

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

HOT STANDBY

DR 6-135A AND 135EC

SOLID-STATE AMPLIFIER

DC POWER DIAGNOSIS

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The following logic diagram (MR 1) references local equipment indications and/or any necessary tests to determine the source of the power problem. When a unit has failed, refer to the "Radio Trmtr" tab under the "Replacement Procedures" tab to replace the failed unit with a spare. If tests are necessary, refer to "Radio Transmitter Procedures" under the "Tests and Adjustments" tab.

This practice is reissued to include RF Switch Network information. The practice is used in binders 421-105-002AC, 421-105-004AC, 421-105-080, 421-105-100, 421-106-002AC, 421-106-004AC, 421-106-020, and 421-106-060.

Warning: *To prevent ESD (electrostatic discharge) damage to a unit, ensure all ESD precautions are followed.*

Each vertical T/R (transmitter/receiver) pair in a radio frame is separately powered and fused by the -24 V/-48 V station battery plant. In addition, each vertical T/R pair can be connected using a single power feed from the battery plant to the radio frame or a dual power feed. The single power feed provides one input voltage line to the top of the radio frame from which point both the

transmitter and receiver are powered. The dual power feed provides two independent input voltage lines, one for the transmitter and one for the receiver.

An input dc power failure can be detected by measuring at the power unit test points with an external voltmeter. The dc input voltage requirements are given in Table A.

A dc power output failure can be detected using the optional ALARM AND METER unit (see *Note*) or by measuring at the power unit test points with an external voltmeter. The dc output voltage requirements are given in Table B.

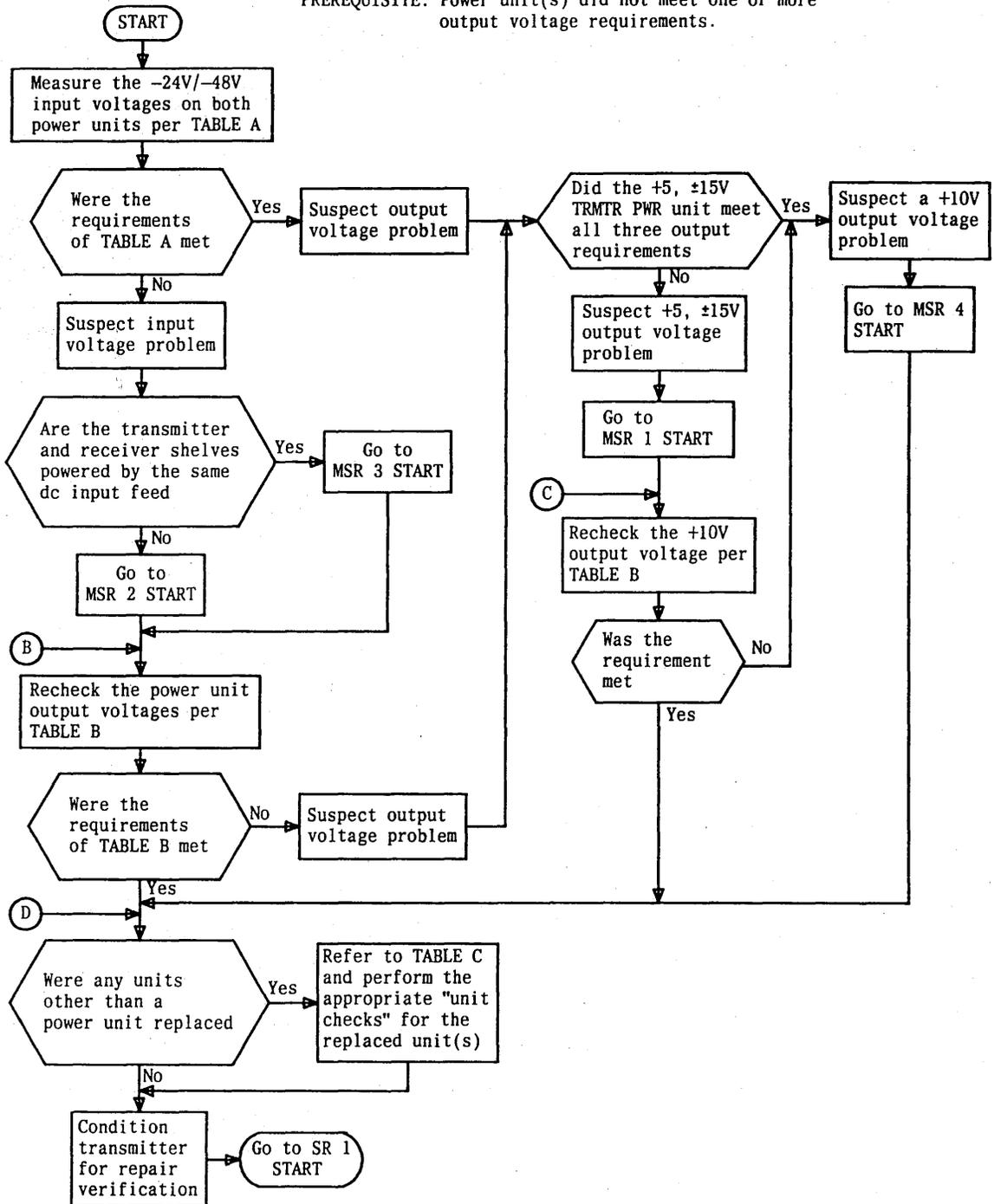
A block diagram of the transmitter dc power distribution is shown in Fig. 1. Loss of any output voltage may cause one or more units to malfunction.

