to letter code of filter being tested

6. Set test set controls per Table B.

ORDER WIRE AND FAULT LOCATE PANEL

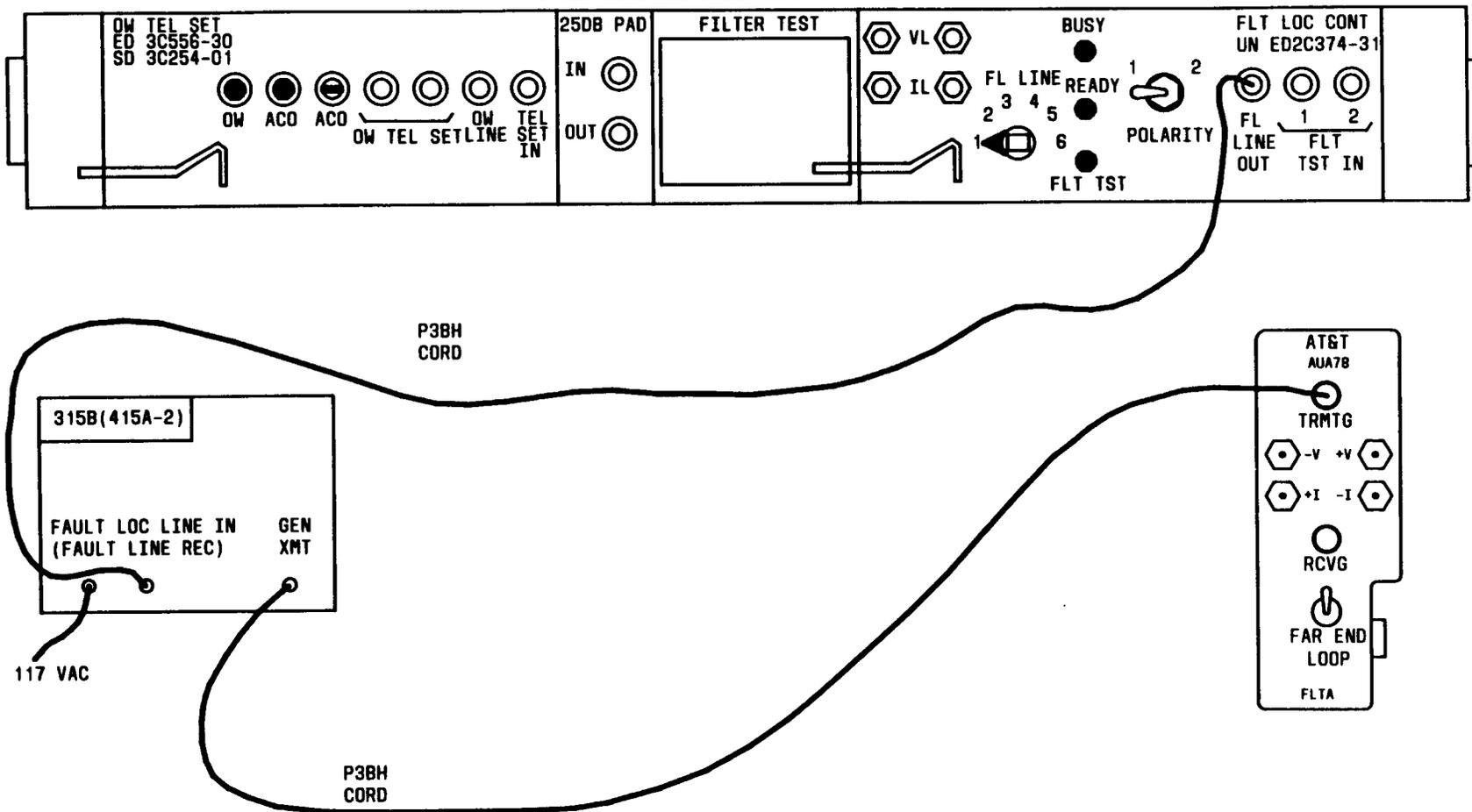


Fig. 1—COT Fault-Locating Configuration Using 315B or 415A-2 Test Set

TABLE B 415A-2 TEST SET	
CONTROL/SWITCH	POSITION
FUNCTION	MEASURE 1
PULSE PERIOD	REF (Pulse period 11 LED will be lighted)
RECEIVE FAULT LINE LEVEL dBm	Adjust for meter indication of 0 dB
LINE FILTER	Set to letter code of filter being tested

7. **Note:** When using 415A-2 test set, if **PULSE PERIOD** switch is set to **AUTO**, **PULSE PERIOD** lamps will automatically advance in approximately 2-second intervals. The **HOLD** position is used to stop lighted lamp at desired position.

If using 315B test set, set **PULSE PERIOD** control to next lower number (10, 9, etc.); if using 415A-2 test set, advance **PULSE PERIOD** to light next lower numbered LED (10, 9, etc.).

8. **Note:** If meter deviation from reference value is not more than  $\pm 0.5$  dB, a zero is entered. If deviation is greater than +0.5 dB, **deviation amount** preceded by a plus (+) sign is recorded (e.g., +0.6). If deviation is less than reference level by more than -0.5 dB, **deviation amount** preceded by minus (-) is recorded (e.g., -0.6).

On FLR form (FIG. 2), record meter deviation from reference level (-2.0 dB if using 315B test set or 0 dB if using or 415A-2 test set).

9. Was last measurement made at **PULSE PERIOD 4**?
- If **YES**, then continue with Step 10.  
If **NO**, then repeat from Step 7.
10. Have measurements been made at all filter locations on side being tested?
- If **YES**, then proceed to Step 12.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 11.
11. Go to next filter location to be tested, ensuring that FL **POLARITY** switch is set correctly, and repeat from Step 5.
12. Is **Side 1** (COT to RT) or **Side 2** (RT to COT) being tested?
- If **SIDE 1**, then continue with Step 13.  
If **SIDE 2**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**
13. Are 1115-type, 1114-type, or passive filters installed?
- If **1115-TYPE**, then proceed to Step 15.  
If **1114-TYPE OR PASSIVE**, then continue with Step 14.



14. Test on **Side 2** must be made from RT.

Reference: DLP-507 (J98725AD FLTS)

Reference: DLP-508 (315B or 415A-2 FLTS)

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

15. **Note:** If **ADU MJ** and **BCU A DIGROUP** LEDs are lighted and **TRU ON PROT** LED for A digroup is off, a far-end loop cannot be done for line being tested.

Are **ADU MJ** and **BCU A DIGROUP** LEDs lighted and is **TRU ON PROT** LED for A digroup off?

If **YES**, then do Step 14.

If **NO**, then continue with Step 16.

16. **Note:** Obscure trouble tests on **Side 2** (RT to COT) start with filter closest to RT and work toward COT. The **POLARITY 2** switch setting on the FL panel activates filters on **Side 2** of FL line.

On FL Panel, set **POLARITY** switch to activate first filter back from RT and repeat from Step 4.

## PERFORM OBSCURE TROUBLE TEST FROM COT USING J98725AD (25AD) FLTS (FAULT-LOCATE TEST SET)

1. Ensure that COT FL panel FL LINE switch is set to correct number (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6) to access FL line being tested.
2. **Note:** If 1115-type filters are used, **POLARITY 1** activates filters on **Side 1** (COT to RT). If 1114-type filters are used, **POLARITY 2** activates filters nearest to COT before authorized tip and ring reversal and **POLARITY 1** activates filters between tip and ring reversal and RT. Passive filters require no **POLARITY** switch setting.

On FL panel, set **POLARITY** switch to activate first filter out from COT on **Side 1** (if required).

3. Prepare COT for fault locating.

Reference: DLP-509

4. Set controls of 25AD test set per Table A.

TABLE A 25AD TEST SET	
CONTROL/SWITCH	POSITION
CLOCK RATE	T1
FUNCTION	MEAS 1 SIGNAL
PULSE DENSITY	10
FILTER	Set to letter code of filter being tested
RECEIVER SENSITIVITY	Adjust control for an on-scale indication on the meter

5. On FLR form (FIG. 1) , record meter indication in space marked **PULSE PERIOD** (10, 9, etc.).
6. Was last measurement made at **PULSE DENSITY 4**?  
  
If **YES**, then proceed to Step 8.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 7.
7. Set **PULSE DENSITY** switch to next lower number (9, 8, 7, etc.) and repeat from Step 5.



8. Have measurements been made at all filter locations on side being tested?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 10.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 9.

9. Set 25AD **FILTER** switch to next filter to be tested. Ensure that FL **POLARITY** switch is set correctly and repeat from Step 5.

10. Is **Side 1** (COT to RT) or **Side 2** (RT to COT) being tested?

If **SIDE 1**, then continue with Step 11.  
If **SIDE 2**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**

11. Are 1115-type, 1114-type, or passive filters installed?

If **1115-TYPE**, then proceed to Step 13.  
If **1114-TYPE OR PASSIVE**, then continue with Step 12.

12. Test on **Side 2** must be made from RT.

Reference: **DLP-507 (J98725AD FLTS)**

Reference: **DLP-508 (315B or 415A-2 FLTS)**

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

13. **Note:** If **ADU MJ** and **BCU A DIGROUP** LEDs are lighted and **TRU ON PROT LED** for A digroup is off, a far-end loop cannot be done.

Are **ADU MJ** and **BCU A DIGROUP** LEDs lighted and is **TRU ON PROT LED** for A digroup off?

If **YES**, then do Step 12.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 14.

14. **Note:** Obscure trouble tests on **Side 2** (RT to COT) start with filter nearest to RT and work toward COT. **POLARITY 2** switch setting activates filters on **Side 2** of digital line.

On FL Panel, set **POLARITY** switch to activate first filter back from RT and repeat from Step 5.

## PERFORM OBSCURE TROUBLE TEST FROM RT USING J98725AD (25AD) FLTS (FAULT-LOCATE TEST SET)

1. Obtain test equipment per Table A.

TABLE A	
EQUIPMENT REQUIRED	RECOMMENDED TYPE
FLTS (Fault Locate Test Set)	J98725AD (25AD)
Two P3-type Patch Cords	P3BH

2. **Note:** Active FL lines use 1114-type filters. Passive FL lines use 598- or 1068-type filters and require no **POLARITY** switch settings.

From office records determine type of fault-locating (FL) filters that are used on fault-locating line.

3. Is fault locate line active or passive?

If **ACTIVE**, then continue with Step 4.

If **PASSIVE**, then proceed to Step 6.

4. **Note:** If 1114-type filters are used, **POLARITY 1** activates filters nearest to RT between authorized tip and ring reversal and RT. **POLARITY 2** activates filters between tip and ring reversal and COT. If there is no tip and ring reversal, **POLARITY 2** is used to activate filters.

Have personnel at COT FL panel set **POLARITY** switch to activate first filter out from RT (FIG. 1).

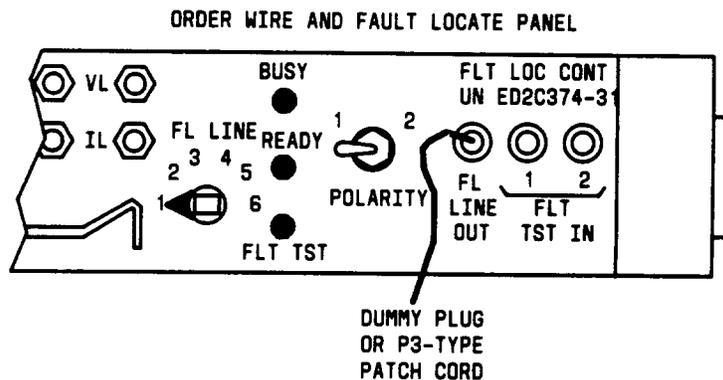


Fig. 1—Part of Order Wire and Fault Locate Panel

5. At COT FL panel, set **FL LINE** switch to correct number (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6) to access FL line being used.
6. At COT FL panel, insert dummy plug or one end of P3-type patch cord into **FL LINE OUT** jack.
7. Prepare RT for fault locating.

Reference: **DLP-514**

8. Set Test Set controls per Table B.

<b>TABLE B</b>	
<b>25AD TEST SET</b>	
<b>CONTROL/SWITCH</b>	<b>POSITION</b>
<b>FUNCTION</b>	<b>MEAS 1 SIGNAL</b>
<b>CLOCK RATE</b>	<b>T1</b>
<b>FILTER</b>	Set to letter code of first filter out from COT
<b>PULSE DENSITY</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>RECEIVER SENSITIVITY</b>	Set for an on-scale reading

9. Record reading on Fault-Locating Record (FLR) form in space marked **PULSE PERIOD** (10, 9, etc.) (FIG. 2).
10. Was last measurement made at **PULSE DENSITY 4**?  
  
If **YES**, then proceed to Step 12.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 11.
11. Set **PULSE DENSITY** switch to next lower number (9, 8, 7, etc.) and read meter indication and repeat from Step 9.
12. Have measurements been made at all filter locations on side being tested?  
  
If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 13.
13. Set test set controls to test next filter and repeat from Step 9.



## PERFORM OBSCURE TROUBLE TEST FROM RT USING 315B OR 415A-2 FLTS (FAULT-LOCATE TEST SET)

1. Obtain test equipment per Table A.

TABLE A	
EQUIPMENT REQUIRED	RECOMMENDED TYPE
FLTS (Fault Locate Test Set)	Sierra 315B or 415A-2
Two P3-type Patch Cords	P3BH

2. **Note:** Active FL lines use 1114-type filters. Passive FL lines use 598- or 1068-type filters and require no **POLARITY** switch settings.

From office records determine type of fault-locating (FL) filters that are used on fault-locating line.

3. Is Fault Locate line active or passive?

If **ACTIVE**, then continue with Step 4.  
If **PASSIVE**, then proceed to Step 6.

4. **Note:** For 1114-type filters, **POLARITY 1** activates filters closest to RT between authorized tip and ring reversal and RT. **POLARITY 2** activates filters between tip and ring reversal and COT. If there is no tip and ring reversal, **POLARITY 2** is used to activate filters.

Have personnel at COT FL panel set **POLARITY** switch to activate first filter out from RT (FIG. 1).

5. On COT FL panel, set **FL LINE** switch to correct number to access FL line being used.

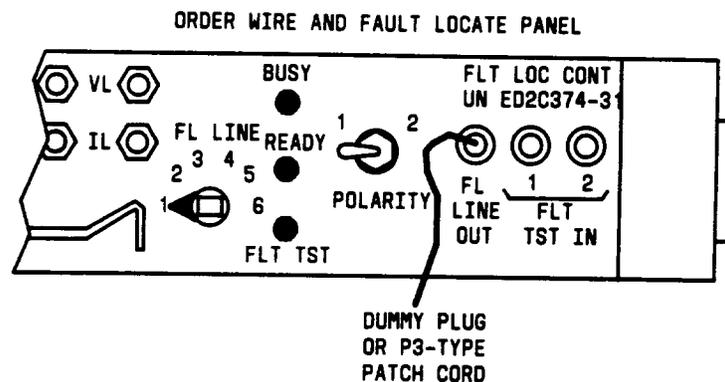


Fig. 1—Part of Order Wire and Fault Locate Panel

6. At COT FL Panel, insert dummy plug or one end of P3-type patch cord into FL LINE OUT jack.
7. Prepare RT for fault locating.

Reference: DLP-514

8. Which test set is being used?

If 315B, then continue with Step 9.  
If 415A-2, then proceed to Step 10.

9. Set test set controls per Table B and proceed to Step 11.

TABLE B 315B TEST SET	
CONTROL/SWITCH	POSITION
FUNCTION	MEAS 1
PULSE PERIOD	11 REF
LINE FILTER	Set to letter code of filter being tested
RCV LEVEL dBm	Adjust for meter indication of -2.0 dB

10. Set test set controls per Table C.

TABLE C 415A-2 TEST SET	
CONTROL/SWITCH	POSITION
POWER	ON
FUNCTION	MEASURE 1
PULSE PERIOD	REF
NORM	NORM
LINE FILTER	Set to letter code of filter to be tested
RECEIVE FAULT LINE LEVEL dBm	Adjust for a meter indication of 0 dB

11. **Note:** On 415A-2 Test Set, if **PULSE PERIOD** switch is set to **AUTO**, **PULSE PERIOD** LEDs will automatically advance in approximately 2-second intervals. The **HOLD** position is used to stop lighted lamp at desired position.

If using 315B test set, set **PULSE PERIOD** switch to next lower number, if using 415A-2 test set, operate **PULSE PERIOD AUTO HOLD** switch to advance **PULSE PERIOD** LED to next lower numbered LED (10, 9, etc.).

12. **Note:** If meter deviation from reference value is not more than  $\pm 0.5$  dB, a zero is entered; if deviation is more than reference level (more than 0.5 dB to right of reference level), deviation amount preceded by plus (+) sign is recorded (e.g., +0.6); if deviation is less than reference level (more than 0.5 dB to left of reference level), deviation amount preceded by a minus (-) sign is recorded (e.g., -0.6).

Record meter deviation from reference level (-2 dB for 315B Test Set or 0 dB for 415A-2 Test Set) on Fault-Locating Record (FLR) form in space marked **PULSE PERIOD** (10, 9, etc.) (FIG. 2) .

13. Was last measurement made at **PULSE DENSITY 4**?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 14.  
If **NO**, then repeat from Step 11.

14. Have measurements been made at all filter locations on side being tested?

If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 15.

15. Set test set controls to test next filter and repeat from Step 8.



## OBTAIN FLR (FAULT-LOCATING RECORD) FORMS AND PREPARE FOR FAULT-LOCATING AT THE COT

1. Obtain test equipment (Table A).

TABLE A	
EQUIPMENT REQUIRED	RECOMMENDED TYPE
FLTS (Fault Locate Test Set)	Sierra 315B, Sierra 415A-2, or J98725AD (25AD)
Two P3-type Patch Cords	P3BH

2. Obtain original FLR form(s) for system being tested (FIG. 1).
3. Obtain blank FLR forms (FIG. 2).
4. Which test set is being used?

If **315B OR 415A-2**, then continue with Step 5.  
If **25AD**, then proceed to Step 10.

5. Plug power cord into 117 Vac outlet.
6. Set **POWER** switch to **LAMP TEST** position.

Response: All lamps lighted.

7. Is **315B** or **415A-2** test set being used?

If **315B**, then continue with Step 8.  
If **415A-2**, then proceed to Step 9.

8. Set controls per Table B and proceed to Step 23.





TABLE B 315B TEST SET	
CONTROL/SWITCH	POSITION
POWER	POWER
FUNCTION	MEAS 1
NORM	NORM
PULSE PERIOD	REF 11
RCV LEVEL dBm	-90 with red counter vernier knob fully clockwise

9. Set controls per Table C and proceed to Step 23.

TABLE C 415A-2 TEST SET	
CONTROL/SWITCH	POSITION
POWER	ON
FUNCTION	MEASURE 1
NORM	NORM
RECEIVE FAULT LINE LEVEL dBm	-90 with red center vernier knob rotated fully clockwise
SYSTEM Mb/s	1.544
PULSE PERIOD	REF 11

10. Plug power cord into -48V source (FIG. 3).
11. Set **FUNCTION** switch to **SPAN TERMINATE**.
12. Set **CLOCK RATE** switch to T1.
13. Set **PULSE DENSITY** switch to 11 REF.
14. Set **FILTER** switch to A.
15. Set **RECEIVER SENSITIVITY** switch to -60.
16. Depress and hold **RCV CAL** pushbutton.
17. Does meter indicate 0 on **DBM** scale?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 21.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 18.

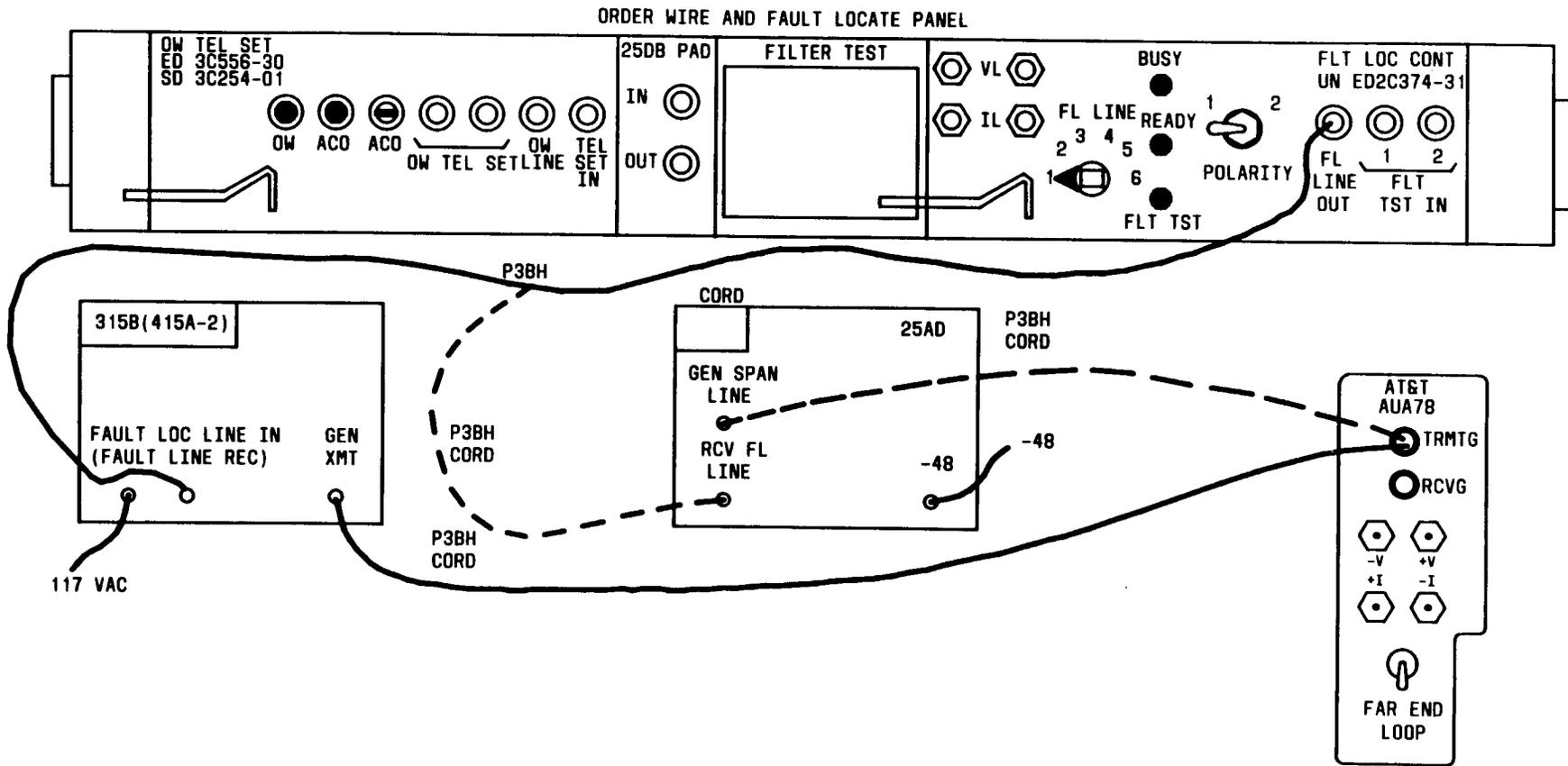


Fig. 3—COT Fault-Locating Configuration

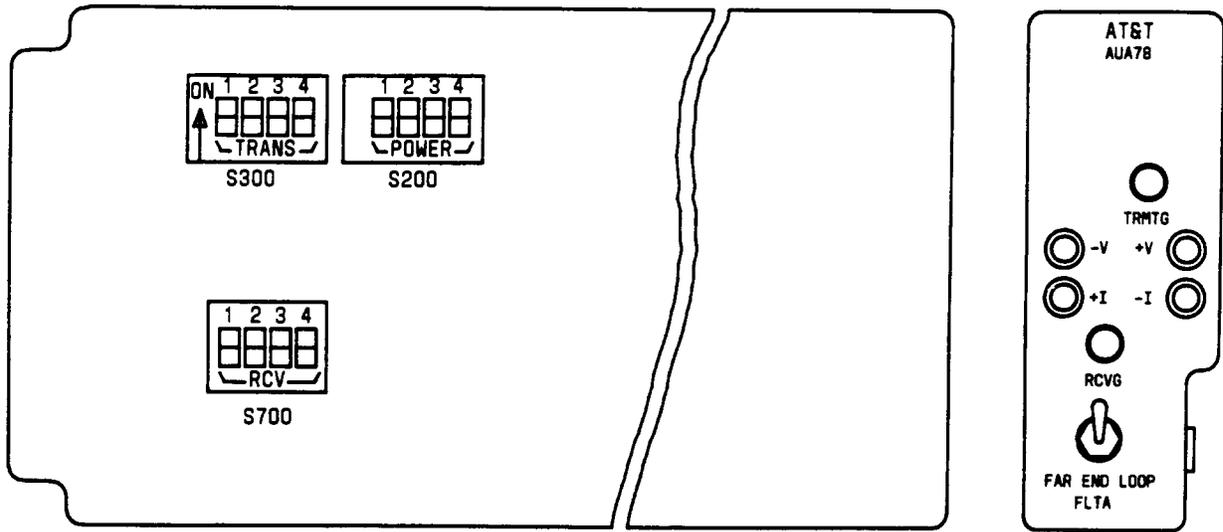
18. Adjust **RCV CAL** potentiometer for 0 indication.
19. Does meter indicate 0 on **DBM** scale?  

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 21.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 20.
20. Release **RCV CAL** pushbutton and return test set for repair. Obtain new test set and repeat from Step 10.
21. Release **RCV CAL** pushbutton.
22. Set controls per Table D.

