

AUXILIARY SIGNALS

REF EQUIP	SEE ON DIS	TABB MONTAGE	TYPING CEN	IDENTIFICATION	EXCISE	NOTATION	JANUARY
1. GENERAL							
1.01 This section provides identification, installation, operation, maintenance, and connection information on the KS-16301 type, KS-8000 series and KS-20614 signals with associated apparatus.					unit power cord near the plug. The tags will specify:		
1.02 This section is reissued to:					WARNING: DO NOT USE ON 115V 60-Hz.		
<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Revise Tables A, B, C, D ordering and operating-current information● Revise Fig. 7 and Fig. 20, and replace Fig. 15 to reflect current model equipment● Add KS-20614 relay switch modification.					1.09 The KS-20614 relay switch is intended for use by handicapped persons.		
1.03 All KS-16301 codes of signals, relays and backboxes are physically interchangeable.					1.10 Relays that operate on telephone ringing current have a 2-position sensitivity adjustment.		
1.04 These signals may be obtained with or without control relays for use in indoor and outdoor locations. Signals which do not contain a control relay require an externally mounted power relay set. One relay may operate several signals.							
1.05 When tip party identification is required, it should be obtained through the ringer associated with each telephone set. Refer to the particular telephone set used for connections.							
1.06 Certain signals are equipped with a 0.5- or 0.45-mf capacitor in series with a relay which operates on telephone ringing current. The relay and capacitor constitute a high impedance ringing bridge.							
1.07 All signals operate on 115-volt 60-Hz power unless otherwise noted. The operating voltage is stamped on the unit.							
1.08 All KS-16301 List 2, List 6, and List 20 series signaling devices are not intended for use with 115-volts ac power and will be provided by the manufacturer with two warning tags, one on the signal unit frame and one on the signal							
				2. IDENTIFICATION			
				2.01 Purpose: To produce loud or distinctive signals from:			
				<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Vibrating bells● Single-stroke bells● Chimes● Horns● Lamps			
				2.02 Ordering Guide:			
				<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Refer to Table A for auxiliary signals.● Refer to Table B for associated apparatus which must be ordered separately.			
				3. INSTALLATION			
				PLANNING			
				3.01 Select a wall or column location for the signaling device in accord with the following:			
				<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Not hazardous to maintenance personnel. Avoid stairways, areas of heavy traffic, and moving machinery.● Best sound distribution.			

TABLE A
ORDERING GUIDE

SIGNAL	LOCATION	STROKE	OPERATING VOLTAGE	CURRENT (AMPERES)	OUTPUT (db)	RELAY OPERATION:	SEE FIG. NO.	SEE TABLE
BELL								
KS-8547,L1	Hazardous Indoor	Vibrating	115V ac	0.10			11	
KS-8547,L2	Hazardous Outdoor	Vibrating	115V ac	0.10			11	
KS-8547,L3*	Hazardous Indoor	Single	115V ac	0.12			11	
KS-8547,L4*	Hazardous Indoor-Outdoor	Single	115V ac	0.12			11	
KS-16301,L3	Indoor Outdoor	Vibrating	115V ac	See Table D	101.6		8	B,D
KS-16301,L4	Indoor Outdoor	Single	115V ac		99.6		9	B,D
KS-16301,L20	Indoor Outdoor	Vibrating	18V ac		101.6		10	B,D
KS-20375,L1 †	Indoor	Vibrating	18V ac		101.6		12	
CHIME								
KS-8229,L13*	Indoor	Single	115V ac	0.07		48V dc	13	
KS-8229,L14*	Indoor	Single	115V ac	0.07		48V ac	13	
KS-8229,L15*	Indoor	Single	115V ac	0.07		Ringling Current	13	
KS-8229,L23*	Indoor	Single	115V ac	0.07			13	
KS-16301,L1	Outdoor Indoor	Single	115V ac	See Table D			14	B,D
HORN								
KS-16301,L2	Indoor Outdoor		115V dc	See Table D	101.6		15	D
KS-16301,L5	Indoor Outdoor		115V ac		106.6		16	D
KS-16301,L6	Indoor Outdoor		48V ac		101.6		17	D
SWITCH, RELAY								
KS-20614	Indoor					Ringling Current	7	

* May be ordered equipped for 115V dc operation.

† Mounts on 2-inch rectangular outlet box, 4-inch square or octagonal outlet box, or single or double gang plaster ring.

‡ • 48V ac relays, will operate on 9V minimum

• 48V dc relays, will operate on 17V minimum.

• Ringing current relays will operate on 53V minimum with wide airgap and 34V minimum with close airgap.

→TABLE B←
ORDERING GUIDE

ASSOCIATED APPARATUS	LOCATION	USE WITH				POWER CORD PROVIDED	FOR CONDUIT INST	SEE TABLE	FIG. NO.
		BELL	HORN	CHIME	RELAY				
BACKBOX									
KS-16301,L8*	Indoor	●	●	●	●	Yes	No	C	5
KS-16301,L9*	Indoor	●	●	●	●	No	Yes	C	3
KS-16301,L11*	Outdoor	●	●	●	●	No	Yes	C	18
KS-16301,L19*	Outdoor	●	●	●	●	Yes	No	C	19
OUTLET									
KS-16301,L18†	Outdoor								2
RELAY									
KS-16301,L15	Indoor-Outdoor	●	●	●				E	6
KS-16301,L16	Indoor-Outdoor	●	●	●				E	6
KS-16301,L17	Indoor	●	●	●				E	6

* Mounting hardware not furnished.

† Use with KS-16301,L19 backbox.

- Safe from damage. Remote from vehicular traffic, excessive heat, and flammable or corrosive fumes.
- Accessible for maintenance or removal.
- Near power receptacle or conduit, where required.

Customer-Provided Wiring

3.02 Prior to installation, a definite agreement must be made with the customer to provide any necessary power wiring (ac, dc, receptacle, conduit) in accordance with the following:

- Not controlled by a switch
- Separately fused, if possible
- Within access of power cord.

Line Ringer

Note: Any telephone station having auxiliary signals (except a PBX station) must be equipped with a ringer connected to the line at all times to insure a ringing signal should commercial power fail.