Note: If using the optional bay meter to verify that the dc voltages are within limits and the displayed voltage is not correct, verify that the meter unit is functioning properly before proceeding. This may be determined by quickly checking the displayed indications on several other switch positions. If the reading at multiple positions seems to be out of limits, the meter unit should be suspected and replaced before proceeding.

ISSUING ORGANIZATION

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PREREQUISITE: Power unit(s) did not meet one or more output voltage requirements.

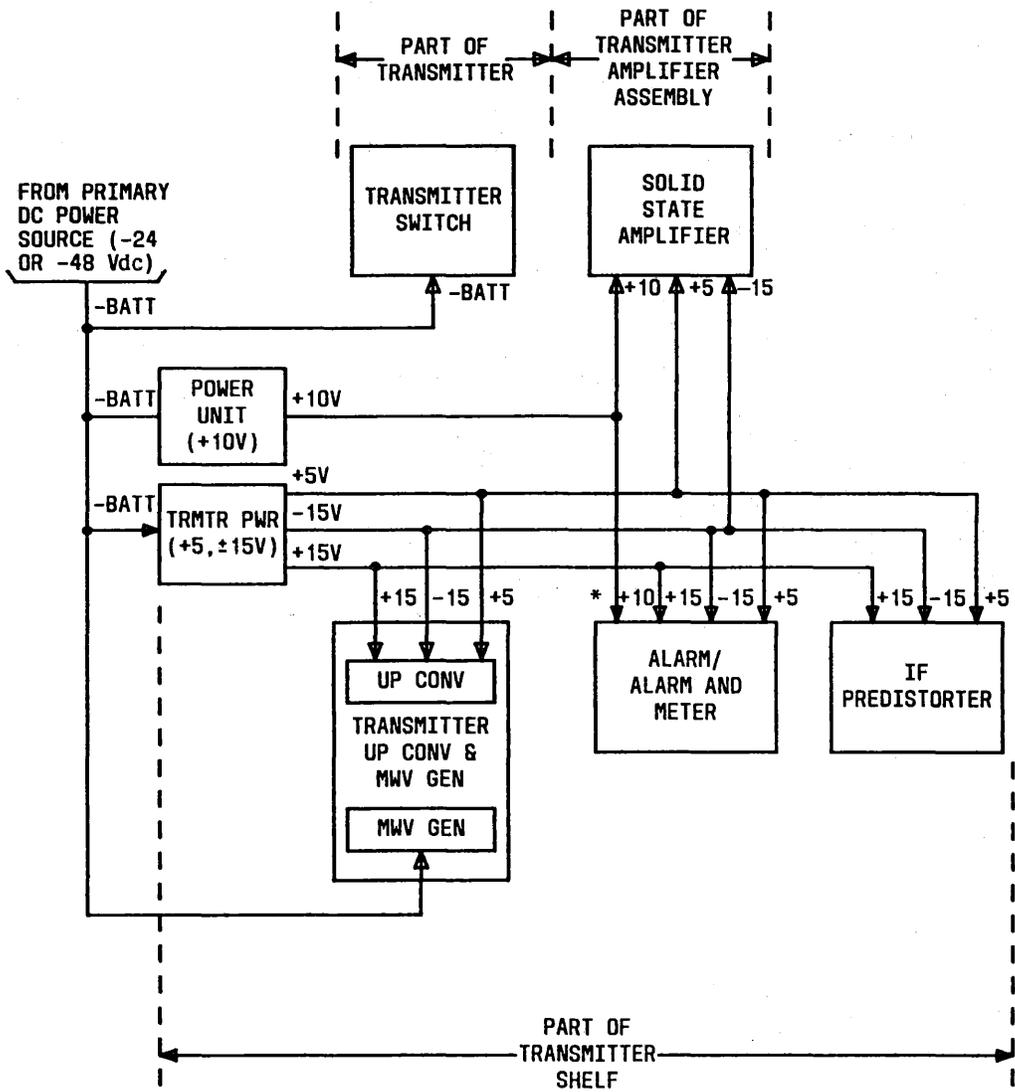


MR 1—Transmitter DC Power Diagnosis

TABLE A POWER UNIT INPUT VOLTAGE REQUIREMENTS					
BATTERY INPUT SUPPLY	MULTIMETER TEST CONNECTIONS			REQUIREMENTS	UNITS SUPPLIED
	UNIT	POSITIVE TEST LEAD	COMMON TEST LEAD		
-24V	TRMTR PWR	-24V	GRD	-20.0 V to -28.5 V	(1) TRMTR POWER (2) TRMTR CONV (MWV GEN)
	+10V POWER UNIT	V _{In} ⁻	V _{In} ⁺		
-48V	TRMTR PWR	-48V	GRD	-42.0 V to -60.0 V	(3) TRMTR SWITCH
	+10V POWER UNIT	V _{In} ⁻	V _{In} ⁺		

