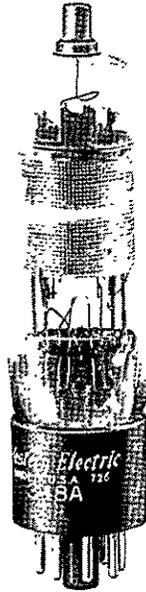


ELECTRON TUBE DATA SHEET WESTERN ELECTRIC 348A ELECTRON TUBE



DESCRIPTION

The 348A is an indirectly heated cathode type pentode having a separate suppressor grid connection. It is intended for use in audio, carrier and radio-frequency voltage amplifiers, oscillators or modulators. It has special design features to minimize microphonic noise and hum. This tube, except for having a different base, top cap, heater voltage and current rating, is identical to the 310B.

CHARACTERISTICS

| | |
|----------------------------|------------------|
| Heater Voltage | 6.3 volts |
| Plate Current | 5.5 milliamperes |
| Transconductance | 1820 micromhos |

$\left(\begin{array}{l} E_b = 180 \text{ volts; } E_{c2} = 135 \text{ volts;} \\ E_{c1} = -3 \text{ volts; } E_{c3} = 0 \end{array} \right)$

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICSELECTRICAL DATA

| | | |
|---|-------------------------------|---|
| Heater Voltage | | 6.3 volts |
| Heater Current | | 0.50 ampere |
| Direct Interelectrode Capacitances | without external shield | with external shield (RETMA #311) |
| Grid to Plate (maximum) | 0.016 | *0.010 μf |
| Input: g1 to (h+k+g2+g3+i.s.) | 6.0 | *7.0 μf |
| Output: p to (h+k+g2+g3+i.s.) | 13 | *13 μf |

MECHANICAL DATA

| | |
|---|---------------------|
| Cathode | Coated unipotential |
| Bulb | ST12 |
| Base | Small, 7-pin octal |
| Mounting Position | Any |
| Dimensions and pin connections shown in outline drawing on page 5 | |

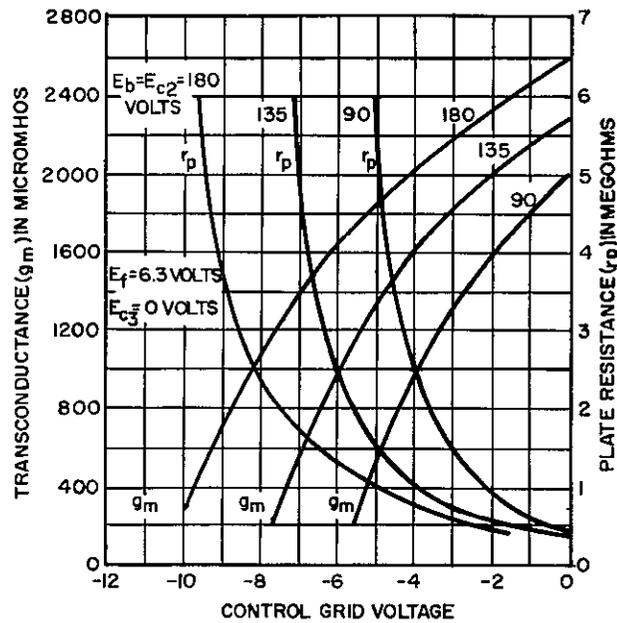
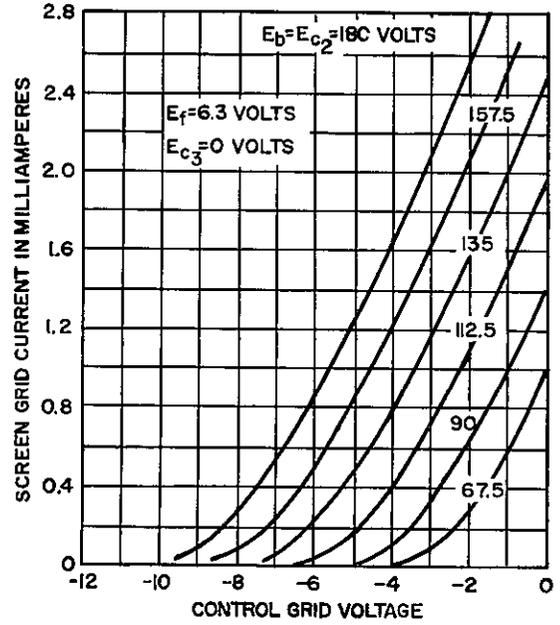
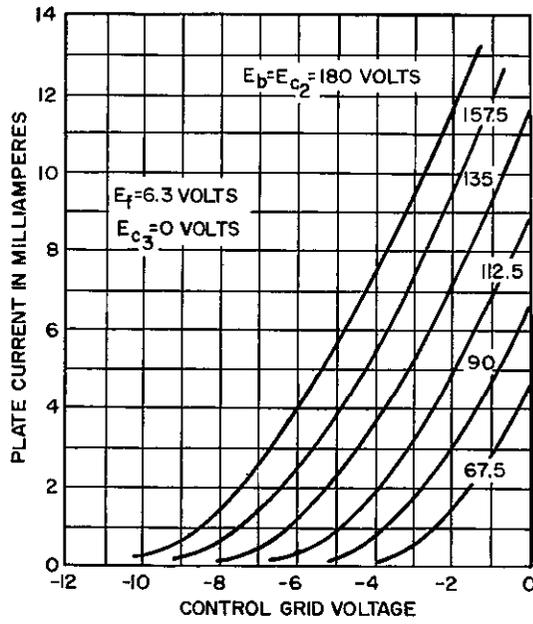
MAXIMUM RATINGS, Design-Center Values