Typical Installation Assembly

3.03 A typical signal (Fig. 1) includes a backbox, a signal premounted to a grilled cover, and a control relay.

3.04 The armature on relays associated with auxiliary signals restores to normal (open contacts) by gravity. Always mount signal on a vertical surface. A control relay, if used, must be in the horizontal position.

Type of Installation

3.05 The type of installation determines the type of backbox (see Table C). Backboards are not necessary.

INSTALLING



Make sure power is disconnected before working on circuit. Under no circumstances should the cord provided for commercial power be passed through a hole in a wall or be fastened to a wall.

3.06 *Weatherproof Power Outlet KS-16301, List 18 (Fig. 2)*

TABLE B
ORDERING GUIDE

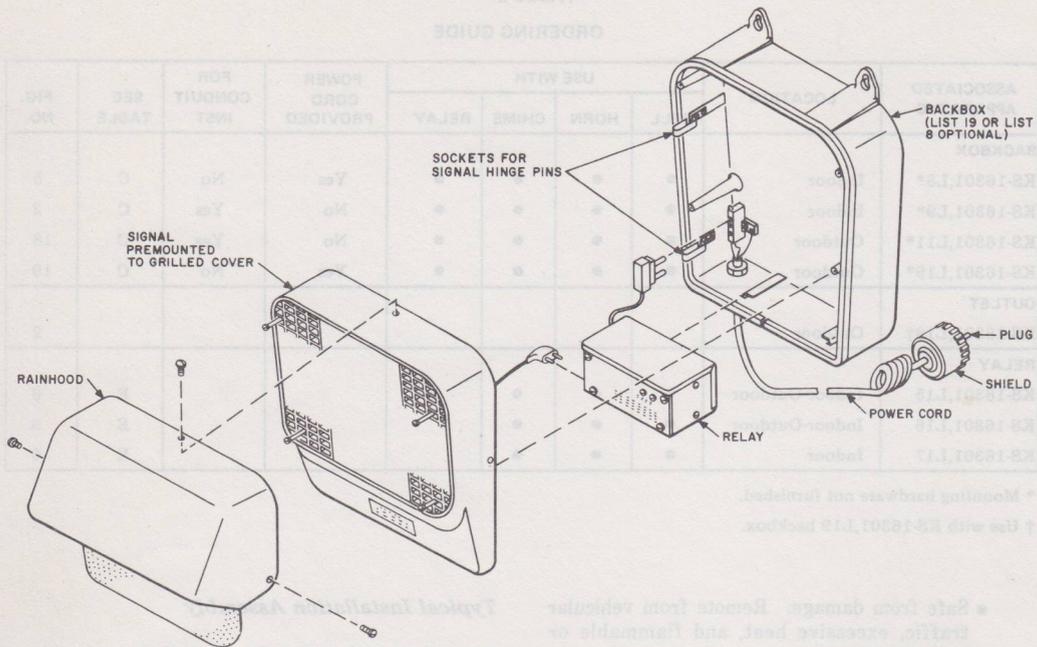


Fig. 1—Exploded View of Assembled Signal Using Relay

→TABLE C←

BACKBOX	TYPE OF INSTALLATION	
L8	Indoor — Power Cord	For Use With or Without Relay (per job requirements)
L9	Indoor — Conduit	
L11	Outdoor — Conduit	
L19	Outdoor — Power Cord	

- Provided to customer as required
 - Furnished with KS-16301, List 19 backbox.
- 3.07 Backbox (Fig. 1, 3, 5, 18, and 19)**
- Mount on a vertical surface.
 - Use two slotted holes and one regular hole for attaching backbox to surface.

- Use rustproof fasteners.
- Install backbox, List 9 or 11, so that the customer may have the commercial power connected (Fig. 3).
- Terminate 3-conductor cord as shown in Fig. 4.
- Do not fasten power cord to any surface.



Fig. 2—KS-16301, List 18 Outlet

- Do not pass power cord through wall holes or partitions.
- An entrance hole for the telephone wires is located in the bottom of each backbox (Fig. 5).
- Be sure that the gasket on the backbox is in place (Fig. 4).

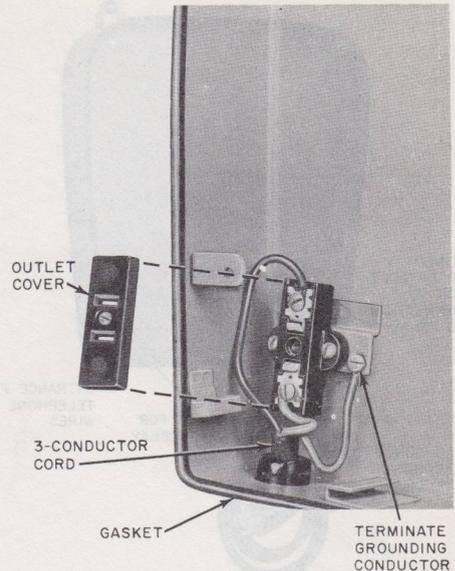


Fig. 4—Power Cord Termination

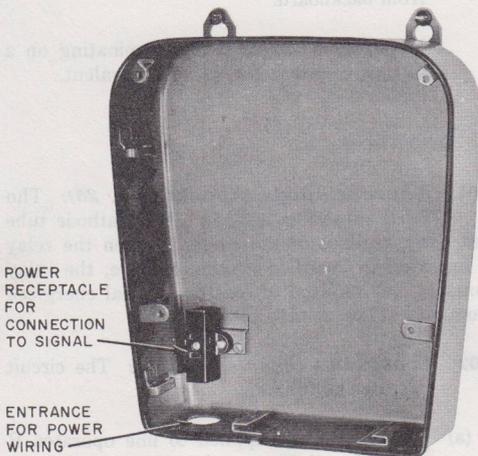


Fig. 3—KS-16301, List 9 Backbox

3.08 Control Relay, KS-16301 (Fig. 6)

- Mount relay in the horizontal position on mounts provided in backbox (Fig. 1).
- Use a full cable pair for each signal circuit when signaling circuits are in the same cable.
- When no talking circuits are involved, low-voltage signal circuits may use half of a cable pair or inside wire.