TABLE B POWER UNIT OUTPUT VOLTAGE REQUIREMENTS				
ALARM AND METER UNIT SWITCH POSITION	MULTIMETER TEST CONNECTIONS ON POWER UNIT		REQUIREMENTS	UNITS SUPPLIED
	POSITIVE TEST LEAD	COMMON TEST LEAD		
TRMTR +5V	+5V	GRD	+4.7 V to +5.3 V	1 ALM/ALM & MTR 2 IF PDSTR 3 TRMTR CONV (UP CONV) 4 SOLID STATE AMPL
TRMTR -15V	-15V	GRD	-14.6 V to -15.4 V	
TRMTR +15V	+15V	GRD	+14.6 V to +15.4 V	1 ALM/ALM & MTR 2 IF PDSTR 3 TRMTR CONV (UP CONV)
TRMTR +10V	V ₁ ⁺	V ₁ ⁻	+9.7 V to +10.3 V	SOLID STATE AMPL

TABLE C UNIT CHECKS REQUIRED AFTER REPLACEMENT		
UNIT REPLACED	INITIAL PROCEDURES TO BE PERFORMED	PROCEDURE REFERENCE
IF PDSTR	If Predistorter Gain Check and Adjustment	TASR 4-3
TRMTR CONV	(1) TRMTR CONV Unit Initial Check (2) Microwave Generator Power Check (After One hour warm-up) (3) Microwave Generator Final Frequency Adjustment (After one hour warm-up)	SR 5 TASR 1 TASR 2
SOLID STATE AMPL	(1) Solid State AMPL Unit Initial Check (2) RF MON Port Calibration	SR 6 TASR 10



* +10V LEAD USED FOR MONITORING PURPOSES ONLY

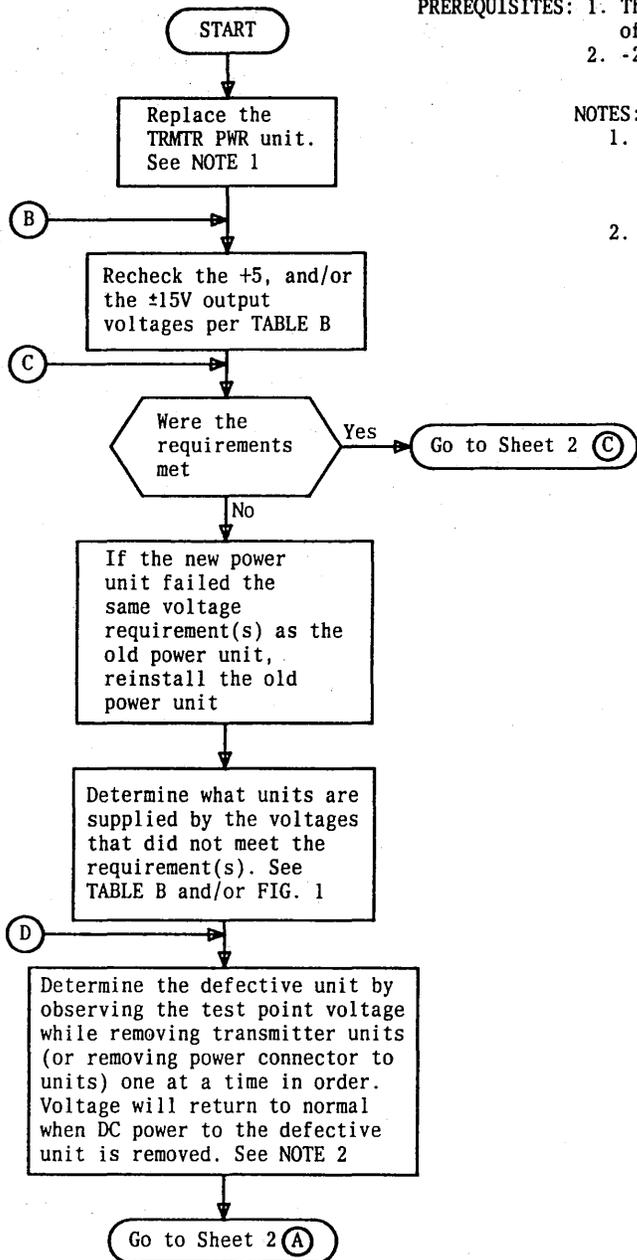
Fig. 1—Transmitter DC Power Distribution Block Diagram