<b>TABLE D 25AD TEST SET</b>	
<b>CONTROL/SWITCH</b>	<b>POSITION</b>
CLOCK RATE	T1
FUNCTION	MEAS 1 SIGNAL
PULSE DENSITY	11 REF
RECEIVER SENSITIVITY	-80

23. **Note:** Positioning an **LSU A, B, C, or D** switch to **f** position will force digroup **A, B, C, or D** onto protection line.  

If you do not have a protection line, proceed to Step 24. At **LSU**, position faceplate switch for digroup being tested (**A, B, C, or D**) to (**f**) position.
24. Remove **LIU** associated with line being tested.
25. Use **AUA78** T1 line fault-locate test adapter (**FLTA**) to perform tests.
26. On **FLTA** (FIG. 4), set switches **S300** (Table E) to agree with switch settings on either **S1/S2** or **S400** on **LIU** removed in Step 24. Set switches **S700** (Table F) to agree with switch settings on **S100** and either **S4** or **S200** on **LIU**. Set switches **S200** (Table G) to line powering if the **FLTA** powers the T1 line or to power loop if the **FLTA** loops the received line-powering current.



NOTE: THE AUA78 HAS A DAUGHTER BOARD. HOWEVER, S300 AND S700 ARE ACCESSIBLE THROUGH HOLES IN THE DAUGHTER BOARD. S200 IS ACCESSIBLE FROM THE EDGE OF THE BOARD.

Fig. 4—AUA78 FLTA Option Switches

TABLE E				
OPTION SWITCH S300 SETTINGS				
	POLE 1	POLE 2	POLE 3	POLE 4
0 dB	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
7.5 dB	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
15 dB	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
22.5 dB	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON

TABLE F				
OPTION SWITCH S700 SETTINGS				
	POLE 1	POLE 2	POLE 3	POLE 4
0 dB	CLOSED	OPEN	---	---
7.5 dB	OPEN	CLOSED	---	---
32	---	---	OPEN	---
64	---	---	CLOSED	---

TABLE G OPTION SWITCH S200 SETTINGS		
POLE	LINE POWERING	POWER LOOPING
1	OPEN	CLOSED
2	OPEN	CLOSED
3	CLOSED	OPEN
4	CLOSED	OPEN

27. Insert **AUA78** into **LIU** slot for line under test.
28. On **FL** panel, set **FL LINE** switch to appropriate line number (FIG. 3).
29. **Note:** For 1115-type filters, **POLARITY 1** will activate filter group for **Side 1** (COT to RT) of digital line and **POLARITY 2** will activate filter group for **Side 2** (RT to COT). For 1114-type filters, **POLARITY 2** activates filter group closest to COT before authorized tip and ring reversal and **POLARITY 1** activates filter group after authorized tip and ring reversal.

At **FL** Panel, set **POLARITY** switch to **1** for 1115-type filters or to **2** for 1114-type filters.

30. Connect test set to **FLTA** and Order Wire and Fault Locate Panel as shown in FIG. 3.
31. Are 1115-type filters installed on fault line?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 32.

If **NO**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**

32. **Note:** If **ADU MJ** and **BCU A DIGROUP** LEDs are lighted and **TRU ON PROT** LED for A digroup is off, a far-end loop cannot be done for line being tested.

Are **ADU MJ** and **BCU A DIGROUP** LEDs lighted and **TRU ON PROT** LED for A digroup off?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 33.

If **NO**, then proceed to Step 34.

33. Fault-locating procedures on **Side 2** cannot be performed from COT until A digroup failure has been cleared.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

34. On **FLTA**, loop far-end (RT) by positioning toggle switch to **FAR END LOOP**.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

## ANALYZE OBSCURE TROUBLE TEST RESULTS OBTAINED USING 315B OR 415A-2 FAULT LOCATE TEST SET

1. **Note:** On FLR form in FIG. 1 for filter code **B**, first point in row that fails to show **positive** increase is at **PULSE PERIOD 4**. For filter code **E** first point is at **PULSE PERIOD 7**. Only one mark should appear in each row.

On FLR (Fault-Locating Record) form (FIG. 1), search each row of **PULSE PERIOD** data from left to right for a point where recorded data fails to show **positive** increase.

2. Ignore zero entries until a non-zero entry is encountered, then mark first point in each row of data that fails to show positive increase.
3. In FLR **MAX SHIFT** column for each row of data, note **PULSE PERIOD** setting in which a mark was made.
4. **Note:** On FLR form in FIG. 1 in **MAX SHIFT** column, **PULSE PERIOD** setting increased from 6 to 10 (increase of 4) between filter code **G** and **H** making trouble section at filter **H**. Between filters **D** and **E** increase was from **PULSE PERIOD 4** to 7 (increase of 3) making a second trouble section candidate at filter code **E**.

In FLR **MAX SHIFT** column, locate row of data having largest **positive** increase in **PULSE PERIOD** setting with respect to previous row.

5. In FLR **NOTES** column, mark row with largest positive increase in **PULSE PERIOD** setting as **trouble section**.
6. Mark other rows with next largest positive increase in **PULSE PERIOD** setting as likely candidates for trouble.
7. Can suspected trouble section be identified?

If **YES**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**

If **NO**, then continue with Step 8.

8. Are there any marks on FLR form where **PULSE PERIOD** data failed to show positive increase?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 10.

If **NO**, then continue with Step 9.

9. Report no trouble found.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**



10. **Note:** On FLR form in FIG. 1, first mark encountered in highest **PULSE PERIOD** column is at filter code **H, PULSE PERIOD 10**.

Mark as trouble section filter code at first mark encountered in highest **PULSE PERIOD** column working from top down.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

## ANALYZE OBSCURE TROUBLE TEST RESULTS OBTAINED USING J98725AD (25AD) FAULT-LOCATE TEST SET

1. **Note:** On FLR form in FIG. 1, in filter row D, value recorded in **MAX SHIFT** column is 1.7. This value is the difference between 37.2 (at **PULSE PERIOD 7**) and 35.5 (at **PULSE PERIOD 4**).

On FLR (Fault-Locating Record) form (FIG. 1), for each row of **PULSE PERIOD** data determine lowest and highest reading for **PULSE PERIOD** setting 10 through 4.

2. Calculate difference between highest and lowest reading for each row of data.
3. Record difference calculated in Step 2 in **MAX SHIFT** column of FLR form for each row of data.
4. In **MAX SHIFT** column, note any value greater than 1.0.
5. Is any value greater than 1.0 recorded in **MAX SHIFT** column?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 6.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 7.

6. In **NOTES** column, mark row with largest number greater than 1.0 as **trouble section**.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

7. Report no trouble found.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**



## PREPARE FOR FAULT-LOCATING AT DSX CROSS-CONNECT

1. Obtain test equipment per Table A.

TABLE A	
EQUIPMENT REQUIRED	RECOMMENDED TYPE
FLTS (Fault Locate Test Set)	Sierra 315B, Sierra 415A-2, or J98725AD (25AD)
Two P3-type Patch Cords	P3BH

2. Obtain original FLR form(s) for system being tested (FIG. 1).
3. Obtain blank FLR forms (FIG. 2).
4. Which test set is being used?  
  
If **315B OR 415A-2**, then continue with Step 5.  
If **25AD**, then proceed to Step 10.
5. Plug power cord into 117 Vac convenience outlet.
6. Set **POWER** switch to **LAMP TEST** position.  
  
Response: All lamps lighted.
7. Is **315B** or **415A-2** test set being used?  
  
If **315B**, then continue with Step 8.  
If **415A-2**, then proceed to Step 9.
8. Set controls per Table B and proceed to Step 23.





TABLE B 315B TEST SET	
CONTROL/SWITCH	POSITION
POWER	POWER
FUNCTION	MEAS 1
NORM	NORM
PULSE PERIOD	REF 11
RCV LEVEL dBm	-90 with red center vernier knob fully clockwise

9. Set controls per Table C and proceed to Step 23.

TABLE C 415A-2 TEST SET	
CONTROL/SWITCH	POSITION
POWER	ON
FUNCTION	MEASURE 1
NORM	NORM
RECEIVE FAULT LINE LEVEL dBm	-90 with red center vernier knob rotated fully clockwise
SYSTEM Mb/s	1.544
PULSE PERIOD	REF 11

10. Plug power cord into -48V source (FIG. 3).
11. Set **FUNCTION** switch to **SPAN TERMINATE**.
12. Set **CLOCK RATE** switch to **T1**.
13. Set **PULSE DENSITY** switch to **11 REF**.
14. Set **FILTER** switch to **A**.
15. Set **RECEIVER SENSITIVITY** switch to **-60**.
16. Depress and hold **RCV CAL** pushbutton.
17. Does meter indicate 0 on **DBM** scale?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 21.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 18.

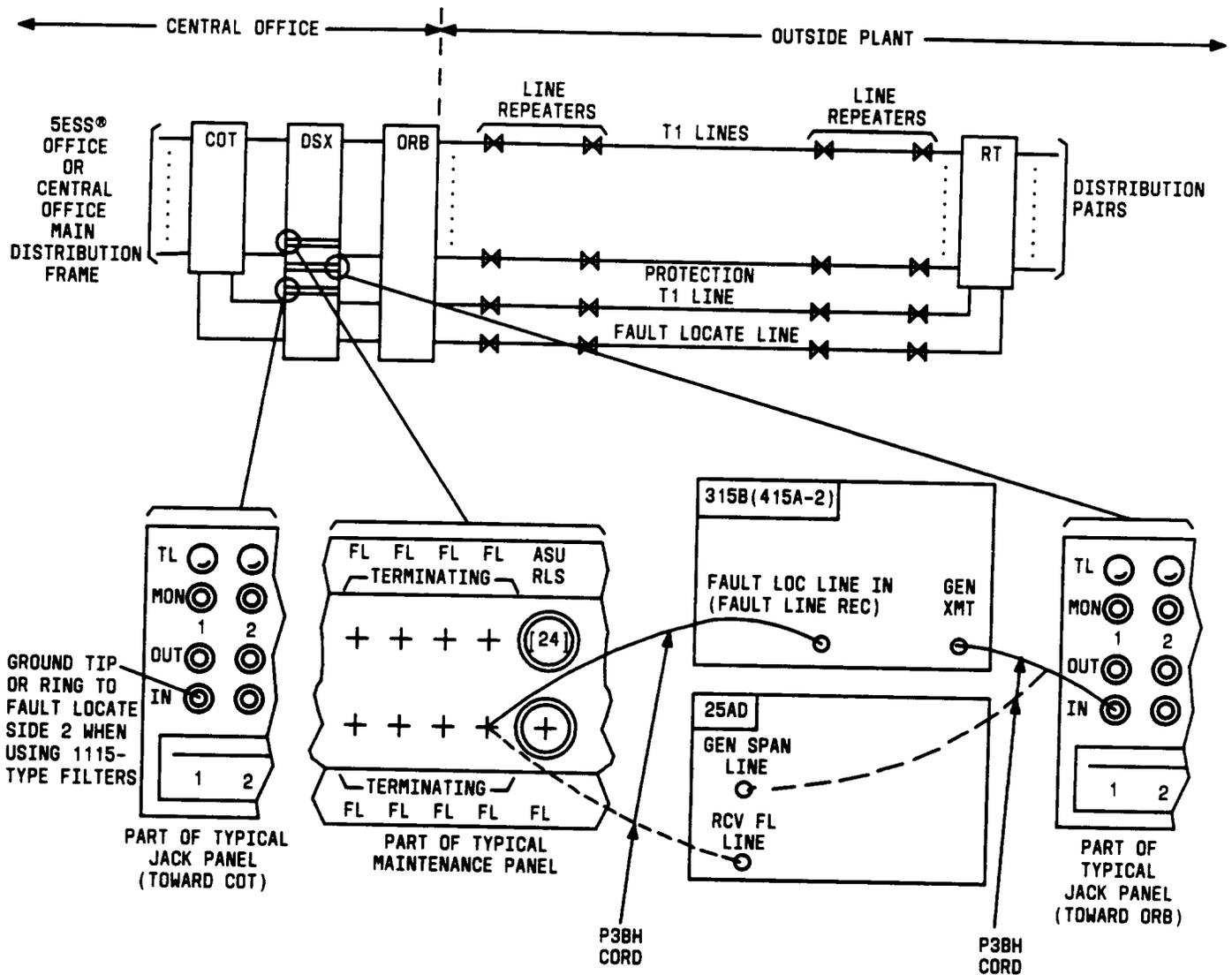


Fig. 3—Typical DSX Cross-Connect Fault-Locating Configuration

18. Adjust RCV CAL potentiometer for 0 indication.
19. Does meter indicate 0 on DBM scale?  
If YES, then proceed to Step 21.  
If NO, then continue with Step 20.
20. Release RCV CAL pushbutton and return test set for repair. Obtain new test set and repeat from Step 10.
21. Release RCV CAL pushbutton.
22. Set controls per Table D.

TABLE D 25AD TEST SET	
CONTROL/SWITCH	POSITION
CLOCK RATE	T1
FUNCTION	MEAS 1 SIGNAL
PULSE DENSITY	11 REF
RECEIVER SENSITIVITY	-80

23. **Note:** At COT, positioning an LSU A, B, C, or D switch to f position forces digroup associated with that switch onto protection line.

If you do not have a protection line, proceed to Step 2. At COT LSU associated with lines being tested, position faceplate switch for line being tested (A, B, C, or D) to (f) position.

24. Connect DSX Cross-Connect and test equipment per FIG. 3.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

## PERFORM OBSCURE TROUBLE TEST FROM DSX CROSS-CONNECT USING FAULT-LOCATE TEST SET

1. Which test set is being used?

If 315B, then continue with Step 2.

If 415A-2, then proceed to Step 3.

If J98725AD, then proceed to Step 4.

2. Set test set controls per Table A and proceed to Step 5.

TABLE A 315B TEST SET	
CONTROL/SWITCH	POSITION
FUNCTION	MEAS 1
PULSE PERIOD	REF 11
LINE FILTER	Set to letter code of filter being tested
RCV LEVEL dBm	Adjust for meter indication of -2.0 dB

3. Set test set controls per Table B and proceed to Step 5.

TABLE B 415A-2 TEST SET	
CONTROL/SWITCH	POSITION
FUNCTION	MEASURE 1
PULSE PERIOD	REF (Pulse period 11 LED will be lighted)
LINE FILTER	Set to letter code of filter being tested
RECEIVE FAULT LINE	Adjust for meter indication of 0 dB
LEVEL dBm	

4. Set test set controls per Table C.

TABLE C 25AD TEST SET	
CONTROL/SWITCH	POSITION
CLOCK RATE	T1
FUNCTION	MEAS 1 SIGNAL
PULSE DENSITY	11 REF
FILTER	Set to letter code of filter being tested
RECEIVER SENSITIVITY	Adjust control for an on-scale indication on the meter

5. **Note:** When using 415A-2 test set, if **PULSE PERIOD** switch is set to **AUTO**, **PULSE PERIOD** lamps will automatically advance in approximately 2-second intervals. The **HOLD** position is used to stop lighted lamp at desired position.

If using 315B test set, set **PULSE PERIOD** control to 10; if using 415A-2 test set, advance **PULSE PERIOD** to light LED 10; if using 25AD test set, set **PULSE DENSITY** control to 10.

6. **Note:** If meter deviation from reference value is not more than  $\pm 0.5$  dB, a zero is entered. If deviation is greater than +0.5 dB, **deviation amount** preceded by a plus (+) sign is recorded (e.g., +0.6). If deviation is less than reference level by more than -0.5 dB, **deviation amount** preceded by minus (-) is recorded (e.g., -0.6).

On FLR form (FIG. 1), record meter deviation from reference level (-2.0 dB if using 315B test set or 0 dB if using J98725AD (25AD) or 415A-2 test set).

7. Was last measurement made at **PULSE PERIOD 4**?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 9.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 8.

8. If using 315B test set, set **PULSE PERIOD** switch to next lower number (9, 8, etc.); if using 415A-2 test set, advance **PULSE PERIOD** to light next lower numbered LED (9, 8, etc.); if using 25AD test set, set **PULSE DENSITY** switch to next lower number (9, 8, etc.).
9. Have measurements been made at all filter locations on side being tested?
- If **YES**, then proceed to Step 11.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 10.
10. Go to next filter location to be tested.



11. Is **Side 1** (COT to RT) or **Side 2** (RT to COT) being tested?

If **SIDE 1**, then continue with Step 12.

If **SIDE 2**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**

12. Are 1115-type, 1114-type, or passive filters installed?

If **1115-TYPE**, then proceed to Step 14.

If **1114-TYPE OR PASSIVE**, then continue with Step 13.

13. Test on **Side 2** must be made from RT.

Reference: DLP-507 (J98725AD FLTS)

Reference: DLP-508 (315B or 415A-2 FLTS)

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

14. **Note:** If **ADU MJ** and **BCU A DIGROUP** LEDs are lighted and **TRU ON PROT LED** (only if you have a protection line) for A digroup is off, a far-end loop cannot be done for line being tested.

Are **ADU MJ** and **BCU A DIGROUP** LEDs lighted and is **LSU ON PROT LED** for A digroup off?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 13.

If **NO**, then continue with Step 15.

15. **Note:** Obscure trouble tests on **Side 2** (RT to COT) start with filter closest to RT and work toward COT. The **POLARITY 2** switch setting on the FL panel activates filters on **Side 2** of FL line.

On FL Panel, set **POLARITY** switch to activate first filter back from RT.

16. On test adapter (**AUA78**) being used at the COT, insure that Far-End Loop switch is set to **FAR-END LOOP** position and repeat from Step 1.

## OBTAIN FLR (FAULT-LOCATING RECORD) FORMS AND PREPARE FOR FAULT-LOCATING AT RT

1. Obtain test equipment listed in Table A.

TABLE A	
EQUIPMENT REQUIRED	RECOMMENDED TYPE
FLTS (Fault Locate Test Set)	Sierra 315B, Sierra 415A-2, or J98725AD (25AD)
Two P3-type Patch Cords	P3BH

2. Obtain original FLR (Fault-Locating Record) forms (FIG. 1).
3. Obtain blank FLR forms for system being tested (FIG. 2).
4. Which fault-locate test set is being used?  
  
    If **315A OR 415A-2**, then continue with Step 5.  
    If **25AD**, then proceed to Step 13.
5. Plug power cord into 117 Vac convenience outlet.
6. Set **POWER** switch to **LAMP TEST** position.  
  
    Response: All lamps lighted.
7. Set **POWER** switch to **POWER** position.  
  
    Response: **POWER** lamp lighted.
8. Set **PULSE PERIOD** switch to **REF 11**.
9. Is **315B** or **415A-2** test set being used?  
  
    If **315B**, then continue with Step 10.  
    If **415A-2**, then proceed to Step 11.
10. Set **RCV LEVEL dBm** center vernier control fully clockwise.
11. Set **RECEIVE FAULT LINE LEVEL dBm** center vernier control fully clockwise.
12. Set **SYSTEM Mb/s** control to **1.544** and proceed to Step 25.
13. Plug power cord into -48V source (FIG. 3).





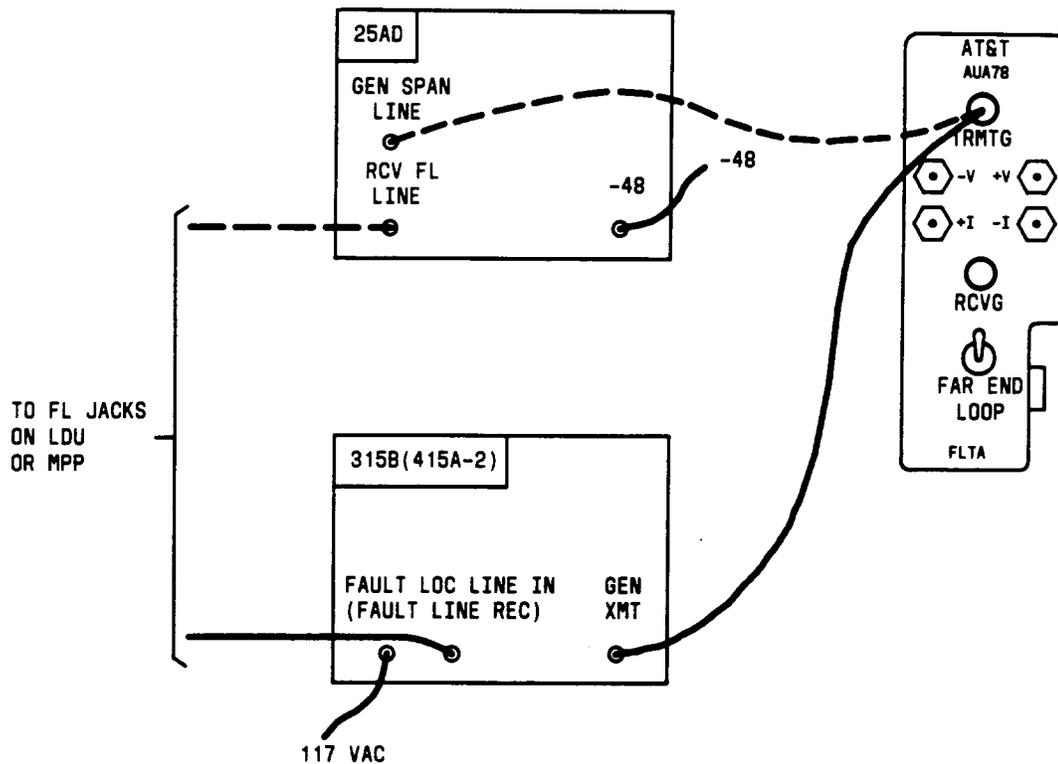


Fig. 3—RT (Remote Terminal) Fault-Locating Configuration

14. Set **FUNCTION** switch to **SPAN TERMINATE**.
15. Set **CLOCK RATE** switch to **T1**.
16. Set **PULSE DENSITY** switch to **11 REF**.
17. Set **FILTER** switch to **A**.
18. Set **RECEIVER SENSITIVITY** switch to **-60**.
19. Depress and hold **RCV CAL** pushbutton.
20. Does meter indicate 0 on **DBM** scale?  
If **YES**, then proceed to Step 24.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 21.
21. Adjust **RCV CAL** potentiometer for 0 indication.
22. Does meter indicate 0 on **DBM** scale?  
If **YES**, then proceed to Step 24.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 23.

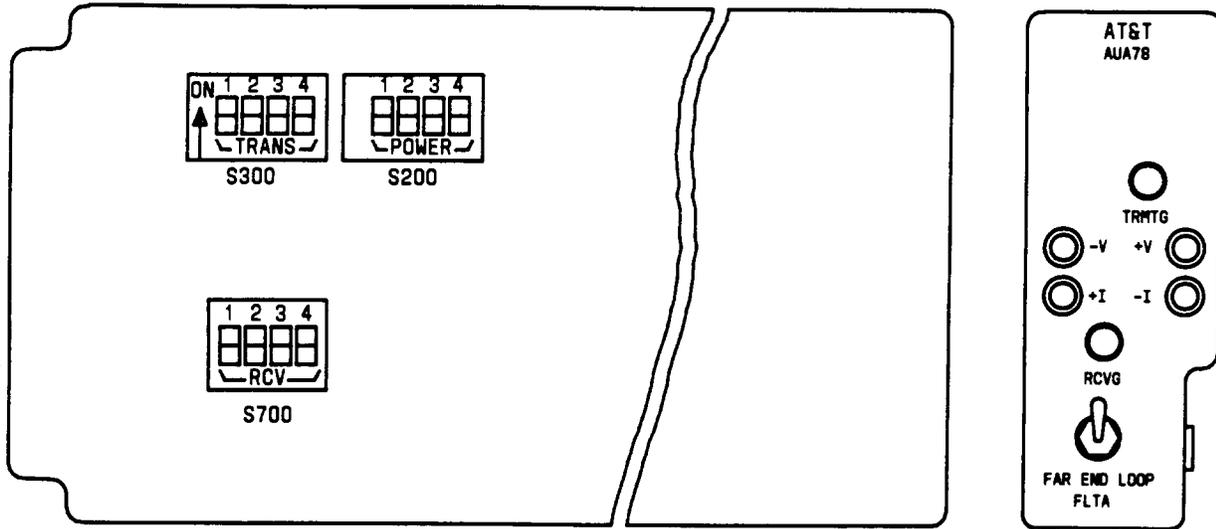
- 23. Release **RCV CAL** pushbutton and return test set for repair. Obtain new test set and repeat from Step 13.
- 24. Release **RCV CAL** pushbutton.
- 25. **Note:** Passive FL lines use 598- or 1068-type filters. Active FL lines use 1114-type filters.  
Determine type of fault-locating filters that are installed on FL (fault-locating) line.

- 26. Are 1114-type filters installed on FL line?  
If **YES**, then continue with Step 27.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 31.

- 27. **Note:** Location of authorized tip and ring reversal determines which **POLARITY** setting on COT FL Panel will activate 1114-type filters. Tip and ring reversal will exist if more than twelve 1114-type filters are on same FL line.  
Determine location of authorized tip and ring reversal (if any) on FL line.

- 28. Request COT personnel at FL panel to set **FL LINE** switch to access FL line being used.
- 29. Request COT personnel at FL Panel to set **FL LINE** switch to appropriate number and insert a dummy plug (258G or equivalent) or one end of P3-type patch cord into **FL LINE OUT** jack.
- 30. If you do not have a protection line, proceed to Step 31. At **LSU**, position switch associated with line being tested to **f** position.
- 31. At **RT**, remove **LIU** associated with line being tested.
- 32. Use **AUA78** T1 line fault-locate test adapter (**FLTA**) to perform tests.
- 33. On **FLTA** (FIG. 4), set switches **S300** (Table B) to agree with switch settings on either **S1/S2** or **S400** on **LIU** removed in Step 31. Set switches **S700** (Table C) to agree with switch settings on **S100** and either **S4** or **S200** on **LIU**. Set switches **S200** (Table D) to line powering if the **FLTA** powers the T1 line or to power loop if the **FLTA** loops the received line-powering current.