3.09 Signals, KS-16301 (Fig. 8, 9, 10, 14, 15, 16, and 17)

- Engage the two pins on front cover to form a hinge with the two sockets which emerge from backbox (Fig. 1).
- Fasten the signal to the backbox with four machine screws which are furnished (Fig. 1).

3.10 Rainhood, KS-16301, Lists 11 and 19 (Fig. 18)

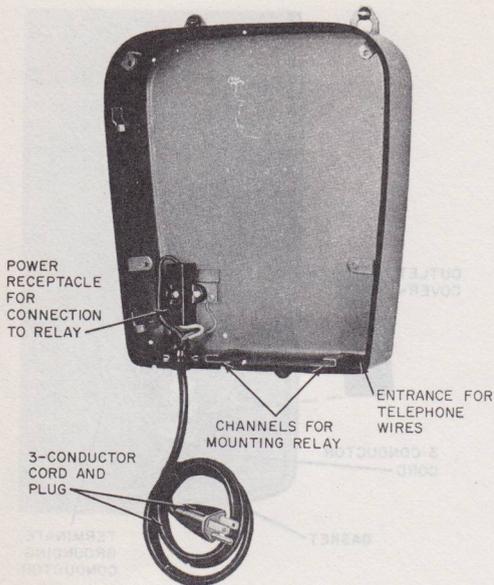


Fig. 5—KS-16301, List 8 Backbox

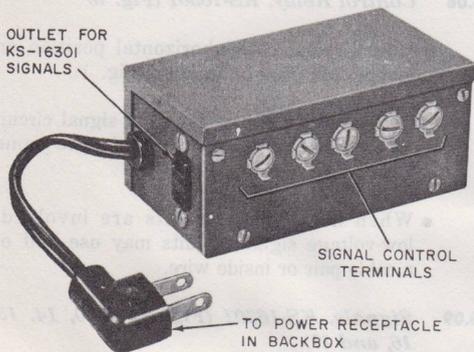


Fig. 6—KS-16301, List 15, List 16, List 17 Relay

- For protection against the weather and insects
- Attach with furnished screws to the signal unit (Fig. 1).

3.11 KS-20614 Relay Switch (Fig. 7 and 27)

- Mount relay to a vertical surface with contacts at the bottom and within 18 inches of local power receptacle.
- Connect the tip and ring from the telephone set connecting block to terminal board in relay housing. Connect ring to "HI" for long loop or "LO" for dial area.
- Set single-pole double-throw switch on nearby table or stand.
- Connect visual indicator to receptacle in relay housing.

3.12 Signals, KS-8000 Series (Fig. 11 and 13)

Bell and chime:

- The signals are for indoor locations.
- Signal is already attached to a backboard.

Chime only:

- Has slotted mounting holes for easy removal from backboard.
- Has 2-conductor cord for terminating on a 42-type connecting block or equivalent.

4. OPERATION

4.01 Noncontinuous Signals (Fig. 25): The 687B subscriber set has a cold cathode tube and relay in place of the ringer. When the relay is operated by rectified ringing voltage, the relay contacts may be used to control a signal energized from a local low voltage source.

4.02 Continuous Signals (Fig. 26): The circuit operates as follows:

- (a) Ringing current applied to line operates R relay through its secondary winding, through top contacts 1 and 2 of SR relay to ground.
- (b) R relay locks operated by battery through its primary winding, through its own top contacts 1 and 2, through bottom contacts 3 and 2 of SR relay, through bottom contacts 1

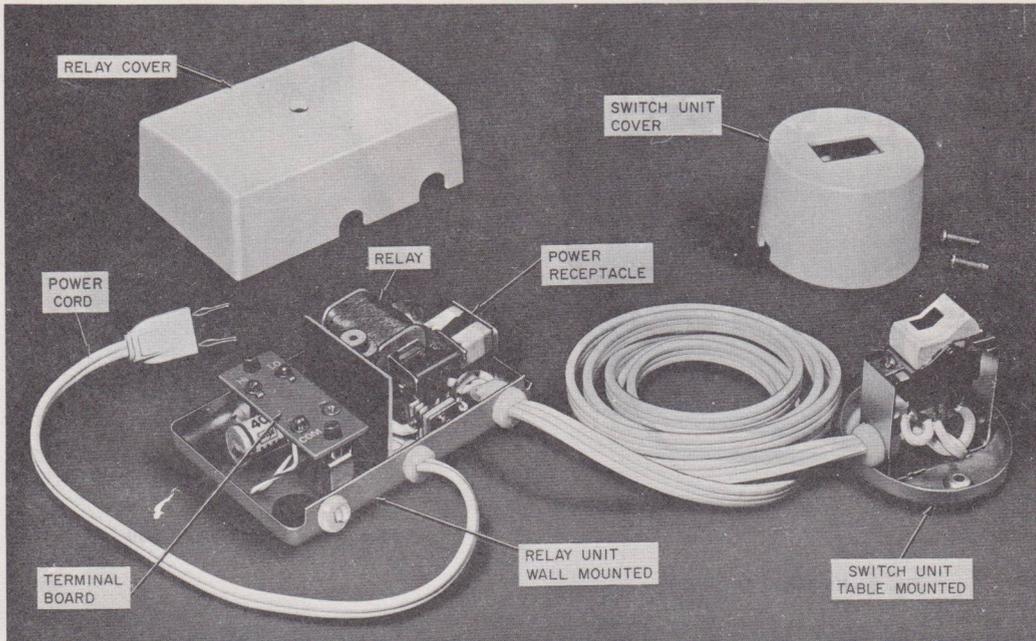


Fig. 7—KS-20614 Relay Switch

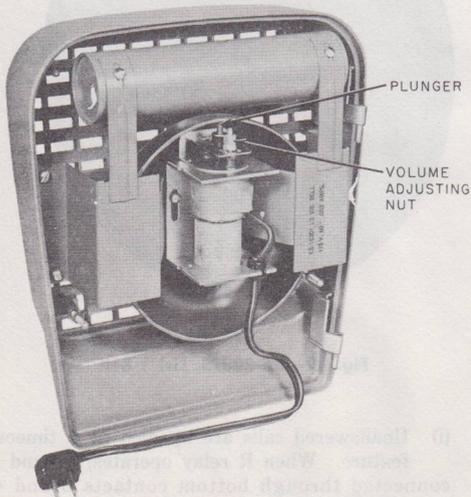


Fig. 8—KS-16301, List 3 Bell

and 2 of TO relay (Z wiring) to ground, or to switch to ground (Y wiring).