CAUTION: THIS PROCEDURE IS SERVICE AFFECTING UNLESS THE PROPER MANUAL PROTECTION SWITCHING OPERATION HAS BEEN PERFORMED.

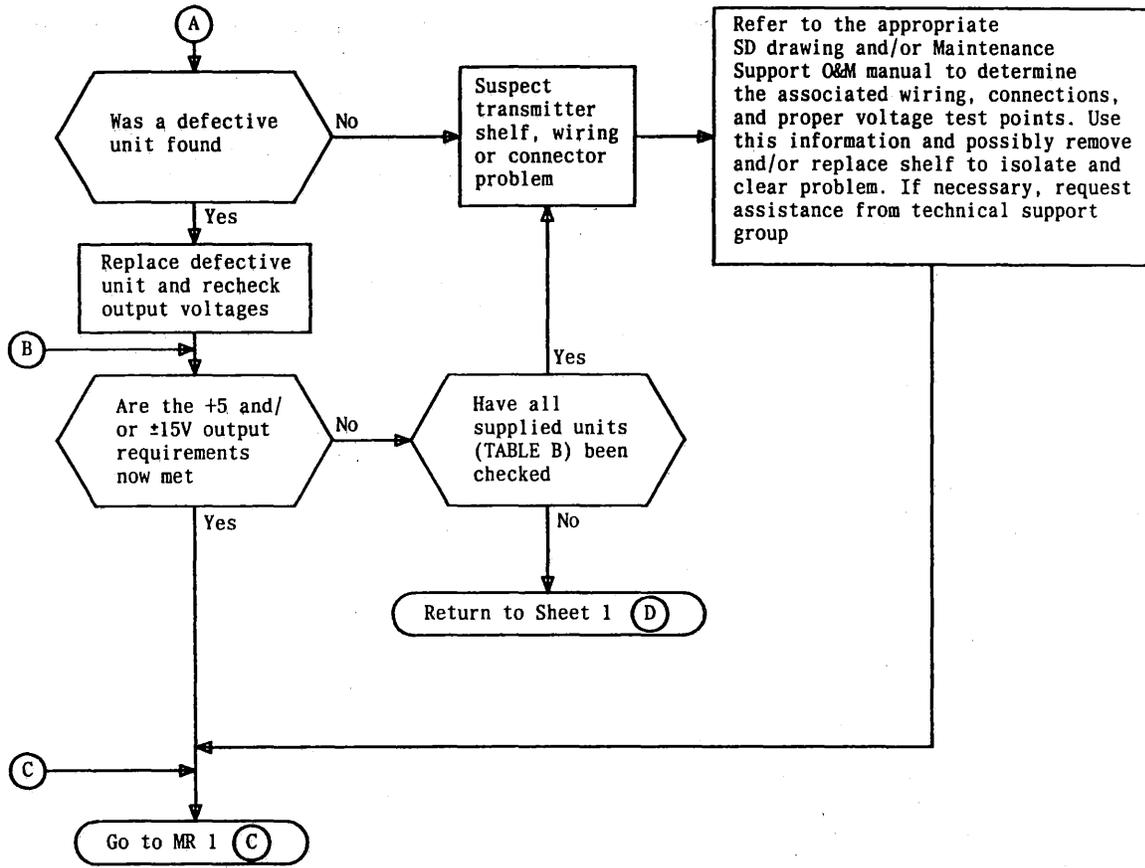
PREREQUISITES: 1. The +5, +15 and/or -15V output voltages of the TRMTR PWR unit did not meet requirement
 2. -24V or -48V input voltage is good.

NOTES:

1. Operate pushbutton on the TRMTR PWR unit to the STBY (out) position before removing or installing unit.
2. If excessive current is drawn by a short in any transmitter unit, the power unit will automatically shut down.