TABLE B OPTION SWITCH S300 SETTINGS				
	POLE 1	POLE 2	POLE 3	POLE 4
0 dB	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
7.5 dB	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
15 dB	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
22.5 dB	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON



NOTE: THE AUA78 HAS A DAUGHTER BOARD. HOWEVER, S300 AND S700 ARE ACCESSIBLE THROUGH HOLES IN THE DAUGHTER BOARD. S200 IS ACCESSIBLE FROM THE EDGE OF THE BOARD.

Fig. 4—AUA78 FLTA Option Switches

TABLE C OPTION SWITCH S700 SETTINGS				
	POLE 1	POLE 2	POLE 3	POLE 4
0 dB	CLOSED	OPEN	—	—
7.5 dB	OPEN	CLOSED	—	—
32	—	—	OPEN	—
64	—	—	CLOSED	—

TABLE D OPTION SWITCH S200 SETTINGS		
POLE	LINE POWERING	POWER LOOPING
1	OPEN	CLOSED
2	OPEN	CLOSED
3	CLOSED	OPEN
4	CLOSED	OPEN

34. Insert **FLTA** into **LIU** slot for line under test.
35. Connect test set to **FLTA** and fault locate jacks located on either the **LDU** (Load Distribution Unit) or on the Miscellaneous Pair Panel (MPP) as shown in FIG. 3.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

## SET LSU (LINE SWITCH UNIT) OPTION SWITCH SETTINGS

1. **Note:** An AUA13 LSU cannot be used in a COT channel bank assembly equipped for FPD operation.

Get one AUA13 or AUA73 LSU (Line Switch Unit) and inspect for possible damage.

2. Is LSU an AUA73?

If YES, then continue with Step 3.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 6.

3. Is LSU being installed in channel bank assembly equipped for FPD capability?

If YES, then continue with Step 4.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 5.

4. Set switch S2 located on the side of the LSU circuit pack (FIG. 1) to position 32 and proceed to Step 6.
5. Set switch S2 located on the side of the LSU circuit pack (FIG. 1) to position 64.
6. Set all eight switches on LSU faceplate to OFF (right-hand side) position.
7. **Caution:** *Incorrectly set LSU option switches may result in immediate or future loss of service or may introduce errors into the digital bitstream.*

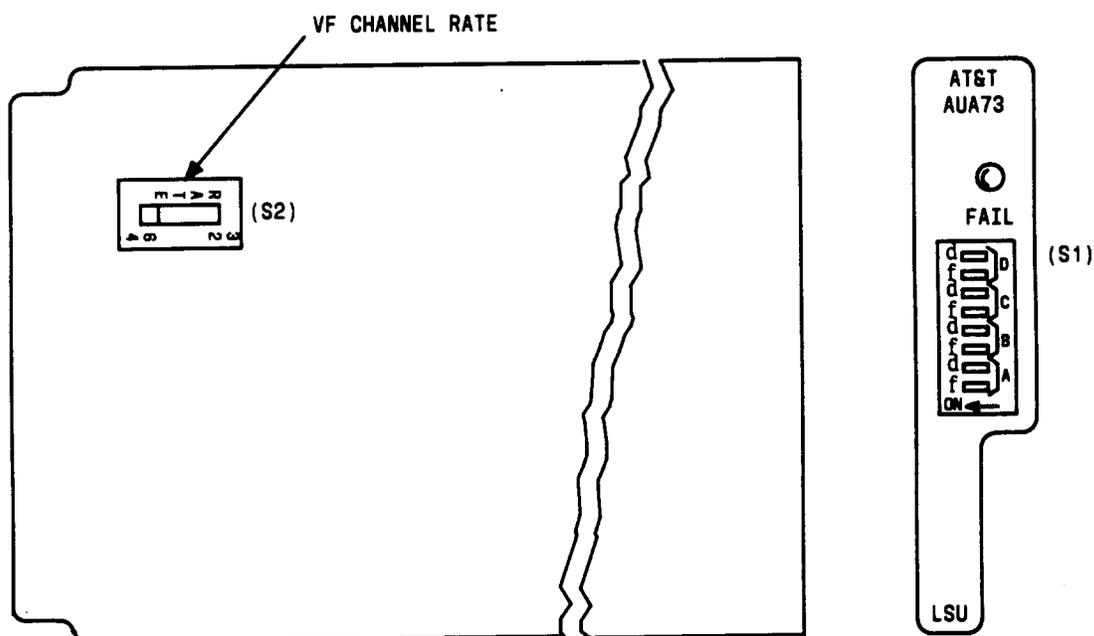


Fig. 1—AUA73 LSU Option Switches

Insert **LSU** into appropriate **LSU** slot in facility shelf.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

## SET ADU (ALARM DISPLAY UNIT) OPTION SWITCH SETTINGS

1. Get one ADU circuit pack with correct code and inspect for possible damage.

2. Is ADU being installed in RT or COT?

If RT, then proceed to Step 7.

If COT, then continue with Step 3.

3. Is ADU an AUB1?

If YES, then continue with Step 4.

If NO, then proceed to Step 5.

4. On ADU (AUB1) option switch S2 (FIG. 1) set switch positions 1 through 6 to agree with data on facility record and proceed to Step 11.

5. **Caution: If the bank is equipped for FPD capability, switch position 2 should be depressed toward 32 (left side of switch), otherwise, it should be depressed toward 64 (right side of switch).**

On ADU (AUB6) option switch S1 (FIG. 2) set switch positions 1 through 6 to agree with data on facility record.

6. Set system switches S3, S4, S5, and S6 on ADU per facility record (e.g., for system number 0123 or 123, set S3 to 0, S4 to 1, S5 to 2, and S6 to 3) and proceed to Step 11.

7. Verify that fuse on ADU is not blown. If fuse is blown, get another ADU that contains good fuse.

8. Is ADU an AUB26?

If YES, then continue with Step 9.

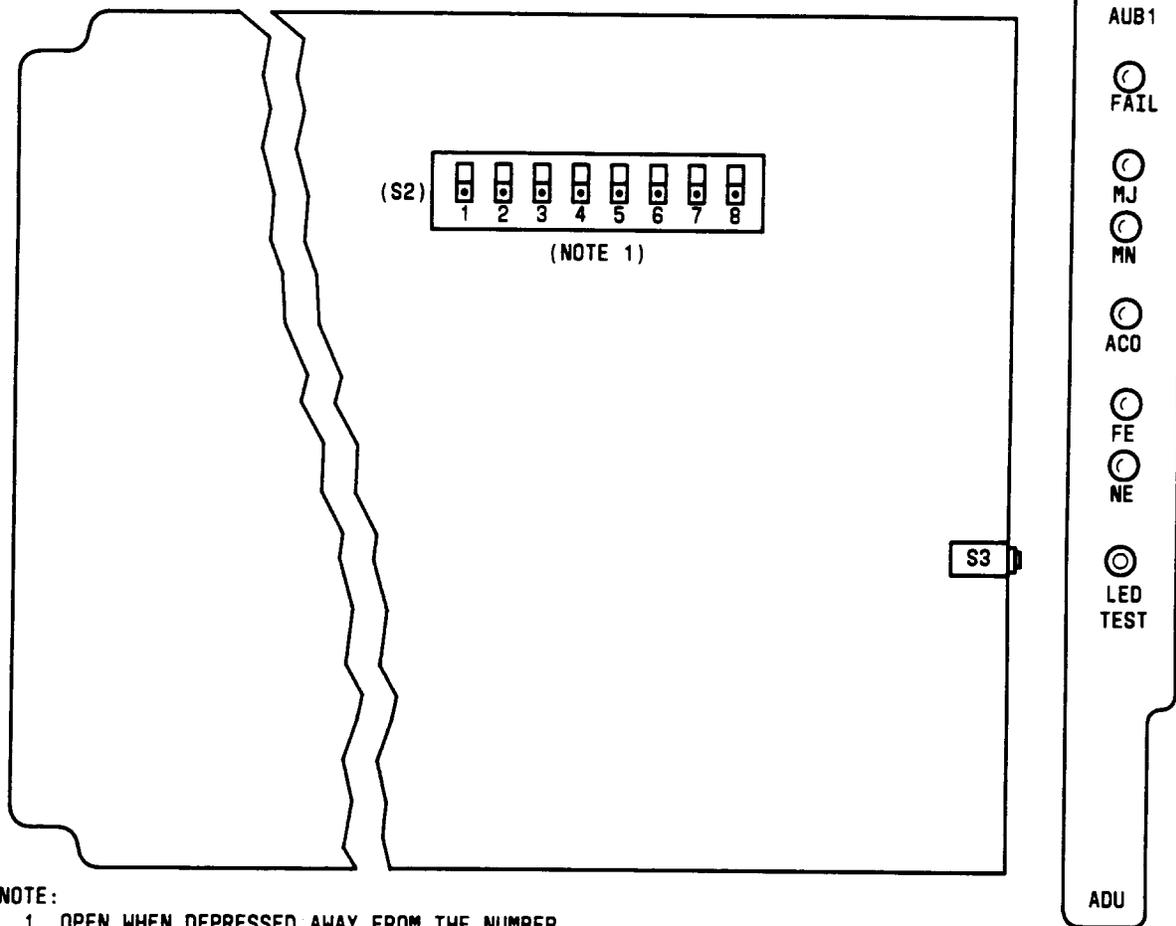
If NO, then proceed to Step 10.

9. **Caution: If the bank is equipped for FPD capability, switch position 2 should be depressed toward 32 (left side of switch); otherwise, it should be depressed toward 64 (right side of switch). Depress switch position 9 toward D4 if the bank is equipped with FPC, FPC2, or FPD capability; otherwise, depress switch position 9 toward DID.**

On ADU (AUB26) option switch S1 (FIG. 3), set switch positions 1 through 9 to agree with data on facility record and proceed to Step 11.

10. On ADU (AUB21 or AUB24) option switch S2 (FIG. 4), set switch positions 1 through 8 to agree with data on facility record.

SWITCH SETTINGS		
CLOSED	S2	OPEN
NO PROTECTION LINE	1	PROTECTION LINE
-	2	DS1
AB IN-SERVICE	3	AB PRE-SERVICE
CD IN-SERVICE	4	CD PRE-SERVICE
AB EQUIPPED	5	AB UNEQUIPPED
CD EQUIPPED	6	CD UNEQUIPPED
(UNUSED)	7	-
(UNUSED)	8	-



NOTE:

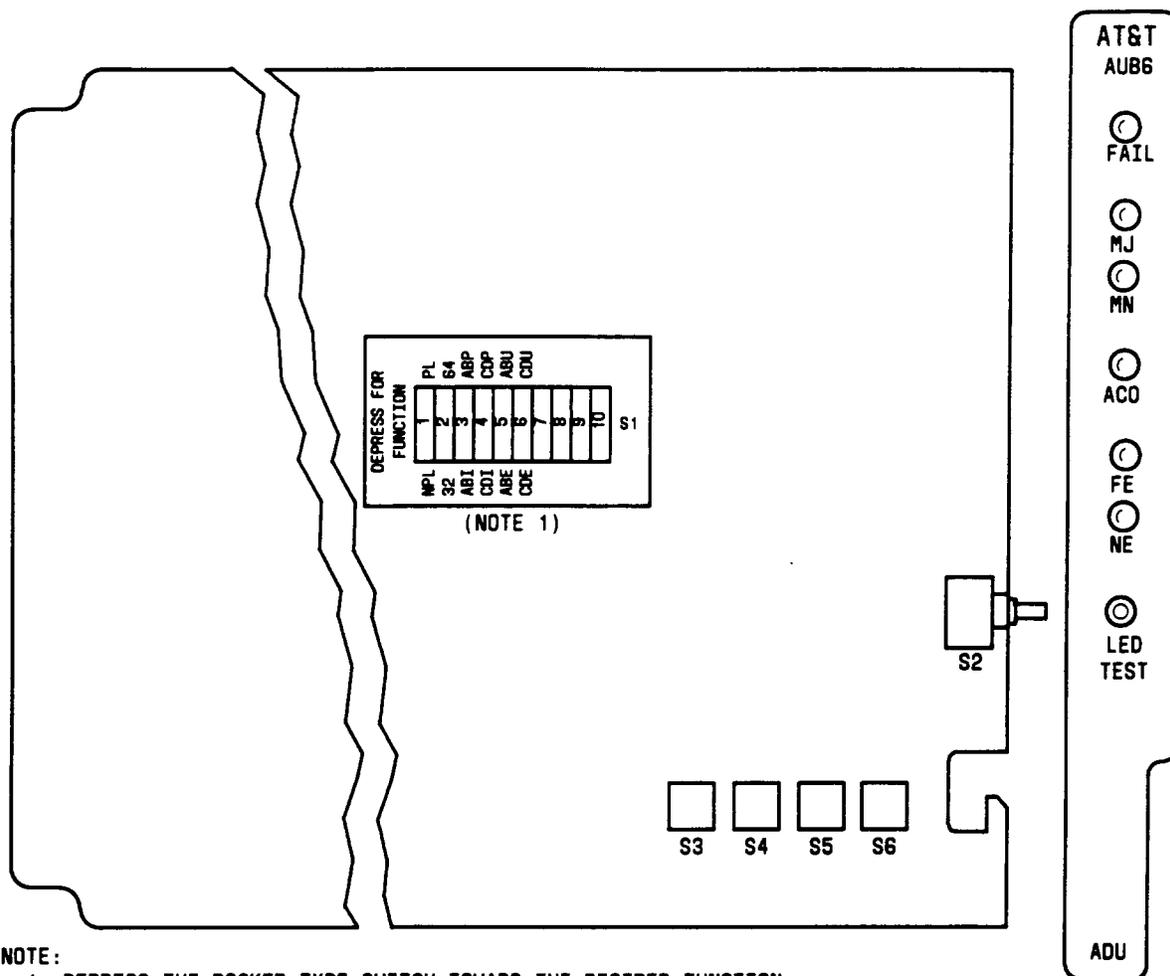
1. OPEN WHEN DEPRESSED AWAY FROM THE NUMBER  
CLOSED WHEN DEPRESSED TOWARDS THE NUMBER

Fig. 1—COT ADU Options

11. **Caution:** *Incorrectly set ADU option switches may result in immediate or future loss of service or may introduce errors into the digital bitstream.*

Insert ADU into ADU slot.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**



NOTE:  
1. DEPRESS THE ROCKER-TYPE SWITCH TOWARD THE DESIRED FUNCTION

Fig. 2—AUB6 ADU Option Switch Settings

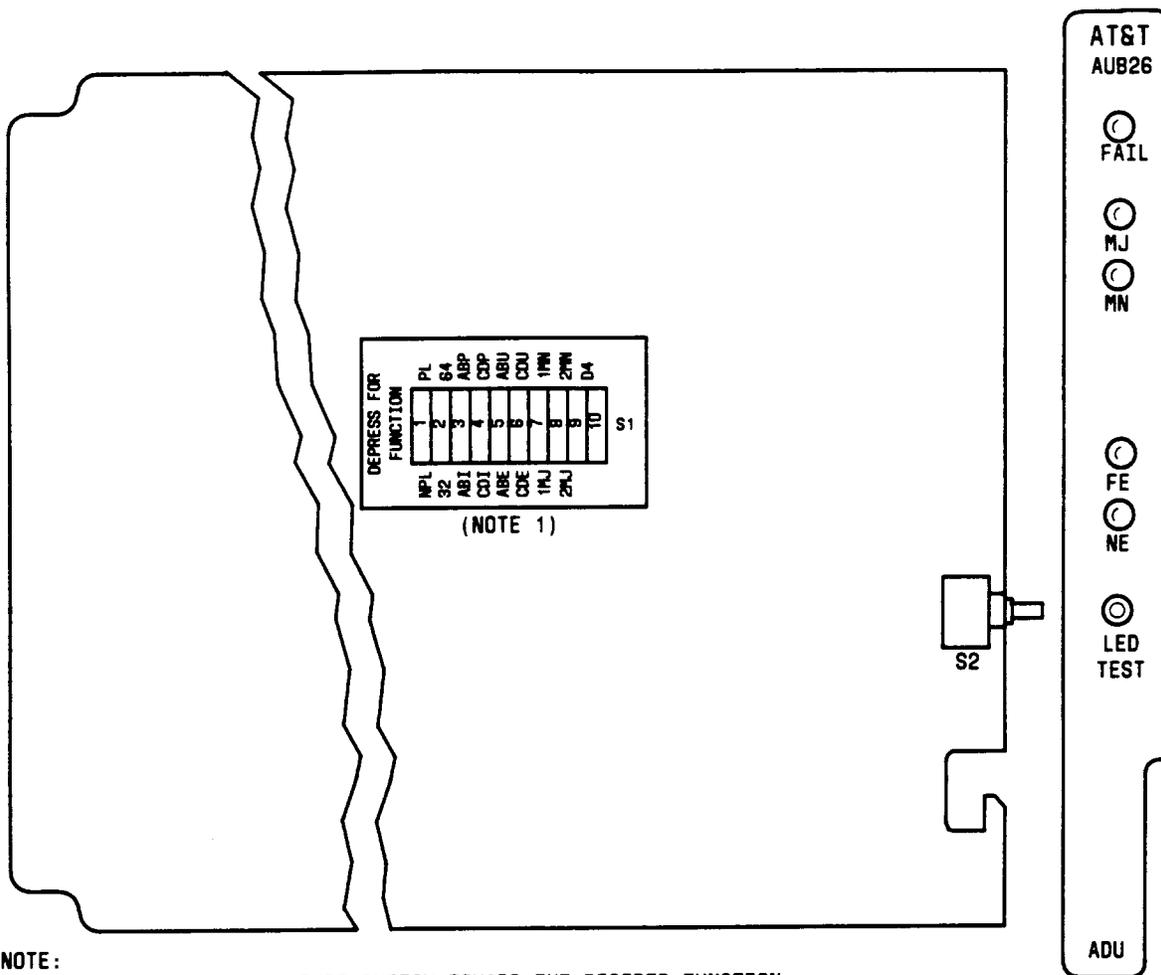
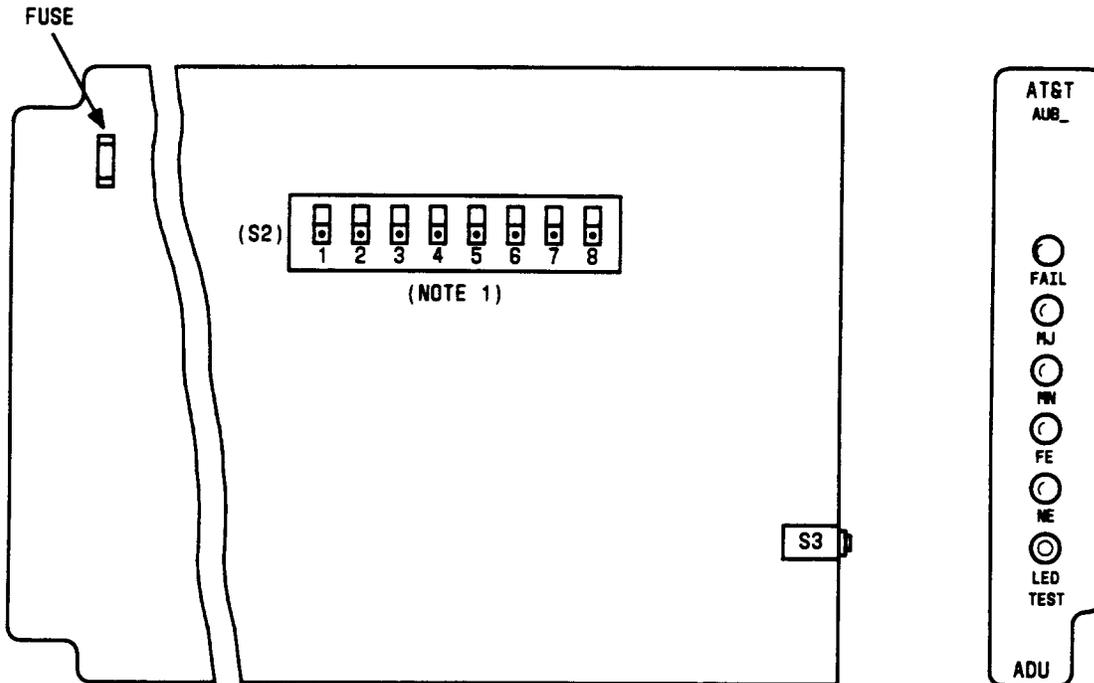


Fig. 3—AUB26 ADU Option Switch Settings

SWITCH SETTINGS		
CLOSED	S2	OPEN
NO PROTECTION LINE	1	PROTECTION LINE
—	2	DS1
AB IN-SERVICE	3	AB PRE-SERVICE
CD IN-SERVICE	4	CD PRE-SERVICE
AB EQUIPPED	5	AB UNEQUIPPED
CD EQUIPPED	6	CD UNEQUIPPED
MJ ALARM-RT MISC1 (AUB21)	7	MN ALARM-RT MISC1 (AUB21)
16 BIT ALARM FIELD (AUB24)*	8	13 BIT ALARM FIELD (AUB24)†
MJ ALARM-RT MISC2 (AUB21)		MN ALARM-RT MISC2 (AUB21)
UNUSED (AUB24)		—

\* Reserved for future use.

† Always set switch 7 on AUB24 to OPEN.



NOTE:

1. OPEN WHEN DEPRESSED AWAY FROM THE NUMBER  
CLOSED WHEN DEPRESSED TOWARDS THE NUMBER

Fig. 4—AUB21 and AUB24 ADU Option Switch Settings

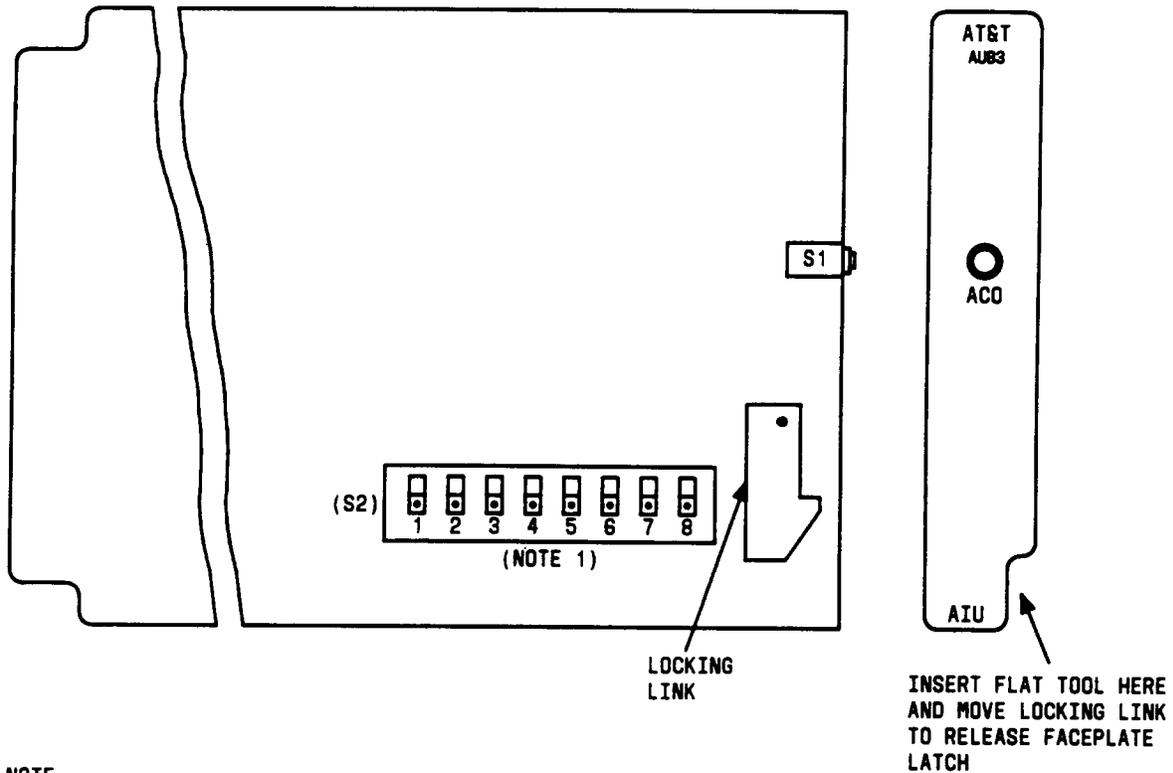
## SET AIU (ALARM INTERFACE UNIT) OPTION SWITCH SETTINGS

1. Get one AIU (AUB3) and inspect for possible damage.
2. On AIU option switch S2 (FIG. 1), set option switches 2 and 3 to closed position (depress rockers toward numbers) and switches 4 and 5 to open (depress rockers away from numbers). Set option switches 6 and 8 to agree with facility record.
3. Insert AIU into AIU slot in white (upper) channel bank.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

SWITCH SUMMARY		
CLOSED	S2	OPEN
(UNUSED)	1	-
ALWAYS CLOSED	2	-
ALWAYS CLOSED	3	-
-	4	ALWAYS OPEN
-	5	ALWAYS OPEN
CO PMN FOR RT PMN	6*	CO MN FOR RT PMN
(UNUSED)	7	-
CO MN FOR RT PMN	8*	CO PMN FOR RT PMN

\* Switches 6 and 8 should not be set to the same position.