- (c) R relay operated completes circuit through its own top contacts 3 and 4 to operate auxiliary relay or signal.
- (d) Bottom contacts 1 and 2 of R relay may be used to operate a line lamp indicator.
- (e) When call is answered, B relay operates by central office or PBX battery through station.
- (f) SR relay operates by battery through its winding through contacts of B relay (operated), and through bottom contacts 1 and 2 of TO relay to ground (Z wiring).
- (g) Operation of SR relay opens locking circuit of R relay which releases.
- (h) Circuits to auxiliary signal and line lamps open when R relay releases.

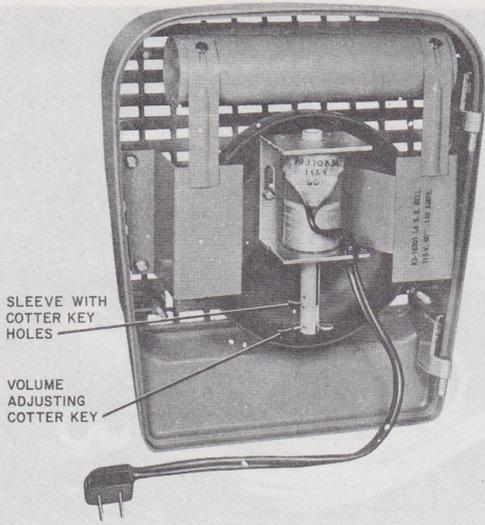


Fig. 9—KS-16301, List 4 Bell

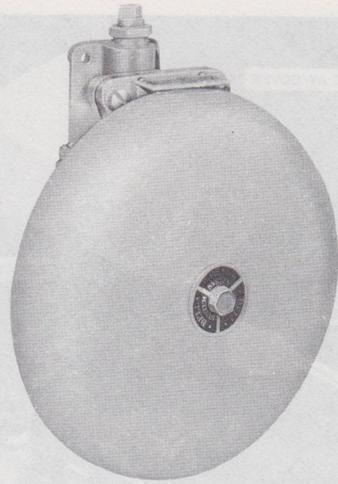


Fig. 11—KS-8547, List 1 Bell

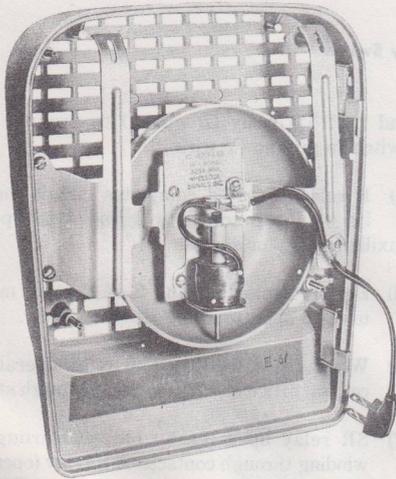


Fig. 10—KS-16301, List 20 Bell



Fig. 12—KS-20375, List 1 Bell

- (i) Unanswered calls are handled by a timeout feature. When R relay operates, ground is connected through bottom contacts 3 and 4, through 112-ohm heater winding of TO relay (Z

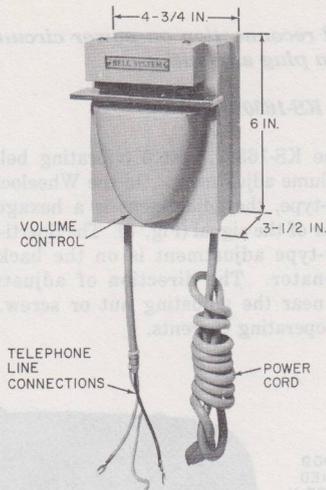


Fig. 13—KS-8229 Chime

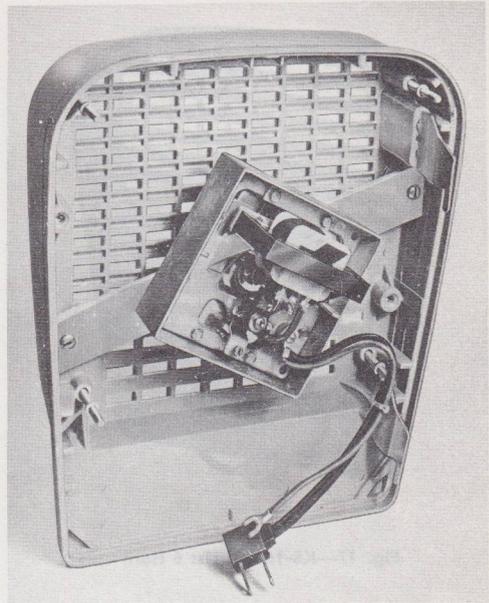


Fig. 15—KS-16301, List 2 Horn

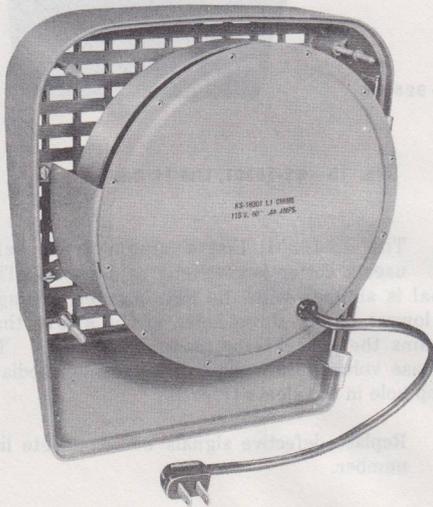


Fig. 14—KS-16301, List 1 Chime

wiring), and through top contacts 3 and 2 of TO relay to battery. After approximately 30 seconds, thermally operated bottom contacts 1 and 2 of