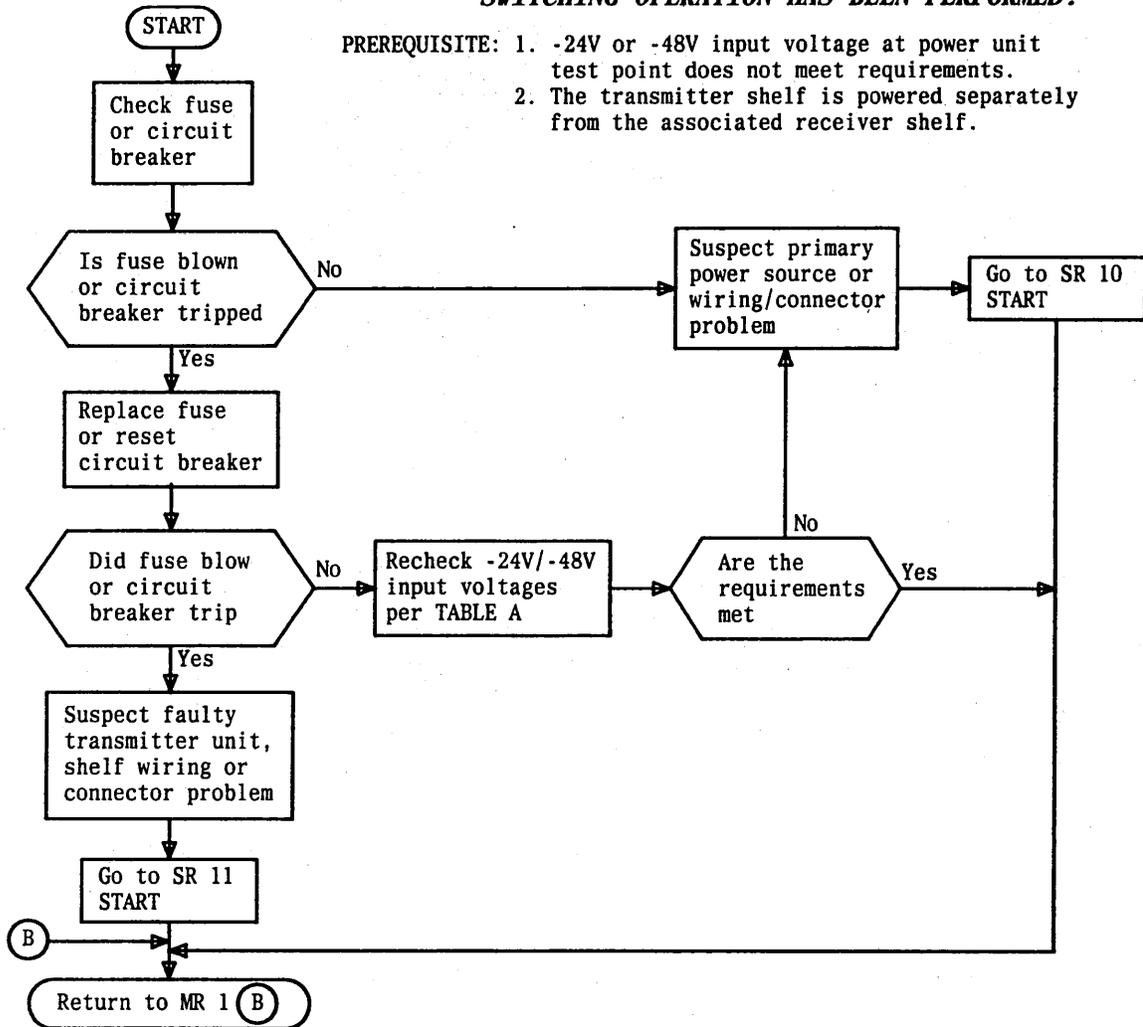
MSR 1—Transmitter +5 and/or ±15 V DC Output Voltage Problem Diagnosis (Sheet 1 of 2)



MSR 1—Transmitter +5 and/or ±15 V DC Output Voltage Problem Diagnosis (Sheet 2 of 2)

CAUTION: THIS PROCEDURE IS SERVICE AFFECTING UNLESS THE PROPER MANUAL PROTECTION SWITCHING OPERATION HAS BEEN PERFORMED.