NOTE:

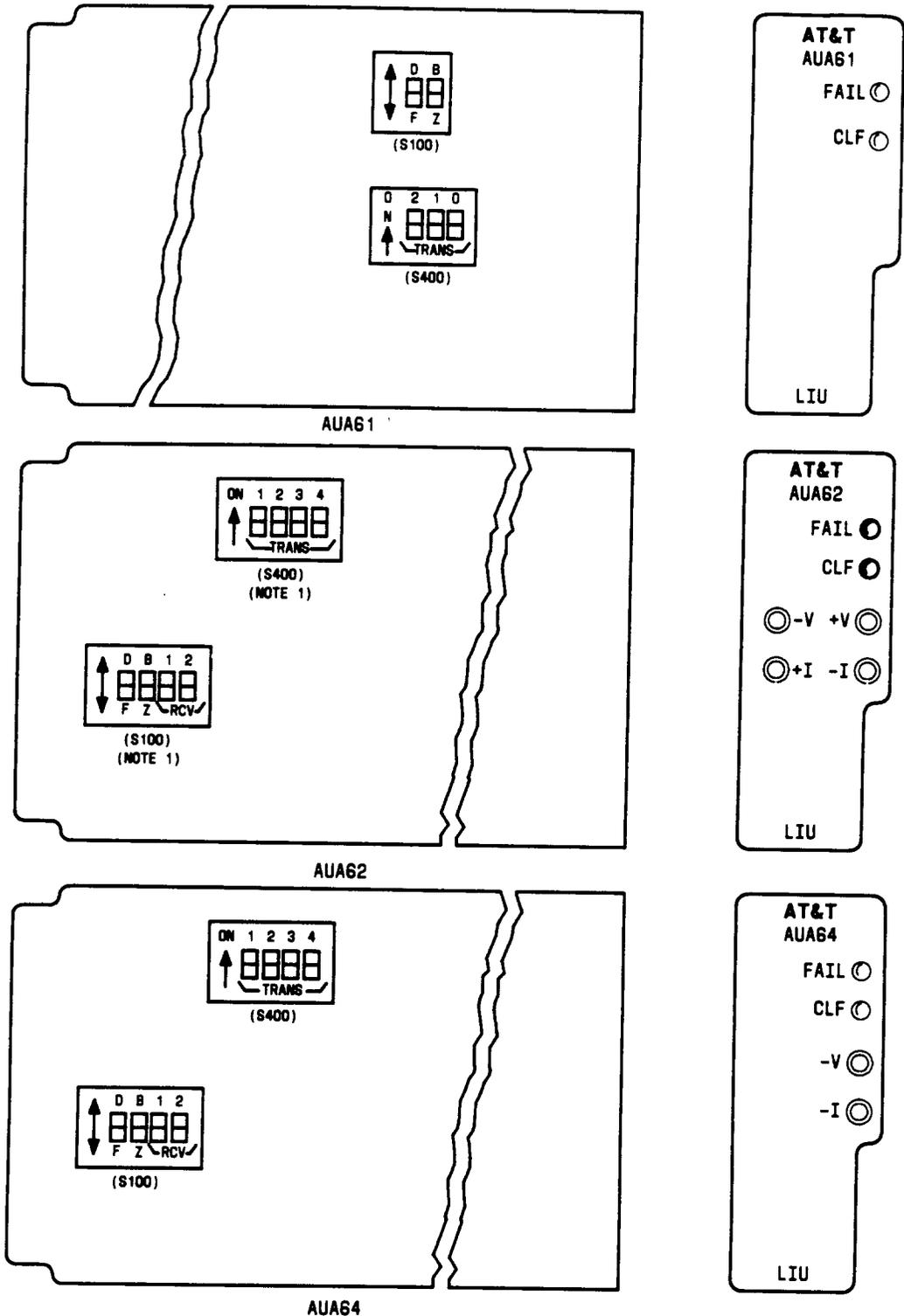
1. OPEN WHEN DEPRESSED AWAY FROM THE NUMBERS,  
CLOSED WHEN DEPRESSED TOWARDS THE NUMBERS.

Fig. 1—AIU Option Switch

## SET LIU (LINE INTERFACE UNIT) OPTION SWITCH SETTINGS

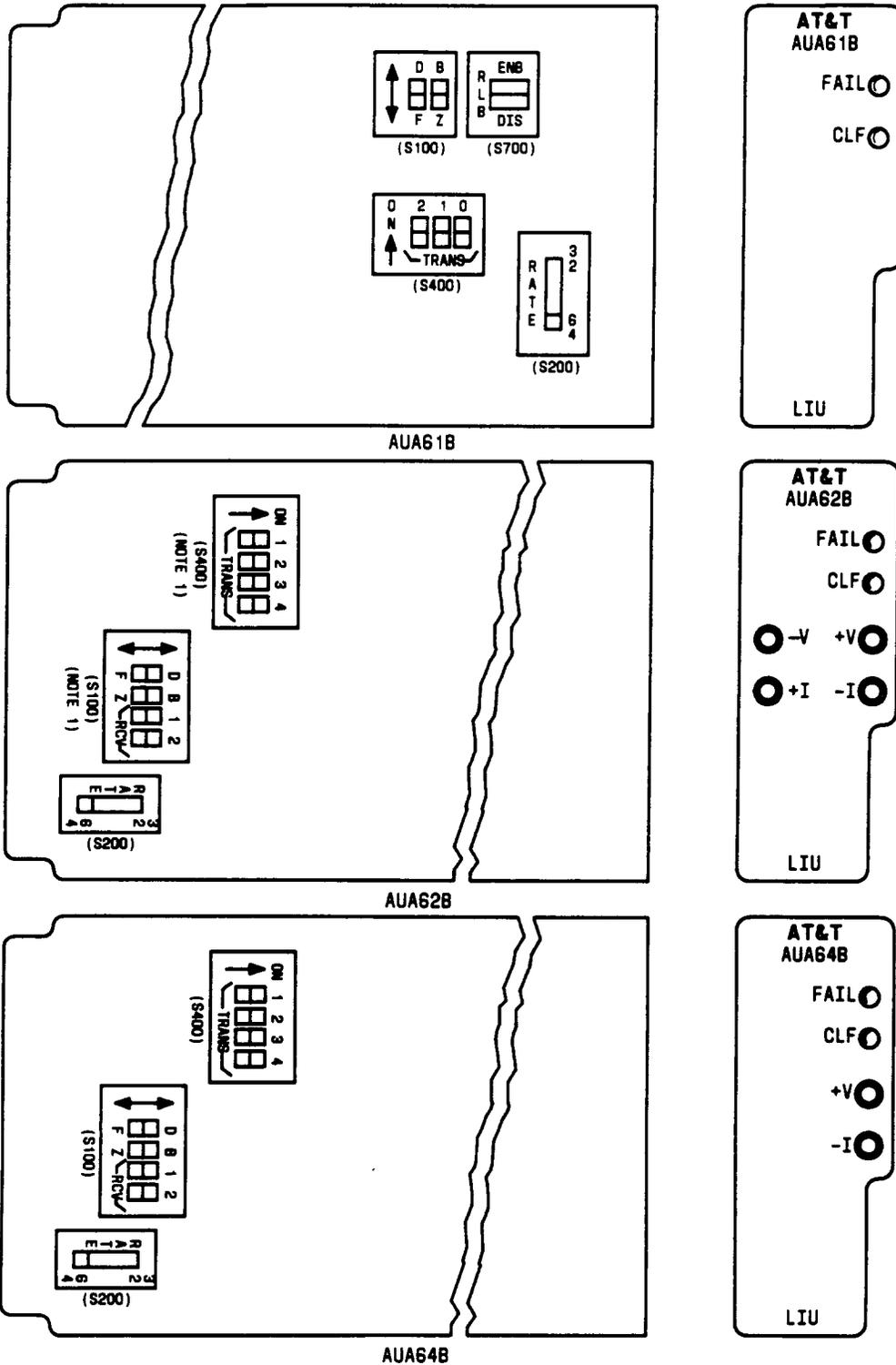
1. **Caution:** *Incorrectly set LIU option switches may result in immediate or future loss of service or may introduce errors into the digital bitstream. All LIUs in the same bank should have identical option switch settings.*  
  
Get one LIU (FIG. 1, FIG. 2, or FIG. 3) and inspect for possible damage.
2. Is LIU AUA61, AUA61B, or AUA61C being installed in bank assembly?  
  
If YES, then continue with Step 3.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 6.
3. Set equalizer switches S400 on LIU AUA61/AUA61B or S2 on LIU AUA61C per facility record (Table A).
4. Is LIU an AUA61B or AUA61C?  
  
If YES, then continue with Step 5.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 7.
5. Set loopback enable/disable switch S700 on AUA61B or S3 on AUA61C to ENB if the bank assembly is connected to a DDM-1000 Multiplexer. Otherwise, set it to the DIS position and proceed to Step 7.
6. Set transmit and receive pad switches on LIU per facility record (Table B).
7. Set line coding and framing format switches on LIU per work order or engineering records (Table C).
8. Is LIU AUA61B, AUA61C, AUA62B, AUA62C, AUA64B, or AUA64C being installed in bank assembly?  
  
If YES, then continue with Step 9.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 11.
9. Is LIU being installed in channel bank assembly equipped for FPD capability?  
  
If YES, then proceed to Step 11.  
If NO, then continue with Step 10.
10. Set channel PCM-rate switch (S200 or S4) to 64 and proceed to Step 12.
11. Set channel PCM-rate switch (S200 or S4) to 32.
12. Insert LIU into appropriate LIU slot in facility shelf.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**



NOTE: 1. AUA62 HAS A DAUGHTER BOARD. HOWEVER, S100 AND S400 ARE ACCESSIBLE THROUGH HOLES IN THE DAUGHTER BOARD.

Fig. 1—AUA61, AUA62, and AUA64 LIU Option Switches



NOTE 1: AUAG2B HAS A DAUGHTER BOARD. HOWEVER, S100 AND S400 ARE ACCESSIBLE THROUGH HOLES IN THE DAUGHTER BOARD.

Fig. 2—AUAG1B, AUAG2B, and AUAG4B LIU Option Switches

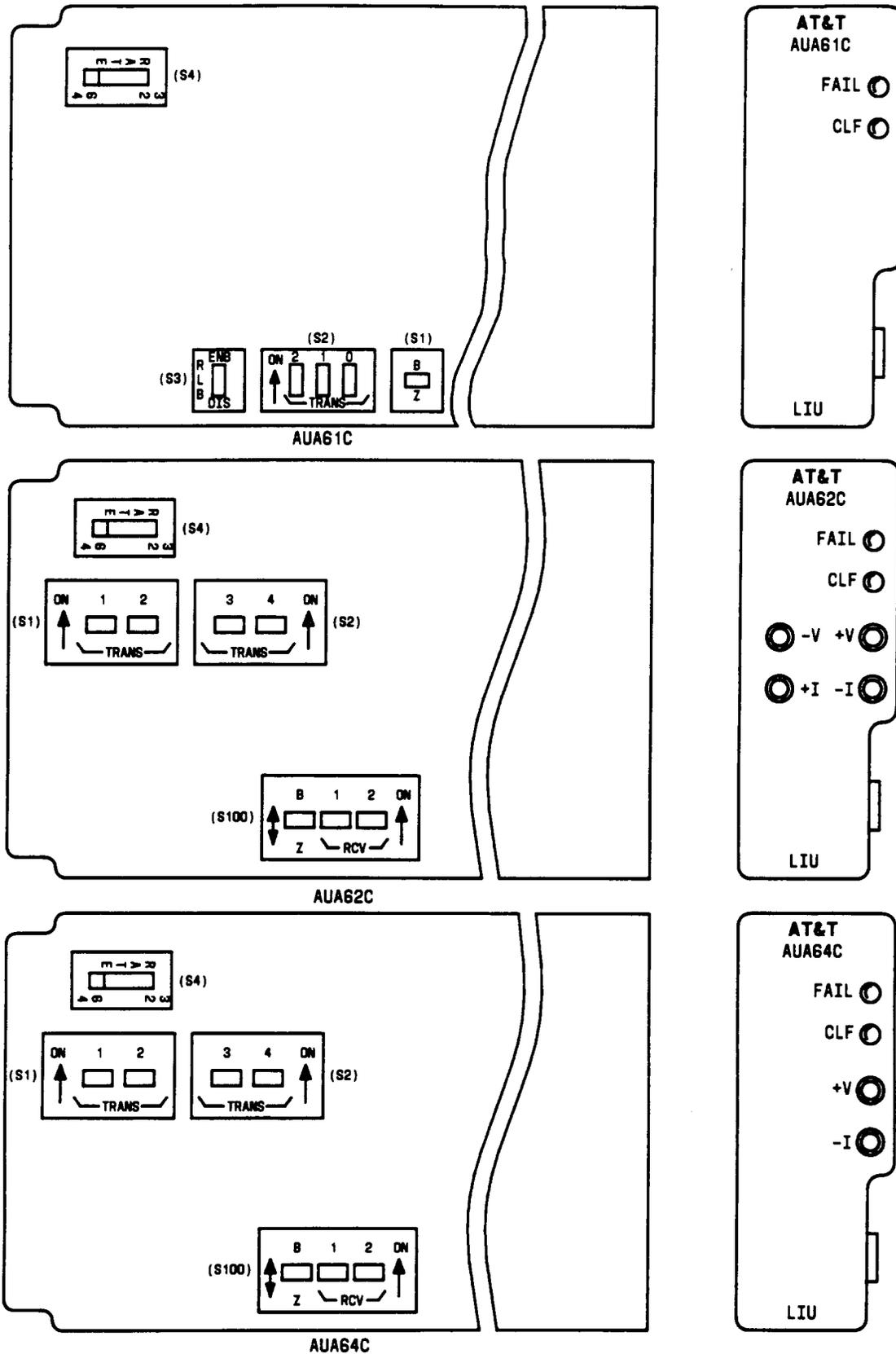


Fig. 3—AUA61C, AUA62C, and AUA64C LIU Option Switches

TABLE A			
AUA61, AUA61B, AND AUA61C LIU EQUALIZER SETTINGS			
DISTANCE TO DSX-1 (FEET)	EQUALIZER SWITCH (S400/S2) SETTINGS		
	2	1	0
0-132	OFF	OFF	ON
133-265	OFF	ON	OFF
266-398	OFF	ON	ON
399-532	ON	OFF	OFF
533-655	ON	OFF	ON

TABLE B						
AUA62, AUA62B, AUA62C, AUA64, AUA64B, AND AUA64C TRANSMIT/RECEIVE PAD SETTINGS						
INSERTED LOSS (dB)	TRANSMIT PAD (S400/S1, S2) SWITCH SETTINGS				RECEIVE PAD (S100) SWITCH SETTINGS	
	1	2	3	4	1	2
22.5	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	—	—
15.0	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	—	—
7.5	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON*
0	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON*	OFF

\* ON when depressed toward the numbers.

TABLE C LIU LINE CODING AND FRAMING FORMAT SWITCH SETTINGS	
OPTION DESCRIPTION	LIU SWITCH (S100) SETTINGS
B8ZS CODING ZCS CODING	B Z
ESF (Fe) FRAMING FORMAT Fs FRAMING FORMAT	F D*
* SLC Series 5 Mode 96 use only.	

## SET DCU (DIGITAL CONNECTIVITY UNIT) OPTION SWITCH SETTINGS

1. Get one DCU-L (AUA16) and inspect for possible damage.
2. On DCU-L option switch S100 (FIG. 1), set option switch D/F to the D position and option switch B/Z to the Z position.
3. On DCU-L option switch S400 (FIG. 1), set switches 0, 1, and 2 to agree with facility record.
4. Insert DCU-L into the sixth channel unit slot position in the digroup.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

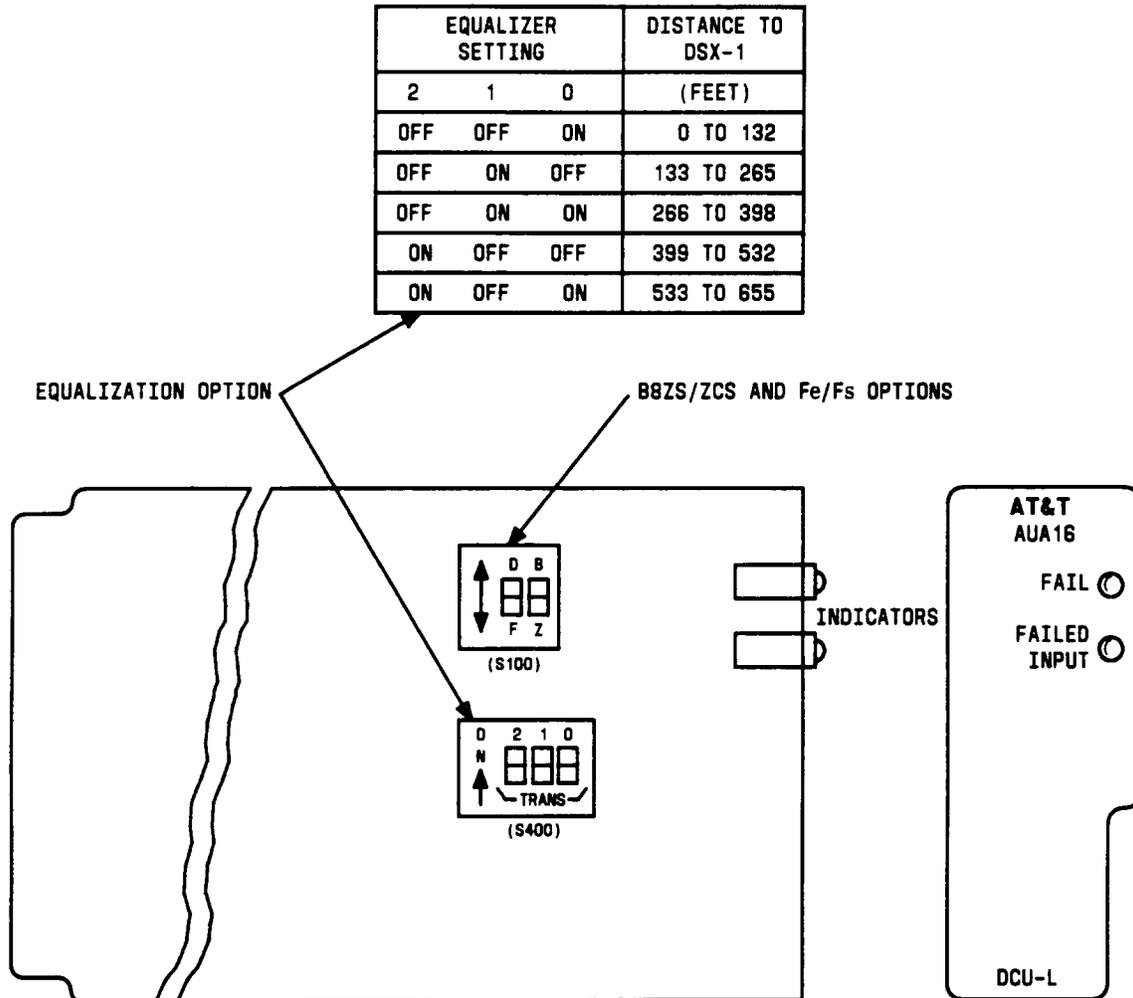


Fig. 1—AUA16 DCU-L Option Switches

## PERFORM TEST OF RT BATTERIES USING 197A BATTERY LOAD TEST SET

1. **Caution:** *Service interruption will occur if batteries are disconnected and ac power is not available.*

Obtain 197A BATTERY LOAD TEST SET (197A) and place near batteries to be tested (FIG. 1).

2. **Note:** The 197A test set is intended to test batteries that are fully charged. A minimum of two days must be allowed between the time the batteries (new or replacement) are put on high rate charge and this test is made. After testing is completed, the batteries must be put on high rate charge using the 337A BATTERY CHARGER.

Remove cover from 197A test set.

3. Check 197A test set for proper operation (if not already performed).

Reference: DLP-521

4. Ensure that system(s) associated with batteries to be tested has ac power available (PMN or P/M indicator on BCU circuit pack not lighted).
5. On 337A BATTERY CHARGER associated with batteries to be tested, is HIGH RATE CHG/ON indicator lighted?

If YES, then continue with Step 6.

If NO, then proceed to Step 7.

6. Batteries are on high charge and may require up to 24 hours to charge. Do not perform this procedure until HIGH RATE CHG/ON indicator on BATTERY CHARGER goes off.
7. **Caution:** *Service interruption will occur if batteries are disconnected and ac power is not available.*

Disconnect battery leads of batteries to be tested from battery shelf.

8. **Note:** Under normal conditions, when the first battery is connected, the following occurs: (a) The test set TIME display indicates 00 MIN:00 SEC; (b) The status display indicates which test set BATT plug the battery is connected to, status of the battery (GOOD or REPLACE), and the READY indicator lights; (c) Test set fan operates.

At test set connector head (FIG. 1), connect battery leads (up to four) to BATT 1, 2, 3, and 4 plugs.

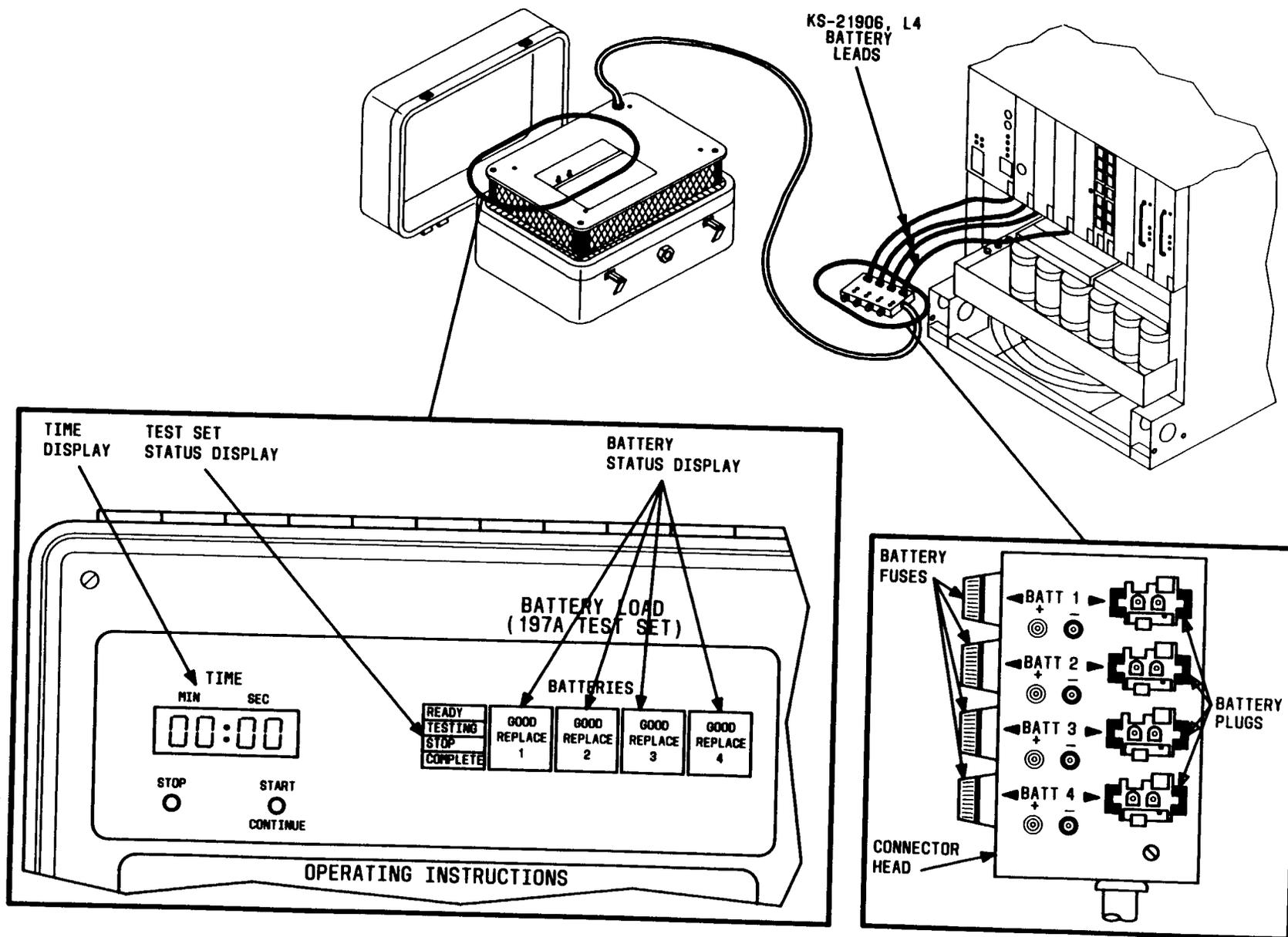


Fig. 1—197A Battery Load Test Set Test Connections

9. **Note:** If status display does not indicate battery number of battery status, **BATT** fuse may be blown, connector head or test set defective, or battery pack is defective.

Does test set display indicate **REPLACE** for all batteries being tested?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 10.

If **NO**, then proceed to Step 12.

10. Replace all batteries and connect good batteries to battery shelf.
11. Place batteries on high charge by depressing **HIGH RATE CHG/ACTIVATE** pushbutton on **BATTERY CHARGER** and repeat from Step 6.

12.

**DANGER: A high discharge current is present at connector head if TESTING indicator is lighted. Batteries must not be connected or disconnected when TESTING indicator is lighted.**

**Note:** This test must run for a full 15 minutes to be valid or until all batteries indicate **REPLACE**. The **STOP** button should only be used if a problem occurs during the test, if the test is to be terminated early because of loss of ac power, or all batteries indicate **REPLACE**. The **START/CONTINUE** button is used to continue the test if no problem is found.

Depress 197A test set **START/CONTINUE** button.

Response: At 197A test set, **TESTING** indicator is lighted, **READY** indicator is off, and **TIME** display is counting time.

13. **Note:** If one, two, or three, but not all, batteries show **REPLACE** during the test period, the remaining batteries still must be tested for the full 15 minutes.

Does test set show **REPLACE** for all batteries within the 15-minute test period shown on **TIME** display?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 14.

If **NO**, then proceed to Step 15.

14.

**DANGER: A high discharge current is present at connector head if TESTING indicator is lighted. Batteries must not be connected or disconnected when TESTING indicator is lighted.**

Depress test set **STOP** button.

Response: **STOP** indicator on test set lights

Proceed to Step 17.

