

SWITCHING SYSTEMS MANAGEMENT
NO. 1 ELECTRONIC SWITCHING SYSTEM
DATA ADMINISTRATION
HOURLY MEASUREMENTS

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1. GENERAL

1.01 The network administrator is responsible for scheduling and collecting hourly traffic data. This section describes the hourly schedules and the methods used to assign and gather traffic data associated with the hourly (H and C) schedules. It will also familiarize the network administrator with the kinds of hourly measurements available.

1.02 When this section is reissued, the reason for reissue will be listed in this paragraph.

1.03 The title for each figure includes a number(s) in parentheses which identifies the paragraph(s) in which the figure is referenced.

1.04 *The No. 1 Electronic Switching System (ESS) Translation Guide (TG-1A) must be referred to for the most current information on traffic measurements. The TG-1A must be used for all ESS translation form preparation including traffic measurement*

translations. TG-1A, Division 3, Section 4A provides up-to-date information for the latest generic programs. Reference to the TG-1A is required for:

- (1) Description of each hourly measurement
- (2) ESS 1400 Form preparation
- (3) ESS 1402 Form preparation.

1.05 For additional information on traffic counts, traffic counters and methods to store, schedule and printout data, refer to Dial Facilities Management Practices (DFMPs) Division H, Section 6i(1), Data Administration—General.

1.06 Input messages for the teletypewriter (TTY) channel are provided in figures at the end of this section as examples only. ***Input Message Manual IM-1A001 must be referred to for the most current information on input messages.***

1.07 Blank forms have been attached to the back of this section. They may be used as masters for reproduction purposes. These forms include:

- (1) H and C schedule change list activation form
- (2) Traffic register call-store word determination worksheet.

2. DESCRIPTION

H AND C SCHEDULES—GENERAL

2.01 The H and C schedules are two separate and distinct lists in the translations area of program store. Each list consists of selected traffic measurements that are assigned in translations by the network administrator using the traffic register assignment record (ESS Form 1400). The H schedule is normally used for the collection of selected measurements during the office and component busy hours. The C schedule is normally used for collecting other selected traffic measurements over longer periods and for more intervals such as the busy period for all trunking.

2.02 Measurements assigned to the H or C schedule are identified by two translation fields. They are the type measurement code field and the equipment group or office count number field.

- Type measurement codes indicates the classification of the measurement such as office counts, peg counts, usage counts, etc.
- Equipment group or office count numbers define a specific group or count within the classification. An equipment group number may identify a specific trunk group associated with a traffic count. An office count number may identify a specific office total such as originating calls.

2.03 A unique block of call store words is designated for the H schedule and another block of words for the C schedule. Every item on either schedule is associated with at least one and possible two call store words. These words are used for holding and accumulating traffic data.

2.04 The traffic registers or counters in No. 1 ESS are divided into two categories, *standard* for the items that are common to all control groups, and *variable* for the items that are unique to a given machine.

- Standard measurements are the office count types. One set is provided for each No. 1 ESS control group.
- Variable measurements are identified by the equipment group number. One or more measurements are required for each office according to the office size. For example, one set of variable measurements is required for each service circuit.
- Variable usage measurements are associated with two words in call store. All other variable measurements and all fixed measurements are associated with one word in call store. With CTX-7 and later generic programs, all traffic measurements are associated with two words in call store to permit greater flexibility of assignment.

Figure 1 lists the traffic assignments for H and C schedules available with CTX-8, Issue 4 generic program. For more current information, refer to the TG-1A.

2.05 The H and C schedule traffic data may be printed on hard copy or punched on paper tape via the network administration TTY. It may

also be transmitted via data link to a central processing unit, for example, Engineering and Administrative Data Acquisition System (EADAS).

2.06 The Program for Administrative Traffic Reports On Line (PATROL) is provided for final H schedule processing for engineering and administration reports. Procedures for the management of PATROL may be found in DFMP, Division H, Section 6i(8), PATROL.

H SCHEDULE

2.07 The H schedule is normally used for collecting counts on items required for day to day administration of the central office equipment and for the engineering of general growth jobs. They include such items as:

- Office totals
- Call processing registers
- Service circuits and miscellaneous trunks
- Intraoffice trunks
- Junctors
- Networks.

2.08 The measurements that should be assigned for these groups are:

- Office totals—Usage, peg count, overflow and delay
- Call processing registers—Usage, peg count, and overflow
- Service circuits and miscellaneous trunks—Usage, peg count, overflow, and maintenance usage
- Intraoffice trunks—Usage, peg count, overflow, and maintenance usage
- Junctors—Usage
- Networks—Peg count and overflow.

2.09 One of two scan rates may be selected for traffic usage on service circuits and trunk

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groups. The rates are regular scan (100 seconds) and fast scan (10 seconds).

2.10 Regular scan is recommended for items whose holding time relates to customer conversation length such as the 3-port conference trunks. The resulting traffic data is equivalent to CCS. The usage is equal to traffic usage plus maintenance usage.

2.11 Fast scan is used for items that have short holding times to provide a more accurate usage measurement. Fast scan indicates a 10-second scan measurement and must be divided by 10 to derive the equivalent CCS. ***Fast scan usage does not include maintenance usage. Items assigned to fast scan must be assigned to the first 128 registers of the H schedule, number 0000 through 0127.***

2.12 When column 33 of ESS 1400 Form is checked, it indicates a fast scan bit activated in memory. Check it for measurement code 000 ***only.***

2.13 The following items that have characteristically short holding times should be assigned to fast scan.

- Transmitters
- Receivers
- Ringing Circuits
- Tone Trunks
- Announcement Trunks
- Coin Control Circuits
- Coin Zone Groups.

2.14 Certain call processing registers are programmed for fast scan usage in the ***generic program.*** Table A lists the items and office counts which are fast scanned by the generic program. ***These office counts must not be marked as fast scan in translations.*** The fast scan column 33 on ESS 1400 Form must be left blank. A check in key punch (KP) column 33 will cause errors in traffic measurements.

2.15 Traffic registers assigned to call processing registers ***do not*** have to be assigned to the first 128 registers on the H schedule, they may be assigned to any register number.

2.16 Refer to Fig. 2 for typical fast scan entries on the ESS 1400 Form, schedule H.

2.17 Data for items assigned to fast scan are measured in 10 second intervals. Regardless as to whether the data is marked fast scan in translation or designated fast scan by the generic program, the user must divide the data by 10 to obtain the true CCS.

2.18 The H schedule has three collect, three print, and three tape perforate routines to provide maximum flexibility in scheduling. Refer to Fig. 3 for typical H schedule entries on the Traffic Measurement Schedule, ESS 1402 Form.

- Routine 02 and 13 collect and print a morning component busy hour (10:00 to 11:00 am)
- Routine 03 and 14 collect and print an afternoon component busy hour (3:30 to 4:30 pm)
- Routine 03 and 20 collect, print, and cut a paper tape for the office busy hour (7:30 to 8:30 am). This hour may also be the busy hour for many of the components. The paper tape is used for direct input to PATROL.

C SCHEDULE

2.19 The C (continuous) schedule is normally used for continuous hourly measurements. An example is gathering trunk traffic data from 9 am to 9 pm.

2.20 Data collection on the C schedule involves an hourly or half-hourly count for a continuous period of time. Consequently, only one collect and print routine is provided. Refer to Fig. 3 for typical C schedule entries on the traffic measurement schedule.

- Routine 05 and 16 collect and print continuous busy hour data from 9 am to 9 pm.

2.21 The C schedule is normally used to collect data on trunk groups. They include such items as:

- Outgoing Trunk
- Toll and Operator Trunks
- Centrex - Trunks
- Multiline Hunt Groups
- Simulated Facilities (Simulated Trunks).

A SCHEDULE (DA15)

2.22 The A schedule, available with CTX-7 and later generics, is a selected quarter-hour schedule made up of items, that **must be included** in either the H or C schedule. It provides traffic data at 15 minute intervals without destroying the validity of the hourly data.

2.23 The size of this group is determined by the set card SQHTC and has a maximum size of 50 items (00 through 49). Assignment is made to the A schedule using ESS 1400 Form.

2.24 The DA15 schedule should include items which may require more frequent surveillance such as:

- (a) Overflows on customer digit receivers, transmitters, receivers and coin controls
- (b) Overflows on final trunk groups
- (c) Call processing register usage such as automatic message accounting (AMA) registers and trunk to trunk memory
- (d) Any overloaded junctor group
- (e) Peg counts on regular or common overflow tone.

2.25 For additional information on the A schedule or DA15, refer to DFMP, Division H, Section 6i(5), Data Administration—Quarter-Hour Measurements.

FIVE-MINUTE COLLECT

2.26 With CTX-8 and later generics, a 5-minute collect feature has been provided. The maximum number of counts that may be assigned as 5 minute collect items is 593. This feature is intended primarily for C schedule use in conjunction with network management and thus would not affect most H schedule items.

2.27 Enter a check mark for all items on the C and/or H schedules, (KP column 34) that are to be accumulated on a 5-minute basis and transmitted to EADAS facilities. The STOP entry also requires a check mark in KP column 34.

2.28 The 5-minute collect feature is not permitted for items assigned to the DA15 report. Therefore, KP column 34 must be left blank for all items assigned to the A schedule.

3. ASSIGNMENT PLANNING

REGISTER BLOCKS AND CALL STORE WORDS

3.01 The H and C schedules are two separate lists in the translation area of the program store through which two separate lists of traffic counters are assigned in call store. They consist of traffic items whose counts are to be collected according to two different time schedules. Quantities of available words are obtained from the network design order. This quantity should be verified with the parameter data assembler (PDA) printout.

3.02 The quantity of H or C list number of blocks (128 registers per block) is defined on the ESS 1500A Form, items 22 and 23.

- The quantity stated here must be large enough to provide a sufficient quantity of traffic registers for present needs and future growth.
- Once the translation is built, the amount stated in this table cannot be exceeded until the quantity is increased in the next major translation change.

3.03 The quantity of call store words are assigned to each schedule by parameter set cards. The word requirement is calculated by the engineer on the call store worksheets. Registers require one or two call store words in CTX-6 and lower

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generics. All registers require two words in CTX-7 and higher generics.

3.04 Usually a minimum of 10 percent spare is provided to allow for unforeseen requirements during the design period.

3.05 The parameter set cards HSL and CSL determines the quantity of H and C call store words on their respective schedules. The network design engineer requests this quantity on the parameter run. Close coordination between the engineer and network administrator is necessary to assure that the right quantity of words is provided for the H and C schedule.

3.06 If any changes in word quantities are required, action must be taken prior to submitting final translations to the Western Electric Company in new offices, or in the case of a working office, prior to inserting recent change messages.

3.07 Failure to meet the criterion described above can result in invalid traffic data or a more serious call store service reaction (overlapping of traffic counters into another call store area).