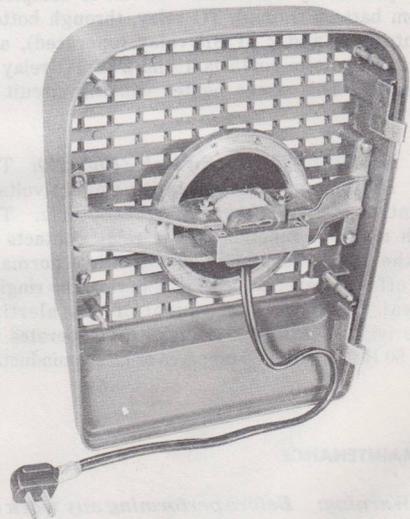


Fig. 16—KS-16301, List 5 Horn

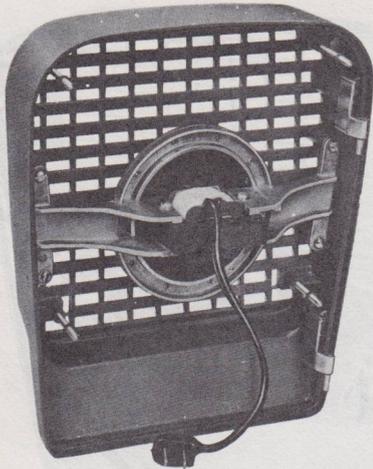


Fig. 17—KS-16301, List 6 Horn

TO relay will open. This opens locking circuit of R relay, and circuit restores to normal.

(j) If call is answered, SR relay operates as previously described. Circuit is completed from battery through TO relay, through bottom contacts 1 and 2 of SR relay (operated), and through bottom contacts 1 and 2 of TO relay to ground. This opens heater winding circuit of TO relay.

4.03 KS-20614 Relay Switch (Fig. 27): The relay is operated by station ringing voltage to control a 2-conductor 115V receptacle. The switch reverses function of the relay contacts so that the 115V receptacle can be either normally on or off with reversal occurring during the ringing interval. Provides for control of any alerting device (visual, tactile or audible) that operates on 115V, 60 Hz and draws 5 amperes or less noninductive load.

5. MAINTENANCE

Warning: Before performing any work on equipment connected to commercial power de-energize the power supply circuit. The customer shall arrange for power disconnection

and reconnection on power circuits other than plug and outlet.

Signals, KS-16301

5.01 The KS-16301, List 3 (vibrating bell) has a volume adjustment. On the Wheelock Signal Company-type, the adjustment is a hexagonal nut on the rear of the signal (Fig. 8). The Sperti-Faraday Company-type adjustment is on the back of the bell resonator. The direction of adjustment is stamped near the adjusting nut or screw. Table D shows operating currents.

RAIN HOOD
FURNISHED
WITH LIST 11
AND LIST 19
BACKBOX



B-925986

Fig. 18—KS-16301, List 11 Backbox

5.02 The KS-16301, List 4 (single-stroke bell) uses a cotter key volume adjustment. The signal is shipped with the key inserted through the lowest of the three holes in the sleeve that contains the plunger for maximum volume. To decrease volume, move cotter key to intermediate or top hole in the sleeve (Fig. 9).

5.03 Replace defective signals with complete list number.

Relays, KS-16301, KS-20614

5.04 The Lists 15, 16, and 17 relays should meet the following requirements: (Table E)

- The armature should not chatter when the relay is operated with the specified voltage.

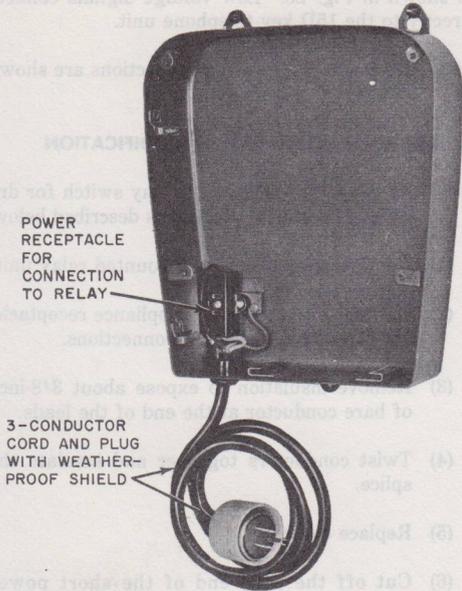


Fig. 19—KS-16301, List 19 Backbox

- The armature should not bind or stick; gauge by feel.
- The armature airgap is adjusted on Wheelock Signal Company relays by moving a lever on the bottom of the relay.
- In Sperti-Faraday Company relay, the armature airgap is adjusted by rotating the armature airgap adjusting screw 1/2 turn to the desired setting.
- Minimum contact pressure is 6 grams, measured with relay operated either electrically or manually; use 70H gauge.
- The contacts should make almost simultaneously; gauge by eye.
- The armature and pole piece should be free of dirt or metal filings. Clean with 1/2-inch relay cleaning strips or equivalent.

5.05 KS-16301, List 15 and KS-20614 relays used as a ringing bridge should not chatter, during dial pulsing, to the extent that contacts make. Check position of HI or LO sensitivity adjustment, ie, HI for long loop or LO for dial area. If relay

◆ TABLE D ◆

SIGNALS, KS-16301

OPERATING CURRENT REQUIREMENTS

SIGNAL	LIST NO.	OPERATING CURRENT IN AMPERES		
		MFD BY SPERTI-FARADAY COMPANY	MFD BY WHEELOCK SIGNAL COMPANY	MFD BY EDWARDS COMPANY INC.
Bell	3	0.084	0.113	0.075
	4	0.89	1.22	—
	20	—	0.20	—
Chime	1	1.32	1.22	—
Horn	2	0.125	0.36	0.075
	5	0.68	0.65	0.170
	6	0.55	1.70	0.490

meets all requirements but chatters on dial pulsing, replace in accordance with local instructions.

KS-8229 Signal Chime

5.06 The volume of the KS-8229 signal chime (Fig. 13) may be adjusted by a screw. No other adjustment should be made. Should the plunger stick in its guide, remove plunger and clean with mineral spirits. If this does not correct operation, replace signal device.