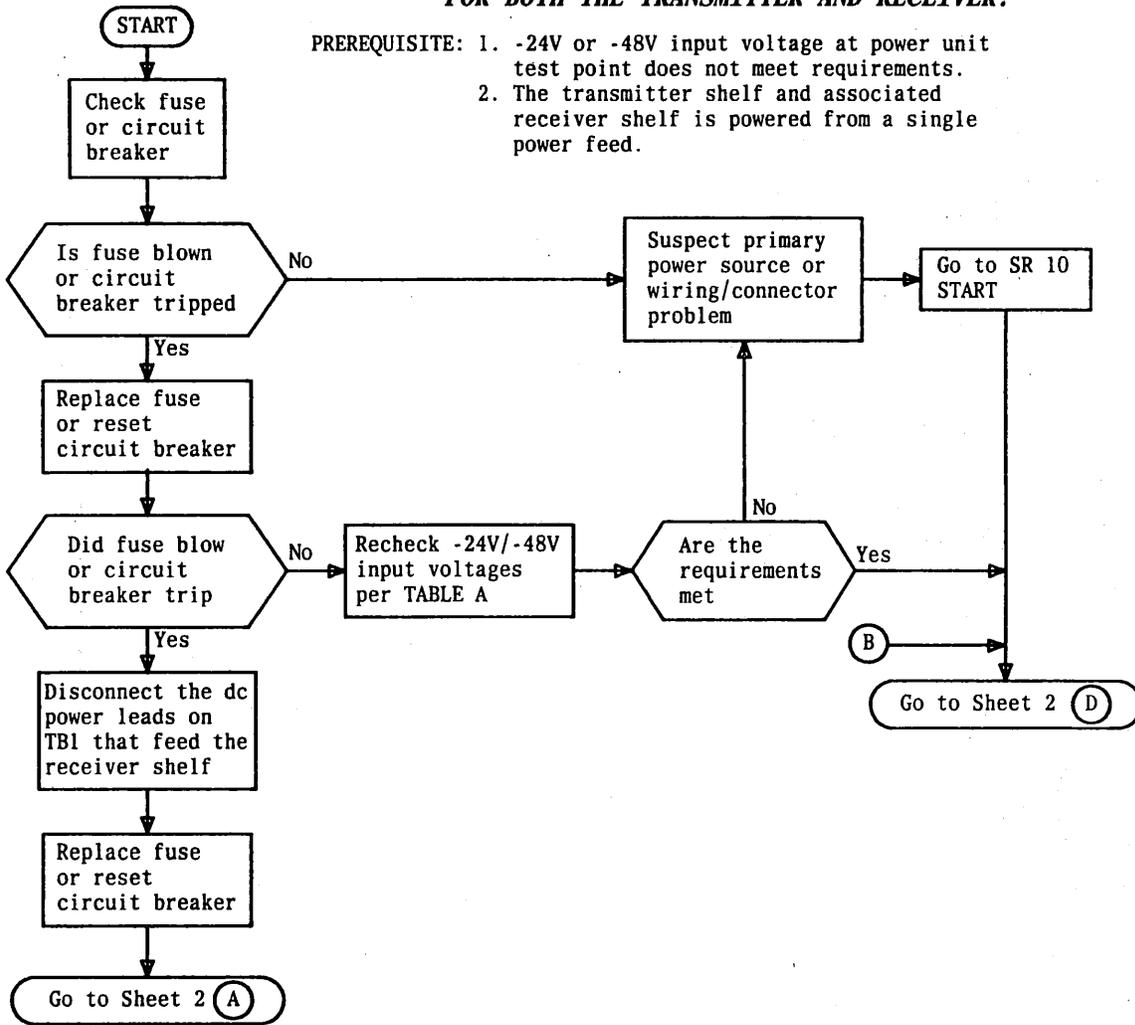
- PREREQUISITE: 1. -24V or -48V input voltage at power unit test point does not meet requirements.
 2. The transmitter shelf is powered separately from the associated receiver shelf.