3.08 In no case shall the number of registers assigned require more words than the available number of call store words specified for each of the H and C schedules.

Note: The total call store words provided in the network design order for H and C schedule measurements cannot be exceeded.

3.09 The network administrator is responsible for the review of the network design orders upon receipt. This should be done in order to detect shortages of call store words for traffic registers in sufficient time to have engineering changes made. Refer to Fig. 4 for information and work sheet to assist with this traffic register call store word determination.

PLANNING FOR ESS 1400 FORM ASSIGNMENTS

3.10 Before entries are made on the ESS 1400 Form, the following considerations and determinations should be made.

3.11 Spare or reserved registers should represent at least 10 percent of the total H and C

schedule registers in order to provide for flexibility and growth.

3.12 All DA15 items **must** appear on either the H or C schedule and cannot exceed the maximum of 50.

3.13 Registers are provided in blocks of 128 in both the H and C schedules. It may be desirable to take advantage of the full 128 registers in the block. This can be achieved by assigning the spare registers as reserved. The disadvantage is the use of call store words if they are in short supply.

3.14 Use ESS 1400 Form or 1401 Form as a work sheet to plan the order of assignment. For sample entries, refer to Fig. 2, 5, and 6. Keep in mind future requirements during life of job. Also, consider network administration TTY print-out time by assigning spare registers beyond the STOP code with CTX-7 and later generics.

3.15 Determine the 5-minute collect items (EADAS) required on the H and C schedules. The DA15 schedule does not permit the 5-minute collect items.

3.16 Determine the measurements required and to which schedule they should be assigned. Some considerations are listed below:

- Items can appear on either H or C schedule, never both.
- All fast scan items except measurement code 005 must be assigned to the first 128 registers on the H schedule.
- C or H schedule counts may serve as input data to other data summary systems such as PATROL. This mechanized processing will require a determination of schedule selection and schedule layout.
- Transmitter [multifrequency (MF), dial pulse (DP), revertive pulse (RV), panel call indicator (PCI), if provided] peg count (measurement code 001), and overflow (measurement code 002) must be assigned to the H or C schedule in order to accumulate the plant measurements. These measurements are normally assigned anyhow, so this should not present a problem. For recommendations and restrictions of

other daily assignments to the H or C schedule, refer to DFMP, Division H, Section 6i(4), Data Administration—Daily Measurements.

ESS 1401 FORM PREPARATION

3.17 The ESS 1401 Form, Traffic Register Layout Record, was designed as a tool for planning traffic register assignments to the H and C schedules. It was organized in the same row arrangement as the printout and may make the planning job easier. However, the ESS 1400 Form must be prepared for translation and administration purposes. If it is also satisfactory for planning, it will eliminate the need for preparing the ESS 1401 Form.

3.18 The ESS 1401 Form is designed so that each traffic register has a rectangular space in which the pertinent details of the measured item may be included. There are spaces for 100 register assignments per page.

3.19 The format of the ESS 1401 Form is such that the sequence of assignments will be the same as those printed on the network administration TTY data printouts for the H and C schedules. The vertical row number identifies the tens digit of the register number, and the horizontal number represents the units digit of the register number.

3.20 The lower portion of each register space is divided into two segments to include the measurement code and the equipment group or office count number.

3.21 *List Numbers:* Enter the range of 100 register numbers per page, ie, 0000 to 0099, 0100 to 0199, 0200 to 0299, etc.

3.22 *Schedule and Page:* Enter the H or C for the schedule to which the ESS 1401 Form is assigned, and the page number.

3.23 Figure 6 is a sample of typical entries that may be made on the ESS 1401 Form.

4. HOURLY MEASUREMENT ASSIGNMENTS

ESS 1400 FORM ENTRIES

4.01 The ESS 1400 Form is used as an administrative record. However, it is initially used as a

document to compile translation information for the hourly (H), continuous (C) and beginning with the CTX-7 program, the selected quarter-hourly (DA15) schedules. For ESS 1400 sample entries, refer to Fig. 2 and 5.

4.02 For information relating to entries common to all ESS forms (KP columns 3 through 11), refer to TG-1A, Division 1, Section 2.

4.03 *Schedule (KP Column 19):* Enter an H, C, or A to indicate hourly, continuous or selector quarter-hourly DA15.

4.04 *List Number First and Second Digits (KP Columns 20 and 21):* Traffic registers are assigned 4-digit numbers beginning with 0000 and numbered in numerical sequence for each schedule. The number of registers that may be assigned to each schedule is determined by both of the following conditions.

4.05 *Tens and Units (KP Columns 22 and 23):* The tens and units digit of the register numbers are preprinted. There are 100 registers per page of ESS 1400 Form.

4.06 *Type Measurement Code (KP Columns 24 Through 26):* The measurement code describes the type of measurement that is being made. It consists of a 3-digit code related to the traffic item listed in Fig. 7. A measurement code must be assigned to every register including those reserved for future use.

4.07 *Equipment Group or Office Count Number (KP Columns 27 through 32):* These six columns are used to identify the office count number, the junctor group identifier, the trunk group number (TGN) of a trunk group or service circuit group, the simulated facilities group number (SFGN) of a simulated facilities group, the centrex group number (CTXN) and console group number (CGN) of centrex group counts, the multiline hunt group number, or the number identifying the network being measured.

- Figure 1 identifies the measurement codes and associated equipment group and office count number.

- A description of each measurement listed in office count order may be found in TG-1A, Division 3, Section 4A.

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- Recommendations and restrictions of daily counts that may be assigned to the H or C schedule may be found in DFMP, Division H, Section 6i(4).

4.08 *Fast Scan (KP Column 33):* Enter a check mark for all items that require fast scan treatment. Refer to the fast scan description in Part 2.

4.09 *Five-Minute Collect (KP Column 34):* Refer to the 5-minute collect description in Part 2.

4.10 *Two-Word Item:* This column has been included as an administrative item to account for call store words.

- With CTX-6 and lower generics, the following measurement codes are 2-word items: 000, 006, 007, 008, 010, 018, 024, 027, and 050. All other measurement codes are one-word items.
- With CTX-7 and higher generics, the 2-word column is not required because all measurements are 2-word items.

TRANSLATION UPDATE

4.11 Prior to cutover, the initial translation ESS 1400 Form is included in the complete translation package sent to Western Electric Company for processing. The procedures for preparing this form are fully covered in the TG-1A.

4.12 After the processing is finalized and in working offices, all ESS 1400 Form updates and associated translation changes must be done onsite via recent change messages. Close coordination between network maintenance and network administration is required.

4.13 Listed below are examples of types of changes requiring updates to the ESS 1400 Form.

- Equipment additions
- Generic or parameter updates
Example: New feature measurements
- Centrex cutovers

- Trunk group additions or deletions.

4.14 The ESS 1400 Form may be used as an update document. To do so, forward a copy with the changes noted, to network maintenance for inclusion in recent change and subsequent card write.

VERIFICATION OF HOURLY MEASUREMENT TRANSLATIONS

4.15 The translations for the H and C schedules must be verified to ensure that the traffic measurements are correct in program store. Failure to do this will jeopardize the validity of the traffic data. It is recommended that the verifications be performed as follows:

(1) Verify all the H and C schedule measurements with the ESS translation prior to the initial cutover of an office and prior to the start of each busy season thereafter. Resolve any discrepancy. This will provide a 100 percent translation verification each year.

(2) Verify any H or C schedule individual measurement updates made throughout the year. Resolve any discrepancy. This will ensure that the translations remain correct throughout the year.

4.16 Two verification methods are described below for CTX-7 or lower generic programs.

(1) Request network maintenance to T-READ the specific H or C block data affected. This method requires an interpretation of the resultant octal printout. For additional information, refer to the Output Message Manual OM-1A001 and translations output configuration PA-591003, for No. 1 ESS and OM-6A001, PA-6A002 for No. 1A ESS.

(2) By use of the VFY-PSWD-28 message at the network administration TTY. This message is used to request the system to verify a program store address. When using this message, the network administrator must know the octal address of the register assignment to be read. This method is slow when there are many assignments to be checked. This method also requires an interpretation of the resultant octal printout. For additional information, use references in the previous paragraph.

4.17 With CTX-8 and later generic programs an improved verification procedure has been implemented. This method enables verification of traffic register assignments via the TRF-VFY-TTY input message to list (LIST) a range of registers, search (SCH) for a unique assignment, or abort (ABRT) the previous request.

- LIST request will produce a TC17 reply message.
- SRCH request will produce a TC18 reply message.
- ABRT message will respond OK.
- Examples of these messages are shown in Fig. 8. For additional details, refer to Input Manual, IM-1A001 and Output Manual, OM-1A001 for No. 1 ESS and IM-6A001, OM-6A001 for No. 1A ESS.
- The data printout will closely resemble the ESS 1400 Form. It should be noted, however, that verification of **STOP** is designated as TMC 127 on the input and output messages.
- It is recommended that these TTY messages be performed via the network administration channel.

VALIDATION TESTS OF TRAFFIC DATA

4.18 Validation of traffic measurements is required in the No. 1 ESS as in other types of switching systems. The network administrator is specifically responsible for data validation prior to providing the data to a user. The following paragraphs contain validation tests that may be applied to the data.

4.19 The "eye ball" approach is one method which may be employed in validating data to determine if measurements (peg counts, overflow, and usage) for given components are reasonable.

4.20 Using expected upper and lower range checks is also effective. With this method the ranges of peg count or usage, taken from previous data studies, are compared to the range limits of collected data. The data is satisfactory if it falls within this range.

4.21 Applying range checks to holding times (usage divided by peg count equals holding time). An error in a usage count or a peg count will usually result in the computation of an unreasonable holding time. Erroneous measurements can often be detected by comparing measured usage or peg count to those estimated in the network design order. The network administrator may wish to consult with the network design engineer to determine a reasonable holding time for the office. Reasonable ranges for working offices may also be determined by using the rules and formulas for standard deviation. Such equipment components as customer digit receivers, transmitters, interoffice receivers, etc, as well as trunk groups are validated in this manner.

4.22 For service circuit and call processing register usage, the usage must be less than 36 times the number of circuits installed.

4.23 Under normal conditions, the dial tone speed tests should equal 900 for a given hour. Exception: The tests may be less than 900 if a large portion of lines are unassigned.