6. CONNECTIONS

6.01 Connections for KS-16301 signals and relays are shown in Fig. 20.

6.02 Several signals may be connected as shown in Fig. 21. This has the advantage of only one ringing bridge on the telephone line for several auxiliary signals. The total number of auxiliary signals connected to a power relay set should not exceed the current carrying capacity of the relay contacts. Special commercial power wiring is not needed between relay set and signals.

6.03 The KS-8233, List 2 transformer relay set has been used to connect several signals to one telephone line, as shown in Fig. 22. This may be encountered in some existing installations.

6.04 Connections for signals which do not have a self-contained power relay are shown in Fig. 23. These signals require commercial power wiring between relay set and signal.

6.05 Auxiliary signals may be installed on 4-party full selective or 8-party semiselective lines by connecting a 531C or 687B subscriber set as shown in Fig. 24.

6.06 Connections for noncontinuous low voltage signals such as bells, buzzers, and lamp indicators are shown in Fig. 25.

6.07 Continuous operating signals, either low voltage or power operated, should be connected

as shown in Fig. 26. Low voltage signals connect directly to the 15D key telephone unit.

6.08 KS-20614 relay switch connections are shown in Fig. 27.

7. KS-20614 RELAY SWITCH MODIFICATION

7.01 To modify the KS-20614 relay switch for dry contact operation, proceed as described below.

- (1) Remove cover from wall-mounted relay unit.
- (2) Cut the two leads to the appliance receptacle; cut close to the soldered connections.
- (3) Remove insulation to expose about 3/8-inch of bare conductor at the end of the leads.
- (4) Twist conductors together and insulate the splice.
- (5) Replace cover.
- (6) Cut off the plug end of the short power cord; cut close to the plug.
- (7) Separate the two wires about 2 inches, remove insulation about 1/2-inch, and terminate on a 42A connecting block or equivalent which serves as an interface connecting block.

7.02 The above modification procedure is acceptable when the voltage between the open contacts of the KS-20614 relay switch does not exceed 24 volts, and the current drawn when the contacts close does not exceed 5 amperes.

7.03 For applications where the signaling device is controlled by dry contacts, which eliminates the pilot light feature and the need for a mode switch, economic considerations may dictate the use of Connecting Arrangement GC2 instead of relay switch KS-20614. The relay switch will be required, however, if current through the relay contacts will exceed 0.5 ampere, the maximum rating for the GC2 unit.

TABLE E
 RELAYS, KS-16301
 OPERATING REQUIREMENTS

RELAY	OPERATING VOLTAGE	OPERATING CURRENT AT MAX VOLTAGE	DC RESISTANCE OF RELAY COIL	IMPEDANCE OF RELAY COIL	RELAY CONTACT-CARRYING CAPACITY
LIST NO.		AMPERES	OHMS	OHMS	AMPERES
15	18 to 48 volts dc	0.011	4500	—	5
	30 to 48 volts 60 Hz ac	0.025	1000	1920	
	39 to 90 volts 20 Hz ac (ringing voltage)	0.012	4500	7550*	
16	9 to 48 volts 60 Hz ac	0.404	26.3	118	
17	12 to 78 volts dc	0.069	1130	—	

* Includes 0.45-mf series capacitor.