15. After 15 minutes, the test set **COMPLETE** indicator lights.

16. Is any **REPLACE** indicator on test set lighted?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 17.

If **NO**, then **STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**

17. Unplug and set aside all defective batteries.

18. Install and connect replacement batteries to battery shelf. Reconnect any remaining good batteries to battery shelf.

19. Place batteries on high charge by depressing **HIGH RATE CHG ACTIVATE** pushbutton on **BATTERY CHARGER** and repeat from Step 6.

## CHECK 197A BATTERY LOAD TEST SET FOR PROPER OPERATION

1. Obtain 197A BATTERY LOAD TEST SET (FIG. 1).
2. Remove cover from test set.
3. At test connector head, verify battery fuse holders each contain a 20 Amp fast-blow fuse.
4. Obtain one KS-21906, L4 battery.
5. **Note:** Under normal conditions, when the first battery is connected, the following occurs: (a) Test set **TIME** display indicates **00 MIN: 00 SEC**; (b) Status display indicates which test set **BATT** plug that battery is connected to, status of the battery (**GOOD** or **REPLACE**), and the **READY** indicator lights; (c) Test set fan operates.

At test set connector head, connect battery lead to **BATT 1, 2, 3, or 4** plug being tested.

6. **Warning:** *Damage will occur if test set is operated without fan operating.*

Does test set fan operate?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 15.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 7.

7. Connect battery lead to remaining **BATT** plugs, one at a time, and note if fan operates.
8. Did test set fan operate for any **BATT** plug connection?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 11.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 9.

9. **Note:** The test set is intended to test fully charged batteries. Before new batteries or replacement batteries are tested, a minimum of two days must have passed between the time the batteries are put on high rate charge and this test is made.

Disconnect lead. Using a different battery pack, connect battery lead to any **BATT** plug.

10. Does test set fan operate?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 15.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 35.

11. On test set connector head, remove battery lead and check for blown fuse(s).

12. Is fuse(s) blown?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 13.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 14.

13. Replace fuse(s) and repeat from Step 5.

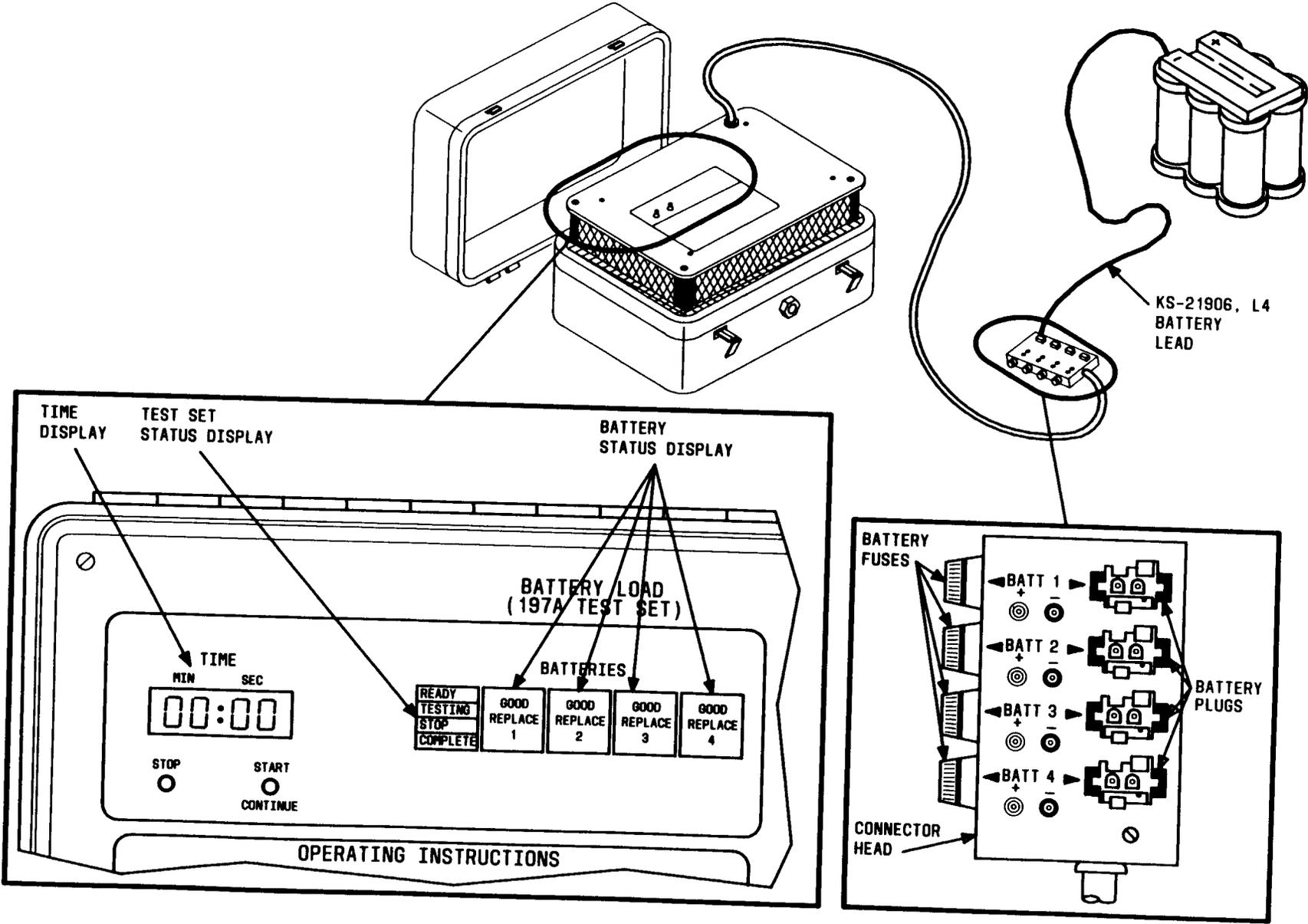


Fig. 1—197A Battery Load Test Set Arrangement

14. **Note:** Test set may be used for testing using one, two, three or all four BATT plug positions.

Defective test set or connector head. Note defective BATT plug position(s). Continue with test procedures using remaining BATT plugs.

15. Does test set TIME display indicate 00 MIN:00 SEC without blinking?

If YES, then continue with Step 16.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 35.

16. Does status display indicate which battery was connected, status (GOOD or REPLACE) of the battery, and is READY indicator lighted?

If YES, then continue with Step 17.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 35.

17. Does status display indicate GOOD or REPLACE?

If YES, then proceed to Step 19.  
If NO, then continue with Step 18.

18.

**DANGER: A high discharge current is present at connector head if TESTING indicator is lighted. Batteries must not be connected or disconnected when TESTING indicator is lighted.**

Battery pack is defective. Ensure that TESTING indicator is not lighted (READY indicator lighted) unplug and set aside defective battery pack and repeat from Step 5.

19. Have TIME display and STATUS indicators been tested for each good BATT plug position?

If YES, then proceed to Step 21.  
If NO, then continue with Step 20.

20.

**DANGER: A high discharge current is present at connector head if TESTING indicator is lighted. Batteries must not be connected or disconnected when TESTING indicator is lighted.**

Ensure that TESTING indicator is not lighted. (READY indicator lighted). Unplug battery pack and repeat from Step 5.

21.

**DANGER: A high discharge current is present at connector head if TESTING indicator is lighted. Batteries must not be connected or disconnected when TESTING indicator is lighted.**

Depress test set START/CONTINUE button.

22. Does test set **TESTING** indicator light, **READY** indicator go off, and **TIME** display start counting time?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 24.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 23.

23.

**DANGER: A high discharge current is present at connector head if TESTING indicator is lighted. Batteries must not be connected or disconnected when TESTING indicator is lighted.**

Defective test set. Depress **STOP** button, unplug battery. Return test set for repair.

24. Depress test set **STOP** button.

25. Does test set **STOP** indicator light and **TIME** display stop counting time?

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 27.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 26.

26.

**DANGER: A high discharge current is present at connector head if TESTING indicator is lighted. Batteries must not be connected or disconnected when TESTING indicator is lighted.**

Defective test set. Allow test to run for 15 minutes as shown on **TIME** display. When **COMPLETE** indicator lights, unplug battery. Return test set for repair.

27.

**DANGER: A high discharge current is present at connector head if TESTING indicator is lighted. Batteries must not be connected or disconnected when TESTING indicator is lighted.**

Depress test set **START/CONTINUE** button.

28. Does test set **TESTING** indicator light, **STOP** indicator go off, and **TIME** display start counting time?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 29.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 34.

29. Allow test set to run for 15 minutes as shown on **TIME** display.

30. During 15-minute test period, does test set show **REPLACE**?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 31.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 32.

31. Note that battery being used is defective.

32. After 15 minutes, does **COMPLETE** indicator light?

If **YES**, then continue with Step 33.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 34.

33. Unplug battery. Store connector head in test set cover. Reinstall cover.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

- 34.

***DANGER: A high discharge current is present at connector head if TESTING indicator is lighted. Batteries must not be connected or disconnected when TESTING indicator is lighted.***

Defective test set. Depress **STOP** button, unplug battery. Return test set for repair.

35. Defective test set. Return for repair.

## CHECK FIBER-TO-THE-HOME CIRCUIT ARRANGEMENT

**SUMMARY:** These Steps can be used to find the relationships between RT digroup channel positions and the associated Fiber-to-the-Home equipment. Powering arrangements and circuit pack locations are also covered. All this information should be available in the word order, but is included here for convenience. Use TABLE A to find the RT circuit of interest, then see the figures to find the location of these circuit packs in the shelf assemblies.

1. Use TABLE A to find RT and digroups of interest, then see FIG. 1 through 6 for more details about the individual equipment shelves.
2. See TABLE B for bay fusing arrangements.
3. See TABLE C and FIG. 2 for bay connections from the Power Shelf Assembly.
4. See Table D and FIG. 2 for intershelf cabling arrangements.
5. Figure 1 shows the Fiber-to-the-Home 7-foot frame equipment bay arrangement. Note that the connections between the dual channel bank 1 and optical shelves 1 and 2 are not shown, but are connected in a similar arrangement as the connections for the dual channel bank 2. Figure 2 shows all the required connections for the 7-foot Fiber-to-the-Home equipment frame. Each optical shelf serves one of the RT systems in the dual RT channel bank assembly.
6. The optical shelf provides slots for 48 AYB1(B) optical units, one for each channel unit slot in the RT. Each RT digroup has 12 channel unit slots and each channel unit slot is labeled with the channel count served by the slot (e.g., 43/44). To find the AYB1(B) slot associated with a channel unit slot, simply find the AYB1(B) slot with the same channel count number. The AUA401 channel unit occupies two channel unit slots in the RT, but requires only one AYB1(B) optical unit to be installed in the optical shelf. The AYB1(B) position corresponds with the RT channel unit slot of the first two channels. To find the AYB1(B) slot associated with an AUA401 channel unit, use the same method as above with the lower channel count slot (e.g., an AUA401 occupying RT slots 43/44 and 45/46 is AYB1(B) slot 43/44; AYB1(B) slot 45/46 is not used).
7. When a trouble condition is present, use TABLES B and C to trace fusing and power cable connections troubles. Use TABLE D to trace intershelf cabling trouble.
8. The appearance of an optical fiber associated with a channel unit slot should be supplied with the work order. The fiber cables are connected from the optical shelf to the optical interconnect frame in bundles of 12 fibers. These bundles are identified by the RT SID (system identification number) and the odd numbered channels (P number) of the digroup. For example, an AUA400 in channel slot 21/22 of RT system 1234 would have a optical interconnect frame appearance 1234 P21. An AUA401 in channel slots 33/34 and 35/36 of the same RT system would have a fiber interconnect appearance 1234 P33.

9. When the J99407TA Analyzer is connected to the optical cable (FIG. 7), the *ST*-type connectors should be cleaned using reagent grade isopropyl alcohol and blown dry with canned air. The same should be done when connections to the distribution cables are made. See *"Instruction Manual" "1032A TOOL KIT With D-181610 KIT" "ST CONNECTORS" "SINGLE MODE LIGHTGUIDE CABLE"* for procedures to make cable splice and clean *ST* connectors.
10. The Analyzer has an optical cable attached to a blank card that is used to replace the AYB1(B) in the DT cabinet. This connection can only be used at the DT cabinet. When the Analyzer is used at the RT location, an *ST* coupler is connected to the Analyzer cable end *ST* connector. Then the optical cable from the RT optical shelf AYB1(B) circuit pack can be coupled at the fiber interconnect to the Analyzer.
11. When the **AYB1(B)** is removed at the RT optical shelf, the backplane connector must be cleaned before the circuit pack is replaced. The following step outlines this cleaning procedure.
12. Using a J99409OB, L1 OBMK (optical backplane maintenance kit) clean the optical shelf backplane couplings for **AYB1(B)** slot before installing the **AYB1(B)** as follows:
  - Insert miniswab into chuck of OBMK extension handle and tighten chuck into extension handle.
  - Insert extension handle, with miniswab, into tube of OBMK basic unit.
  - Moisten tip of miniswab by dipping it into alcohol.
  - Dab tip of miniswab with an alcohol moistened Kimwipe wiper or equivalent.
  - Insert basic unit into slot of optical shelf while keeping extension handle inside guide tube. Latch basic unit into place.
  - Push extension handle with miniswab into guide tube until knob of extension handle contacts guide tube.
  - Rotate knob of extension handle three turns clockwise then three turns counterclockwise.
  - Remove extension handle with miniswab from guide tube.
  - Assemble air director tube from OBMK over nozzle on can of compressed air.
  - Insert air director tube, attached to can of compressed air, into guide tube of basic unit until tube stops forward progress.
  - Using can of compressed air, blow three short blasts of air into coupling.
  - Remove air director tube with canned air from guide tube.
  - Remove basic unit.

- Remove air director tube from can of compressed air and store tube in J99409OB case.
- Store basic unit in J99409OB case.
- Remove miniswab from extension handle and store handle in J99409OB case.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

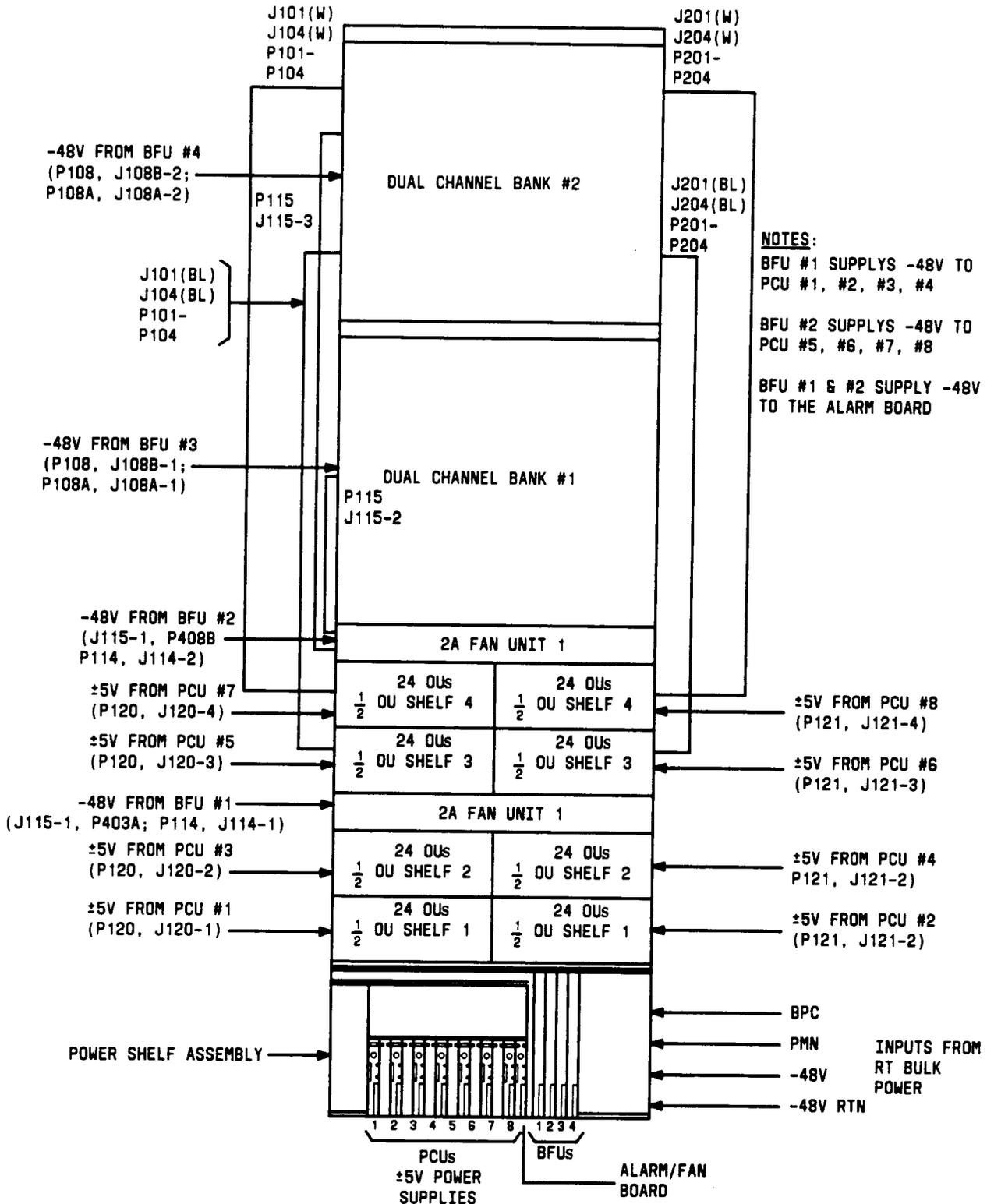


Fig. 1—Fiber-To-The-Home 7-Foot Bay Arrangement

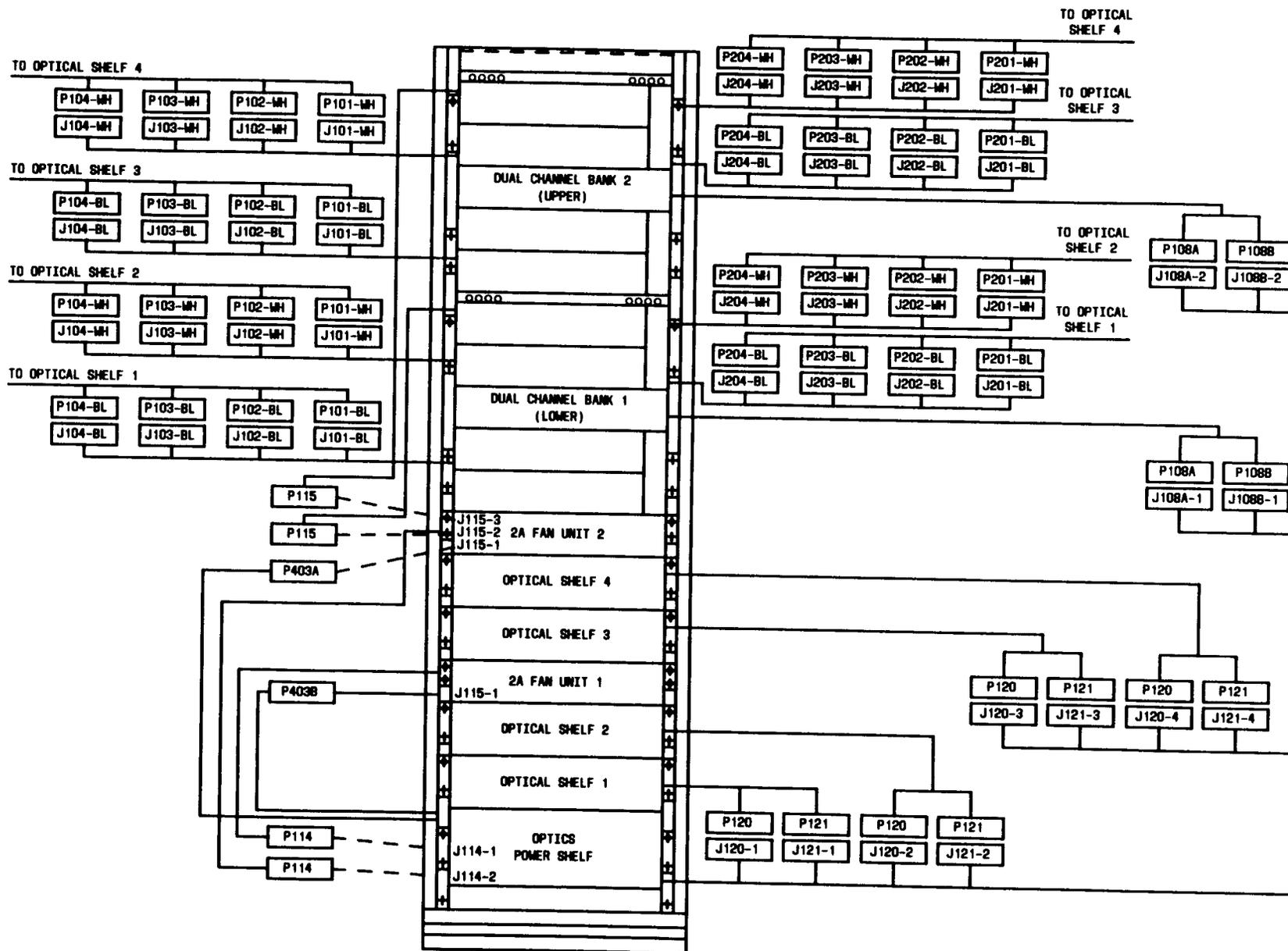


Fig. 2—Fiber-To-The-Home 7-Foot Bay Cabling Connections

**TABLE A**  
**FIBER-TO-THE-HOME EQUIPMENT OVERVIEW**

RT	Digroup	RT Power	Optical Shelf	OS Power	AYB1 OUs	Optical Interconnect (Note)
Lower Blue	A	BFU #3	1	BFU #1,PCU-1	1/2—23/24	SID#, Fibers 1-12
	B	BFU #3	1	BFU #1,PCU-1	25/26—47/48	SID#, Fibers 13-24
	C	BFU #3	1	BFU #1,PCU-2	49/50—71/72	SID#, Fibers 25-36
	D	BFU #3	1	BFU #1,PCU-2	73/74—95/96	SID#, Fibers 37-48
Lower White	A	BFU #3	2	BFU #1,PCU-3	1/2—23/24	SID#, Fibers 1-12
	B	BFU #3	2	BFU #1,PCU-3	25/26—47/48	SID#, Fibers 13-24
	C	BFU #3	2	BFU #1,PCU-4	49/50—71/72	SID#, Fibers 25-36
	D	BFU #3	2	BFU #1,PCU-4	73/74—95/96	SID#, Fibers 37-48
Upper Blue	A	BFU #4	3	BFU #2,PCU-5	1/2—23/24	SID#, Fibers 1-12
	B	BFU #4	3	BFU #2,PCU-5	25/26—47/48	SID#, Fibers 13-24
	C	BFU #4	3	BFU #2,PCU-6	49/50—71/72	SID#, Fibers 25-36
	D	BFU #4	3	BFU #2,PCU-6	73/74—95/96	SID#, Fibers 37-48
Upper White	A	BFU #4	4	BFU #2,PCU-7	1/2—23/24	SID#, Fibers 1-12
	B	BFU #4	4	BFU #2,PCU-7	25/26—47/48	SID#, Fibers 13-24
	C	BFU #4	4	BFU #2,PCU-8	49/50—71/72	SID#, Fibers 25-36
	D	BFU #4	4	BFU #2,PCU-8	73/74—95/96	SID#, Fibers 37-48

**Note:** The fibers at the optical interconnect are labeled with the system identification number (SID) and the letter P followed by the odd channel number of the RT channel unit slot. For example, the fiber for RT 1234, channel unit slot 23/24, should be labeled 1234, P23.