4.24 For any given circuit, the overflow count should not exceed the peg count.

4.25 When a cycle count register is provided on a schedule, it should record 36 in a given hour.

4.26 Holding times for each of the **audible** ringing phases should be approximately equal.

4.27 Holding times for each of the **regular** ringing phases should be approximately equal.

4.28 Trunk or service circuit group usage counts can at times be deflated or inflated by a system trouble. Such a condition could go undetected for a long period of time due to the manner in which usage counts are collected. Up-down counters are used to reflect the actual number of busy "servers" in a specific group. When the results of each periodic scan of an up-down counter are added for one hour, "CCSs" or "CCSs times ten" are obtained. It sometimes happens that an up-down counter is incremented (say once) in error thus reflecting the actual number of busies plus one. Each periodic scan will reflect one CCS (assuming regular scan) or 36 CCS for an hour in addition to

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the actual usage. Such an error is usually recurring and can possibly result in occupancies greater than 36 CCS per trunk. A printout of the hourly schedules during the lowest traffic period (Example: 3 am) may be used in detecting inflated counters.

- (1) An input message is available from the maintenance TTY that will set the up-down counter of a specific trunk group or service circuit group to zero, should a usage count look unreasonably high. The input message to be used is TC-ZTKU-aaa. Subsequent usage count for that trunk group will be deflated until an all trunks idle condition normalizes the counts. (This does not zero the maintenance usage register.)

Note: Trunk and service circuit group data may be understated for a period of time if all circuits are not idle when the counters are zeroed. This condition will prevail on a group until an all idle condition is experienced.

- (2) Another message TC-ZERO (from the maintenance TTY) will set **all** trunk and service circuit group up-down counters to zero. This message should be used prior to cutover and can be used after cutover during periods of very light traffic. **TC-ZERO should never be used during heavy traffic periods as it will cause traffic processing to stop momentarily.**

4.29 Comparisons of related measurements may be helpful in identifying traffic data problems. Refer to Table B for some examples.

4.30 PATROL contains most of the checks mentioned here and many others. Refer to the PATROL user's lessons for more information on data validation tests.

4.31 Recurring discrepancies which cannot be related to a translation error and are thought to be caused by a generic program bug, should be reported as an operational trouble report (OTR) to the Western Electric Company. Failure reports are assigned to cover generic program problems relating to circuits, parameters or translations. After measurement-oriented inquiries have been received, a failure report number is assigned if appropriate. The TG-1A carries **only those failure reports relating to traffic**

measurements and is not intended to replace the total profile listing. Each new generic program or point issue reflects the inclusion of particular failure reports, as covered in the generic program documentation supplied with each change. Insofar as possible, TG-1A, Division 3, Section 4, will be kept up-to-date with failure report activity.

5. HOURLY PRINTOUTS

5.01 The H and C block is printed with ten measurements per row. The rows printed will depend on the length of the schedule. Refer to Fig. 9 for an example of an output message format.

5.02 Some method must be used to determine the measurement list number. One method is the use of a guide numbered 0 through 9 to line up with the ten numbers on a row of the H or C block printout. Refer to Fig. 9 for an example of the use of the guide.

6. H AND C SCHEDULE CHANGE LIST

6.01 At times, a usage, overflow, or peg count study may be required on a trunk group or service circuit group that is not assigned to either H or C schedule. Normally, this requires converting a reserved register via recent change message, which does not become effective until the program store is updated. If such a study is urgent, a message is available from the network administration or maintenance TTY that will substitute the TGN to be measured for one presently assigned on the H or C schedule. This message becomes effective at the start of the next H or C collection period.

6.02 The H and C schedule change list activation form is used to record the current status of the substitute list.

6.03 There are eight call store registers available for substituting or deleting on the H schedule, numbered 00 through 07, and eight registers for substituting or deleting on the C schedule, numbered 08 through 15.

6.04 Fast scan (10-second scan) and slow scan (100-second scan) usage items may be interchanged. Trunk groups from the C schedule may be substituted on the H schedule and H schedule to the C schedule with the appropriate messages from the network administration TTY.

6.05 The general form of the message required to accomplish this is:

TC-CHANGE-a,bbb,ccc,dd.

a = Type Measurement, 0 - usage, 1 - peg count, 2 - overflow.

bbb = TGN to be substituted for a TGN in the H or C schedule.

ccc = TGN for which bbb is to be substituted.

dd = Position in substitute list; 00 through 07 for H schedule, 08 through 15 for C schedule.

Example: To substitute TGN 324 peg count on the H schedule for TGN 127 peg count on the C schedule:

TC-CHANGE-1,324,127,08.

To cancel the above substitution:

TC-CHANGE-1,000,000,08.

Typical Substitutions

6.06 For a working TGN that is not assigned on ESS 1400 Form, substitute on the C schedule a working TGN, peg count (PC), overflow and usage. Substitute TGN 012 for 123.

• **Activate:**

Usage: TC-CHANGE-0,012,123,08.

PC: TC-CHANGE-1,012,123,09.

Overflow: TC-CHANGE-2,012,123,10.

• **Deactivate:**

Usage: TC-CHANGE-0,000,000,08.

PC: TC-CHANGE-0,000,000,09.

Overflow: TC-CHANGE-0,000,000,10.

The deactivate message will cause the original TGN to again be associated with its H or C schedule register as assigned on the ESS 1400 Form.

6.07 Interchange a TGN on the C schedule with a TGN on the H schedule, peg count, overflow, and usage TGN on H schedule 014 TGN on C schedule 132.

• **Activate C Schedule on TGN 132:**

Usage: TC-CHANGE-0,014,132,08.

PC: TC-CHANGE-1,014,132,09.

Overflow: TC-CHANGE-22,014,132,10.

• **Activate H Schedule on TGN 014:**

Usage: TC-CHANGE-0,132,014,00.

PC: TC-CHANGE-1,132,014,01.

Overflow: TC-CHANGE-2,132,014,02.

• **Return H Schedule TGN 014 to Normal:**

Usage: TC-CHANGE-0,000,000,08.

PC: TC-CHANGE-0,00,000,09.

Overflow: TC-CHANGE-0,000,000,10.

• **Return C Schedule TGN 132 to Normal:**

Usage: TC-CHANGE-0,000,000,00.

PC: TC-CHANGE-0,000,000,01.

Overflow: TC-CHANGE-0,000,000,02.

6.08 Change messages should not be activated during a collection period.

6.09 Refer to Fig. 10 for typical entries on the H and C schedule change list activation form.

7. ASSIGNING H AND C SCHEDULES FOR CONTINUOUS STUDY HOURS

7.01 Sometimes it is desirable to schedule the H and/or C schedule for continuous study hours such as total day or partial day collection. Scheduling is assigned on the ESS 1402 Form.

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Note: A scheduling strategy is required to avoid a conflict with other data collections.

7.02 An example of total day collection may be a 24-hour count of a given trunk group for a division of revenue study.

- Refer to Fig. 11. The total day count was arbitrarily assigned to the C schedule. There will be one printout at 2:30 am. It will contain a cumulative count from 2:30 am one day to 2:30 am the next day.

7.03 An example of partial day collection may involve a 9 am to 5 pm study for a business customer.

- Refer to Fig. 11. The partial day count was arbitrarily assigned to the H schedule. There will be one printout at 5 pm. It will contain a cumulative count from 9 am to 5 pm each day.

8. ENGINEERING AND ADMINISTRATIVE DATA ACQUISITION SYSTEM (EADAS) H AND C SCHEDULE ASSIGNMENT CONSIDERATIONS

8.01 EADAS collects traffic data from a number of central offices, transmits exception reports back to the network administration site and prepares magnetic tapes for downstream processing. A practical example of the use of EADAS is the batch processing of PATROL.

8.02 For a more detailed description of PATROL batch data entry, refer to DFMP, Division H, Section 6i(9), TNDS—PATROL.

8.03 When EADAS is used to collect traffic data, there are three basic assignment considerations.

- (1) Decade scale register assignments
- (2) Cycle count register assignment
- (3) Coordination of the ESS traffic map with EADAS for CTX-7 and lower generics.

DECADE SCALE REGISTER ASSIGNMENTS

8.04 The maximum register value handled by EADAS is 65,535. Measurements that may exceed this count should be assigned to registers 126 through 149. EADAS automatically decade

scales (divides by ten) these registers (prior to CTX-8, Issue 3). PATROL will scale up these counts before performing any calculations with the data. Any low count measurements (eg, overflow registers) should be assigned elsewhere to preclude significant scaling errors in these measurements.

CYCLE COUNT REGISTER ASSIGNMENT

8.05 Register 0000 must be established as a cycle count register for *all* No. 1 ESS generics that are processing data through Traffic Data Administration System (TDAS) (H and C schedules). TDAS requires a cycle count register to determine the interval length of the data.

8.06 No. 1 ESS offices that are associated with a non-EADAS need not establish a cycle count register if the following conditions are met.

(a) The data acquisition system can determine the collection interval length and fill in the proper length code in the header information for each H schedule on the magnetic tape.

(b) The data is not sent through TDAS. In this case, PATROL will use the length code in the header information to determine the collection interval length for the data.

8.07 The cycle count register is established as follows:

(a) Establish an incoming trunk group containing one trunk.

(b) Arrange the trunk to be permanently busy. This is done by wiring tip to ring at the terminal strip on the universal trunk frame or at the trunk equipment appearance on the main distributing frame, thereby driving the trunk to the high and wet list.

Note: A trunk make busy condition from the maintenance TTY, placing the trunk on the trunk out-of-service list, is not recommended.

(c) Assign register 0000 as regular scan usage for the trunk group. This is measurement code 000. Do *not* mark it fast scan.

Note: If this register is presently a one-word item, it must be changed to a two-word item first.

(d) It is recommended that the network administrator negotiate appropriate safeguards against inadvertent loss of the cycle count register. (Appropriate trunk record notation and tagging of the short circuit cross connection can reduce the chance of erroneously removing the trunk from the high and wet list.)

(e) Register 0000 of the C block must be similarly arranged as a pseudo cycle count register. This should be done if it is planned to process C blocks in TDAS for input to the downstream trunking programs.

Traffic Register Change From One Word to Two Words

8.08 If register 0000 is presently a one-word register and the office is equipped with CTX-6 or earlier generics, changes to convert register 0000 to two words must be completed first.

8.09 A procedure for interchanging a one-word and a two-word register has been developed and tested by Bell Telephone Laboratories. It is done with a change program store word (CHPSWD) recent change messages. The procedures are as follows:

(a) Assume that register 0000 is presently a one-word register and that it is to be changed to a usage register assigned to incoming trunk group XXX for pseudo cycle count. The traffic measurement presently assigned to register 0000 must be moved to a spare register. If the spare that is selected is a one-word register, then another spare two-word register must be converted to a spare one-word register to keep the total word count unchanged.

(b) Extreme care should be used to determine the program store addresses of traffic registers which are to be changed. The present assignment data should be verified. The change list (ie, substitute trunk group list) should be checked by T-READ to eliminate any substitutions that may have been left in translations and would interfere with the planned register rearrangements.