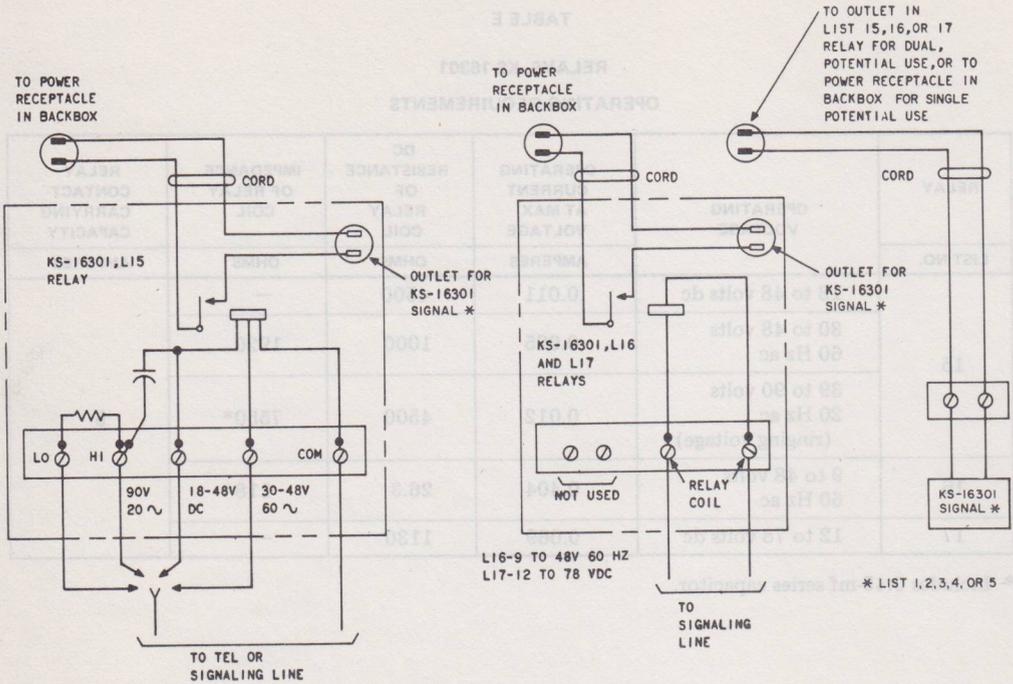


Fig. 20—KS-16301 Signal and Relay

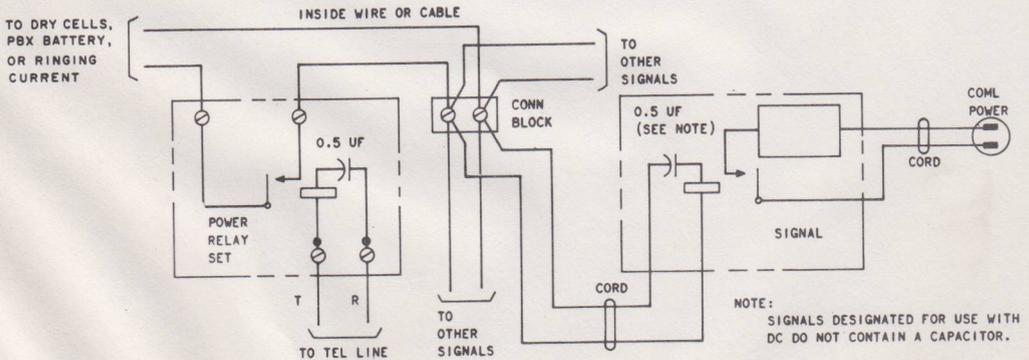


Fig. 21—Multiple Signal

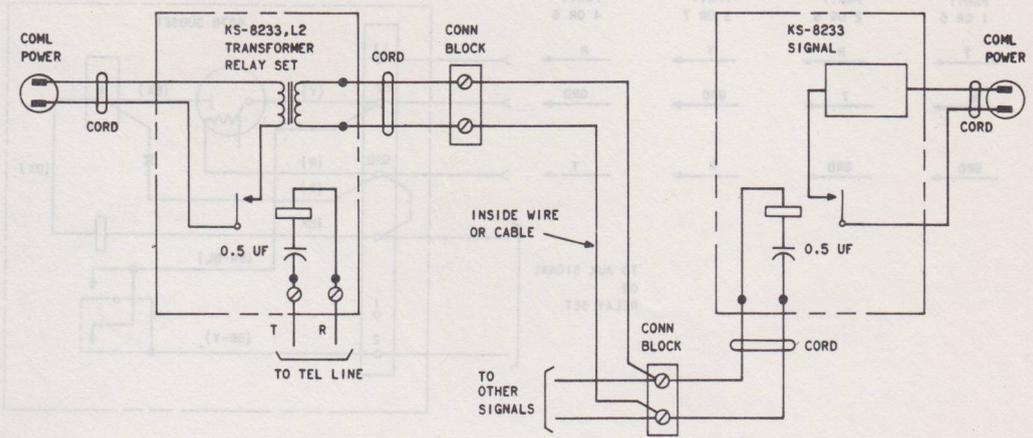
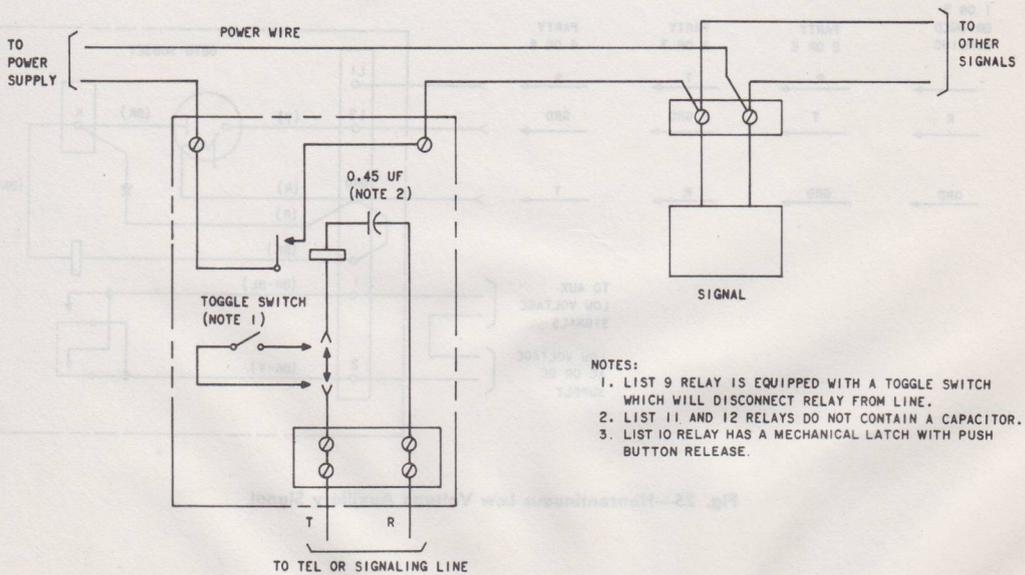


Fig. 22—KS-8233, List 2 Transformer Relay Set



- NOTES:
1. LIST 9 RELAY IS EQUIPPED WITH A TOGGLE SWITCH WHICH WILL DISCONNECT RELAY FROM LINE.
 2. LIST 11 AND 12 RELAYS DO NOT CONTAIN A CAPACITOR.
 3. LIST 10 RELAY HAS A MECHANICAL LATCH WITH PUSH BUTTON RELEASE.