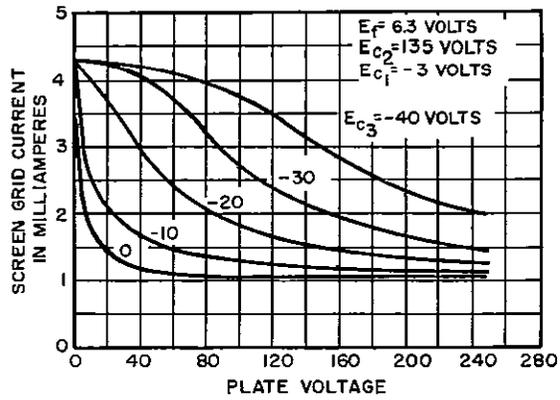
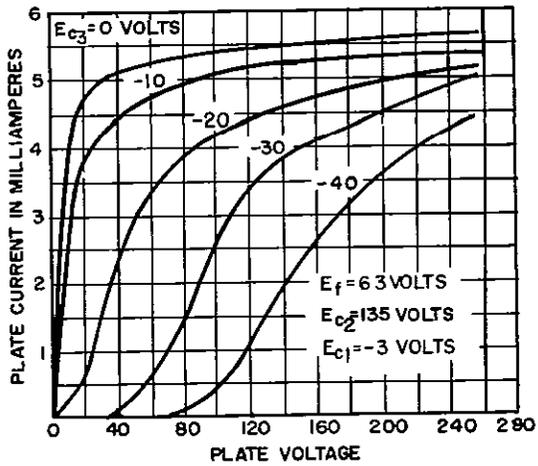
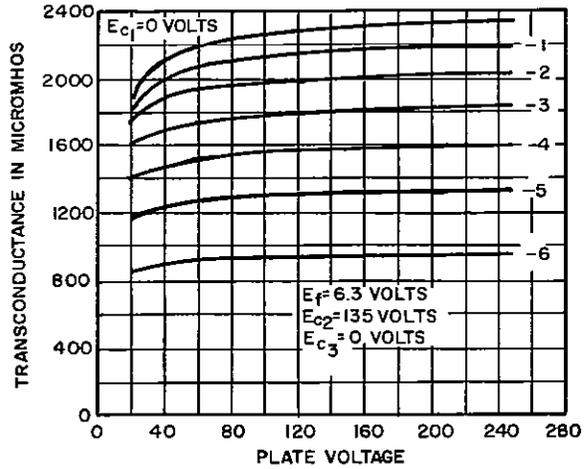
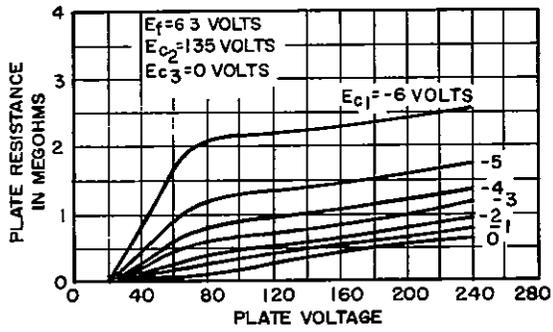
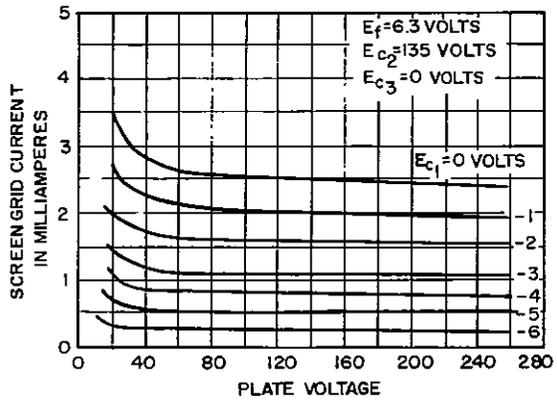
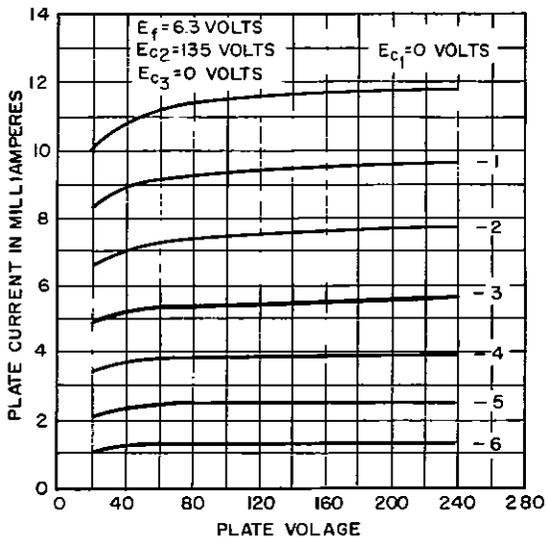
| | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|
| Plate Voltage | 250 volts |
| Screen Grid Voltage | 180 volts |
| Plate Dissipation | 2.0 watts |
| Screen Grid Dissipation | 0.4 watt |
| Cathode Current | 10 milliamperes |
| Heater-Cathode Voltage | 30 volts |