(c) The new assignment data for each register is then placed in recent change using the CHPSWD message (or RC:PSWD in CTX-6). For offices with CTX-5 and earlier generics, card

writing is necessary for the changed assignments to become effective. In CTX-6 the card writing step is not required. The next scheduled collection will cause the associated traffic register words in call store to be reconfigured into one- and two-word registers in accordance with the revised assignment translations in program store.

(d) It is recommended that the register assignment changes be made outside of the normal busy periods. All data which are accumulated after the last collection preceding the input of the register change messages will be invalid until another collection is made. It is advisable, therefore, to have a collection shortly after the register changes become effective. This may require scheduling an extra collection and then removing it from the traffic map after the collection has occurred. Standard TC-TIME input messages are used for this procedure.

COORDINATION OF TRAFFIC MAP WITH EADAS

8.10 Prior to CTX-8, Issue 3, the data collection interval is always determined by the network map. Any changes in the network map requires advanced notification to EADAS personnel. Close coordination with the EADAS administrator is essential. Any changes to the traffic map without previous EADAS updating will cause data loss.

8.11 For more details, refer to DFMP, Division H, Section 6i(9).

9. ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

| ABBREVIATIONS | TITLE |
|---------------|--|
| AMA | Automatic Message Accounting |
| ANI | Automatic Number Identification |
| CAMA | Centralized Automatic Message Accounting |
| CCS | Hundred Call Second |
| CGN | Console Group Number |
| CHPSWD | Change Program Store Word |
| CTXN | Centrex Group Number |
| DFMP | Dial Facilities Management Practice |

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| | | | |
|---------------|---|-------------|------------------------------------|
| DP | Dial Pulse | PDA | Parameter Data Assembler |
| EADAS | Engineering and Administration Data Acquisition System | POTS | Plain Old Telephone Service |
| ESS | Electronic Switching System | RV | Revertive Pulse |
| KP | Key Punch | SFGN | Simulated Facilities Group Number |
| MF | Multifrequency | TDA | Traffic Data Assembler |
| OTR | Operational Trouble Report | TDAS | Traffic Data Administration System |
| ONI | Operator Number Identification | TGN | Trunk Group Number |
| PATROL | Program for Administrative Traffic Reports On Line | TOS | Trunk Out of Service |
| PC | Peg Count | TTY | Teletypewriter |
| PCI | Panel Call Indicator | UT | Universal Trunk |

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Fig. 1—List of Traffic Measurements for H and C Schedules (CTX-8, Issue 4) (Sheet 1 of 13) (2.04, 4.07)

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| ITEM MEASURED | MEASUREMENT | | EQUIPMENT GROUP OR OFFICE COUNT NUMBER | BASIS FOR PROVISIONS |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|------|--|----------------------------|
| | TYPE | CODE | | |
| 1. NETWORK | | | | |
| LLN Incoming Calls | PC | 011 | LLN # | 1/LLN |
| LLN Incoming Calls | OVFL | 012 | LLN # | 1/LLN |
| TLN Incoming Calls | PC | 013 | TLN # | 1/TLN |
| TLN Incoming Calls | OVFL | 014 | TLN # | 1/TLN |
| 2. OFFICE TOTALS | | | | |
| Originating Calls | PC | 005 | 014 | 1 |
| Incoming Calls | PC | 005 | 015 | 1 |
| Incoming Matching Loss | OVFL | 005 | 016 | 1 |
| DP Dial Tone Speed Tests | PC | 005 | 017 | 1 |
| TT Dial Tone Speed Tests | PC | 005 | 018 | 1 |
| DP Dial Tone Speed Delays | PC | 005 | 019 | 1 |
| TT Dial Tone Speed Delays | PC | 005 | 020 | 1 |
| Partial Dial — Abandon | PC | 005 | 021 | 1 |
| Partial Dial — Timed Out | PC | 005 | 022 | 1 |
| False Starts | PC | 005 | 023 | 1 |
| Line Busy — Incoming | PC | 005 | 028 | 1 |
| Line Busy — Intraoffice | PC | 005 | 029 | 1 |
| Reverting Calls | PC | 005 | 030 | 1 |
| Intraoffice Calls | PC | 005 | 031 | 1 |
| Intraoffice Calls | OVFL | 005 | 032 | 1 |
| Outgoing Calls | OVFL | 005 | 033 | 1 |
| Total Line Link Network “A” Link | USAGE | 005 | 116 | 1 |
| Main Program Cycles — E-to E | PC | 005 | 126 | 1 |
| Line Scan Completion | PC | 005 | 127 | 1 |
| Tandem Call Attempts | PC | 005 | 131 | 1 |
| Tandem Call Attempts | OVFL | 005 | 132 | 1 |
| IDDD Calls | PC | 005 | 146 | 1 |

Fig. 1—List of Traffic Measurements for H and C Schedules (CTX-8, Issue 4) (Sheet 2 of 13) (2.04, 4.07)

| ITEM MEASURED | MEASUREMENT | | EQUIPMENT GROUP OR OFFICE COUNT NUMBER | BASIS FOR PROVISIONS |
|---|-------------|------|--|----------------------------|
| | TYPE | CODE | | |
| Incoming Overload Control Queue | PC | 005 | 148 | 1 |
| Incoming Overload Control Queue | USAGE | 005 | 150 | 1 |
| DID Calls to Unequipped CTXN Translator | PC | 005 | 155 | 1 |
| Originating-Outgoing Calls Failure Due to all Trunks Busy | PC | 005 | 162 | 1 |
| MF Transmitter Timeouts | PC | 005 | 165 | 1 |
| DP Transmitter Timeouts | PC | 005 | 168 | 1 |
| RP Transmitter Timeouts | PC | 005 | 171 | 1 |
| PCI Transmitter Timeouts | PC | 005 | 174 | 1 |
| AQTL Queue Abandons | PC | 005 | 192 | 1 |
| Coin Overtime Operator Routed | PC | 005 | 194 | 1 |
| Tandem First Failure to Match | PC | 005 | 202 | 1 |
| Incoming First Failure to Match | PC | 005 | 205 | 1 |
| Tandem Calls Failure Due to Outgoing Trunk (OGT) Busy | PC | 005 | 208 | 1 |
| MF Receiver Attachment Delay Recorder (RADR) Tests | PC | 005 | 217 | 1 |
| MF Receiver Attachment Delay Recorder (RADR) Delays | PC | 005 | 220 | 1 |
| DP Receiver Attachment Delay Recorder (RADR) Tests | PC | 005 | 223 | 1 |
| DP Receiver Attachment Delay Recorder (RADR) Delays | PC | 005 | 226 | 1 |
| RP Receiver Attachment Delay Recorder (RADR) Tests | PC | 005 | 229 | 1 |
| RP Receiver Attachment Delay Recorder (RADR) Delays | PC | 005 | 232 | 1 |

Fig. 1—List of Traffic Measurements for H and C Schedules (CTX-8, Issue 4) (Sheet 3 of 13) (2.04, 4.07)

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| ITEM MEASURED | MEASUREMENT | | EQUIPMENT GROUP OR OFFICE COUNT NUMBER | BASIS FOR PROVISIONS |
|--|-------------|------|--|----------------------------|
| | TYPE | CODE | | |
| Preprogram Controls Affected Calls | PC | 005 | 233 | 1 |
| Flexible Controls | PC | 005 | 234 | 1 |
| Code Block/Calling Line Identification (CLID) Affected Calls | | 005 | 236 | 1 |
| HILO Incoming Calls | OVFL | 005 | 271 | 1 |
| HILO CAMA — Misrouted CAMA Treatment | PC | 005 | 272 | 1 |
| HILO Incoming Calls | PC | 005 | 286 | 1 |
| HILO Tandem Call Attempts | PC | 005 | 289 | 1 |
| HILO Incoming Calls First Failure to Match | PC | 005 | 292 | 1 |
| HILO RADR — MF Tests | PC | 005 | 295 | 1 |
| HILO RADR — MF Tests Failures | PC | 005 | 298 | 1 |
| HILO RADR — DP Tests | PC | 005 | 301 | 1 |
| HILO RADR — DP Test Failures | PC | 005 | 304 | 1 |
| HILO Tandem Call Failures Due to all Outgoing Trunks Busy | PC | 005 | 307 | 1 |
| HILO MF Transmitter Timeouts | PC | 005 | 310 | 1 |
| HILO DP Transmitter Timeouts | PC | 005 | 315 | 1 |

Fig. 1—List of Traffic Measurements for H and C Schedules (CTX-8, Issue 4) (Sheet 4 of 13) (2.04, 4.07)

| ITEM MEASURED | MEASUREMENT | | EQUIPMENT GROUP OR OFFICE COUNT NUMBER | BASIS FOR PROVISIONS |
|--|-------------|------|--|----------------------------|
| | TYPE | CODE | | |
| 3. CALL PROCESSING REGISTERS | | | | |
| Trunk-to-Trunk Memory | PC | 005 | 034 | 1 |
| Trunk-to-Trunk Memory | USAGE | 005 | 049 | 1 |
| Trunk-to-Trunk Memory | OVFL | 005 | 035 | 1 |
| 13 Word AMA Register | PC | 005 | 147 | 1 |
| 13 Word AMA Register | USAGE | 005 | 053 | 1 |
| 13 Word AMA Register | OVFL | 005 | 195 | 1 |
| 9 Word AMA Register | PC | 005 | 196 | 1 |
| 9 Word AMA Register | USAGE | 005 | 198 | 1 |
| 9 Word AMA Register | OVFL | 005 | 199 | 1 |
| AMA Annex Register | USAGE | 005 | 145 | 1 |
| Call Forwarding Register | USAGE | 005 | 039 | 1 |
| Disconnect Register | USAGE | 005 | 041 | 1 |
| Operator Trunk Register | USAGE | 005 | 043 | 1 |
| Timed Scan Register | USAGE | 005 | 045 | 1 |
| Peripheral Order Buffer | USAGE | 005 | 047 | 1 |
| Coin Charging Register | USAGE | 005 | 055 | 1 |
| Conference Assistance Register (Path Memory Annex 6) | USAGE | 005 | 111 | 1 |
| Hotel-Motel Register | USAGE | 005 | 112 | 1 |
| Originating Coin Zone Register | USAGE | 005 | 112 | 1 |
| Trunk Flash Timing Register | USAGE | 005 | 121 | 1 |
| Reverting Call Register | USAGE | 005 | 123 | 1 |

Fig. 1—List of Traffic Measurements for H and C Schedules (CTX-8, Issue 4) (Sheet 5 of 13) (2.04, 4.07)