**TABLE B**  
**FIBER-TO-THE-HOME BAY FUSING**

40D BFU	BFU Slot in Power Shelf Assembly				Fuse Type
	1	2	3	4	
WHX	Not Used	Not Used	Not Used	Not Used	Dummy
BLX	Not Used	Not Used	Not Used	Not Used	Dummy
CMN	A/FCU	A/FCU	Lower RT Common	Upper RT Common	80D
WHITE	PCUs 3, 4	PCU 7, 8	Lower RT White	Upper RT White	81D
BLUE	PCUs 1, 2	PCU 5, 6	Lower RT Blue	Upper RT Blue	81D
FAN H	Lower 2A Fan	Upper 2A Fan	Not Used	Not Used	80D
FAN L	Lower 2A Fan	Upper 2A Fan	Not Used	Not Used	80D

TABLE C									
CONNECTIONS FROM THE POWER SHELF ASSEMBLY									
Power Shelf Assembly Connector Cable	J107	J114-1	P403A	J114-2	P403B	J108B-1	J108A-1	J108B-2	J108A-2
MISC Pair Panel	P107	P114	J115-1	P114	J115-1				
2A Fan Unit 1									
2A Fan Unit 1									
2A Fan Unit 2									
2A Fan Unit 2									
Lower RT Channel Bank						P108B	P108A		
Lower RT Channel Bank									
Upper RT Channel Bank								P108B	
Upper RT Channel Bank									P108A
CONNECTIONS FROM THE POWER SHELF ASSEMBLY									
Power Shelf Assembly Connector Cable	J120-4	J121-4	J120-3	J121-3	J120-2	J121-2	J120-1	J121-1	
Optical Unit 4	P120	P121	P120	P121					
Optical Unit 4									
Optical Unit 3									
Optical Unit 3									
Optical Unit 2					P120				
Optical Unit 2						P121			
Optical Unit 1							P120		
Optical Unit 1								P121	

TABLE D					
INTER SHELF CABLING					
	2A Fan Unit 1 J115-2	Optical Shelf 1 P201-P204    P101-P104		Optical Shelf 2 P201-P204    P101-P104	
Lower RT Channel Bank	P115	J201(W)-J204(W)	J101(W)-J104(W)	J201(BL)-J204(BL)	J101(BL)-J104(BL)
INTER SHELF CABLING					
	2A Fan Unit 2 J115-3	Optical Shelf 3 P201-P204    P101-P104		Optical Shelf 4 P201-P204    P101-P104	
Upper RT channel Bank	P115 •	J201(W)-J204(W)	J101(W)-J104(W)	J201(BL)-J204(BL)	J101(BL)-J104(BL)
• Requires a patch cord with J115 and P115 ends					

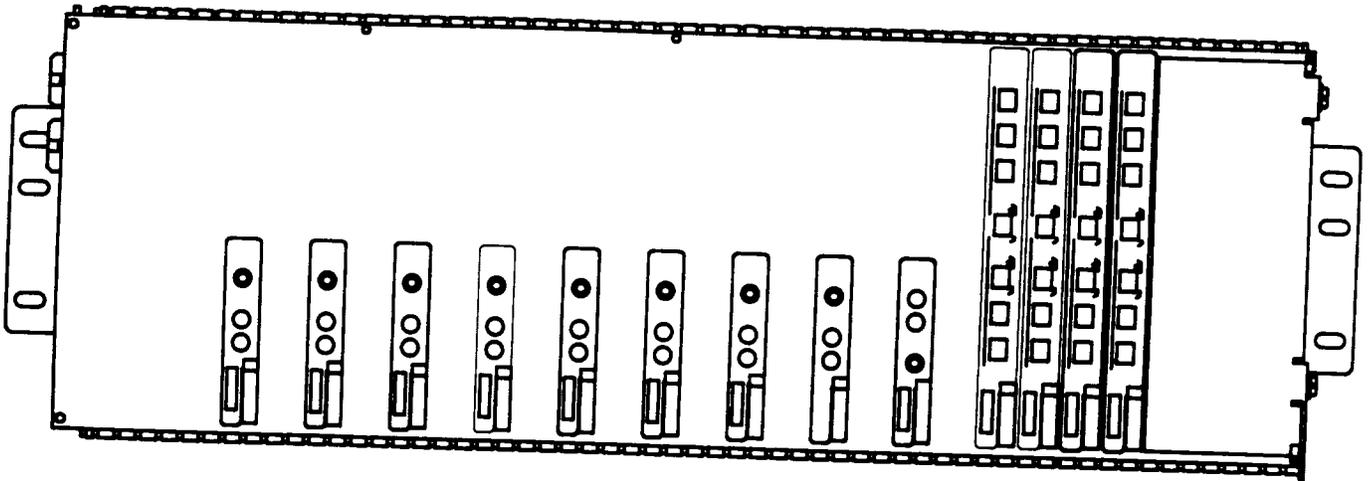


Fig. 3—J1C182PB-1 Optics Power Shelf

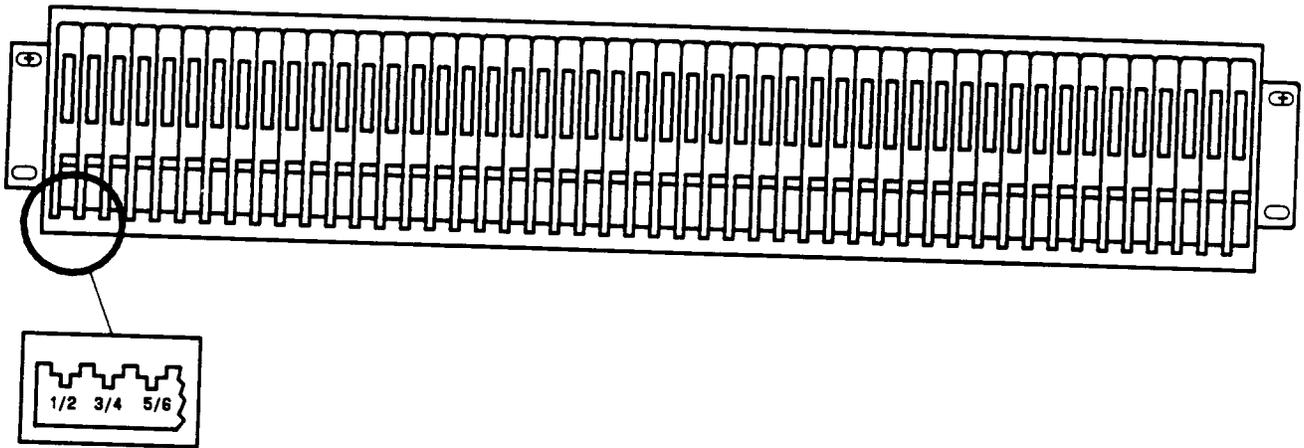


Fig. 4—J1C182PA-1 SLC Series 5 Optical Shelf

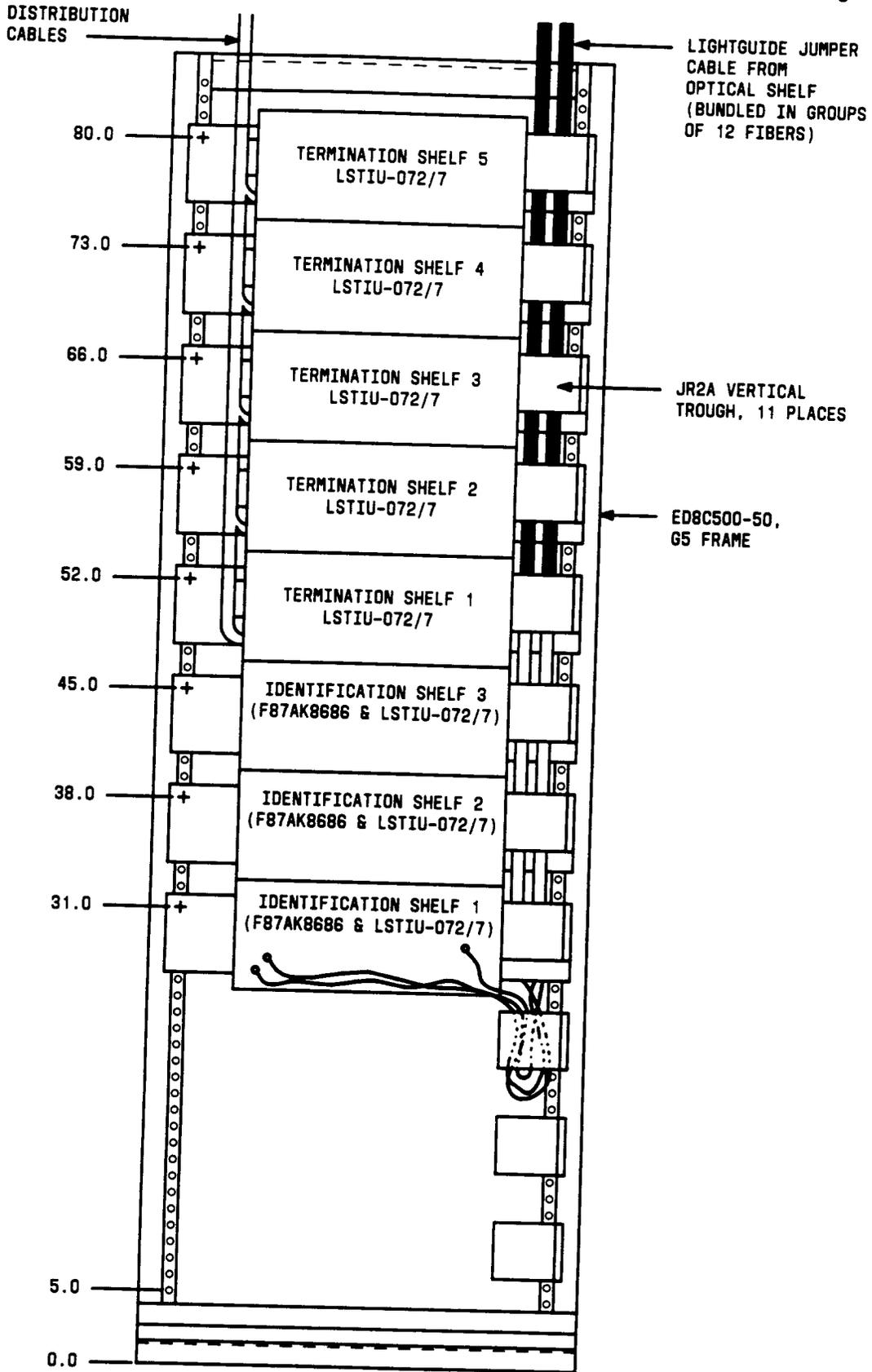


Fig. 5—LGX Optical Interconnect Bay

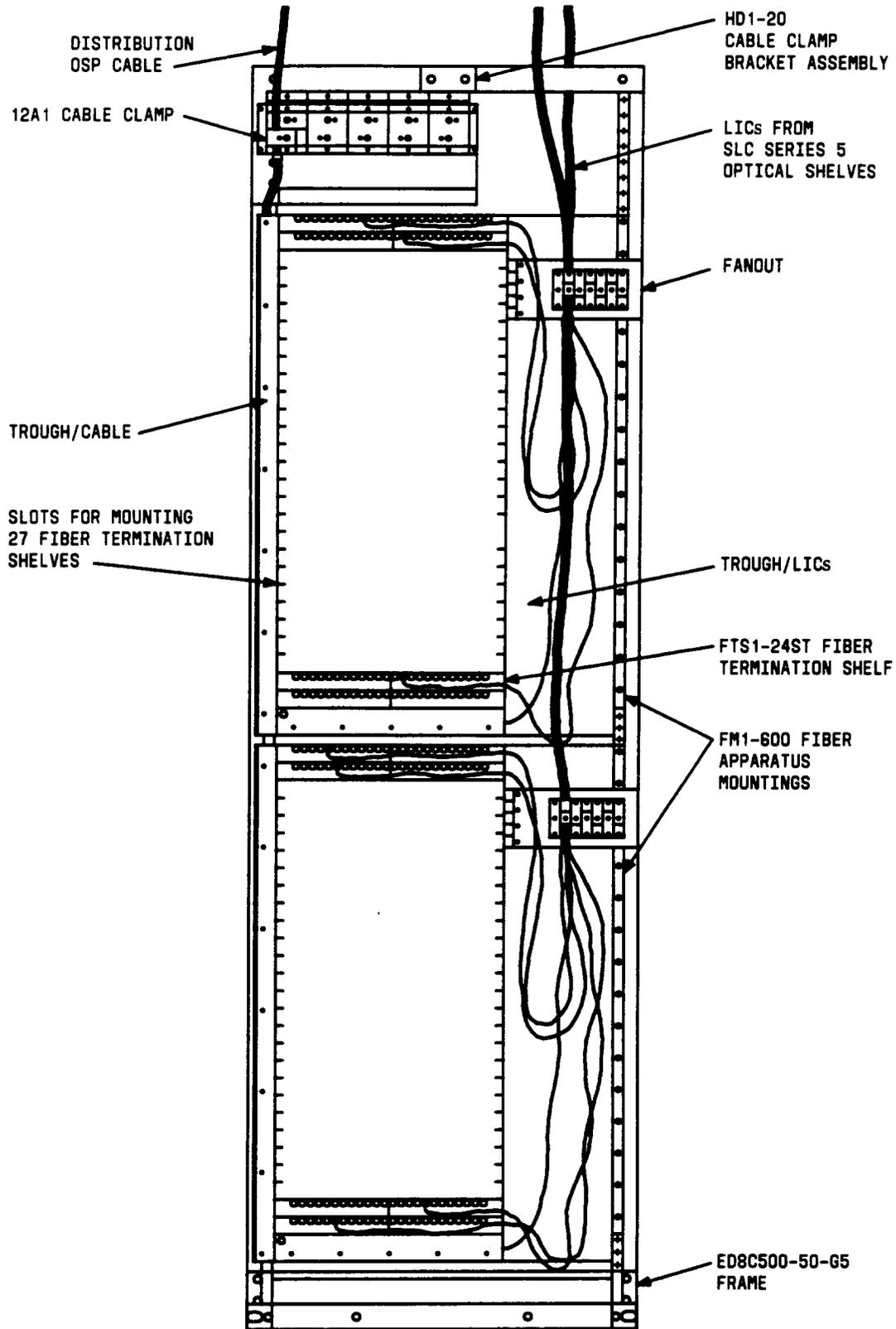


Fig. 6—FIC (Fiber Interconnect) With FM1-600 Fiber Apparatus Mounting

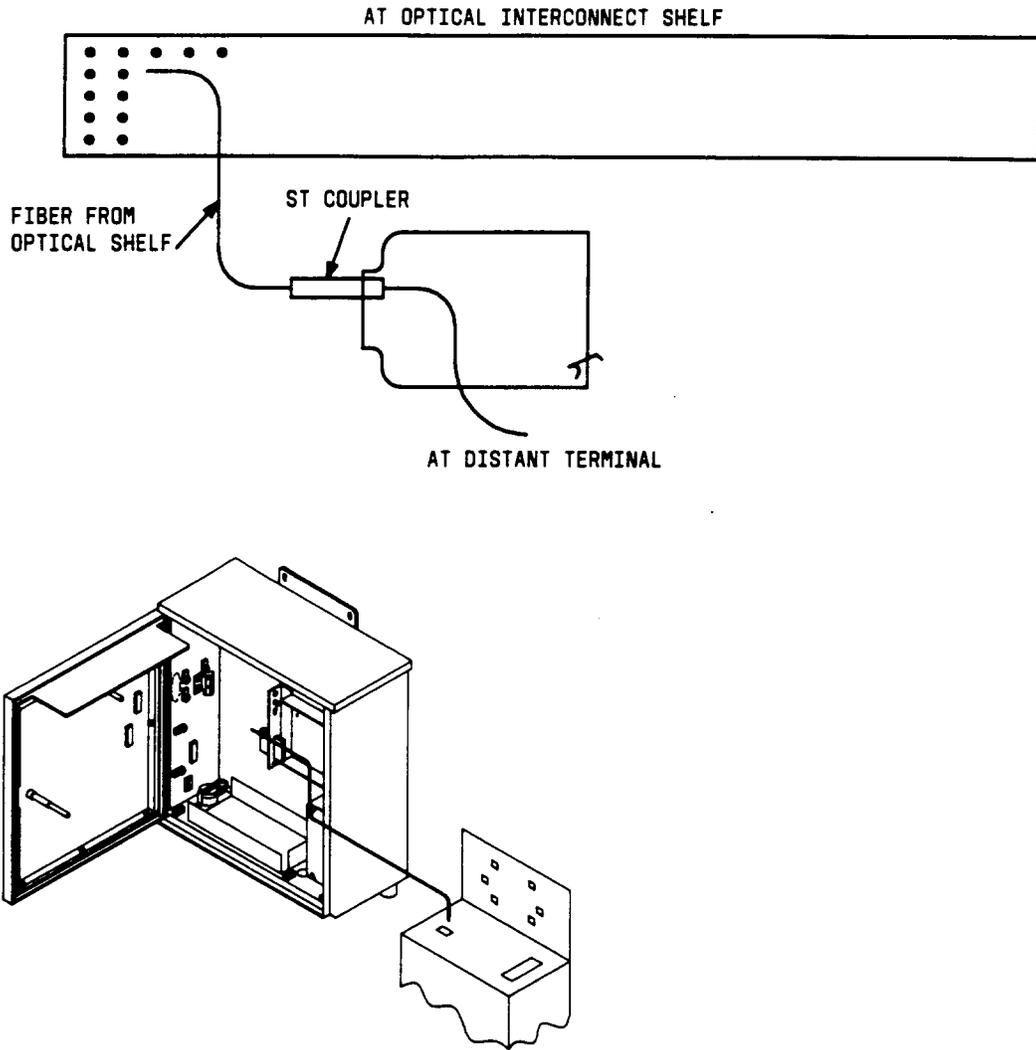


Fig. 7—Fiber Connections With J99407TA Analyzer

## PERFORM SINGLE-PARTY POTS CHANNEL TEST FIBER-TO-THE-HOME COT-TO-RT

**SUMMARY:** At RT, determine optical interconnect fiber appearance for channel being tested. Connect analyzer to jumper fiber from AYB1(B) in optical shelf. Replace AYB1(B) and RT channel unit if DT has an OOF alarm. Clean optical connection and then use AUA403 to perform system test if replacement does not clear alarm. Make talking, dialing, ringing, and ring-trip tests for each channel from analyzer RJ11 jacks.

1. Establish communication between RT and COT.
2. Connect J99407TA Analyzer to jumper fiber from the appropriate optical shelf AYB1(B) (for channel unit being tested) at optical interconnect frame.

Reference: DLP-522

Response: When channel unit is installed, OOS indicator lights.  
When J99407TA Analyzer is connected, channel unit OOS indicator and the Analyzer OOF indicators goes off.

Comment: The analyzer must be replaced if the FAIL or BUSY indicators remain lighted after the fiber connection is made.

3. Were the above responses noted and OOS and OOF indicators off?

If YES, then continue with Step 7.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 4.

4. Verify the proper test connections have been made (check that channel unit has an associated AYB1(B) circuit pack in the optical shelf) and J99407TA Analyzer has power (the batteries must be charged).

Reference: DLP-522

5. Did correcting test connections clear trouble?

If YES, then continue with Step 7.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 6.

6. Replace, one at a time, AUA400 or AUA401 channel unit and check access. Then if necessary replace AYB1(B) optical unit. If trouble is still present check optical shelf power and cabling between RT and optical shelf. Then clean and check fiber optical cable between the optical shelf, the optical interconnect frame, and the J99407TA. If system tests using AUA403 have not been done proceed to Step 20. Else if trouble is still present use office drawings and RT schematic drawing to clear wiring trouble. Check for tip-ring reversal between RT and optical shelf.

Reference: DLP-522

7. Connect the test telephone into #1 RJ11 modular jack of the J99407TA Analyzer (Use the modular jack adaptor, provided with the Analyzer, to connect a butt set).
8. At J99407TA, lift handset and check for dial tone.
9. Is dial tone present at J99407TA test telephone?  

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 11.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 10.
10. Replace, one at a time, **AUA400** (or AUA401) and **AYB1(B)** as needed and check for dial tone. If dial tone is not present after the AYB1(B) was replaced, repeat from Step 4.
11. At J99407TA, dial the local MDF or CO number and make normal talk tests and monitor the call progress.
12. Was call completed with normal transmission quality in both directions?  

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 13.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 10.
13. At COT dial the test line to ring the telephone at jack 1 of J99407TA. At the RT, if a test telephone is used the phone will ring normally. If the 1015B Butt Set is employed, use the **TEST** mode switch position and monitor the polarity indicators and/or earpiece to evaluate ringing.
14. At J99407TA, does the test phone ring normally?  

If **YES**, then continue with Step 15.  
If **NO**, then proceed to Step 16.
15. At J99407TA, does the test phone trip ringing when hand set is lifted?  

If **YES**, then proceed to Step 17.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 16.
16. Change RT channel unit and repeat this procedure from Step 2.
17. Is this the last channel unit slot (digroup) to be tested?  

If **YES**, then continue with Step 18.  
If **NO**, then repeat this procedure from Step 2 for next channel unit slot.
18. Repeat this procedure from Step 8 for other RJ11 modular jacks of the J99407TA analyzer (#2; and #3 and #4 for AUA401) as required. Then continue with Step 19.
19. Remove channel test equipment and reconnect jumper fiber to distribution fiber at optical interconnect frame.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE**

20. **Warning:** *Installing any channel unit besides the test channel unit AUA403, AUA400, or AUA401 will result in permanent damage to the optical shelf AYB1(B) optical unit.*

**Note:** Test telephone set should be connected for bridged ringing. Test telephone is connected to the faceplate jack of the AUA403 test channel unit using the WP91067-L6 test cable provided in the J99407TA Analyzer.

At RT, install a single-party test **AUA403** channel unit into the channel unit slot that coincides with the channel being tested and temporarily connect a test telephone set to the channel via the faceplate jack.

21. At RT, lift handset and check for dial tone.
22. Is dial tone present at RT?
- If **YES**, then proceed to Step 26.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 23.
23. Check test connections and correct if needed. Replace COT channel unit and check for dial tone. If still not present, replace RT channel unit (**AUA403**) and check for dial tone.
24. Is dial tone present at RT?
- If **YES**, then proceed to Step 26.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 25.
25. Use COT schematic drawings to check channel bank wiring. Use office drawings to check central office wiring. Look for tip and ring reversal between COT channel appearance and office equipment. Correct wiring until dial tone is present at RT and proceed to Step 26.
26. At RT, dial local MDF or CO number and make normal talk tests.
27. Was call completed with normal transmission quality in both directions?
- If **YES**, then proceed to Step 33.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 28.
28. Replace COT channel unit and repeat normal talk tests.
29. Was call completed with normal transmission quality in both directions?
- If **YES**, then proceed to Step 33.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 30.
30. Replace RT channel unit and repeat normal talk tests.
31. Was call completed with normal transmission quality in both directions?
- If **YES**, then proceed to Step 33.  
If **NO**, then continue with Step 32.

32. Use COT and RT schematic drawings to check wiring. Check for tip and ring reversal between COT channel appearance and office equipment. Correct wiring and repeat from Step 32 until talk quality is good in both directions.
33. **Note:** The RT test channel unit AUA403 does not supply ringing to the test telephone. COT personnel must verify audible ringing tones after the test line has been dialed and request RT personnel to lift handset after ringing tones are present.  
  
At COT, dial test line number to ring telephone at RT.
34. At COT do you hear audible ringing tones after dialing?  
  
If YES, then proceed to Step 38.  
If NO, then continue with Step 35.
35. At COT, has tip and ring reversal been checked?  
  
If YES, then continue with Step 36.  
If NO, then proceed to Step 37.
36. Replace, one at a time; COT channel unit first and then RT channel unit. Repeat this procedure from Step 20 after each replacement.
37. Look for tip and ring reversal at COT and repeat from Step 33.
38. At RT, lift telephone handset when requested by COT personnel (during ringing).
39. At RT, does ringing trip normally and is normal transmission established?  
  
If YES, then proceed to Step 41.  
If NO, then continue with Step 40.
40. Replace, one at a time; COT channel unit first and then RT channel unit. Repeat this procedure from Step 20 after each replacement.
41. Is this the last designated channel unit slot to be tested?  
  
If YES, then continue with Step 42.  
If NO, then repeat from Step 20.
42. Remove AUA403 and install AUA400 or AUA401 channel unit. Then repeat from Step 2.

## REPLACE DISTANT TERMINAL CIRCUIT PACK

**SUMMARY:** To replace DT circuit packs, turn off the ac power circuit breaker. Then remove battery power by disconnecting P104-J104 power lead. To replace the ASJ1 channel unit or ASH1 power converter unit, remove the two cotter pins on the side of the channel unit and power unit. Slide the channel unit and PCU out. At the back of circuit pack being replaced, disconnect backplane cable (ASJ1 channel unit, J107 and J103 assembly; ASH1 PCU, J101 and J102 assembly). Slide the PCU and channel unit back in place and replace the two cotter pins on the side of the channel unit. Make backplane cable connections on replacement circuit pack. The AYB1(B) optical circuit pack can be replaced without removing the cotter pins simply by unlatching the circuit back and carefully removing the board. Turn ac power circuit breaker on and reconnect battery lead P104 to J104.

1. See FIG 1. Turn off ac power circuit breaker and unplug J104-P104 battery power cable connection.
2. Is AYB1(B) circuit pack being replaced?  
  