Fig. 23—KS-16626 Power Relay Set

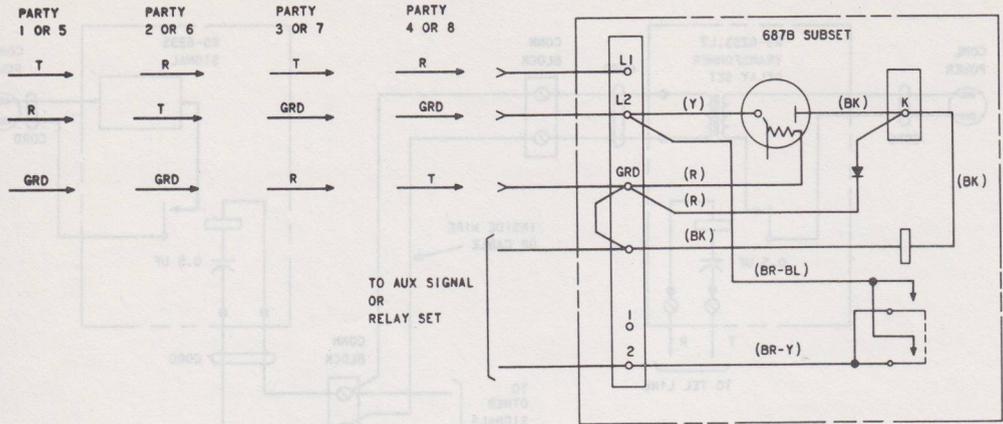


Fig. 24—Auxiliary Signals on Party Line

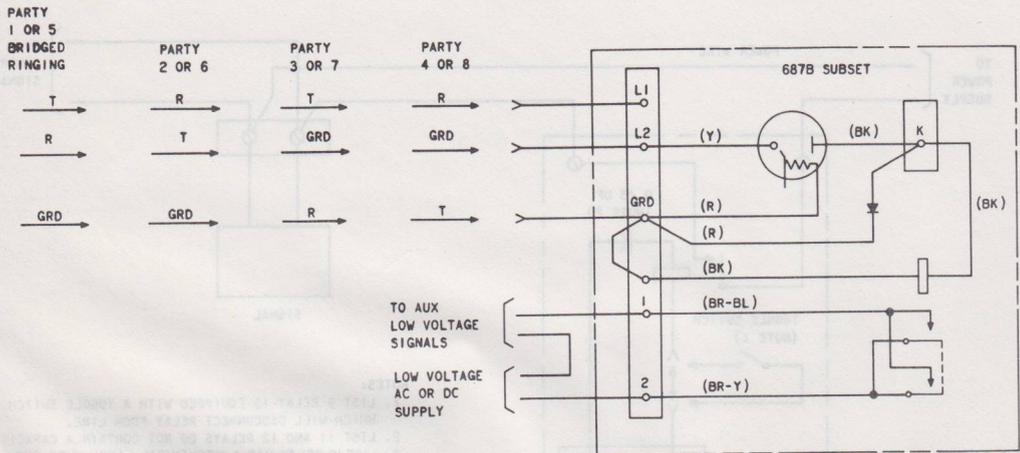


Fig. 25—Noncontinuous Low Voltage Auxiliary Signal

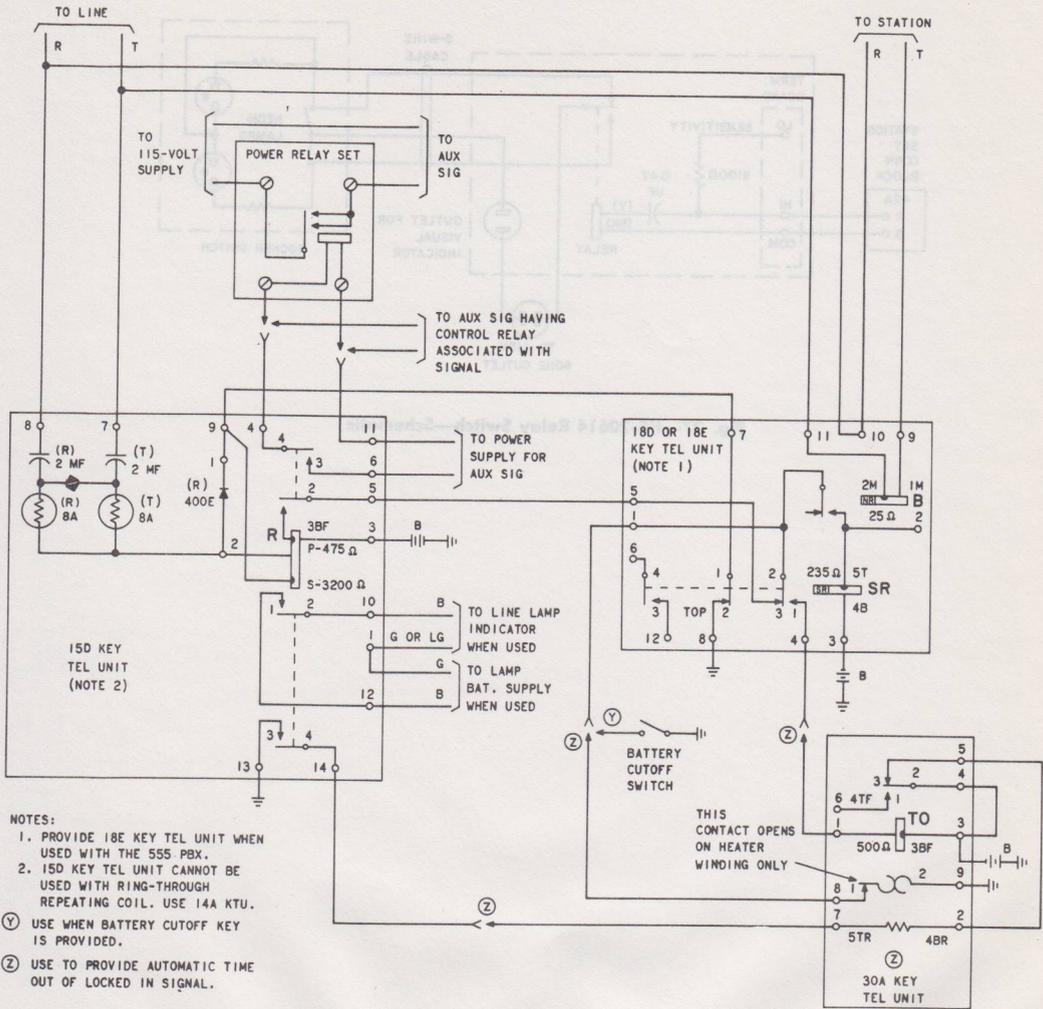


Fig. 26—Connections and Circuit Operation for Continuous Auxiliary Signals

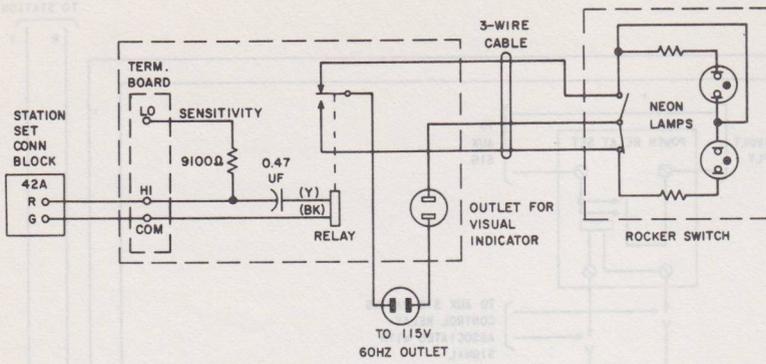


Fig. 27—KS-20614 Relay Switch—Schematic