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| ITEM MEASURED | MEASUREMENT | | EQUIPMENT GROUP OR OFFICE COUNT NUMBER | BASIS FOR PROVISIONS |
|--|-------------|------|--|----------------------------|
| | TYPE | CODE | | |
| Bylink Dialing Senior Register | USAGE | 005 | 129 | 1 |
| Bylink Dialing Junior Register | USAGE | 005 | 135 | 1 |
| Hit Timing Junior Register | USAGE | 005 | 137 | 1 |
| CAMA ANI and ONI Port 0 Register | USAGE | 005 | 152 | 1 |
| Fast Answer Junior Register | USAGE | 005 | 264 | 1 |
| Fast Answer Junior Register | PC | 005 | 265 | 1 |
| Fast Answer Junior Register | OVFL | 005 | 266 | 1 |
| Fast Answer Senior Register | USAGE | 005 | 268 | 1 |
| Fast Answer Senior Register | PC | 005 | 269 | 1 |
| Fast Answer Senior Register | OVFL | 005 | 270 | 1 |
| 4. CUSTOMER CALLING SERVICES | | | | |
| Activate Call Forwarding | PC | 005 | 024 | 1 |
| Number of Calls Forwarded | PC | 005 | 026 | 1 |
| Call Forwarding Recent Change | USAGE | 005 | 051 | 1 |
| Centrex Transfer Individual | PC | 005 | 130 | 1 |
| Call Waiting | PC | 005 | 133 | 1 |
| Speed Call List Change Attempts — POTS | PC | 005 | 238 | 1 |
| Speed Call List Change Attempts — CTX | PC | 005 | 241 | 1 |
| 5. CAMA SERVICES | | | | |
| Position Occupied | USAGE | 005 | 154 | 1 |
| CAMA Operator Positions Available | USAGE | 005 | 157 | 1 |
| CAMA Operator Calls Handled | PC | 005 | 179 | 1 |
| ONI PC | PC | 005 | 180 | 1 |
| ANI Timeout | PC | 005 | 181 | 1 |
| ANI Failure | PC | 005 | 182 | 1 |
| Position Disconnect | PC | 005 | 183 | 1 |

Fig. 1—List of Traffic Measurements for H and C Schedules (CTX-8, Issue 4) (Sheet 6 of 13) (2.04, 4.07)

| ITEM MEASURED | MEASUREMENT | | EQUIPMENT GROUP OR OFFICE COUNT NUMBER | BASIS FOR PROVISIONS |
|---|-------------|------|--|----------------------------|
| | TYPE | CODE | | |
| CAMA Queue | PC | 005 | 184 | 1 |
| CAMA Queue | USAGE | 005 | 186 | 1 |
| CAMA Queue | OVFL | 005 | 187 | 1 |
| Match Check Failure | PC | 005 | 188 | 1 |
| Wrong Calling Code | PC | 005 | 189 | 1 |
| Misrouted CAMA Treat- ment | PC | 005 | 190 | 1 |
| CAMA Queue Abandoned | PC | 005 | 191 | 1 |
| 6. COIN ZONE | | | | |
| Coin Zone Overtime | PC | 005 | 036 | 1 |
| Coin Overtime Announce- ment | PC | 005 | 193 | 1 |
| Coin Attempt By Initial Charge Condition | PC | 047 | Coin Zone Initial Charge Condition | 1/Charge Condition |
| 7. JUNCTOR GROUPS | | | | |
| Line-to-Line | USAGE | 008 | Junctor Group # | 1/GRP |
| Line-to-Trunk | USAGE | 008 | Junctor Group # | 1/GRP |
| Trunk-to-Trunk | USAGE | 008 | Junctor Group # | 1/GRP |
| 8. TRUNK GROUPS | | | | |
| Intraoffice | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| One-Way Outgoing | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| One-Way Incoming | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| Two-Way (Incoming and Outgoing) | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| One-Way Outgoing Tie | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| One-Way Incoming Tie | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| Two-Way (Incoming and Outgoing) Tie | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| Outgoing Foreign Ex- change (FX) | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| Incoming FX | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| Intraoffice | PC | 001 | TG # | 1/GRP |

Fig. 1—List of Traffic Measurements for H and C Schedules (CTX-8, Issue 4) (Sheet 7 of 13) (2.04, 4.07)

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| ITEM MEASURED | MEASUREMENT | | EQUIPMENT GROUP OR OFFICE COUNT NUMBER | BASIS FOR PROVISIONS |
|---|-------------|------|--|----------------------------|
| | TYPE | CODE | | |
| One-Way Outgoing | PC | 001 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| One-Way Incoming | PC | 001 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| One-Way Outgoing Tie | PC | 001 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| One-Way Incoming Tie | PC | 001 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| One-Way Outgoing FX | PC | 001 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| One-Way Incoming FX | PC | 001 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| Trunk Group — Other | PC | 001 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| Intraoffice | OVFL | 002 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| One-Way Outgoing | OVFL | 002 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| Outgoing on Two-Way | OVFL | 002 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| One-Way Outgoing Tie | OVFL | 002 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| Outgoing on Two-Way Tie | OVFL | 002 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| Outgoing FX | OVFL | 002 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| Outgoing on Two-Way FX | OVFL | 002 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| Trunk Group — Other | OVFL | 002 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| Incoming on Two-Way | PC | 003 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| Incoming on Two-Way Tie | PC | 003 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| Incoming on Two-Way FX | PC | 003 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| Trunk Group — Other | PC | 003 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| Outgoing on Two-Way | PC | 004 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| Outgoing on Two-Way Tie | PC | 004 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| Outgoing on Two-Way FX | PC | 004 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| Trunk Group — Other | PC | 004 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| Trunk Group — Other | MTCE | 006 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| Outgoing Thru-Switched | PC | 023 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| Incoming Thru-Switched | PC | 023 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| 9. SIMULATED FACILITIES GROUPS (SFG) | | | | |
| One-Way SFG | USAGE | 027 | SFG # | 1/SFG |
| Two-Way SFG | USAGE | 027 | SFG # | 1/SFG |
| One-Way SFG | PC | 028 | SFG # | 1/SFG |
| Two-Way SFG Outgoing | PC | 029 | SFG # | 1/SFG |

Fig. 1—List of Traffic Measurements for H and C Schedules (CTX-8, Issue 4) (Sheet 8 of 13) (2.04, 4.07)

| ITEM MEASURED | MEASUREMENT TYPE | MEASUREMENT CODE | EQUIPMENT GROUP OR OFFICE COUNT NUMBER | BASIS FOR PROVISIONS |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|--|----------------------------|
| Two-Way SFG Incoming | PC | 030 | SFG # | 1/SFG |
| One-Way SFG | OVFL | 031 | SFG # | 1/SFG |
| Two-Way SFG Outgoing | OVFL | 031 | SFG # | 1/SFG |
| 10. MULTILINE HUNTING GROUPS (MLHG) | | | | |
| Multiline Hunting Group | PC | 016 | MLHG # | 1/MLHG |
| Multiline Hunting Group | OVFL | 017 | MLHG # | 1/MLHG |
| Multiline Hunting Group | USAGE | 018 | MLHG # | 1/MLHG |
| 11. QUEUING OF TRUNKS AND LINES (QTL) | | | | |
| Queuing of Trunks and Lines | PC | 048 | QTL GRP # | 1/QTL GRP |
| Queuing of Trunks and Lines | OVFL | 049 | QTL GRP # | 1/QTL GRP |
| Queuing of Trunks and Lines | USAGE | 050 | QTL GRP # | 1/QTL GRP |
| 12. SERVICE AND MISCELLANEOUS CIRCUITS | | | | |
| Customer Dial Pulse Receiver | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 1 |
| Customer TOUCH-TONE® Receiver (Ovfl Grp) | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 1 |
| Customer TOUCH-TONE Receiver | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 1 |
| MF Receiver | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 1 |
| MF Receiver — Service Link Network | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 1 |
| RP Receiver | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 1 |
| RP Receiver — Service Link Network | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 1 |
| DP Receiver | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 1 |
| DP Receiver — Service Link Network | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 1 |
| MF Transmitter | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 1 |
| RP Transmitter | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 1 |
| DP Transmitter | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 1 |
| PCI Transmitter | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 1 |

Fig. 1—List of Traffic Measurements for H and C Schedules (CTX-8, Issue 4) (Sheet 9 of 13) (2.04, 4.07)

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| ITEM MEASURED | MEASUREMENT | | EQUIPMENT GROUP OR OFFICE COUNT NUMBER | BASIS FOR PROVISIONS |
|--|-------------|------|--|----------------------------|
| | TYPE | CODE | | |
| Power (Regular) Ring — 3 Phases | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 3 |
| Audible Ring — 3 Phases | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 3 |
| Power (Regular) and Audible Ring — 3 Phases Service Link Network | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 3 |
| Special Ring | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 1 |
| Busy Tone | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 1 |
| Regular Overflow Tone | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 1 |
| Common Overflow Tone | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 1 |
| Coin Control | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 1 |
| Local Overtime Collect | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 1 |
| Coin Zone (Initial and Overtime) | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 4 Max. |
| Announcement | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| Intercept | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| Multipoint Conference Circuit | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| Attendant Loop | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| Continuity and Polarity Test | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| Station Ringer Test | USAGE | 000 | TG # | 1/GRP |
| (For any Circuit Above) | PC | 001 | TG # | (Same as above) |
| (For any Circuit Above) | OVFL | 002 | TG # | (Same as above) |
| (For any Circuit Above) | MTCE | 006 | TG # | (Same as above) |

13. CENTREX

| | | | | |
|---|-------|-----|-----------------|------------|
| Centrex Attendant | USAGE | 007 | Console Group # | 1/CONS GRP |
| Centrex Originating Call | PC | 019 | CTXN # | 1/CTXN |
| Centrex Incoming Call to LDN | PC | 020 | CTXN # | 1/CTXN |
| Centrex Extension Dial "0" (Attend.) | PC | 021 | CTXN # | 1/CTXN |
| Centrex Calls Transferred | PC | 022 | CTXN # | 1/CTXN |
| Centrex Attendant Queue | USAGE | 024 | CTXN # | 1/CTXN |
| Centrex Attendant Queue | PC | 025 | CTXN # | 1/CTXN |
| Centrex Attendant Queue | OVFL | 026 | CTXN # | 1/CTXN |