    If YES, then continue with Step 3.  
    If NO, then proceed to Step 6.
3. Unlatch and remove AYB1(B) optical unit.
4. On replacement AYB1(B) remove ST connector cover and clean ST connector with reagent grade isopropyl alcohol and blow dry with canned air.
5. Install and latch replacement AYB1(B) and place ST cover over old AYB1(B) ST connector. Then proceed to Step 11.
6. At back of circuit pack being replaced (ASH1 or ASJ1), unplug cable jack assembly.
7. Remove cotter pins on circuit board standoff at side of ASJ1 channel unit and slide both circuit packs out.
8. Slide ASH1 (first) and ASJ1 circuit packs onto circuit board standoff.
9. Replace cotter pins on circuit board standoff at side of ASJ1 channel unit.
10. Connect cable just unplugged to replacement circuit pack.
11. Turn ac power circuit breaker on. Then reconnect J104-P104 battery power cable.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**

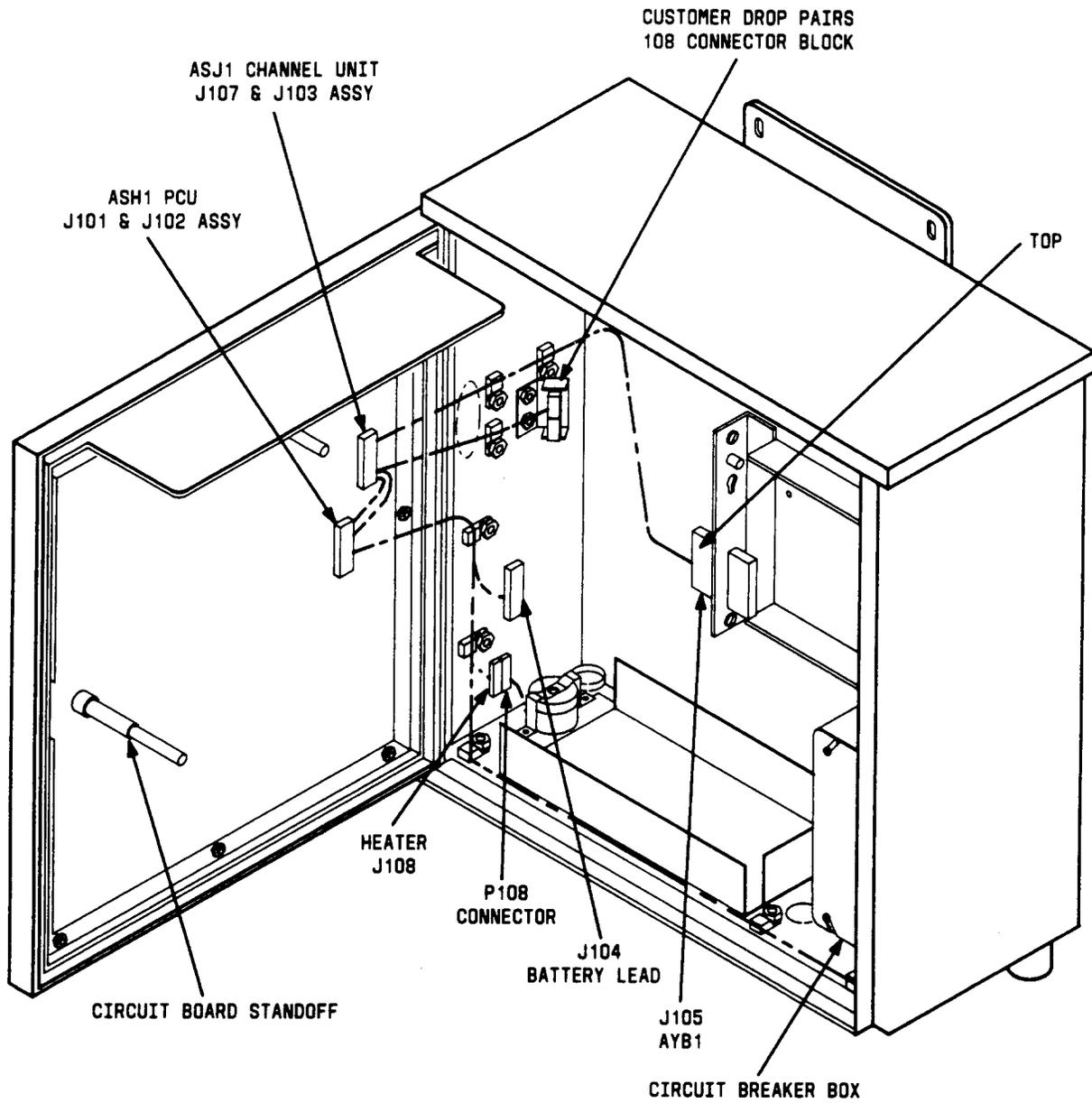


Fig. 1—DT Circuit Pack Wiring Diagram

## CONNECT FAULT LOCATING TEST SETS FOR 80D OR 80E CABINET T1 EXTENSIONS

**SUMMARY:** Access to the T1 extension digital lines in 80-type cabinets are provided at 307-type protector block connectors. Each T1 extension line has protector appearances on the DDM-1000 side of the repeater shelf (4C12C protectors) and the T1 side of the repeater shelf (3C3C protectors) for side 1 (transmit) and side 2 (receive). Access to the Fault Locate line and miscellaneous pairs are provided at the 3B1E protectors. These protectors are located at the frame side 2 (back side) of the 80-type cabinet in 307-type blocks located between the two equipment frames.

Three test cords are supplied with the cabinet. The W2HR bridging test access cord connects to the protectors and allows bridging or monitoring of the pair. This cord cannot be used to monitor DS1 signals unless the test set has built-in monitor level input impedance (440 ohms on both tip and ring plus 110 ohm test set impedance). The T-Berd 209A test set can be used to monitor DS1 signals with the W2HR cord. The W4DE test cord replaces the 3C3E or 4C12C (DDM-1000 side) protector. These cords have two 310-type jacks for access to the facility or DDM-1000 directions of the digital line (one side only, e.g., transmit or receive side). The 6W3A cord has a protector block on one end and a plug that replaces a protector and another plug that bridges onto a protector. The optional W4DF test cord (Comcode 105414973) can be used to loop the line by replacing the digital line transmit and receive side protectors.

Fault locating T1 extensions from an 80-type cabinet requires both the 6W3A and W4DE test cords, a J98725AJ Fault Line Powering Module and a 3W14A test cord (310 jack on one end and alligator clips on the other end), a fault locate test set (315B, 415A-2, 25AD, or equivalent), and a 107B digital line powering module if connecting to the T1 side (a second W4DE test cord is needed if the 107B is used). The W4DE cord connects between the signal generator jack of the fault locate test set and the 4C12C protector position. The 6W3A replaces the 3B1E protector for the fault locate pair and the 3W14A cord connects the 6W3A protector block to the fault line powering module to power the fault locate pair.

A simple method would be to do single ended fault locating from the equipment at the other end of the T1 line. The W4DF test cord is used at the 4C12C protectors to loop back the digital line and a 262C terminating plug is inserted in the appropriate FL jack on the LDU.

This procedure provides steps that should be taken to connect fault locating test equipment at an 80D type cabinet for groups 90 and 91 or group 92 equipment arrangement, or an 80E group 91 cabinet.

1. Before connecting fault locating test equipment, replace blown fuse; measure line voltage (+V and -V) and current (I and +V) and compare with records; and replace repeater in SXSS (small cross-section office repeater shelf) if trouble is found.

Comment: 0 current reading indicates bad T1 line power loop. To find trouble loop digital line at apparatus cases, one at a time until, bad section is found.

Comment: High voltage reading indicates an open on TIP or RING of T1 pairs.

Comment: Low voltage reading indicates short between TIP and RING of T1 pairs.

2. At frame side-2 of the 80-type cabinet, find the protectors associated with the digital line. See Table A for 80D group 90 or 91 equipment arrangement. See Table B for 80D group 92 equipment arrangement. See Table C for 80E group 91 equipment arrangement.
3. Fault locating can be done single ended from far end connecting equipment, from the 3C3E protectors for T1 line access using the 107B digital line powering set, or from the 4C12C protectors for DS1 level (through the repeater) access. See FIG. 1 for a block diagram of T1 line arrangement. What type of fault locating do you want?

If DS1 LINE ACCESS , then continue with Step 4.

If T1 LINE ACCESS, then proceed to Step 7.

If FAR ENDED, then proceed to Step 10.

4. Make connection from J98725AJ fault line powering module to 6W3A and 3W14A test cords. (See FIG. 2.)
5. Make connections from fault locate test set (315D, 415A-2, 25AD) to W4DE test cord. (See FIG. 3.)
6. Make fault locating test equipment connections to protectors positions of 307 block on 80-type cabinet frame side 2 as shown in FIG. 4. Refer to Table A, B, or C for protector appearances. Replace fault locate pair 3B1E protector with 6W3A test cord and connect 3W14A cord to FLPM. Remove transmit pair 4C12C protector and connect output of fault locate test set. Then continue with Step 11.
7. Make connection from J98725AJ fault line powering module to 6W3A and 3W14A test cords. (See FIG. 2.)
8. Make connections from 107B test set (315D, 415A-2, 25AD) to W4DE test cords. (See FIG. 5.)

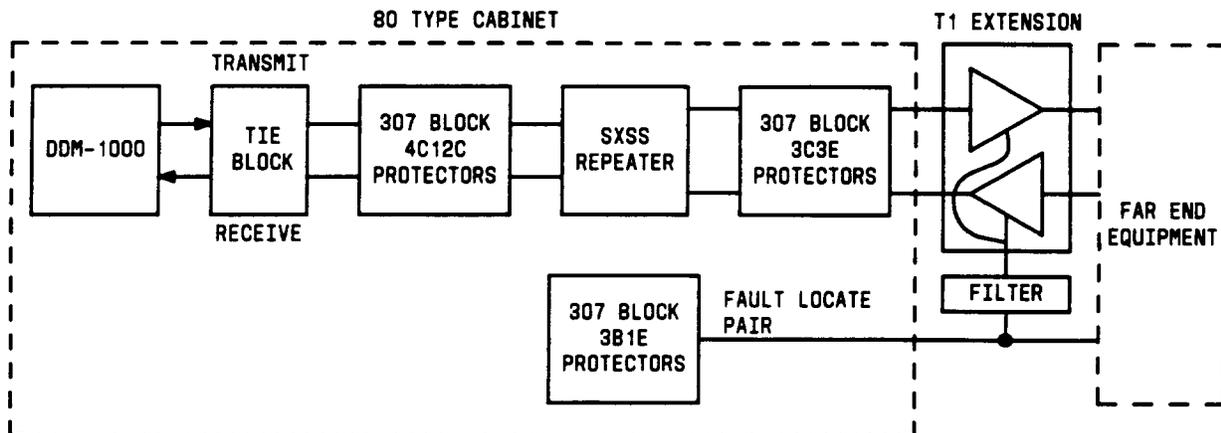


Fig. 1—80-type Cabinet T1 Extension Digital Line Configuration

TABLE A T1 EXTENSION LINE PROTECTOR POSITIONS FOR GROUP 90/91 80D CABINET FOR 307 BLOCKS ON FRAME SIDE 2				
SXSS REPEATER SLOT	Protector Type and Positions			
	3rd 307 Block DS1 Access		4th 307 Block T1 Line Access	
	Transmit 4C12C	Receive 4C12C	Transmit 3C3E	Receive 3C3E
1	81	11	51	1
2	82	12	52	2
3	83	13	53	3
4	84	14	54	4
5	85	15	55	5
6	86	16	56	6
7	87	17	57	7
8	88	18	58	8
9	89	19	59	9
10	90	20	60	10
11	91	21	61	11
12	92	22	62	12
13	93	23	63	13
MISCELLANEOUS PAIRS ON 3rd 307 BLOCK				
FUNCTION		3B1E PROTECTOR POSITION		
DC Test		51		
Order Wire		52		
Fault Locate In 1		53		
Fault Locate In 2		54		

9. Make fault locating test equipment connections to protectors positions of 307 block on 80-type cabinet frame side 2 as shown in FIG. 6. Refer to Table A, B, or C for protector appearances. Replace fault locate pair 3B1E protector with 6W3A test cord and connect 3W14A cord to FLPM. Remove 3C3E transmit pair protector and connect output of the 107B test set. Remove 3C3E receive pair protector and connect input of the 107B test set. Then continue with Step 11.
10. Use Table A, B, or C to find 4C12C (DSX-1 level) protectors for digital line to be looped. Replace 4C12C protectors with W4DF looping test cord (See FIG. 7). Insert 262C fault line terminating plug into appropriate FL jack on LDU unit.
11. Perform fault locating procedures after test set connections have been made (use local procedure or TAP-115 for guide line noting test connections have already been made). After clearing T1 extension line trouble, remove test connections and replace protectors in 307 block.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**

<b>TABLE B</b> <b>T1 EXTENSION LINE PROTECTOR</b> <b>POSITIONS FOR GROUP 92 80D CABINET</b> <b>FOR 307 BLOCKS ON FRAME SIDE 2</b>					
<b>SXSS</b> <b>SHELF</b> <b>NUMBER</b>	<b>REPEATER</b> <b>SLOTS</b>	<b>Protector Type and Positions</b>			
		<b>DS1 Access</b>		<b>T1 Line Access</b>	
		<b>4th 307</b> <b>Block</b> <b>Transmit</b> <b>4C12C</b>	<b>3rd 307</b> <b>Block</b> <b>Receive</b> <b>4C12C</b>	<b>2nd 307</b> <b>Block</b> <b>Transmit</b> <b>3C3E</b>	<b>1st 307</b> <b>Block</b> <b>Receive</b> <b>3C3E</b>
1	1-5	1-5	1-5	1-5	1-5
	6-10	6-10	6-10	6-10	6-10
	11-13	11-13	11-13	11-13	11-13
2	1-5	26-30	26-30	26-30	26-30
	6-10	31-35	31-35	31-35	31-35
	11-13	36-38	36-38	36-38	36-38
3	1-5	51-55	51-55	51-55	51-55
	6-10	56-60	56-60	56-60	56-60
	11-13	61-63	61-63	61-63	61-63
4	1-5	76-80	76-80	76-80	76-80
	6-10	81-85	81-85	81-85	81-85
	11-13	86-88	86-88	86-88	86-88
<b>MISCELLANEOUS PAIRS ON 5th 307 BLOCK</b>					
<b>FUNCTION</b>		<b>3B1E PROTECTOR</b> <b>POSITION</b>			
Order Wire		2			
Fault Locate In 1		3			
Fault Locate In 2		4			

<b>TABLE C</b> <b>T1 EXTENSION LINE PROTECTOR</b> <b>POSITIONS FOR GROUP 91 80E CABINET</b> <b>FOR 307 BLOCKS ON FRAME SIDE 2</b>					
<b>SXSS SHELF NUMBER</b>	<b>REPEATER SLOTS</b>	<b>Protector Type and Positions</b>			
		<b>DS1 Access</b>		<b>T1 Line Access</b>	
		<b>DS1-A 307 Block Transmit 4C12C</b>	<b>DS1-B 307 Block Receive 4C12C</b>	<b>T1 307 Block Transmit 3C3E</b>	<b>T1 307 Block Receive 3C3E</b>
1	1-5	51-55	51-55	51-55	1-5
	6-10	56-60	56-60	56-60	6-10
	11-13	61-63	61-63	61-63	11-13
2	14-15	64-65	64-65	64-65	14-15
	16-20	66-70	66-70	66-70	16-20
	21-25	71-75	71-75	71-75	21-25
<b>MISCELLANEOUS PAIRS ON DS1-A 307 BLOCK</b>					
<b>FUNCTION</b>		<b>3B1E PROTECTOR POSITION</b>			
Order Wire		81			
Fault Locate In 1		82			
Fault Locate In 2		83			

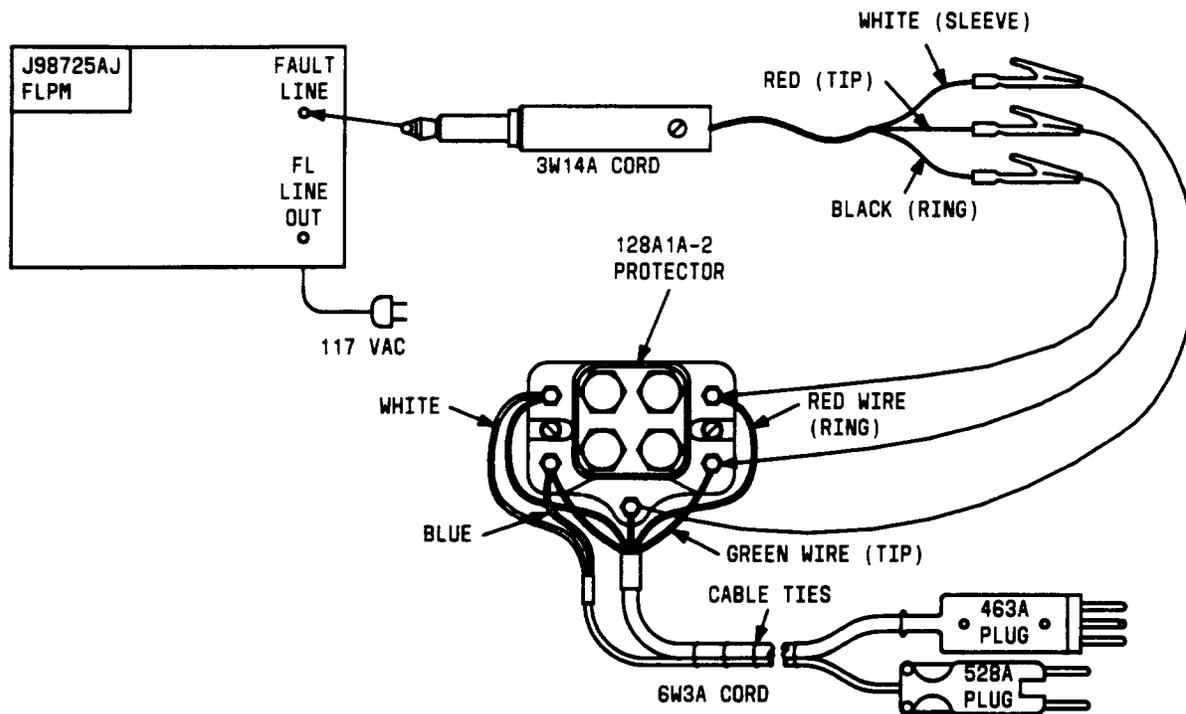


Fig. 2—Fault Line Powering Module Connections to 6W3A and 3W14A Test Cords

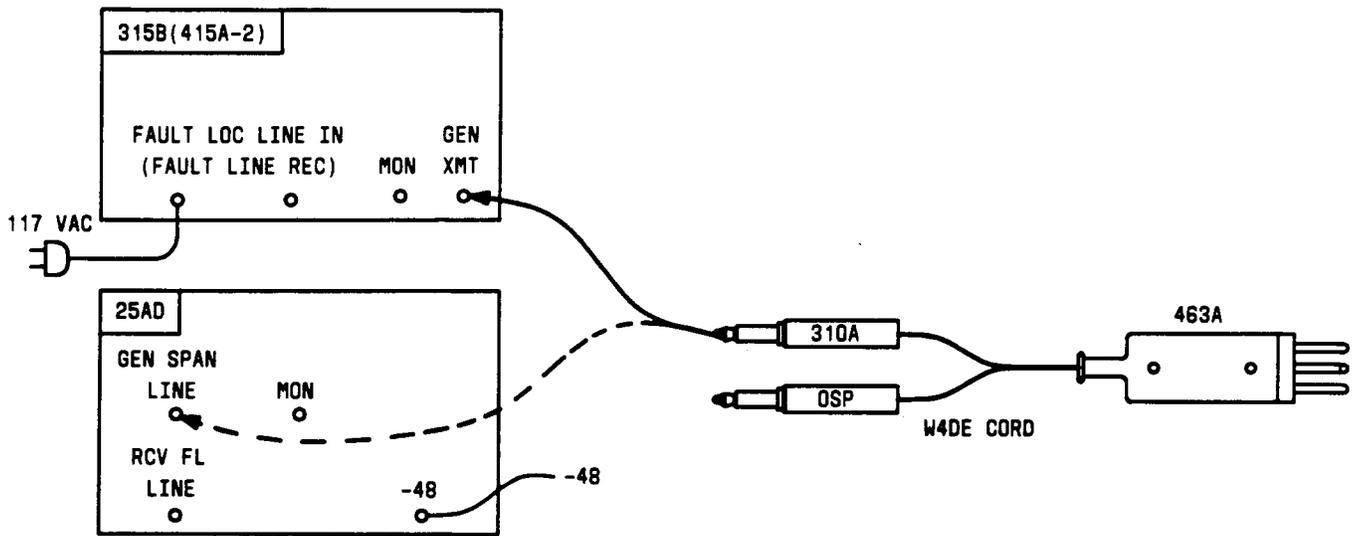


Fig. 3—Fault Locating Equipment Connections to W4DE Test Cord For DSX-1 Level Access

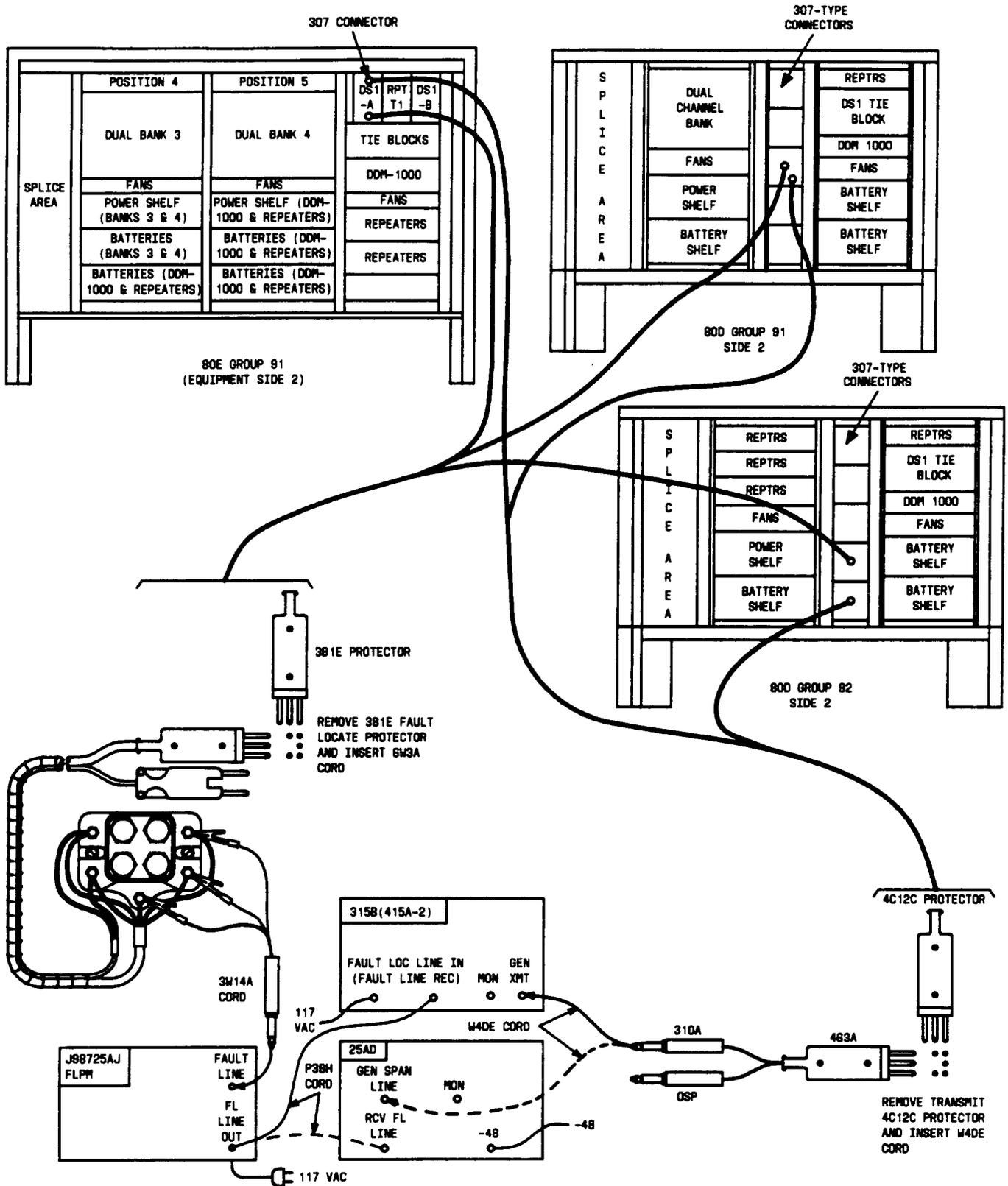


Fig. 4—Typical Fault Locating Equipment Test Connections For DSX-1 Level Access

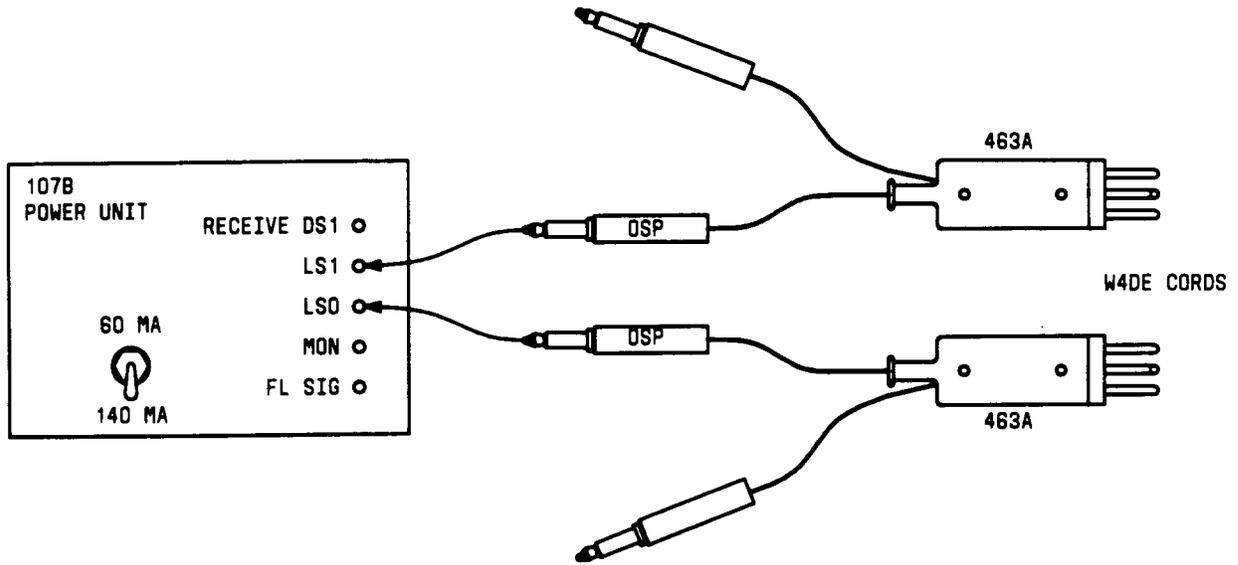


Fig. 5—Fault Locating Equipment Connections to Test W4DE Cords For T1 Line Access