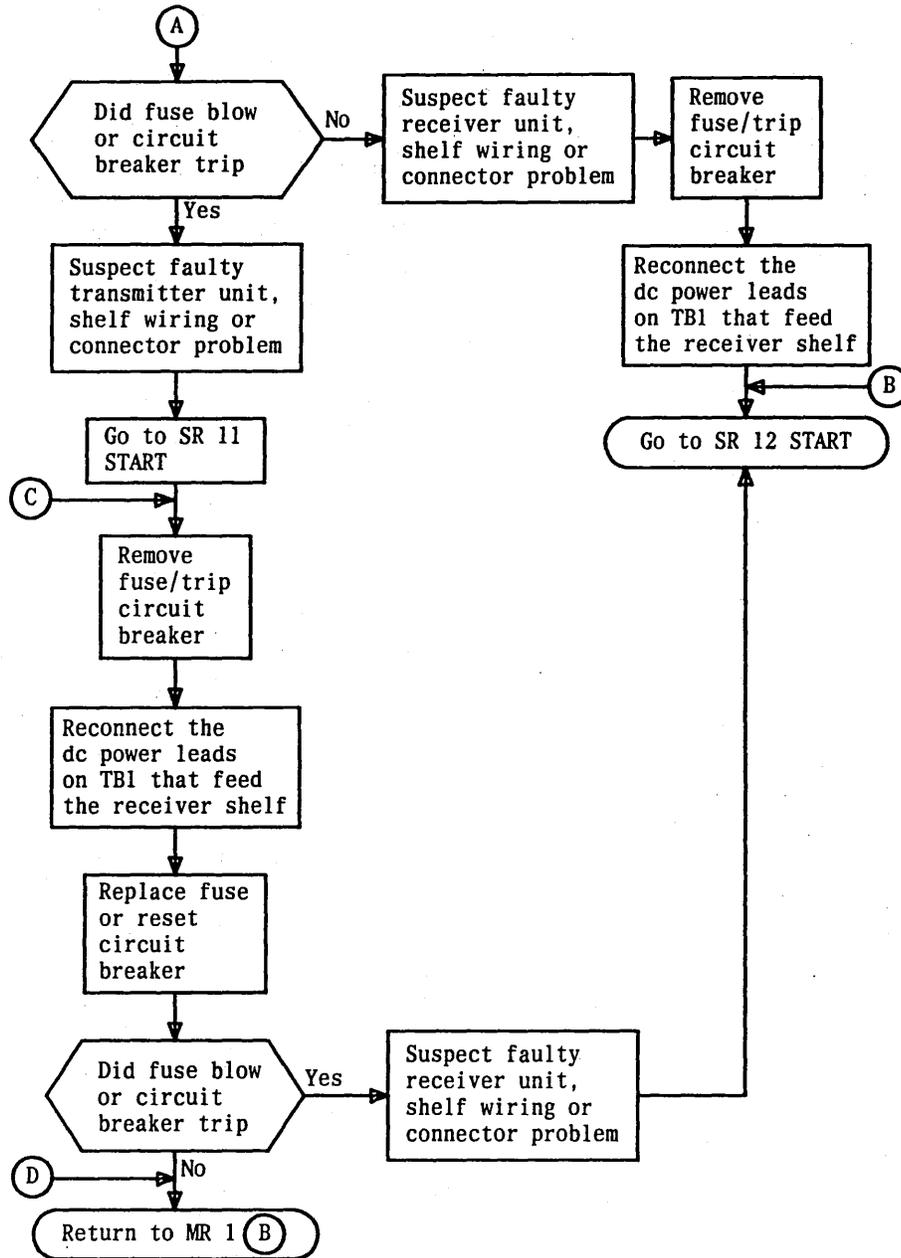
MSR 2—Transmitter DC Input Voltage Problem Diagnosis— Dual T/R DC Input Feed

CAUTION: THIS PROCEDURE IS SERVICE AFFECTING UNLESS THE PROPER MANUAL PROTECTION SWITCHING OPERATION HAS BEEN PERFORMED FOR BOTH THE TRANSMITTER AND RECEIVER.

- PREREQUISITE: 1. -24V or -48V input voltage at power unit test point does not meet requirements.
 2. The transmitter shelf and associated receiver shelf is powered from a single power feed.



MSR 3—Transmitter DC Input Voltage Problem Diagnosis— Single T/R DC Input Feed (Sheet 1 of 2)



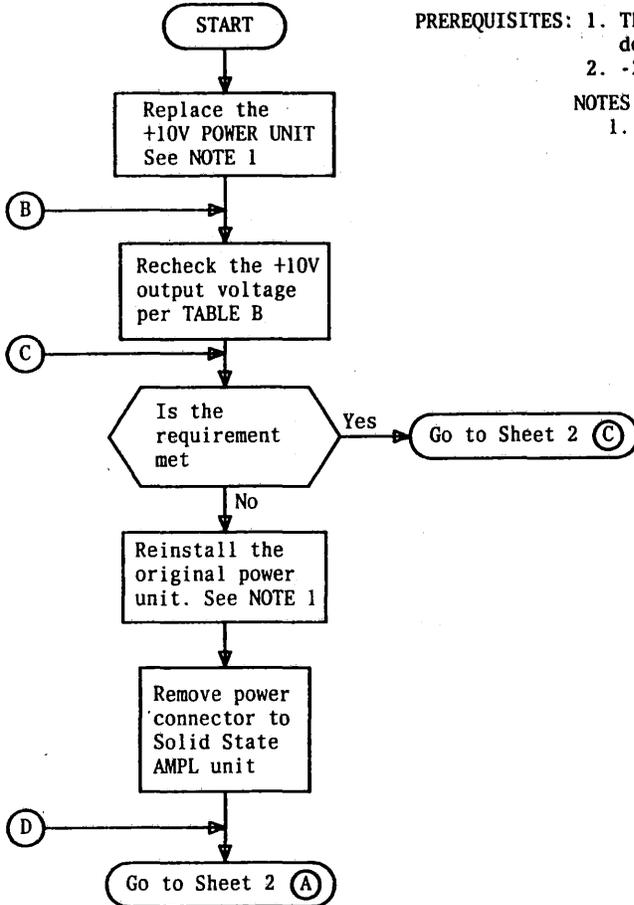
MSR 3—Transmitter DC Input Voltage Problem Diagnosis— Single T/R DC Input Feed (Sheet 2 of 2)

CAUTION: THIS PROCEDURE IS SERVICE AFFECTING UNLESS THE PROPER MANUAL PROTECTION SWITCHING OPERATION HAS BEEN PERFORMED.