Fig. 1—List of Traffic Measurements for H and C Schedules (CTX-8, Issue 4) (Sheet 10 of 13) (2.04, 4.07)

| ITEM MEASURED | MEASUREMENT | | EQUIPMENT GROUP OR OFFICE COUNT NUMBER | BASIS FOR PROVISIONS |
|--|-------------|------|--|----------------------------|
| | TYPE | CODE | | |
| Centrex Routing AUTOVON Calls | PC | 032 | CTXN # | 1/CTXN |
| Centrex Routine AUTOVON Calls | OVFL | 033 | CTXN # | 1/CTXN |
| Centrex Priority AUTOVON Calls | PC | 034 | CTXN # | 1/CTXN |
| Centrex AUTOVON Pre-emptions Exercised | PC | 035 | CTXN # | 1/CTXN |
| Centrex AUTOVON Pre-emptions Failed | PC | 036 | CTXN # | 1/CTXN |
| Centrex Calls Forwarded Busy Line | PC | 037 | CTXN # | 1/CTXN |
| Centrex Calls Forwarded Don't Answer | PC | 038 | CTXN # | 1/CTXN |
| Centrex Calls Forwarded Regular (Variable) | PC | 039 | CTXN # | 1/CTXN |
| Centrex Calls — Call Hold | PC | 040 | CTXN # | 1/CTXN |
| Centrex Call Forward Activations | PC | 041 | CTXN # | 1/CTXN |
| Centrex Call — Pickup | PC | 042 | CTXN # | 1/CTXN |
| Centrex Calling Intragroup | PC | 043 | CTXN # | 1/CTXN |
| Centrex DID Calls | PC | 044 | CTXN # | 1/CTXN |
| Centrex Dial "8" Calls | PC | 045 | CTXN # | 1/CTXN |
| Centrex Dial "9" Calls | PC | 046 | CTXN # | 1/CTXN |
| Centrex Directed Call Pickup | PC | 052 | CTXN # | 1/CTXN |
| 14. NETWORK MANAGEMENT | | | | |
| Preprogram Number | PC | 051 | PreProg # (PP) | 1/PP |
| 15. TRAFFIC LINE GROUP | | | | |
| Traffic Line Group | PC | 057 | LNGRP # | 1/GRP |
| Traffic Line Group | OVFL | 058 | LNGRP # | 1/GRP |
| 16. AUTOMATIC CALL DISTRIBUTION | | | | |
| Agent Originating | PC | 059 | Data Group (DAG) #, SPLIT # | 1/SPLIT |

Fig. 1—List of Traffic Measurements for H and C Schedules (CTX-8, Issue 4) (Sheet 11 of 13) (2.04, 4.07)

SECTION 6i(2)

| ITEM MEASURED | MEASUREMENT | | EQUIPMENT GROUP OR OFFICE COUNT NUMBER | BASIS FOR PROVISIONS |
|---|-------------|------|--|----------------------------|
| | TYPE | CODE | | |
| Calls Transferred to Agent | PC | 060 | DAG #, SPLIT # | 1/SPLIT |
| Calls Transferred by Agent | PC | 061 | DAG #, SPLIT # | 1/SPLIT |
| Positions Busy | USAGE | 062 | DAG #, SPLIT # | 1/SPLIT |
| Positions Manned | USAGE | 063 | DAG #, SPLIT # | 1/SPLIT |
| Agents Idle and Available | USAGE | 064 | DAG #, SPLIT # | 1/SPLIT |
| Agents on Incoming Calls | USAGE | 065 | DAG #, SPLIT # | 1/SPLIT |
| Agents on Outgoing Calls | USAGE | 066 | DAG #, SPLIT # | 1/SPLIT |
| After Call Work | USAGE | 067 | DAG #, SPLIT # | 1/SPLIT |
| Positions Out of Service | USAGE | 068 | DAG # | 1/DAG |
| Agents Originating | PC | 069 | DAG #, Reporting Group (RG) # | 1/R.G. |
| Calls Transferred to Agent | PC | 070 | DAG #, RG # | 1/R.G. |
| Calls Transferred by Agent | PC | 071 | DAG #, RG # | 1/R.G. |
| Positions Busy | USAGE | 072 | DAG #, RG # | 1/R.G. |
| Positions Manned | USAGE | 073 | DAG #, RG # | 1/R.G. |
| Agents Idle and Available | USAGE | 074 | DAG #, RG # | 1/R.G. |
| Agents on Incoming Calls | USAGE | 075 | DAG #, RG # | 1/R.G. |
| Agents on Outgoing Calls | USAGE | 076 | DAG #, RG # | 1/R.G. |
| After Call Work | USAGE | 077 | DAG #, RG # | 1/R.G. |
| Calls Abandoned from Queue | PC | 078 | QTL # | 1/QTL |
| Calls Answered in Greater Than "X", Seconds | PC | 079 | QTL # | 1/QTL |
| Calls Answered in Less Than or Equal to "X" Seconds | PC | 080 | QTL # | 1/QTL |
| Traffic Service Index | — | 081 | QTL # | 1/QTL |
| Intraflow Into Queue | PC | 082 | QTL # | 1/QTL |
| Intraflow Out of Queue | PC | 083 | QTL # | 1/QTL |
| Calls Offered to Queue | PC | 084 | QTL # | 1/QTL |
| 17. RESERVED OR SPARE | | | | |
| One-Word Item | PC | 009 | ---- | 1/Item |
| One-Word Item | OVFL | 009 | ---- | 1/Item |
| Two-Word Item | USAGE | 010 | ---- | 1/Item |

Fig. 1—List of Traffic Measurements for H and C Schedules (CTX-8, Issue 4) (Sheet 12 of 13) (2.04, 4.07)

| ITEM MEASURED | MEASUREMENT TYPE | CODE | EQUIPMENT GROUP OR OFFICE COUNT NUMBER |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|------|--|
| 18. DAILY MEASUREMENTS | | | |
| Links Maintenance Busy | — | 005 | 063 |
| Originating Toll (AMA) | USAGE | 005 | 065 |
| Permanent Signal | PC | 005 | 072 |
| Three-way Calling | PC | 005 | 073 |
| Speed Calling (1 Digit) | PC | 005 | 074 |
| Speed Calling (2 Digit) | PC | 005 | 075 |
| Originating Toll Attempts | PC | 005 | 076 |
| Disconnect Hits | PC | 005 | 077 |
| Blocked Dial Tone Queue | PC | 005 | 078 |
| MF Transmitter Timeout | PC | 005 | * 165 |
| DP Transmitter Timeout | PC | 005 | * 168 |
| RP Transmitter Timeout | PC | 005 | * 171 |
| PCI Transmitter Timeout | PC | 005 | * 174 |
| Intercept — Temporary Disconnect | PC | 005 | 083 |
| Intercept — Changed Number | PC | 005 | 084 |
| Intercept — Unassigned Number | PC | 005 | 085 |
| Intercept — Blank Number | PC | 005 | 086 |
| Dial Tone Blockage | PC | 005 | 087 |
| Trouble Intercept | PC | 005 | 088 |
| Dial Conference Attempts | PC | 005 | 089 |
| Speed Calling (POTS) | PC | 005 | * 238 |
| Speed Calling (Centrex) | PC | 005 | * 241 |
| General Purpose | PC | 015 | |

* Available with CTX-7 and later generic programs.

Note: For recommendations and restrictions for assigning daily measurements to the H or C schedules, refer to DFMP, Division H, Section 6i (4), Data Administration — Daily Measurements.

Fig. 1—List of Traffic Measurements for H and C Schedules (CTX-8, Issue 4) (Sheet 13 of 13) (2.04, 4.07)

WORKSHEET

H SCHEDULE

| | |
|--|------------|
| (a) Total number of H schedule measurement items on Form 1400 (including reserved and spare). | <u>256</u> |
| (b) Total number of 2-word items on H schedule — Form 1400 (All usage measurements other than type measurement code 005.) (CTX-6 and lower). | <u>112</u> |
| (c) Total call store words used by Form 1400 H schedule assignments ([a] plus [b] for CTX-6 and lower or [a] times 2 for CTX-7 and higher). | <u>368</u> |
| (d) Total call store words specified for H schedule on call store worksheet. | <u>400</u> |

Item (d) *must be greater than or equal to* item (c).

C SCHEDULE

| | |
|---|------------|
| (a) Total number of C schedule measurement items on Form 1400 (including reserved and spare). | <u>256</u> |
| (b) Total number of 2-word items on C schedule — Form 1400 (All usage measurements other than type measurements code 005.) (CTX-6 and lower). | <u>113</u> |
| (c) Total call store words used by Form 1400 C schedule assignments ([a] plus [b] for CTX-6 and lower or [a] times 2 for CTX-7 and higher). | <u>369</u> |
| (d) Total call store words specified for C schedule on call store worksheet. | <u>400</u> |

Item (d) *must be greater than or equal to* item (c).

Fig. 4—Traffic Register Call Store Word Determination—Example (4.06)

ESS 1401-1 (03)TG-1A

TRAFFIC REGISTER LAYOUT RECORD

NO. 1 ESS 2 WIRE

DATE _____

LIST NUMBERS 0000 TO 0099

SCHEDULE H PAGE 1

ESS UNIT DIVISION

| ROW NO. | UNITS DIGIT | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|-------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|-----------|---------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|
| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | |
| 0 | ORIG CALLS | OUTG OVFL | INC CALLS | INC CALLS | INTRA-OFC | INTRA-OFC | DTS | DP TESTS | DP DELAYS | TT TESTS | TT DELAYS |
| | PC | PC | PC | OVFL | PC | OVFL | | | | | |
| 1 | ORIG + TERM | PART DIAL | PART DIAL | FALSE STARTS | LINE BUSY | LINE BUSY INTRA-OFC | REVERTIVE CALLS | TRK-TRK | TRK-TRK | | |
| | USE RBDN | PC T.O. | PC | PC | INC | PC | PC | MEM | PC | MEM | USE RSV 1-W |
| 2 | CDR-DP | CDR-TT | CDR-OVFL | TRNS-RP | TRNS-MF | REC-RP | REC-MF | BUSY TONE | COMM OVFL TONE | REG-OVFL TONE | |
| | USE | | USE | USE | USE | USE | USE | USE | USE | USE | USE |
| 3 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | PC | PC | PC | PC | PC | PC | PC | PC | PC | PC | PC |
| 4 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | OVFL | OVFL | OVFL | OVFL | OVFL | OVFL | OVFL | OVFL | OVFL | OVFL | OVFL |
| 5 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | MTC | MTC | MTC | MTC | MTC | MTC | MTC | MTC | MTC | MTC | MTC |
| 6 | POWER RING | | | | AND RING | | | COIN CONT | | | |
| | PH-1 | USE PH-2 | USE PH-3 | USE PH-1 | USE PH-2 | USE PH-3 | USE | USE RSV 2W | RSV 2W | | |
| 7 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | PC | PC | PC | PC | PC | PC | PC | RSV-1W | RSV-1W | | |
| 8 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | OVFL | OVFL | OVFL | OVFL | OVFL | OVFL | OVFL | RSV-1W | RSV-1W | | |
| 9 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | MTC | MTC | MTC | MTC | MTC | MTC | MTC | RSV-1W | RSV-1W | RSV-2W | |