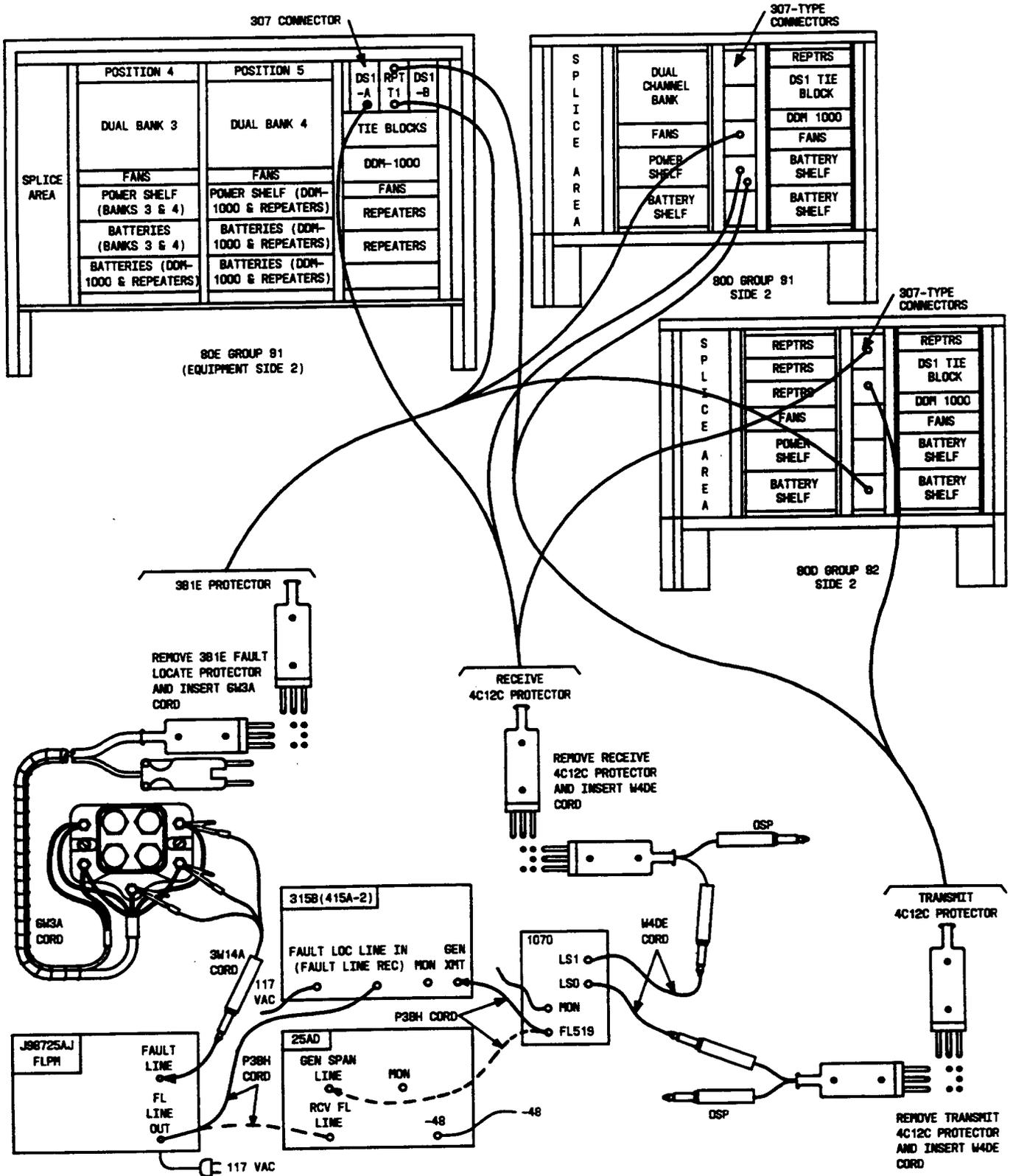


Fig. 6—Typical Fault Locating Equipment Test Connections For T1 Line Access

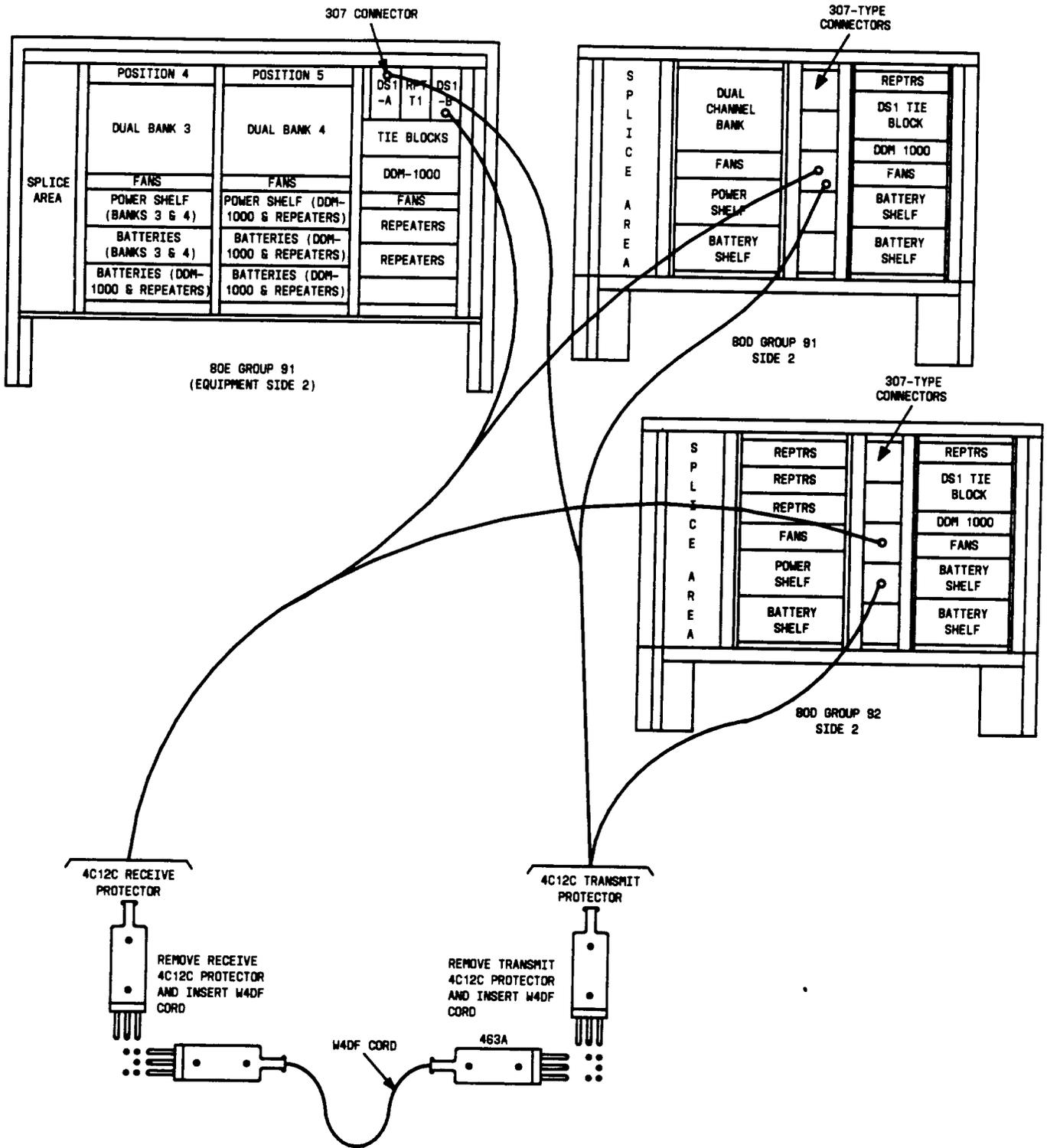


Fig. 7—DSX-1 Level Access T1 Line Loopback For Far Ended Fault Locating

## PERFORM FIBER-TO-THE-HOME MLT CHANNEL TEST

**SUMMARY:** Channel testing for FTTH circuits is supported by MLT via PGTC or XTC interface to the SLC Series 5 carrier system. The XTC must use MLT-2 LTS generic 5 issue 6 or later to support channel unit isolation tests.

When a channel test is performed, the MLT identifies the circuit as being served by a SLC carrier system. Then two tests are initiated. The first test performs channel unit functional tests and the second test bypasses the carrier system (via a dc test pair or RMU) and performs drop tests for the pairs extending from the RT. For FTTH circuits, the RT channel unit will always fail the channel unit functional test because these channel units do not contain the proper VF interface required to pass the test. If MLT-2 LTS (with generic 5 issue 6 or later) is used, further tests can determine if the COT channel unit is functioning properly. This additional test is not available with the PGTC.

Then the second *loop test* is performed. But since a copper loop does not exist, the RT channel unit returns one of two *dc signatures* to the MLT via the dc test pair. One signature (85 to 95 Kohms Tip-to-Ring) indicates a good fiber. The other signature indicates a failure condition associated with the fiber loop (typically more than 3000 Kohms Tip-to-Ring). A failed dc signature indicates the RT unit has failed or the signal between the RT and DT is bad.

1. **Note:** *After a full or loop test a channel test from STV should be performed.*

Perform MLT test on FTTH circuit reported to have trouble.

Comment: The channel unit test will indicate different results depending on the MLT generic version and whether the XTC or PGTC is used. The RT channel unit will always fail and both COT and RT channel unit will fail if the PGTC is used.

Comment: You should note the results of the *dc tests* during the loop test phase of the channel test.

2. What was the result of the dc signature?

Comment: A good dc signature will have 85 to 95 Kohms between tip-ring, tip-ground, and ring-ground.  
A bad dc signature will have more than 3000 Kohms between tip and ring.

Comment: MLT test may give a SAM or TV mask with a VER 1X for a passed or VER 2X for a failed dc test and indicate where to dispatch craft personnel (RT or DT) if the COT channel unit functional test passed.

If GOOD DC SIGNATURE, then proceed to **Step 7**.  
If BAD DC SIGNATURE, then continue with **Step 3**.

3. Do you have MLT generic 5 issue 6 or later?

If **YES**, then continue with **Step 4**.  
If **NO**, then proceed to **Step 5**.

4. Did COT channel unit pass channel test?

If **YES**, then proceed to **Step 6**.  
If **NO**, then continue with **Step 5**.

5. Dispatch craft to COT.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**

6. Dispatch craft to RT.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**

7. Dispatch craft to DT.

**STOP. YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**

### CHECKLIST

ITEM	ISSUE	ITEM	ISSUE	ITEM	ISSUE	ITEM	ISSUE
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• TPG-000</li> <li>• IXL-001</li> <li>• TAD-100</li> <li>• TAP-101</li> <li>• TAP-102</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>DLP-507</li> <li>DLP-508</li> <li>• DLP-509</li> <li>DLP-510</li> <li>DLP-511</li> </ul>					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• TAP-103</li> <li>TAP-104</li> <li>• TAP-105</li> <li>• TAP-106</li> <li>• TAP-107</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• DLP-512</li> <li>• DLP-513</li> <li>• DLP-514</li> <li>DLP-515</li> <li>DLP-516</li> </ul>					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• TAP-108</li> <li>• TAP-109</li> <li>• TAP-110</li> <li>TAP-111</li> <li>• TAP-112</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>DLP-517</li> <li>• DLP-518</li> <li>DLP-519</li> <li>DLP-520</li> <li>DLP-521</li> </ul>					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• TAP-113</li> <li>• TAP-114</li> <li>TAP-115</li> <li>TAP-116</li> <li>TAP-117</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• DLP-522</li> <li>• DLP-523</li> <li>• DLP-524</li> <li>• DLP-525</li> <li>• DLP-526</li> </ul>					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>TAP-118</li> <li>TAP-119</li> <li>TAP-120</li> <li>TAP-121</li> <li>TAP-122</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CKL-891</li> <li>TNG-893</li> <li>DPL-895</li> </ul>					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• TAP-123</li> <li>• TAP-124</li> <li>• TAP-125</li> <li>TAP-126</li> <li>• TAD-127</li> </ul>							
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• TAP-128</li> <li>• TAP-129</li> <li>• TAP-130</li> <li>• DLP-500</li> <li>• DLP-501</li> </ul>							
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>DLP-502</li> <li>DLP-503</li> <li>• DLP-504</li> <li>DLP-505</li> <li>DLP-506</li> </ul>							

- Revised or added item
- Canceled item

## HOW TO USE TOP

This book is a Task Oriented Practice which is called a "TOP". It gives you all the step-by-step instructions you need to do your job (task). These instructions are given in the order that they *must* be done. Failure to follow the instructions in the order given may cause service interruptions.

Regardless of your work experience, TOP can be a useful tool in doing your job. If you have done a particular job many times, or if you do it frequently, TOP gives you "memory joggers" for those instructions you cannot recall. If you have never done a particular job, or if you do it infrequently, TOP gives you the detailed step-by-step instructions you need to do the job.

The work that you do can be divided into two broad job functions - work to clear troubles and work other than to clear troubles.

***Work to Clear Troubles:*** This is the work you do to fix troubles in the equipment. You may be doing this work in response to a customer's complaint, an office alarm, a trouble report, an abnormal printout, or any other equipment fault indication.

***Work Other Than to Clear Troubles:*** This is the work you do to install equipment, to test equipment after it is installed, to place equipment in service, to operate and maintain equipment, or anything else required to establish, to change, or to discontinue service to the customer.

Now, look at the front cover of this book. In the upper right corner is the 9-digit volume number. Near the center is the title, which tells you something about the contents such as the name of the equipment and maybe what types of jobs are included. Below the title is a flow diagram which uses logic symbols to direct you either to 893 or to 001 depending on your understanding of how to use TOP. Do you wonder what those numbers mean? Okay, a TOP is divided into parts called procedures. Each procedure is given a 3-digit number. These numbers range from 001 through 899. Procedures are arranged in this book in numerical order beginning with 001.

**TASK INDEX LIST**

**FIND YOUR JOB IN THE LIST BELOW . . . . . THEN GO TO**

Alert; External - Horn, Ringer, Etc. - Remove . . . . .	NTP-028
Amplifiers; Channel - Recorded Announcement Frame - Test . . . . .	NTP-009
BRDG LED - Does Not Light - Correct . . . . .	TAP-117
Bridging Controller; Trunk - J1C015MB - Replace . . . . .	DLP-572
Channel Amplifiers - Recorded Announcement Frame - Test . . . . .	NTP-009
Drum Wiper - Common Systems Recorded Announcement Frame - Inspect . . . . .	NTP-010
Extended Station Capability - Nonkey Set Only - Reported Failure . . . . .	TAP-123
External Alert - Horn, Ringer, Etc. - Remove . . . . .	NTP-028
Interchange Two Working Station Numbers . . . . .	NTP-081
LED: BRDG - Does Not Light - Correct . . . . .	TAP-117
Loudspeaker Paging - Add . . . . .	NTP-059
New International Trunk, R1 Signaling - Incoming - Establish . . . . .	NTP-010
New Tandem Trunk - T-Carrier and Digroup Terminal - Establish . . . . .	NTP-008
Station Capability; Extended - Nonkey Set Only - Reported Failure . . . . .	TAP-123
System Test - Perform . . . . .	NTP-016
Trunk Bridging Controller - J1C015MB - Replace . . . . .	DLP-572

**Fig. 1 - Typical List of Jobs You May Have to Do**

Now, look at Fig. 1. It is a typical 001 procedure and is always called a "Task Index List." It is an alphabetical listing of the jobs that you may have to do. To use a 001, just find the job you need to do in the "FIND YOUR JOB IN THE LIST BELOW" column. Next, follow the dotted line to the procedure number for that job in the "THEN GO TO" column. Then turn to that procedure number and begin the task.

For example, suppose you are given the job of doing a system test. On the 001 as shown in Fig. 1, find your job. Note that it is listed in the "FIND YOUR JOB IN THE LIST BELOW " column as "System Test-Perform." Now find the procedure number for that job. Note that it is listed in the "THEN GO TO" column as "NTP-016." It could have been any other 3-digit number. Now what does this procedure give you? Turn to next page.

AT&T 123-456-789  
Issue 2

NTP-016  
Page 1 of 2

**PERFORM SYSTEM TEST**

**DO ITEMS BELOW IN ORDER LISTED . . FOR DETAILS, GO TO**

1	Test Local Maintenance Terminal	DLP-531
2	Place SEC/SEB in Off-Line Mode	
	A. If in On-Line Mode, Change System From On-Line to Off-Line	DLP-509
	B. If Powered Down, Condition System for Off-Line Operation as Follows	
	1. Power up Minicomputer	DLP-503
	2. Power up Line Printer	DLP-528
	3. Power up Maintenance Terminal	DLP-510

7	Run Computer Display Terminal Test For All Positions	DLP-513
8	Mount Tape	DLP-500
9	Test Computer Display	DLP-522

**Fig. 2 - Typical List of Specific Instructions for Doing a Job**

Look at Fig. 2. It consists of numbered items (or steps) listed in the order that you must do them to complete your job. To use this procedure, you must start with item 1 in the "DO ITEMS BELOW IN THE ORDER LISTED" column and continue until all items have been done. When you get to an item that you do not know how to do, look for the procedure number for that item under the "FOR DETAILS, GO TO" column. This is the number of the procedure that will give you detailed step-by-step instructions to do that item. Note that item 2 in Fig. 2 uses lettered (A, B) entries. This means that there are alternate ways of doing item 2 depending on equipment options or equipment conditions. You do only the one that fits your equipment options or equipment conditions.

For example, suppose you are doing a system test. The 001 as shown in Fig. 1 has directed you to 016 as shown in Fig. 2 and you are on item 8 "Mount Tape" in the "DO ITEMS BELOW IN ORDER LISTED" column. If you know how to mount the tape, do it. If you do not know how to mount the tape, go to the procedure number listed in the "FOR DETAILS, GO TO" column for the detailed step-by-step instructions. In this case, it happens to be 500. In either case, you must continue with the next item listed in 016 until you complete the job.

## MOUNT TAPE

**SUMMARY:** Install tape with or without write enable ring, as required. Thread tape and position tape at beginning of tape (BOT) marker.

1. Get file reel and empty take-up reel.
2. Set **START/STOP** switch to **STOP**.
3. Set **ON LINE/OFF LINE** switch to **OFF LINE**.
4. Set **LOAD/BR REL** switch to center position.
5. Is data to be written on tape?  
    If **YES**, then install write enable ring on file reel and go to Step 7.  
    If **NO**, then do Step 6.
6. Ensure that write enable ring is not installed on file reel  
    Reference: **DLP-563**
7. Open tape transport door.

Fig. 3 - Typical List of Detailed Instructions for Doing a Job

Now, lets look at 500 as shown in Fig. 3. It is a typical page of a procedure that gives numbered step-by-step instructions. To use this procedure, you must start with Step 1 and proceed as directed by the instructions until you complete this procedure. Note that Step 1 of this procedure is preceded by a statement called a "SUMMARY." A summary is used as a "memory jogger," and briefly tells you how to do the procedure and what measurements or results you can observe. If you can do the procedure after reading the "SUMMARY", go ahead and do it without reading any further. Not all procedures have a "SUMMARY" statement.

Now, look at Step 6 of the 500 as shown in Fig. 3. Note that following the action statement there is the word "Reference" followed by "DLP-563" (Detailed Level Procedure). When you see a reference like this, it means that additional step-by-step instructions for doing just that step are given in the referenced procedure. In this case, 563 gives you the details on how to "Ensure that the write-enable ring is not installed on the file reel." If you, in this case, can do Step 6 without going to 563, go ahead and do it. If you do not know how to do Step 6, then go to 563. In either case, you must continue with Step 7 until you have completed the procedure. In some cases, you may be directed to a procedure where the procedure number is preceded by the letters "TAP" (Trouble Analysis Procedure), for example, TAP-109. This means that you have trouble in the equipment and in this case TAP-109 will give you step-by-step instructions to fix the trouble. After you have fixed the trouble, you must return to Step 1 of the procedure that sent you to TAP-109.

AT&T 123-456-789 Issue 2	IXL-001 Page 1 of 2
<b>TASK INDEX LIST</b>	
<b>FIND YOUR JOB IN THE LIST BELOW . .</b>	<b>. . THEN GO TO</b>
Alert; External - Horn, Ringer, Etc. - Remove . . . . .	. . . . . NTP-028
Alarm - Major - Clear . . . . .	. . . . . <b>TAP-109</b>

AT&T 123-456-789 Issue 2	<b>TAP-109</b> Page 1 of 2
<b>CLEAR MAJOR ALARM AT TERMINAL</b>	
<p>1. The following ISD is available for support Reference: <b>ISD-108</b></p> <p>2. Is PWR ALM alarm lamp lighted on power regulator in terminal? If YES, then do Step 3 If NO, then do Step 4</p>	

<b>ISD-108</b> Page 1 of 1	AT&T 123-456-789 Issue 2			
<b>MAJOR ALARM STR</b>				
FROM GROUP GENERATOR NETWORKS	290 KHZ	44, 45 (J8)	CHAN GROU PROE	FCU INHIBIT

Fig. 4 - Typical Data Accessing for Trouble-Clearing Work

However, if you came directly from 001 to 109 as shown in Fig. 4, then your job is completed when you have fixed the trouble.

Note that Step 1 in TAP-109 as shown in Fig. 4 gives you a reference to "ISD-108." This is a block diagram of the trouble area and gives you support information for the 109 procedure.

**Safety:** Always do your job safely. Three safety notices are used in TOP as follows:

***DANGER:*** This means there is a possibility of personal injury.

***Caution:*** This means there is a possibility of service interruption.

***Warning:*** This means there is a possibility of equipment damage.

***Important Items:*** Look at Table A. It lists the more important items used in TOP.

***Reporting TOP Errors:*** If, while using TOP you find errors, call the "TOP HOTLINE" number located on the front cover in the lower right corner. You can also report errors by using comment form E-3973. Details on how to fill out this form are in AT&T 000-010-015. Your comments are needed to provide useful and accurate TOP coverage.

**TABLE A**  
**IMPORTANT TOP ITEMS AND DEFINITIONS**

ITEM	DEFINITION
Acceptance (NTP-002)	Provides information and identifies jobs to be done to accept equipment after it is installed.
Maintenance Philosophy (TAD-100)	The maintenance philosophy, when provided, gives an overview of the considerations designed into the trouble-clearing procedures.
Checklist (CKL-891)	The checklist reflects the content (inventory) at any given time.
Documentation Plan (DPL-895)	The documentation plan gives a bird's-eye view of all the TOP books covering a system. This plan can help you to quickly determine the correct books to use.
DLP (Detailed Level Procedure)	Detailed step-by-step instructions.
ISD (Isolation Diagram)	A functional block diagram defining the trouble universe
TAD (Trouble Analysis Data)	A trouble-clearing aid other than instructions. It may be a functional schematic, text, trouble-locating chart, etc.
TAP (Trouble Analysis Procedure)	Step-by-step trouble-clearing instructions to locate and/or fix troubles.
NTP (Non Trouble-Clearing Procedure)	A list of items to perform normal work other than trouble-clearing.

# DOCUMENTATION PLAN

## GENERAL

The Documentation plan for Series 5 systems is shown in FIG. 1.

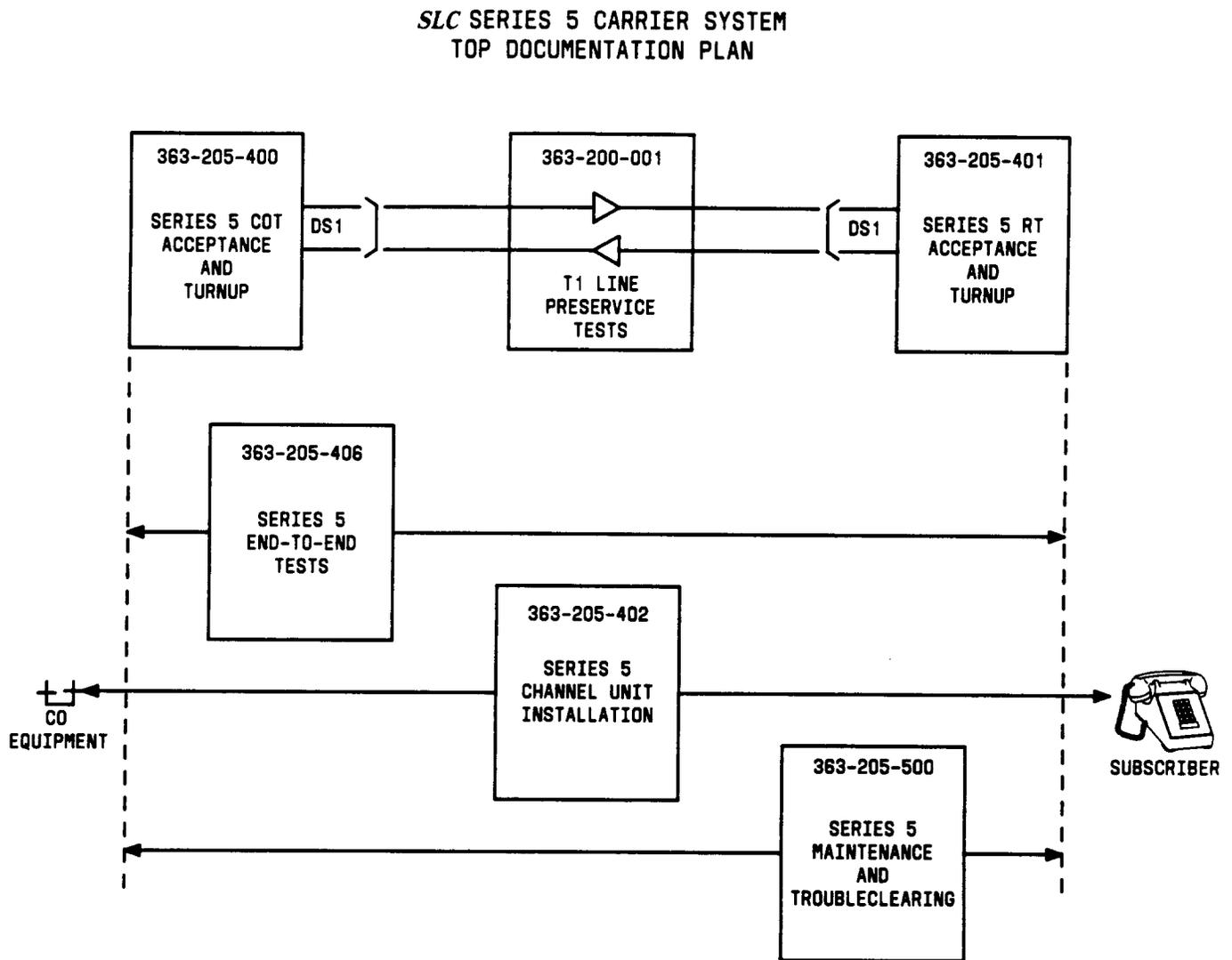


Fig. 1