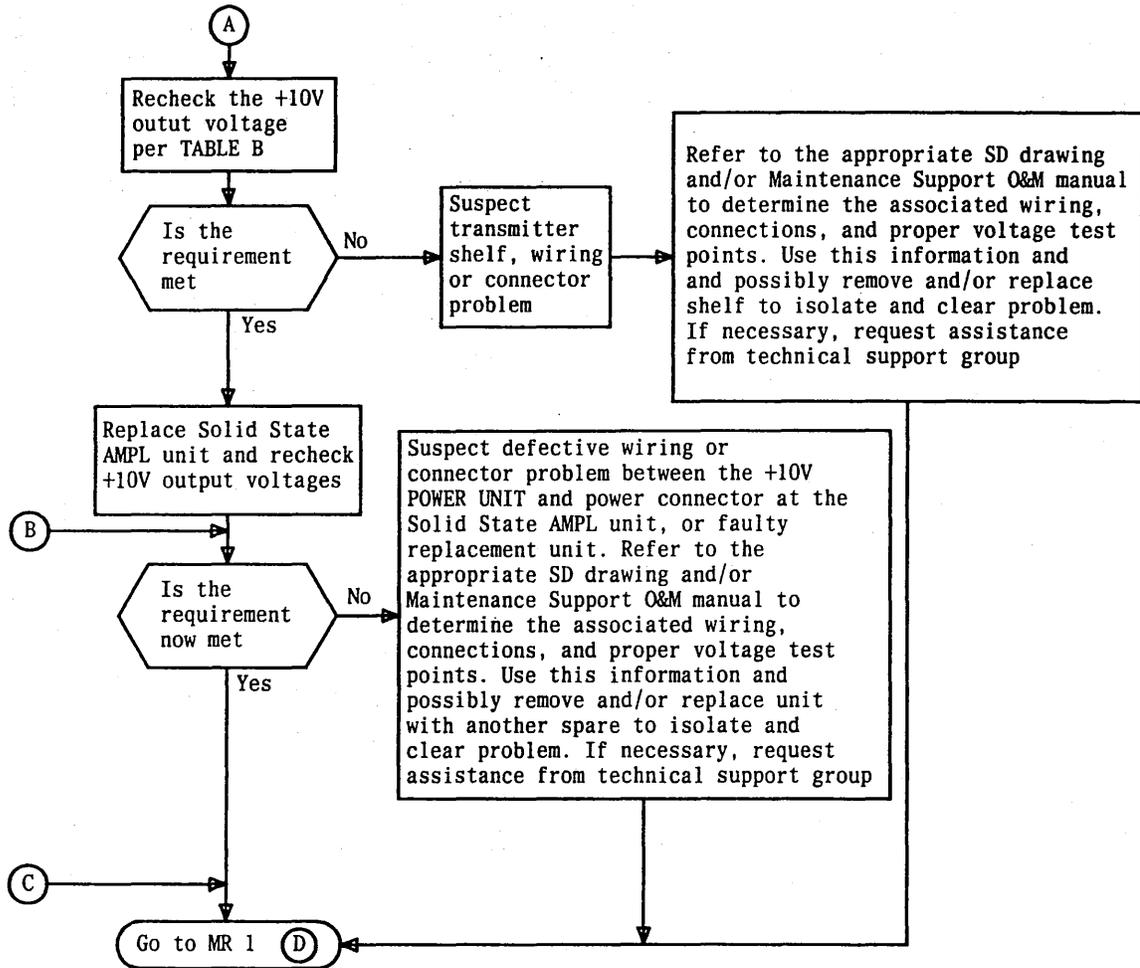
PREREQUISITES: 1. The +10V output voltage of the +10V POWER UNIT does not meet requirement
2. -24V or -48V input voltage is good.

NOTES:

1. Operate pushbutton on the adjacent TRMR PWR unit to the STBY (out) position before removing or installing +10V POWER UNIT.



MSR 4—Transmitter +10 V DC Output Voltage Problem Diagnosis (Sheet 1 of 2)



MSR 4—Transmitter +10 V DC Output Voltage Problem Diagnosis (Sheet 2 of 2)