Fig. 6—Schedule H, ESS 1401 Form—Typical Entries (3.14, 3.23)

| TYPE MEAS. CODE | TRAFFIC ITEM | TYPE OF MEASUREMENT | ONE OR TWO WORD CALL STORE ITEM | PROVIDED WITH CTX – GENERIC |
|-----------------|--|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 000 | Trunk or Service Circuit Groups (Ten-second scan must be assigned to first 128 items of H schedule.) | Usage | 2 | |
| 001 | One-Way Outgoing and Incoming Trunks or Service Circuits | Peg Count | 1 | |
| 002 | Trunk or Service Circuit Groups | Overflow | 1 | |
| 003 | Two-Way Trunk Group – Incoming | Peg Count | 1 | |
| 004 | Two-Way Trunk Group – Outgoing | Peg Count | 1 | |
| 005 | Office Counts | Peg Count Usage and Overflow | 1 | |
| 006 | Trunk Group Maintenance | Usage | 2 | |
| 007 | Centrex Attendant Group | Usage | 2 | |
| 008 | Junctor Group | Usage | 2 | |
| 009 | Reserved for One-Word Item (Type measurement code 009, CTX-6 and lower, can be used to reserve program store and call store words for any peg count, or overflow measurement listed as one under one or two word call store item.) | | | |
| 010 | Reserved for Two-Word Item (Type measurement code 010 can be used to reserve program store and call store words for any variable register usage measurement, including maintenance usage, listed as two under one or two word call store item. In offices with CTX-7 and higher generic programs, all type measurement codes (TMCs) will require two words and only TMC 010 will be used for reserved space.) | | | |
| 011 | Incoming to Line Link Network | Peg Count | 1 | |
| 012 | Incoming to Line Link Networks | Overflow | 1 | |
| 013 | Incoming to Trunk Link Networks | Peg Count | 1 | |
| 014 | Incoming to Trunk Link Networks | Overflow | 1 | |
| 015 | General Purpose Items | Peg Count | 1 | |
| 016 | Multiline Hunt Groups | Peg Count | 1 | |
| 017 | Multiline Hunt Groups | Overflow | 1 | |
| 018 | Multiline Hunt Groups | Usage | 2 | |
| 019 | Centrex Group Originating Calls | Peg Count | 1 | |

Fig. 7—Type Measurement Codes (Sheet 1 of 4) (4.06)

SECTION 6i(2)

| TYPE MEAS. CODE | TRAFFIC ITEM | TYPE OF MEASUREMENT | ONE OR TWO WORD CALL STORE ITEM | PROVIDED WITH CTX – GENERIC |
|-----------------|---|---------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 020 | Centrex Group Incoming Calls to Listed Directory Number | Peg Count | 1 | |
| 021 | Centrex Group Dial "0" to Attendant | Peg Count | 1 | |
| 022 | Centrex Group Calls Transferred to Attendant (FLASH) | Peg Count | 1 | |
| 023 | Tandem Trunk Group | Peg Count | 1 | |
| 024 | Centrex Attendant Group Queue | Usage | 2 | |
| 025 | Centrex Attendant Group Queue | Peg Count | 1 | |
| 026 | Centrex Attendant Group Queue | Overflow | 1 | |
| 027 | Simulated Facilities Group | Usage | 2 | |
| 028 | Simulated Facilities Group One-Way Outgoing | Peg Count | 1 | |
| 029 | Simulated Facilities Group Two-Way Outgoing | Peg Count | 1 | |
| 030 | Simulated Facilities Group Two-Way Incoming | Peg Count | 1 | |
| 031 | Simulated Facilities Group | Overflow | 1 | |
| 032 | Centrex Routine AUTOVON Calls | Peg Count | 1 | |
| 033 | Centrex Routine AUTOVON Calls | Overflow | 1 | |
| 034 | Centrex Priority AUTOVON Calls | Peg Count | 1 | |
| 035 | Centrex Preemptions Exercised | Peg Count | 1 | |
| 036 | Centrex Preemptions Failed | Peg Count | 1 | |
| 037 | Centrex Calls Forwarded - Busy Line | Peg Count | 1 | |
| 038 | Centrex Calls Forwarded - Don't Answer | Peg Count | 1 | |
| 039 | Centrex Calls Forwarded - Regular | Peg Count | 1 | |
| 040 | Centrex Calls - Call Hold | Peg Count | 1 | |
| 041 | Centrex Call Forward Activations | Peg Count | 1 | |
| 042 | Centrex Call Pick-up | Peg Count | 1 | |
| 043 | Centrex Intragroup Calls | Peg Count | 1 | |
| 044 | Centrex DID Calls | Peg Count | 1 | |
| 045 | Centrex Dial "8" Calls | Peg Count | 1 | |
| 046 | Centrex Dial "9" Calls | Peg Count | 1 | |
| 047 | Coin Attempt By Initial Charge Condition | Peg Count | 1 | |
| 048 | Automatic Queuing of Trunks and Lines | Peg Count | 1 | |
| 049 | Automatic Queuing of Trunks and Lines | Overflow | 1 | |
| 050 | Automatic Queuing of Trunks and Lines | Usage | 2 | |
| 051 | Network Management Preprogram (PP) Trunk Group Control | Peg Count | 1 | |

Fig. 7—Type Measurement Codes (Sheet 2 of 4) (4.06)

| TYPE MEAS. CODE | TRAFFIC ITEM | TYPE OF MEASUREMENT | ONE OR TWO WORD CALL STORE ITEM | PROVIDED WITH CTX – GENERIC |
|-----------------|---|---------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 052 | Centrex Directed Call Pick-Up | Peg Count | 1 | 7 |
| 053 | Reserved | | | |
| 054 | Reserved | | | |
| 055 | Reserved | | | |
| 056 | Reserved | | | |
| 057 | Traffic Line Group | Peg Count | 1 | 7 |
| 058 | Traffic Line Group | Overflow | 1 | 7 |
| 059 | Agent Originating | Peg Count | | 8 |
| 060 | Calls Transferred to Agent | Peg Count | | 8 |
| 061 | Calls Transferred by Agent | Peg Count | | 8 |
| 062 | Positions Busy | Usage | | 8 |
| 063 | Positions Manned | Usage | | 8 |
| 064 | Agents Idle and Available | Usage | | 8 |
| 065 | Agents on Incoming Calls | Usage | | 8 |
| 066 | Agents on Outgoing Calls | Usage | | 8 |
| 067 | After Call Work | Usage | | 8 |
| 068 | Positions Out of Service | Usage | | 8 |
| 069 | Agent Originating (Reporting Group) | Peg Count | | 8 |
| 070 | Calls Transferred to Agent (Reporting Group) | Peg Count | | 8 |
| 071 | Calls Transferred by Agent (Reporting Group) | Peg Count | | 8 |
| 072 | Positions Busy (Reporting Group) | Usage | | 8 |
| 073 | Positions Manned (Reporting Group) | Usage | | 8 |
| 074 | Agents Idle and Available (Reporting Group) | Usage | | 8 |
| 075 | Agents on Incoming Calls (Reporting Group) | Usage | | 8 |
| 076 | Agents on Outgoing Calls (Reporting Group) | Usage | | 8 |
| 077 | After Call Work (Reporting Group) | Usage | | 8 |
| 078 | Calls Abandoned from Queue | Peg Count | | 8 |
| 079 | Calls Answered in Greater Than "X" Seconds | Peg Count | | 8 |
| 080 | Calls Answered in Less Than or Equal to "X" Seconds | Peg Count | | 8 |
| 081 | Traffic Service Index | — | | 8 |
| 082 | Intraflow into Queue | Peg Count | | 8 |
| 083 | Intraflow out of Queue | Peg Count | | 8 |

Fig. 7—Type Measurement Codes (Sheet 3 of 4) (4.06)

SECTION 6i(2)

| TYPE MEAS. CODE | TRAFFIC ITEM | TYPE OF MEASUREMENT | ONE OR TWO WORD CALL STORE ITEM | PROVIDED WITH CTX – GENERIC |
|-----------------------|--|------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 084 | Calls Offered to Queue | Peg Count | | 8 |
| STØP | (Prevents Collection and Printout of Spare Registers) | Stop Code | | |
| (127) | Assign 127 or STOP code at the end of active TMCs and follow only with reserved or spare (TMC 010). The unassigned registers following this TMC will not be collected or printed, saving TTY time and eliminating value-less data. Although “STØP” is used for TDA purposes, the TMC is actually 127 and will be used in recent change messages. This is available with CTX-7 and higher generic programs. | | | |

Fig. 7—Type Measurement Codes (Sheet 4 of 4) (4.06)

(FOR CTX 8 AND LATER GENERIC PROGRAMS)

TRF-VFY-LIST H 0200 000020.PF

23 TC17 TRAF SCHED H 000222

| LIST | TMC | EGO | FS | 5M |
|------|-----|--------|----|----|
| 200 | 5 | 59 | 0 | 0 |
| 201 | 5 | 61 | 0 | 0 |
| 202 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 203 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 204 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 205 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 206 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 207 | 8 | L03L07 | 0 | 0 |
| 208 | 8 | L00T00 | 0 | 0 |
| 209 | 8 | T00T00 | 0 | 0 |
| 210 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 211 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 212 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 213 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 214 | 6 | 109 | 0 | 0 |
| 215 | 6 | 110 | 0 | 0 |
| 216 | 6 | 108 | 0 | 0 |
| 217 | 6 | 107 | 0 | 0 |
| 218 | 6 | 147 | 0 | 0 |
| 219 | 6 | 148 | 0 | 0 |

FINISH VHC

7/1 0:24

TRF-VFY-LIST C 0045 009999.PF

25 TC17 TRAF SCHED C 000222

| LIST | TMC | EGO | FS | 5M |
|------|-----|-----|----|----|
| 45 | 2 | 134 | 0 | 0 |
| 46 | 0 | 134 | 0 | 0 |
| 47 | 1 | 135 | 0 | 0 |
| 48 | 2 | 135 | 0 | 0 |
| 49 | 0 | 135 | 0 | 0 |
| 50 | 1 | 136 | 0 | 0 |
| 51 | 2 | 136 | 0 | 0 |
| 52 | 0 | 136 | 0 | 0 |
| 53 | 1 | 120 | 0 | 0 |
| 54 | 2 | 120 | 0 | 0 |
| 55 | 0 | 120 | 0 | 0 |
| 56 | 1 | 159 | 0 | 0 |
| 57 | 2 | 159 | 0 | 0 |
| 58 | 0 | 159 | 0 | 0 |

FINISH VHC

7/1 0:26

Fig. 8—Traffic Register Verification Via TRF-VFY (CTX-8 and Later Generic Programs) (Sheet 1 of 2) (4.17)

(FOR CTX 8 AND LATER GENERIC PROGRAMS)

```
TRF-VFY-SRCH C 0002 000136.PF
  17 TC18 C 000222 51 2   136 0 0
TRF-VFY-SRCH H 0008 L00T00.PF
  18 TC18 H 000222 208 8 L00T00 0 0
TRF-VFY-SRCH H 0059 D03S03.PF
  19 TC18 H 000222 7777 59 D03S03 0 0
TRF-VFY-SRCH C 0127 000000.PF
  20 TC18 C 000222 236 127 0 0 0
TRF-VFY-SRCH H 0006 000107.PF
  21 TC18 H 000222 217   6 107   0 0
      ↑   ↑   ↑   ↑   ↑   ↑   ↑
      BLOCK OFFICE LIST TMC EGO FS 5M
          ID
```