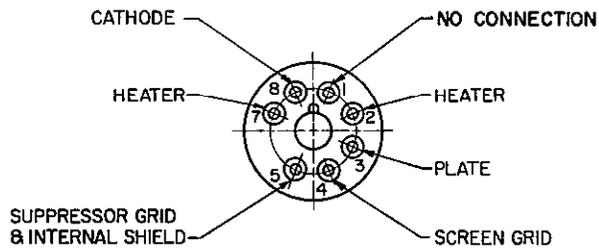
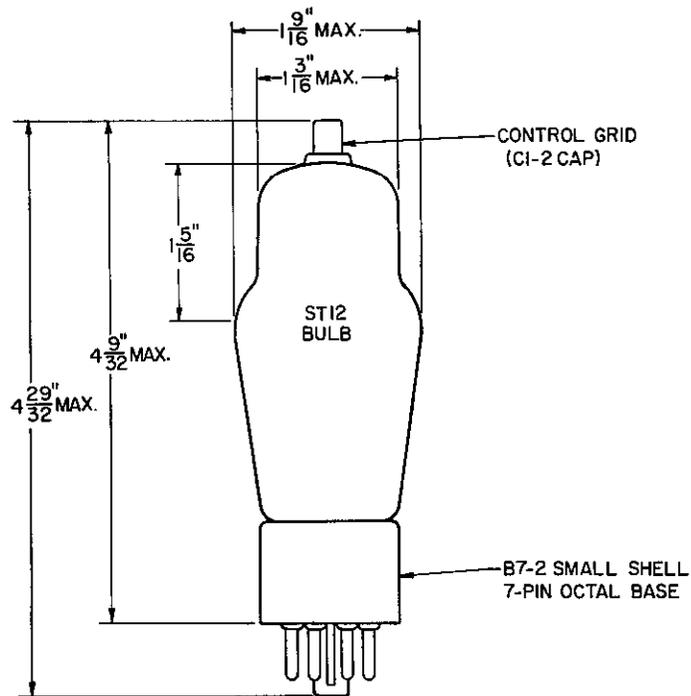
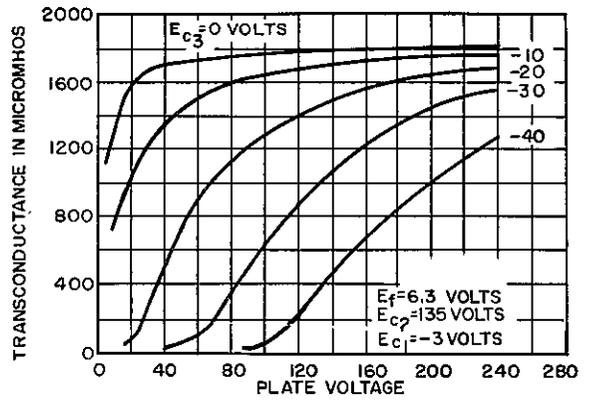
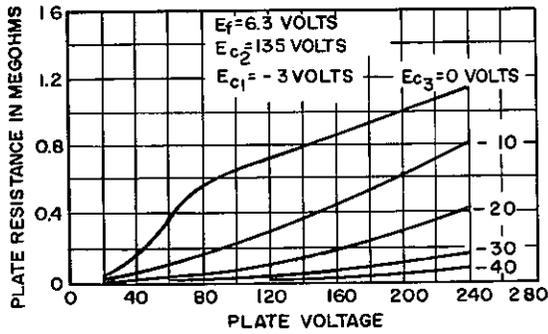
TYPICAL OPERATING CONDITIONS AND CHARACTERISTICS

| | | | |
|--|-------|--------|-------------------|
| Plate | 135 | 180 | 250 volts |
| Screen Grid Voltage | 135 | 135 | 135 volts |
| Control Grid Voltage | -3 | -3 | -3 volts |
| Suppressor Grid Voltage | 0 | 0 | 0 volts |
| Plate Current | 5.40 | 5.50 | 5.60 milliamperes |
| Screen Grid Current | 1.20 | 1.18 | 1.17 milliamperes |
| Peak A-F Signal Voltage | 3.00 | 1.50 | 2.10 volts |
| Plate Resistance | 0.75 | 0.90 | 1.15 megohms |
| Transconductance | 1800 | 1820 | 1840 micromhos |
| Load Resistance | 20000 | 100000 | 100000 ohms |
| Power Output | 250 | 150 | 310 milliwatts |
| Total Harmonic Distortion | 8.5 | 6 | 6 per cent |
| Control Grid Voltage, Approximate, for Plate Current of 10 Microamperes | -9.5 | -9.5 | -9.5 volts |

*With external shield (RETMA #311) connected to cathode pin.







Western Electric

A development of Bell Telephone Laboratories, the research laboratories of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company and the Western Electric Company