NOTE:

1. IF LIST = 7777 - REGISTER NOT FOUND, OUT OF RANGE
2. TMC 0127 IS EQUIVALENT TO "STOP".

Fig. 8—Traffic Register Verification Via TRF-VFY (CTX-8 and Later Generic Programs) (Sheet 2 of 2) (4.17)

H OR C OUTPUT MESSAGE FORMAT

```

00 BLOCK H* 000222 14:30 5/25/1975          13:30      5/25/1975
(0)
000138 000621 001001 000121 000006 009618 000014 000240 000079 000000

(1)
000913 006004 000515 000622 000051 001113 003619 000417 000900 000016

(2)
000743 006251 005138 000362 000812 000088 000111 000000 000000 000011

(41)
001621 000094 000096 000083 000071 000164 000000 000000 000000 000000

(42)
000913 000515 000198 000000 000000 000277 000311 000000 000000 000000

FINISH
      5/25      14:44

```

*The block type identifies the schedule

Fig. 9—Example of H or C Block Output Message Format and List Number Identification (Sheet 1 of 2) (5.01, 5.02)

SECTION 6i(2)

H OR C OUTPUT MESSAGE FORMAT – LIST NUMBER IDENTIFICATION

00 BLOCK H* 000222 14:30 5/25/1975 13:30 5/25/1975
(0)
000138 000621 001001 000121 000006 009618 000014 000240 000079 000000
(1)
000913 006004 000515 000622 000051 001113 003619 000417 000900 000016
(2)
000743 006251 005138 000362 000812 000088 000111 000000 000000 000011

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

•

STRIP PREPARATION

A guide may be used for identification purposes. The numbers 0 to 9 are printed on the guide under each of the ten measurements.

LIST NUMBER IDENTIFICATION

- (1) Place the strip under the row to be read.
- (2) The number on the guide represents the last digit of the list number. The guide number in the example is three.
- (3) The row number represents the next digit or digits. The row number in the example is two.
- (4) Fill in the remaining digits to the left with zeros.
- (5) In the example above, the data 000362 in identified as list number 0023

Fig. 9—Example of H or C Block Output Message Format and List Number Identification (Sheet 2 of 2) (5.01, 5.02)

H AND C BLOCK INTERCHANGE LIST

NO. 1 ESS

UNIT _____

(ORIGINATED BY NETWORK ADMINISTRATION - TTY)

(TC - CHANGE -)

H SCHEDULE

| ACTIVE DATE | LIST LOC | REGISTER | | NEW TGN | OLD TGN |
|-------------|----------|----------|------|---------|---------|
| | | NO. | TYPE | | |
| 11-17-75 | 00 | 0096 | U | 132 | 014 |
| } | 01 | 0106 | P | 132 | 014 |
| | 02 | 0116 | O | 132 | 014 |
| | 03 | | | | |
| | 04 | | | | |
| | 05 | | | | |
| | 06 | | | | |
| | 07 | | | | |

C SCHEDULE

| LIST LOC | REGISTER | | NEW TGN | OLD TGN | DEACTIVE DATE |
|----------|----------|------|---------|---------|---------------|
| | NO. | TYPE | | | |
| 08 | 0072 | U | 014 | 132 | 11-21-75 |
| 09 | 0082 | P | 014 | 132 | } |
| 10 | 0092 | O | 014 | 132 | |
| 11 | | | | | |
| 12 | | | | | |
| 13 | | | | | |
| 14 | | | | | |
| 15 | | | | | |

REMARKS _____

Fig. 10—H and C Schedule Change List Activation—Typical Entries (6.09)

TABLE A
CALL PROCESSING REGISTERS
ARRANGED FOR FAST SCAN

| OFFICE COUNT | ITEM |
|-----------------|---|
| 039 | Call Forwarding Register Usage |
| 041 | Disconnect Register Usage |
| 043 | Operator Trunk Register Usage |
| 045 | Timed Scan Register Usage |
| 047 | Peripheral Order Buffer Usage |
| 049 | Trunk to Trunk Path Memory Register Usage |
| 111 | Conference Assist Register Usage |
| 121 | Trunk Flash Timing Register Usage |
| 123 | Reverting Call Register Usage |
| 129 | Bylink Dialing Senior Register Usage |
| 135 | Bylink Dialing Junior Register Usage |
| 137 | Hit Timing Junior Register Usage |
| 150 | Incoming Overload Control Queue Usage |
| 152 | Centralized Automatic Message Accounting (CAMA), Automatic Number Identification (ANI), and Operator Number Identification (ONM), Port 0 Register Usage |
| 186 | CAMA Queue Usage. |

Note 1: The above items have a measurement code of 005.

Note 2: Table A is applicable up to generic program CTX-8, Issue 3.
For future generic programs refer to Translation Guide
TG-1A, Division 3, Section 4A.

TABLE B
DATA VALIDATION TESTS

1. BUSY TONE

| | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| Busy Tone PC (TGN _____) | _____ (a) |
| Line Busy INC (OCN 028) | _____ (b) |
| Line Busy IAO (OCN 029) | _____ (c) |
| Total Calls to Busy | _____ (d) = (b) + (c) |

Note: (a) should be greater than or equal to (d) because originating calls to certain trunks such as recorded announcement and TSPS alternate route to busy tone when all trunks are busy.

TABLE B (Cont)

DATA VALIDATION TESTS

2. ORIGINATING CALL VERSUS CDR

| | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------|-----------------------|
| Originating Calls PC (OCN 014) | _____ | (a) |
| False Start PC (OCN 023) | _____ | (b) |
| Permanent Signal PC (OCN 072) | _____ | (c) |
| Blocked Dial Tone Queue PC (OCN 078) | _____ | (d) |
| DP DTS Tests (OCN 017) | _____ | (e) |
| TT DTS Tests (OCN 018) | _____ | (f) |
| Total | _____ | (g) |
| DP CDR Group PC (TGN _____) | _____ | (h) |
| TT CDR Group PC (TGN _____) | _____ | (i) |
| CDR OVFL Group OVFL (TGN _____) | _____ | (j) |
| CDR Carried Calls | _____ | (k) = (h) + (i) - (j) |

- Notes:* (1) For SP offices (g) should be within 5 percent of (k). For CC offices (g) may be as much as 10 percent greater than (k).
- (2) In CC offices, on a partial dial abandoned call, the CDR connection is not released for 4 seconds. If during that interval, another attempt is made to establish a connection, the same CDR is used for the second time, thus it is possible to have two peg counts on originating PC but only one on the CDR PC.

TABLE B (Cont)

DATA VALIDATION TESTS

3. INCOMING VERSUS RINGING

| | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------|-----|
| Incoming Call PC (OCN 015) | _____ | (a) |
| IAO Call PC (OCN 031) | _____ | (b) |
| Total INC + IAO Calls | _____ | (c) |
| Tandem Call PC (OCN 131) | _____ | (d) |
| Line Busy INC (OCN 028) | _____ | (e) |
| Line Busy IAO (OCN 029) | _____ | (f) |
| *Regular Ring Ph 1 (TGN _____) | _____ | (g) |
| *Regular Ringing Ph 2 (TGN _____) | _____ | (h) |
| *Regular Ringing Ph 3 (TGN _____) | _____ | (i) |
| Special Ringing PC (TGN_____) | _____ | (j) |
| Total | _____ | (k) |

Notes: (1) (c) should be greater than or equal to (k) in all cases because (k) does not include incoming calls to intercept, permanent signal and reorder or calls to numbers assigned to a route index such as Centrex—CU direct indialled number blocks.

(2) (*) equals effective peg count which equals offered peg count minus overflow from previous ringing phase.

TABLE B (Cont)
DATA VALIDATION TESTS

4. A-LINK VERSUS JUNCTOR USAGE

- L-L Junctor Usage × 2 _____ (a)
- L-T Junctor Usage _____ (b)
- Total Junctor Usage _____ (c) = (a + b)
- A-Link Usage (OCN 116) _____ (d)

- Notes:
- (1) (c) should be greater than or equal to (d).
 - (2) Total junctor usage is equal to 2 × L-L plus L-T junctor usage.
 - (3) A-Link usage (OCN 116) is less than total junctor usage because A-Link usage may contain some reserve path usage whereas total junctor usage contains all reserve path usage.
 - (4) As the load increases, the A-Link and junctor usage will become more nearly the same.

H AND C BLOCK INTERCHANGE LIST

NO. 1 ESS

UNIT _____

(ORIGINATED BY NETWORK ADMINISTRATION - TTY)

(TC - CHANGE -)

H SCHEDULE

| ACTIVE DATE | LIST LOC | REGISTER | | NEW TGN | OLD TGN |
|-------------|----------|----------|------|---------|---------|
| | | NO. | TYPE | | |
| | 00 | | | | |
| | 01 | | | | |
| | 02 | | | | |
| | 03 | | | | |
| | 04 | | | | |
| | 05 | | | | |
| | 06 | | | | |
| | 07 | | | | |

C SCHEDULE

| LIST LOC | REGISTER | | NEW TGN | OLD TGN | DEACTIVE DATE |
|----------|----------|------|---------|---------|---------------|
| | NO. | TYPE | | | |
| 08 | | | | | |
| 09 | | | | | |
| 10 | | | | | |
| 11 | | | | | |
| 12 | | | | | |
| 13 | | | | | |
| 14 | | | | | |
| 15 | | | | | |

REMARKS _____

WORKSHEET

H SCHEDULE

- (a) Total number of H schedule measurement items on Form 1400 (including reserved and spare). _____
- (b) Total number of 2-word items on H schedule — Form 1400 (All usage measurements other than type measurement code 005.) (CTX-6 and lower). _____
- (c) Total call store words used by Form 1400 H schedule assignments ([a] plus [b] for CTX-6 and lower or [a] times 2 for CTX-7 and higher). _____
- (d) Total call store words specified for H schedule on call store worksheet. _____

Item (d) *must be greater than or equal to* item (c).

C SCHEDULE

- (a) Total number of C schedule measurement items on Form 1400 (including reserved and spare). _____
- (b) Total number of 2-word items on C schedule — Form 1400 (All usage measurements other than type measurements code 005.) (CTX-6 and lower). _____
- (c) Total call store words used by Form 1400 C schedule assignments ([a] plus [b] for CTX-6 and lower or [a] times 2 for CTX-7 and higher). _____
- (d) Total call store words specified for C schedule on call store worksheet. _____

Item (d) *must be greater than or equal to* item (c).